SP2525

## +3.0V to +5.5V USB Power Control Switch

■ Compliant to USB Specifications
$\square+3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to +5.5 V Input Voltage Range

- Open Drain Error Flag Output

■ 2.7V Undervoltage Lockout
■ 500mA Minimum Continuous Load Current

- 1.25A Short Circuit Current Limit

■ 140m $\Omega$ Maximum On-Resistance
■ 80 $\mu \mathrm{A}$ On-State Supply Current
■ $1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ Shutdown Current

- Thermal Shutdown

1ms Soft-Start Power Up
Active-High Version: SP2525-1
Active-Low Version: SP2525-2

## DESCRIPTION

The SP2525 device is a single +3.0 V to +5.5 V USB Supervisory Power Control Switch ideal for self-powered and bus-powered Universal Serial Bus (USB) applications. The SP2525 device has low on-resistance ( $80 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ typical) and can supply 500 mA minimum. The fault currents are limited to 2.0A typical and the flag output pin is available to indicate fault conditions to the USB controller. The 1 ms soft start of the SP2525 device will eliminate any momentary voltage drop on the upstream port that may occur when the switch is enabled in bus-powered applications. The thermal shutdown feature will prevent permanent damage to the SP2525 device when subjected to excessive currentloads. The under voltage lockout feature will ensure that the SP2525 device will remain off unless there is a valid input voltage present.


## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

Supply Voltage
.-0.3V, +6.0V
Operating Temperature $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Storage Temperature $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Power Dissipation Per Package
8 -pin NSOIC (derate $6.14 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )....... 500 mW

## SPECIFICATIONS

Unless otherwise noted, the following specifications apply for $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{\text {AMB }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| PARAMETER | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNITS | CONDITIONS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Voltage Range, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{1}}$ | 3.0 |  | 5.5 | V |  |
| Supply Current, $\mathrm{I}_{\text {IN }}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.05 \\ 80 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.0 \\ & 140 \end{aligned}$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | enable off, no output load enable on, no output load |
| Enable Input Threshold Voltage | 0.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.1 \\ & 1.9 \end{aligned}$ | 2.4 | V | low to high transition high to low transition |
| Enable Input Current |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01 \\ & 0.01 \end{aligned}$ | $1$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{EN}} \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OH}(\text { min }}=2.4 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{EN}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}(\text { max })}=0.8 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
| Enable Input Capacitance |  | 1 |  | pF |  |
| Switch Resistance |  | 80 | 140 | $\mathrm{m} \Omega$ | $3.0 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{1 \times 1} \leq 5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{L}} \leq 500 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Output Turn-On Delay |  | 0.5 |  | ms | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega$ |
| Output Turn-On Rise Time |  | 1 |  | ms | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega$ |
| Output Turn-Off Delay |  | 1 | 20 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega$ |
| Output Turn-Off Fall Time |  | 1 | 20 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \Omega$ |
| Output Leakage Current |  | . 02 | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| Current Limit Threshold |  | 2.0 | 2.8 | A | Ramped load applied |
| Short Circuit Current Limit | 0.5 | 0.75 | 1.25 | A | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Over-Temperature Shutdown Threshold |  | $\begin{aligned} & 135 \\ & 125 \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | increasing temperature decreasing temperature |
| Error Flag Output Resistance |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | $\Omega$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{I N}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathbb{I N}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
| Error Flag Off Current |  | 0.01 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {FLAG }}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| UVLO Threshold | 2.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.7 \\ & 2.6 \end{aligned}$ | 3.0 | V | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }} \text { increasing, } \mathrm{T}_{\text {MIN }} \text { to } \mathrm{T}_{\text {Max }} \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }} \text { decreasing } \mathrm{T}_{\text {MIN }} \text { to } \mathrm{T}_{\text {MAX }} \end{aligned}$ |



## PIN ASSIGNMENTS

| Pin Number | Pin Symbol | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | EN | Enable Input Active High for the SP2525-1 and Active <br> Low for the SP2525-2. |
| 2 | FLG | Fault Flag Output -Active-low, open-drain output. <br> Indicates over-current, UVLO and Thermal Shutdown. |
| 3 | GND | Ground Reference —Supply return. |
| 4 | NC | No Connection. |
| 5 | NC | No Connection. |
| 6,8 | IN | Switch Output Connect Out Pins Together |
| 7 |  | Supply Voltage (Input) |

## FEATURES

The SP2525 device is a single +3.0 V to +5.5 V USB Supervisory Power Control Switch ideal for self-powered and bus-powered Universal Serial Bus (USB) applications. USB provides $\mathrm{a}+5.0 \mathrm{~V}$ bus and ground return line in addition to a twisted pair line for data.

Features of the SP2525 device include current limiting, $\mathrm{a}+2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ undervoltage lockout, overtemperature shutdown, error flag output, soft start power up, a switch-on resistance of $140 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ over the entire supply range, and a supply current of $80 \mu \mathrm{~A}$. The SP2525-1 device has active-high inputs. The SP2525-2 device has active-low inputs.

## THEORY OF OPERATION

There are operational conditions that will enable or disable one or more of the output transistors, depending on the type of hazard. Certain conditions will activate the open-drain error flag transistors forcing the flag output to ground. The SP2525 device is a single integrated high-side power switch optimized for self-powered and bus-powered Universal Serial Bus (USB) applications. The SP2525 device provides the following functions:

1) Solid State Switch: MOSFET M1 connects the IN pin to the OUT pins when enabled by a logic signal at the EN pin.
2) Fault Flag Conditions: The FLG pin is an N-channel, open-drain MOSFET output capable of sinking a 10 mA load to typically 100 mV above ground.
3) Undervoltage Lockout: The lockout mechanism monitors the input voltage and will enable the MOSFET switch only when the input signal is $\geq 2.7 \mathrm{~V}$.
4) Current Limiting Threshold : A current limiting threshold is set internally to prevent any damage to the device and external load.
5) Thermal Shutdown : This mechanism protects the device switch and signals a fault condition if the die temperature exceeds $135^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. This function has $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of hysteresis that prevents the MOSFET switches from turning on until the die temperature drops to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## Input and Output

The independent solid state switch connects the IN pin to the OUT pin when enabled by a logic signal at EN. The IN pin is the power supply connection to the internal circuitry and the drain of the output MOSFET. The OUT pin is the source of the MOSFET.

Typically, the current in USB application will flow through the switch from IN to OUT towards the load. If $\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}$ is greater than $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ when a switch is enabled, the current will flow from OUT to the IN pin because the MOSFET channels are bidirectional when switched on.

Under normal operating conditions, the MOSFET switch will present $140 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ maximum resistance when closed. The device is designed to allow out pin to be externally forced to a higher voltage than the IN pin when the switch is off.

## Fault Flag Conditions

The fault flag is an N-channel, open drain MOSFET output. The active low fault flag is asserted when one of the following conditions exist:

1. Undervoltage
2. Soft Start
3. Overcurrent
4. Overtemperature

## Undervoltage Lockout

This voltage lockout mechanism prevents the output MOSFET switches from turning on until $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ is $\geq 2.7 \mathrm{~V}$.

After the switch turns on, if the voltage at $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ drops below +2.5 V , the lockout circuitry shuts off the output MOSFET switch and signals the FLG fault flag. In the undervoltage lockout state, the FLG pin will be at a logic low. This detection functions only when the MOSFET switch is enabled.


Figure 1. Test Circuit for the SP2525


Figure 2. Typical Application Circuit for the SP2525


Figure 3. Internal Block Diagram for the SP2525

## Output Current Limiting

The switch control circuit will implement current limiting which prevents damage to the device and the external load while allowing a minimum current of 0.5 A .

The SP2525 MOSFET switches will exhibit very low resistance ( $\leq 100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ ) or voltage drop until the current limit is reached. As the load resistance decreases further, the current supplied will decrease until it reaches the foldback current, 500 mA minimum. The foldback current is the current that is delivered into a short circuit at the output.

If a MOSFET switch is enabled into a heavy load or short-circuit, the switch will immediately go into a constant-current mode, reducing the output voltage. The fault flag is forced low until the excessive load is removed.

## Thermal Shutdown

Thermal shutdown is asserted if the die temperature exceeds $135^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and will not release until the die temperature drops below $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Thermal shutdown will disable the output MOSFET switch and force fault flag low.

The delay between flag assertion and thermal shutdown can vary with ambient temperature, board layout, and load impedance, but is typically several hundred milliseconds. The USB controller, recognizing a fault, can disable the device within this time, otherwise the device will thermal cycle. This does not cause damage to the SP2525.

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

## Bypass Capacitors

Recommended is a $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ to $1.0 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ bypass capacitor from the IN pin to the GND pin to control power supply transients. Without a bypass capacitor, an output short may cause sufficient ringing to damage the internal circuitry.

Input or output transients must not exceed the absolute maximum supply voltage even for a short duration without risk of damage to the device. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}(\operatorname{MAX})}=+6.0 \mathrm{~V}$.

## Soft Start Condition

The soft start feature of the SP2525 device is implemented by holding the output turn on rise time to 1 ms . When off, the device has high impedance MOSFET channels that slowly become low impedance as the device powers on. This prevents an inrush current from causing voltage drops that result from charging a capacitive load. This satisfies the USB voltage droop requirements for bus-powered applications.

## Enable Input

The EN control pin must be driven to a logic high or logic low for a clearly defined signal input. Floating this control line may cause unpredictable operation.

## Transient Overcurrent Filter

When the SP2525 device is enabled, large values of capacitance at the output of the device will cause inrush current to exceed the short circuit current-limit threshold of the device and assert a flag fault condition. The duration of this time will depend on the size of the output capacitance. During the capacitance charging time, the device enters constant-current mode. As the capacitance is charged, the current decreases below the short circuit current-limit threshold and the fault flags will be de-asserted.

In USB applications, it is required that output bulk capacitance is utilized to support hot-plug occurrences. When the SP2525 device is enabled, the flag may go active for about 1 ms due to inrush current exceeding the current-limit. Additionally, during hot-plug events, inrush currents may also cause the fault flag to go active for 1 ms . Since these conditions are not valid overcurrent faults, the USB controller must ignore the fault flags during these events. To prevent this, a 1 ms RC filter maybe useful as shown in Figure. Alternatively, a 1ms debounce routine may be programmed into the USB logic controller, eliminating the need for the RC filter.

## Soft Start Condition

The soft start feature of the SP2525 is implemented by holding the output turn-on rise time to 1 ms . When off, the device has high impedance MOSFET channels that slowly become low impedance as the device powers on. This prevents an inrush current from causing voltage drops that result from charging a capacitive load and can pull the USB voltage bus below specified levels. This satisfies the USB voltage droop requirements for bus-powered applications.

The SP2525 can provide inrush current limiting for applications with large load capacitances where $\mathrm{C}_{\text {BULK }}>10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. Refer to the circuit in Figure 7 for a configuration that will meet USB transient regulation specifications with large load capacitances.

## Enable Input

The ENA and ENB control pins must be driven to a logic high or logic low for a clearly defined signal input. Floating these control lines may cause unpredictable operation.

## USB Compliance

The SP2525 is ideal for self-powered and buspowered Universal Serial Bus (USB) applications. A USB port provides a +5.0 V bus and ground return line in addition to a twisted pair for data.

The SP2525 will comply with the following USB requirements:

1) The fault current is well below the UL 25 VA safety requirements;
2) The Flag Outputs are available to indicate fault conditions to USB controllers;
3) The MOSFET switches' low on-resistance meets USB voltage drop requirements;
4) Each MOSFET switch channel can supply 500 mA as required by USB downstream devices;
5) Soft start eliminates any momentary voltage drops on the upstream port that may occur when the switches are enabled in bus-powered applications.

Refer to Table 1 for a USB compliance summary of the SP2525. Additional features include the following:
6) An Undervoltage Lockout ensures that the device remains off unless there is a valid input supply voltage present;
7) +3.3 V and +5.0 V logic compatible enable inputs;
8) Thermal Shutdown prevents the possibility of catastrophic switch failure from high-current loads;
8) The device is available in both active-high and active-low versions.

Refer to Figures 8 to 23 for typical performance characteristics of the SP2525.


Figure 4. Bypass Capacitor at the Supply Pins


Figure 5. An RC Filter for Overcurrent Faults


Figure 6. Soft Start Circuit Configuration for a Single Channel USB-powered Application with the SP2526


Figure 7. Soft Start Circuit Configuration for SP2526 Applications with Large Load Capacitances

| USB Requirement | SP2525 Compliant Feature |
| :--- | :--- |
| Inrush current limiting required | Soft start turns on in 1 ms |
| Suspend State of $<500 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ Required | Suspend Current of $1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ maximum |
| Bus powered hubs must have 350 mV maximum <br> drop from cable plug to port | Switch on resistance of $140 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ maximum <br> (translates to 70 mV at 500 mA ) |
| Voltage supplied to host or hub port is +4.75 V to +5.25 V | Operating range of +3.0 V to +5.5 V |
| A device that draws bus power must have a stable <br> supply within 100 ms of $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Bus }}$ reaching +4.4 V | Turns on in 1 ms |
| Over-current reporting capability required | Open drain fault flags |

Table 1. USB Protocol Compliance of the SP2525 Device

## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}$, single MOSFET switch section, and $\mathrm{T}_{\text {AMB }}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise noted.


Figure 8. Output On-Resistance vs. Supply Voltage


Figure 10. Undervoltage Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature


Figure 9. Output On-Resistance vs. Temperature


Figure 11. Control Threshold vs. Supply Voltage

## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

$\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}$, single MOSFET switch section, and $\mathrm{T}_{\text {AMB }}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise noted.


Figure 12. Off-State Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage


Figure 14. Control Threshold vs. Temperature


Figure 13. Off-State Supply Current vs. Temperature


Figure 15. Input Voltage Response

## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}$, single MOSFET switch section, and $\mathrm{T}_{\text {AMB }}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise noted.


Figure 16. Current-Limit Response with a Ramped Load


Figure 18. Turn-on/Turn-off Characteristics where $\boldsymbol{R}_{L}$ $=35 \Omega$ and $C_{L}=150 \mu \mathrm{~F}$


Figure 17. Turn-on/Turn-off Characteristics where RL $=35 \Omega$ and $C L=10 \mu F$


Figure 19. Short Circuit Response (Enable into Short Circuit)

## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

$\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}$, single MOSFET switch section, and $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{AMB}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise noted.


Figure 20. Short Circuit Response (Short Applied to Output)


Figure 22. Short Circuit Response (Enable into Short Circuit)


Figure 21. Short Circuit Response (Short Applied to Output)


Figure 23. Current Limit Response (Pulsed Load Applied at Output)

## PACKAGE: PLASTIC

 SMALL OUTLINE (SOIC) (NARROW)

| DIMENSIONS (Inches) Minimum/Maximum (mm) | 8-PIN | 14-PIN | 16-PIN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | $\begin{gathered} 0.053 / 0.069 \\ (1.346 / 1.748) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.053 / 0.069 \\ (1.346 / 1.748) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.053 / 0.069 \\ (1.346 / 1.748) \end{gathered}$ |
| A1 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.004 / 0.010 \\ & (0.102 / 0.249 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.004 / 0.010 \\ (0.102 / 0.249) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.004 / 0.010 \\ (0.102 / 0.249) \end{gathered}$ |
| B | $\begin{gathered} 0.014 / 0.019 \\ (0.35 / 0.49) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.013 / 0.020 \\ (0.330 / 0.508) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.013 / 0.020 \\ (0.330 / 0.508) \end{gathered}$ |
| D | $\begin{gathered} 0.189 / 0.197 \\ (4.80 / 5.00) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.337 / 0.344 \\ (8.552 / 8.748) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.386 / 0.394 \\ (9.802 / 10.000) \end{gathered}$ |
| E | $\begin{gathered} 0.150 / 0.157 \\ (3.802 / 3.988) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.150 / 0.157 \\ (3.802 / 3.988) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.150 / 0.157 \\ (3.802 / 3.988) \end{gathered}$ |
| e | $\begin{aligned} & 0.050 \mathrm{BSC} \\ & (1.270 \mathrm{BSC}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.050 \mathrm{BSC} \\ & (1.270 \mathrm{BSC}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0.050 BSC } \\ & \text { (1.270 BSC) } \end{aligned}$ |
| H | $\begin{gathered} 0.228 / 0.244 \\ (5.801 / 6.198) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.228 / 0.244 \\ (5.801 / 6.198) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.228 / 0.244 \\ (5.801 / 6.198) \end{gathered}$ |
| h | $\begin{gathered} 0.010 / 0.020 \\ (0.254 / 0.498) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.010 / 0.020 \\ (0.254 / 0.498) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.010 / 0.020 \\ (0.254 / 0.498) \end{gathered}$ |
| L | $\begin{gathered} 0.016 / 0.050 \\ (0.406 / 1.270) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.016 / 0.050 \\ (0.406 / 1.270) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.016 / 0.050 \\ (0.406 / 1.270) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\varnothing$ | $\begin{gathered} 0^{\circ} / 8^{\circ} \\ \left(0^{\circ} / 8^{\circ}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0^{\circ} / 8^{\circ} \\ \left(0^{\circ} / 8^{\circ}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0^{\circ} / 8^{\circ} \\ \left(0^{\circ} / 8^{\circ}\right) \end{gathered}$ |



## SIGNALPROCESSING EXC EШENCE

## Sipex Corporation

## Headquarters and Main Offices:

22 Linnell Circle
Billerica, MA 01821
TEL: (978) 667-8700
FAX: (978) 670-9001
e-mail: sales@sipex.com

## 233 South Hillview Drive

 Milpitas, CA 95035TEL: (408) 935-7600
FAX: (408) 934-7500

