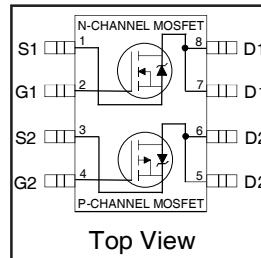


# IRF9952QPbF

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- Dual N and P Channel MOSFET
- Surface Mount
- Available in Tape & Reel
- 150°C Operating Temperature
- Automotive [Q101] Qualified
- Lead-Free

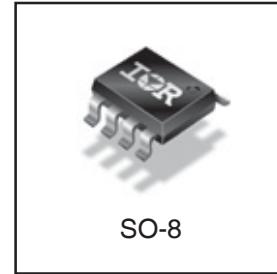


	N-Ch	P-Ch
V <sub>DSS</sub>	30V	-30V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	0.10Ω	0.25Ω

## Description

Specifically designed for Automotive applications, these HEXFET® Power MOSFET's in a Dual SO-8 package utilize the latest processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. Additional features of these Automotive qualified HEXFET Power MOSFET's are a 150°C junction operating temperature, fast switching speed and improved repetitive avalanche rating. These benefits combine to make this design an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in Automotive applications and a wide variety of other applications.

The efficient SO-8 package provides enhanced thermal characteristics and dual MOSFET die capability making it ideal in a variety of power applications. This dual, surface mount SO-8 can dramatically reduce board space and is also available in Tape & Reel.



	Symbol	Maximum		Units
		N-Channel	P-Channel	
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	30		V
Gate-Source Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub>	± 20		
Continuous Drain Current <sup>⑤</sup>	I <sub>D</sub>	3.5	-2.3	A
		2.8	-1.8	
Pulsed Drain Current	I <sub>DM</sub>	16	-10	
Continuous Source Current (Diode Conduction)	I <sub>S</sub>	1.7	-1.3	
Maximum Power Dissipation <sup>⑤</sup>	P <sub>D</sub>	2.0		W
		1.3		
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy	E <sub>AS</sub>	44	57	mJ
Avalanche Current	I <sub>AR</sub>	2.0	-1.3	A
Repetitive Avalanche Energy	E <sub>AR</sub>	0.25		mJ
Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt <sup>②</sup>	dv/dt	5.0	-5.0	V/ns
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to + 150		°C

## Thermal Resistance Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>⑥</sup>	R <sub>θJA</sub>	62.5	°C/W

# IRF9952QPbF

International  
Rectifier

## Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

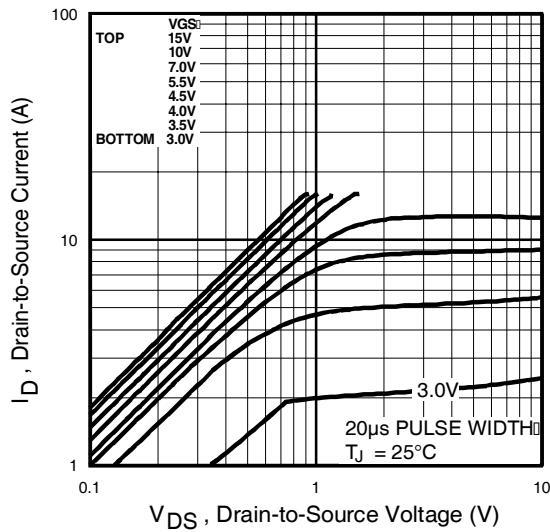
	Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	N-Ch	30	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
		P-Ch	-30	—	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = -250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	N-Ch	—	0.015	—	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D = 1\text{mA}$
		P-Ch	—	0.015	—		Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D = -1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	N-Ch	—	0.08	0.10	$\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 2.2\text{A}$ ④
		—	—	0.12	0.15		$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 1.0\text{A}$ ④
		—	—	0.165	0.250		$V_{GS} = -10V, I_D = -1.0\text{A}$ ④
		P-Ch	—	0.290	0.400		$V_{GS} = -4.5V, I_D = -0.50\text{A}$ ④
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	N-Ch	1.0	—	—	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
		P-Ch	-1.0	—	—		$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250\mu\text{A}$
$g_{fs}$	Forward Transconductance	N-Ch	—	12	—	S	$V_{DS} = 15V, I_D = 3.5\text{A}$ ④
		P-Ch	—	2.4	—		$V_{DS} = -15V, I_D = -2.3\text{A}$ ④
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	N-Ch	—	—	2.0	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DS} = 24V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		P-Ch	—	—	-2.0		$V_{DS} = -24V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		N-Ch	—	—	25		$V_{DS} = 24V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
		P-Ch	—	—	-25		$V_{DS} = -24V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	N-P	—	—	$\pm 100$	nA	$V_{GS} = \pm 20V$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	N-Ch	—	6.9	14	nC	N-Channel $I_D = 1.8\text{A}, V_{DS} = 10V, V_{GS} = 10V$ ④
		P-Ch	—	6.1	12		P-Channel $I_D = -2.3\text{A}, V_{DS} = -10V, V_{GS} = -10V$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	N-Ch	—	1.0	2.0	nC	
		P-Ch	—	1.7	3.4		
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	N-Ch	—	1.8	3.5	nC	
		P-Ch	—	1.1	2.2		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	N-Ch	—	6.2	12	ns	N-Channel $V_{DD} = 10V, I_D = 1.0\text{A}, R_G = 6.0\Omega, R_D = 10\Omega$ ④
		P-Ch	—	9.7	19		
$t_r$	Rise Time	N-Ch	—	8.8	18	ns	P-Channel $V_{DD} = -10V, I_D = -1.0\text{A}, R_G = 6.0\Omega, R_D = 10\Omega$ ④
		P-Ch	—	14	28		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	N-Ch	—	13	26	ns	
		P-Ch	—	20	40		
$t_f$	Fall Time	N-Ch	—	3.0	6.0	ns	
		P-Ch	—	6.9	14		
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	N-Ch	—	190	—	pF	N-Channel $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 15V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
		P-Ch	—	190	—		
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	N-Ch	—	120	—	pF	P-Channel $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = -15V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
		P-Ch	—	110	—		
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	N-Ch	—	61	—	pF	
		P-Ch	—	54	—		

## Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

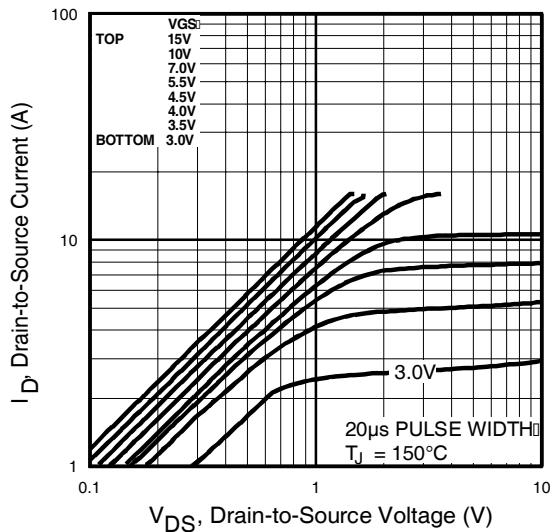
	Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	N-Ch	—	—	1.7	A	
		P-Ch	—	—	-1.3		
$I_{SM}$	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ④	N-Ch	—	—	16	A	
		P-Ch	—	—	16		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	N-Ch	—	0.82	1.2	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 1.25\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0V$ ④
		P-Ch	—	-0.82	-1.2		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = -1.25\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0V$ ④
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	N-Ch	—	27	53	ns	N-Channel $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 1.25\text{A}, di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
		P-Ch	—	27	54		
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	N-Ch	—	28	57	nC	P-Channel $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = -1.25\text{A}, di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ④
		P-Ch	—	31	62		

### Notes:

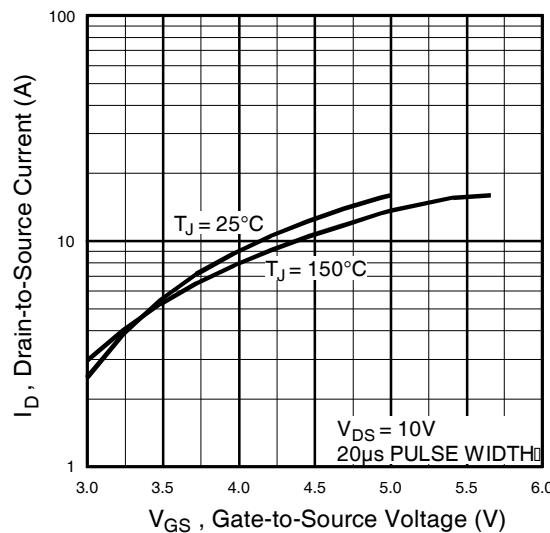
- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. ( See fig. 23 )
- ② N-Channel  $I_{SD} \leq 2.0\text{A}$ ,  $di/dt \leq 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$ ,  $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$   
P-Channel  $I_{SD} \leq -1.3\text{A}$ ,  $di/dt \leq 84\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$ ,  $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$
- ③ N-Channel Starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 22\text{mH}$   $R_G = 25\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 2.0\text{A}$ . (See Figure 12)  
P-Channel Starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 67\text{mH}$   $R_G = 25\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = -1.3\text{A}$ .
- ④ Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ⑤ Surface mounted on FR-4 board,  $t \leq 10\text{sec}$ .



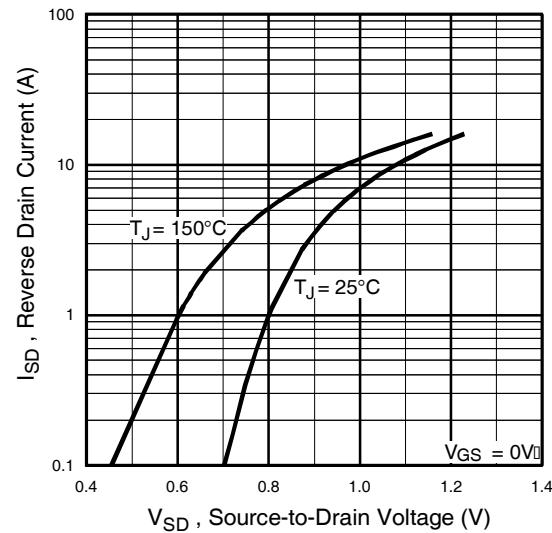
**Fig 1.** Typical Output Characteristics



**Fig 2.** Typical Output Characteristics



**Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics

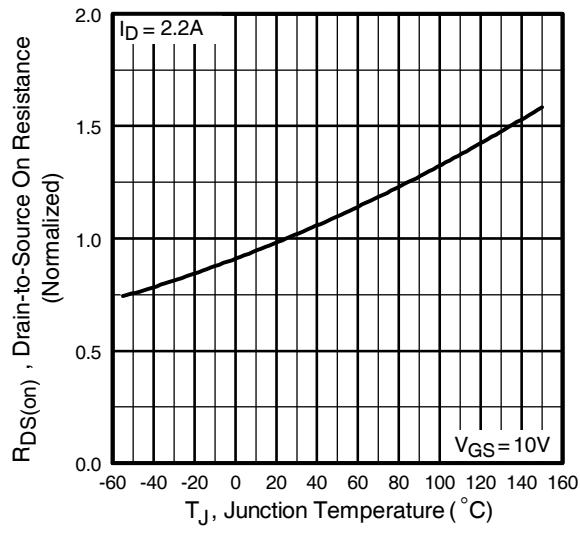


**Fig 4.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

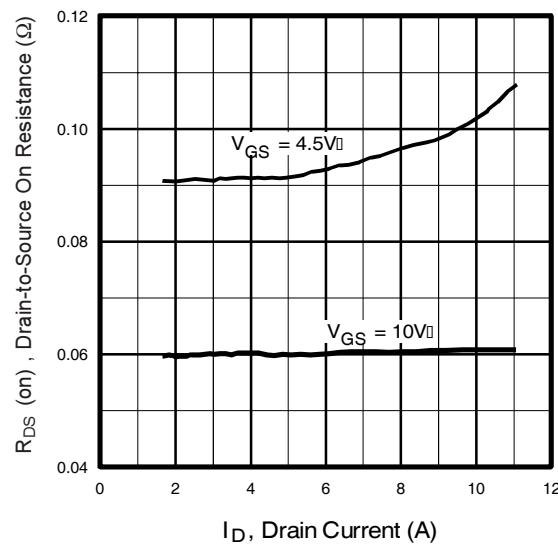
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N-Channel

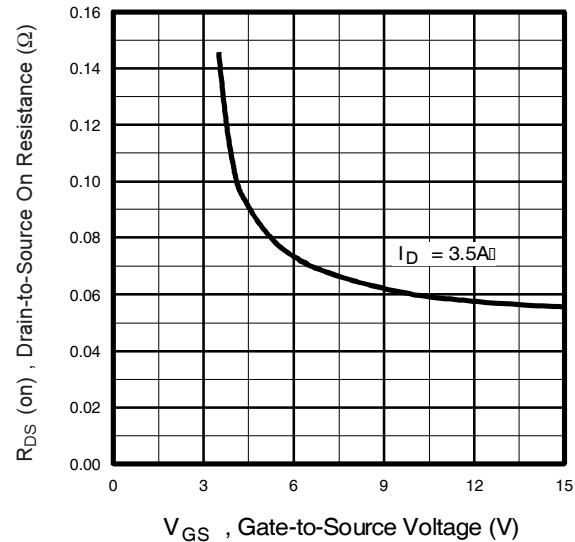
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**Fig 5.** Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

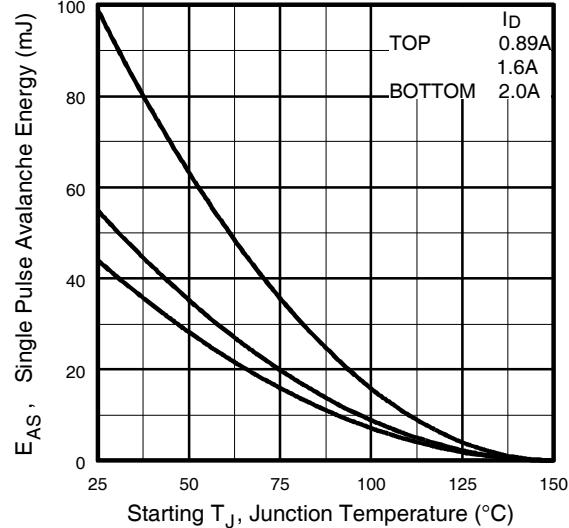


**Fig 6.** Typical On-Resistance Vs. Drain Current



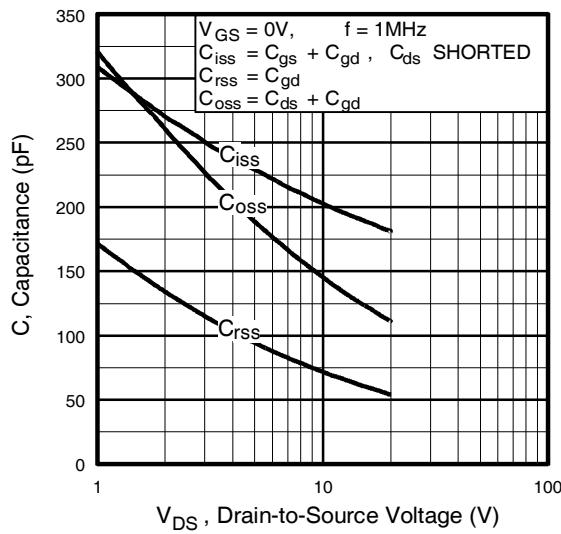
**Fig 7.** Typical On-Resistance Vs. Gate Voltage

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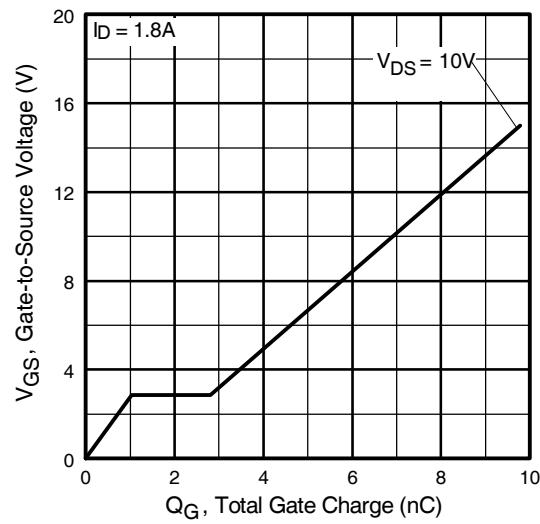


**Fig 8.** Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

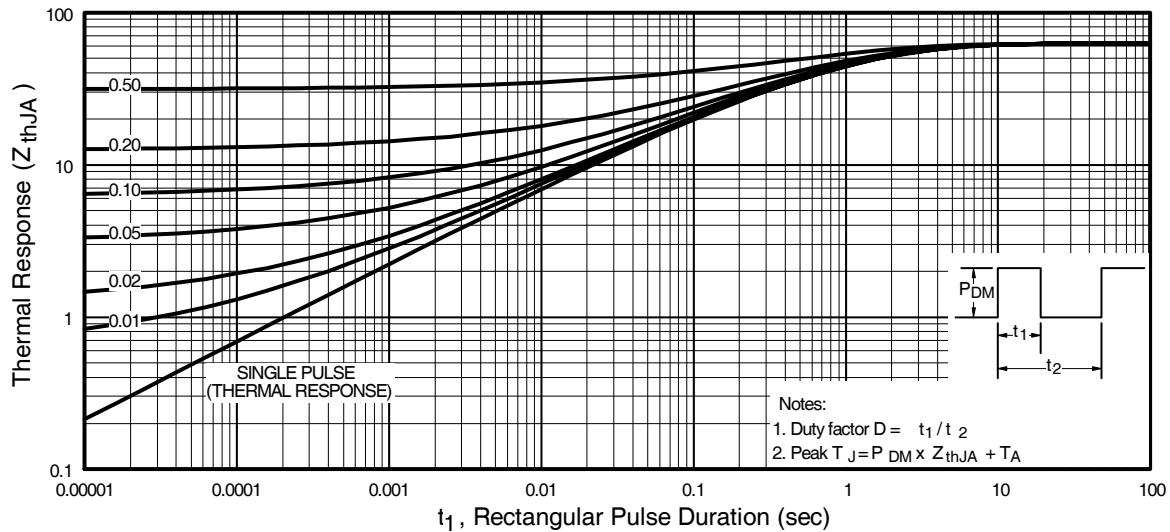
4



**Fig 9.** Typical Capacitance Vs.  
Drain-to-Source Voltage



**Fig 10.** Typical Gate Charge Vs.  
Gate-to-Source Voltage

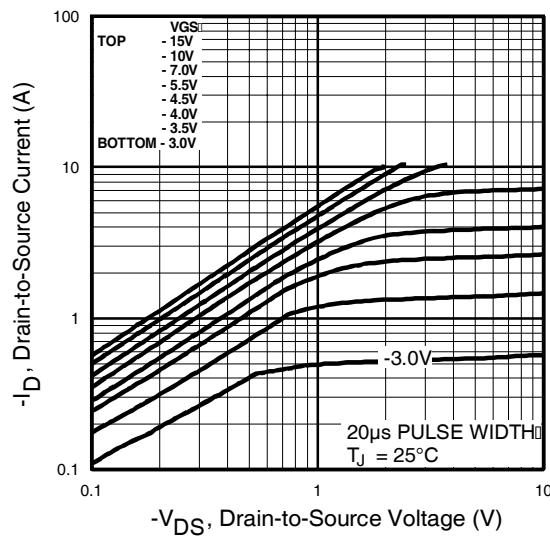


**Fig 11.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

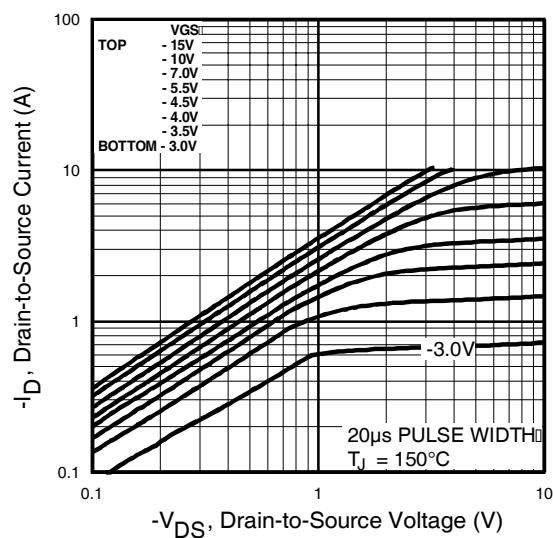
# IRF9952QPbF

P-Channel

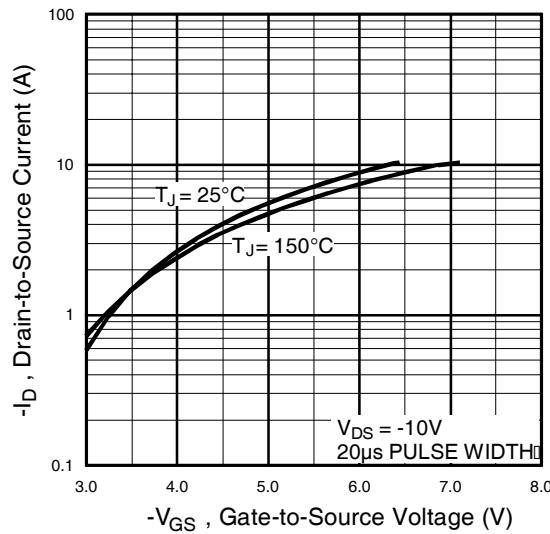
International  
Rectifier



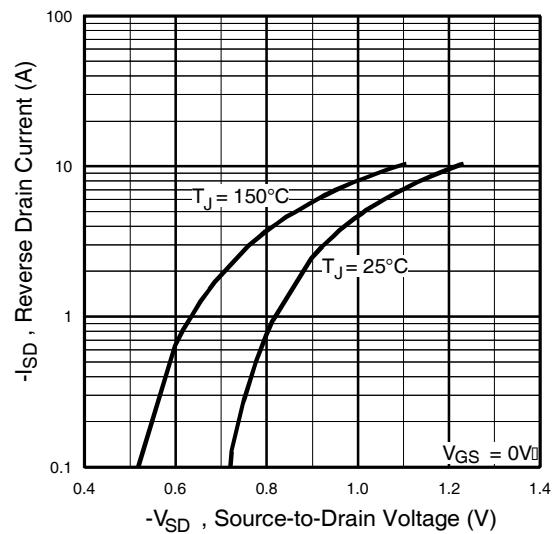
**Fig 12.** Typical Output Characteristics



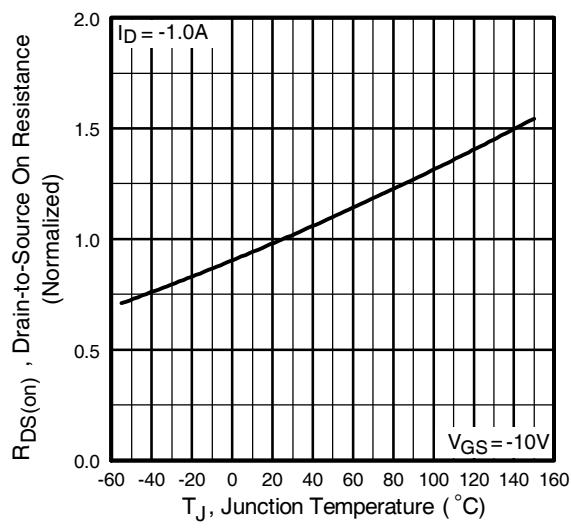
**Fig 13.** Typical Output Characteristics



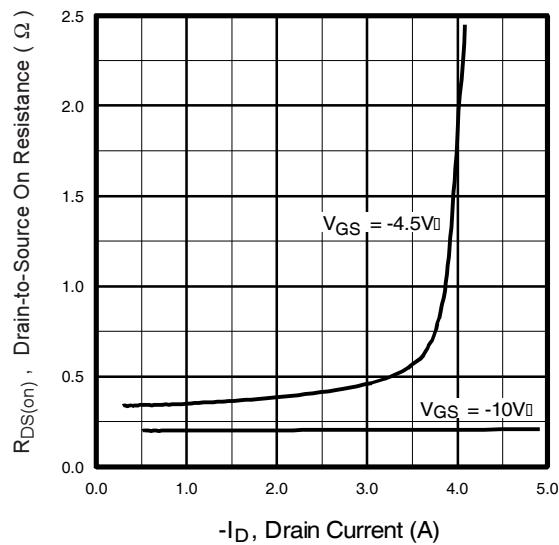
**Fig 14.** Typical Transfer Characteristics



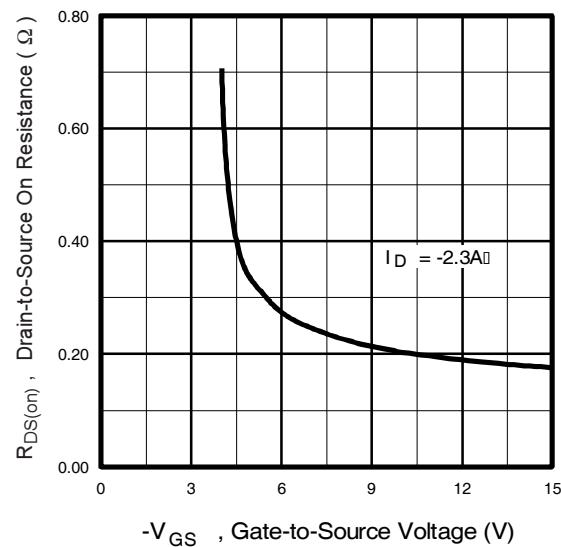
**Fig 15.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



**Fig 16.** Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

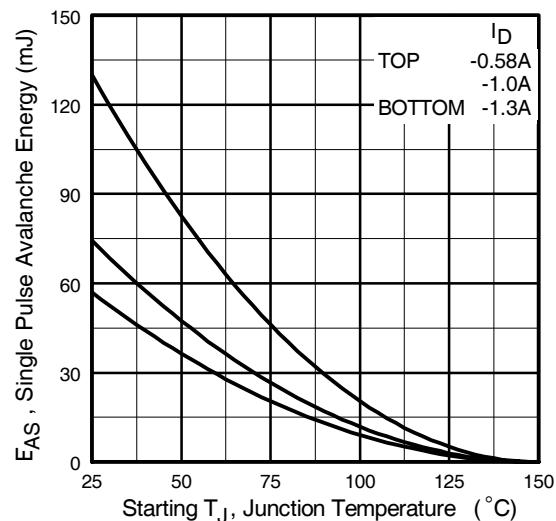


**Fig 17.** Typical On-Resistance Vs. Drain Current



**Fig 18.** Typical On-Resistance Vs. Gate Voltage

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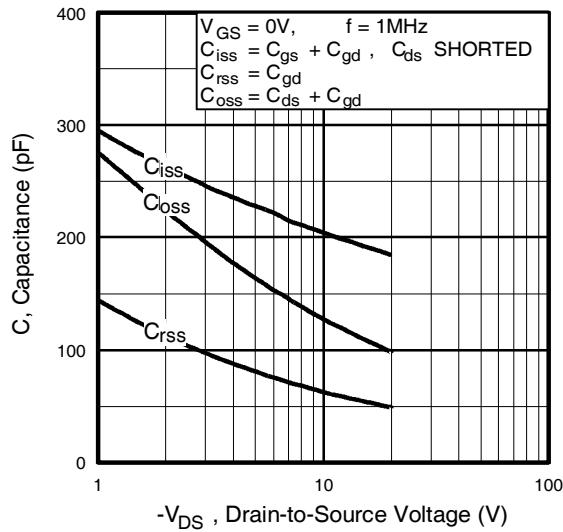
**Fig 19.** Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

7

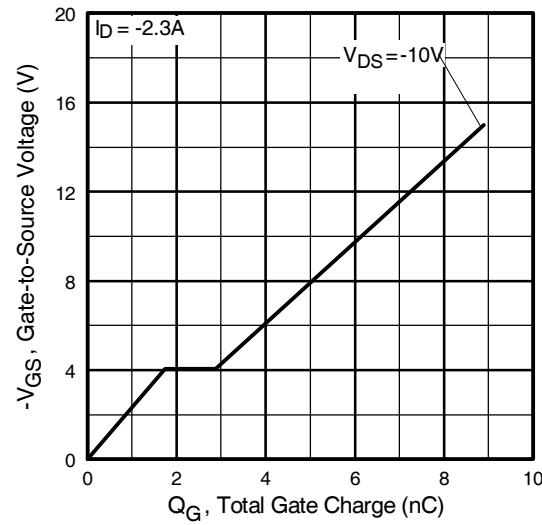
# IRF9952QPbF

P-Channel

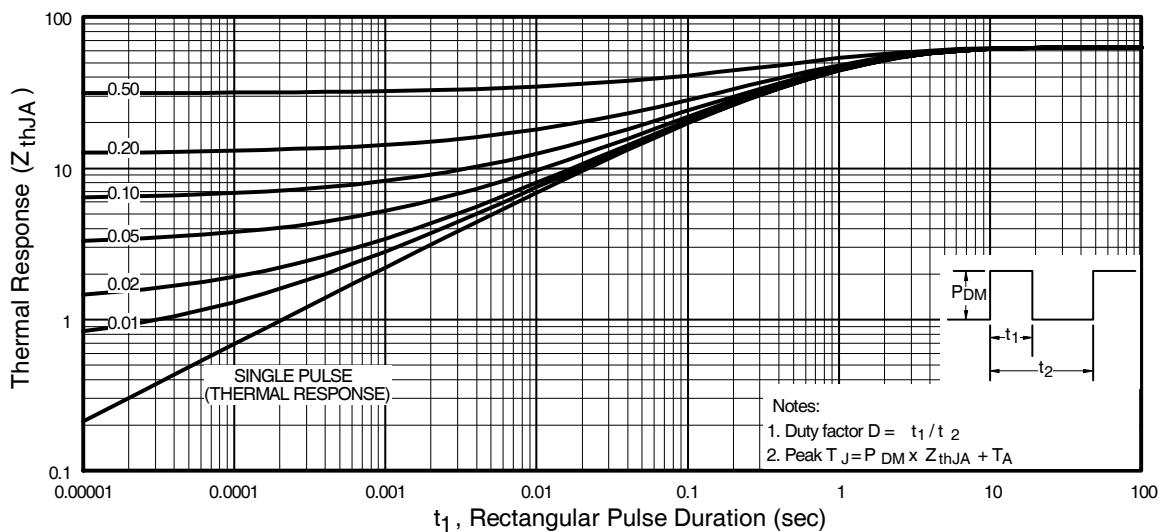
International  
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**Fig 20.** Typical Capacitance Vs.  
Drain-to-Source Voltage



**Fig 21.** Typical Gate Charge Vs.  
Gate-to-Source Voltage



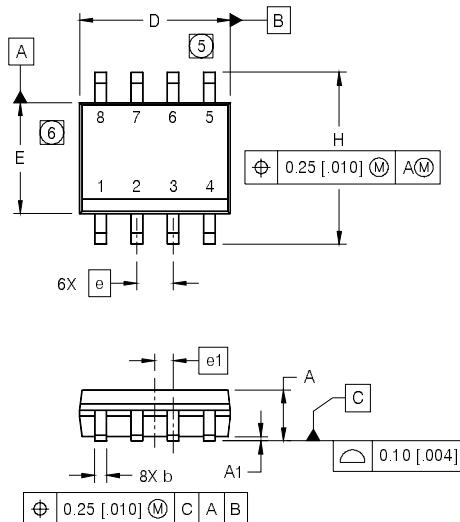
**Fig 22.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient  
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**IR** Rectifier

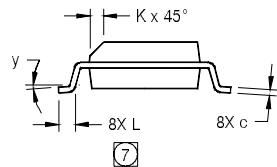
**IRF9952QPbF**

## SO-8 Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)

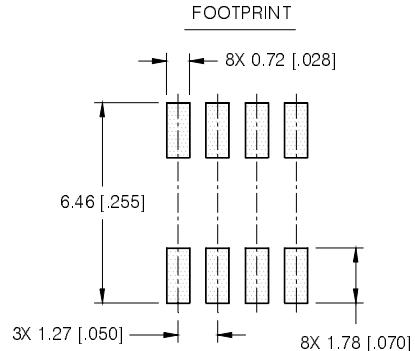


DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.0532	.0688	1.35	1.75
A1	.0040	.0098	0.10	0.25
b	.013	.020	0.33	0.51
c	.0075	.0098	0.19	0.25
D	.189	.1968	4.80	5.00
E	.1497	.1574	3.80	4.00
e	.050 BASIC		1.27 BASIC	
e1	.025 BASIC		0.635 BASIC	
H	.2284	.2440	5.80	6.20
K	.0099	.0196	0.25	0.50
L	.016	.050	0.40	1.27
y	0°	8°	0°	8°



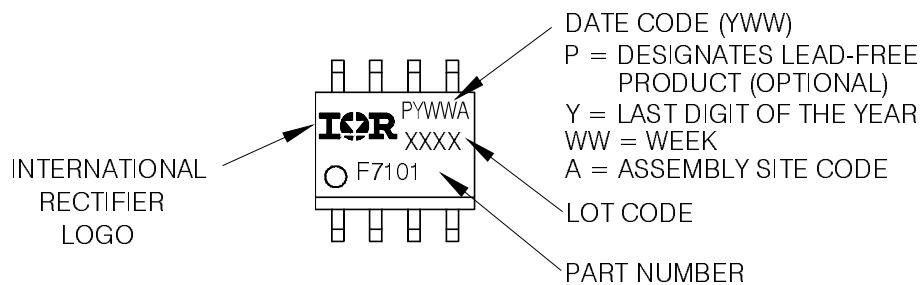
### NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER
3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
4. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE MS-012AA.
- 5) DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS. MOLD PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.15 [.006].
- 6) DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS. MOLD PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.25 [.010].
- 7) DIMENSION IS THE LENGTH OF LEAD FOR SOLDERING TO A SUBSTRATE.



## SO-8 Part Marking

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF7101 (MOSFET)



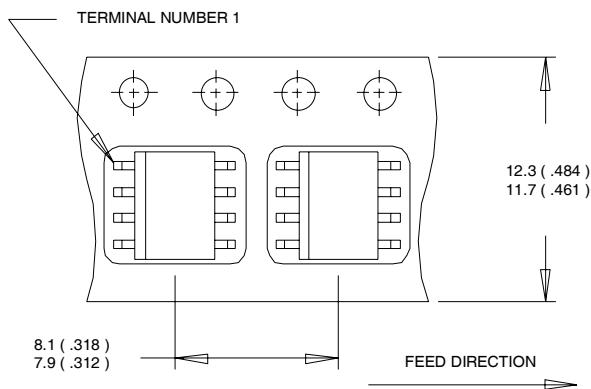
Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>  
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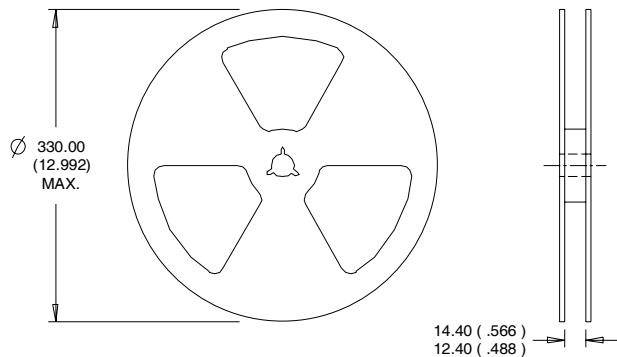
## SO-8 Tape and Reel

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS(INCHES).
3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



NOTES :

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
2. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.  
This product has been designed and qualified for the Automotive [Q101] market.  
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

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**IR** Rectifier

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