72Mb QDRII SRAM Specification

165 FBGA with Pb & Pb-Free (RoHS compliant)

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Document Title

2Mx36-bit, 4Mx18-bit QDR™ II b4 SRAM

Revision History

Rev. No.	History	Draft Date	<u>Remark</u>
0.0	1. Initial document.	Sep. 14, 2002	Advance
0.1	 Update AC timing characteristics. Change the JTAG instruction coding. 	Oct. 24, 2002	Preliminary
0.2	 Change the AC timing characteristics. (-25/-20 parts) Correct the overshoot and undershoot timing diagrams. Change the JTAG Block diagrams. Update the Boundary scan exit order. 	Feb. 18, 2003	Preliminary
0.3	1. Correct the JTAG ID register definition 2. Correct the AC timing parameter (delete the tкнкн Max value)	Mar. 20, 2003	Preliminary
0.4	1. Add the Power-on Sequence specification	Aug. 16, 2004	Preliminary
0.5	1. Correct the pin name table	Oct. 18, 2004	Preliminary
0.6	1. Update the power consumption (Icc & Isb)	May. 17, 2005	Preliminary
1.0	1. Finalize the datasheet	Aug. 2, 2005	Final
1.1	Add Pb-free comment Change the Max. clock cycle time in AC TIMING CHARACTERISTICS	Jul. 6, 2006	Final
1.2	1. Correct the pin name table	Jan. 23, 2007	Final
1.3	1. Add Detail Specification of Power up Sequence	Mar. 5, 2007	Final

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2Mx36-bit, 4Mx18-bit QDR™ II b4 SRAM

FEATURES

- 1.8V+0.1V/-0.1V Power Supply.
- · DLL circuitry for wide output data valid window and future frequency scaling.
- I/O Supply Voltage 1.5V+0.1V/-0.1V for 1.5V I/O, 1.8V+0.1V/-0.1V for 1.8V I/O.
- Separate independent read and write data ports with concurrent read and write operation
- HSTL I/O
- Full data coherency, providing most current data.
- · Synchronous pipeline read with self timed late write.
- Registered address, control and data input/output.
- DDR (Double Data Rate) Interface on read and write ports.
- Fixed 4-bit burst for both read and write operation.
- · Clock-stop supports to reduce current.
- Two input clocks (K and \overline{K}) for accurate DDR timing at clock rising edges only.
- Two input clocks for output data (C and \overline{C}) to minimize clock-skew and flight-time mismatches.
- Two echo clocks (CQ and CQ) to enhance output data traceability.
- · Single address bus.
- · Byte write function.
- Separate read/write control pin (R and \overline{W})
- Simple depth expansion with no data contention.
- Programmable output impedance.
- JTAG 1149.1 compatible test access port.
- 165FBGA(11x15 ball array FBGA) with body size of 15x17mm & Lead Free

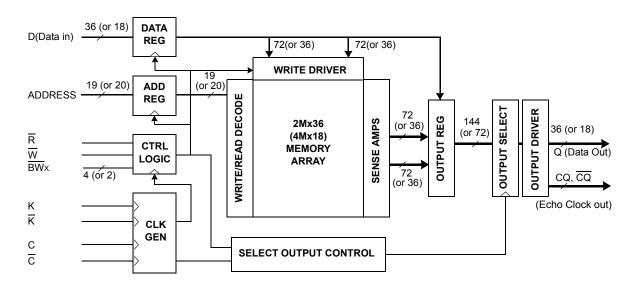
Org.	Part Number	Cycle Time	Access Time	Unit	RoHS Avail.
	K7R643684M-F(E)C(I)30	3.3	0.45	ns	V
X36	K7R643684M-F(E)C(I)25	4.0	0.45	ns	$\sqrt{}$
	K7R643684M-FC(I)20	5.0	0.45	ns	•
	K7R643684M-FC(I)16	6.0	0.50	ns	•
	K7R641884M-F(E)C(I)30	3.3	0.45	ns	$\sqrt{}$
X18	K7R641884M-F(E)C(I)25	4.0	0.45	ns	V
	K7R641884M-FC(I)20	5.0	0.45	ns	•
	K7R641884M-FC(I)16	6.0	0.50	ns	•

^{* -}F(E)C(I)

F(E) [Package type]: E-Pb. Free, F-Pb

C(I) [Operating Temperature]: C-Commercial, I-Industrial

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



Notes: 1. Numbers in () are for x18 device.

QDR SRAM and Quad Data Rate comprise a new family of products developed by Cypress, Renesas, IDT, NEC and Samsung technology.

Rev. 1.3 March 2007



PIN CONFIGURATIONS(TOP VIEW) K7R643684M(2Mx36)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Α	CQ	NC/SA*	SA	W	BW ₂	K	BW ₁	R	SA	NC/SA*	CQ
В	Q27	Q18	D18	SA	BW ₃	K	BW ₀	SA	D17	Q17	Q8
С	D27	Q28	D19	Vss	SA	NC	SA	Vss	D16	Q7	D8
D	D28	D20	Q19	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Q16	D15	D7
Е	Q29	D29	Q20	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	Q15	D6	Q6
F	Q30	Q21	D21	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	D14	Q14	Q5
G	D30	D22	Q22	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	Q13	D13	D5
Н	Doff	VREF	VDDQ	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	VDDQ	VREF	ZQ
J	D31	Q31	D23	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	D12	Q4	D4
K	Q32	D32	Q23	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	Q12	D3	Q3
L	Q33	Q24	D24	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	D11	Q11	Q2
М	D33	Q34	D25	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	D10	Q1	D2
N	D34	D26	Q25	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	Q10	D9	D1
Р	Q35	D35	Q26	SA	SA	С	SA	SA	Q9	D0	Q0
R	TDO	TCK	SA	SA	SA	C	SA	SA	SA	TMS	TDI

Notes: 1. * Checked No Connect (NC) pins are reserved for higher density address, i.e. 10A for 144Mb and 2A for 288Mb.

PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NUMBERS	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
K, K	6B, 6A	Input Clock	
C, C	6P, 6R	Input Clock for Output Data	1
CQ, CQ	11A, 1A	Output Echo Clock	
Doff	1H	DLL Disable when low	
SA	3A,9A,4B,8B,5C,7C,5N-7N,4P,5P,7P,8P,3R-5R,7R-9R	Address Inputs	
D0-35	10P,11N,11M,10K,11J,11G,10E,11D,11C,10N,9M,9L 9J,10G,9F,10D,9C,9B,3B,3C,2D,3F,2G,3J,3L,3M,2N 1C,1D,2E,1G,1J,2K,1M,1N,2P	Data Inputs	
Q0-35	11P,10M,11L,11K,10J,11F,11E,10C,11B,9P,9N,10L 9K,9G,10F,9E,9D,10B,2B,3D,3E,2F,3G,3K,2L,3N 3P,1B,2C,1E,1F,2J,1K,1L,2M,1P	DF,9E,9D,10B,2B,3D,3E,2F,3G,3K,2L,3N Data Outputs	
W	4A	Write Control Pin, active when low	
R	8A	Read Control Pin, active when low	
\overline{BW}_0 , \overline{BW}_1 , \overline{BW}_2 , \overline{BW}_3	7B,7A,5A,5B	Block Write Control Pin, active when low	
VREF	2H,10H	Input Reference Voltage	
ZQ	11H	Output Driver Impedance Control Input	2
VDD	5F,7F,5G,7G,5H,7H,5J,7J,5K,7K	Power Supply (1.8 V)	
VDDQ	4E,8E,4F,8F,4G,8G,3H,4H,8H,9H,4J,8J,4K,8K,4L,8L	Output Power Supply (1.5V or 1.8V)	
Vss	4C,8C,4D-8D,5E-7E,6F,6G,6H,6J,6K,5L-7L,4M,8M,4N,8N	Ground	
TMS	10R	JTAG Test Mode Select	
TDI	11R	JTAG Test Data Input	
TCK	2R	JTAG Test Clock	
TDO	1R	JTAG Test Data Output	
NC	2A,10A,6C	No Connect	3

Notes: 1. C, \overline{C} , K or \overline{K} cannot be set to VREF voltage.

^{3.} Not connected to chip pad internally.



^{2.} $\overline{BW_0}$ controls write to D0:D8, $\overline{BW_1}$ controls write to D9:D17, $\overline{BW_2}$ controls write to D18:D26 and $\overline{BW_3}$ controls write to D27:D35.

^{2.} When ZQ pin is directly connected to VDD output impedance is set to minimum value and it cannot be connected to ground or left unconnected.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS (TOP VIEW) K7R641884M(4Mx18)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Α	CQ	NC/SA*	SA	W	BW ₁	K	NC	R	SA	SA	CQ
В	NC	Q9	D9	SA	NC	K	BW ₀	SA	NC	NC	Q8
С	NC	NC	D10	Vss	SA	NC	SA	Vss	NC	Q7	D8
D	NC	D11	Q10	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	NC	NC	D7
E	NC	NC	Q11	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	D6	Q6
F	NC	Q12	D12	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	Q5
G	NC	D13	Q13	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	D5
Н	Doff	VREF	VDDQ	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	VDDQ	VREF	ZQ
J	NC	NC	D14	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	Q4	D4
K	NC	NC	Q14	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	D3	Q3
L	NC	Q15	D15	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	NC	Q2
М	NC	NC	D16	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	NC	Q1	D2
N	NC	D17	Q16	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	NC	NC	D1
Р	NC	NC	Q17	SA	SA	С	SA	SA	NC	D0	Q0
R	TDO	TCK	SA	SA	SA	C	SA	SA	SA	TMS	TDI

Notes: 1. * Checked No Connect (NC) pins are reserved for higher density address, i.e. 2A for 144Mb. 2. BWo controls write to D0:D8 and BW1 controls write to D9:D17.

PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NUMBERS	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
K, K	6B, 6A	Input Clock	
C, \overline{C}	6P, 6R	Input Clock for Output Data	1
CQ, \overline{CQ}	11A, 1A	Output Echo Clock	
Doff	1H	DLL Disable when low	
SA	3A,9A,10A,4B,8B,5C,7C,5N-7N,4P,5P,7P,8P,3R-5R,7R-9R	Address Inputs	
D0-17	10P,11N,11M,10K,11J,11G,10E,11D,11C,3B,3C,2D 3F,2G,3J,3L,3M,2N	Data Inputs	
Q0-17	11P,10M,11L,11K,10J,11F,11E,10C,11B,2B,3D,3E 2F,3G,3K,2L,3N,3P	Data Outputs	
W	4A	Write Control Pin, active when low	
R	8A	Read Control Pin, active when low	
BW ₀ , BW ₁	7B, 5A	Block Write Control Pin, active when low	
VREF	2H,10H	Input Reference Voltage	
ZQ	11H	Output Driver Impedance Control Input	2
VDD	5F,7F,5G,7G,5H,7H,5J,7J,5K,7K	Power Supply (1.8 V)	
VDDQ	4E,8E,4F,8F,4G,8G,3H,4H,8H,9H,4J,8J,4K,8K,4L,8L	Output Power Supply (1.5V or 1.8V)	
Vss	4C,8C,4D-8D,5E-7E,6F,6G,6H,6J,6K,5L-7L,4M-8M,4N,8N	Ground	
TMS	10R	JTAG Test Mode Select	
TDI	11R	JTAG Test Data Input	
TCK	2R	JTAG Test Clock	
TDO	1R	JTAG Test Data Output	
NC	2A,7A,1B,5B,9B,10B,1C,2C,6C,9C,1D,9D,10D,1E,2E,9E,1F 9F,10F,1G,9G,10G,1J,2J,9J,1K,2K,9K,1L,9L,10L,1M 2M,9M,1N,9N,10N,1P,2P,9P	No Connect	3

Notes: 1. C, \overline{C} , K or \overline{K} cannot be set to VREF voltage.

2. When ZQ pin is directly connected to VDD output impedance is set to minimum value and it cannot be connected to ground or left unconnected.

3. Not connected to chip pad internally.



2Mx36 & 4Mx18 QDRTM II b4 SRAM

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The K7R643684M and K7R641884M are 75,497,472-bits QDR(Quad Data Rate) Synchronous Pipelined Burst SRAMs.

They are organized as 2,097,152 words by 36bits for K7R643684M and 4,194,304 words by 18 bits for K7R641884M.

The QDR operation is possible by supporting DDR read and write operations through separate data output and input ports

with the same cycle. Memory bandwidth is maximized as data can be transferred into SRAM on every rising edge of K and \overline{K} , and transferred out of SRAM on every rising edge of C and \overline{C} .

And totally independent read and write ports eliminate the need for high speed bus turn around.

Address for read and write are latched on alternate rising edges of the input clock K.

Data inputs, and all control signals are synchronized to the input clock (K or \overline{K}).

Normally data outputs are synchronized to output clocks (C and \overline{C}), but when C and \overline{C} are tied high,

the data outputs are synchronized to the input clocks (K and \overline{K}).

Read data are referenced to echo clock (CQ or \overline{CQ}) outputs.

Common address bus is used to access address both for read and write operations.

The internal burst counter is fixed to 4-bit sequential for both read and write operations, requiring tow full clock bus cycles.

Any request that attempts to interrupt a burst operation in progress is ignored.

Synchronous pipeline read and late write enable high speed operations.

Simple depth expansion is accomplished by using \overline{R} and \overline{W} for port selection.

Byte write operation is supported with $\overline{BW_0}$ and $\overline{BW_1}$ ($\overline{BW_2}$ and $\overline{BW_3}$) pins.

IEEE 1149.1 serial boundary scan (JTAG) simplifies monitoring package pads attachment status with system.

The K7R643684M and K7R641884M are implemented with SAMSUNG's high performance 6T CMOS technology and is available in 165pin FBGA packages. Multiple power and ground pins minimize ground bounce.

Read Operations

Read cycles are initiated by activating \overline{R} at the rising edge of the positive input clock K.

Address is presented and stored in the read address register synchronized with K clock.

For 4-bit burst DDR operation, it will access four 36-bit or 18-bit data words with each read command.

The first pipelined data is transferred out of the device triggered by \overline{C} clock following next \overline{K} clock rising edge.

Next burst data is triggered by the rising edge of following C clock rising edge.

The process continues until all four data are transferred.

Continuous read operations are initiated with K clock rising edge.

And pipelined data are transferred out of device on every rising edge of both C and \overline{C} clocks.

In case C and \overline{C} tied to high, output data are triggered by K and \overline{K} instead of C and \overline{C} .

When the \overline{R} is disabled after a read operation, the K7R643684M and K7R641884M will first complete burst read operation before entering into deselect mode at the next K clock rising edge.

Then output drivers disabled automatically to high impedance state.

Write Operations

Write cycles are initiated by activating \overline{W} at the rising edge of the positive input clock K.

Address is presented and stored in the write address register synchronized with K clock.

For 4-bit burst DDR operation, it will write four 36-bit or 18-bit data words with each write command.

The first "late" data is transferred and registered in to the device synchronous with next K clock rising edge.

Next burst data is transferred and registered synchronous with following \overline{K} clock rising edge.

The process continues until all four data are transferred and registered.

Continuous write operations are initiated with K rising edge.

And "late writed" data is presented to the device on every rising edge of both K and \overline{K} clocks.

The device disregards input data presented on the same cycle \overline{W} disabled.

When the \overline{W} is disabled after a read operation, the K7R643684M and K7R641884M will first complete burst read operation

before entering into deselect mode at the next K clock rising edge.

The K7R64368 $\underline{4M}$ and $\underline{K7R6418}84\underline{M}$ support byte write operations.

With activating \overline{BW}_0 or \overline{BW}_1 (\overline{BW}_2 or \overline{BW}_3) in write cycle, only one byte of input data is presented.

In K7R641884M, BWo controls write operation to D0:D8, BW1 controls write operation to D9:D17.

And in K7R643684M \overline{BW}_2 controls write operation to D18:D26, \overline{BW}_3 controls write operation to D27:D35.



2Mx36 & 4Mx18 QDR™ II b4 SRAM

Single Clock Mode

The K7R643684M and K7R641884M can be operated with the single clock pair K and \overline{K} , instead of C or \overline{C} for output clocks.

To operate these devices in single clock mode, C and \overline{C} must be tied high during power up and must be maintained high during operation.

and must be maintained high during operation.

After power up, this device can't change to or from single clock mode.

System flight time and clock skew could not be compensated in this mode.

Depth Expansion

Separate input and output ports enables easy depth expansion.

Each port can be selected and deselected independently and read and write operation do not affect each other.

Before chip deselected, all read and write pending operations are completed.

Programmable Impedance Output Buffer Operation

The designer can program the SRAM's output buffer impedance by terminating the ZQ pin to Vss through a precision resistor (RQ). The value of RQ (within 15%) is five times the output impedance desired.

For example, 250 Ω resistor will give an output impedance of 50 Ω .

Impedance updates occur early in cycles that do not activate the outputs, such as deselect cycles.

In all cases impedance updates are transparent to the user and do not produce access time "push-outs" or other anomalous behavior in the SRAM.

There are no power up requirements for the SRAM. However, to guarantee optimum output driver impedance after power up, the SRAM needs 1024 non-read cycles.

Echo clock operation

To assure the output traceability, the SRAM provides the output Echo clock, pair of compliment clock CQ and \overline{CQ} , which are synchronized with internal data output.

Echo clocks run free during normal operation.

The Echo clock is triggered by internal output clock signal, and transferred to external through same structures as output driver.

Clock Consideration

K7R643684M and K7R641884M utilizes internal DLL (Delay-Locked Loops) for maximum output data valid window. It can be placed into a stopped-clock state to minimize power with a modest restart time of 1024 clock cycles. Circuitry automatically resets the DLL when absence of input clock is detected.

Power-Up/Power-Down Supply Voltage Sequencing

The following power-up supply voltage application is recommended: Vss, Vdd, Vdd, VREF, then VIN. Vdd and Vdd can be applied simultaneously, as long as Vdd does not exceed Vdd by more than 0.5V during power-up. The following power-down supply voltage removal sequence is recommended: VIN, VREF, Vdd, Vdd, Vdd, Vdd, Can be removed simultaneously, as long as Vdd does not exceed Vdd by more than 0.5V during power-down.



Detail Specification of Power-Up Sequence in QDRII SRAM

QDRII SRAMs must be powered up and initialized in a predefined manner to prevent undefined operations.

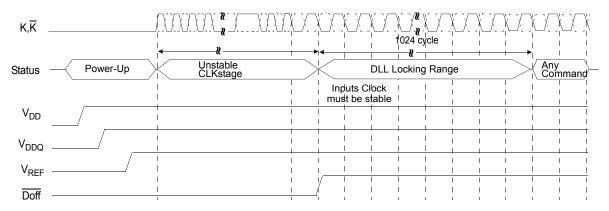
• Power-Up Sequence

- 1. Apply power and keep Doff at low state (All other inputs may be undefined)
 - Apply VDD before VDDQ
 - Apply VDDQ before VREF or the same time with VREF
- 2. Just after the stable power and $clock(K, \overline{K})$, take \overline{Doff} to be high.
- 3. The additional 2048 cycles of clock input is required to lock the DLL after enabling DLL
 - * Notes: If you want to tie up the Doff pin to High with unstable clock, then you must stop the clock for a few seconds (Min. 30ns) to reset the DLL after it become a stable clock status.

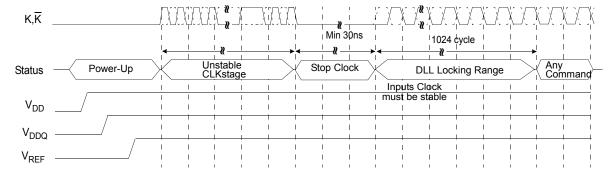
DLL Constraints

- 1. DLL uses either K clock as its synchronizing input, the input should have low phase jitter which is specified as TK var.
- 2. The lower end of the frequency at which the DLL can operate is 120MHz.
- If the incoming clock is unstable and the DLL is enabled, then the DLL may lock onto a wrong frequency and this may cause the failure in the initial stage.

Power up & Initialization Sequence (Doff pin controlled)



Power up & Initialization Sequence (Doff pin Fixed high, Clock controlled)



^{*} Notes: When the operating frequency is changed, DLL reset should be required again.

After DLL reset again, the minimum 2048 cycles of clock input is needed to lock the DLL.



TRUTH TABLES

SYNCHRONOUS TRUTH TABLE

K	R	w	D				Q				OPERATION
K	2		D(A1)	D(A2)	D(A3)	D(A4)	Q(A1)	Q(A2)	Q(A3)	Q(A4)	OFERATION
Stopped	Х	Х	Previous state	Previous state	Previous state	Previous state	Clock Stop				
↑	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	High-Z	High-Z	High-Z	High-Z	No Operation
↑	L ⁴	х	х	Х	Х	Х	<u>D</u> оит at C(t+1)	Dout at C(t+2)	<u>D</u> оит at C(t+2)	Dout at C(t+3)	Read
↑	H ⁵	L ⁴	Din at K(t+1)	Din at K(t+1)	Din at K(t+2)	Din at K(t+2)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Write

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

- 2. The rising edge of clock is symbolized by (\uparrow) .
- 3. Before enter into clock stop status, all pending read and write operations will be completed.
- 4. This signal was HIGH on previous K clock rising edge. Initiating consecutive READ or WRITE operations on consecutive K clock rising edges is not permitted. The device will ignore the second request.
- 5. If this signal was LOW to initiated the previous cycle, this signal becomes a don't care for this operation however it is strongly recommended that this signal is brought HIGH as shown in the truth table.

WRITE TRUTH TABLE(x18)

К	K	BW ₀	BW ₁	OPERATION
↑		L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs (K↑)
	↑	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs (K↑)
↑		L	Н	WRITE BYTE 0 (K↑)
	↑	L	Н	WRITE BYTE 0 (K↑)
↑		Н	L	WRITE BYTE 1 (K↑)
	↑	Н	L	WRITE BYTE 1 (K↑)
↑		Н	Н	WRITE NOTHING (K↑)
	↑	Н	Н	WRITE NOTHING $(\overline{K}^{\uparrow})$

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

- 2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of input clock K or \overline{K} (\uparrow).
- 3. Assumes a WRITE cycle was initiated.
- 4. This table illustrates operation for x18 devices.

WRITE TRUTH TABLE(x36)

K	K	BW ₀	BW ₁	BW ₂	BW ₃	OPERATION
↑		L	L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs (K↑)
	1	L	L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs (K↑)
↑		L	Н	Н	Н	WRITE BYTE 0 (K↑)
	1	L	Н	Н	Н	WRITE BYTE 0 (K↑)
↑		Н	L	Н	Н	WRITE BYTE 1 (K↑)
	1	Н	L	Н	Н	WRITE BYTE 1 (K↑)
↑		Н	Н	L	L	WRITE BYTE 2 and BYTE 3 (K↑)
	1	Н	Н	L	L	WRITE BYTE 2 and BYTE 3 $(\overline{K}^{\uparrow})$
1		Н	Н	Н	Н	WRITE NOTHING (K↑)
	1	Н	Н	Н	Н	WRITE NOTHING $(\overline{K}^{\uparrow})$

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

- 2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of input clock K or \overline{K} (\uparrow).
- 3. Assumes a WRITE cycle was initiated.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Voltage on VDD Supply Relative to Vss	Vdd	-0.5 to 2.9	V
Voltage on VDDQ Supply Relative to Vss	VDDQ	-0.5 to VDD	V
Voltage on Input Pin Relative to Vss	Vin	-0.5 to VDD+0.3	V
Storage Temperature	Тѕтс	-65 to 150	°C
Operating Temperature (Commercial / Industrial)	Topr	0 to 70 / -40 to 85	°C
Storage Temperature Range Under Bias	TBIAS	-10 to 85	°C

^{*}Note: 1. Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

OPERATING CONDITIONS $(0^{\circ}C \le TA \le 70^{\circ}C)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage	Vdd	1.7	1.9	V
Supply Voltage	VDDQ	1.4	1.9	V
Reference Voltage	VREF	0.68	0.95	V

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(VDD=1.8V ±0.1V, TA=0°C to +70°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	MAX	UNIT	NOTES
Input Leakage Current	lıL	VDD=Max; VIN=Vss to VDDQ		-2	+2	μА	
Output Leakage Current	lol	Output Disabled,		-2	+2	μА	
			-30	-	950		
Operating Current (x36):	lcc	VDD=Max, IOUT=0mA	-25	-	850	mA	1,4
QDR mode	100	Cycle Time ≥ tкнкн Min.	-20	-	750	ША	1,4
			-16	-	700		
			-30	-	900		
Operating Current (x18): QDR mode	Icc	VDD=Max, IOUT=0mA	-25	-	800	mA	1,4
		Cycle Time ≥ tкнкн Min.	-20	-	700		
			-16	-	650		
			-30	-	400	mA	1,5
Standby Current (NOP):		Device deselected, Iout=0mA, f=Max.,	-25	-	380		
QDR mode	ISB1	All Inputs≤0.2V or ≥ VDD-0.2V	-20	-	360		
		7.11 111pato=0.2 v of = v bb 0.2 v	-16	-	340		
Output High Voltage	VoH1			VDDQ/2-0.12	VDDQ/2+0.12	V	2,6
Output Low Voltage	Vol1			VDDQ/2-0.12	VDDQ/2+0.12	V	2,6
Output High Voltage	VoH2	Iон=-1.0mA		VDDQ-0.2	VDDQ	V	3
Output Low Voltage	VOL2	IoL=1.0mA		Vss	0.2	V	3
Input Low Voltage	VIL			-0.3	VREF-0.1	V	7,8
Input High Voltage	VIH			VREF+0.1	VDDQ+0.3	V	7,9

Notes: 1. Minimum cycle. IouT=0mA.

- $2. \ |\text{Ioh}| = (\text{Vddo}/2)/(RQ/5) \pm 15\% \ \text{for} \ 175\Omega \leq RQ \leq 350\Omega. \quad |\text{IoL}| = (\text{Vddo}/2)/(RQ/5) \pm 15\% \ \text{for} \ 175\Omega \leq RQ \leq 350\Omega.$
- 3. Minimum Impedance Mode when ZQ pin is connected to VDDQ.
- 4. Operating current is calculated with 50% read cycles and 50% write cycles.
- 5. Standby Current is only after all pending read and write burst operations are completed.
- 6. Programmable Impedance Mode.
- These are DC test criteria. DC design criteria is VREF±50mV. The AC VIH/VIL levels are defined separately for measuring timing parameters.
- 8. VIL (Min.) DC=-0.3V, VIL (Min.) AC=-1.5V(pulse width \leq 3ns).
- 9. VIH (Max)DC=VDDQ+0.3, VIH (Max)AC=VDDQ+0.85V(pulse width \leq 3ns).



Rev. 1.3 March 2007

^{2.} VDDQ must not exceed VDD during normal operation.

2Mx36 & 4Mx18 QDRTM II b4 SRAM

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (VDD=1.8V ±0.1V, TA=0°C to +70°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT	NOTES
Input High Voltage	VIH (AC)	VREF + 0.2	-	V	1,2
Input Low Voltage	VIL (AC)	-	VREF - 0.2	V	1,2

Notes: 1. This condition is for AC function test only, not for AC parameter test.

2. To maintain a valid level, the transition edge of the input must:

- a) Sustain a constant slew rate from the current AC level through the target AC level, VIL(AC) or VIH(AC)
- b) Reach at least the target AC level
- c) After the AC target level is reached, continue to maintain at least the target DC level, VIL(DC) or VIH(DC)

AC TIMING CHARACTERISTICS(VDD=1.8V±0.1V, TA=0°C to +70°C)

PARAMETER	CVMPOL	SYMBOL -30		-25		-20		-16		UNIT	NOTE
PARAMETER	STWIBUL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII	NOTE
Clock											
Clock Cycle Time (K, \overline{K} , C, $\overline{\overline{C}}$)	tкнкн	3.30	8.40	4.00	8.40	5.00	8.40	6.00	8.40	ns	
Clock Phase Jitter (K, \overline{K} , C, \overline{C})	tKC var		0.20		0.20		0.20		0.20	ns	5
Clock High Time (K, \overline{K} , C, \overline{C})	tkhkl	1.32		1.60		2.00		2.40		ns	
Clock Low Time (K, \overline{K} , C, $\overline{\overline{C}}$)	tklkh	1.32		1.60		2.00		2.40		ns	
Clock to $\overline{\text{Clock}}$ (K $\uparrow \rightarrow \overline{\text{K}}\uparrow$, C $\uparrow \rightarrow \overline{\text{C}}\uparrow$)	tkh k h	1.49		1.80		2.20		2.70		ns	
Clock to data clock ($K\uparrow \to C\uparrow$, $\overline{K}\uparrow \to \overline{C}\uparrow$)	tкнсн	0.00	1.45	0.00	1.80	0.00	2.30	0.00	2.80	ns	
DLL Lock Time (K, C)	tKC lock	1024		1024		1024		1024		cycle	6
K Static to DLL reset	tKC reset	30		30		30		30		ns	
Output Times											
C, C High to Output Valid	tchqv		0.45		0.45		0.45		0.50	ns	3
C, C High to Output Hold	tchqx	-0.45		-0.45		-0.45		-0.50		ns	3
C, C High to Echo Clock Valid	tchcqv		0.45		0.45		0.45		0.50	ns	
C, C High to Echo Clock Hold	tchcqx	-0.45		-0.45		-0.45		-0.50		ns	
CQ, CQ High to Output Valid	tcqHqv		0.27		0.30		0.35		0.40	ns	7
CQ, CQ High to Output Hold	tсанах	-0.27		-0.30		-0.35		-0.40		ns	7
C, High to Output High-Z	tchqz		0.45		0.45		0.45		0.50	ns	3
C, High to Output Low-Z	tcHQX1	-0.45		-0.45		-0.45		-0.50		ns	3
Setup Times											
Address valid to K rising edge	tavkh	0.40		0.50		0.60		0.70		ns	
Control inputs valid to K rising edge	tıvkh	0.40		0.50		0.60		0.70		ns	2
Data-in valid to K, K rising edge	tdvkh	0.30		0.35		0.40		0.50		ns	
Hold Times											
K rising edge to address hold	tkhax	0.40		0.50		0.60		0.70		ns	
K rising edge to control inputs hold	tĸнıx	0.40		0.50		0.60		0.70		ns	
K, \overline{K} rising edge to data-in hold	tkhdx	0.30		0.35		0.40		0.50	_	ns	

Notes: 1. All address inputs must meet the specified setup and hold times for all latching clock edges. 2. Control singles are \overline{R} , \overline{W} , \overline{BW} 0, \overline{BW} 1 and (\overline{BW} 2, \overline{BW} 3, also for x36)

- 3. If C,\overline{C} are tied high, K,\overline{K} become the references for C,\overline{C} timing parameters.
- 4. To avoid bus contention, at a given voltage and temperature tCHQX1 is a MIN parameter that is worst case at totally different test conditions (0°C, 1.9V) than tCHQZ, which is a MAX parameter (worst case at 70°C, 1.7V) It is not possible for two SRAMs on the same board to be at such different voltage and temperature.
- 5. Clock phase jitter is the variance from clock rising edge to the next expected clock rising edge.
- 6. Vdd slew rate must be less than 0.1V DC per 50ns for DLL lock retention. DLL lock time begins once Vdd and input clock are stable.
- 7. Echo clock is very tightly controlled to data valid/data hold. By design, there is a \pm 0.1ns variation from echo clock to data. The data sheet parameters reflect tester guard bands and test setup variations.



THERMAL RESISTANCE

PRMETER	SYMBOL	TYP	Unit	NOTES
Junction to Ambient	θЈА	21	°C/W	
Junction to Case	θјС	2.48	°C/W	

Note: Junction temperature is a function of on-chip power dissipation, package thermal impedance, mounting site temperature and mounting site thermal impedance. T_J=T_A + P_D x θ_{JA}

PIN CAPACITANCE

PRMETER	SYMBOL	TESTCONDITION	TYP	MAX	Unit	NOTES
Address Control Input Capacitance	Cin	VIN=0V	3.5	4	pF	
Input and Output Capacitance	Соит	Vout=0V	4	5	pF	
Clock Capacitance	Cclk	-	3	4	pF	

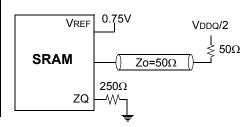
Note: 1. Parameters are tested with RQ=250 Ω and VDDQ=1.5V.

2. Periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

AC TEST CONDITIONS

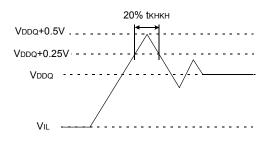
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Core Power Supply Voltage	VDD	1.7~1.9	V
Output Power Supply Voltage	VDDQ	1.4~1.9	V
Input High/Low Level	VIH/VIL	1.25/0.25	V
Input Reference Level	VREF	0.75	V
Input Rise/Fall Time	TR/TF	0.3/0.3	ns
Output Timing Reference Level		VDDQ/2	V

AC TEST OUTPUT LOAD

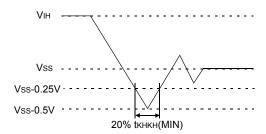


Note: Parameters are tested with RQ=250 Ω

Overershoot Timing

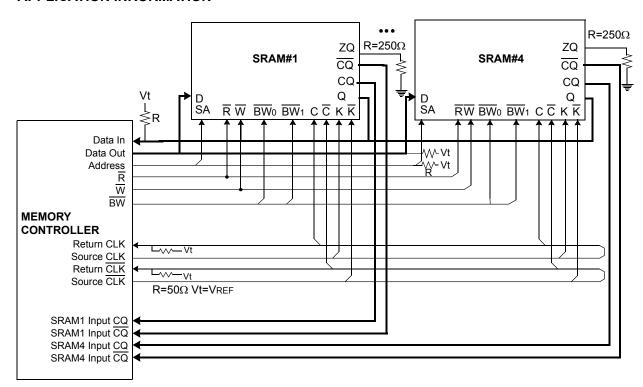


Undershoot Timing



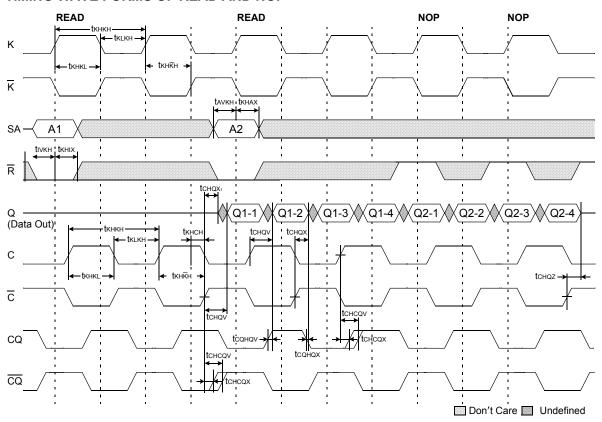
Note: For power-up, ViH \leq VdDq+0.3V and VdD \leq 1.7V and VdDq \leq 1.4V $t \leq$ 200ms

APPLICATION INRORMATION





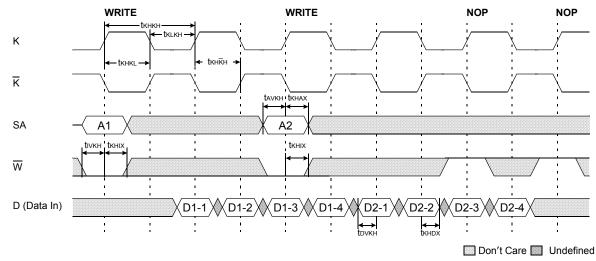
TIMING WAVE FORMS OF READ AND NOP



Note: 1. Q1-1 refers to output from address A1+0, Q1-2 refers to output from address A1+1 i.e. the next internal burst address following A1+0.

2. Outputs are disabled one cycle after a NOP.

TIMING WAVE FORMS OF WRITE AND NOP

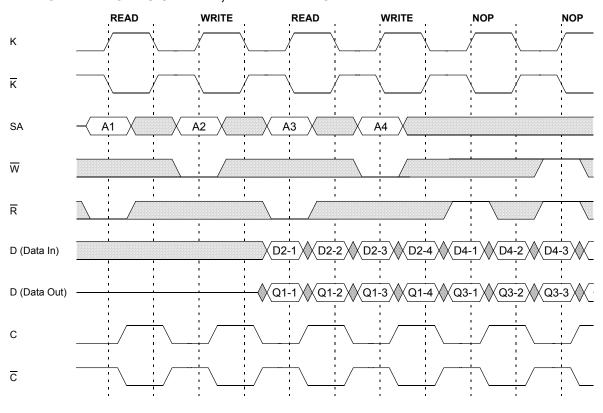


Note: 1. D1-1 refers to input to address A1+0, D1-2 refers to input to address A1+1, i.e the next internal burst address following A1+0.

2. BWx assumed active.



TIMING WAVE FORMS OF READ, WRITE AND NOP



Don't Care Undefined

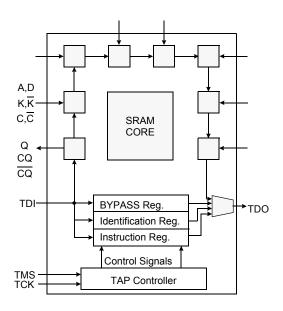
Note: 1. If address A3=A2, data Q3-1=D2-1, data Q3-2=D2-2, data Q3-3=D2-3, data Q3-4=D2-4 Write data is forwarded immediately as read results.

2.BWx assumed active.

IEEE 1149.1 TEST ACCESS PORT AND BOUNDARY SCAN-JTAG

This part contains an IEEE standard 1149.1 Compatible Test Access Port (TAP). The package pads are monitored by the Serial Scan circuitry when in test mode. This is to support connectivity testing during manufacturing and system diagnostics. Internal data is not driven out of the SRAM under JTAG control. In conformance with IEEE 1149.1, the SRAM contains a TAP controller, Instruction Register, Bypass Register and ID register. The TAP controller has a standard 16-state machine that resets internally upon power-up, therefore, TRST signal is not required. It is possible to use this device without utilizing the TAP. To disable the TAP controller without interfacing with normal operation of the SRAM, TCK must be tied to Vss to preclude mid level input. TMS and TDI are designed so an undriven input will produce a response identical to the application of a logic 1, and may be left unconnected. But they may also be tied to Vpd through a resistor. TDO should be left unconnected.

JTAG Block Diagram



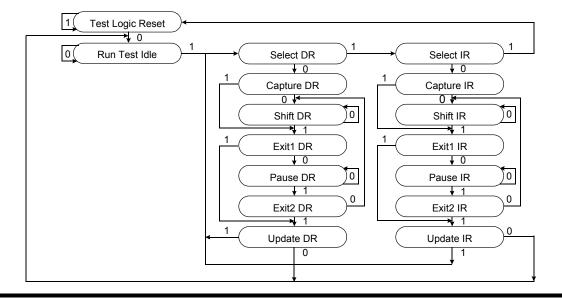
JTAG Instruction Coding

IR2	IR1	IR0	Instruction	TDO Output	Notes
0	0	0	EXTEST	Boundary Scan Register	1
0	0	1	IDCODE	Identification Register	3
0	1	0	SAMPLE-Z	Boundary Scan Register	2
0	1	1	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	0	0	SAMPLE	Boundary Scan Register	5
1	0	1	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	1	0	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	1	1	BYPASS	Bypass Register	4

NOTE:

- 1. Places DQs in Hi-Z in order to sample all input data regardless of other SRAM inputs. This instruction is not IEEE 1149.1 compliant.
- Places DQs in Hi-Z in order to sample all input data regardless of other SRAM inputs.
- 3. TDI is sampled as an input to the first ID register to allow for the serial shift of the external TDI data.
- Bypass register is initiated to Vss when BYPASS instruction is invoked. The Bypass Register also holds serially loaded TDI when exiting the Shift DR states
- 5. SAMPLE instruction dose not places DQs in Hi-Z.
- 6. This instruction is reserved for future use.

TAP Controller State Diagram





Rev. 1.3 March 2007

SCAN REGISTER DEFINITION

Part	Instruction Register	Bypass Register	ID Register	Boundary Scan
2Mx36	3 bits	1 bit	32 bits	109 bits
4Mx18	3 bits	1 bit	32 bits	109 bits

ID REGISTER DEFINITION

Part	Revision Number (31:29)	Part Configuration (28:12)	Samsung JEDEC Code (11: 1)	Start Bit(0)
2Mx36	000	00def0wx0t0q0b0s0	00001001110	1
4Mx18	000	00def0wx0t0a0b0s0	00001001110	1

Note: Part Configuration

/def=011 for 72Mb, /wx=11 for x36, 10 for x18

/t=1 for DLL Ver., 0 for non-DLL Ver. /q=1 for QDR, 0 for DDR /b=1 for 4Bit Burst, 0 for 2Bit Burst /s=1 for Separate I/O, 0 for Common I/O

BOUNDARY SCAN EXIT ORDER

ORDER	PIN ID		
1	6R		
2	6P		
3	6N		
4	7P		
5	7N		
6	7R		
7	8R		
8	8P		
9	9R		
10	11P		
11	10P		
12	10N		
13	9P		
14	10M		
15	11N		
16	9M		
17	9N		
18	11L		
19	11M		
20	9L		
21	10L		
22	11K		
23	10K		
24	9J		
25	9K		
26	10J		
27	11J		
28	11H		
29	10G		
30	9G		
31	11F		
32	11G		
33	9F		
34	10F		
35	11E		
36	10E		

37 10D 38 9E 39 10C 40 11D 41 9C 42 9D 43 11B 44 11C 45 9B 46 10B 47 11A 48 10A 49 9A 50 8B 51 7C 52 6C 53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B	ORDER	PIN ID
38 9E 39 10C 40 11D 41 9C 42 9D 43 11B 44 11C 45 9B 46 10B 47 11A 48 10A 49 9A 50 8B 51 7C 52 6C 53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	37	10D
39 10C 40 11D 41 9C 42 9D 43 11B 44 11C 45 9B 46 10B 47 11A 48 10A 49 9A 50 8B 51 7C 52 6C 53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	38	9E
41 9C 42 9D 43 11B 44 11C 45 9B 46 10B 47 11A 48 10A 49 9A 50 8B 51 7C 52 6C 53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	39	
42 9D 43 11B 44 11C 45 9B 46 10B 47 11A 48 10A 49 9A 50 8B 51 7C 52 6C 53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	40	11D
43 11B 44 11C 45 9B 46 10B 47 11A 48 10A 49 9A 50 8B 51 7C 52 6C 53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	41	9C
44 11C 45 9B 46 10B 47 11A 48 10A 49 9A 50 8B 51 7C 52 6C 53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	42	9D
45 9B 46 10B 47 11A 48 10A 49 9A 50 8B 51 7C 52 6C 53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	43	11B
46 10B 47 11A 48 10A 49 9A 50 8B 51 7C 52 6C 53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	44	11C
47 11A 48 10A 49 9A 50 8B 51 7C 52 6C 53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	45	9B
48 10A 49 9A 50 8B 51 7C 52 6C 53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	46	10B
49 9A 50 8B 51 7C 52 6C 53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	47	11A
50 8B 51 7C 52 6C 53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	48	10A
51 7C 52 6C 53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	49	9A
52 6C 53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	50	8B
53 8A 54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	51	7C
54 7A 55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	52	6C
55 7B 56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	53	8A
56 6B 57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	54	7A
57 6A 58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	55	7B
58 5B 59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	56	6B
59 5A 60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	57	6A
60 4A 61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	58	5B
61 5C 62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	59	5A
62 4B 63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	60	4A
63 3A 64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	61	5C
64 2A 65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	62	4B
65 1A 66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	63	3A
66 2B 67 3B 68 1C	64	2A
67 3B 68 1C	65	
68 1C	66	2B
	67	3B
60 45	68	1C
09 1B	69	1B
70 3D	70	3D
71 3C	71	3C
72 1D	72	1D

ORDER	PIN ID			
73	2C			
74	3E			
75	2D			
76	2E			
77	1E			
78	2F			
79	3F			
80	1G			
81	1F			
82	3G			
83	2G			
84	1H			
85	1J			
86	2J			
87	3K			
88	3J			
89	2K			
90	1K			
91	2L			
92	3L			
93	1M			
94	1L			
95	3N			
96	3M			
97	1N			
98	2M			
99	3P			
100	2N			
101	2P			
102	1P			
103	3R			
104	4R			
105	4P			
106	5P			
107	5N			
108	5R			
109	Internal			

Note: 1. NC pins are read as "X" (i.e. don't care.)



JTAG DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	1.7	1.8	1.9	V	
Input High Level	ViH	1.3	-	VDD+0.3	V	
Input Low Level	VIL	-0.3	-	0.5	V	
Output High Voltage (IOH=-2mA)	Vон	1.4	-	VDD	V	
Output Low Voltage(IoL=2mA)	Vol	Vss	-	0.4	V	

Note: 1. The input level of SRAM pin is to follow the SRAM DC specification.

JTAG AC TEST CONDITIONS

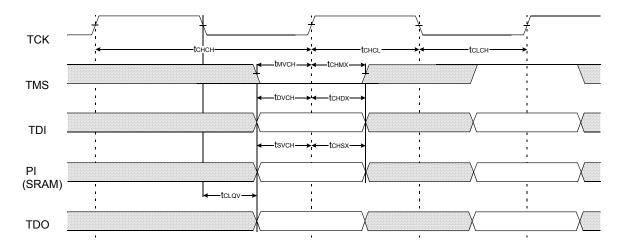
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit	Note
Input High/Low Level	VIH/VIL	1.3/0.5	V	
Input Rise/Fall Time	TR/TF	1.0/1.0	ns	
Input and Output Timing Reference Level		0.9	V	1

Note: 1. See SRAM AC test output load on page 11.

JTAG AC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
TCK Cycle Time	tснсн	50	-	ns	
TCK High Pulse Width	tchcl	20	-	ns	
TCK Low Pulse Width	tclch	20	-	ns	
TMS Input Setup Time	tmvch	5	-	ns	
TMS Input Hold Time	tснмх	5	-	ns	
TDI Input Setup Time	tovch	5	-	ns	
TDI Input Hold Time	tchdx	5	-	ns	
SRAM Input Setup Time	tsvcн	5	-	ns	
SRAM Input Hold Time	tchsx	5	-	ns	
Clock Low to Output Valid	tclqv	0	10	ns	

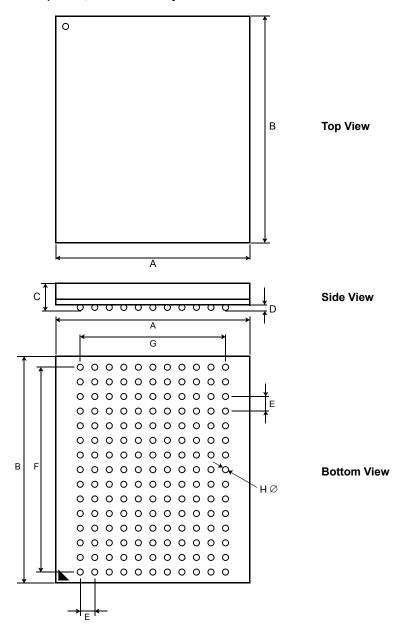
JTAG TIMING DIAGRAM





165 FBGA PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

15mm x 17mm Body, 1.0mm Bump Pitch, 11x15 Ball Array



Symbol	Value	Units	Note	Symbol	Value	Units	Note
Α	15 ± 0.1	mm		E	1.0	mm	
В	17 ± 0.1	mm		F	14.0	mm	
С	1.3 ± 0.1	mm		G	10.0	mm	
D	0.35 ± 0.05	mm		н	0.5 ± 0.05	mm	

