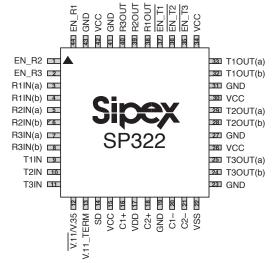


Programmable V.11/V.35 Transceiver

- +5V Only Operation
- Programmable V.11 or V.35 Selection
- Three Differential V.11 Transceivers in V.11 Mode
- Three Differential V.35 Transceivers in V.35 Mode
- No External Resistor Termination for Compliant V.35 Operation
- V.11 Cable Termination (approx. 120Ω) Internally Configured in V.11 Mode
- Tri-State capability on drivers and receivers
- Ideal low cost solution for X.25 or Frame Relay Serial Ports

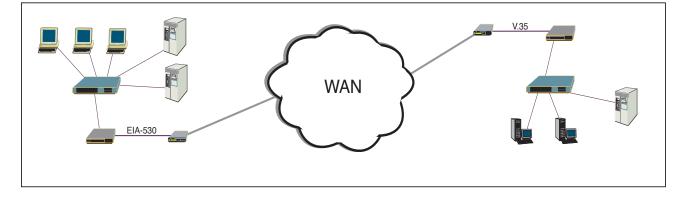


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DESCRIPTION

The **SP322** is a programmable V.11 or V.35 transceiver IC. The **SP322** contains three drivers and three receivers when selected in each mode. The selection is done by the V.11/V.35 select pin. The V.11 transceivers can typically operate at 10Mbps while adhering to the ITU V.11 specifications. The V.35 transceivers can operate up to 10Mbps while adhering to the ITU V.35 specifications.

The **SP322** contains internal resistor termination for compliant V.35 operation as well as the V.11 termination on the receiver inputs for optional cable termination. Each **SP322** driver contains a control pin which disables the output and places the output pins in a high impedance state. Each receiver also has a control pin which places the receiver outputs in a high impedance state. The enable pins will disconnect the internal termination network for whichever mode the **SP322** is selected. For the receivers, the enable pin will place the input pins in a high impedance (approx. $15k\Omega$). This allows for convenient DTE-DCE configuration by connecting the driver outputs to the receiver inputs, thus allowing the enable pins to select the desired DTE or DCE operation



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

V _{cc}	+7V
Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C
Power Dissipation	
44-pin Plastic QFP	1500mW
Package Derating:	
44-pin Plastic QFP	
Ø _{JA}	52°C/W



CAUTION: ESD (ElectroStatic Discharge) sensitive device. Permanent damage may occur on unconnected devices subject to high energy electrostatic fields. Unused devices must be stored in conductive foam or shunts. Personnel should be properly grounded prior to handling this device. The protective foam should be discharged to the destination socket before devices are removed.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CONDITIONS
LOGIC INPUTS					
V _{IL}			0.8	Volts	
V _{IH}	2.0			Volts	
LOGIC OUTPUTS					
V _{OL}			0.4	Volts	I _{OUT} = -3.2mA
V _{OH}	2.4			Volts	$I_{OUT} = 1.0 \text{mA}$
V.35 DRIVER					
DC Characteristics					
Outputs					
Test Terminated Voltage	±0.44	±0.55	±0.66	Volts	per Figure 10
Source Impedance	50	100	150	Ω	per Figure 11
Short Circuit Impedance	135	150	165	Ω	per Figure 12
Offset			±0.6	Volts	per Figure 10
AC Characteristics					
Outputs Transition Time			40	20	per Eigure 12: 10% to 00%
Propagation Delay			40	ns	per Figure 13; 10% to 90%
	40	70	100	ns	per Figures 18 and 19
t _{PHL} t	40	70	100	ns	per Figures 18 and 19
t _{PLH} Max. Transmission Rate	10		100	Mbps	per Figures 18 and 19
				mope	
V.35 RECEIVER					
DC Characteristics					
Inputs					
Input Sensitivity		<u>+</u> 80		mV	
Input Impedance	90	100	110	Ω	per Figure 14
Short Circuit Impedance	135	150	165	Ω	per Figure 15
AC Characteristics					
Inputs					
Propagation Delay	F 2	100	450		
t _{PHL}	50	100	150	ns	per Figures 18 and 21
t _{PLH} Max. Transmission Rate	50 10	100	150	ns Mbps	per Figures 18 and 21 per Figure 18
IVIAL TAISIIISSIUIT RALE	10			Mbps	

Typically 25°C @ Vcc = +5V unless otherwise noted

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

pically 25°C @ Vcc = +5V unless otherwise noted.				NICAL CHARACTERISTIC	
pically 25 C \otimes VCC = +5V unit	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CONDITIONS
V.11 DRIVER					
DC Characteristics Outputs Open Circuit Voltage Test Terminated Voltage Balance Offset Short-Circuit Current Power-Off Current AC Characteristics Outputs	±2.0 0.5V _{OC}		± 6.0 ± 5.0 $0.67V_{OC}$ ± 0.4 ± 3.0 ± 150 ± 100	Volts Volts Volts Volts mA µA	per Figure 1 per Figure 2 per Figure 2 per Figure 2 per Figure 3 per Figure 5 $V_{CC} = +5V$ for AC parameters
Transition Time Propagation Delay t _{PHL} Differential Skew Max. Transmission Rate	50 50 10	80 80 20	20 100 100 40	ns ns ns Mbps	per Figure 4; 10% to 90% Using C _L =50pF per Figures 18 and 19 per Figures 18 and 19 per Figures 18 and 19
V.11 RECEIVER <u>DC Characteristics</u> Inputs Common Mode Range Sensitivity Input Current Current w/ 100Ω Term. <u>AC Characteristics</u> Inputs Propagation Delay t_{PHL} t_{PLH} Differential Skew Max. Transmission Rate	-7 50 50 10	110 110 20	+7 ±0.3 ±3.25 ±60.75 150 150	Volts Volts mA mA ns ns ns Mbps	per Figures 6 and 7 per Figures 8 and 9 $V_{CC} = +5V$ for AC parameters Using C _L =50pF per Figures 18 and 21 per Figures 18 and 21 per Figure 18
ENABLE TIMING Driver Enable Time Enable to Low Enable to High Disable Time Disable From Low Disable From High Receiver Enable Time Enable to Low Enable to High Disable Time Disable From Low Disable From High		90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500	ns ns ns ns ns ns ns	See Figures 16 and 20 $C_L=15pF$, S_1 Closed $C_L=15pF$, S_2 Closed See Figures 16 and 20 $C_L=15pF$, S_1 Closed $C_L=15pF$, S_2 Closed See Figures 17 and 22 $C_L=15pF$, S_2 Closed $C_L=15pF$, S_2 Closed $C_L=15pF$, S_2 Closed
POWER REQUIREMENTS Supply Voltage V _{CC} Supply Current I _{CC} Shutdown V.35 Mode V.11 Mode	+4.75	4 45 95	+5.25	Volts μA mA mA	Driver outputs loaded with 100Ω Driver outputs loaded with 100Ω

TEST CIRCUITS...

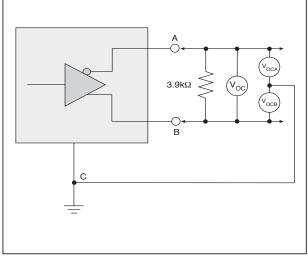


Figure 1. V.11 Driver Output Open-Circuit Voltage

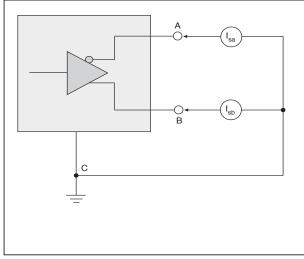


Figure 3. V.11 Driver Output Short-Circuit Current

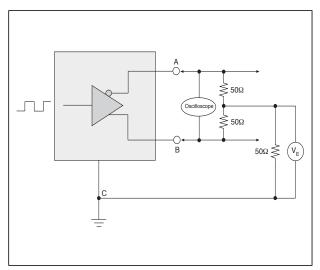


Figure 4. V.11 Driver Output Rise/Fall Time

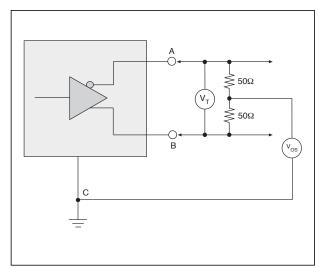


Figure 2. V.11 Driver Output Test Terminated Voltage

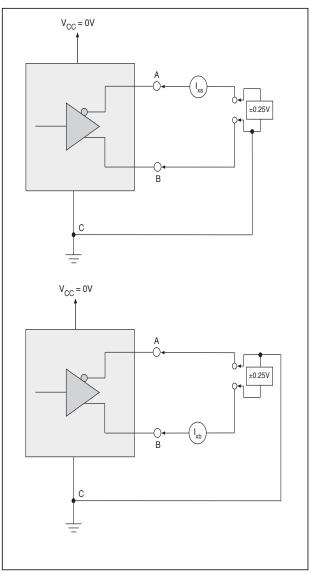


Figure 5. V.11 Driver Output Power-Off Current

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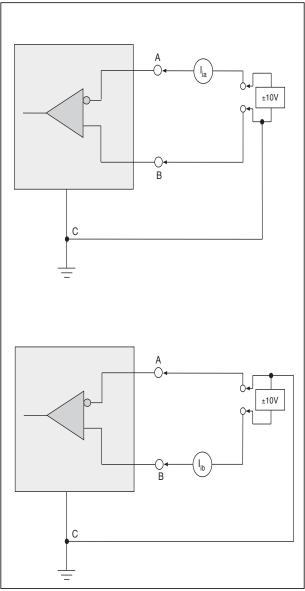
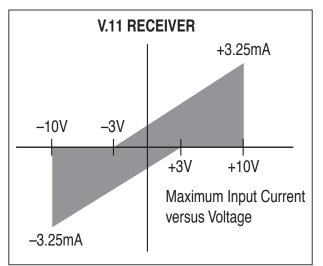
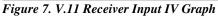


Figure 6. V.11 Receiver Input Current





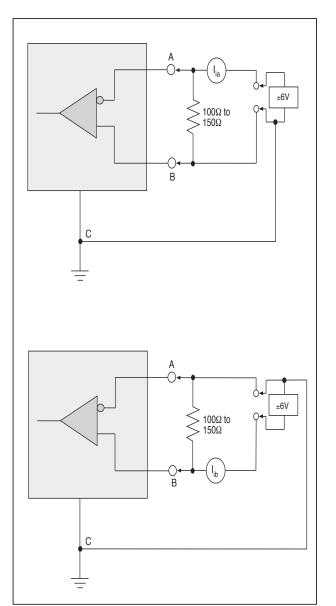


Figure 8. V.11 Receiver Input Current w/ Termination

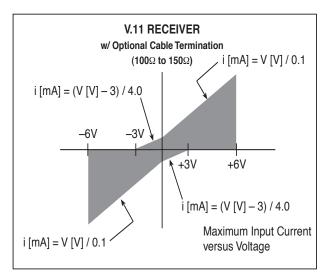


Figure 9. V.11 Receiver Input Graph w/ Termination

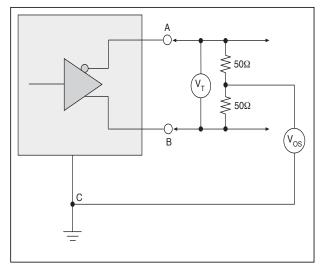


Figure 10. V.35 Driver Output Test Terminated Voltage

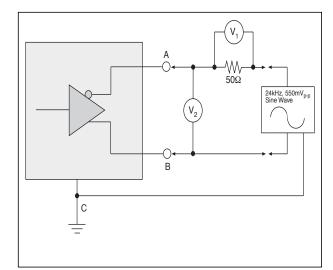


Figure 11. V.35 Driver Output Source Impedance

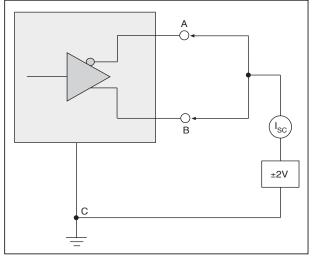


Figure 12. V.35 Driver Output Short-Circuit Impedance

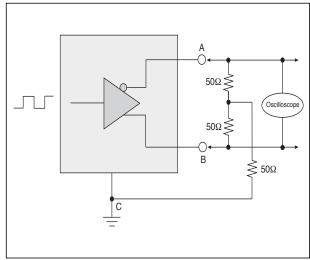


Figure 13. V.35 Driver Output Rise/Fall Time

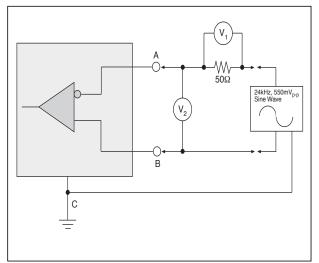


Figure 14. V.35 Receiver Input Source Impedance

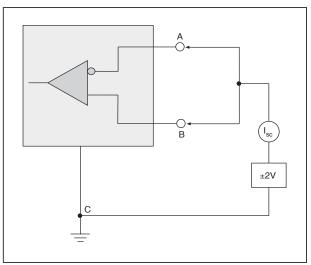


Figure 15. V.35 Receiver Input Short-Circuit Impedance

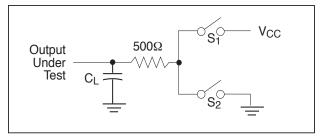


Figure 16. Driver Timing Test Load #2 Circuit

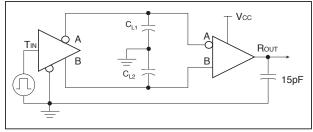


Figure 18. Driver/Receiver Timing Test Circuit

SWITCHING WAVEFORMS...

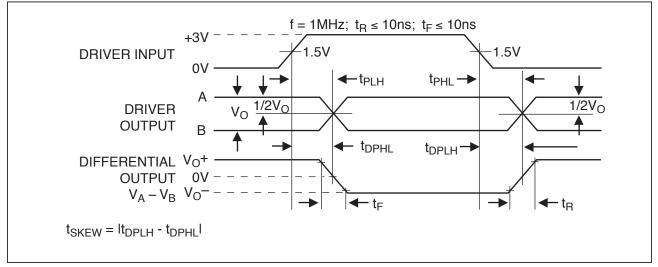


Figure 19. Driver Propagation Delays

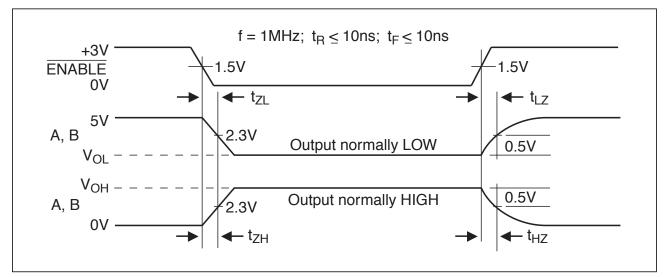


Figure 20. Driver Enable and Disable Times

7

1KΩ

 $\Lambda \Lambda \Lambda /$

- V_{CC}

Test Point

Figure 17. Receiver Timing Test Load Circuit

≤1KΩ

Receiver Output

C_{RL}:

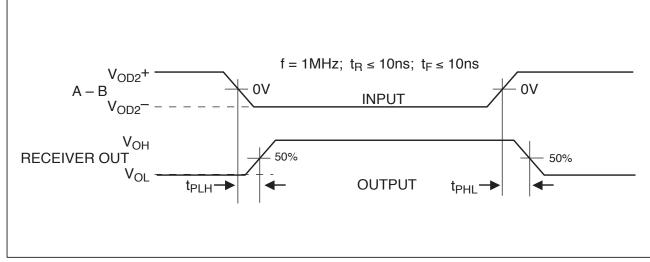


Figure 21. Receiver Propagation Delays

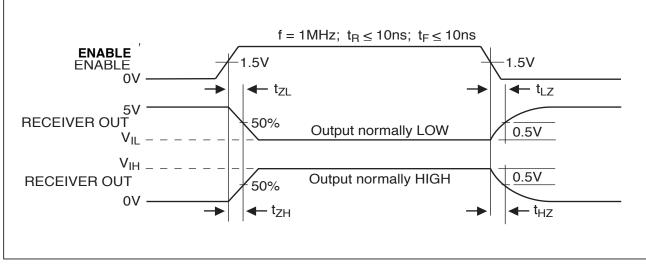


Figure 22. Receiver Enable and Disable Times

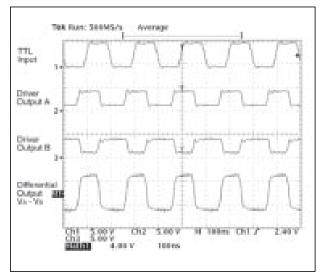


Figure 23. Typical V.11 Driver Output

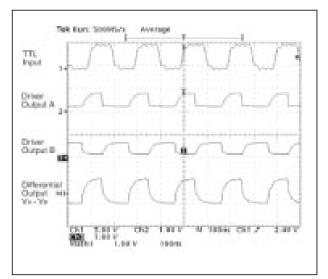
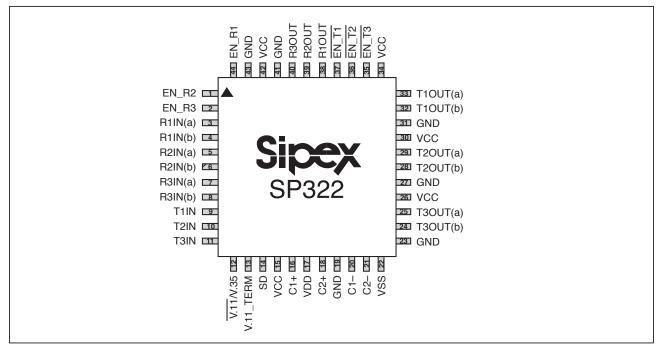


Figure 24. Typical V.35 Driver Output





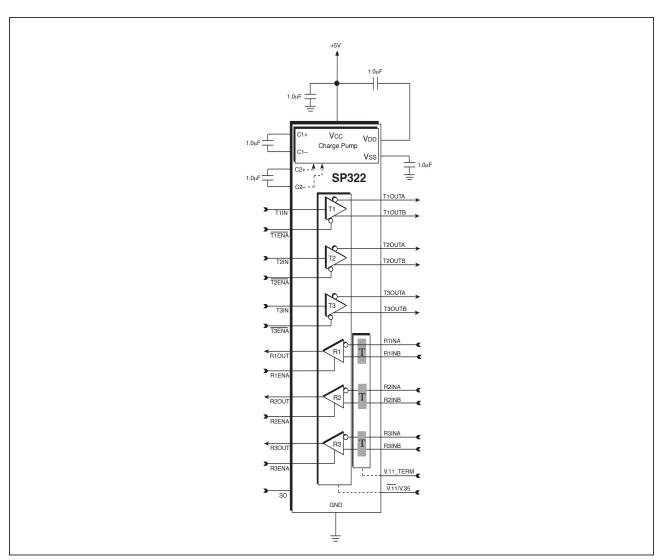


Figure 26. SP322 Typical Operating Circuit

THEORY OF OPERATION

The **SP322** is a programmable V.11 or V.35 transceiver IC. It contains three driver and three receivers which can be configured to either V.11 or V.35 physical layer electrical characteristics. The transceivers within the **SP322** include all the necessary termination resistor networks required for compliant V.11 and V.35 signals. This simplifies serial port designs using V.11 or V.35 where the engineer does not have to configure V.11 cable termination resistors and the V.35 network.

The **SP322** contains four basic blocks: the charge pump, differential drivers, differential receivers, termination network circuitry. Each block is described in the following.

Charge–Pump

The **SP322** charge pump is smaller version of the **Sipex**-patented design (U.S. 5,306,954). The charge pump still requires four external capacitors and uses a four-phase voltage shifting technique to attain symmetrical 10V power supplies. But the pump is only used for providing internal biasing for the transceivers and the termination circuitry. The V_{DD} and V_{SS} outputs provide only 3mA of output current and should not be connected to bias other external circuitry.

Recommended charge pump capacitor values are 1μ F or greater. The internal oscillator provides a clock rate for the charge pump which typically operates at 15kHz.

Drivers

The **SP322** has three differential drivers. There are two types of drivers includes within the **SP322**: V.11 drivers and V.35 drivers.

When configured in V.11 mode, the V.11 drivers produce a differential output compliant with the V.11 and RS-422 electrical specifications. This includes the all the DC electrical parameters such as V_{OC} , V_T , V_{OS} , etc. The strength of the SP322 drivers allow them to also drive signals per the RS-485 standard. The V_T minimum of ±1.5V is provided by the driver output given a load of 54 Ω as opposed to ±2.0V with a 100 Ω load for RS-422. However, the drivers are not intended to operate over the RS-485 common mode range of +12V to -7V. The common

mode range for the V.11 drivers is +7V to -7V which is in accordance to the ITU V.11 specification.

When in V.35 mode, the drivers provide V.35 signals compliant to the ITU V.35 electrical specification. Specifically, the V.35 driver is designed to supply a differential output of ± 0.55 V with an offset of less than 0.6V. With Sipex's patent-pending V.35 driver design, the driver also adheres to impedance measurements such as driver output source impedance $(100\Omega \pm 50\Omega)$ and driver output short-circuit impedance (150 Ω $\pm 15\Omega$). Traditional V.35 drivers require a resistor network to provide the proper V.35 impedance specifications for the driver outputs. The **SP322** V.35 driver does this without the aid of any external components attached to the driver output. Its unique design contains internal resistance matching and switching to provide compliant V.35 signals.

Each driver includes an enable pin for added convenience. The driver enable pins are low active and will tri-state the driver outputs if a logic "1" is applied. During this state, the drivers are high impedance. The enable pins include a pull-down resistor so that the pin can be unconnected where the driver will always be enabled. Regardless of physical protocol, the drivers can operate to at least 10Mbps.

Receivers

The **SP322** has three differential receivers which are used for either V.11 or V.35. The receivers have a 200mV sensitivity and operate over the common mode range of +7V to -7V. The receiver itself is the same in either V.11 or V.35 mode. The receiver input termination is configured differently for each mode ($\overline{V.11}/V.35$ pin).

The receivers also include enable pins for convenience. The receiver enable pins are high active where a logic "0" will tri-state the receiver outputs. During tri-state, the receiver inputs are approximately $12k\Omega$. Any termination associated with the operating mode is disconnected during tri-state of that receiver. The receiver enable pins have a pull-up resistor that allows the pins to be unconnected. The receiver will always be active in this case. The differential receiver can operate to at least 10Mbps.

Date: 10/1/05

Termination Circuitry

Unique to **Sipex**, the **SP322** provides internal resistor networks for V.35 as well as the cable termination for V.11. The resistor network for the V.35 receivers are configured as a typical V.35 receiver using two 51 Ω resistors in series tied to the A and B inputs with a 124 Ω center-tap resistor to ground. The network is internally switched on during V.35 mode (V.11/V.35 = V_{CC}) using high performance, low r_{ON} transistors. The transistors can operate efficiently over +7V to -7V, and can tolerate over +10V to -10V without damage. This termination provides the proper V.35 receiver input impedance of 100 Ω and short-circuit impedance at 2V of 150 Ω with 10% accuracy.

The configuration for the V.11 receiver input resistor network is similar to the V.35 network except that the 124 Ω resistor is disconnected (V.11/V.35 = 0V). A series resistor is also added increase the input impedance to over 120 Ω for the V.11 cable termination. The minimum resistance per the ITU V.11 specification is 100 Ω . The V.11 termination can be switched off using the V.11_TERM pin. For a terminated V.11 receiver, this pin is at a logic "1". A logic "0" will inform the switches to disconnect the V.11 termination.

Shutdown

The **SP322** includes a shutdown pin (SD) which disables the charge pump and all power consuming circuitry to provide low I_{CC} . A logic "1" to the SD pin will shut down the **SP322** where it will draw less than 20µA of current.

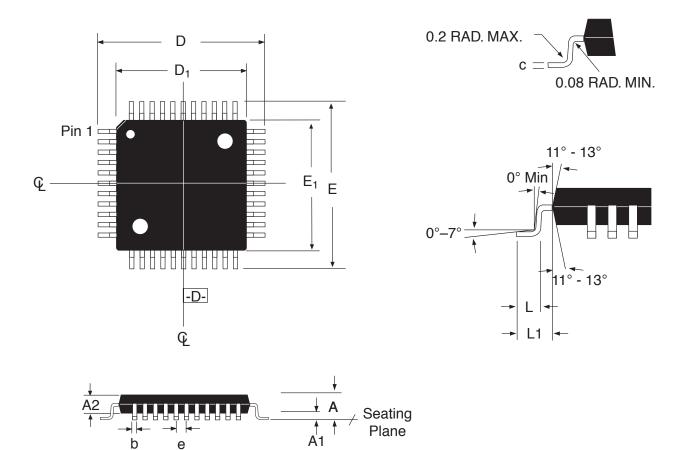
NET1/2 European Compliancy

As with all of **Sipex's** previous multi-protocol transceiver ICs, the **SP322** drivers and receivers have been designed to meet all electrical specifications for ITU V.11 and V.35. Furthermore, it is internally tested and will pass the NET1/2 physical layer testing requirements. Please note that although the SP322 adheres to NET1/2 testing, any complex or unusual configuration should be double-checked to ensure NET compliance. Consult factory for details.

Applications Information

The **SP322** is designed for serial port applications needing V.11 and V.35 transceivers. The SP322 supports a variety of physical layer protocols such as EIA-530, EIA-530A, RS-449, and V.36 where V.11 transceivers are used for clock and data signals. The termination resistors are recommended for crosstalk and reflections elimination under higher speed operation. Internal termination solves many headaches and configuration hassles with implementing V.11 and V.35. The SP322 provides a simple, lowcost solution for the clock and data lines for synchronous serial ports. The handshaking lines such as CTS, DTR, etc. can be implemented using discrete RS-422 or RS-232 transceivers, depending on the mode supported. Sipex supplies either differential (V.11) or singleended (V.28) discrete transceiver products to mate with the SP322.

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DIMENSIONS Minimum/Maximum (mm)	44–PIN LQFP JEDEC MS-026 (BCB) Variation		
SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
А			1.60
A1	0.05		0.15
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45
b	0.30	0.37	0.50
D	12.00 BSC)
D1	10.00 BSC)
е	0.80 BSC		
E	12.00 BSC)
E1	10	10.00 BSC	
Ν	44		

COMMON DIMENSIONS			
SYMBL	MIN	NOM	MAX
С	0.11		.23
L	0.45	0.60	0.75
L1	1.00 BASIC		

44 PIN LQFP

12

	ORDERING INFORMATION	
Model	Temperature Range	Package Types
SP322CF	0°C to +70°C	
SP322CF-L		

Available in lead free packaging. To order add "-L" suffix to part number. Example: SP322CF = standard; SP322CF-L = lead free

CLICK HERE TO ORDER SAMPLES

REVISION HISTORY

DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION
1/27/04	A	Implemented tracking revision.
03/04/05	A	Added lead free ordering option.
09/30/05	A	Changed typo from MQFP package to LQFP.



ANALOG EXCELLENCE

Sipex Corporation

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