

MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR 2SK3900

SWITCHING N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET

DESCRIPTION

The 2SK3900 is N-channel MOS Field Effect Transistor designed for high current switching applications.

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE
2SK3900-ZP	TO-263 (MP-25ZP)

FEATURES

• Super low on-state resistance

 $R_{DS(on)1} = 8.0 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.} \text{ (VGS = 10 V, ID = 41 A)}$

 $R_{DS(on)2} = 10 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.} \text{ (Vgs} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 41 \text{ A)}$

- Low Ciss: Ciss = 3500 pF TYP.
- Built-in gate protection diode

(TO-263)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A = 25$ °C)

Drain to Source Voltage (V _{GS} = 0 V)	VDSS	60	V
Gate to Source Voltage (V _{DS} = 0 V)	Vgss	±20	V
Drain Current (DC) (Tc = 25°C)	ID(DC)	±82	Α
Drain Current (pulse) Note1	D(pulse)	±246	Α
Total Power Dissipation (Tc = 25°C)	P _{T1}	104	W
Total Power Dissipation (T _A = 25°C)	P _{T2}	1.5	W
Channel Temperature	Tch	150	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 to +150	°C
Single Avalanche Energy Note2	Eas	141	mJ
Repetitive Avalanche Current Note3	lar	37.5	Α
Repetitive Avalanche Energy Note3	Ear	141	mJ

Notes 1. PW \leq 10 μ s, Duty Cycle \leq 1%

- **2.** Starting T_{ch} = 25°C, V_{DD} = 30 V, R_G = 25 Ω , V_{GS} = 20 \rightarrow 0 V, L = 100 μ H
- 3. Rg = 25 Ω , Tch(peak) ≤ 150 °C

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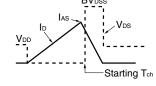


ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

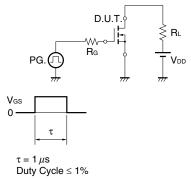
CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	IDSS	V _{DS} = 60 V, V _{GS} = 0 V			10	μΑ
Gate Leakage Current	Igss	V _{GS} = ±20 V, V _{DS} = 0 V			±10	μΑ
Gate Cut-off Voltage	V _{GS(off)}	V _{DS} = 10 V, I _D = 1 mA	1.5	2.0	2.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance Note	y _{fs}	V _{DS} = 10 V, I _D = 41 A	28.1	56		S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance Note	RDS(on)1	V _{GS} = 10 V, I _D = 41 A		6.3	8.0	mΩ
	R _{DS(on)2}	V _{GS} = 4.5 V, I _D = 41 A		7.4	10	mΩ
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V _{DS} = 10 V		3500		pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	V _{GS} = 0 V		660		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		240		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	t _{d(on)}	V _{DD} = 30 V, I _D = 41 A		18		ns
Rise Time	t r	V _{GS} = 10 V		11		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	t _{d(off)}	R _G = 0 Ω		62		ns
Fall Time	tr			5.5		ns
Total Gate Charge	Q G	V _{DD} = 48 V		65.5		nC
Gate to Source Charge	Qgs	V _{GS} = 10 V		11.5		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q _{GD}	I _D = 82 A		16.5		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage Note	V _F (S-D)	I _F = 82 A, V _{GS} = 0 V		0.95	1.5	V
Reverse Recovery Time	trr	I _F = 82 A, V _{GS} = 0 V		41		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	di/dt = 100 A/μs		61		nC

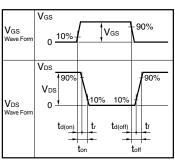
Note Pulsed

TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY



TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME



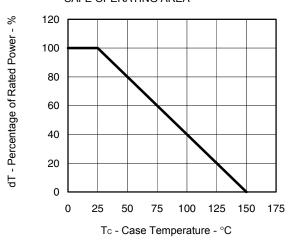


TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE

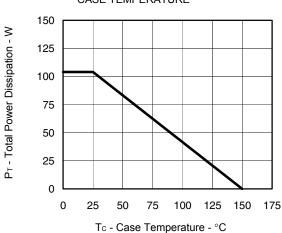
$$\begin{array}{c|c} D.U.T. \\ \hline I_G = 2 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \hline WV \circ U \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \hline \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c}$$

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

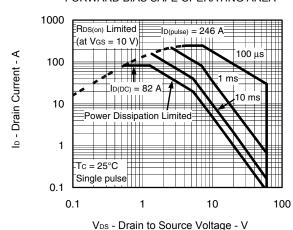
DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

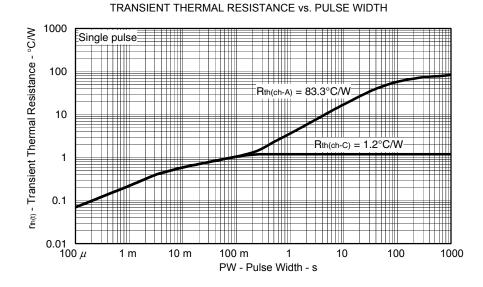


TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. CASE TEMPERATURE



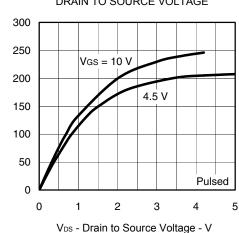
FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



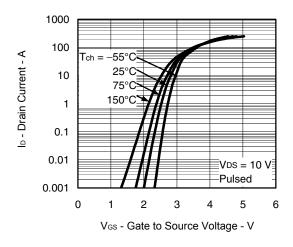


lo - Drain Current - A

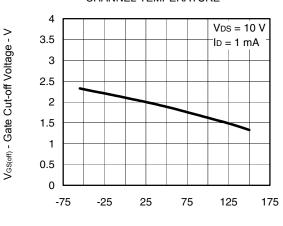
DRAIN CURRENT vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



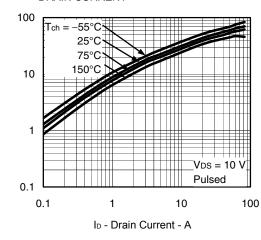
FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



GATE CUT-OFF VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE

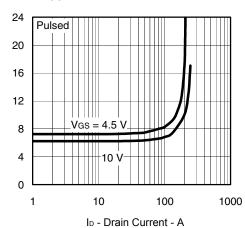


FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

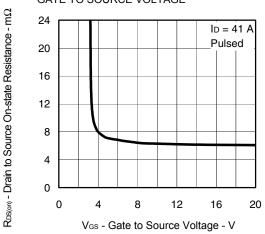


T_{ch} - Channel Temperature - °C

DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



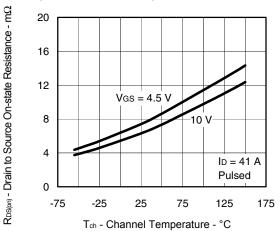
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



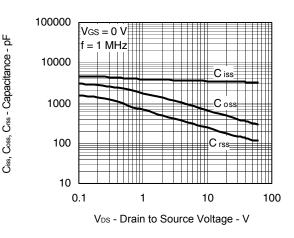
R_{DS(on)} - Drain to Source On-state Resistance - mΩ

y_{fs} | - Forward Transfer Admittance - S

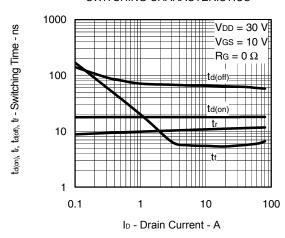
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



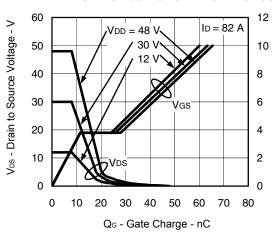
CAPACITANCE vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



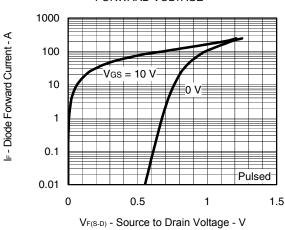
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



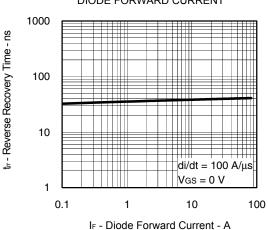
DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS



SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



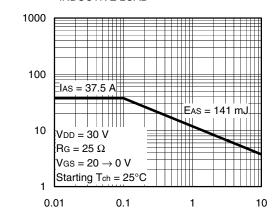
REVERSE RECOVERY TIME vs. DIODE FORWARD CURRENT



Ves - Gate to Source Voltage - V

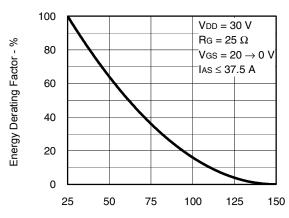
IAS - Single Avalanche Current - A

SINGLE AVALANCHE CURRENT vs. INDUCTIVE LOAD



L - Inductive Load - mH

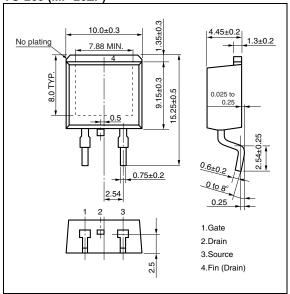
SINGLE AVALANCHE ENERGY DERATING FACTOR



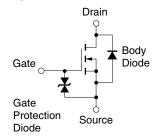
Starting T_{ch} - Starting Channel Temperature - $^{\circ}$ C

PACKAGE DRAWING (Unit: mm)

TO-263 (MP-25ZP)



EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



Remark The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD.

When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

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