

# Single-Stage Power Factor Corrected Off-Line Switching Regulators

### **Features and Benefits**

- Integrated on-width control circuit (it realizes high power factor by average current control)
- Integrated startup circuit (no external startup circuit necessary)
- Integrated soft-start circuit (reduces power stress during start-up on the incorporated power MOSFET and rectifier)
- Integrated bias assist circuit (improves the startup performance, suppresses V<sub>CC</sub> voltage droop during operation, allows reduction of VCC capacitor value as well as use of a ceramic capacitor)
- Integrated Leading Edge Blanking (LEB) circuit
- Integrated maximum on-time limit circuit
- Dual-chip structure, with an avalanche-guaranteed power MOSFET (allows simplified surge suppressing circuits)
- Protection features:
- Overcurrent protection (OCP): pulse-by-pulse
- <sup>a</sup> Overvoltage protection (OVP): latched shutdown
- Overload protection (OLP): latched shutdown
- Thermal shutdown (TSD): latched shutdown

Package: 8-pin DIP



Not to scale

### **Description**

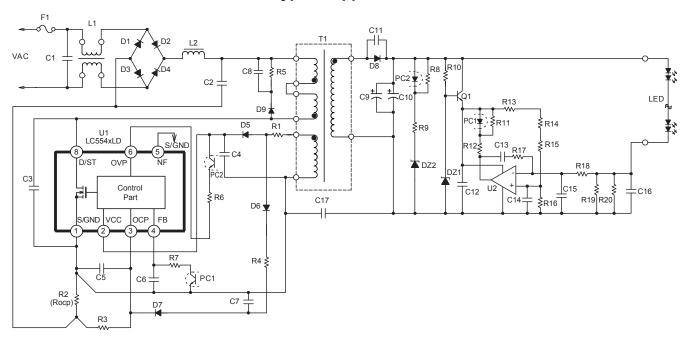
LC5540LD series is a quasi-resonant topology switching power supply IC, designed for input capacitorless applications, and making it possible for systems to comply with the harmonics standard (IEC61000-3-2 class C). It incorporates separate controller and power MOSFET chips. The controller adapts the average current control method for realizing high power factors, and the quasi-resonant topology contributes to high efficiency and low EMI noise. The rich set of protection features helps to realize low component counts, and high performance-to-cost power supply.

The LC5540LD devices are intended for isolated designs. The incorporated MOSFET has a  $V_{\rm DSS}({\rm min})$  rating from 650 V (LC5545LD and LC5546LD) to 800 V (LC5548LD). The  $R_{\rm DS(on)}({\rm max})$  is  $1.9~\Omega$  (LC5546LD) to  $3.95~\Omega$  (LC5545LD). It is capable of a maximum output power of 20 W on 230 VAC supply to 16 W on universal supply (LC5546LD) based on the thermal rating. Note that the maximum output power can be up to 120% to 140% of this value. However, it may be limited in applications with low output voltage or short duty cycle.

### **Applications**

- LED lighting fixtures
- LED light bulbs

### **Typical Application**



### **Selection Guide**

Part	MOSFET R <sub>DS(c</sub>		PWM Operation Frequency, f <sub>osc</sub> (typ)	On-Time t <sub>ON(MAX)</sub> (typ)	Р <sub>оит</sub> * (W)		
Number	(V)	(Ω)	(kHz)	(µs)	230 VAC	Universal	
LC5545LD	650	3.95	72	9.3	13	10	
LC5546LD	650	1.9	60	11.2	20	16	
LC5548LD	800	3.5	72	9.3	13	10	

<sup>\*</sup>Based on the thermal rating; the allowable maximum output power can be up to 120% to 140% of this value. However, maximum output power may be limited in such an application with low output voltage or short duty cycle.

The polarity value for current specifies a sink as "+," and a source as "-," referencing the IC.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings Unless specifically noted, TA is 25°C

Characteristic	Symbol	Notes		Pins	Rating	Unit
		LC5545LD			2.5	А
Drain Current <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>DPeak</sub>	LC5546LD	Single pulse	8 – 1	4.0	А
		LC5548LD			2.6	А
		LC5545LD	I <sub>LPeak</sub> = 2.0A, V <sub>DD</sub> = 99 V, L = 10 mH		47	mJ
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy <sup>2</sup>	E <sub>AS</sub>	LC5546LD	I <sub>LPeak</sub> = 2.7A, V <sub>DD</sub> = 99 V, L = 10 mH	8 – 1	86	mJ
		LC5548LD	I <sub>LPeak</sub> = 2.3A, V <sub>DD</sub> = 99 V, L = 10 mH		56	mJ
Input Voltage for Control Part (MIC)	V <sub>CC</sub>			2 – 1	35	V
OCP Pin Voltage	V <sub>OCP</sub>			3 – 1	-1.0 to 5.0	V
FB Pin Voltage	V <sub>FB</sub>			4 – 1	-0.3 to 7.0	V
OVP Pin Voltage	V <sub>OVP</sub>			6 – 1	-0.3 to 5.0	V
Allowable Power Dissipation of MOSFET <sup>3</sup>	P <sub>D1</sub>	Mounted on a 15 mm × 15 mm PCB		8 – 1	0.97	W
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>			_	−55 to 125	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>			_	−55 to 125	°C
Channel Temperature	T <sub>ch</sub>			_	150	°C

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Refer to MOSFET Safe Operating Area Curve.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Refer to MOSFET Avalanche Energy Derating Coefficient Curve.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Refer to MOSFET Temperature versus Power Dissipation Curve.

## Electrical Characteristics of Control Part (MIC) $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{CC} = 20$ V, unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol		Test Conditions	Pins	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power Supply Startup Operation								
Operation Start Voltage	V <sub>CC(ON)</sub>			2 – 1	13.8	15.1	17.3	V
Operation Stop Voltage*	V <sub>CC(OFF)</sub>			2 – 1	8.4	9.4	10.7	V
Circuit Current in Operation	I <sub>CC(ON)</sub>			2 – 1	_	_	4.7	mA
Startup Circuit Operation Voltage	V <sub>STARTUP</sub>			8 – 1	18	21	24	V
Startup Current	I <sub>CC(STARTUP)</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> = 13 V	2 – 1	-8.5	-4.0	-1.5	mA
Startup Current Threshold Biasing Voltage*	V <sub>CC(BIAS)</sub>			2 – 1	9.5	11.0	12.5	V
Normal Operation					•			
		LC5545LD			60	72	84	kHz
PWM Operation Frequency	fosc	LC5546LD		8 – 1	50	60	70	kHz
		LC5548LD			60	72	84	kHz
		LC5545LD			8.0	9.3	11.2	μs
Maximum On-Time	t <sub>ON(MAX)</sub>	LC5546LD		8 – 1	9.0	11.2	13.4	μs
		LC5548LD			8.0	9.3	11.2	μs
FB Pin Control Minimum Voltage	V <sub>FB(MIN)</sub>			4 – 1	0.50	0.85	1.20	V
Maximum Feedback Current	I <sub>FB(MAX)</sub>			4 – 1	-40	-25	-10	μA
Leading Edge Blanking Time	t <sub>ON(LEB)</sub>			3 – 1	-	600	-	ns
Quasi-Resonant Operation Threshold Voltage-1	V <sub>BD(TH1)</sub>			3 – 1	0.14	0.24	0.34	V
Quasi-Resonant Operation Threshold Voltage-2	V <sub>BD(TH2)</sub>			3 – 1	0.11	0.16	0.21	V
Protected Operation								
OCP Pin Overcurrent Protection (OCP) Threshold Voltage	V <sub>OCP</sub>			3 – 1	-0.66	-0.60	-0.54	V
OCP Pin Source Current	I <sub>OCP</sub>			3 – 1	-120	-40	-10	μA
OCP Pin Overvoltage Protection (OVP) Operation Voltage	V <sub>BD(OVP)</sub>			3 – 1	2.2	2.6	3.0	V
Overload Protection (OLP) Threshold Voltage	V <sub>FB(OLP)</sub>			4 – 1	4.1	4.5	4.9	V
OVP Pin OVP Threshold Voltage	V <sub>OVP(OVP)</sub>			6 – 1	1.6	2.0	2.4	V
VCC Pin OVP Threshold Voltage	V <sub>CC(OVP)</sub>			2 – 1	28.5	31.5	34.0	V
Thermal Shutdown Activating Temperature	T <sub>J(TSD)</sub>			_	135	-	-	°C

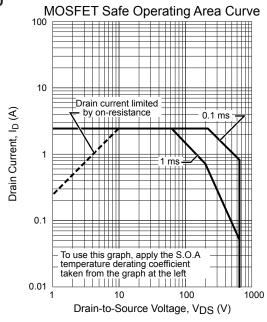
 $V_{CC(BIAS)} > V_{CC(OFF)}$  always.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (MOSFET) T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise specified

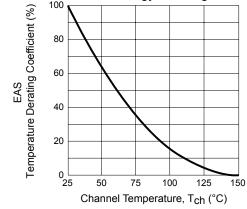
Characteristic	Symbol		Test Conditions	Pins	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	V <sub>DSS</sub>	LC5545LD			650	_	_	V
Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage		LC5546LD		8 – 1	650	_	_	V
		LC5548LD			800	_	_	V
Drain Leakage Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>			8 – 1	_	_	300	μA
	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	LC5545LD		8 – 1	_	_	3.95	Ω
On-Resistance		LC5546LD			_	_	1.9	Ω
		LC5548LD			_	_	3.5	Ω
	t <sub>r</sub>	LC5545LD		8 – 1	_	_	250	ns
Switching Time		LC5546LD			_	_	400	ns
		LC5548LD			_	_	400	ns
	R <sub>ech-c</sub>	LC5545LD	Between channel and case; case temperature, T <sub>C</sub> , measured at the		_	_	42	°C/W
Thermal Resistance		LC5546LD			_	_	35.5	°C/W
		LC5548LD	center of the marking side		_	_	40	°C/W

### **Characteristic Performance** LC5545LD

S. O. A. Temperature Derating Coefficient Curve Safe Operating Area Temperature Derating Coefficient (%) 80 60 40 20 0 75 150 25 100 Channel Temperature, Tch (°C)

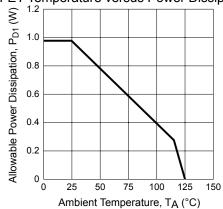


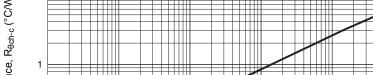
### MOSFET Avalanche Energy Derating Coefficient Curve

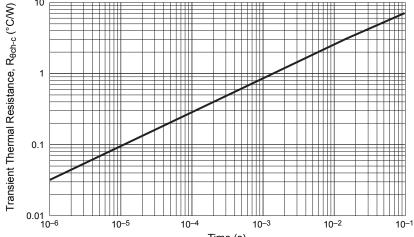


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### MOSFET Temperature versus Power Dissipation Curve







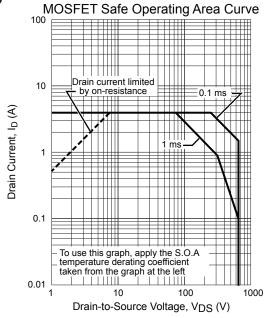
Transient Thermal Resistance Curve

Time (s)

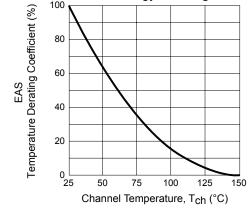
# Characteristic Performance LC5546LD

S. O. A. Temperature Derating Coefficient Curve

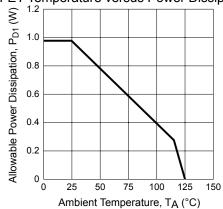
Superscript Super

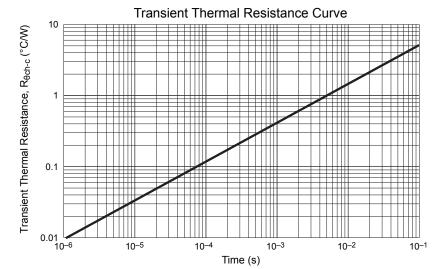


### MOSFET Avalanche Energy Derating Coefficient Curve



### MOSFET Temperature versus Power Dissipation Curve

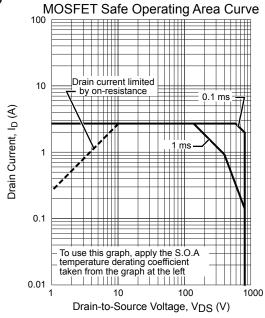




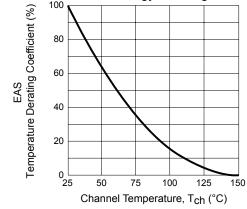
# Characteristic Performance LC5548LD

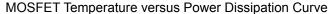
S. O. A. Temperature Derating Coefficient Curve

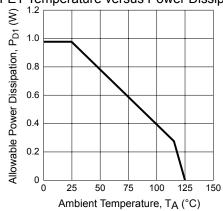
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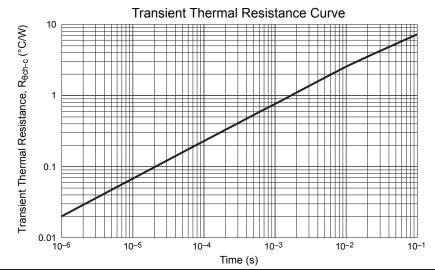


### MOSFET Avalanche Energy Derating Coefficient Curve

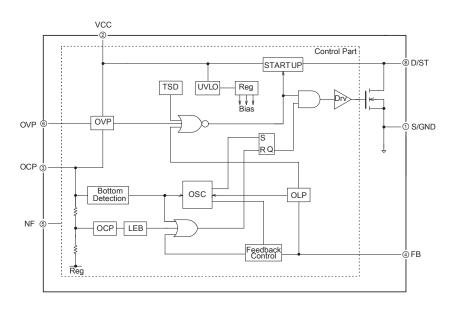




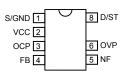




## **Functional Block Diagram**



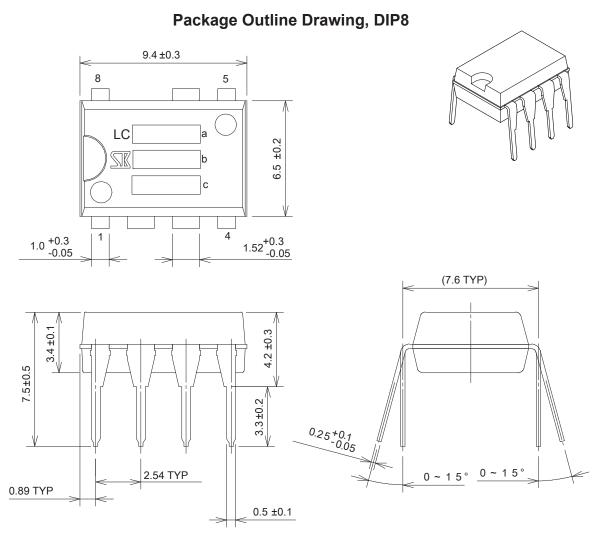
## **Pin-out Diagram**



### Pin List Table

Number	Name	Function
1	S/GND	MOSFET source and GND pin for the Control Part
2	VCC	Supply voltage input and Overvoltage Protection (OVP) signal input
3	OCP	Overcurrent Protection (OCP), quasi-resonant signal input, and Overvoltage Protection (OVP) signal input
4	FB	Feedback phase-compensation input and Overload Protection (OLP) signal input
5	NF	No function; must be externally connected to S/GND pin with as short a trace as possible, for stable operation of the IC
6	OVP	Overvoltage Protection (OVP) signal input
7	_	Pin removed
8	D/ST	MOSFET drain pin and input of the startup current

# Single-Stage Power Factor Corrected Off-Line Switching Regulators





Leadframe Material: Cu Pin treatment: Solder Plating Weight: Approximately 0.51g a: Part #: 554x

b: Lot number 3 digits, plus L 1<sup>st</sup> letter: Last digit of year 2<sup>nd</sup> letter: Month

Jan to September: Numeric

October: O November: N

December: D

3<sup>rd</sup> letter: Week

Date 1 to 10: 1 Date 11 to 20: 2

Date 21 to 31: 3

c: Internal use control number



LC5540LD-DS

Pb-free. Device composition compliant with the RoHS directive.

## LC5540LD Series

# Single-Stage Power Factor Corrected Off-Line Switching Regulators

Because reliability can be affected adversely by improper storage environments and handling methods, please observe the following cautions.

### **Cautions for Storage**

- Ensure that storage conditions comply with the standard temperature (5°C to 35°C) and the standard relative humidity (around 40% to 75%); avoid storage locations that experience extreme changes in temperature or humidity.
- Avoid locations where dust or harmful gases are present and avoid direct sunlight.
- Reinspect for rust on leads and solderability of products that have been stored for a long time.

### **Cautions for Testing and Handling**

When tests are carried out during inspection testing and other standard test periods, protect the products from power surges from the testing device, shorts between the product pins, and wrong connections.

### Remarks About Using Silicone Grease with a Heatsink

- When silicone grease is used in mounting this product on a heatsink, it shall be applied evenly and thinly. If more silicone grease than required is applied, it may produce excess stress.
- Volatile-type silicone greases may crack after long periods of time, resulting in reduced heat radiation effect. Silicone grease with low consistency (hard grease) may cause cracks in the mold resin when screwing the product to a heatsink.
- Our recommended silicone greases for heat radiation purposes, which will not cause any adverse effect on the product life, are indicated below:

Туре	Suppliers
G746	Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd.
YG6260	MOMENTIVE Performance Materials, Inc
SC102	Dow Corning Toray Co., Ltd.

#### Soldering

- When soldering the products, please be sure to minimize the working time, within the following limits:
   260±5°C 10±1 s (Flow, 2 times)
   380±10°C 3.5±0.5 s (Solder iron, 1 time)
- Soldering iron should be at a distance of at least 1.5 mm from the body of the products

#### **Electrostatic Discharge**

- When handling the products, the operator must be grounded. Grounded wrist straps worn should have at least 1 M $\Omega$  of resistance from the operator to ground to prevent shock hazard, and it should be placed near the operator.
- Workbenches where the products are handled should be grounded and be provided with conductive table and floor mats.
- When using measuring equipment such as a curve tracer, the equipment should be grounded.
- When soldering the products, the head of soldering irons or the solder bath must be grounded in order to prevent leak voltages generated by them from being applied to the products.
- The products should always be stored and transported in Sanken shipping containers or conductive containers, or be wrapped in aluminum foil.

# Single-Stage Power Factor Corrected Off-Line Switching Regulators

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- In the case that you use our semiconductor devices or design your products by using our semiconductor devices, the reliability largely depends on the degree of derating to be made to the rated values. Derating may be interpreted as a case that an operation range is set by derating the load from each rated value or surge voltage or noise is considered for derating in order to assure or improve the reliability. In general, derating factors include electric stresses such as electric voltage, electric current, electric power etc., environmental stresses such as ambient temperature, humidity etc. and thermal stress caused due to self-heating of semiconductor devices. For these stresses, instantaneous values, maximum values and minimum values must be taken into consideration.

  In addition, it should be noted that since power devices or IC's including power devices have large self-heating value, the degree of derating of junction temperature (Tj) affects the reliability significantly.
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