SIEMENS TLE 5226 G

Product Summary

Drain source voltage

Supply voltage

On resistance

Output current

Smart Quad Channel Low-Side Switch

Features

- Low ON-resistance 2 x 0.2Ω , 2 x 0.35Ω (typ.)
- Power SO 20 Package with integrated cooling area
- Overload shutdown
- Selective thermal shutdown
- Status monitoring
- · Overvoltage protection
- Shorted circuit protection
- Standby mode with low current consumption
- µC compatible input
- Electostatic discharge (ESD) protection

Application

- All kinds of resistive and inductive loads (relays, electromagnetic valves)
- μC compatible power switch for 12 and 24 V applications
- Solenoid control switch in automotive and industrial control systems

P-DSO-20-10

4.8 - 32

60

0.2

0.35

2 x 5

2 x 3

V

V

Ω

Ω

Α

Α

General description

Quad channel Low-Side-Switch (2x5A/2x3A) in Smart Power Technology (SPT) with four seperate inputs and four open drain DMOS output stages. The TLE 5226 is fully protected by embedded protection functions and designed for automotive and industrial applications.

Pin Description

Pin	Symbol	Function
1	GND	Ground
2	OUT1	Power Output channel 1
3	ST1	Status Output channel 1
4	IN4	Control Input channel 4
5	VS	Supply Voltage
6	STBY	Standby
7	IN3	Control Input channel 3
8	ST2	Status Output channel 2
9	OUT2	Power Output channel 2
10	GND	Ground
11	GND	Ground
12	OUT3	Power Output channel 3
13	ST3	Status Output channel 3
14	IN2	Control Input channel 2
15	GND	Ground Logic
16	ENA	Enable Input for all four channels
17	IN1	Control Input channel 1
18	ST4	Status Output channel 4
19	OUT4	Power Output channel 4
20	GND	Ground

Pin Configuration (Top view)

 V_{S}

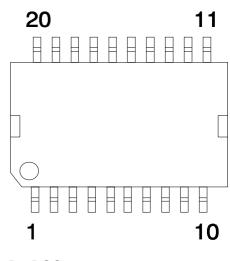
 $V_{DS(AZ)max}$

R_{ON(tvp) 1.2}

R_{ON(typ) 3,4}

 $I_{D 1.2}$

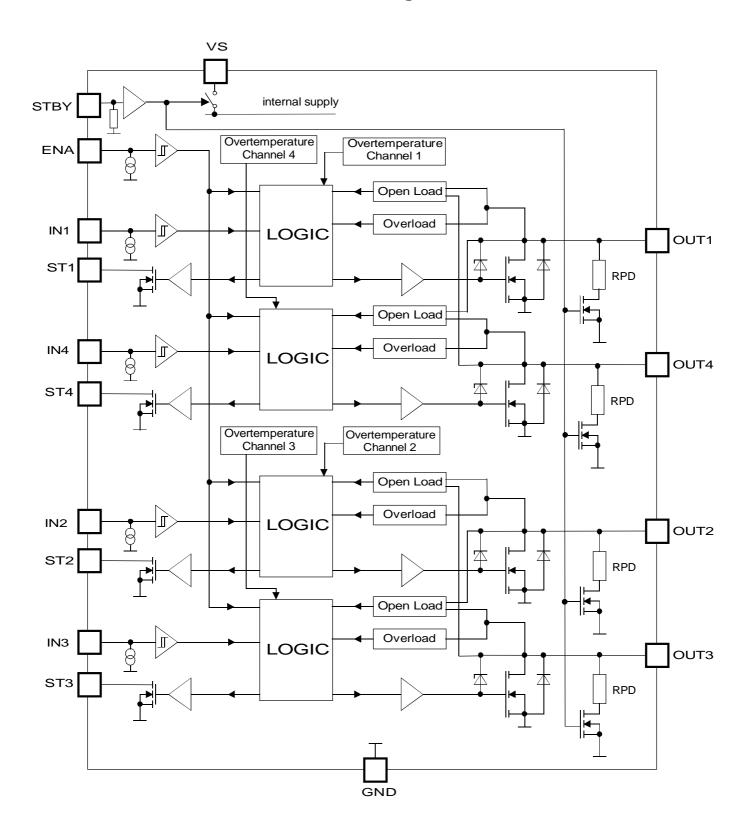
 $I_{D 3.4}$



P - DSO - 20 - 10

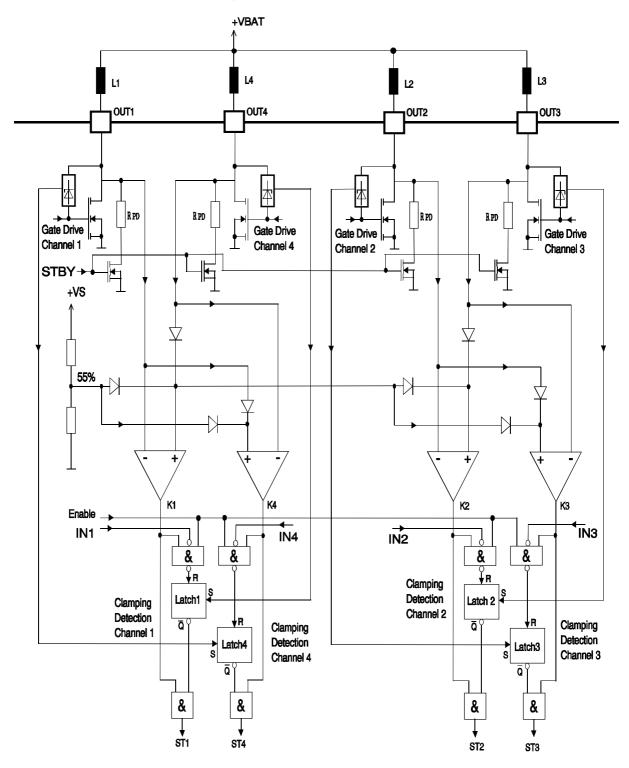


Block Diagram



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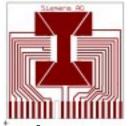
Block Diagram of Open Load Detection

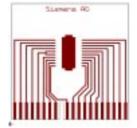


Maximum Ratings for $T_j = -40$ °C to 150°C

Parameter	Symbol	Values	Unit
Supply voltage	V _S	-0.3 + 40	V
Supply voltage operational range	V _S	+ 4.8 + 32	V
Continuous drain source voltage (OUT1OUT4)	$V_{ m DS}$	40	V
Input voltage IN1 to IN4, ENA	$V_{\rm IN},V_{\rm ENA}$	- 0.3 + 6	V
Input voltage STBY	V_{STBY}	- 0.3 + 40	
Status output voltage	$V_{\rm ST}$	- 0.3 + 32	V
Operating temperature range	T _j	- 40 + 150	°C
Storage temperature range	$T_{ m stg}$	- 55 + 150	
Output current per channel	$I_{D(lim)}$	self limited	Α
Output current at reversal supply	<i>I</i> _{D 1,2}	- 4	Α
	<i>I</i> _{D 3,4}	- 2	
Status output current	I _{ST}	- 5 + 5	mA
Inductive load switch off dissipation energy $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	E _{AS}	50	mJ
Thermal resistance			K/W
junction - case	R_{thJC}	4.5	
junction - ambient @ min. footprint	R_{thJA}	50	
junction - ambient @ 6 cm ² cooling area		40	

Test board for





6 cm² cooling area

min. footprint

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Electrical Characteristics Parameter and Conditions		Values			Unit
$V_S = 4.8 \text{ to } 18 \text{ V}$; $T_i = -40 \text{ °C to } + 150 \text{ °C}$	Symbol	min	typ	max	Oilit
(unless otherwise specified)		111111	ιyρ	max	
	-	1			
1. Power Supply (V _S)					_
Supply current (Outputs ON)	I _S			8	mA
Supply current (Outputs OFF)	I _S			4	mA
$V_{ENA} = L, V_{STBY} = H$					
Operating voltage	$V_{\mathbb{S}}$	4.8		32	V
Standby current V _S	$_{TBY} = L I_{S}$			10	μΑ
2. Power Outputs					
ON state resistance Channel 1,2 $T_i = 2$	$R5 \circ C$ $R_{DS(ON)}$		0.2		Ω
$I_D = 1A; V_S \ge 9.5 \text{ V}$ $T_j = 1$	25°C 1			0.5	
ON state resistance Channel 3,4 $T_i = 2$	25 ° C R _{DS(ON)}		0.35		Ω
•	25°C ¹			0.75	
-	00 mA $V_{DS(AZ)}$	45		60	V
Pull down resistor $T_i = 2$,	14	20	26	kΩ
$V_{STBY} = H, V_{IN} = L$ $T_i = -40 ^{\circ}C \dots$		10		40	
Output leakage current V _{STBY}				20	μA
Output on delay time ² I _D	= 1 A			65	μs
Output off delay time ² I _D	$= 1 A \qquad t_{\text{off}}$	10		80	
0	$= 1 A \qquad t_{fall}$	5		40	
Output off rise time ² I _D	$= 1 A \qquad t_{rise}$	5		40	
	$= 1 A \qquad t_4$	10		60	
Output on status delay time ³	t_5			50	
Overload switch-off delay time	$t_{\rm DSO}$	50	100	300	
3. Digital Inputs (IN1, IN2, IN3, IN4, ENA)		<u> </u>	l		
Input low voltage	V _{INL}	- 0.3		1.0	V
Input high voltage	V _{INH}	2.0		6.0	V
Input voltage hysteresis ³	V _{INHys}	50	100		mV
Input pull down current $V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}; \text{ V}$		10	30	60	μA
Enable pull down current $V_{ENA} = 5 \text{ V}; \text{ V}$		10	20	40	μA
4. Digital Status Outputs (ST1 - ST4) open					
	$r = 2 \text{ mA}$ V_{STL}			0.5	V
Leakage current high	I _{STH}			10	μA

 $^{^1}$ Measured on P-DSO-20 devices 2 See timing diagram, resitive load condition; $V_S \geq 9 \ V$

³ This parameter will not be tested but assured by design



Electrical Characteristics						
Parameter and Conditions	Symbol	Values	Values			
$V_S = 4.8 \text{ to } 18 \text{ V} \text{ ; } T_j = -40 \text{ °C to + 150 °C}$;		min	typ	max	
(unless otherwise specified)						
5. Standby Input (STBY)						
Input low voltage		V_{STBY}	0		1	V
Input high voltage		V_{STBY}	3.5		Vs	V
Input current	$V_{STBY} = 18 \text{ V}$	I _{STBY}			300	μA
6. Diagnostic Functions						
Open load detection voltage	$V_S \ge 6.5 \text{ V}$	$V_{\rm DS(OL)}$	0.52*V _s		0.57*V _s	V
$V_{ENA} = X$, $V_{IN} = L$, $V_{DC} = 0$						
Open load compare voltage	$V_{\text{S}} \geq 6.5 \text{ V}$	$V_{\rm DS(OL)C}$	V _{DSC} -1.5		V _{DSC} -1.0	V
$V_{ENA} = X$, $V_{IN} = L$, $18V \ge V_{DSC} \ge V_{DS(OL)}^4$						
Open load detection current channel 1,2	$V_{\text{S}} \geq 6.5 \text{ V}$	I _{D(OL) 1,2}	160		480	mA
$V_{ENA} = X, V_{IN} = H$						
Open load detection current channel 3,4	$V_S \geq 6.5 \ V$	I _{D(OL) 3,4}	160		480	mA
$V_{ENA} = X, V_{IN} = H$						
Overload threshold current channel 1,2	$V_S \ge 6.5 \ V$	I _{D(lim) 1,2}	5	7.5		Α
Overload threshold current channel 3,4	V _S ≥ 6.5 V	I _{D(lim) 3,4}	3	5		А
Overtemperature shutdown threshold ⁵		T_{th}	170		200	°C
Hysteresis		T_{hys}		10		K

Table 1:

Channel	Compared with Channel
V _{DS(OL)} 1	4
V _{DS(OL)} 2	3
V _{DS(OL)} 3	2
V _{DS(OL)} 4	1

 $^{^4}$ V_{DSC} is the output voltage of the corresponding channel, paired for open load detection Corresponding outputs are channel 1 and 4, channel 2 and 3 (see table 1).

⁵ This parameter will not be tested but assured by design

SIEMENS TLE 5226 G

Application Description

This IC is especially designed to drive inductive loads (relays, electromagnetic valves). Integrated clamp-diodes limit the output voltage when inductive loads are discharged.

Four open-drain logic outputs indicate the status of the integrated ciruit. The following conditions are monitored and signalled:

- overloading of output (also shorted load to supply) in active mode
- open and shorted load to ground in active and inactive mode
- overtemperature

Circuit Description

Input Circuits

The control and enable inputs, both active high, consist of schmitt triggers with hysteresis. All inputs are connected with pull-down current sources. Not connected inputs are interpreted as LOW.

In $\underline{\text{standby mode}}$ (STBY = LOW) the current consumption is greatly reduced. The circuit is active when STBY = HIGH.

If the standby function is not used, it is allowed to connect the standby pin directly to V_s.

Switching Stages

The four power outputs consist of DMOS-power transistors with open drains. The output stages are shorted loads protected throughout the operating range. Integrated clamp-diodes limit voltage overshoots produced when inductive loads are demagnetized.

Parallel to the DMOS transistors there are internal pull down resistors. They are provided to detect an open load condition in the off state. They will be disconnected in the standby mode.

Protective Circuits

The outputs are protected against current overload and overtemperature.

There is no protection against reverse polarity of the supply voltage.

Error Detection

The status outputs indicate the switching state under normal conditions (LOW = off; HIGH = on). If an error occurs, the logic level of the status output is inverted, as listed in the diagnostic table below. The state of the error detection circuits is directly dependent on the input status.

If <u>current overload</u> or <u>overtemperature</u> occurs, the error condition is stored into an internal register and the output is shutdown. The reset is done by switching off the corresponding control input.

<u>Open load</u> is detected for all four channels in on and off mode. In the on mode the load current is monitored. If it drops below the specified threshold value, then an open load condition is detected. In the off mode, the ouput voltage is monitored.

An open load condition is detected when the output voltage of a given channel is below 55 % of the supply voltage Vs. Also the output voltages of two outputs are compaired against each other in off condition with a fixed offset of typ. 1.25 V to recognize GND bypasses. To suppress fault diagnosis during the flyback phase of the compared output, the diagnostic circuit includes a latch function.

Reset of this latch is done at end of the flyback phase, additionally it can be reseted by a low signal on the enable input or a high signal of the input line.

See block diagramm of open load detection on page 3.

Diagnostic Table

In general the status follows the input signal in normal operating conditions.

If any error is detected the status is inverted.

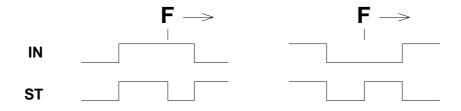
Operating Condition	Standby Input	Enable Input	Control Input	Power Output	Status Output
	STBY	ENA	IN	OUT	ST
Standby	L	Х	X	OFF	Н
Normal function	H H H H	L L H	L H L H	OFF OFF OFF ON	L L H
Open load or short to ground	ΙΙΙΙ	LLHH	LHLH	OFF OFF ON	ΗΗΠ
Overload or short to supply	Н	Н	Н	OFF	L
latched overload	H H	H L	H H	OFF OFF	L H
reset latch	Н	X	H o L	OFF	L
Overtemperature	Н	Н	Н	OFF	L
latched overtemperature	H H	H L	H H	OFF OFF	L H
reset latch	Н	X	H o L	OFF	L

Diagnostic (continued)

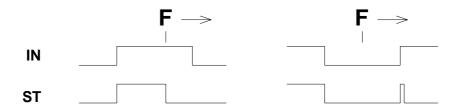
The following diagrams show the dynamical behaviour of the status output in case of different errors.

The symbol **F** defines the moment of failure occurence.

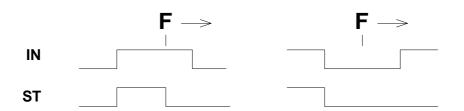
Output open load or short circuit to GND



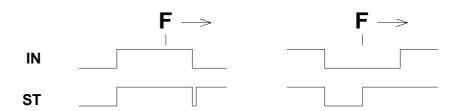
Output overload



Overtemperature of the chip

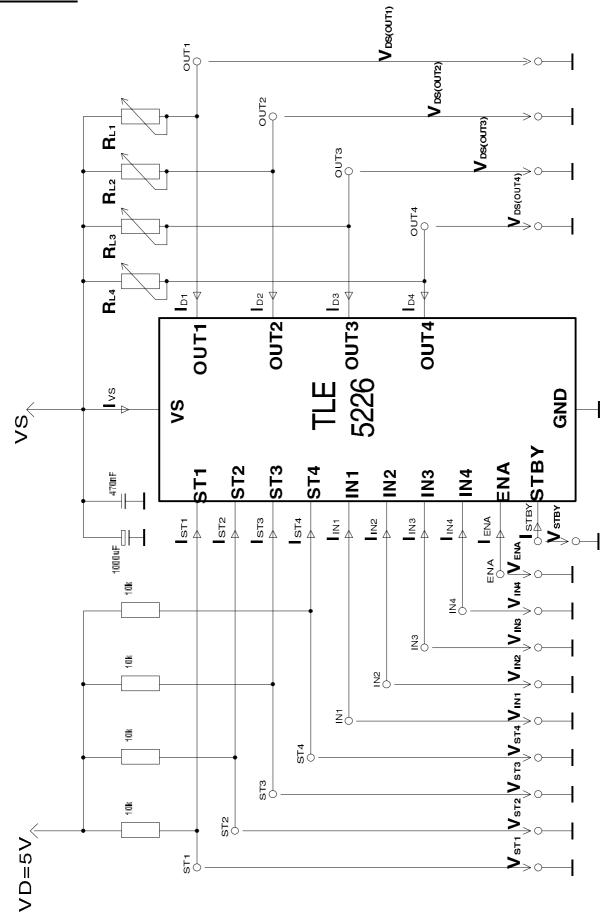


Load Bypass



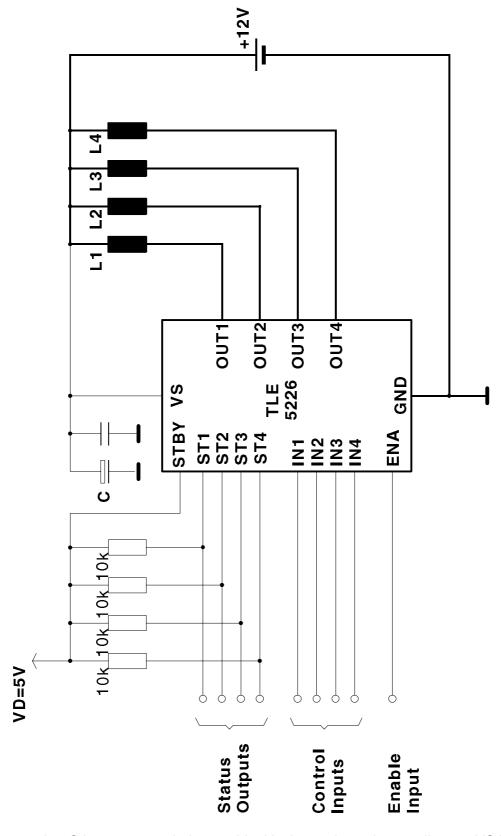


Test Ciruit





Application Circuit

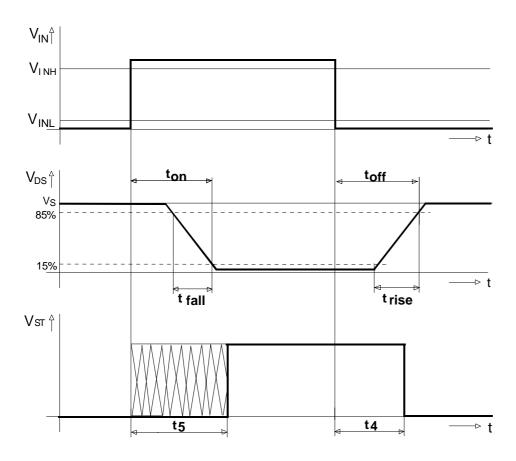


The blocking capacitor C is recommended to avoid critical negative voltage spikes on VS in case of battery interruption during OFF-commutation.

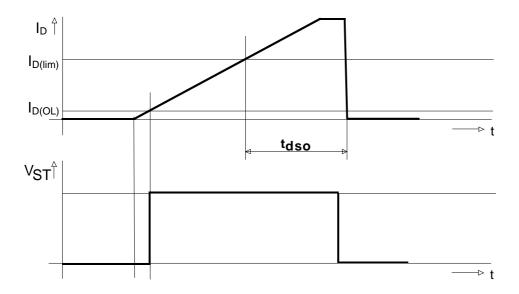


Timing Diagrams

Output Slope



Overload Switch OFF Delay



Package and ordering code

all dimensions in mm

P - DSO - 20 - 10	Ordering code		
	Q67006-A9207		

