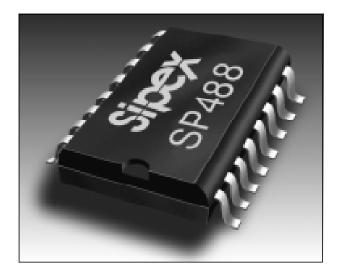


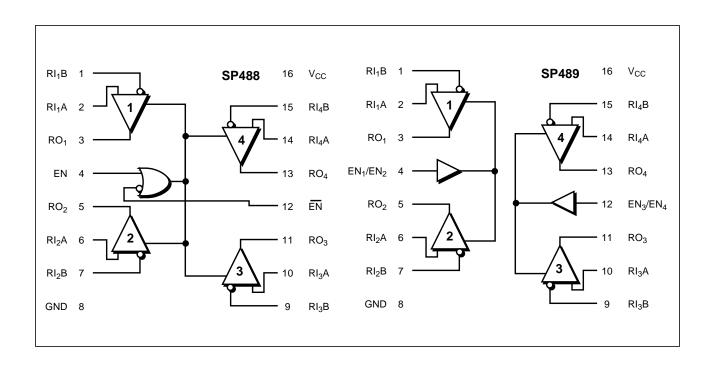
Quad RS-485/RS-422 Line Receivers

- RS-485 or RS-422 Applications
- Quad Differential Line Receivers
- Tri-state Output Control
- 120ns Typical Receiver Propagation Delays
- –7V to +12V Common Mode Input Range
- 1mA Supply Current
- Single +5V Supply Operation
- Pin Compatible with SN75173, SN75175, LTC488 and LTC489



DESCRIPTION...

The **SP488** and **SP489** are low–power quad differential line receivers meeting RS-485 and RS-422 standards. The **SP488** features a common receiver enable control; the **SP489** provides independent receiver enable controls for each pair of receivers. Both feature tri–state outputs and wide common–mode input range. The receivers have a fail–safe feature which forces a logic "1" output when receiver inputs are left floating. Both are available in 16–pin plastic DIP and SOIC packages.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

| V _{cc} | +7V |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Input Voltages | |
| Logic | –0.5V to (V _{cc} +0.5V) |
| Receiver | |
| Receiver Output Voltage | |
| Input Currents | , ttt , |
| Logic | ±25mA |
| Storage Temperature | |
| Power Dissipation | |
| Plastic DIP | |
| (derate 7mW/°C above +70°C) | |
| Small Outline | |
| (derate 7mW/°C above +70°C) | |
| Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 sec) . | |

SPECIFICATIONS

 $V_{_{CC}}$ = 5V±5%; typicals at 25°C; $T_{_{MIN}} \leq T_{_A} \leq T_{_{MAX}}$ unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT | CONDITIONS |
|--|--------------------|------|------------|---------------|--|
| DC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Digital Inputs Voltage | | | | | $EN, \overline{EN}, EN_1/EN_2, EN_3/EN_4$ |
| | | | 0.8 | Volts | |
| | 2.0 | | | Volts | |
| Input Current | | | ±2 | μΑ | $0V \le V_{IN} \le V_{CC}$ |
| | | | | | |
| RECEIVER INPUTS | 10 | | | kOhm | 7// < // < 10// |
| Input Resistance Differential Input Threshold | 12 0.2 | | +0.2 | kOhm Volts | $\begin{array}{l} -7V \leq V_{_{CM}} \leq 12V \\ -7V \leq V_{_{CM}} \leq 12V \\ V_{_{CC}} = 0V \text{ or } 5.25V; \ I_{_{IN2}} \\ V_{_{IN}} = +12V \\ V_{_{IN}} = -7V \end{array}$ |
| Input Current (A, B) | 0.2 | | 10.2 | 010 | $V_{cc} = 0V \text{ or } 5.25V; I_{W0}$ |
| | | | +1.0 | mA | $V_{IN}^{CC} = +12V$ |
| | 40 | | -0.8 | mA | $V_{IN} = -7V$ |
| Maximum Data Rate | 10 | | | Mbps | |
| | | | | | |
| Output Voltage V _{он} | 3.5 | | | V | $I = -4mA^{-1} = +0.2V$ |
| | 0.0 | | 0.4 | v v | $I_{0} = +4mA; V_{10} = -0.2V$ |
| High Impedance Output Curre | rent | | ±1 | μA | $I_{o} = -4mA; V_{ID} = +0.2V$ $I_{o} = +4mA; V_{ID} = -0.2V$ $V_{cc} = maximum; 0.4V \le V_{o} \le 2.4V$ |
| POWER REQUIREMENTS | | | | | |
| Supply Voltage | 4.75 | 5.00 | 5.25 | Volts | |
| Supply Current | | 1 | 5 | mA | No load |
| ENVIRONMENTAL AND ME | | AL | | | |
| Operating Temperature | 0 | | +70 | °C | |
| _C _E | 40 | | +70 +85 | °C | |
| Storage Temperature | -65 | | +150 | °C | |
| Package | | | | | |
| –_S – T | 16-pin Plastic DIP | | | | |
| 1 | 16–pin SOIC | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| L | | | | 1 | |

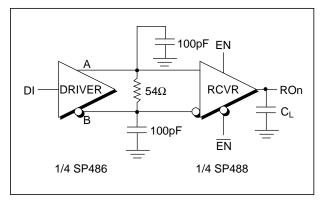


Figure 1. Timing Test Circuit

SP488 PINOUT

Pin 1 — RI_1B — Receiver 1 input B.

 $Pin 2 - RI_A$ Receiver 1 input A.

Pin 3 — RO_1 — Receiver 1 Output — If Receiver 1 output is enabled, if $RI_1A > RI_1B$ by 200mV, Receiver output is high. If Receiver 1 output is enabled, and if $RI_1A < RI_1B$ by 200mV, Receiver 1 output is low.

Pin 4 — EN — Receiver Output Enable. Please refer to SP488 *Truth Table (1)*.

Pin 5 — RO_2 — Receiver 2 Output — If Receiver 2 output is enabled, if $RI_2A > RI_2B$ by 200mV, Receiver 2 output is high. If Receiver 2 output is enabled, and if $RI_2A < RI_2B$ by 200mV, Receiver 2 output is low.

Figure 2. Enable/Disable Timing Test Circuit

- Pin 6 RI_2A Receiver 2 input A.
- Pin 7 RI_2B Receiver 2 input B.

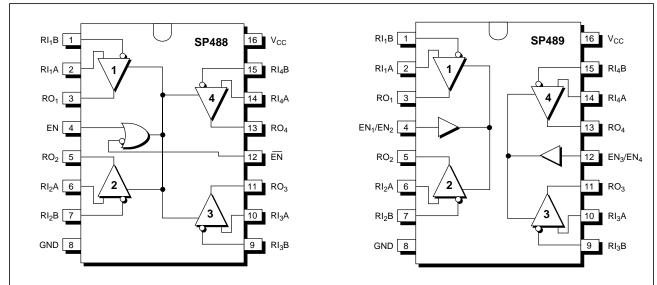
Pin 8 — GND — Digital Ground.

Pin 9 — RI_3B — Receiver 3 input B.

Pin 10 — RI_3A — Receiver 3 input A.

Pin 11 — RO_3 — Receiver 3 Output — If Receiver 3 output is enabled, if $RI_3A > RI_3B$ by 200mV, Receiver 3 output is high. If Receiver 3 output is enabled, and if $RI_3A < RI_3B$ by 200mV, Receiver 3 output is low.

Pin 12—EN—Receiver Output Enable. Please refer to SP488 Truth Table (1).



PINOUT

Pin 13 — RO_4 — Receiver 4 Output — If Receiver 4 output is enabled, if $RI_4A > RI_4B$ by 200mV, Receiver 4 output is high. If Receiver 4 output is enabled, and if $RI_4A < RI_4B$ by 200mV, Receiver 4 output is low.

Pin 14 — RI_4A — Receiver 4 input A.

Pin 15 — $RI_{A}B$ — Receiver 4 input B.

Pin 16 — Supply Voltage V_{CC} — 4.75 $V \le V_{CC} \le$ 5.25 V.

SP489 PINOUT

Pin 1 — RI_1B — Receiver 1 input B.

Pin 2 — RI_1A — Receiver 1 input A.

Pin 3 — RO_1 — Receiver 1 Output — If Receiver 1 output is enabled, if $RI_{1A} > RI_1B$ by 200mV, Receiver output is high. If Receiver 1 output is enabled, and if $RI_1A < RI_1B$ by 200mV, Receiver 1 output is low.

Pin 4 — EN1/EN2 — Receiver 1 and 2 Output Enable. Please refer to SP489 *Truth Table* (2).

Pin 5 — RO_2 — Receiver 2 Output — If Receiver 2 output is enabled, if $RI_2A > RI_2B$ by 200mV, Receiver 2 output is high. If Receiver 2 output is enabled, and if $RI_2A < RI_2B$ by 200mV, Receiver 2 output is low.

Pin 6 — RI_2A — Receiver 2 input A.

Pin 7 — $RI_{2}B$ — Receiver 2 input B.

Pin 8 — GND — Digital Ground.

| DIFFERENTIAL | ENA | BLES | OUTPUT |
|---------------------------------|-----|------|--------|
| A – B | EN | EN | RO |
| $V_{ID} \ge 0.2V$ | H | X | H |
| | X | L | H |
| -0.2V < V _{ID} < +0.2V | H | X | X |
| | X | L | X |
| $V_{ID} \leq 0.2V$ | H | X | L |
| | X | L | L |
| х | L | Н | Hi–Z |

Table 1. SP488 Truth Table

Pin 9 — RI_3B — Receiver 3 input B.

Pin 10 — RI_3A — Receiver 3 input A.

Pin 11 — RO_3 — Receiver 3 Output — If Receiver 3 output is enabled, if $RI_3A > RI_3B$ by 200mV, Receiver 3 output is high. If Receiver 3 output is enabled, and if $RI_3A < RI_3B$ by 200mV, Receiver 3 output is low.

Pin 12 — EN3/EN4 — Receiver 3 and 4 Output Enable. Please refer to SP489 Truth Table (2).

Pin 13 — RO_4 — Receiver 4 Output — If Receiver 4 output is enabled, if $RI_4A > RI_4B$ by 200mV, Receiver 4 output is high. If Receiver 4 output is enabled, and if $RI_4A < RI_4B$ by 200mV, Receiver 4 output is low.

Pin 14 — RI_4A — Receiver 4 input A.

Pin 15 — RI_AB — Receiver 4 input B.

Pin 16 — Supply Voltage V_{cc} — 4.75V $\leq V_{cc} \leq$ 5.25V.

FEATURES...

The **SP488** and **SP489** are low–power quad differential line receivers meeting RS-485 and RS-422 standards. The **SP488** features active high and active low common receiver enable controls; the **SP489** provides independent, active high receiver enable controls for each pair of receivers. Both feature tri–state outputs and a -7V to +12V common–mode input range permitting a \pm 7V ground difference between devices on the communications bus. The **SP488**/ **489** are equipped with a fail–safe feature which forces a logic high at the receiver output when the input is left floating. Data rates up to 10Mbps are supported. Both are available in 16-pin plastic DIP and SOIC packages.

| DIFFERENTIAL | ENABLES | OUTPUT |
|--------------------------|--|--------|
| A – B | EN ₁ /EN ₂ or EN ₃ /EN ₄ | RO |
| $V_{ID} \ge 0.2V$ | н | Н |
| $-0.2V < V_{ID} < +0.2V$ | н | х |
| $V_{ID} \le 0.2V$ | н | L |
| Х | L | Hi–Z |

Table 2. SP489 Truth Table

AC PARAMETERS

 $V_{_{CC}}$ = 5V±5%; typicals at 25°C; 0°C \leq $T_{_A}$ \leq +70°C unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT | CONDITIONS |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|---|
| PROPAGATION DELAY | | | | | |
| Receiver Input to Output | | | | | C ₁ = 15pF; <i>Figure 1, 3</i> |
| Low to HIGH (tPLH) | | 120 | 250 | ns | |
| High to LOW (tPH,) | | 120 | 250 | ns | |
| Differential Receiver Skew (ts | _{кр}) | 13 | | ns | |
| Receiver Rise Time (t _R) | | | | | 10% to 90% |
| SP488 | | 30 | 70 | ns | |
| SP489 | | 30 | 70 | ns | |
| Receiver Fall Time (t _F) | | | | | 90% to 10% |
| SP488 | | 20 | 40 | ns | |
| SP489 | | 20 | 40 | ns | |
| RECEIVER ENABLE | | | | | |
| To Output HIGH | | 70 | 150 | ns | C ₁ = 15pF; <i>Figures 2 and 4</i> |
| · | | | | | (S2 closed) |
| To Output LOW | | 80 | 200 | ns | CL = 15pF; Figures 2 and 4 |
| | | | | | (S1 closed) |
| RECEIVER DISABLE | | | | | |
| From Output LOW | | 70 | 150 | ns | CL = 15pF; <i>Figures 2 and 4</i> |
| | | | | | (S1 closed) |
| From Output HIGH | | 70 | 150 | ns | CL = 15pF; Figures 2 and 4 |
| · | | | | | (S2 closed) |
| | | | | | |

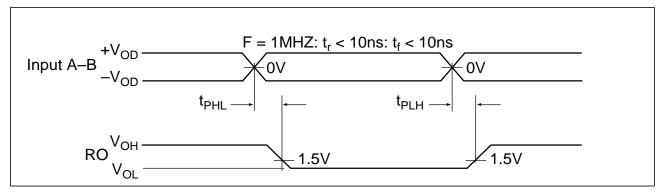


Figure 3. Receiver Propagation Delays

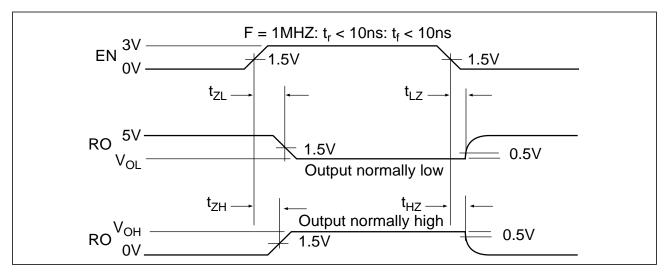


Figure 4. Receiver Enable/Disable Timing

ORDERING INFORMATION

| Quad RS485 Receivers: | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Model Enal | ble/Disable | Temperature Range | Package |
| SP488CS Corr | mon; active Low and Active Hig | Jh 0°C to +70°C | 16–pin Plastic DIP |
| SP488CT Corr | mon; active Low and Active Hig | Jh 0°C to +70°C | 16–pin SOIC |
| SP488ES Corr | mon; active Low and Active Hig | Jh –40°C to +85°C | 16–pin Plastic DIP |
| SP488ET Corr | mon; active Low and Active Hig | Jh−40°C to +85°C | 16–pin SOIC |
| SP489CS One | per driver pair; active High | 0°C to +70°C | 16–pin Plastic DIP |
| SP489CT One | per driver pair; active High | 0°C to +70°C | 16–pin SOIC |
| SP489ES One | per driver pair; active High | –40°C to +85°C | 16–pin Plastic DIP |
| SP489ET One | per driver pair; active High | –40°C to +85°C | 16–pin SOIC |
| | | | |



Sipex Corporation

Headquarters and Sales Office 22 Linnell Circle Billerica, MA 01821 TEL: (978) 667-8700 FAX: (978) 670-9001 e-mail: sales@sipex.com

Sales Office 233 South Hillview Drive Milpitas, CA 95035 TEL: (408) 934-7500 FAX: (408) 935-7600

Sipex Corporation reserves the right to make changes to any products described herein. Sipex does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit described hereing; neither does it convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others.