

# SANYO Semiconductors DATA SHEET



# Monolithic Linear IC 2-channel 30W BTL Audio Power Amplifier

# Overview

The LA4725 is a 2-channel BTL audio power amplifier IC for Car audio. It was designed for the best possible audio quality and features an extended low band roll-off frequency provided by a newly-developed NF circuit that does not require an external capacitor. Furthermore, crosstalk, which can cause muddiness in the audio output, has been significantly reduced by both circuit and wiring pattern improvements. Thus this amplifier can provide powerful lows and clear highs.

### Features

- Total output (EIAJ power): 30W+30W (at V<sub>CC</sub> = 14.4V, R<sub>L</sub> = 4 $\Omega$ , THD = 30%)
- High-fidelity design ( $f_L < 10$ Hz,  $f_H = 130$ kHz)
- Extremely low impulse noise levels
- An arbitrary amplifier startup time can be set up with external components
- built-in standby switch circuit
- Full complement of built-in protection circuits (includes circuits that protect against shorting to V<sub>CC</sub>, shorting to ground, load shorting, over-voltages and excessive temperatures)

# Specifications

**Maximum Ratings** at  $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> max	No signal	18	V
Surge supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> surge	$t \leq 0.2s$ , Giant pulse one-shot	50	V
Maximum output current	I <sub>O</sub> peak	Per channel	3.0	А
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	With a infinite heat sink	32	W
Operating temperature	Topr		-35 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-40 to +150	°C

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### **Operating Conditions** at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Recommended supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		13.2	V
Allowable operating supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> op		9 to 16	V
Recommended load resistance	RL		4	Ω

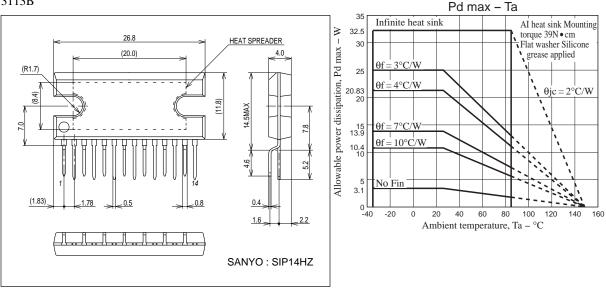
Note : With  $V_{CC}$ ,  $R_L$ , and the output level in ranges such that the Pd max for the heat sink used is not exceeded.

# Electrical Characteristics at Ta = 25°C, V\_{CC} = 13.2V, R\_L = 4\Omega, f = 1kHz, Rg = 600\Omega

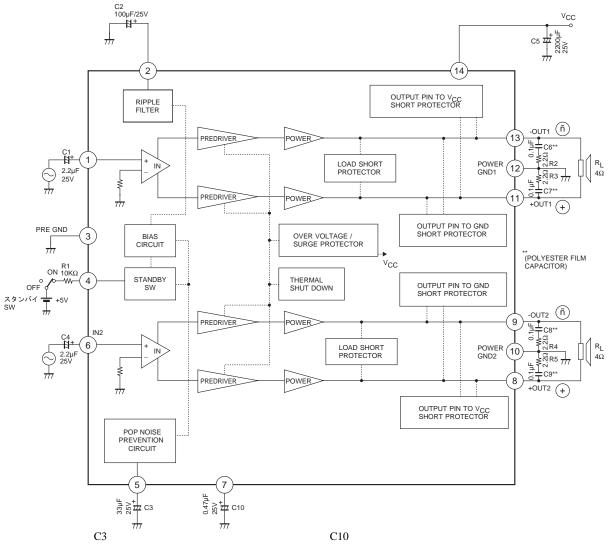
Descender	Symbol Conditions	Ratings			11-2	
Parameter		Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Quiescent current	ICCO	Rg = 0	70	125	250	mA
Standby mode current drain	I <sub>st</sub>	Standby mode (amplifier off), with no power supply capacitor.		10	60	μA
Voltage gain	VG	V <sub>O</sub> = 0dBm	38	40	42	dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$P_0 = 2W$		0.06	0.2	%
Output power	P <sub>O</sub> 1	THD = 10%	13	17		W
	P <sub>O</sub> 2	THD = 10%, V <sub>CC</sub> = 14.4V		20		W
	P <sub>O</sub> 3	THD = 30%, V <sub>CC</sub> = 14.4V		30		W
Output offset voltage	V <sub>N</sub> offset	Rg = 0	-300		+300	mV
Output noise voltage	V <sub>NO</sub>	Rg = 0, BPF = 20Hz to 20kHz		0.1	0.5	mV
Ripple rejection ratio	SVRR	$Rg = 0, V_R = 0dBm, f_R = 100Hz$	40	50		dB
Channel separation	CHsep	$Rg = 10k\Omega$ , $V_O = 0dBm$	50	60		dB
Input resistance	Ri		21	30	39	kΩ
Standby pin applied voltage	ndby pin applied voltage V <sub>ST</sub> Amplifier on (applied through an external 10kΩ resistor)		2.5		VCC	V

# **Package Dimensions**

unit : mm (typ) 3113B



# **Block Diagram**



Sets the amplifier starting time (Approximately 0.6 seconds when 33µF)

Impulse noise reduction (Note : The device's ability to withstand shorting to  $V_{CC}$  or shorting to ground when  $V_{CC}$  is around 16V may be reduced as the value of this capacitor is increased. We recommend  $0.47\mu$ F.)

# **Pin Voltages**

 $V_{CC} = 13.2V$ , with 5V applied to STBY through a 10k $\Omega$  resistor,  $R_L = 4\Omega$ ,  $R_g = 0$ 

Pin No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Pin name	IN1	DC	PRE-GND	STBY	ON TIME	IN2	POP
Pin voltage	1.53V	5.65V	0V	3.25V	2.32V	1.53V	2.14V
Pin No.	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Pin name	+OUT2	-OUT2	PWR-GN	+OUT1	PWR-GN	-OUT1	V <sub>CC</sub>
Pin voltage	5.70V	5.70V	0V	5.70V	0V	5.70V	13.2V

# **External Components**

- C1 and C4: Input capacitors. A value of 2.2µF is recommended. Determine the polarity based on the DC potential of the circuit connected directly to the LA4725 front end. Note that the low band response can be adjusted by varying fL with the capacitors C1 and C4.
- C2 : Decoupling capacitor (ripple filter)
- C3 : Sets the amplifier starting time, which will be approximately 0.6 seconds for a value of 33µF. The starting time is proportional to the value of this capacitor, and can be set to any desired value.
- C5 : Power-supply capacitor

C6, C7, C8, and C9:

Oscillation prevention capacitors. Use polyester film capacitors (Mylar capacitors) with excellent characteristics. (Note that the series resistors R2, R3, R4, and R5 are used in conjunction with these capacitors to achieve stable amplifier operation.) A value of  $0.1\mu$ F is recommended.

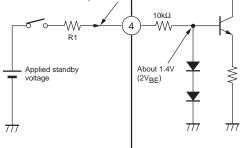
- $C10 : Impulse noise reduction capacitor. A value of 0.47 \mu F is recommended. Caution is required when selecting the value for this capacitor, since increasing its value influences the operation of the circuits that protect against shorting the amplifier output pins to V<sub>CC</sub> or to ground when higher V<sub>CC</sub> voltages (approximately 16V or higher) are used.$
- R1 : Standby switch current limiting resistor. A value of  $10k\Omega$  is recommended when a voltage in the range 2.5 to 12V will be applied as the standby switching voltage. Note that this resistor is not optional: it must be included.

## **IC Internal Characteristics and Notes**

- 1. Standby function
  - Pin 4 is the standby switch. A voltage of 2.5V or higher must be applied through an external resistor to turn the amplifier on.
  - If a voltage of over 12V will be applied as the standby mode switching voltage, use the following formula to determine the value of R1 so that the current entering at pin 4 remains under 500µA.

$$R1 = \frac{\langle applied \ voltage \rangle - 1.4}{500 \mu A} - 10 k\Omega$$

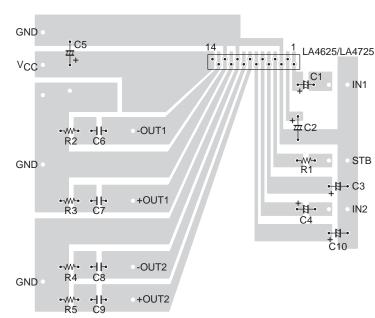




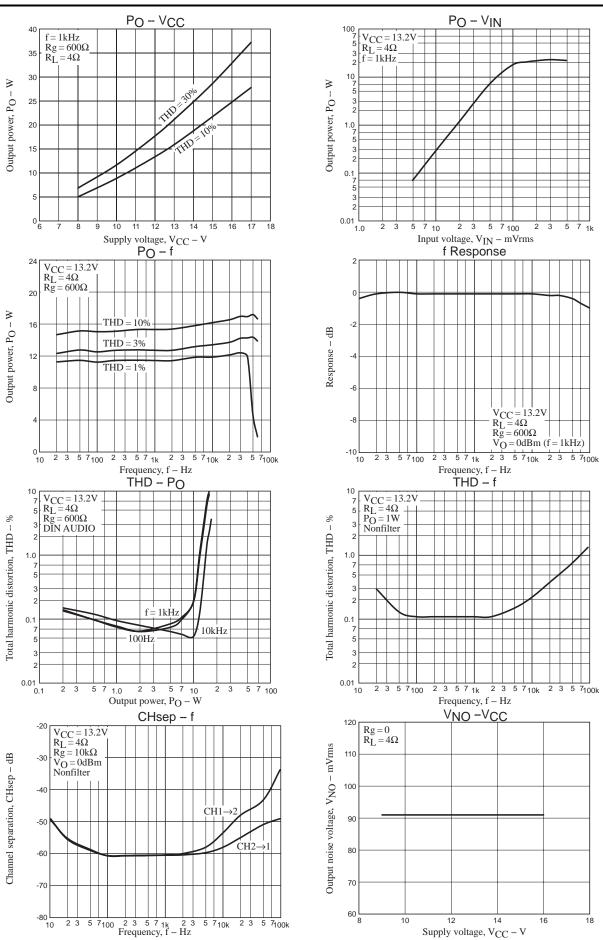
- 2. Muting function
  - Pin 5 connects the capacitor that determines the starting time to prevent impulse noise. It can also be used to mute the amplifier output by shorting pin 5 to ground. When this function is used, the recovery time depends on C3.
- 3. Impulse noise improvements
  - While the LA4725 achieves a low level of impulse noise, if even further reductions in impulse noise at power on/off (and when switching into or out of standby mode) a  $0.47\mu$ F capacitor may be inserted between pin 7 and the PRE GND pin (pin 3). (Pin 7 is the output amplifier bias pin. Since the ability to withstand shorting the output pins to V<sub>CC</sub> or ground is reduced for supply voltages over 16V if the pin 7 capacitance is large, we recommend a value of  $0.47\mu$ F or lower for this capacitor.)

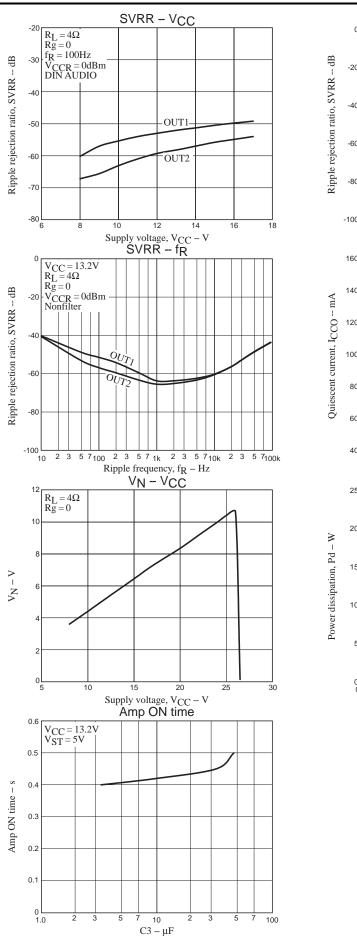
- 4. Protection circuits
  - Due to the system structure of the protection circuit for shorts to V<sub>CC</sub> or ground, if there is a DC resistance between the amplifier output pins and ground, the protection circuit may operate when power is first applied and the amplifier may fail to turn on. The basic design approach we recommend is not to adopt any designs in which there is a DC resistance between the amplifier outputs and ground.
  - The LA4725 includes a built-in thermal protection circuit to prevent the IC from being damaged or destroyed if abnormally high temperatures occur. This thermal protection circuit gradually reduces the output if the IC junction temperature (Tj) reaches the range 170 to 180°C due to inadequate heat sinking or other problem. If the temperature falls, the amplifier will restart automatically.
  - The LA4725 also includes other protection circuits. Use of these circuits also requires care during end product design and testing.
- 5. Other notes
  - The LA4725 is a BTL power amplifier. When testing this device, the ground systems for the test equipment connected to IC inputs, and that for the test equipment connected to IC outputs, must be isolated. Do not use a common ground.

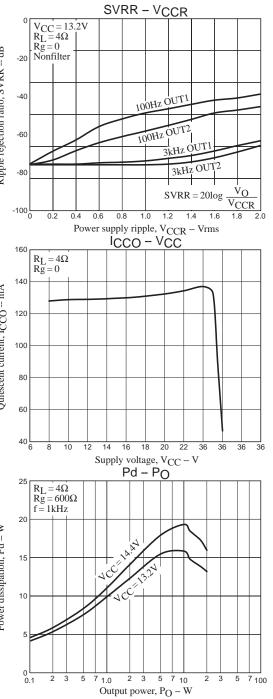
# **Printed Circuit Pattern**



(copper foil side)







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