## **SDRAM**

## 512K x 16Bit x 2Banks

# Synchronous DRAM

### **FEATURES**

- 1.8V power supply
- LVCMOS compatible with multiplexed address
- Dual banks operation
- MRS cycle with address key programs
  - CAS Latency (1, 2 & 3)
  - Burst Length (1, 2, 4, 8 & full page)
  - Burst Type (Sequential & Interleave)
- EMRS cycle with address key programs.
- All inputs are sampled at the positive going edge of the system clock
- Burst Read Single-bit Write operation
- Special Function Support.
  - PASR (Partial Array Self Refresh)
  - TCSR (Temperature compensated Self Refresh)
  - DS (Driver Strength)
- DQM for masking
- Auto & self refresh
- 32ms refresh period (2K cycle)

### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The M52D16161A is 16,777,216 bits synchronous high data rate Dynamic RAM organized as 2 x 524,288 words by 16 bits, fabricated with high performance CMOS technology. Synchronous design allows precise cycle control with the use of system clock I/O transactions are possible on every clock cycle. Range of operating frequencies, programmable burst length and programmable latencies allow the same device to be useful for a variety of high bandwidth, high performance memory system applications.

### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part NO.	MAX Freq.	Package	Comments						
M52D16161A-10TG	100MHz	50 PIN TSOP(II)	Pb-free						
M52D16161A-10BG	100MHz	60 Ball VFBGA	Pb-free						

## **PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)**

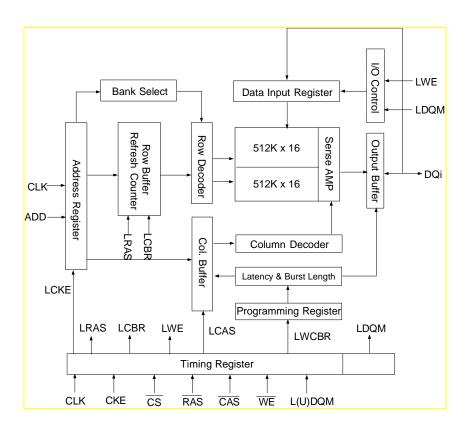
				_	
		0			
VDD		1 -	50	☐ Vss	
DQ0		2	49	☐ DQ15	
DQ1		3	48	☐ DQ14	
Vssq		4	47	☐ Vssq	
DQ2		5	46	☐ DQ13	
DQ3		6	45	☐ DQ12	
VDDQ		7	44	☐ VDDQ	
DQ4		8	43	☐ DQ11	
DQ5		9	42	☐ DQ10	
Vssq		10	41	☐ Vssq	
DQ6		11	40	DQ9	
DQ7		12	39	DQ8	
VDDQ		13	38	☐ VDDQ	
LDQM		14	37	☐ N.C/RFU	
WE		15	36	☐ UDQM	
CAS		16	35	□ CLK	
RAS		17	34	☐ CKE	
CS		18	33	□ N.C	
BA		19	32	□ A9	
A10/AP		20	31	□ A8	
A0		21	30	☐ A7	
A1		22	29	□ A6	
A2		23	28	☐ A5	
А3		24	27	☐ A4	50PIN TSOP(II)
VDD		25	26	☐ Vss	(400mil x 825mil)
	- 1			J	(0.8 mm PIN PITCH)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Α	vss	DQ15				DQ0	VDD
В	DQ14	VSSQ				VDDQ	DQ1
С	DQ13	VDDQ				VSSQ	DQ2
D	DQ12	DQ11				DQ4	DQ3
Е	DQ 10	VSSQ				VDDQ	DQ5
F	DQ9	VDDQ				VSSQ	DQ6
G	DQ8	NC				NC	DQ7
Н	NC	NC				NC	) (NC
J	NC	UDQM				LDQM	WE
к	NC	CLK				RAS	CAS
L	CKE	NC				NC	) (TS)
М	A11	(A9)				NC	) (NC
N	(A8)	(A7)				(A0	) (A10)
Р	(A6)	(A5)				A2	) (A1)
R	vss	(A4)				(A3	) (VDD)

60 Ball VFBGA (6.4x10.1mm) (0.65mm ball pitch)

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## **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



### **PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION**

Pin	Name	Input Function
CLK	System Clock	Active on the positive going edge to sample all inputs.
cs	Chip Select	Disables or enables device operation by masking or enabling all inputs except CLK, CKE and L(U)DQM.
CKE	Clock Enable	Masks system clock to freeze operation from the next clock cycle.  CKE should be enabled at least one cycle prior to new command.  Disable input buffers for power down in standby.
A0 ~ A10/AP	Address	Row / column addresses are multiplexed on the same pins. Row address : RA0 ~ RA10, column address : CA0 ~ CA7
ВА	Bank Select Address	Selects bank to be activated during row address latch time. Selects bank for read/write during column address latch time.
RAS	Row Address Strobe	Latches row addresses on the positive going edge of the CLK with RAS low. Enables row access & precharge.
CAS	Column Address Strobe	Latches column addresses on the positive going edge of the CLK with CAS low. Enables column access.
WE	Write Enable	Enables write operation and row precharge.  Latches data in starting from CAS, WE active.
L(U)DQM	Data Input / Output Mask	Makes data output Hi-Z, tSHZ after the clock and masks the output.  Blocks data input when L(U)DQM active.

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DQ0 ~ 15	Data Input / Output	Data inputs/outputs are multiplexed on the same pins.
VDD/VSS	Power Supply/Ground	Power and ground for the input buffers and the core logic.
VDDQ/VSSQ	Data Output Power/Ground	Isolated power supply and ground for the output buffers to provide improved noise immunity.
N.C/RFU	No Connection/ Reserved for Future Use	This pin is recommended to be left No Connection on the device.

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Voltage on any pin relative to Vss	Vin,Vout	-1.0 ~ 4.6	V
Voltage on VDD supply relative to Vss	VDD, VDDQ	-1.0 ~ 4.6	V
Storage temperature	Тѕтс	-55 ~ <b>+</b> 150	°C
Power dissipation	Po	0.7	W
Short circuit current	los	50	MA

Note: Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded.

Functional operation should be restricted to recommended operating condition.

Exposure to higher than recommended voltage for extended periods of time could affect device reliability.

### DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

Recommended operating conditions (Voltage referenced to Vss = 0V, TA=  $0 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 70 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	VDD, VDDQ	1.7	1.8	1.9	٧	
Input logic high voltage	ViH	0.8 x VDDQ	1.8	VDDQ+0.3	V	1
Input logic low voltage	VIL	-0.3	0	0.3	٧	2
Output logic high voltage	Vон	V <sub>DDQ</sub> - 0.2	-	-	٧	Iон =-0.1mA
Output logic low voltage	Vol	-	-	0.2	٧	IoL = 0.1mA
Input leakage current	I⊫	-10	-	10	uA	3
Output leakage current	loL	-10	-	10	uA	4

**Note:** 1.V<sub>IH</sub> (max) = 2.2V AC for pulse width  $\leq$  3ns acceptable.

 $2.V_{IL}$  (min) = -1.0V AC for pulse width  $\leq$  3ns acceptable.

3. Any input  $0V \le V_{IN} \le V_{DDQ}$ , all other pins are not under test = 0V.

4. Dout is disabled,  $0V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{DDQ}$ .

## **CAPACITANCE** (VDD = 1.8V, TA = $25 \,^{\circ}$ C, f = 1MHz)

Pin	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
CLOCK	Cclk	2.0	4.0	pF
RAS, CAS, WE, CS, CKE, LDQM, UDQM	Cin	2.0	4.0	pF
ADDRESS	Cadd	2.0	4.0	pF
DQ0 ~DQ15	Соит	3.5	6.0	pF

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## **DC CHARACTERISTICS**

(Recommended operating condition unless otherwise noted,  $T_A = 0 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 70 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Downwater	Compleal	Took Condition		CAS	Version					
Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition		Latency	-1	10	-1	15	Unit	Note
Operating Current (One Bank Active)	Icc1	Burst Length = 1 trc≥ trc (min), tcc≥ tcc (min),	lot= 0	mA	1	5	2	0	mA	1
Precharge Standby	ICC2P	CKE ≤ Vı∟(max), tcc =15ns				0.	12		mA	
Current in power-down mode	ICC2PS	CKE ≤ VIL(max), CLK ≤ VIL(max		0	.1		mA			
Precharge Standby Current in non	ICC2N	CKE ≥ V <sub>IH</sub> (min),  CS ≥ V <sub>IH</sub> (min) Input signals are changed one				5	.5		mA	
power-down mode	Icc2NS	CKE ≥ V <sub>IH</sub> (min), CLK ≤ V <sub>IL</sub> (max) Input signals are stable	KE ≥ V <sub>IH</sub> (min), CLK ≤ V <sub>IL</sub> (max), tcc = ∞					mA		
Active Standby Current	Іссзр	CKE ≤ Vı∟(max), tcc =15ns			1.5			mA		
in power-down mode	Іссзрѕ	CKE $\leq$ VIL(max), CLK $\leq$ VIL(max), tcc = $\infty$ 1								
Active Standby Current in non power-down	Іссзи		CKE $\geq$ V <sub>IH</sub> (min), $\overline{\text{CS}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{IH}}$ (min), tcc=15ns Input signals are changed one time during 30ns			10			mA	
mode (One Bank Active)	Іссзиѕ	CKE ≥ V <sub>IH</sub> (min), CLK ≤ V <sub>IL</sub> (max Input signals are stable	ime during 30ns				mA			
Operating Current (Burst Mode)	Icc4	IoL= 0Ma, Page Burst All Band Activated, tCCD = tCC	D (min	))	25 20		0	mA	1	
Refresh Current	Icc5	trc≥trc(min)			25 20		0	mA	2	
			TCS	SR range	45	70	45	70	°C	
			2	Banks	50	75	50	75		
Self Refresh Current	Icc6	CKE ≤ 0.2V	1	Bank	45	65	45	65	uA	
			1/	2 Bank	40	55	40	55		
			1/	4 Bank	35	45	35	45		
Deep Power Down Current	Ісст	CKE ≤ 0.2V				1	0		uA	

Note: 1.Measured with outputs open. Addresses are changed only one time during tcc(min).

2.Refresh period is 32ms. Addresses are changed only one time during tcc(min).

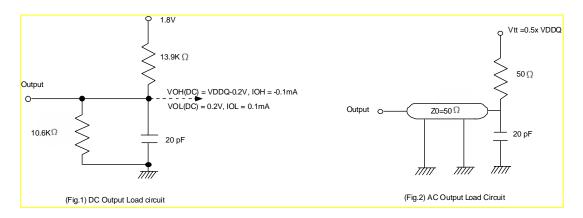
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### AC OPERATING TEST CONDITIONS (VDD=1.8V $\pm$ 0.1V,TA= 0 °C $\sim$ 70 °C)

Parameter	Value	Unit
Input levels (Vih/Vil)	0.9 x VDDQ / 0.2	V
Input timing measurement reference level	0.5 x Vddq	V
Input rise and fall time	tr / tf = 1 / 1	ns
Output timing measurement reference level	0.5 x Vddq	V
Output load condition	See Fig.2	



#### **OPERATING AC PARAMETER**

(AC operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Ver	sion	Unit	Note
Parameter	Symbol	-10	-15	Unit	Note
Row active to row active delay	trrd(min)	20	30	ns	1
RAS to CAS delay	trcd(min)	30	30	ns	1
Row precharge time	trp(min)	20	30	ns	1
Row active time	tras(min)	50 60		ns	1
Now active time	tras(max)	100		us	
Row cycle time	trc(min)	80	90	ns	1
Last data in to new col. Address delay	tcpl(min)		1	CLK	2
Last data in to row precharge	trdl(min)		2	CLK	2
Last data in to burst stop	t <sub>BDL</sub> (min)		1	CLK	2
Col. Address to col. Address delay	tccp(min)	1		CLK	3
Number of valid output data	CAS latency=3	:	2	00	4
Number of valid output data	CAS latency=2		1	ea	4

Note: 1. The minimum number of clock cycles is determined by dividing the minimum time required with clock cycle time and then rounding off to the next higher integer.

- 2. Minimum delay is required to complete write.
- 3. All parts allow every cycle column address change.
- 4. In case of row precharge interrupt, auto precharge and read burst stop. The earliest a precharge command can be issued after a Read command without the loss of data is CL+BL-2 clocks.

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## AC CHARACTERISTICS (AC operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

Parameter		Cumbal		10	-	15	1114	Nata
Para	meter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Note
CLK cycle time	CAS Latency =3	tcc	10	1000	15	1000	ns	1
CLK Cycle time	CAS Latency =2	icc	15	1000	15	1000	115	'
CLK to valid	CAS Latency =3	toro	-	9	-	12	20	1
output delay	CAS Latency =2	<b>t</b> sac	-	12	-	12	ns	1
Output data hold	time	tон	2.5	-	2.5	-	ns	2
CLK high pulse w	CLK high pulse width		3	-	3	-	ns	3
CLK low pulse wi	dth	tcL	3	-	3	-	ns	3
Input setup time		tss	3	-	4	-	ns	3
Input hold time		tsн	1	-	2	-	ns	3
CLK to output in	CLK to output in Low-Z		1	-	1	-	ns	2
CLK to output in	CAS Latency =3	to=	-	7	-	9	20	
Hi-Z	CAS Latency =2	<b>t</b> sHz	-	8	-	9	ns	-

\*All AC parameters are measured from half to half.

Note: 1. Parameters depend on programmed CAS latency.

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<sup>2.</sup>If clock rising time is longer than 1ns,(tr/2-0.5)ns should be added to the parameter.

<sup>3.</sup> Assumed input rise and fall time (tr & tf)=1ns.

If tr & tf is longer than 1ns, transient time compensation should be considered, i.e., [(tr+ tf)/2-1]ns should be added to the parameter.

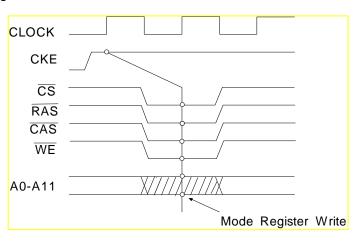
## Mode Register

Х								A2	A1					
	Χ	1	0	0	LT	MODE	WT BL Burst Read and Si			Single Write (for Write				
											Through Cache)			
0	0	0	0	0	LTI	MODE	WT		BL		Mode Register S		x =Don't ca	re
											1	A2-A0	WT=0	WT=1
												000	1	1
												001	2	2
										1		010	4	4
											Burst length	011	8	8
												100	R	R
												101	R	R
												110	R	R
												111	Full page	R
												•		•
										\	Mran tyne	0	Sequentia	al
										Wrap type		1	Interleave	,

	Å6-A4	CAS Latency
	000	R
	001	R
Latency mode	010	2
Laterity mode	011	3
	100	R
	101	R
	110	R
	111	R

Remark R: Reserved

## **Mode Register Write Timing**



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## **Extended Mode Register**

BA	A10	Α9	A8	Α/	A6	A5	Α4	Α3	A2	A1 AC	) Aaare	ess bus		
1	0	0	0	0		S	Χ	Χ		PASR	Exten	ded Mode R	legister Set	x =Don't care
	,													
												A2-A0	V	VT=0
												000	2	Banks
												001	1 Bank (E	Bank 0, BA=0)
												010	1/2 Bank	(BA=A10=0)
											PASR	011		R

	AZ-AU	VV I =U
	000	2 Banks
	001	1 Bank (Bank 0, BA=0)
Ĭ	010	1/2 Bank (BA=A10=0)
PASR	011	R
	100	R
	101	1/4 Bank (BA=A10=A9=0)
	110	R
	111	R

	A6-A5	Driver Strength
	00	Full Strength
DS	01	1/2 Strength
	10	1/4 Strength
	11	R

Remark R : Reserved

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### **Burst Length and Sequence**

(Burst of Two)

Starting Address	Sequential Addressing	Interleave Addressing
(column address A0 binary)	Sequence (decimal)	Sequence (decimal)
0	0,1	0,1
1	1,0	1,0

### (Burst of Four)

Starting Address (column address A1-A0, binary)	Sequential Addressing Sequence (decimal)	Interleave Addressing Sequence (decimal)
00	0,1,2,3	0,1,2,3
01	1,2,3,0	1,0,3,2
10	2,3,0,1	2,3,0,1
11	3,0,1,2	3,2,1,0

### (Burst of Eight)

Starting Address	Sequential Addressing	Interleave Addressing
(column address A2-A0, binary)	Sequence (decimal)	Sequence (decimal)
000	0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7	0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7
001	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,0	1,0,3,2,5,4,7,6
010	2,3,4,5,6,7,0,1	2,3,0,1,6,7,4,5
011	3,4,5,6,7,0,1,2	3,2,1,0,7,6,5,4
100	4,5,6,7,0,1,2,3	4,5,6,7,0,1,2,3
101	5,6,7,0,1,2,3,4	5,4,7,6,1,0,3,2
110	6,7,0,1,2,3,4,5	6,7,4,5,2,3,0,1
111	7,0,1,2,3,4,5,6	7,6,5,4,3,2,1,0

Full page burst is an extension of the above tables of Sequential Addressing, with the length being 256 for 1Mx16 divice.

### **POWER UP SEQUENCE**

- 1.Apply power and start clock, attempt to maintain CKE= "H", L(U)DQM = "H" and the other pin are NOP condition at the inputs.
- 2. Maintain stable power, stable clock and NOP input condition for a minimum of 200us.
- 3.Issue precharge commands for all banks of the devices.
- 4.Issue 2 or more auto-refresh commands.
- 5. Issue mode register set command to initialize the mode register.
- Cf.) Sequence of 4 & 5 is regardless of the order.

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#### SIMPLIFIED TRUTH TABLE

COMMAND			CKEn-1	CKEn	CS	RAS	CAS	WE	DQM	ВА	A10/AP	A9~A0	Note
Mode Register Set		er Set	Н	Χ	L	L	L	L	X		OP CO	DE	1,2
Register	Extended Mo Set	de Register	Н	Х	L	L	L	L	Х	OP CODE		1,2	
	Auto Refresh		Н	Н				Н	Х		Х		3
Refresh		Entry	П	L	L	L	L	П	^		^		3
110110011	Self Refresh	Exit	1	н	L	Н	Н	Н	Х		Х		3
					Н	Х	X	Х		<u> </u>			3
Bank Active & Roy	v Addr.		Н	X	L	L	Н	Н	Х	V	Row A	ddress	
Read &	Read & Auto Precharge D		Н	Х	L	Н	L	Н	Х	٧	L	Column Address	4
Column Address	Auto Prechar	ge Enable									Н	(A0~A7)	4,5
Write & Column	Auto Prechar	ge Disable	Н	Х	L	Н	L	L	Х	V	L	Column	4
Address	Auto Prechar								-	Н	Address (A0~A7)	4,5	
Burst Stop			Н	Χ	L	Н	Н	L	Х		Х		6
Precharge	Bank Selection	n	Н	Х	L	ı	Н	ı	Х	٧	L	Х	4
- Toonargo	Both Banks		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			_		_		Χ	Н		4
Clock Suspend or		Entry	Н	L	H	X V	X V	X V	Х				
Active Power Dow		Exit	L	Н	X	X	X	X	Х	1	Х		
					Н	X	X	X					
Precharge Power	Down Mode	Entry	Н	L	L	Н	Н	Н	Х				
o o		Exit	1	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х		X		
				L	V	V	V						
DQM			Н			Χ			V		X		7
No Operation Command		H	Х	H	X	X H	X H	Х		Х			
Deep Power Down Mode Entry			H	1	L	H	Н	<u>п</u>	Х		X		
Doep i owei Dow	iii wode	Exit	L	Н	X	X	X	X	X	1	^		

(V= Valid, X= Don't Care, H= Logic High, L = Logic Low)

#### Note:

1. OP Code: Operation Code

A0~ A10/AP, BA: Program keys.(@MRS). BA=0 for MRS and BA=1 for EMRS.

2. MRS/EMRS can be issued only at both banks precharge state.

A new command can be issued after 2 clock cycle of MRS.

3. Auto refresh functions are as same as CBR refresh of DRAM.

The automatical precharge without row precharge command is meant by "Auto". Auto / self refresh can be issued only at both banks precharge state.

4. BA: Bank select address.

If "Low": at read, write, row active and precharge, bank A is selected.

If "High": at read, write, row active and precharge, bank B is selected.

If A10/AP is "High" at row precharge, BA ignored and both banks are selected.

5. During burst read or write with auto precharge, new read/write command can not be issued.

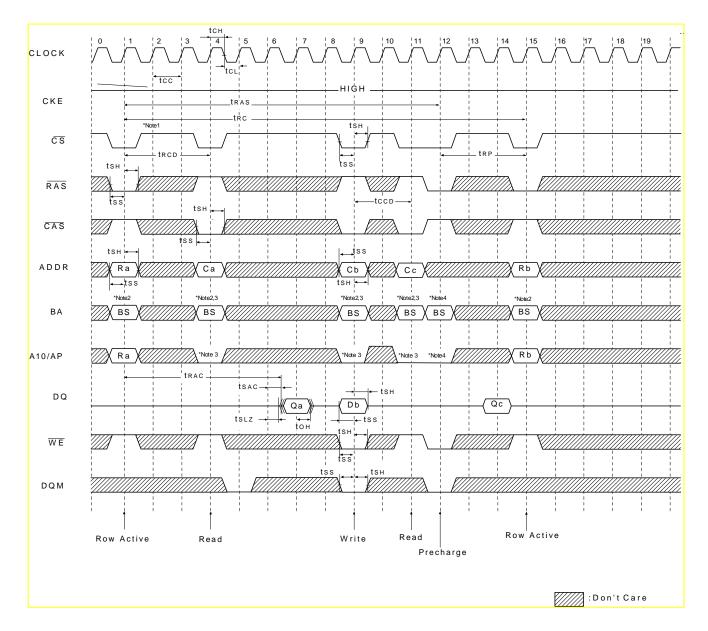
Another bank read /write command can be issued after the end of burst. New row active of the associated bank can be issued at trp after the end of burst.

- 6. Burst stop command is valid at every burst length.
- 7. DQM sampled at positive going edge of a CLK masks the data-in at the very CLK (Write DQM latency is 0), but makes

Hi-Z state the data-out of 2 CLK cycles after. (Read DQM latency is 2)

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## Single Bit Read-Write-Read Cycle (Same Page) @CAS Latency=3, Burst Length=1



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\*Note: 1. All inputs expect CKE & DQM can be don't care when  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  is high at the CLK high going edge.

2. Bank active & read/write are controlled by BA.

ВА	Active & Read/Write						
0	Bank A						
1	Bank B						

3. Enable and disable auto precharge function are controlled by A10/AP in read/write command.

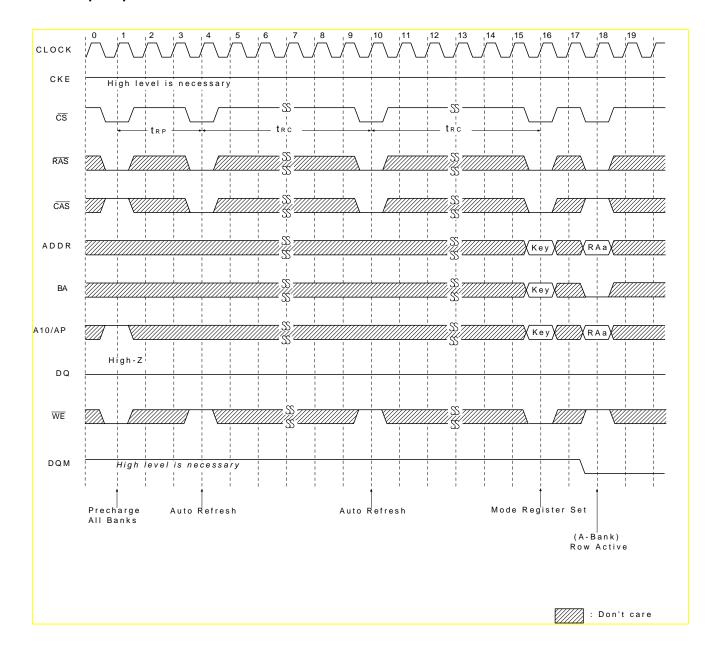
A10/AP	ВА	Operation
0	0	Disable auto precharge, leave bank A active at end of burst.
	1	Disable auto precharge, leave bank B active at end of burst.
1	0	Enable auto precharge, precharge bank A at end of burst.
	1	Enable auto precharge, precharge bank B at end of burst.

4.A10/AP and BA control bank precharge when precharge command is asserted.

A10/AP	ВА	precharge		
0	0	Bank A		
0	1	Bank B		
1	Х	Both Banks		

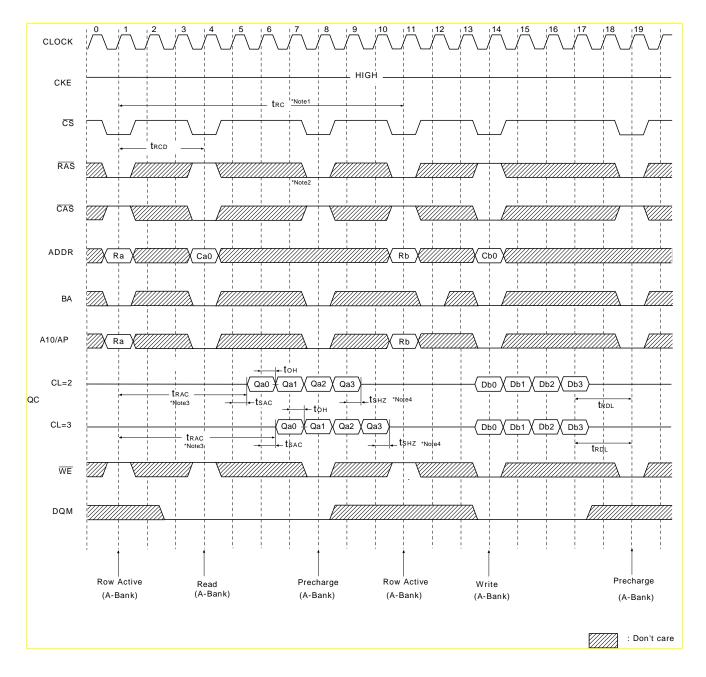
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## **Power Up Sequence**



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## Read & Write Cycle at Same Bank @Burst Length = 4



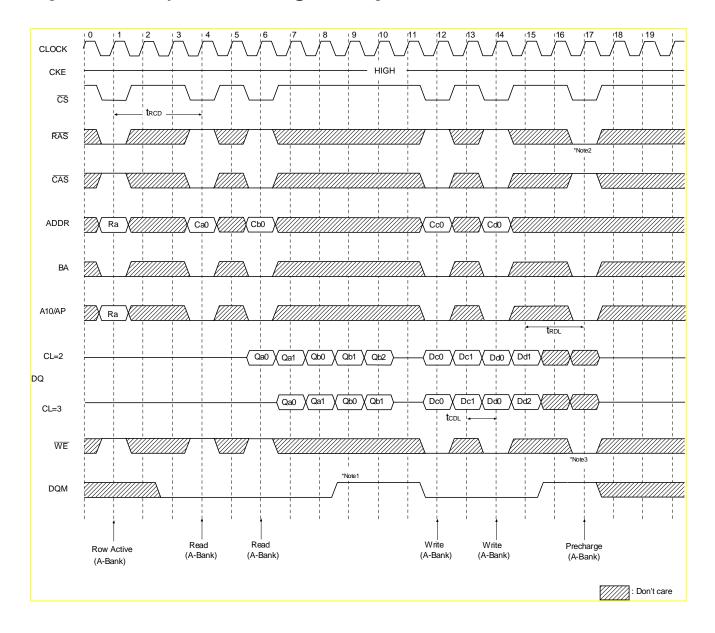
\*Note: 1.Minimum row cycle times is required to complete internal DRAM operation.

- 2.Row precharge can interrupt burst on any cycle. [CAS Latency-1] number of valid output data is available after Row precharge. Last valid output will be Hi-Z(tshz) after the clock.
- 3.Access time from Row active command. tcc\*(trcd +CAS latency-1)+tsac
- 4.Ouput will be Hi-Z after the end of burst.(1,2,4,8 bit burst)

  Burst can't end in Full Page Mode.

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## Page Read & Write Cycle at Same Bank @ Burst Length=4

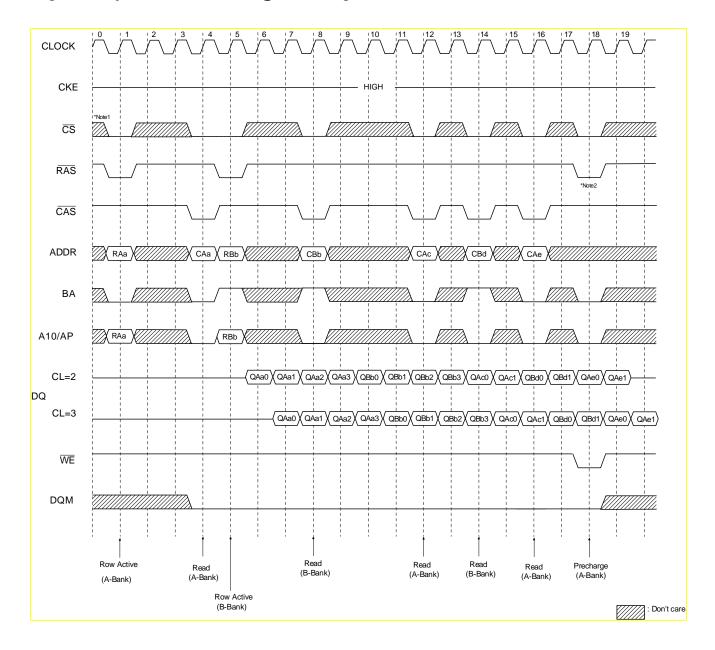


- \*Note: 1.To write data before burst read ends, DQM should be asserted three cycle prior to write command to avoid bus contention.
  - 2.Row precharge will interrupt writing. Last data input, tRDL before Row precharge, will be written.
  - 3.DQM should mask invalid input data on precharge command cycle when asserting precharge before end of burst. Input data after Row precharge cycle will be masked internally.

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## Page Read Cycle at Different Bank @ Burst Length=4

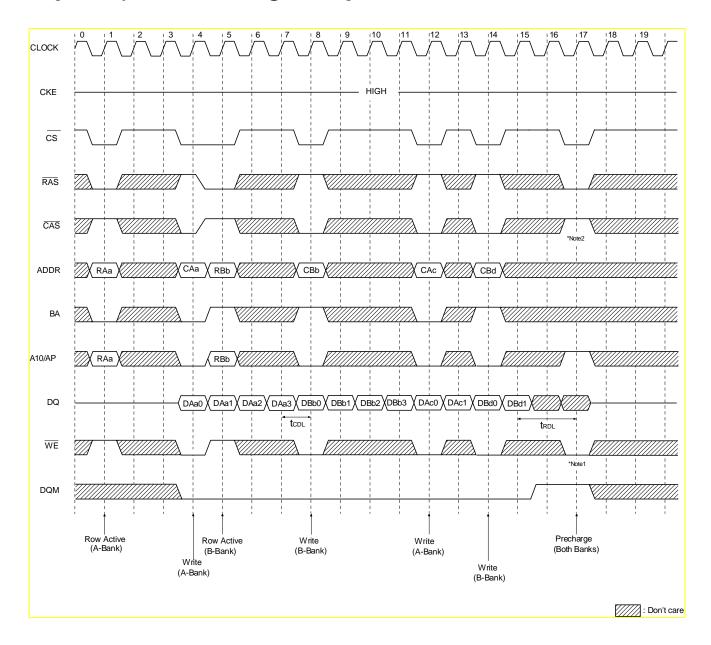


\*Note: 1.  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  can be don't cared when  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  and  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  are high at the clock high going dege.

2.To interrupt a burst read by row precharge, both the read and the precharge banks must be the same.

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## Page Write Cycle at Different Bank @Burst Length = 4

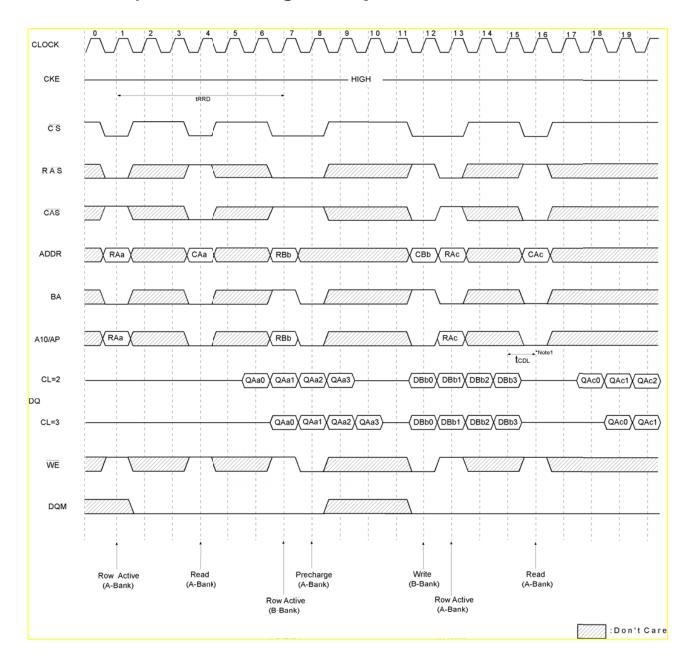


<sup>\*</sup>Note: 1.To interrupt burst write by Row precharge, DQM should be asserted to mask invalid input data.

2.To interrupt burst write by row precharge, both the write and the precharge banks must be the same.

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## Read & Write Cycle at Different Bank @ Burst Length = 4



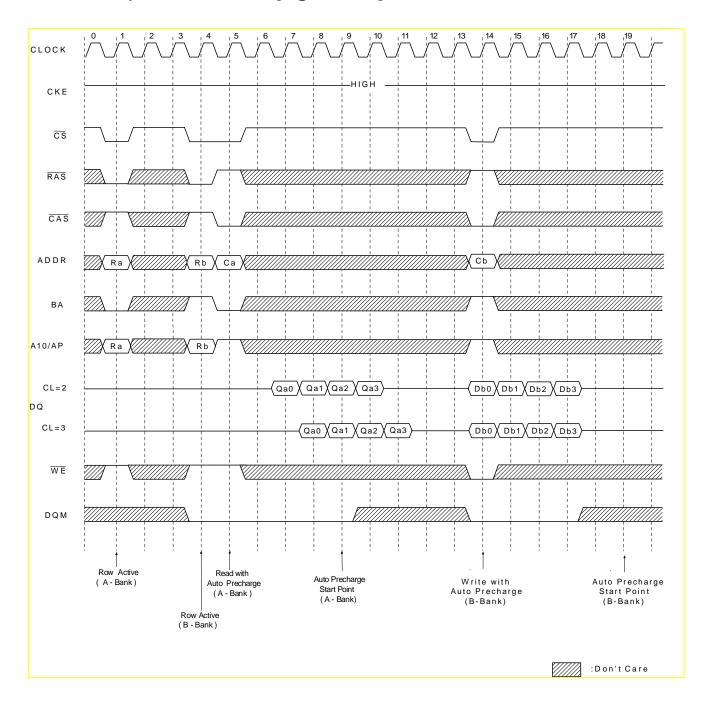
\*Note: 1.tcpl should be met to complete write.

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## Read & Write Cycle with auto Precharge @ Burst Length =4

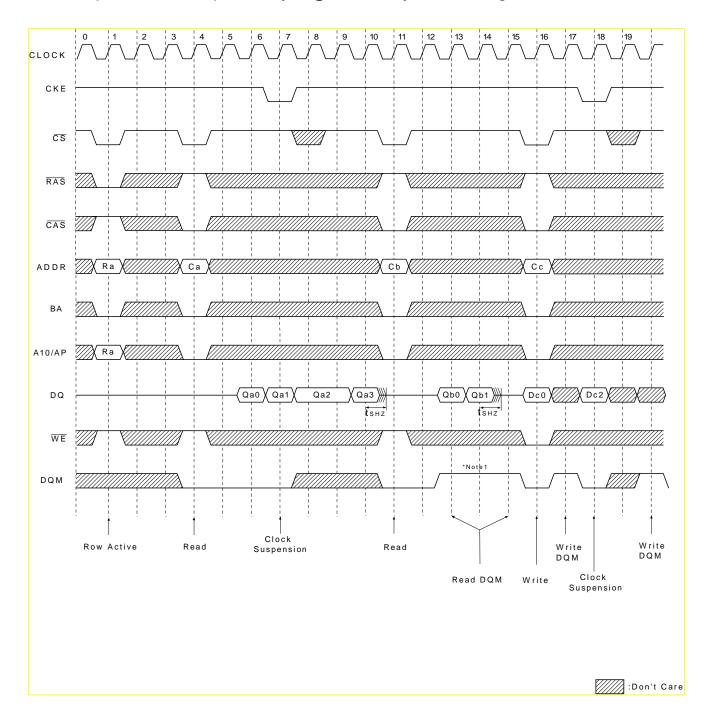


\*Note: 1.tcpl Should be controlled to meet minimum tras before internal precharge start (In the case of Burst Length=1 & 2 and BRSW mode)

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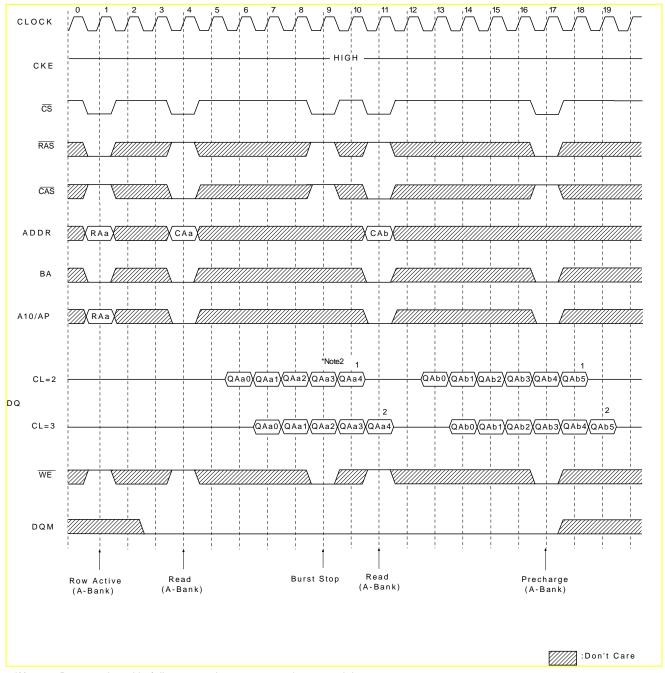
## Clock Suspension & DQM Operation Cycle @CAS Latency=2, Burst Length=4



\*Note:1.DQM is needed to prevent bus contention.

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## Read Interrupted by Precharge Command & Read Burst Stop Cycle @Burst Length =Full page



\*Note: 1.Burst can't end in full page mode, so auto precharge can't issue.

2. About the valid DQs after burst stop, it is same as the case of  $\overline{RAS}$  interrupt.

Both cases are illustrated above timing diagram. See the label 1,2 on them.

But at burst write, burst stop and RAS interrupt should be compared carefully.

Refer the timing diagram of "Full page write burst stop cycle".

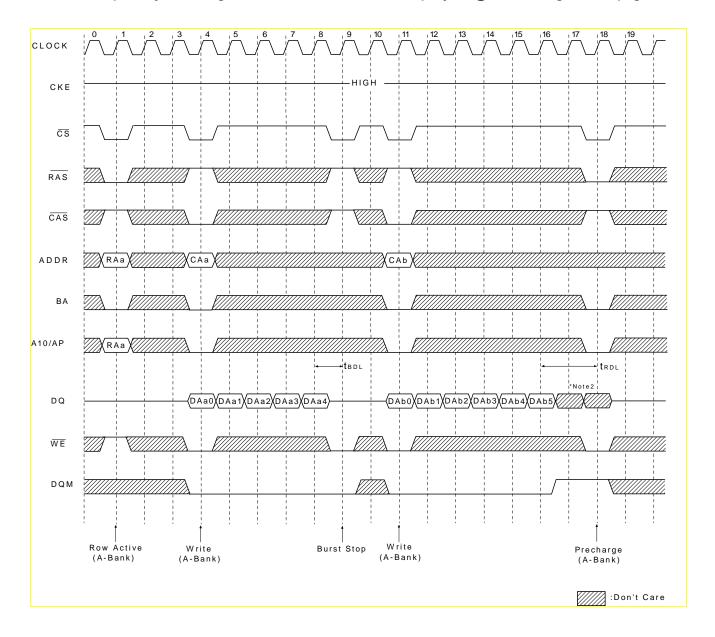
3. Burst stop is valid at every burst length.

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## Write Interrupted by Precharge Command & Write Burst stop Cycle @ Burst Length =Full page



\*Note: 1. Burst can't end in full page mode, so auto precharge can't issue.

2.Data-in at the cycle of interrupted by precharge can not be written into the corresponding memory cell. It is defined by AC parameter of trpl.

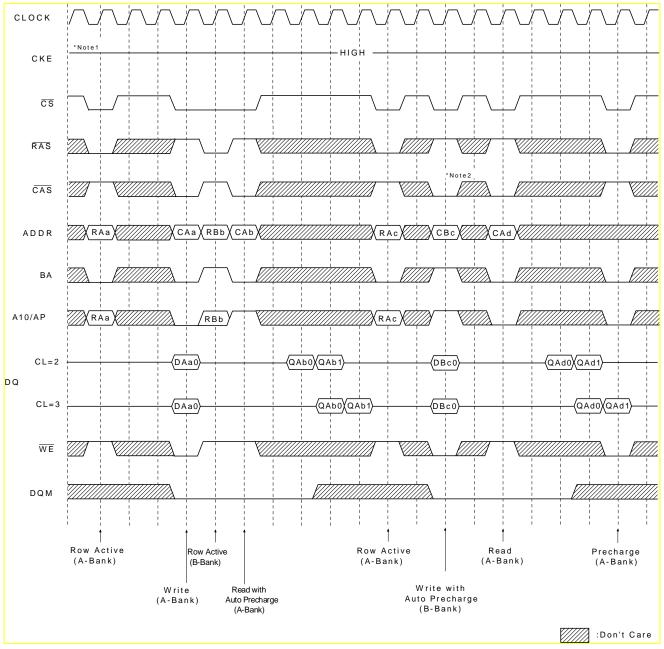
DQM at write interrupted by precharge command is needed to prevent invalid write.

Input data after Row precharge cycle will be masked internally.

3.Burst stop is valid at every burst length.

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## Burst Read Single bit Write Cycle @Burst Length=2



\*Note:1.BRSW modes is enabled by setting A9 "High" at MRS(Mode Register Set).

command will be issued after two clock cycles.

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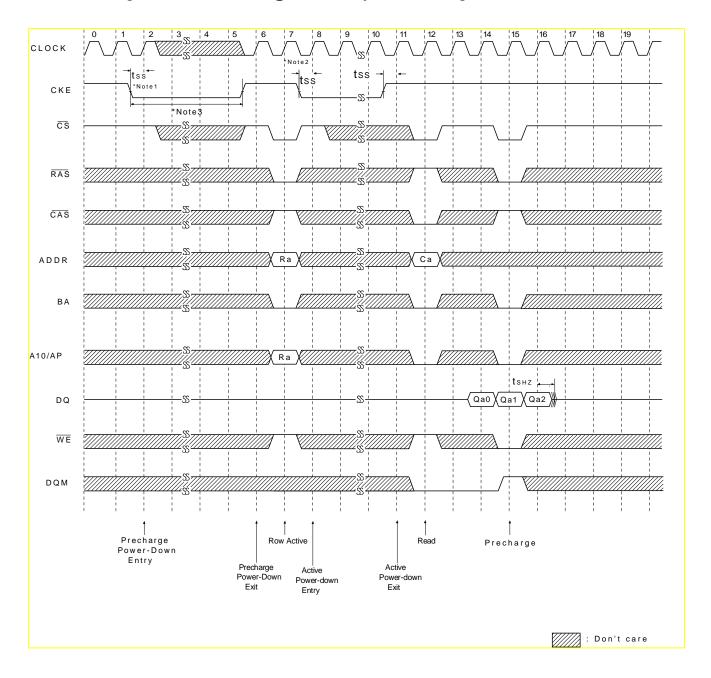
At the BRSW Mode, the burst length at write is fixed to "1" regardless of programmed burst length.

2.When BRSW write command with auto precharge is executed, keep it in mind that tras should not be violated. Auto precharge is executed at the next cycle of burst-end, so in the case of BRSW write command, the precharge

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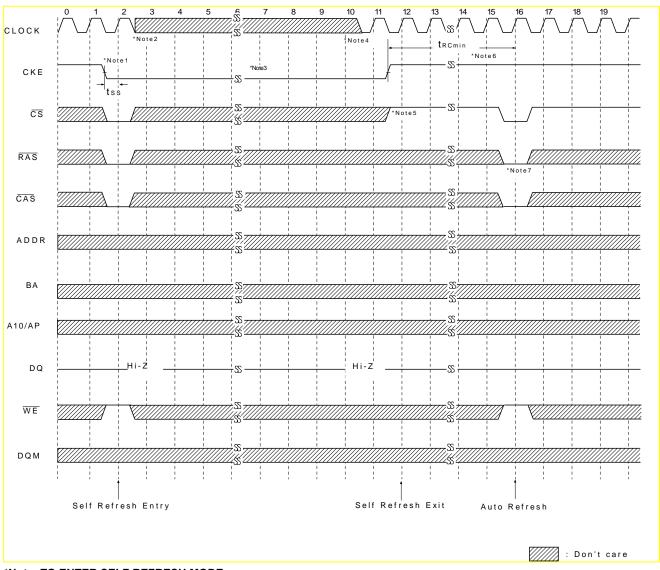
## Active/Precharge Power Down Mode @CAS Latency=2, Burst Length=4



- \*Note:1.Both banks should be in idle state prior to entering precharge power down mode.
  - 2.CKE should be set high at least 1CLK+tss prior to Row active command.
  - 3.Can not violate minimum refresh specification. (32ms)

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## Self Refresh Entry & Exit Cycle



### \*Note: TO ENTER SELF REFRESH MODE

- 1.  $\overline{\text{CS}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  &  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  with CKE should be low at the same clock cycle.
- 2. After 1 clock cycle, all the inputs including the system clock can be don't care except for CKE.
- 3. The device remains in self refresh mode as long as CKE stays "Low".
  - cf.) Once the device enters self refresh mode, minimum tras is required before exit from self refresh.

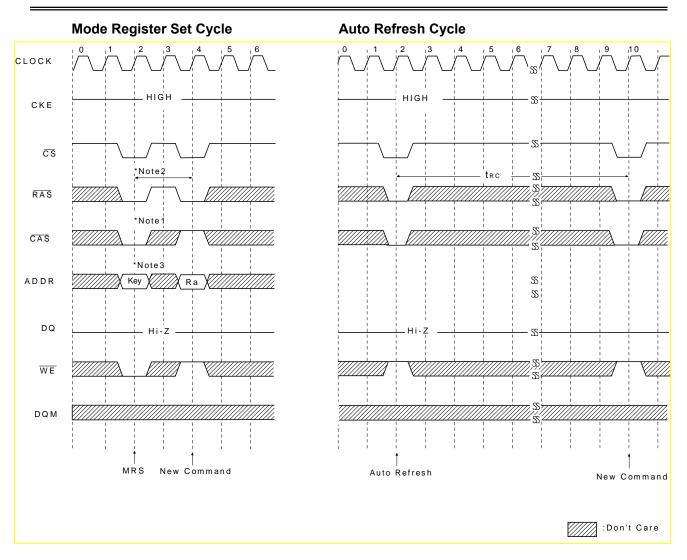
### TO EXIT SELF REFRESH MODE

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- 4. System clock restart and be stable before returning CKE high.
- 5. CS Starts from high.
- 6. Minimum tRc is required after CKE going high to complete self refresh exit.
- 7. 2K cycle of burst auto refresh is required before self refresh entry and after self refresh exit if the system uses burst refresh.

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\*Both banks precharge should be completed before Mode Register Set cycle and auto refresh cycle.

### **MODE REGISTER SET CYCLE**

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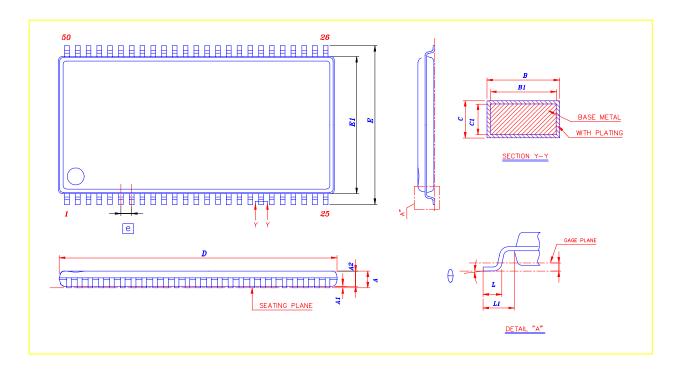
\*Note: 1.  $\overline{\text{CS}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  &  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  activation at the same clock cycle with address key will set internal mode register.

- 2.Minimum 2 clock cycles should be met before new  $\overline{\sf RAS}$  activation.
- 3. Please refer to Mode Register Set table.

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# **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS** 50-LEAD TSOP(II) SDRAM(400mil)

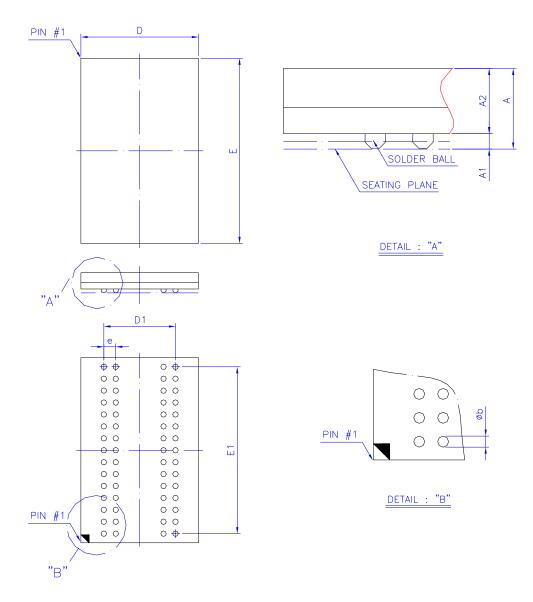


Symbol	Dimension in mm			Dimension in inch			
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
Α	-	-	1.20	-	-	0.047	
A1	0.051	0.127	0.203	0.002	0.005	0.008	
A2	0.95	1.00	1.05	0.037	0.039	0.041	
В	0.30	-	0.45	0.012	-	0.018	
B1	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.012	0.014	0.016	
С	0.12	-	0.21	0.005	-	0.008	
C1	0.10	0.127	0.16	0.004	0.005	0.006	
D	20.82	20.95	21.08	0.820	0.825	0.830	
Е	11.56	11.76	11.96	0.455	0.463	0.471	
E1	10.03	10.16	10.29	0.394	0.400	0.405	
L	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.016	0.020	0.024	
L1	0.80 REF			0.031 REF			
е	0.80 BSC			0.031 BSC			
$\theta$	0	-	8	0	-	8	

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## PACKING 60-BALL

# DIMENSIONS SDRAM (6.4x10.1 mm)



Symbol	Dim	ension in	mm	Dimension in inch		
	Min	Norm	Max	Min	Norm	Max
Α			1.00			0.039
<b>A</b> <sub>1</sub>	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.008	0.010	0.012
A <sub>2</sub>	0.61	0.66	0.71	0.024	0.026	0.028
Фь	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.012	0.014	0.016
D	6.30	6.40	6.50	0.248	0.252	0.256
E	10.00	10.10	10.20	0.394	0.398	0.402
D <sub>1</sub>		3.90			0.154	
E <sub>1</sub>		9.10			0.358	
е		0.65			0.026	

**Controlling dimension: Millimeter.** 

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> Publication Date: Apr. 2007 Revision: 1.5