



Sup*IR*Buck™

USER GUIDE FOR IR3899 EVALUATION BOARD 1.2Vout

DESCRIPTION

The IR3899 is a synchronous buck converter, providing a compact, high performance and flexible solution in a small 4mm X 5 mm Power QFN package.

Key features offered by the IR3899 include internal Digital Soft Start/Soft Stop, precision 0.5Vreference voltage, Power Good, thermal protection, programmable switching frequency, Enable input, input under-voltage lockout for proper start-up, enhanced line/ load regulation with feed forward, external frequency synchronization with smooth clocking, internal LDO and pre-bias startup. Output over-current protection function is implemented by sensing the voltage developed across the on-resistance of the synchronous Mosfet for optimum cost and performance and the current limit is thermally compensated.

This user guide contains the schematic and bill of materials for the IR3899 evaluation board. The guide describes operation and use of the evaluation board itself. Detailed application information for IR3899 is available in the IR3899 data sheet.

BOARD FEATURES

- V_{in} = +12V (+ 13.2V Max)
- •V_{out} = +1.2V @ 0- 9A
- F_s=600kHz
- L= 0.51uH
- C_{in}= 4x10uF (ceramic 1206) + 1X330uF (electrolytic)
- C_{out}=6x22uF (ceramic 0805)

CONNECTIONS and OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

A well regulated +12V input supply should be connected to VIN+ and VIN-. A maximum of 9A load should be connected to VOUT+ and VOUT-. The inputs and output connections of the board are listed in Table I.

IR3899 has only one input supply and internal LDO generates Vcc from Vin. If operation with external Vcc is required, then R15 can be removed and external Vcc can be applied between Vcc+ and Vcc- pins. Vin pin and Vcc/LDO_Out pins should be shorted together for external Vcc operation.

The output can track voltage at the Vp pin. For this purpose, Vref pin is to be connected to ground (use zero ohm resistor for R21). The value of R14 and R28 can be selected to provide the desired tracking ratio between output voltage and the tracking input.

Connection	Signal Name
VIN+	Vin (+12V)
VIN-	Ground of Vin
Vout+	Vout(+1.2V)
Vout-	Ground for Vout
Vcc+	Vcc/ LDO_Out Pin
Vcc-	Ground for Vcc input
Enable	Enable
PGood	Power Good Signal
AGnd	Analog ground

Table I. Connections

LAYOUT

The PCB is a 4-layer board (2.23"x2") using FR4 material. All layers use 2 Oz. copper. The PCB thickness is 0.062". The IR3899 and other major power components are mounted on the top side of the board.

Power supply decoupling capacitors, the bootstrap capacitor and feedback components are located close to IR3899. The feedback resistors are connected to the output at the point of regulation and are located close to the SupIRBuck IC. To improve efficiency, the circuit board is designed to minimize the length of the on-board power ground current path.



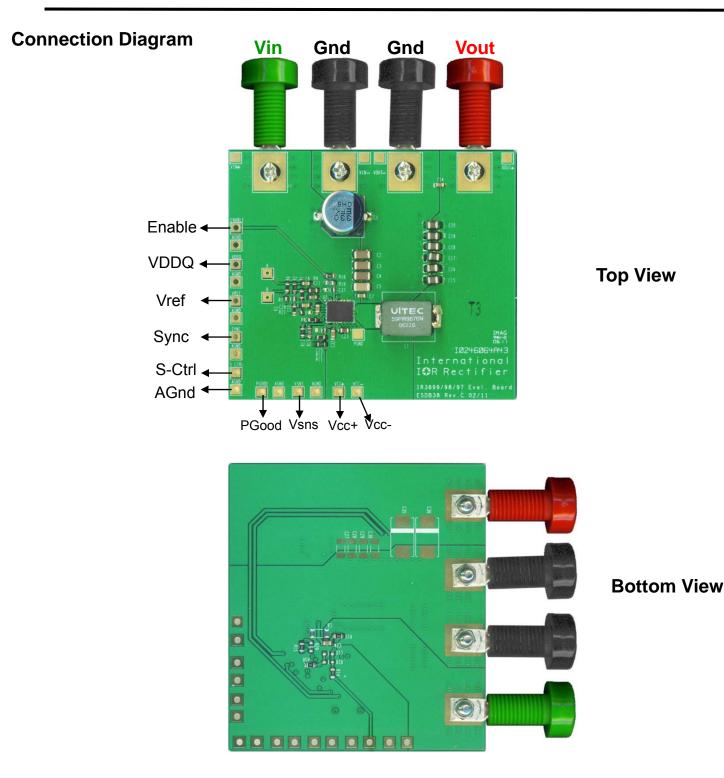


Fig. 1: Connection Diagram of IR3899/98/97 Evaluation Boards

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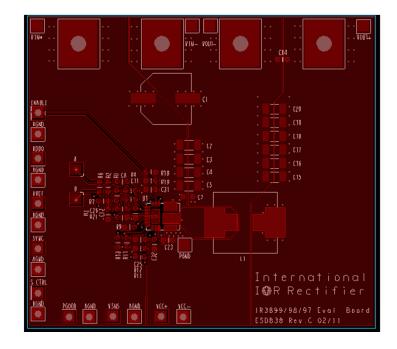
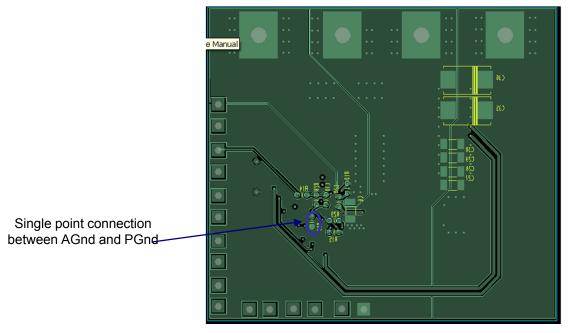


Fig. 2: Board Layout-Top Layer





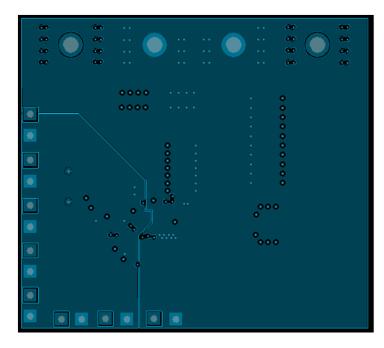
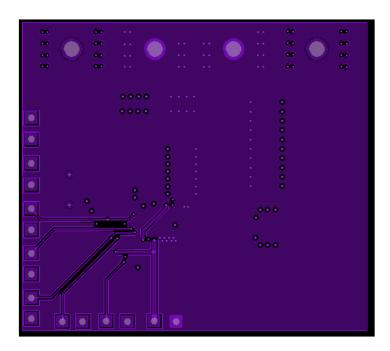


Fig. 4: Board Layout-Mid Layer 1





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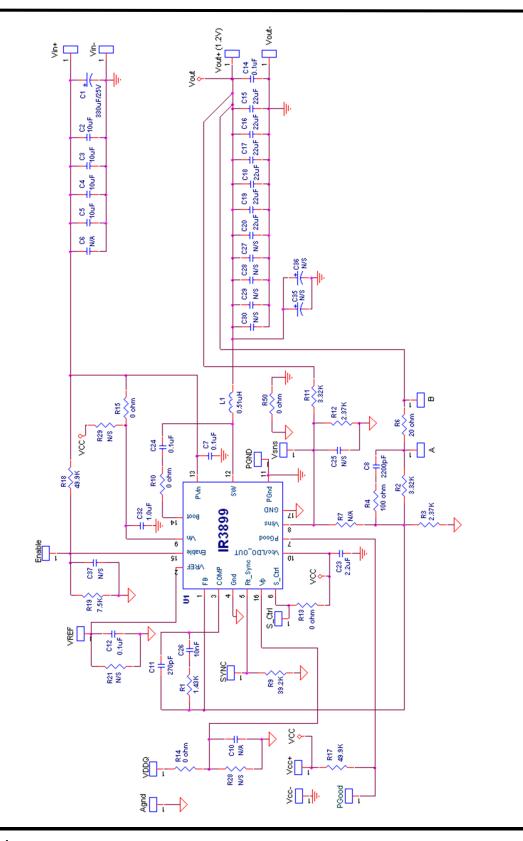


Fig. 6: Schematic of the IR3899 evaluation board

Bill of Materials

Item	Qty	Part Reference	Value	Description	Manufacturer	Part Number
1	1	C1	330uF	SMD Electrolytic F size 25V 20% Panasonic		EEV-FK1E331P
2	4	C2 C3 C4 C5	10uF	1206, 25V, X5R, 20%	TDK	C3216X5R1E106M
3	4	C7 C12 C14 C24	0.1uF	0603, 25V, X7R, 10%	Murata	GRM188R71E104KA01B
4	1	C8	2200pF	0603,50V,X7R	Murata	GRM188R71H222KA01B
5	1	C11	270pF	0603, 50V, NP0, 5%	Murata	GRM1885C1H271JA01D
6	6	C15 C16 C17 C18 C19 C20	22uF	0805, 6.3V, X5R, 20%	TDK	C2012X5R0J226M
7	1	C23	2.2uF	0603, 16V, X5R, 20%	TDK	C1608X5R1C225M
8	1	C26	10nF	0603, 25V, X7R, 10%	Murata	GRM188R71E103KA01J
9	1	C32	1.0uF	0603, 25V, X5R, 10%	Murata	GRM188R61E105KA12D
10	1	L1	0.51uH	SMD 11.0x7.2x7.5mm,0.29mΩ	Vitec	59PR9876N
11	1	R1	1.43K	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF1431V
12	2	R2 R11	3.32K	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF3321V
13	2	R3 R12	2.37K	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF2371V
14	1	R4	100	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF1000V
15	1	R6	20	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF20R0V
16	1	R9	39.2K	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF3922V
17	5	R10 R13 R14 R15 R50	0	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W	Panasonic	ERJ-3GEY0R00V
18	2	R17 R18	49.9K	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF4992V
19	1	R19	7.5K	Thick Film, 0603,1/10W,1%	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF7501V
20	1	U1	IR3899	PQFN 4x5mm	IR	IR3899MPBF

TYPICAL OPERATING WAVEFORMS Vin=12.0V, Vo=1.2V, Io=0-9A, Room Temperature, no airflow

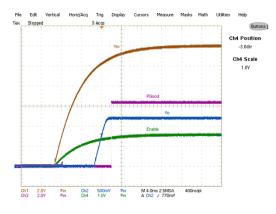


Fig. 7: Start up at 9A Load Ch₁:V_{in}, Ch₂:V_o, Ch₃:P_{Good} Ch₄:Enable

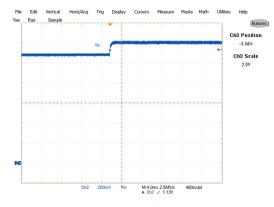
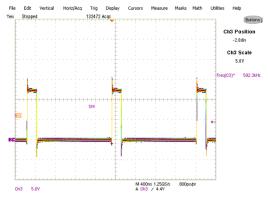
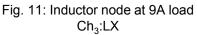


Fig. 9: Start up with 1V Pre Bias , 0A Load, $$Ch_2:V_{o}$$







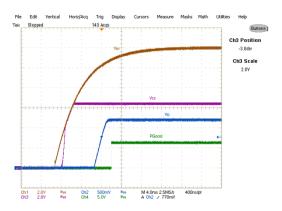


Fig. 8: Start up at 9A Load, Ch₁:V_{in}, Ch₂:V_o, Ch₃:Vcc, Ch₄:P_{Good}

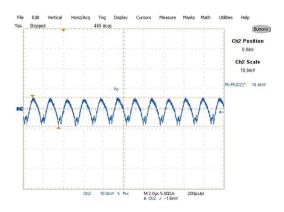
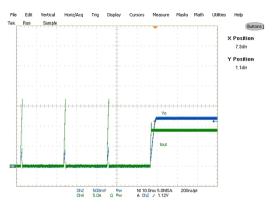
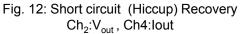


Fig. 10: Output Voltage Ripple, 9A load Ch_2 : V_{out} ,





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TYPICAL OPERATING WAVEFORMS Vin=12.0V, Vo=1.2V, Io=0-9A, Room Temperature, no air flow

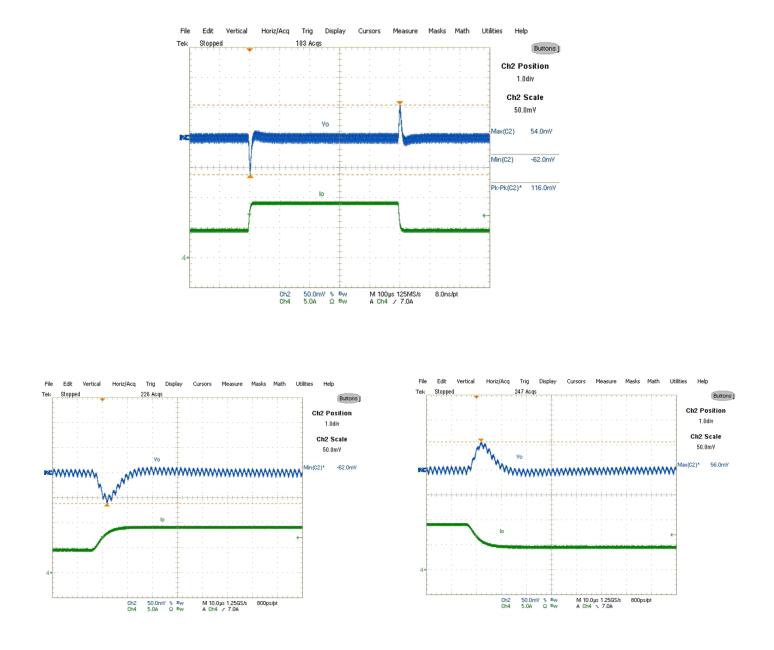


Fig. 13: Transient Response, 4.5A to 9A step $Ch_2:V_{out}$ Ch4-lout

TYPICAL OPERATING WAVEFORMS Vin=12.0V, Vo=1.2V, Io=0-9A, Room Temperature, no air flow

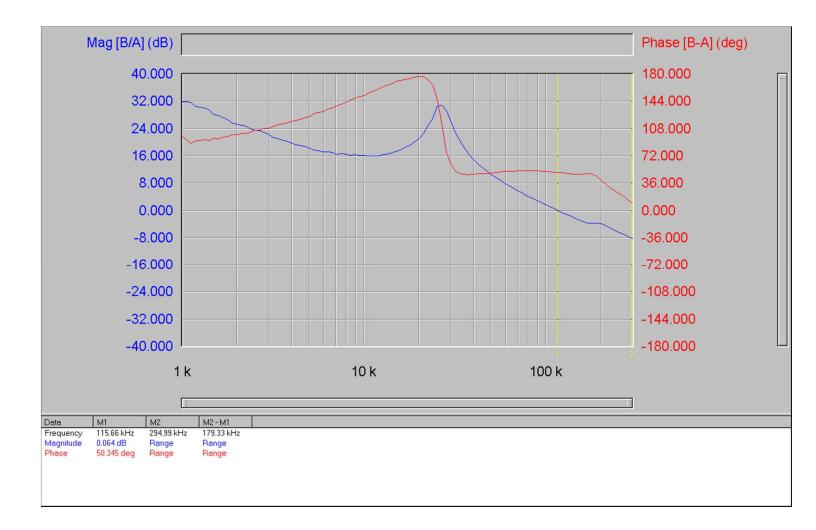
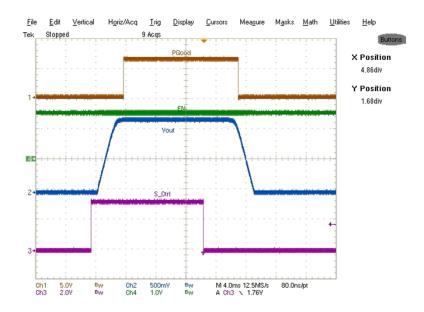
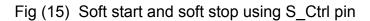


Fig. 14: Bode Plot at 9A load shows a bandwidth of 115.6KHz and phase margin of 50.3 degrees

TYPICAL OPERATING WAVEFORMS Vin=12.0V, Vo=1.2V, Io=0-9A, Room Temperature, no air flow





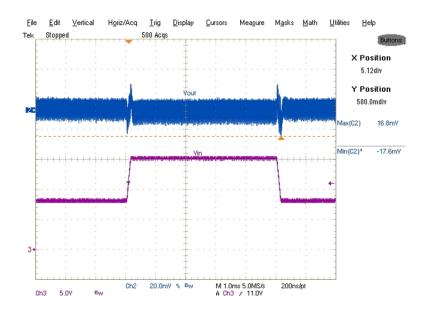
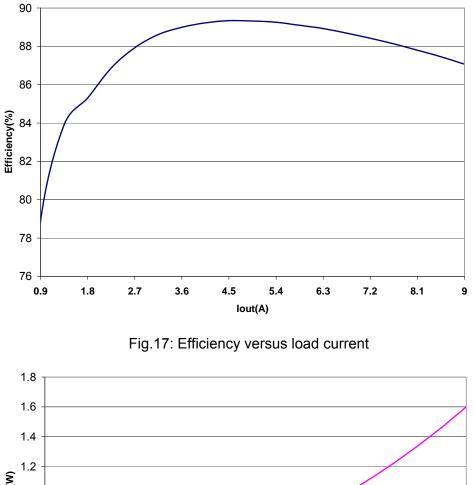
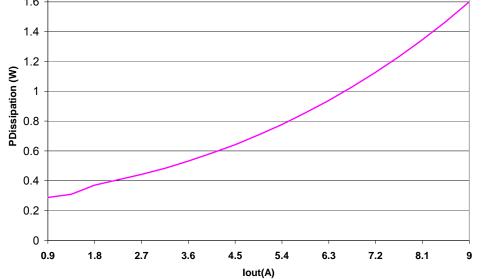


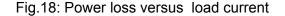
Fig (16) Feed Forward for Vin change from 7 to 16V and back to 7V Ch_2 -Vout Ch_3 -Vin

TYPICAL OPERATING WAVEFORMS

Vin=12.0V, Vo=1.2V, Io=0-9A, Room Temperature, no air flow









THERMAL IMAGES

Vin=12.0V, Vo=1.2V, Io=0-9A, Room Temperature, No Air flow

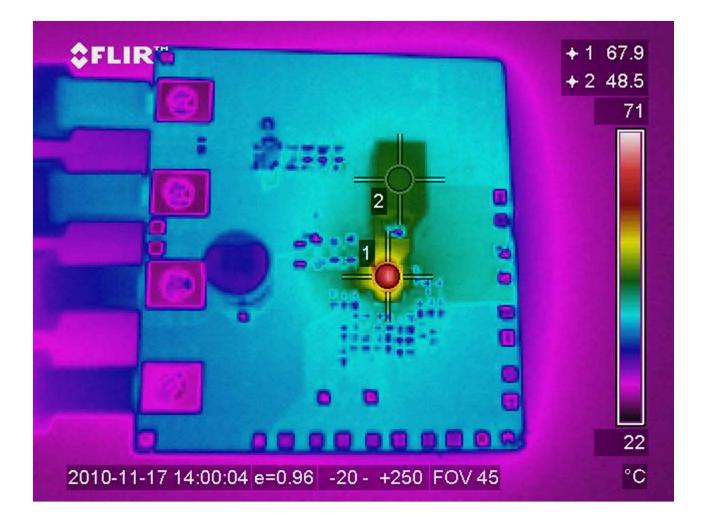


Fig. 19: Thermal Image of the board at 9A load Test point 1 is IR3899 Test point 2 is inductor

PCB METAL AND COMPONENT PLACEMENT

Evaluations have shown that the best overall performance is achieved using the substrate/PCB layout as shown in following figures. PQFN devices should be placed to an accuracy of 0.050mm on both X and Y axes. Self-centering behavior is highly dependent on solders and processes, and experiments should be run to confirm the limits of self-centering on specific processes. For further information, please refer to "SupIRBuck™ Multi-Chip Module (MCM) Power Quad Flat No-Lead (PQFN) Board Mounting Application Note." (AN1132)

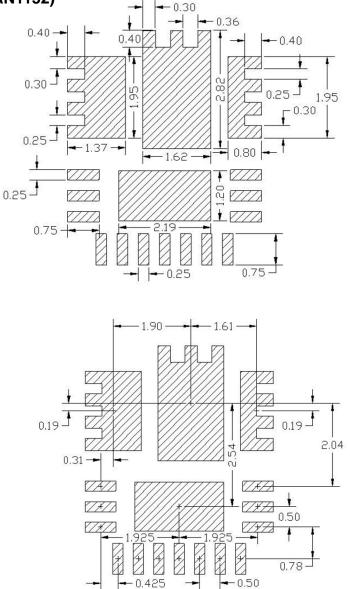


Figure 20: PCB Metal Pad Spacing (all dimensions in mm)

SOLDER RESIST

IR recommends that the larger Power or Land Area pads are Solder Mask Defined (SMD.) This allows the underlying Copper traces to be as large as possible, which helps in terms of current carrying capability and device cooling capability. When using SMD pads, the underlying copper traces should be at least 0.05mm larger (on each edge) than the Solder Mask window, in order to accommodate any layer to layer misalignment. (i.e. 0.1mm in X & Y.) However, for the smaller Signal type leads around the edge of the device, IR recommends that these are Non Solder Mask Defined or Copper Defined. When using NSMD pads, the Solder Resist Window should be larger than the Copper Pad by at least 0.025mm on each edge, (i.e. 0.05mm in X&Y,) in order to accommodate any layer to layer misalignment. Ensure that the solder resist in-between the smaller signal lead areas are at least 0.15mm wide, due to the high x/y aspect ratio of the solder mask strip.

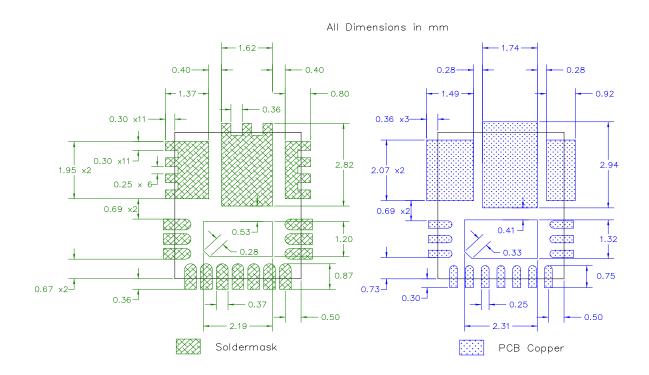


Figure 21: Solder resist



STENCIL DESIGN

Stencils for PQFN can be used with thicknesses of 0.100-0.250mm (0.004-0.010"). Stencils thinner than 0.100mm are unsuitable because they deposit insufficient solder paste to make good solder joints with the ground pad; high reductions sometimes create similar problems. Stencils in the range of 0.125mm-0.200mm (0.005-0.008"), with suitable reductions, give the best results. Evaluations have shown that the best overall performance is achieved using the stencil design shown in following figure. This design is for a stencil thickness of 0.127mm (0.005"). The reduction should be adjusted for stencils of other thicknesses.

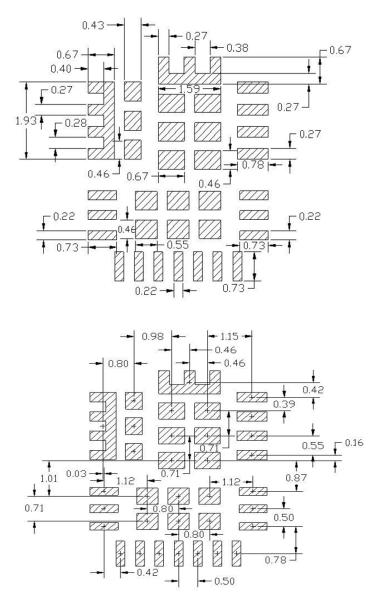
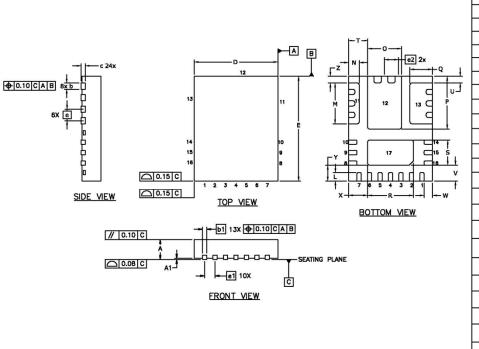


Figure 22: Stencil Pad Spacing (all dimensions in mm)



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PACKAGE INFORMATION



		IFTERS	INCHES		
DIM	MILLIMETERS MIN MAX		MIN MAX		
A	0.800	1.000	.0315	.0394	
A1	0.000	0.050	.0000	.0020	
ь	0.250	0.350	.0098	.0138	
b1	0.150	0.250	.0059	.0098	
c	0.203	REF.	.0080 REF.		
D	4.000	BASIC	.1575 BASIC		
Е	5.000	BASIC	.1969 BASIC		
e	0.550	BASIC	.0217 BASIC		
e1	0.500	BASIC	.0197 BASIC		
e2	0.659 BASIC		.0259 BASIC		
L	0.350	0.450	.0138	.0177	
м	1.900	2.000	.0748	.0787	
N	0.453	0.553	.0178	.0218	
0	1.567	1.667	.0617	.0656	
Р	2.470	2.570	.0972	.1012	
Q	1.024	1.124	.0403	.0443	
R	2.138	2.238	.0842	.0881	
S	1.150	1.250	.0453	.0492	
Ţ	0.856	0.956	.0337	.0376	
U	0.270	0.370	.0106	.0146	
v	0.703	0.803	.0277	.0316	
w	0.350	0.450	.0138	.0177	
x	0.856	0.956	.0337	.0376	
Y	0.703	0.803	.0277	.0316	
z	0.270	0.370	.0106	.0146	

Figure 23: Package Dimensions

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