Ordering number : EN5111

SANYO

No. 5111

LC89970, 89970M

PAL CCD Delay Line

Overview

The LC89970 and LC89970M are CCD delay lines for PAL television systems. It incorporates a comb filter for chrominance signal and a 1 H delay line for luminance signal.

Structure

- NMOS + CCD

Functions

- Two CCD shift registers (for chrominance and luminance signals)
- CCD drive circuits
- CCD stage count switching circuit
- CCD signal adder
- Auto-bias circuit
- Sync tip clamping circuit (luminance signal)
- Center-bias circuit (chrominance signal)
- Sample-and-hold circuit
- PLL 3 × frequency multiplier
- fsc clock output circuit
- RD voltage generator

Features

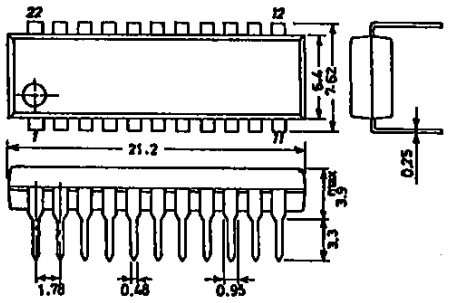
- 5 V single-voltage power supply
- Built-in PLL 3 × frequency multiplier circuit allows 3 fsc operation from an fsc (4.43 MHz) input.
- Control pin switchable to handle PAL/GBI and 4.43 MHz NTSC systems.
- Built-in chrominance signal crosstalk exclusion comb filter features high precision comb characteristics in an adjustment-free circuit.
- Built-in peripheral circuits allow applications to be constructed with a minimum number of external components.
- Positive-phase signal input/positive-phase signal output (luminance signal)

Package Dimensions

unit: mm

3059-DIP22S

[LC89970]

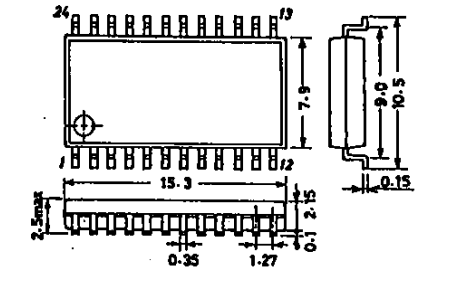


SANYO: DIP22S

unit: mm

3045B-MFP24

[LC89970M]



SANYO: MFP24

Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V_{DD} max		−0.3 to +6.0	V
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	LC89970	1200	mW
		LC89970M	600	mW
Operating temperature	Topr		−10 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		−55 to +150	°C

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Allowable Operating Ranges at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DD}		4.75	5.00	5.25	V
Clock input amplitude	V_{CLK}		300	500	1000	mVp-p
Clock frequency	F_{CLK}	Sine wave	—	4.43361875	—	MHz
Clock signal input amplitude	V_{IN-C}		—	350	500	mVp-p
Luminance signal input amplitude	V_{IN-Y}		—	400	572	mVp-p

Electrical Characteristics at V_{DD} = 5.0 V, Ta = 25°C, F_{CLK} = 4.43361875 MHz, V_{CLK} = 500 mVp-p

Parameter	Symbol	Switch states			Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
		SW1	SW2	SW3					
Supply current	I_{DD-1}	a	a	b	1	40	50	60	mA
	I_{DD-2}	b	a	b					
Chrominance System Characteristics (with no Y-IN input)									
Pin voltage (input)	V_{INC-1}	a	a	b	2	2.0	2.4	2.8	V
	V_{INC-2}	b	a	b					
Pin voltage (output)	V_{OUYC-1}	a	a	b		1.2	1.6	2.0	V
	V_{OUTC-2}	b	a	b					
Voltage gain	G_{VC-1}	a	a	b	3	−2	0	+2	dB
	G_{VC-2}	b	a	b					
Comb depth	C_{D-1}	a	a	b	4	—	−40	−35	dB
	C_{D-2}	b	a	b					
Linearity	L_{NC-1}	a	a	b	5	−0.3	0.0	+0.3	dB
	L_{NC-2}	b	a	b					
Clock leakage (3 fsc)	L_{CK3C-1}	a	a	b	6	—	10	50	mVrms
	L_{CK3C-2}	b	a	b					
Clock leakage (fsc)	L_{CK1C-1}	a	a	b		—	0.8	1.5	mVrms
	L_{CK1C-2}	b	a	b					
Noise	N_{C-1}	a	a	b	7	—	0.5	2.0	mVrms
	N_{C-2}	b	a	b					
Output impedance	Z_{OC-1}	a	a	a, b	8	200	350	500	Ω
	Z_{OC-2}	b	a	a, b					
0 H delay time	T_{DC-1}	a	a	b	9	—	245	—	ns
	T_{DC-2}	b	a	b					

Continued from preceding page.

Parameter	Symbol	Switch states			Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
		SW1	SW2	SW3					
Luminance System Characteristics (with no C-IN1 or C-IN2 input)									
Pin voltage (input)	V_{INY-1}	a	a	b	10	1.7	2.1	2.5	V
	V_{INY-2}	b	a	b					
Pin voltage (output)	V_{OUTY-1}	a	a	b		0.8	1.2	1.6	V
	V_{OUTY-2}	b	a	b					
Voltage gain	G_{VY-1}	a	a	b	11	−2	0	+2	dB
	G_{VY-2}	b	a	b					
Frequency responce	G_{FY-1}	a	b	b	12	−2	0	+2	dB
	G_{FY-2}	b	b	b					
Differential gain	D_{GY-1}	a	a	b	13	0	5	7	%
	D_{GY-2}	b	a	b					
Differential phase	D_{PY-1}	a	a	b		0	5	7	deg
	D_{PY-2}	b	a	b					
Linearity	L_{SY-1}	a	a	b	14	37	40	43	%
	L_{SY-2}	b	a	b					
Clock leakage (3 fsc)	L_{CK3Y-1}	a	a	b	15	—	10	50	mVrms
	L_{CK3Y-2}	b	a	b					
Clock leakage (fsc)	L_{CK1Y-1}	a	a	b		—	0.8	1.5	mVrms
	L_{CK1Y-2}	b	a	b					
Noise	N_{Y-1}	a	a	b	16	—	0.5	2.0	mVrms
	N_{Y-2}	b	a	b					
Output impedance	Z_{OY-1}	a	a	c, b	17	250	400	550	Ω
	Z_{OY-2}	b	a	c, b					
Delay time	T_{DY-1}	a	a	b	18	—	63.92	—	µs
	T_{DY-2}	b	a	b		—	63.47	—	

Test Conditions

1. Supply current with no signal input.

2. C-OUT voltage (center bias voltage) with no signal input.

3. Measure the C-OUT output with 350 mVp-p sine wave signals input to C-IN1 and C-IN2.

$$GVC = 20 \log \frac{\text{C-OUT output [mVp-p]}}{350\ [\text{mVp-p}]}\ [\text{dB}]$$

Test frequencies

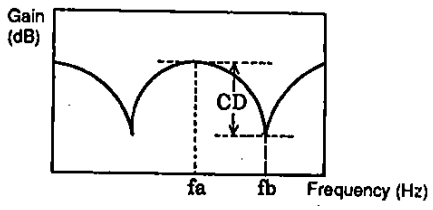
GVC-1 4.429662 MHz (PAL/GBI)
GVC-2 4.425694 MHz (4.43 NTSC)

4. Measure the comb depth from the C-OUT output with a 350 mVp-p sine wave signal of frequency fa input to C-IN1 and C-IN2 and with a frequency of fb input.

$$CD = 20 \log \frac{\text{C-OUT output with fb input [mVp-p]}}{\text{C-OUT output with fa input [mVp-p]}}\ [\text{dB}]$$

Test frequencies

	fa	fb
CD-1	4.429662 MHz	4.425756 MHz (PAL/GBI)
CD-2	4.425694 MHz	4.417819 MHz (4.43 NTSC)



5. Measure the C-OUT output with a 200 mVp-p sine wave signal input to C-IN1 and C-IN2 and with 500 mVp-p sine wave signal input and calculate the difference in the gains.

$$LNC = 20 \log \left(\frac{\text{Output for a 500 mVp-p input [mVp-p]}}{500\ [\text{mVp-p}]} \Big/ \frac{\text{Output for a 200 mVp-p input [mVp-p]}}{200\ [\text{mVp-p}]} \right) [\text{dB}]$$

Test frequencies

LNC-1	4.429662 MHz (PAL/GBI)
LNC-2	4.425694 MHz (4.43 NTSC)

6. Measure the 3 fsc (13.3 MHz) and fsc (4.43 MHz) components in the C-OUT output with no input.

7. Measure the noise in the C-OUT output with no input.
Measure the noise with a noise meter set up with a 200 kHz high-pass filter and a 5 MHz low-pass filter.

8. Let V1 be the C-OUT output with a 350 mVp-p sine wave input to C-IN1 and C-IN2 and SW3 set to a, and let V2 be the C-OUT output with SW3 set to b.

$$ZOC = \frac{V2\ [\text{mVp-p}] - V1\ [\text{mVp-p}]}{V1\ [\text{mVp-p}]} \times 500\ [\Omega]$$

Test frequencies

ZOC-1	4.429662 MHz (PAL/GBI)
ZOC-2	4.425694 MHz (4.43 NTSC)

9. The C-OUT output delay time with respect to inputs to C-IN1. (the CCD 2.5 bit delay)

10. Y-OUT voltage (clamp voltage) with no signal input.

11. Measure the Y-OUT output with a 200 kHz 400 mVp-p sine wave input to Y-IN.

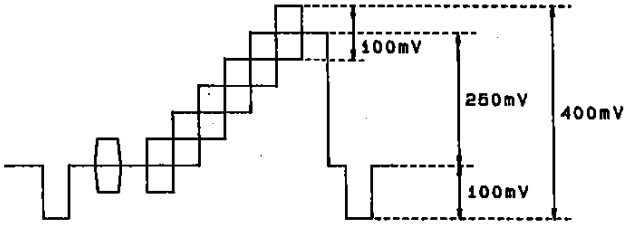
$$GVY = 20 \log \frac{\text{Y-OUT output [mVp-p]}}{400\ [\text{mVp-p}]} [\text{dB}]$$

12. Measure the Y-OUT output with a 200 kHz 200 mVp-p sine wave input to Y-IN and with a 3.3 MHz 200 mVp-p sine wave input.

$$GFY = 20 \log \frac{\text{Y-OUT output with a 3.3 MHz input [mVp-p]}}{\text{Y-OUT output with a 200 kHz input [mVp-p]}} [\text{dB}]$$

Note that V_{bias} should be adjusted so that the circuit is biased to the clamp level plus 250 mV.

13. Input a five-level step waveform (see the figure below) to Y-IN and measure the differential gain and differential phase in the Y-OUT output with a vector scope.



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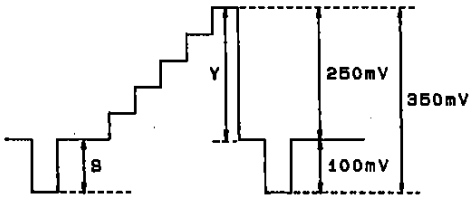
14. Input a five-level step waveform (see the figure below) to Y-IN and measure the luminance level (Y) and the sync level (S) in the Y-OUT output.



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$$LS = \frac{S\ [mV]}{Y\ [mV]} \times 100\ [\%]$$

15. Measure the 3 fsc (13.3 MHz) and fsc (4.43 MHz) components in the Y-OUT output with no input.

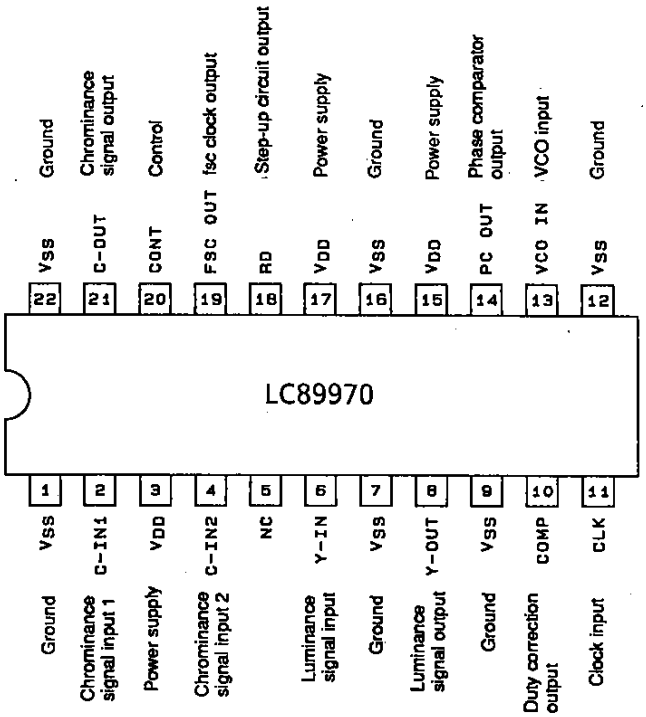
16. Measure the noise in the Y-OUT output with no input.
Measure the noise with a noise meter set up with a 200 kHz high-pass filter, a 5 MHz low-pass filter, and a 4.43 MHz trap filter.

17. Let V1 be the Y-OUT output with a 200 kHz 400 mVp-p sine wave input and SW3 set to c, and let V2 be the C-OUT output with SW3 set to b.

$$ZOY = \frac{V2\ [mVp\text{-}p] - V1\ [mVp\text{-}p]}{V1\ [mVp\text{-}p]} \times 500\ [\Omega]$$

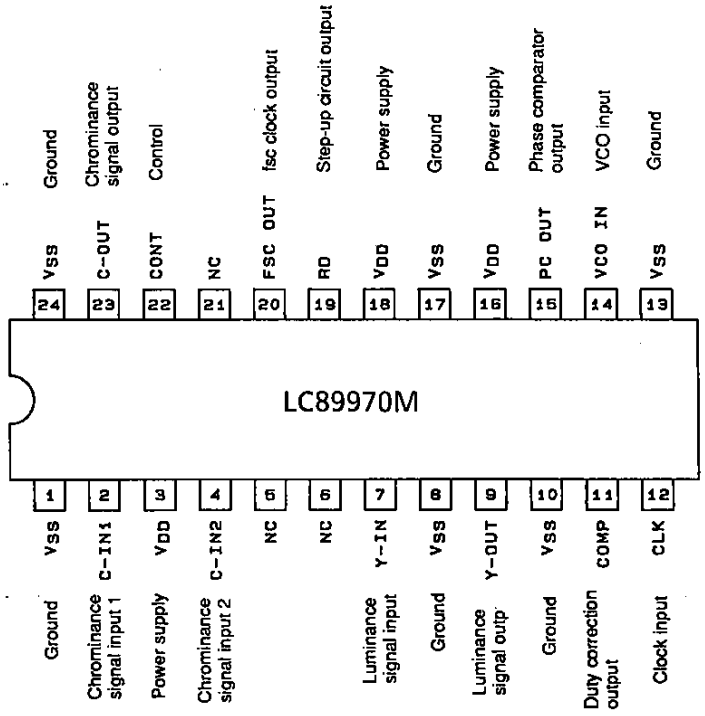
18. The Y-OUT delay time with respect to Y-IN

Pin Assignment [LC89970]



A03636 Top view

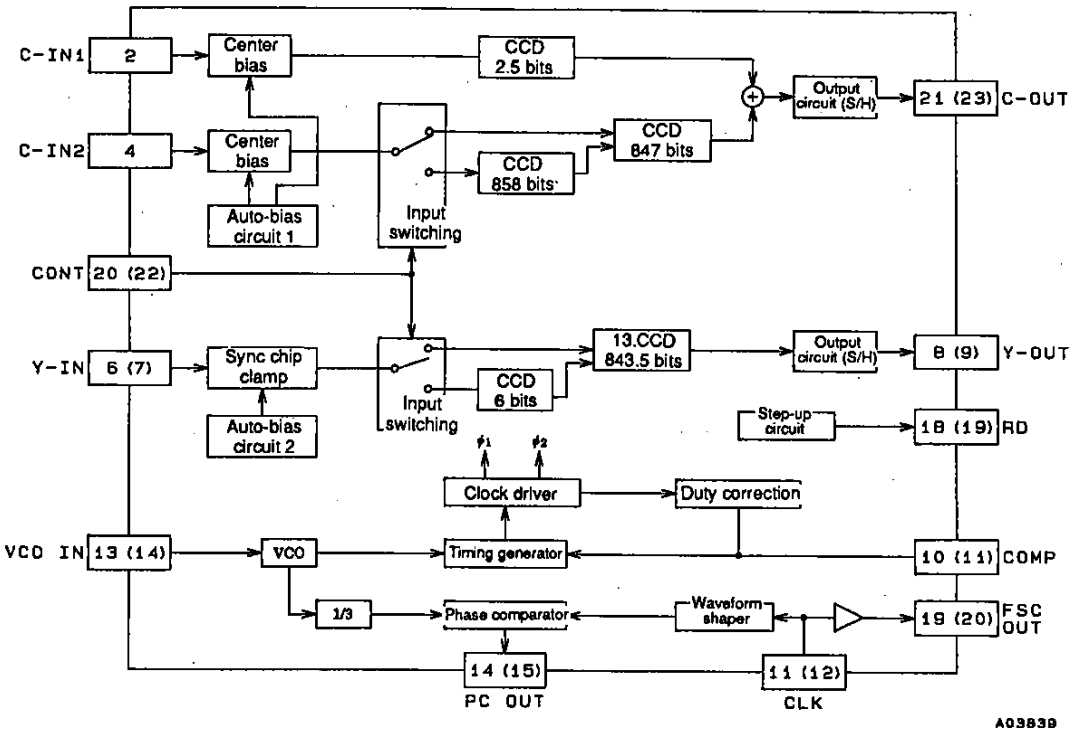
Pin Assignment [LC89970M]



A03656 Top view

Block Diagram

Note * Pin numbers in parentheses are for the LC89970M.



Control Pin Function

CONT	Mode (representative example)	Chrominance signal delay (CCD bits)	Luminance signal delay (CCD bits)
Low	PAL/GBI	2 H (1705) + 0 H (2.5)	1 H (849.5)
High	4.43 NTSC	1 H (847) + 0 H (2.5)	1 H (843.5)

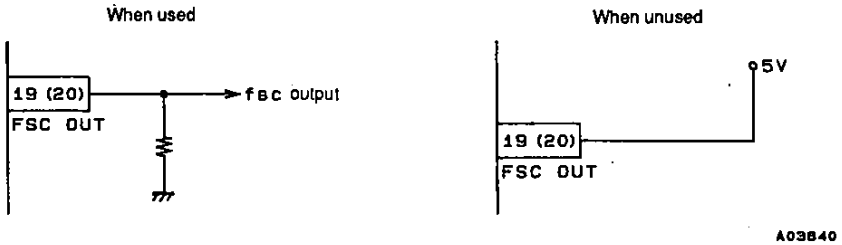
Switching Voltage Levels

Low/high	Symbol	min	typ	max	Unit
Low	V_L	−0.3	0.0	0.5	V
High	V_H	2.0	5.0	6.0	V

Note: Since the control pin has a built-in pull-down resistor, the pin will be set to the low state if left open.

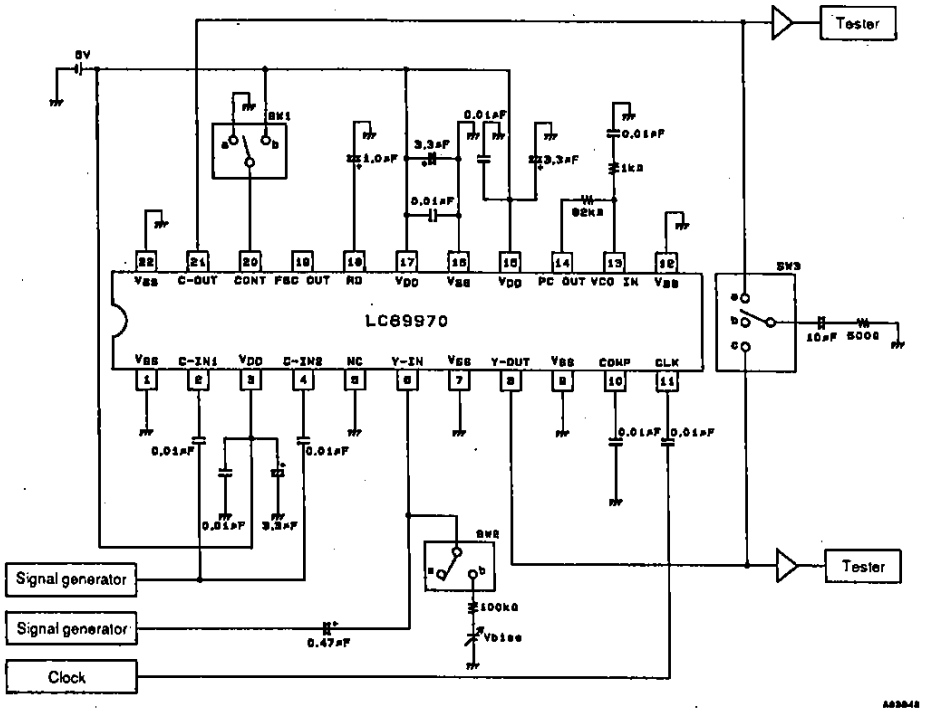
FSC OUT Pin Function

This pin provides a buffer output for the clock signal input to the CLK pin.



Note: Since this pin has a built-in pull-up resistor, the pin voltage will go to the supply voltage and output will cease if left open.

Test Circuit [LC89970]



Test Circuit [LC89970M]