



TO-92



Pin Definition:

- 1. Reference
- 2. Anode
- 3. Cathode

**SOT-23** 



Pin Definition:

- 1. Reference
- 2. Cathode
- 3. Anode

**SOT-25** 



Pin Definition:

- 1. N/C
- 2. N/C \*
- 3. Cathode
- 4. Reference
- 5. Anode
- \* (pin 2 is connect to substrate and must be connected to Anode or left open)

#### **General Description**

The TS432I/432AI/TS432BI is a three-terminal adjustable shunt regulator with specified thermal stability. The output voltage may be set to any value between Vref (approximately 1.24V) and 18V with two external resistors. The TS432I/432AI/TS432BI has a typical output impedance of  $0.05\Omega$ . Active output circuitry provides a very sharp turn-on characteristic, making the TS432I/432AI/TS432BI excellent replacement for zener diode in many applications.

#### **Features**

Precision Reference Voltage

TS432I - 1.24V±2%

TS432AI - 1.24V±1%

TS432BI - 1.24V±0.5%

- Minimum Cathode Current for Regulation: 20uA(typ.)
- Equivalent Full Range Temp. Coefficient: 50ppm/°C
- Programmable Output Voltage up to 18V
- Fast Turn-On Response
- Sink Current Capability of 80uA to 100mA
- Low Dynamic Output Impedance: 0.2Ω
- Low Output Noise

#### **Ordering Information**

Part No.	Package	Packing
TS432 <u>x</u> IT B0	TO-92	1Kpcs / Bulk
TS432 <u>x</u> IT A3	TO-92	2Kpcs / Ammo
TS432xIX RF	SOT-23	3Kpcs / 7" Reel
TS432 <u>x</u> IX5 RF	SOT-25	3Kpcs / 7" Reel

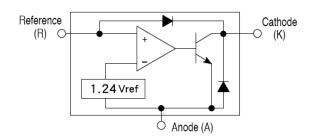
Note: Where xx denotes voltage tolerance

Blank: ±2% A: ±1% B: ±0.5%

### <u>Application</u>

- Voltage Monitor
- Delay Timmer
- Constant –Current Source/Sink
- High-Current Shunt Regulator
- Crow Bar
- Over-Voltage / Under-Voltage Protection

### **Block Diagram**



Absolute Maximum Rating (Ta = 25 oC unless otherwise noted)

Parameter		Symbol	Limit	Unit
Cathode Voltage (Note 1)		Vka	18	V
Continuous Cathode Current Range		lk	100	mA
Reference Input Current Range		Iref	3	mA
Power Dissipation	TO-92		0.625	
	SOT-23	Pd	0.35	W
	SOT-25		0.35	
Junction Temperature		T <sub>J</sub>	+150	°C
Operation Temperature Range		T <sub>OPER</sub>	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>STG</sub>	-65 ~ +150	°C

Note 1: Voltage values are with respect to the anode terminal unless otherwise noted.

Note 2: Rating apply to ambient temperature at 25°C





**Recommend Operating Condition** 

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Cathode Voltage (Note 1)	Vka	18	V
Continuous Cathode Current Range	lk	100	mA

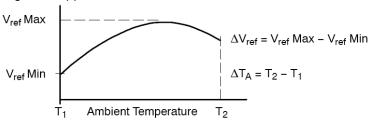
**Recommend Operating Condition** 

Parameter		Symbo	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	TS432I		Vka =Vref, lk=10mA (Figure 1)	1.215		1.264	
Reference voltage	TS432AI	Vref	Ta=25 °C	1.227	1.240	40 1.252	V
	TS432BI		14-25 C	1.233		1.246	
Deviation of reference voltage	ce input	ΔVref	Vka =Vref, lk=10mA Ta= full range (Figure 1)		10	25	mV
Radio of change in \ change in cathode \		ΔVref/ΔVka	Ika=10mA, Vka = 18V to Vref (Figure 2)		-1.0	-2.7	mV/V
Reference Input current		Iref	R1=10KΩ, R2= ∞ , lka=10mA Ta= full range (Figure 2)		0.25	0.5	uA
Deviation of reference current, over temp.	ce input	∆lref	R1=10KΩ, R2= ∞ , lka=10mA Ta= full range (Figure 2)		0.04	0.08	uA
Off-state Cathode C	urrent	lka(off)	Vref=0V (Figure 3), Vka=18V		0.125	0.5	uA
Dynamic Output Impedance		Zka	f<1KHz, Vka=Vref lka=1mA to 100mA (Figure 1)		0.2	0.4	Ω
Minimum operating current	cathode	lka(min)	Vka=Vref (Figure 1)		60	80	uA

<sup>\*</sup> The deviation parameters ∆Vref and ∆Iref are defined as difference between the maximum value and minimum value obtained over the full operating ambient temperature range that applied.

\* The average temperature coefficient of the reference input voltage,  $\alpha$ Vref is defined as:

$$\alpha V_{ref} \; \left(\frac{ppm}{^{\circ}C}\right) = \frac{\left(\frac{(\Delta V_{ref})}{V_{ref} \; (T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C)} \times 10^{6}\right)}{\Delta T_{A}}$$



Where: **T2-T1** = full temperature change.

 $\alpha$ Vref can be positive or negative depending on whether Vref Min. or Vref Max occurs at the lower ambient temperature. Example: ΔVref=7.2mV and the slope is postive, Vref=1.241V at 25°C, ΔT=125 °C

$$\alpha V_{ref} \left( \frac{ppm}{{}^{\circ}C} \right) = \frac{\frac{0.0072}{1.241} \times 10^{6}}{125} = 46 \text{ ppm}/{}^{\circ}C$$

\* The dynamic impedance ZKA is defined as:

$$|Z_{KA}| = \frac{\Delta V_{KA}}{\Delta I_{K}}$$

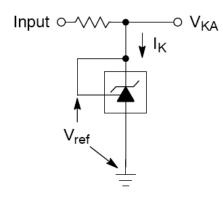
\* When the device operating with two external resistors, R1 and R2, (refer to Figure 2) the total dynamic impedance of the circuit is given by:

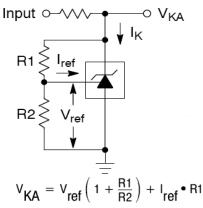
$$\left|\,Z_{\mbox{KA}^{'}}\right| \;=\; \left|\,Z_{\mbox{KA}}^{}\,\right| \;\times \left(1 \,+\, \frac{\mbox{R1}}{\mbox{R2}}\right)$$





#### **Test Circuits**





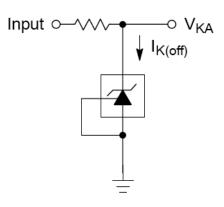


Figure 1: Vka = Vref

Figure 2: Vka > Vref

Figure 3: Off-State Current

#### Additional Information – Stability

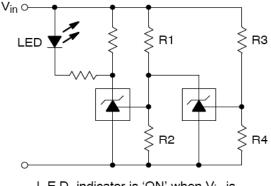
When The TS432I/432AI/432BI is used as a shunt regulator, there are two options for selection of  $C_L$ , are recommended for optional stability:

- A) No load capacitance across the device, decouple at the load.
- B) Large capacitance across the device, optional decoupling at the load.

The reason for this is that TS432I/432AI/432BI exhibits instability with capacitances in the range of 10nF to 1uF (approx.) at light cathode current up to 3mA (typ). The device is less stable the lower the cathode voltage has been set for. Therefore while the device will be perfectly stable operating at a cathode current of 10mA (approx.) with a 0.1uF capacitor across it, it will oscillate transiently during start up as the cathode current passes through the instability region. Select a very low capacitance, or alternatively a high capacitance (10uF) will avoid this issue altogether. Since the user will probably wish to have local decoupling at the load anyway, the most cost effective method is to use no capacitance at all directly across the device. PCB trace/via resistance and inductance prevent the local load decoupling from causing the oscillation during the transient start up phase.

Note: if the TS432I/432AI/432BI is located right at the load, so the load decoupling capacitor is directly across it, then this capacitor will have to be  $\leq 1$ nF or  $\geq 10$ uF.

### **Applications Examples**



L.E.D. indicator is 'ON' when  $V_{in}$  is between the upper and lower limits,

Lower limit = 
$$\left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) V_{ref}$$
  
Upper limit =  $\left(1 + \frac{R3}{R4}\right) V_{ref}$ 

Figure 4: Voltage Monitor

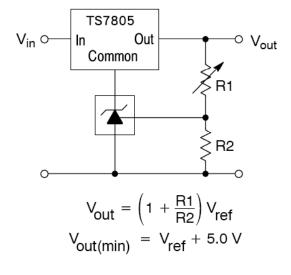


Figure 5: Output Control for Three Terminal Fixed Regulator





### **Applications Examples (Continue)**

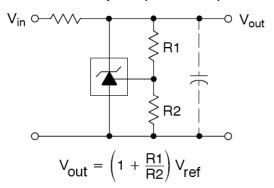


Figure 6: Shunt Regulator

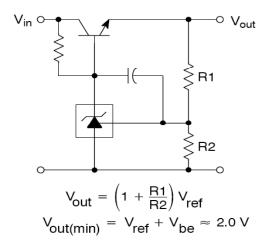


Figure 8: Series Pass Regulator

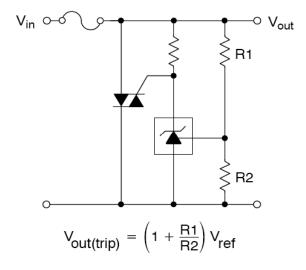
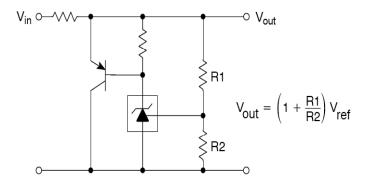
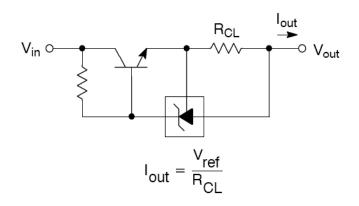


Figure 10: TRIAC Crowbar



**Figure 7: High Current Shunt Regulator** 



**Figure 9: Constant Current Source** 

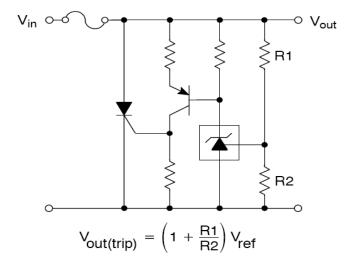
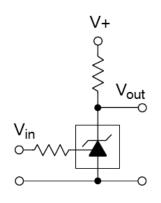


Figure 11: SCR Crowbar





### **Applications Examples (Continue)**



Vin	Vout
<vref< td=""><td>V+</td></vref<>	V+
>Vref	≈0.74V

 $V_{in}$   $I_{sink}$   $I_{sink}$   $I_{sink}$   $I_{sink}$   $I_{sink}$ 

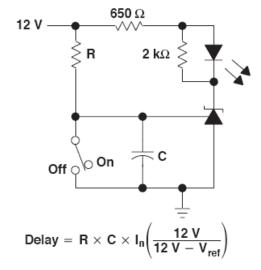


Figure 12: Single-Supply Comparator with Temperature-Compensated Threshold

Figure 13: Constant Current Sink

Figure 14: Delay Timer





### **Typical Performance Characteristics**

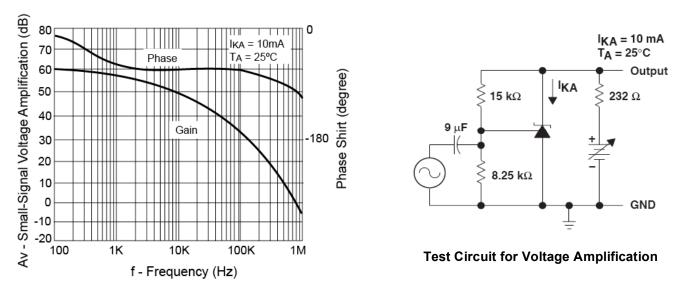


Figure 14: Small-Signal Voltage Gain and Phase Shift vs. Frequency

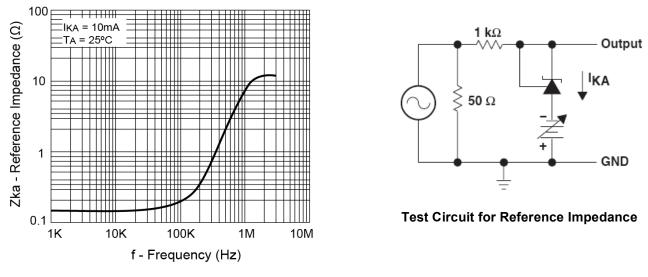
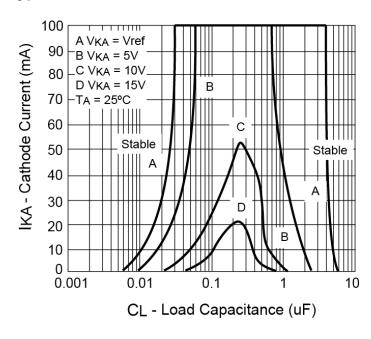


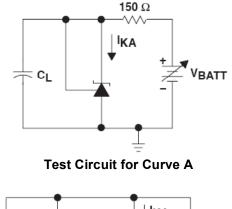
Figure 15: Reference Impedance vs. Frequency

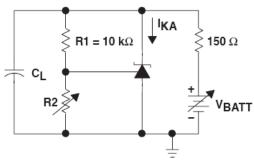


### **Typical Performance Characteristics**



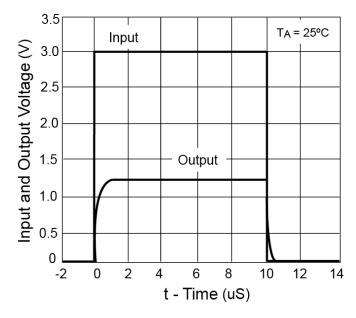
The areas under the curves represent conditions that may cause the device to oscillate. For curves B, C, and D, R2 and V+ were adjusted to establish the initial VKA and IKA conditions with CL=0. VBATT and CL then were adjusted to determine the ranges of stability.

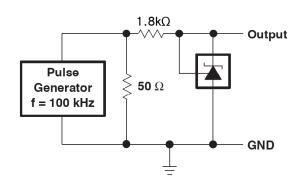




Test Circuit for Curve B, C and D

#### Figure 16: Stability Boundary Condition



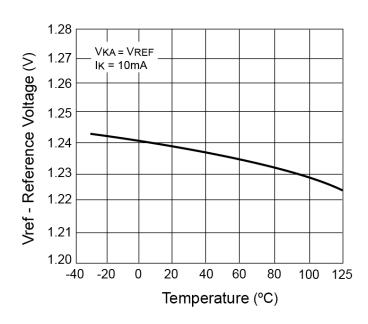


Test Circuit for Pulse Response, Ik=1mA

Figure 17: Pulse Response



### **Electrical Characteristics**



0.08 ref - Reference Current (uA)  $I_K = 10mA$ 0.07  $R1 = 10k\Omega$ R2 = +∞ 0.06 0.05 0.04 0.03 0.02 0.01 -40 -20 0 20 40 60 80 100 125 Temperature (°C)

Figure 18: Reference Voltage vs. Temperature

Figure 19: Reference Current vs. Temperature

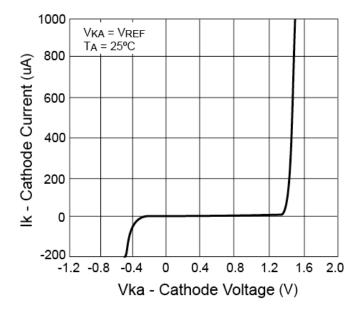
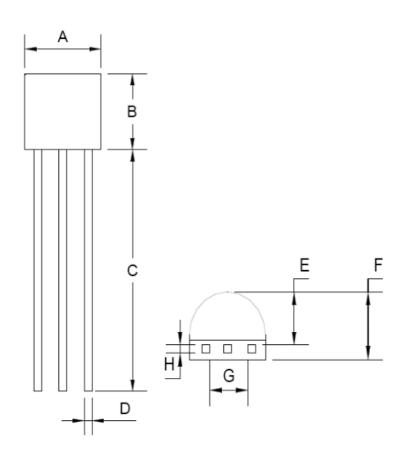


Figure 20: Cathode Current vs. Cathode Voltage



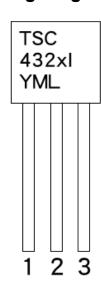


# **TO-92 Mechanical Drawing**



TO-92 DIMENSION					
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
ואווט	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	4.30	4.70	0.169	0.185	
В	4.30	4.70	0.169	0.185	
С	14.30(typ)		0.563(typ)		
D	0.43	0.49	0.017	0.019	
Е	2.19	2.81	0.086	0.111	
F	3.30	3.70	0.130	0.146	
G	2.42	2.66	0.095	0.105	
Н	0.37	0.43	0.015	0.017	

### **Marking Diagram**



X = Tolerance Code

 $(A = \pm 1\%, B = \pm 0.5\%, Blank = \pm 2\%,)$ 

Y = Year Code

M = Month Code

(A=Jan, B=Feb, C=Mar, D=Apl, E=May, F=Jun, G=Jul, H=Aug, I=Sep,

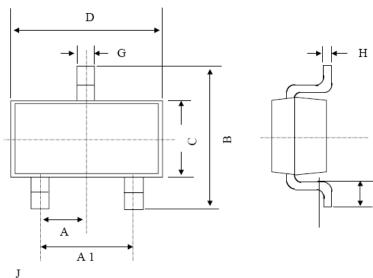
J=Oct, K=Nov, L=Dec)

L = Lot Code

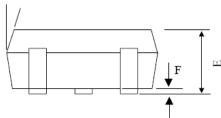




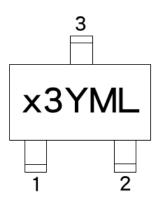
# **SOT-23 Mechanical Drawing**



SOT-23 DIMENSION						
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES			
DIIVI	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX.		
Α	0.95	BSC	0.037 BSC			
A1	1.9 I	BSC	0.074 BSC			
В	2.60	3.00	0.102	0.118		
С	1.40	1.70	0.055	0.067		
D	2.80	3.10	0.110	0.122		
Е	1.00	1.30	0.039	0.051		
F	0.00	0.10	0.000	0.004		
G	0.35	0.50	0.014	0.020		
Н	0.10	0.20	0.004	0.008		
I	0.30	0.60	0.012	0.024		
J	5°	10°	5°	10°		



## **Marking Diagram**



**X** = Device Code

(D = TS432AI, E = TS432BI, F = TS432I,)

3 = SOT-23 package

Y = Year Code

M = Month Code

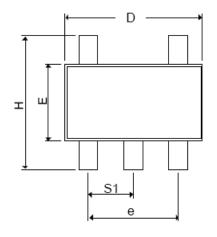
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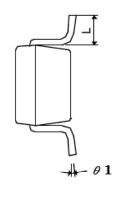
L = Lot Code





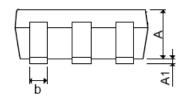
# **SOT-25 Mechanical Drawing**



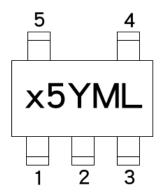


SOT-25 DIMENSION					
DIM	MILLIM	ETERS	INCHES		
Dilvi	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX.	
A+A1	0.09	1.25	0.0354	0.0492	
В	0.30	0.50	0.0118	0.0197	
С	0.09	0.25	0.0035	0.0098	
D	2.70	3.10	0.1063	0.1220	
Е	1.40	1.80	0.0551	0.0709	
Е	1.90 BSC		0.0748 BSC		
Н	2.40	3.00	0.09449	0.1181	
L	0.35 BSC		0.0138 BSC		
θ1	0°	10°	0°	10°	
S1	0.95	BSC	0.0374	4 BSC	

#### Front View



### **Marking Diagram**



X = Device Code

(D = TS432AI, E = TS432BI, F = TS432I,)

5 = SOT-25 package

Y = Year Code

M = Month Code

(A=Jan, B=Feb, C=Mar, D=Apl, E=May, F=Jun, G=Jul, H=Aug, I=Sep, J=Oct, K=Nov, L=Dec)

**L** = Lot Code



# **TS432I**

# Adjustable Precision Shunt Regulator

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