

October 1999 File Number 2899.3

70MHz, High Slew Rate, High Output Current Operational Amplifier

intercil

The HA-2542 is a wideband, high slew rate, monolithic operational amplifier featuring an outstanding combination of speed, bandwidth, and output drive capability.

Utilizing the advantages of the Intersil D.I. technology this amplifier offers $350V/\mu s$ slew rate, 70MHz gain bandwidth, and ± 100 mA output current. Application of this device is further enhanced through stable operation down to closed loop gains of 2.

For additional flexibility, offset null and frequency compensation controls are included in the HA-2542 pinout.

The capabilities of the HA-2542 are ideally suited for high speed coaxial cable driver circuits where low gain and high output drive requirements are necessary. With 5.5MHz full power bandwidth, this amplifier is most suitable for high frequency signal conditioning circuits and pulse video amplifiers. Other applications utilizing the HA-2542 advantages include wideband amplifiers and fast sample-hold circuits.

For more information on the HA-2542, please refer to Application Note AN552 (Using the HA-2542), or Application Note AN556 (Thermal Safe-Operating-Areas for High Current Op Amps).

For a lower power version of this product, please see the HA-2842 data sheet.

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	TEMP. RANGE (^o C)	PACKAGE	PKG. NO.
HA1-2542-5	0 to 75	14 Ld CERDIP	F14.3
HA3-2542-5	0 to 75	14 Ld PDIP	E14.3

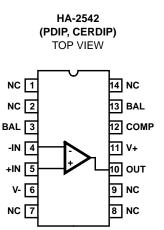
Features

- · Stable at Gains of 2 or Greater
- Output Voltage Swing..... ±10V (Min)
- Monolithic Bipolar Dielectric Isolation Construction

Applications

- Pulse and Video Amplifiers
- Wideband Amplifiers
- · Coaxial Cable Drivers
- · Fast Sample-Hold Circuits
- High Frequency Signal Conditioning Circuits

Pinout



CAUTION: These devices are sensitive to electrostatic discharge; follow proper IC Handling Procedures.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage (Between V+ and V-	- Terminals)
Differential Input Voltage	6V
Output Current	50mA Continuous, 125mA _{PEAK}

Operating Conditions

Temperature Range	
HA-2542-5	0°C to 75°C

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 2)	θ _{JA} (^o C/W)	θ _{JC} (^o C/W)
CERDIP Package	75	20
PDIP Package	95	N/A
Maximum Junction Temperature (Note 1, He	ermetic Packa	ges) . 175 ⁰ C
Maximum Junction Temperature (Plastic F		
Maximum Storage Temperature Range	65	^o C to 150 ^o C
Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 1	0s)	300 ⁰ C

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

NOTES:

Maximum power dissipation with load conditions must be designed to maintain the maximum junction temperature below 175^oC for ceramic packages, and below 150^oC for plastic packages. By using Application Note AN556 on Safe Operating Area equations, along with the thermal resistances, proper load conditions can be determined. Heatsinking will be required in many applications. See the "Application Information" section to determine if heat sinking is required for your application.

2. θ_{JA} is measured with the component mounted on an evaluation PC board in free air.

$\label{eq:superior} \mbox{Electrical Specifications} \quad \ \ V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 15 \mbox{V}, \mbox{ } R_L = 1 \mbox{ } k \Omega, \mbox{ } C_L \leq 10 \mbox{ } \mbox{F}, \mbox{ } \mbox{Unless Otherwise Specified} \end{tabular}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP.	HA-2542-5 0 ⁰ C TO 75 ⁰ C			
		(°C)	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS		•		÷		•
Offset Voltage		25	-	5	10	mV
		Full	-	8	20	mV
Average Offset Voltage Drift		Full	-	14	-	μV/ ^o C
Bias Current		25	-	15	35	μA
		Full	-	26	50	μA
Average Bias Current Drift		Full	-	45	-	nA/ ^o C
Offset Current		25	-	1	7	μA
		Full	-	-	9	μA
Input Resistance		25	-	100	-	kΩ
Input Capacitance		25	-	1	-	pF
Common Mode Range		Full	±10	-	-	V
Input Noise Voltage	0.1Hz to 100Hz	25	-	2.2	-	μV _{P-P}
Input Noise Density	$f = 1 \text{kHz}, R_G = 0 \Omega$	25	-	10	-	nV/√Hz
Input Noise Current Density	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}, R_{G} = 0 \Omega$	25	-	3	-	pA/√Hz
TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS			1	1	1	1
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$V_{O} = \pm 10V$	25	10	30	-	kV/V
		Full	5	20	-	kV/V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	V _{CM} = ±10V	Full	70	100	-	dB
Minimum Stable Gain		25	2	-	-	V/V
Gain Bandwidth Product	A _V = 100	25	-	70	-	MHz
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS			1		1	1
Output Voltage Swing		Full	±10	±11	-	V
Output Current (Note 3)		25	100	-	-	mA
Output Resistance		25	-	5	-	Ω

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Electrical Specifications	$V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 15V$, $R_L = 1k\Omega$, $C_L \le 10pF$, Unless Otherwise Specified	(Continued)
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	TEST	TEMP. (^o C)	HA-2542-5 0 ⁰ C TO 75 ⁰ C			
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	МАХ	UNITS
Full Power Bandwidth (Note 4)	V _{PEAK} = 10V	25	4.7	5.5	-	MHz
Differential Gain (Note 5)		25	-	0.1	-	%
Differential Phase (Note 5)		25	-	0.2	-	Degree
Harmonic Distortion (Note 7)		25	-	<0.04	-	%
TRANSIENT RESPONSE (Note 6)	1			1	1	1
Rise Time		25	-	4	-	ns
Overshoot		25	-	25	-	%
Slew Rate		25	300	350	-	V/µs
Settling Time	10V Step to 0.1%	25	-	100	-	ns
	10V Step to 0.01%	25	-	200	-	ns
POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS				1	1	1
Supply Current		25	-	30	-	mA
		Full	-	31	40	mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_S = \pm 5V$ to $\pm 15V$	Full	70	79	-	dB

NOTES:

3. R_L = 50 Ω , V_O = ±5V, Output duty cycle must be reduced for I_{OUT} > 50mA (e.g. \leq 50% duty cycle for 100mA).

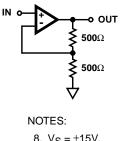
4. Full Power Bandwidth guaranteed based on slew rate measurement using: FPBW = $\frac{\text{Slew Rate}}{2\pi V_{\text{PEAK}}}$

5. Differential gain and phase are measured at 5MHz with a 1V differential input voltage.

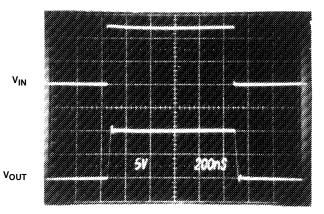
6. Refer to Test Circuits section of this data sheet.

7. $V_{IN} = 1V_{RMS}$; f = 10kHz; A_V = 10.

Test Circuits and Waveforms



8. $V_S = \pm 15V$. 9. $A_V = +2$. 10. $C_L \le 10$ pF.



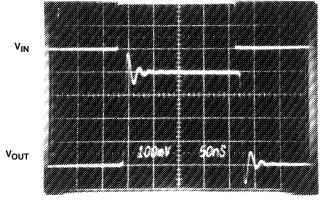
Vertical Scale: $V_{IN} = 2.0V/Div.$, $V_{OUT} = 5.0V/Div.$ Horizontal Scale: 200ns/Div.

TEST CIRCUIT

3

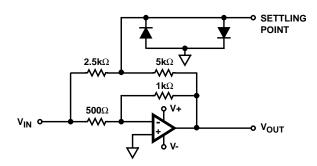
LARGE SIGNAL RESPONSE

Test Circuits and Waveforms (Continued)



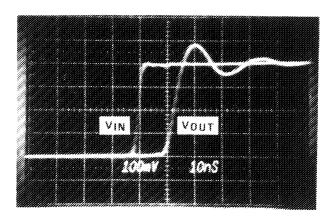
Vertical Scale: 100mV/Div. Horizontal Scale: 50ns/Div.

SMALL SIGNAL RESPONSE



SETTLING TIME TEST CIRCUIT (SEE NOTES 11 - 15.)

Schematic Diagram

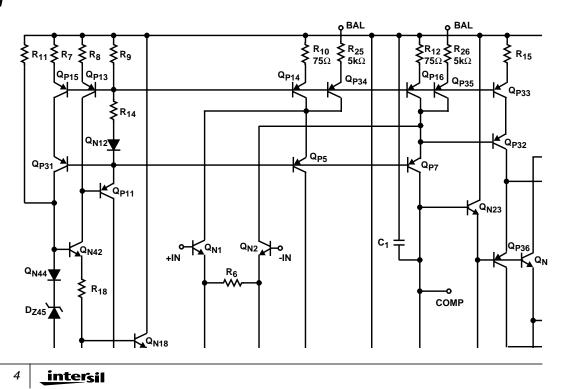


 $\label{eq:Vertical Scale: 100mV/Div.} Vortical Scale: 100mV/Div. Horizontal Scale: 10ns/Div. \\ V_S = \pm 15V, \ R_L = 1 k \Omega. \ Propagation \ delay \ variance is negligible over full temperature range. \\$

PROPAGATION DELAY

NOTES:

- 11. $A_V = -2$.
- 12. Feedback and summing resistors must be matched (0.1%).
- 13. HP5082-2810 clipping diodes recommended.
- 14. Tektronix P6201 FET probe used at settling point.
- 15. For 0.01% settling time, heat sinking is suggested to reduce thermal effects and an analog ground plane with supply decoupling is suggested to minimize ground loop errors.



Application Information (Refer to Application Note AN552 for Further Information)

The Intersil HA-2542 is a state of the art monolithic device which also approaches the "ALL-IN-ONE" amplifier concept. This device features an outstanding set of AC parameters augmented by excellent output drive capability providing for suitable application in both high speed and high output drive circuits.

Primarily intended to be used in balanced 50Ω and 75Ω coaxial cable systems as a driver, the HA-2542 could also be used as a power booster in audio systems as well as a power amp in power supply circuits. This device would also be suitable as a small DC motor driver.

The applications shown in Figures 2 through Figure 4 demonstrate the HA-2542 at gains of +100 and +2 and as a video cable driver for small signals.

Power Dissipation Considerations

At high output currents, especially with the PDIP package, care must be taken to ensure that the Maximum Junction Temperature (T_J, see "Absolute Maximum Ratings" table) is not exceeded. As an example consider the HA-2542 in the PDIP package, with a required output current of 20mA at V_{OUT} = 5V. The power dissipation is the quiescent power (1.2W = 30V x 40mA) plus the power dissipated in the output stage (P_{OUT} = 200mW = 20mA x (15V - 5V)), or a total of 1.4W. The thermal resistance (θ_{JA}) of the PDIP package is 100°C/W, which increases the junction temperature by 140°C over the ambient temperature (T_A). Remaining below T_{JMAX} requires that T_A be restricted to $\leq 10^{\circ}$ C (150°C - 140°C). Heatsinking would be required for operation at ambient temperatures greater than 10°C.

Note that the problem isn't as severe with the CERDIP package due to it's lower thermal resistance, and higher T_{JMAX} . Nevertheless, it is recommended that Figure 1 be used to ensure that heat sinking is not required.

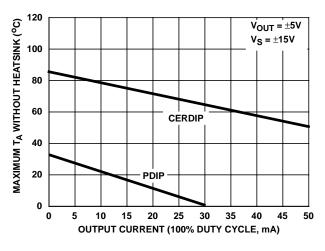


FIGURE 1. MAXIMUM OPERATING TEMPERATURE vs OUTPUT CURRENT

Allowable output power can be increased by decreasing the quiescent dissipation via lower supply voltages.

For more information please refer to Application Note AN556, "Thermal Safe Operating Areas for High Current Op Amps".

Prototyping Guidelines

For best overall performance in any application, it is recommended that high frequency layout techniques be used. This should include: 1) mounting the device through a ground plane: 2) connecting unused pins (NC) to the ground: 3) mounting feedback components on Teflon standoffs and or locating these components as close to the device as possible: 4) placing power supply decoupling capacitors from device supply pins to ground.

Frequency Compensation

The HA-2542 may be externally compensated with a single capacitor to ground. This provides the user the additional flexibility in tailoring the frequency response of the amplifier. A guideline to the response is demonstrated on the typical performance curve showing the normalized AC parameters versus compensation capacitance. It is suggested that the user check and tailor the accurate compensation value for each application. As shown additional phase margin is achieved at the loss of slew rate and bandwidth.

For example, for a voltage gain of +2 (or -1) and a load of 500pF/2k Ω , 20pF is needed for compensation to give a small signal bandwidth of 30MHz with 40^o of phase margin. If a full power output voltage of ±10V is needed, this same

o OUT

9900

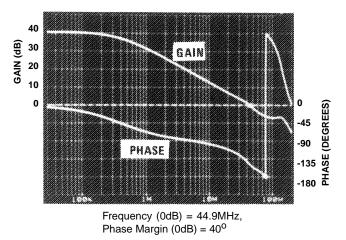
10Ω

Typical Applications

configuration will provide a bandwidth of 5MHz and a slew rate of 200V/ μ s.

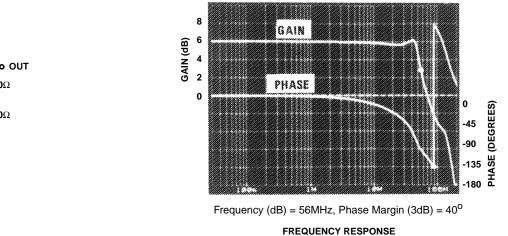
If maximum bandwidth is desired and no compensation is needed, care must be given to minimize parasitic capacitance at the compensation pin. In some cases where minimum gain applications are desired, bending up or totally removing this pin may be the solution. In this case, care must also be given to minimize load capacitance.

For wideband positive unity gain applications, the HA-2542 can also be over-compensated with capacitance greater than 30pF to achieve bandwidths of around 25MHz. This over-compensation will also improve capacitive load handling or lower the noise bandwidth. This versatility along with the \pm 100mA output current makes the HA-2542 an excellent high speed driver for many power applications.



FREQUENCY RESPONSE

FIGURE 2. NONINVERTING CIRCUIT (AVCL = 100)

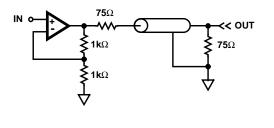


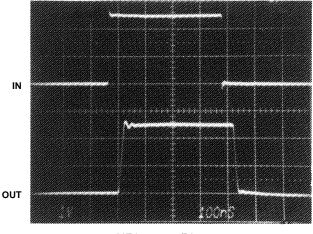


IN 50Ω 50Ω

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Typical Applications (Continued)

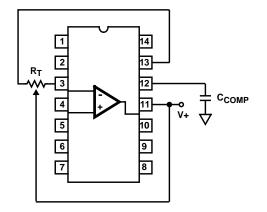




1V/Div.; 100ns/Div.





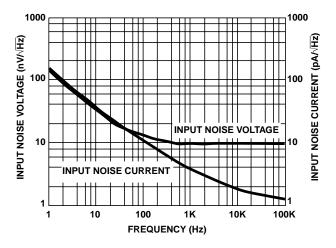


NOTES:

- 16. Suggested compensation scheme 5pF 20pF.
- 17. Tested Offset Adjustment Range is |V_{OS} +1mV| minimum referred to output.
- 18. Typical range is $\pm 20mV$ with $R_T = 5k\Omega$.

FIGURE 5. SUGGESTED OFFSET VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENT AND FREQUENCY COMPENSATION

Typical Performance Curves





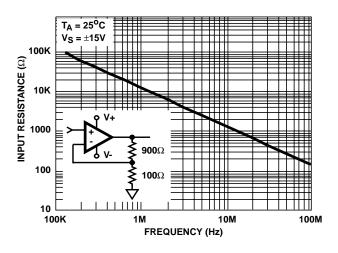
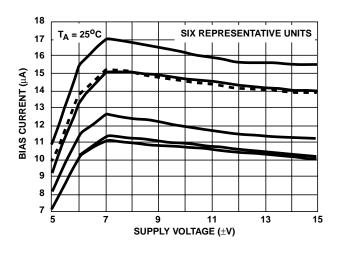
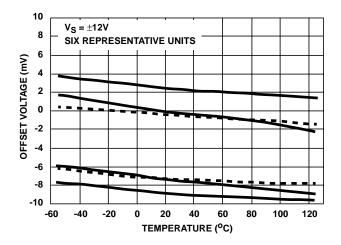


FIGURE 8. INPUT RESISTANCE vs FREQUENCY





8





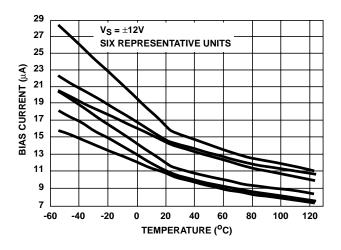


FIGURE 9. BIAS CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE

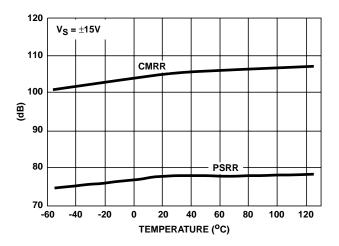
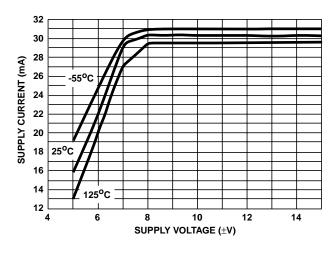


FIGURE 11. PSRR AND CMRR vs TEMPERATURE

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Typical Performance Curves (Continued)





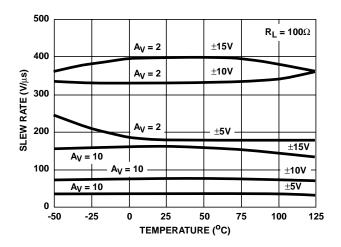
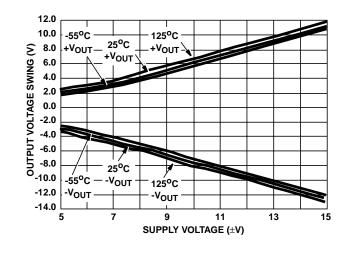


FIGURE 14. SLEW RATE vs TEMPERATURE AT VARIOUS SUPPLY VOLTAGES





 $V_S = \pm 15V$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $R_L^2 = 2k\Omega$ 120 CMRR 100 +PSRR 80 PSRR (qB) 60 40 20 0 100 10K 100K 1M 10M 1K FREQUENCY (Hz)

FIGURE 13. PSRR AND CMRR vs FREQUENCY

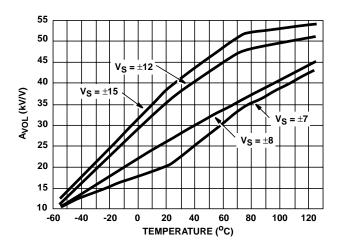
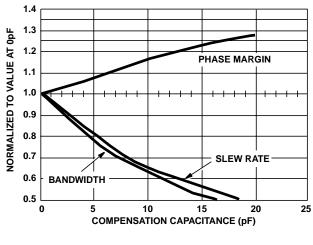


FIGURE 15. OPEN LOOP GAIN vs TEMPERATURE, AT VARIOUS SUPPLY VOLTAGES



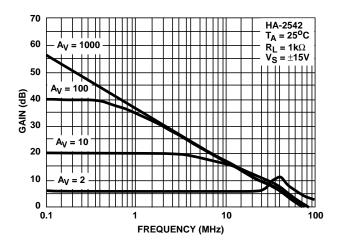


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HA-2542 A_V = 10 V_S = ±15V 12 $| | T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ MAXIMUM SWING OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V) 10 $R_L = 1k\Omega$ 8 UNDISTORTED SWING $R_L = 100\Omega$ 6 MAXIMUM SWING UNDISTORTED SWING 4 2 0 10 0.1 100 1 FREQUENCY (Hz)

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

FIGURE 18. OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING vs FREQUENCY





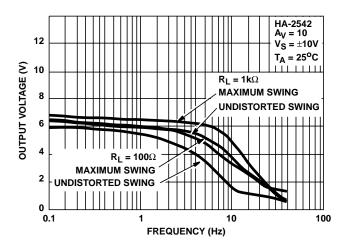


FIGURE 19. OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING vs FREQUENCY

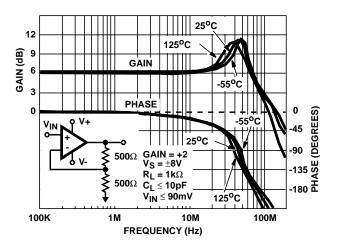


FIGURE 21. HA-2542 CLOSED LOOP GAIN vs TEMPERATURE

Die Characteristics

DIE DIMENSIONS:

106 mils x 73 mils x 19 mils 2700µm x 1850µm x 483µm

METALLIZATION:

Type: Al, 1% Cu Thickness: 16kÅ ±2kÅ

PASSIVATION

Type: Nitride (Si $_3N_4$) over Silox (SiO $_2$, 5% Phos.) Silox Thickness: 12kÅ \pm 2kÅ Nitride Thickness: 3.5kÅ \pm 1.5kÅ

Metallization Mask Layout

SUBSTRATE POTENTIAL (POWERED UP):

V-

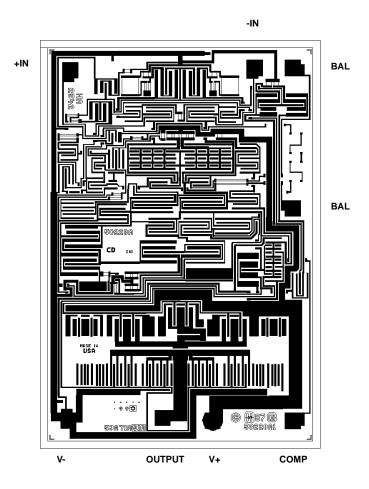
TRANSISTOR COUNT:

43

PROCESS:

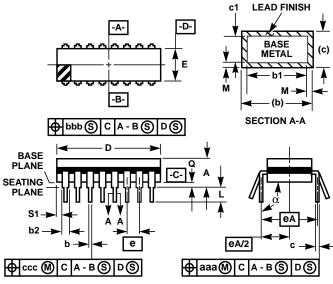
Bipolar Dielectric Isolation

HA-2542



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Ceramic Dual-In-Line Frit Seal Packages (CERDIP)



NOTES:

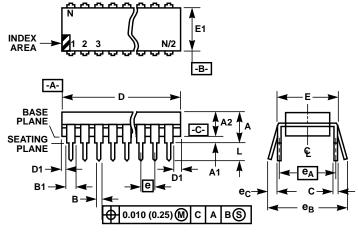
- 1. Index area: A notch or a pin one identification mark shall be located adjacent to pin one and shall be located within the shaded area shown. The manufacturer's identification shall not be used as a pin one identification mark.
- 2. The maximum limits of lead dimensions b and c or M shall be measured at the centroid of the finished lead surfaces, when solder dip or tin plate lead finish is applied.
- 3. Dimensions b1 and c1 apply to lead base metal only. Dimension M applies to lead plating and finish thickness.
- 4. Corner leads (1, N, N/2, and N/2+1) may be configured with a partial lead paddle. For this configuration dimension b3 replaces dimension b2.
- 5. This dimension allows for off-center lid, meniscus, and glass overrun.
- 6. Dimension Q shall be measured from the seating plane to the base plane.
- 7. Measure dimension S1 at all four corners.
- 8. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
- 9. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M 1982.
- 10. Controlling dimension: INCH.

F14.3 MIL-STD-1835 GDIP1-T14 (D-1, CONFIGURATION A) 14 LEAD CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE FRIT SEAL PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIM		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MIN MAX	
А	-	0.200	-	5.08	-
b	0.014	0.026	0.36	0.66	2
b1	0.014	0.023	0.36	0.58	3
b2	0.045	0.065	1.14	1.65	-
b3	0.023	0.045	0.58	1.14	4
С	0.008	0.018	0.20	0.46	2
c1	0.008	0.015	0.20	0.38	3
D	-	0.785	-	19.94	5
Е	0.220	0.310	5.59	7.87	5
е	0.100	BSC	2.54 BSC		-
eA	0.300	BSC	7.62 BSC		-
eA/2	0.150	BSC	3.81 BSC		-
L	0.125	0.200	3.18	5.08	-
Q	0.015	0.060	0.38	1.52	6
S1	0.005	-	0.13	-	7
α	90 ⁰	105 ⁰	90 ⁰	105 ⁰	-
aaa	-	0.015	-	0.38	-
bbb	-	0.030	-	0.76	-
CCC	-	0.010	-	0.25	-
М	-	0.0015	-	0.038	2, 3
Ν	1	4	1	4	8

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Dual-In-Line Plastic Packages (PDIP)



NOTES:

- 1. Controlling Dimensions: INCH. In case of conflict between English and Metric dimensions, the inch dimensions control.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- 3. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication No. 95.
- 4. Dimensions A, A1 and L are measured with the package seated in JEDEC seating plane gauge GS-3.
- 5. D, D1, and E1 dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch (0.25mm).
- 6. E and $[e_A]$ are measured with the leads constrained to be perpendicular to datum -C-
- 7. eB and eC are measured at the lead tips with the leads unconstrained. e_C must be zero or greater.
- 8. B1 maximum dimensions do not include dambar protrusions. Dambar protrusions shall not exceed 0.010 inch (0.25mm).
- 9. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
- 10. Corner leads (1, N, N/2 and N/2 + 1) for E8.3, E16.3, E18.3, E28.3, E42.6 will have a B1 dimension of 0.030 - 0.045 inch (0.76 -1.14mm).

E14.3 (JEDEC MS-001-AA ISSUE D) 14 LEAD DUAL-IN-LINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIM		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
А	-	0.210	-	5.33	4
A1	0.015	-	0.39	-	4
A2	0.115	0.195	2.93	4.95	-
В	0.014	0.022	0.356	0.558	-
B1	0.045	0.070	1.15	1.77	8
С	0.008	0.014	0.204	0.355	-
D	0.735	0.775	18.66	19.68	5
D1	0.005	-	0.13	-	5
E	0.300	0.325	7.62	8.25	6
E1	0.240	0.280	6.10	7.11	5
е	0.100	BSC	2.54 BSC		-
e _A	0.300	BSC	7.62 BSC		6
е _В	-	0.430	-	10.92	7
L	0.115	0.150	2.93	3.81	4
N	1	4	14		9

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