



Microstep Operation-Supported 4-Phase Stepping Motor Driver ($I_O = 1.5A$)

Overview

The STK672-040 is a unipolar constant-current choppertype externally-excited 4-phase stepping motor driver hybrid IC which uses MOSFET power devices. It has a microstep operation-supported 4-phase distributed controller built-in to realize a high torque, low vibration, low noise stepping motor driver using a simple control circuit.

Applications

• Printer, copier, and X-Y plotter stepping motor drivers

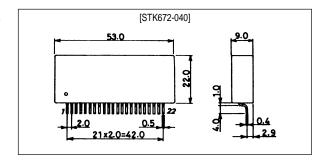
Features

- Microstep sine-wave driver operation using only an external clock input (0.33Ω) current detection resistor built-in)
- Microstep drive using only an external reference voltage setting resistor
- 2, 1-2, W1-2, 2W1-2, 4W1-2 phase excitation selectable using external pins
- Selectable vector locus (perfect circle mode, inside 1 mode, outside 2 modes) to match motor characteristics in microstep drive state
- Phase hold function during excitation switching
- Schmitt trigger inputs with built-in pull-up resistor $(20k\Omega)$
- Monitor output pin enabling real-time confirmation of IC excitation
- The CLK and RETURN inputs provide an internal noise elimination circuit as well as CMOS Schmitt circuit to prevent malfunction due to impulse noise.
- 4-phase distribution switch timing selected externally to either CLK rising-edge only detection mode or both rising-edge and falling-edge detection mode
- ENABLE pin for excitation current cutoff, thereby reducing system current drain when driver is stopped

Package Dimensions

unit: mm

4161



Series Organization

The following devices form a series with differing output capacity.

Type No.	Output current (A)
STK672-040	1.5
STK672-050	3.0

Specifications

Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage 1	V _{CC} 1 max	No signal	52	V
Maximum supply voltage 2	V _{CC} 2 max	No signal	-0.3 to +7.0	V
Input voltage	V _{IN} max	Logic input block	-0.3 to +7.0	V
Phase output current	I _{OH} max	One 0.5s pulse, $V_{CC}1$ applied, Load/phase: $R = 5\Omega$, $L = 10$ mH	2.2	А
Repetitive avalanche handling capability	Ear max		38	mJ
Maximum output dissipation	Pd max	θc–a = 0	12	W
Operating substrate temperature	Tc max		105	°C
Junction temperature	Tj max		150	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-40 to +125	°C

Allowable Operating Ranges at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage 1	V _{CC} 1	With signal	10 to 45	V
Supply voltage 2	V _{CC} 2	With signal 5.0 ± 5%		V
Input voltage	V _{IH}	0 to V _{CC} 2		V
Phase driver withstand voltage	V _{DSS}	Tr1, 2, 3, 4 (A, A, B, B outputs) 100 (min)		V
Phase current	I _{OH} max	50% duty	1.5 (max)	А

Electrical Characteristics at $Tc = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC}1 = 24V$, $V_{CC}2 = 5V$

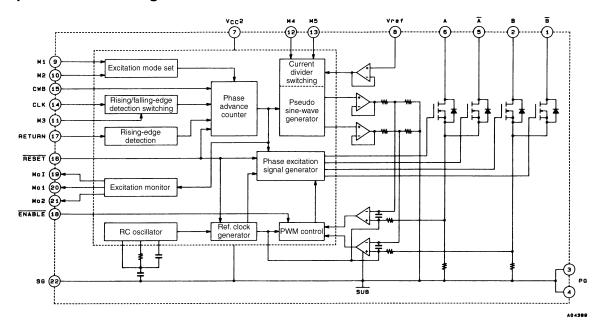
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Control supply current	I _{CC}	Pin 7 input, ENABLE = low	-	4.5	15	mA
Output saturation voltage	Vsat	$R_L = 15\Omega (I = 1.5A)$	-	1.4	1.9	V
Average output current	lo ave	Vref = 1V, Load/phase: $R = 3.5\Omega$, $L = 3.8mH$	0.465	0.517	0.569	А
FET diode forward voltage	Vdf	If = 1.0A	-	1.2	1.8	V
[Control inputs]	<u> </u>				•	
Input voltage	V _{IH}	Excluding Vref pin	4.0	_	_	V
Input voltage	V _{IL}	Excluding Vref pin	-	-	1.0	V
Input ourrent	I _{IH}	Excluding Vref pin	0	1	10	μΑ
Input current	I _{IL}	Excluding Vref pin	125	250	510	μΑ
[Vref input]	<u> </u>		-1	1		
Input voltage	V _I	Pin 8	0	_	2.5	V
Input current	l _l	Pin 8	-	1	-	μΑ
[Control outputs]			-		•	
Output valtage	V _{OH}	I = -3mA (MoI, Mo1, Mo2 pins)	2.4	_	_	V
Output voltage	V _{OL}	I = +3mA (MoI, Mo1, Mo2 pins)	_	-	0.4	V
PWM frequency	fc		37	47	57	kHz
[Current division ratio (A/B)]	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			!	!	1.
2W1-2, W1-2, 1-2	Vref	θ = 1/8			100	%
2W1-2, W1-2	Vref	$\theta = 2/8$	92		%	
2W1-2	Vref	$\theta = 3/8$		83 %		
2W1-2, W1-2, 1-2	Vref	$\theta = 4/8$			71	%

2W1-2	Vref	$\theta = 5/8$	55	%
2W1-2, W1-2	Vref	θ = 6/8	40	%
2W1-2	Vref	θ = 7/8	20	%
2	Vref		100	%

Note: All tests are made using a constant-voltage supply.

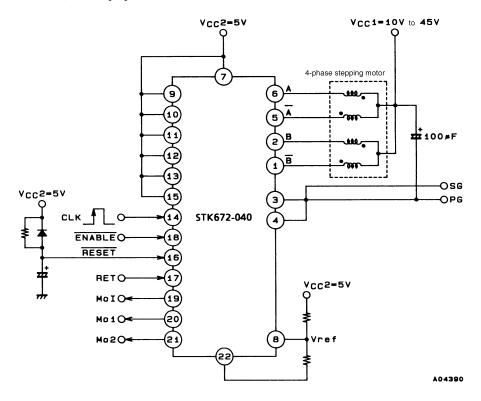
The current division ratio shows the design value.

Equivalent Block Diagram



Sample Application Circuit

2W1-2 phase excitation (microstep operation)



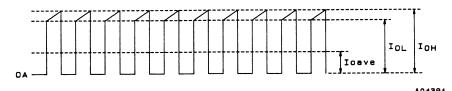
Motor Current Calculation

The motor current I_{OH} is determined by the reference voltage on pin 8 (Vref). The relationship between I_{OH} and Vref is given by the following equation.

$$I_{OH} = \frac{1}{3} \times Vref/Rs$$

where Rs is the built-in current detection resistance $(0.33\Omega \pm 3\%).$

The motor current ranges from the current due to the frequency duty set by the oscillator (0.05 to 0.1A) to the allowable operating range maximum of $I_{OH} = 1.5A$.



Motor current waveform

Function Tables

M1	M2	М3	Excitation	Phase switching CLK edge timing		
0	0	0	Phase 1-2			
0	1	0	Phase 2W1-2	Rising and falling edge		
1	0	0	Phase W1-2	- Itising and failing edge		
1	1	0	Phase 4W1-2			
0	0	1	Phase 2			
0	1	1	Phase W1-2	Rising edge only		
1	0	1	Phase 1-2	Nising edge only		
1	1	1	Phase 2W1-2			

RESET			Low
Mo1	Мо	02	Output
0	0)	Ā
0			2

Input ENABLE Active level

Low

CWB	Direction
0	Forward
1	Reverse

Mo1	Mo2	Output
0	0	Ā
0	1	В
1	0	A
1	1	B

Design material

1. Explanation of input pins

Pin No.	Name	Function	Pin format
14	CLK	Phase switching phase	CMOS Schmitt configuration with pull-down resistor
15	CWB	Setting of rotation direction (CW/CCW)	CMOS Schmitt configuration with pull-down resistor
17	RETURN	Phase origin forced return	CMOS Schmitt configuration with pull-down resistor
18	ENABLE	Output cut-off CMOS Schmitt configuration with pull-down res	
9, 10, 11	M1, M2, M3	Setting of exciting mode	CMOS Schmitt configuration with pull-down resistor
12, 13	M4, M5	Setting of vector locus	CMOS Schmitt configuration with pull-down resistor
16	RESET	System reset	CMOS Schmitt configuration with pull-down resistor
8	Vref	Setting of current value	CMOS Schmitt configuration with pull-down resistor

2. Functions and timing of input signals

2-1. CLK (Phase switching clock)

1. Input frequency range ■DC to 50 kHz

2. Minimum pulse width 10 μs3. Duty 40 to 60%

4. Pin format ■CMOS Schmitt containing pull-up resistor (20 kΩ typical value)

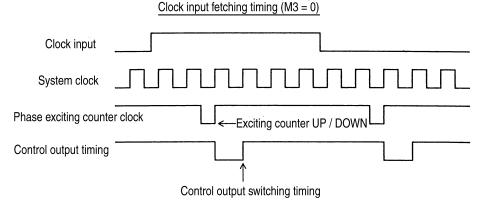
5. Noise eliminating circuit with multiple stages is contained.

- 6. Functions
 - a. When the signal M3 is set to 1 or it is opened.

The exciting phase moves at each step at the leading edge of the clock.

b. When the signal M3 is set to 0

The exciting phase moves at each step at the leading and trailing edges of the clock.



2-2. CWB (Setting of rotation direction)

- 1. Pin format ■CMOS Schmitt configuration containing pull-up resistor (20kΩ, typical value)
- 2. Function
 - a. When the signal CWB is set to 1 It rotates clockwise.
 - b. When the signal CWB is set to 0

It rotates counterclockwise.

2-3. RETURN (It forcibly returns the phase to the origin of current exciting phase.)

- 1. Pin format ■CMOS Schmitt configuration containing pull-up resistor (20kΩ, typical value)
- 2. Noise eliminating circuit is contained.
- 3. Function Forces to moves to the origin of current exciting phase by setting the RETURN signal to high state.

2-4. ENABLE(ON/OFF control of exciting drive output A, A, B, and B and selection of operation/hold state in HI-IC)

- 1. Pin format ■CMOS Schmitt configuration containing pull-up resistor (20 kΩ, typical value)
- 2. Function
 - a. When the ENABLE signal is set to a high state or it is opened.

It is usually placed in the operation status.

b. When the ENABLE signal is set to a low state

The H-IC is placed into the hold state, forcing the exciting drive output to be turned off. At this time, the system clock of the HC stops, the H-IC is not affected if the input pin other than the reset input changes.

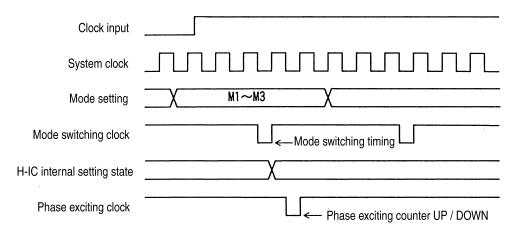
2-5. M1, M2, and M3 (Selection of exciting modes and clock input edge timing)

- 1. Pin format ■CMOS Schmitt configuration containing the pull-up resistor (20 kΩ typical value)
- 2. Functions

M2	0	0	1	1	Phase switching clock edge timing	
M3 M1	0	1	0	1	Triase switching clock edge timing	
1	2 phase exciting	1-2 phase exciting	W1-2 phase exciting	2W1-2 phase exciting	Only the leading edge	
0	1-2 phase exciting	W1-2 phase exciting	2W1-2 phase exciting	4W1-2 phase exciting	Leading edge and trailing edge	

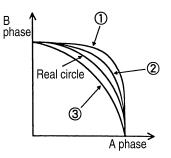
- 3. Valid timing of mode setting
 - ■The mode must not be changed within 5 µs from the leading edge and trailing edge of the clock.

Fetching toming of mode setting



2-6. M4 and M5 (Setting of rotation vector locus at micro-step)

M4	1	0	1	0
M5	1	0	0	1
Mode	Real circle	①	2	3



For the current division ratio, see Section 4.3.

2-7. RESET (Reset of entire system)

(20 kΩ typical value)

2. Function All circuit states are set to the initial values by setting the RESET signal to the

low state (pulse width of 10 µs or more). At this time, for all modes including

the exciting mode, the A and \overline{B} phases are set to the origin.

2-8. Vref(Setting of the current value used as the reference of constant current detection)

1. Pin format ■Analog input configuration

2. Function

By applying the voltage of 2.5 V or less of the control system power source

Voc2 the constant control can be performed over the exciting current of

Vcc2, the constant current control can be performed over the exciting current of the motor at the 100% of the rated current value.

■The constant current can be controlled in proportional to the Vref voltage with this value specified as a high limit.

3. Explanation of output pins

Pin No.	Name	Function	Pin format		
19	Mol	Phase exciting origin monitor	CMOS standard configuration		
20, 21	Mo1, Mo2	Phase exciting state monitor	CMOS standard configuration		

4. Functions and timing of output signals

4-1. A, \overline{A} , B, and \overline{B} (Output for phase exciting use of motor)

1. Function In four phase two exciting mode, the interval of $3.75 \,\mu s$ (typical value) is set when the output signals of the phases A and \overline{A} , B and \overline{B} change.

4-2. MO1, MO2, and MOI (Monitor of exciting state)

1. Pin format ■CMOS standard configuration

2. Function Outputs the state of the current phase exciting output.

Phase coordinate	A phase	B phase	Ā phase	B̄ phase	
Mo1	1	0	0	1	
Mo2	0	1	0	1	

For the MOI, 0 is output at the origin of each phase. At other points, 1 is output.

STK672-040

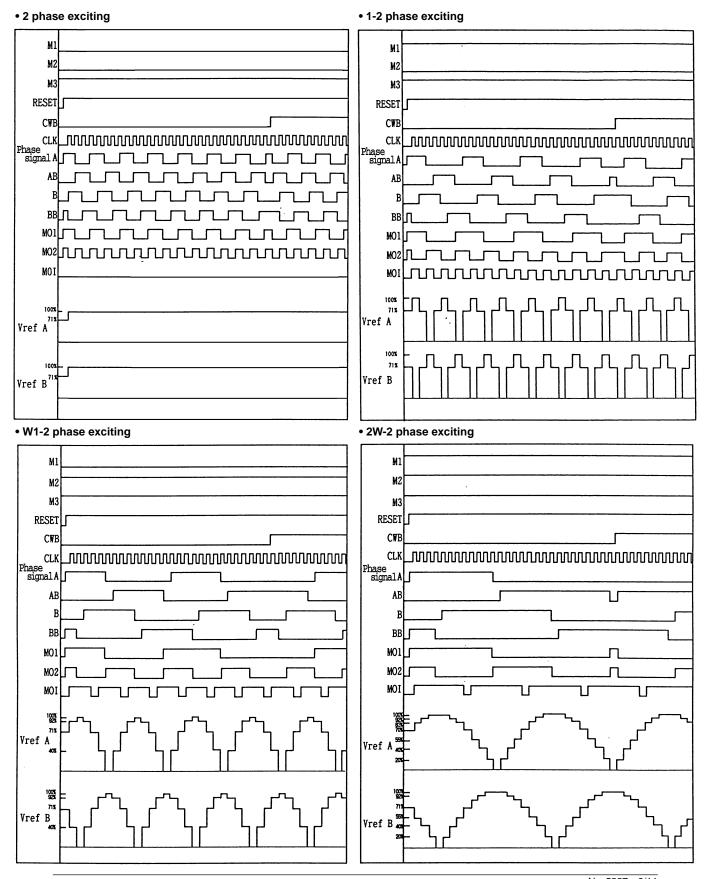
4-3. Current division ratio based on M3, M4, and M5 Reference values

Mode		Real circle	1	2	3				
Setting M	M3 = 0	M3 = 1	M4 = 1	M4 = 0	M4 = 1	M4 = 0	Unit	Number of steps	
	IVIS = U		M5 =1	M5 = 0	M5 =1	M5 = 0			
Current division ratio	4W1–2		14	15	15	13	%		1 / 16
		2W1-2	20	25	23	19		1/8	2/16
			31	34	33	28			3 / 16
		2W1-2	40	44	42	39		2/8	4 / 16
			48	51	49	45			5 / 16
		2W1-2	55	62	57	54		3/8	6 / 16
			65	69	65	62			7 / 16
		2W1-2	71	77	71	69		4/8	8 / 16
			77	82	77	74			9/16
		2W1-2	83	88	85	82		5/8	10 / 16
			88	92	89	85			11 / 16
		2W1-2	92	95	95	92		6/8	12 / 16
			97	98	98	94			13 / 16
		2W1-2	100	100	100	100		7/8	14 / 16

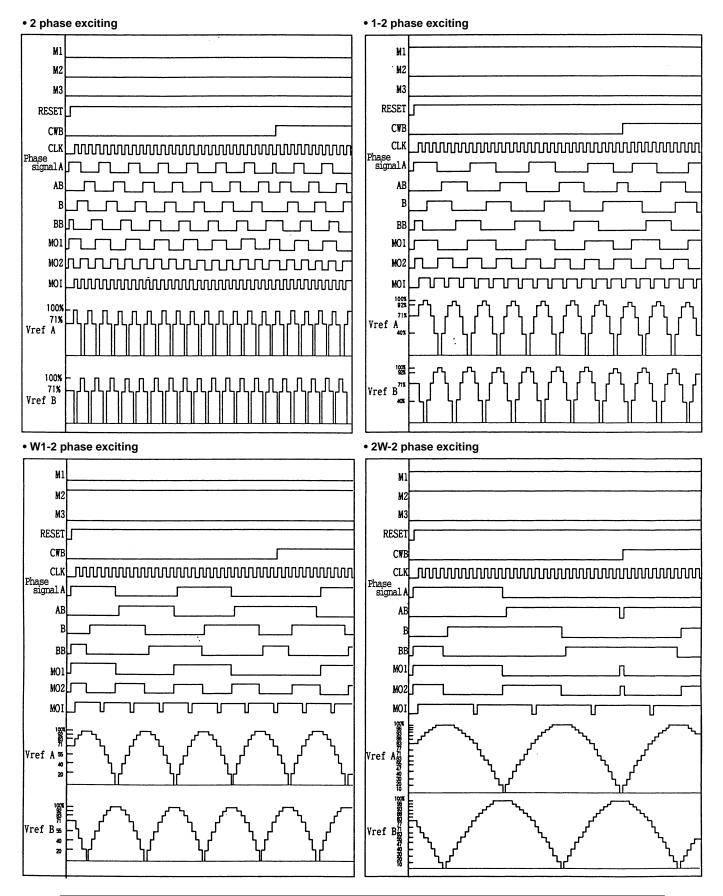
[Load conditions] $\mbox{Vccl} = \mbox{24V, Vcc2} = \mbox{5V, R / L} = \mbox{3.5}\Omega \mbox{/ 3.8mH}$

5. Phase exciting and timing chart

5-1. Leading edge operation of clock



5-2. Leading edge and trailing edge operation of clock



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