

ZT483E, ZT485E, ZT488E ZT489E, ZT490E, ZT491E

# Low Power 5V 250kbps/10Mbps RS485 Transceivers

#### **Features**

- Meets or exceeds the requirements of ANSI Standard TIA/EIA-485-A and ISO 8482:1987(E) specifications for V<sub>CC</sub> at +5V ±5%
- Low quiescent current 0.5mA typ., 1mA max.
- Low shutdown current (where applicable) 0.01μA typical, 10μA max.
- Guaranteed standard data rate 250kbps or 10Mbps
- Thermal shutdown protection
- -7V to +12V common-mode input voltage range
- Half-Duplex or Full-Duplex configuration
- Allows up to 1 unit load (32 devices) on the same common bus
- Controlled driver output slew rate and receiver input filtering
- Active-high driver enable and active-low receiver enable
- ESD Protection on bus terminals ±15kV Human Body Model (HBM)
- Drop-in Replacements for MAX483E, MAX485E, MAX488E, MAX489E, MAX490E, MAX491E.
- High fanout driving 1/4 unit load (128 devices) available on ZT485ER Series

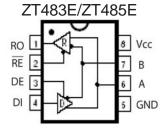
## **General Description**

The ZT485E series devices are 5V differential data line transceivers for RS485/RS422 communication that consist of one driver and one receiver with high level of ESD protection. They are designed for balanced transmission lines interface that meet ANSI standard TIA/EIA-485-A and ISO 8482:1987(E) specifications.

The ZT485E series devices spans out with half or full duplex, data rate guaranteed at 250k bit per second or 10Mbps, and allow one unit load that fan out 32 devices sharing a common bus. The I/Os are enhanced-electrostatic discharge (ESD) protected, exceeding ±15kV Human Body Model (HBM).

### **Applications**

- RS422/RS485 communications
- Utility meters
- Industrial process control
- Building automation
- Level tranlators
- Transceivers for EMI-sensitive applications
- · Routers and HUBs
- Industrial-controlled Local Area Networks
- Industrial PCs, embedded PCs and peripherals
- Industrial, security CATV and camera applications



# Now Available in Green Package Option

### **Product Selection Guide And Cross Reference**

Part Number	Duplex	# Of Tx/Rx	Data Rate (Mbps)	# of Tx/Rx on Bus	Slew Rate Limit	Rx Input Filtering	POWER	Tx/Rx Enable	on	Number of Pins	Pin-to-Pin Cross Reference
ZT483E	Half	1/1	0.25	32	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	± 15kV	8	MAX483E
ZT485E	Half	1/1	10	32	No	No	Yes	Yes	± 15kV	8	MAX485E
ZT488E	Full	1/1	0.25	32	Yes	Yes	No	No	± 15kV	8	MAX488E
ZT489E	Full	1/1	0.25	32	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	± 15kV	14	MAX489E
ZT490E	Full	1/1	10	32	No	No	No	No	± 15kV	8	MAX490E
ZT491E	Full	1/1	10	32	No	No	Yes	Yes	± 15kV	14	MAX491E



Specifications subject to change without notice

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

14-pin nSOIC (derate 8.33mW/°C above +70°C) ...... 667mW

## **Storage Considerations**

Storage in a low humidity environment is preferred. Large high density plastic packages are moisture sensitive and should be stored in Dry Vapor Barrier Bags. Prior to usage, the parts should remain bagged and stored below 40°C and 60%RH. If the parts are removed from the bag, they should be used within 48 hours or stored in an environment at or below 20%RH. If the above conditions cannot be followed, the parts should be baked for four hours at 125°C in order remove moisture prior to soldering. Zywyn ships product in Dry Vapor Barrier Bags with a humidity indicator card and desiccant pack. The humidity indicator should be below 30%RH.

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# **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Unless otherwise stated,  $V_{CC}$  = +5.0V,  $T_A$  =  $T_{min}$  to  $T_{max}$ , typical values apply at  $V_{CC}$  = +5.0V and  $T_A$  = 25°C.

TTL Logic Input         DE, DI, RE           TTL Logic Output         RO           RS485 Input         A, B           RS485 Output         Y, Z           Power Pin         V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>GND</sub> Temp 0°C to +70°C         Commercial Grade           Towns 40°C to +00°C         Industrial Conde		<sub>O/P</sub> when	disabled		
·		High $Z_{\mathrm{O/P}}$ when disabled High $Z_{\mathrm{O/P}}$ when disabled			
Temp –40°C to +85°C Industrial Grade V <sub>CC</sub> Voltage Range V <sub>CC</sub> = +5.0V Supply	0 -40 4.75	+25 +25 5.0	+70 +85 5.25	°C V	
Supply Current $I_{CC}, Tx \text{ and } Rx \text{ active} \\ I_{CC}, Tx \text{ and } Rx \text{ active} \\ I_{CC}, Tx \text{ active} \\ I_{CC}, Rx \text{ active} \\ I_{SD}, Shutdown Current} DI=V_{CC}/GND, DE=V_{CC}, RE=V_{CC}, RS485 I/P=Open \\ DI=V_{CC}/GND, DE=GND, RE=GND, RS485 I/P=Open \\ DI=V_{CC}/GND, DE=GND, RE=V_{CC}, RS485 I/P=Open \\ DI=V_{CC}/GND, DE=GND, RE=V_{CC}/GND, DE=GND, RS485 I/P=Open \\ DI=V_{CC}/GND, DE=GND, RS485 I/P=Open \\ DI=V_{CC}/$		400 400 400 1.0	900 900 900 10	μΑ μΑ μΑ μΑ	
TTL LOGIC Input Input Threshold Low Input Threshold High $V_{CC} = +5.0V$ Supply, DE, DI, and $\overline{RE}$ $V_{CC} = +5.0V$ Supply, DE, DI, and $\overline{RE}$	2.0		0.8	V V	
TTL LOGIC Output       IOUT = $+4mA$ , Input Differential Voltage = $200mV$ Output Voltage High       IOUT = $-4mA$ , Input Differential Voltage = $200mV$ Output Leakage Current       Receiver Outputs Disabled, $V_{OUT} = 0.4V$ to $2.4V$ Short Circuit Current $V_{OUT} = 0V$ to $V_{CC}$	3.5		0.4 ±1 95	V V μA mA	
Receiver Input Input Current $DE = 0V, V_{CC} = 0V \text{ to } 5.25V, V_{IN} = +12V$ $DE = 0V, V_{CC} = 0V \text{ to } 5.25V, V_{IN} = -7V$			1.0 -0.8	mA mA	
DifferentialThresholdVoltage, $V_{TH}$ $V_{CM} = 0V$ , $V_{CC} = +5.0V$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $V_{CM} = 0V$ $V_{CM} = 0V$ $V_{CM} = 0V$ $V_{CM} = -7V$ to +12V	-0.2 12	20	+0.2	V mV kΩ	
$\label{eq:linear_continuit} \begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Transmitter Output} \\ \textbf{DlfferentialOutputVoltage,V}_{OD} \\ \textbf{DlfferentialOutputVoltage,dV}_{OD} \\ \textbf{DlifferentialOutputVoltage,dV}_{OD} \\ \textbf{DriverCommonModeOutput} \\ \textbf{ChangeinVoltageMagnitude} \\ \textbf{forComplimentaryStates,dV}_{OC} \\ \textbf{ChangeinVoltageMagnitude} \\ \textbf{forComplimentaryStates,V}_{OC} \\ \textbf{TransmitterShort-CircuitCurrent} \\ \textbf{TransmitterShort-CircuitCurrent} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{No Load} \\ \textbf{With R}_L = 50\Omega, C_L = 50\text{pF}, \text{ Refers to figure 1. (RS422)} \\ \textbf{With R}_L = 27\Omega \text{ or } 50\Omega. C_L = 50\text{pF}. \text{ Refers to figure 3.} \\ \textbf{Differential Output Voltage, with R}_L = 27\Omega \text{ or } 50\Omega, C_L = 50\text{pF}. \\ \textbf{Refers to figure 1.} \\ \textbf{Common-Mode Output Voltage, with R}_L = 60\Omega,375\Omega,375\Omega. \\ \textbf{Refers to figure 2.} \\ \textbf{Output HIGH, V}_{OUT} = -7V \text{ to } +12V. \text{ Refers to figure 7.} \\ \textbf{Output LOW, V}_{OUT} = -7V \text{ to } +12V. \text{ Refers to figure 7.} \\ \end{array}$	2 1.5		5 5 3 0.2 0.2 250 250	V V V V mA	



# AC Electrical Characteristics (ZT485E, ZT490E, and ZT491E)

Unless otherwise stated,  $V_{CC}$  = +5.0V,  $T_A$  =  $T_{min}$  to  $T_{max}$ , typical values apply at  $V_{CC}$  = +5.0V and  $T_A$  = 25°C.

Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Transmitter Timing					
Transmitter Propagation t <sub>PLH</sub>	$R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$ , $C_{L} = 50$ pF. Refers to figure 4.		35	60	ns
Transmitter Propagation t <sub>PHL</sub>	$R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$ , $C_L = 50$ pF. Refers to figure 4.		35	60	ns
Transmitter Output Skew t <sub>SK</sub>	t <sub>PLH</sub> - t <sub>PHL</sub>		3	10	ns
Transmitter Rise/Fall Time	$t_{\rm r},t_{\rm f}$ , $R_{\rm DIFF}$ = 54 $\Omega$ , $C_{\rm L}$ = 50pF, ZT485E. Refers to figure 4. $t_{\rm r},t_{\rm f}$ , $R_{\rm DIFF}$ = 54 $\Omega$ , $C_{\rm L}$ = 50pF, ZT490E and ZT491E, refer fig.4.		15 15	25 25	ns ns
Transmitter Output Enable	To Output HIGH, $C_L$ = 50pF, $R_L$ = 110 $\Omega$ . Refers to figure 5. To Output LOW, $C_L$ = 50pF, $R_L$ = 110 $\Omega$ . Refers to figure 6.		50 50		ns ns
Transmitter Output Disable	From Output HIGH, $C_L$ = 50pF, $R_L$ = 110 $\Omega$ . Refers to figure 5. From Output LOW, $C_L$ = 50pF, $R_L$ = 110 $\Omega$ . Refers to figure 6.		50 50		ns ns
Receiver Timing					
Receiver Propagation t <sub>PLH</sub>	$C_L = 15pF$ , Refers to figure 9.		50	150	ns
Receiver Propagation t <sub>PHL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF, Refers to figure 9.		50	150	ns
Differential Receiver Skew t <sub>SK</sub>	t <sub>PHL</sub> - t <sub>PLH</sub>		10		ns
Receiver Output Enable	To Output HIGH, $C_L = 15pF$ . Refers to figure 10. To Output LOW, $C_L = 15pF$ . Refers to figure 11.		50 50		ns ns
Receiver Output Disable	From Output HIGH, $C_L = 15 pF$ . Refers to figure 10. From Output LOW, $C_L = 15 pF$ . Refers to figure 11.		50 50		ns ns
Transceiver Throughput					
Maximum Data Rate	$R_L = 54\Omega, C_L = 50pF, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	10			Mbps
ESD Tolerance					
ESD HBM	RS485 Inputs and Outputs		±15		kV



# AC Electrical Characteristics (ZT483E, ZT488E, and ZT489E)

Unless otherwise stated,  $V_{CC}$  = +5.0V,  $T_A$  =  $T_{min}$  to  $T_{max}$ , typical values apply at  $V_{CC}$  = +5.0V and  $T_A$  = 25°C.

Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Transmitter Timing					
Transmitter Propagation t <sub>PLH</sub>	$R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$ , $C_{L} = 50$ pF. Refers to figure 4.	250	800	2000	ns
Transmitter Propagation t <sub>PHL</sub>	$R_{DIFF} = 54\Omega$ , $C_L = 50$ pF. Refers to figure 4.	250	800	2000	ns
Transmitter Output Skew t <sub>SK</sub>	t <sub>PLH</sub> - t <sub>PHL</sub>		20	800	ns
Transmitter Rise/Fall Time	$\rm t_r, t_f$ , $\rm R_{DIFF}$ = 54 $\Omega, \rm C_L$ = 50pF, Refers to figure 4.	250		2000	ns
Transmitter Output Enable	To Output HIGH, $C_L$ = 50pF, $R_L$ = 110 $\Omega$ . Refers to figure 5. To Output LOW, $C_L$ = 50pF, $R_L$ = 110 $\Omega$ . Refers to figure 6.		100 100		ns ns
Transmitter Output Disable	From Output HIGH, $C_L$ = 15pF, $R_L$ = 110 $\Omega$ . Refers to figure 5. From Output LOW, $C_L$ = 15pF, $R_L$ = 110 $\Omega$ . Refers to figure 6.		100 100		ns ns
Receiver Timing					
Receiver Propagation t <sub>PLH</sub>	$C_L = 15pF$ , Refers to figure 9.	250		2000	ns
Receiver Propagation t <sub>PHL</sub>	$C_L = 15pF$ , Refers to figure 9.	250		2000	ns
Differential Receiver Skew t <sub>SK</sub>	t <sub>PHL</sub> - t <sub>PLH</sub>		10		ns
Receiver Output Enable	To Output HIGH, $C_L = 15pF$ , Refers to figure 10. To Output LOW, $C_L = 15pF$ , Refers to figure 11.		100 100		ns ns
Receiver Output Disable	From Output HIGH, $C_L = 15pF$ , Refers to figure 10. From Output LOW, $C_L = 15pF$ , Refers to figure 11.		100 100		ns ns
Shutdown Timing					
Time to Shutdown, t <sub>SHDN</sub>	ZT483E	50	200	600	ns
Transmitter Enable from SHUTDOWN to Output HIGH	$C_L = 50pF$ , $R_L = 110\Omega$ . Refers to figure 5.		200		ns
Transmitter Enable from SHUTDOWN to Output LOW	$C_L = 50pF$ , $R_L = 110\Omega$ . Refers to figure 6.		200		ns
Receiver Enable from SHUTDOWN to Output HIGH	$C_L = 15pF$ , $R_L = 1k\Omega$ . Refers to figure 12.		200		ns
Receiver Enable from SHUTDOWN to Output LOW	$C_L = 15pF$ , $R_L = 1k\Omega$ . Refers to figure 12.		200		ns
Transceiver Throughput					
Maximum Data Rate	$R_L = 54\Omega$ , $C_L = 50pF$ , $T_A = 25$ °C.	0.25			Mbps
ESD Tolerance					
ESD HBM	RS485 Inputs and Outputs		±15		kV
		l	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	



August 2004

# **Pin Description**

	Pin Numbers	Name	Description	
ZT483E/ZT485E	ZT488E/ZT490E	ZT489E/ZT491E		
1	2	2	RO	Receiver Output. If A>B by 200mV, then RO = HIGH; If A <b 200mv,="" by="" ro="LOW&lt;/td" then=""></b>
2	n/a	3	RE	Receiver Output Enable. Low active input. RO is high-Z when RE = HIGH
3	n/a	4	DE	Driver Output Enable. The transmitter outputs, Y and Z, are enabled when DE = HIGH. The outputs are high-Z when DE = LOW.
4	3	5	DI	Driver Input. A low on DI forces output Y low and output Z high. A high on DI will bring output Y high and output Z low.
5	4	6, 7	GND	Analog Ground
n/a	5	9	Y	Non-inverting transmitter output
n/a	6	10	Z	Inverting transmitter output
6	n/a	n/a	А	Non-inverting transmitter output and non-inverting receiver input.
n/a	8	12	А	Non-inverting receiver input.
7	n/a	n/a	В	Inverting transmitter output and inverting receiver input.
n/a	7	11	В	Inverting receiver input
8	1	14	V <sub>CC</sub>	Power Supply Input, +5V ±5%
n/a	n/a	1, 8, 13	NC	No Connect, Not internally connected



# **Circuit Description**

The ZT483E, ZT485E, ZT489E, ZT490E, and ZT491E are low-power transceivers for RS-485 and RS-422 communications. The RS-485 standard is ideal for multi-drop applications and for long-distance interfaces. The TIA/EIA-485 specification allows up to 32 drivers and 32 receivers to be connected to a data bus, making it an ideal choice for multi-drop applications. RS-485 transceivers are equipped with a wide (-7V to +12V) common mode range to accommodate ground potential differences since the cabling can be as long as 4,000 feet. As RS-485 is a differential interface, data is virtually immune to noise in the transmission line.

The ZT483E, ZT488E, and ZT489E are slew-rate limited, minimizing EMI and reducing reflections caused by improperly terminated cables.

#### **RS-485 Transmitters**

Each device in the ZT4xxE family contains a differential output line transmitter that can drive voltage into multiple loads on a terminated two-wire pair, and a receiver that accepts a differential voltage down to 200mV. The transmitter's differential output can comply with RS-485 and also RS-422 standards. The typical voltage output swing with no load is 0V to  $V_{\rm CC}$ . With worst case loading of 54 ohms across the differential outputs, the drivers can maintain greater than 1.5V voltage levels, which is more than adequate for a differential receiver to acknowledge a logic state. The 54 ohms is the equivalent of two 120 ohm termination resistors placed on each side of the transmission line and the input impedance of 32 receivers on the line.

The ZT485E transmitter has an enable control line which is active HIGH. A logic HIGH on DE (pin 3) will enable the differential outputs. A logic LOW on DE (pin 3) will disable the transmitter outputs. While disabled, the transmitter outputs are in high impedance.

#### RS-485 Receivers

Each transceiver contains one differential receiver that has an input sensitivity of 200mV. The input impedance of the receivers is typically 15 kohms. A wide common mode range of -7V to +12V allows for large ground potential differences between systems.

The ZT485E, ZT489E, and ZT491E receivers have an enable control input. A <u>logic LOW on RE</u> will enable the receiver, a logic HIGH on RE will disable the receiver. The receivers are equipped with the fail-safe feature, which guarantees that the receiver output will be in a HIGH-IMPEDANCE state when the input is left unconnected.

The ZT485E, ZT490E, and ZT491E can transmit and receive at data rates up to 10Mbps. The ZT483E, ZT488E, and ZT489E are specified for data rates up to 250kbps.

#### **Bus Configuration**

The ZT489E, ZT490E, and ZT491E are full-duplex transceivers, while the ZT483E and ZT485E are half-duplex.

For full duplex, the devices are used as a four-wire bus transceiver with a configuration that the transmitters and receivers are moving data independent of each other. Transmit can occur on a dedicated two-wire pair and receive can occur on an adjacent two-wire pair, with each pair transferring data at up to 10Mbps (up to 250kbps for the ZT489E).

Half duplex is a configuration where the transmitter outputs are connected to its receiver inputs. This application is common for two-wire interfaces where either the transmitter is active or the receiver is active. It is common to connect the enable inputs for the transmitter and receiver together so that a logic HIGH will enable the transmitter and disable the receiver. Conversely, a logic LOW will disable the transmitter and enable the transmitter. Half-duplex configurations and these devices are designed for bidirectional data transmission on multipoint twisted-pair cables for applications, such as digital motor controllers, remote sensors and terminals, industrial process control, security stations and environmental control systems.

### **ESD** Immunity

Electro-Static Discharge (ESD) is an important factor when implementing a serial port into a system, especially in harsh environmental conditions. These industrial strength devices provide extra protection against ESD and are intended for harsh environments where high-speed data communication is important.

All of the ZT485E family of transceivers incorporate internal protection structures on all pins to protect against ESD charges encountered during handling and assembly. The driver outputs and receiver inputs have extra protection against static electricity as they are directly interfacing to the outside environment. As such, these pins against ESD of ±15kV without damage in all states of the transceiver's operation in the static state. After multiple ESD events, Zywyn's ZT485E family of transceivers keep working without latchup. These devices eliminate the need for external transient suppressor diodes and the associated high capacitance loading, allowing reliable high-speed data communications.

The Human Body Model has been the generally accepted ESD testing method for semiconductors. This test is intended to simulate the human body's potential to store electrostatic energy and discharge it to an integrated circuit upon close proximity or contact. This method will test the IC's capability to withstand an ESD transient during normal handling such as in manufacturing areas where the ICs tend to be handled frequently.



# **Function Truth Table**

#### ZT483E/ZT485E

	DRIV	ER		RECEIV	ER	
Input DI	Enable DE	Out A	puts B	Differential Inputs $V_{ID} = V_A - V_B$	Enable RE	Output RO
Н	Н	Н	L	$V_{ID} \le -0.2V$	L	L
L	Н	L	Н	$-0.2V < V_{ID} < +0.2V$	L	U
Х	Ш	Z	Z	$+0.2V \le V_{ID}$	L	Н
Open	Н	Н	L	X	Н	Z
X	Open	Z	Z	X	Open	Z

#### ZT488E/ZT490E

DRIV	ER		RECEIVER		
Input	Out	puts	Differential Inputs	Output	
DI	Υ	Z	$V_{ID} = V_A - V_B$	RO	
Н	H L		$V_{ID} \le -0.2V$	L	
L	L H		$-0.2V < V_{ID} < +0.2V$	U	
X	Z	Z	$+0.2V \le V_{ID}$	Н	
Open H L		X	Z		
X	Z Z		X	Z	

## ZT489E/ZT491E

DRIVER				RECEIV	ER	
Input	Enable	Out	puts	Differential Inputs	Enable RE	Output
DI	DE	Υ	Z	$V_{ID} = V_A - V_B$	KE	RO
Н	Н	Н	L	$V_{ID} \le -0.2V$	L	L
L	Η	لــ	Н	$-0.2V < V_{ID} < +0.2V$	لــ	U
Х	لـ	Z	Z	$+0.2V \le V_{ID}$	Ш	Н
Open	Η	Н	L	X	Н	Z
X	Open	Z	Z	X	Open	Z

Note:

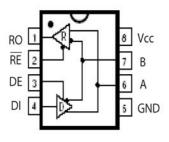
H = High Level; L = Low Level; Z = High Impedance; X = Irrelevant; U = Undetermine State.



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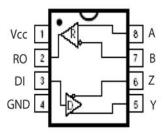
# **Pin Configuration**

### ZT483E/ZT485E

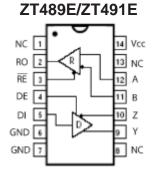


8-Pin PDIP/nSOIC

### ZT488E/ZT490E

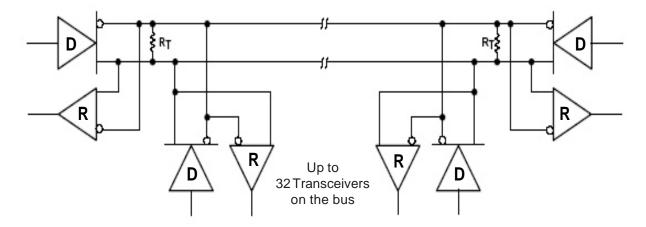


8-Pin PDIP/nSOIC



14-Pin PDIP/nSOIC

# **Typical Application Circuits**



#### Notes:

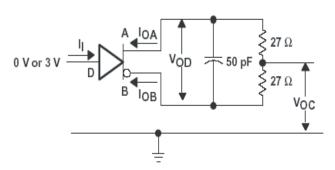
- A. The bus should be terminated at both ends in its characteristic impedance of  $R_T = Z_O$ .
- B. Stub lengths off the main bus should be kept as short as possible.
- C. Can connect up to 32 devices on the same common bus.

## **Typical Test Circuits**

#### Notes:

A. The test load capacitance includes probe and test jig capacitance, unless otherwise specified.

B. The signal generator had the following characteristics: Pulse rate = 1000 kHz, 50% duty cyle,  $Z_O = 50\Omega$ ,  $t_r \& t_f < 6$ ns, unless otherwise specified.



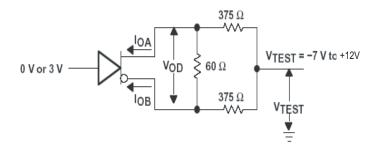
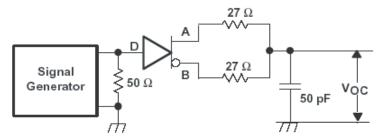


Figure 1. Driver Test Circuit,  $V_{OD}$  and  $V_{OC}$  Without Common-Mode Loading

Figure 2. Driver Test Circuit,  $V_{OD}$  With Common-Mode Loading



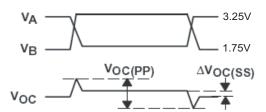
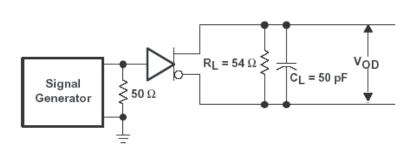


Figure 3. Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage ( $V_{OC}$ ) Test Circuit and Waveforms



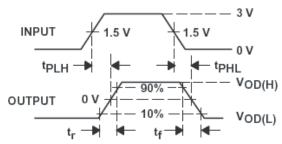


Figure 4. Driver Differential Output Voltage ( $V_{OD}$ ) Switching Test Circuit and Waveforms

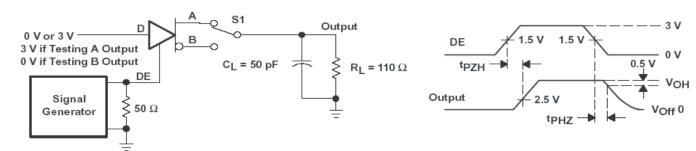


Figure 5. Driver Enable/Disable Test Circuit and Waveforms, High Output



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# **Typical Test Circuits**

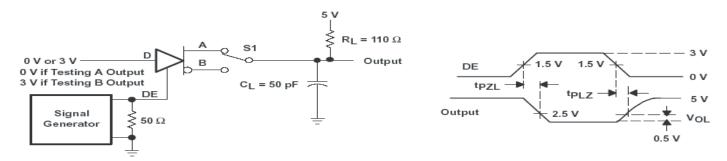


Figure 6. Driver Enable/Disable Test Circuit and Waveforms, Low Output



Figure 7. Driver Short-Circuit Test Configuration

Figure 8. Receiver Parameter Definitions

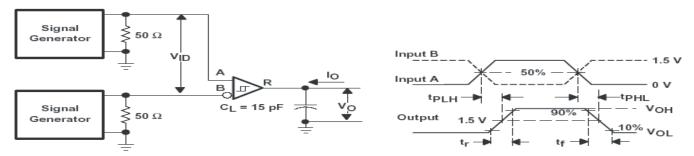


Figure 9. Receiver Propagation ( $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ )Test Circuit and Waverforms

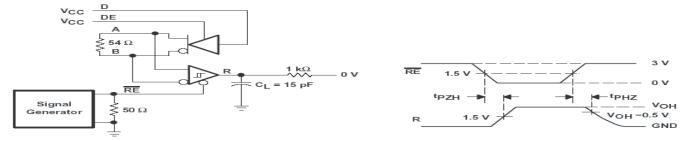


Figure 10. Receiver Output Enable/Disable Test Circuit and Waveforms, Data Output High

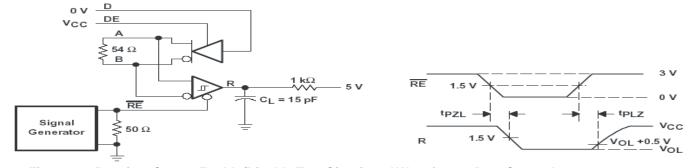
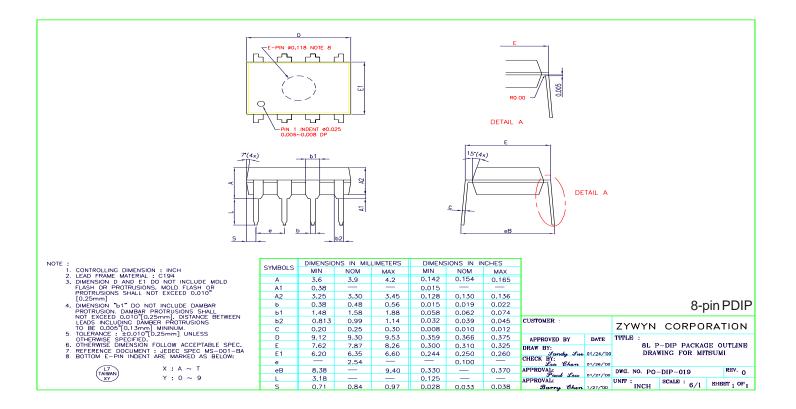
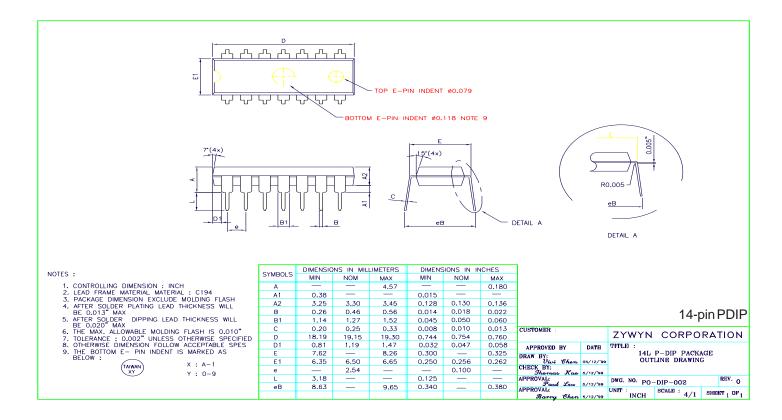


Figure 11. Receiver Output Enable/Disable Test Circuit and Waveforms, Data Output Low

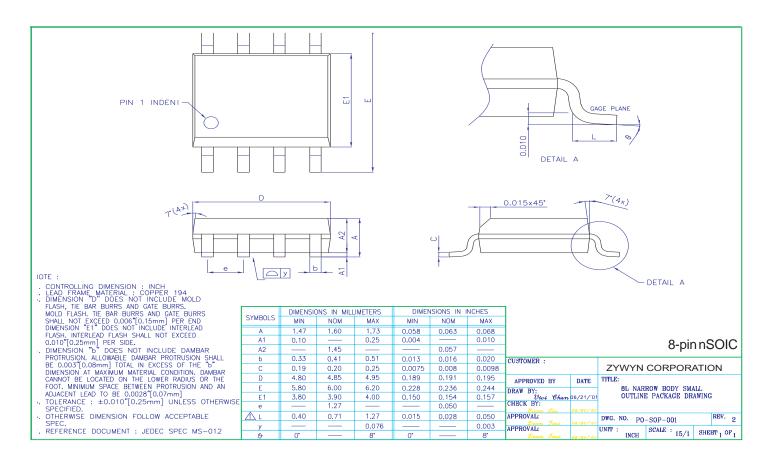


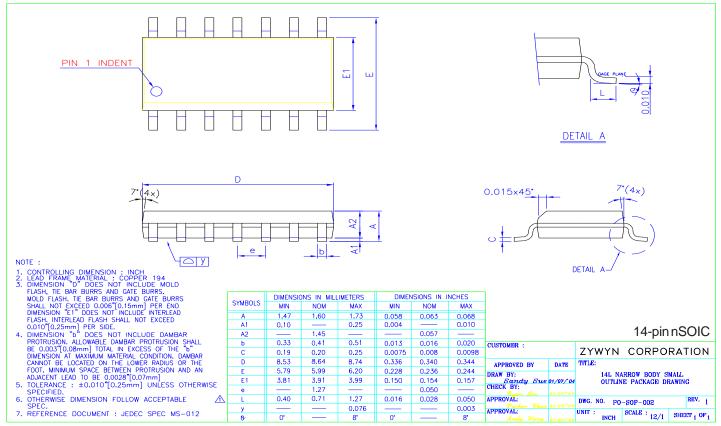
## **Package Information**













# **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Temperature Range	Package Type
ZT483ECN	0°C to +70°C	8-pin nSOIC
ZT483ECP	0°C to +70°C	8-pin PDIP
ZT485ECN	0°C to +70°C	8-pin nSOIC
ZT485ECP	0°C to +70°C	8-pin PDIP
ZT488ECN	0°C to +70°C	8-pin nSOIC
ZT488ECP	0°C to +70°C	8-pin PDIP
ZT489ECN	0°C to +70°C	14-pin nSOIC
ZT489ECP	0°C to +70°C	14-pin PDIP
ZT490ECN	0°C to +70°C	8-pin nSOIC
ZT490ECP	0°C to +70°C	8-pin PDIP
ZT491ECN	0°C to +70°C	14-pin nSOIC
ZT491ECP	0°C to +70°C	14-pin PDIP
ZT483EEN	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin nSOIC
ZT483EEP	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin PDIP
ZT485EEN	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin nSOIC
ZT485EEP	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin PDIP
ZT488EEN	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin nSOIC
ZT488EEP	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin PDIP
ZT489EEN	-40°C to +85°C	14-pin nSOIC
ZT489EEP	-40°C to +85°C	14-pin PDIP
ZT490EEN	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin nSOIC
ZT490EEP	-40°C to +85°C	8-pin PDIP
ZT491EEN	-40°C to +85°C	14-pin nSOIC
ZT491EEP	-40°C to +85°C	14-pin PDIP

Please contact the factory for pricing, availability on Tape-and-Reel, and Green Package options.

To order for Green Packaging, the ordering part number format is ZT4xxL where "L" stands for the Green Package.

For example: ZT483LECN for standard 32-fanout commercial temperature 8-pin nSOIC Green Package,

ZT485LEEN for standard 32-fanout industrial temperature 8-pin nSOIC Green Package, or

ZT491LEEP for standard 32-fanout industrial temperature 14-pin PDIP Green Package.

#### **Zywyn Corporation**

Headquarters and Sales Office

1270 Oakmead Parkway, Suite 201 • Sunnyvale, CA 94085 • Tel: (408) 733-3225 • Fax: (408) 733-3206

Email: sales@zywyn.com • www.zywyn.com

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