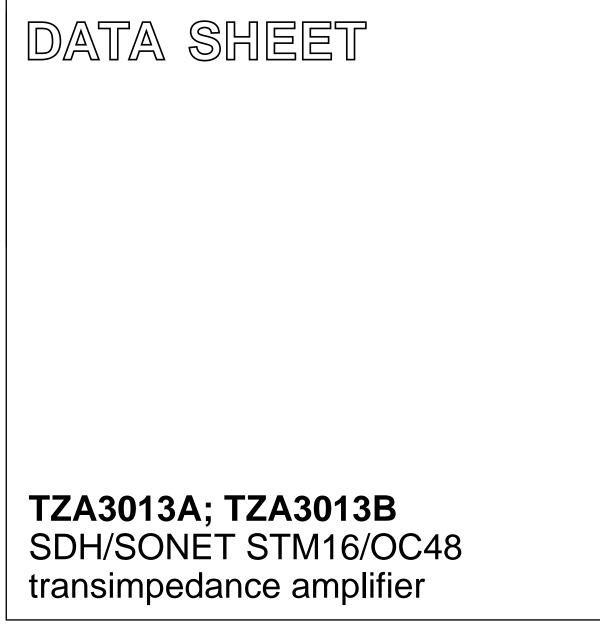
INTEGRATED CIRCUITS



Product specification Supersedes data of 2000 Jun 19 File under Integrated Circuits, IC19 2001 Feb 26



Philips Semiconductors

TZA3013A; TZA3013B

SDH/SONET STM16/OC48 transimpedance amplifier

FEATURES

- Low equivalent input noise, typically 8 pA/√Hz
- Wide dynamic range, typically 6 μA to 1.7 mA (p-p)
- Differential transimpedance of 4 $k\Omega$
- Bandwidth from DC to 1.9 GHz
- Differential outputs
- On-chip Automatic Gain Control (AGC)
- No external components required
- Single supply voltage 3.3 V
- Bias voltage for PIN diode
- Remains linear up to 1.7 mA (p-p) input current (unclipped)
- Switched output polarity available (types A and B).

ORDERING INFORMATION

APPLICATIONS

- Digital fibre optic receiver in short, medium and long haul optical telecommunications transmission systems or in high speed data networks
- Wide-band RF gain block.

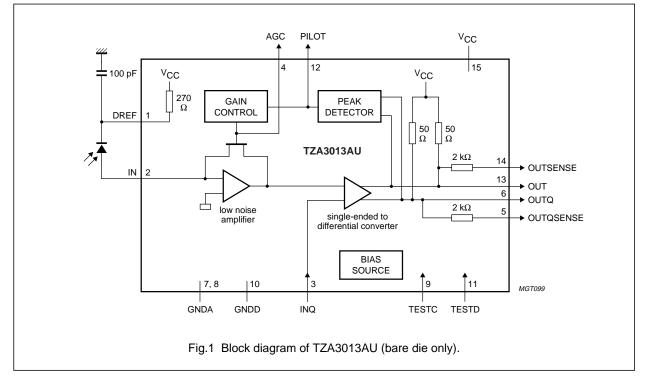
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

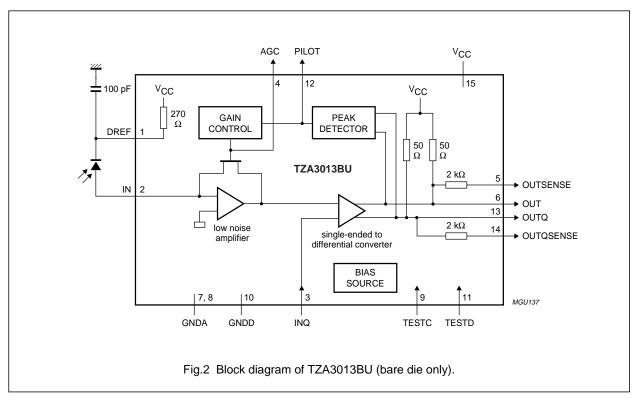
The TZA3013 is a transimpedance amplifier with AGC, designed to be used in STM16/OC48 fibre-optic links. It amplifies the current generated by a photo detector (PIN diode or avalanche photodiode) and converts it to a differential output voltage.

TYPE		PACKAGE				
NUMBER	NAME	DESCRIPTION	VERSION			
TZA3013AU	_	bare die in waffle pack carriers; die dimensions 0.810×1.230 mm	_			
TZA3013BU	-	bare die in waffle pack carriers; die dimensions 0.810 \times 1.230 mm	_			

TZA3013A; TZA3013B

BLOCK DIAGRAM





TZA3013A; TZA3013B

PINNING

SYMBOL	PAD TZA3013AU	PAD TZA3013BU	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	
DREF	1	1	analog output	bias voltage output for PIN diode; connect cathode of PIN diode to this pad	
IN	2	2	input	current input; anode of PIN diode should be connected to this pad; note 1	
INQ	3	3	input	decision level adjust input; note 1	
AGC	4	4	analog output	AGC voltage	
OUTQSENSE	5	14	analog output	data sense output for OUTQ; for test purposes	
OUTQ	6	13	output	data output; compliment of OUT	
GNDA	7	7	ground	analog ground	
GNDA	8	8	ground	analog ground	
TESTC	9	9	input	test input; not used in the application	
GNDD	10	10	ground	digital ground	
TESTD	11	11	input	test input; not used in the application	
PILOT	12	12	analog output	· · ·	
OUT	13	6	output	data output; compliment of OUTQ; note 2	
OUTSENSE	14	5	analog output		
V _{CC}	15	15	supply	supply voltage	

Notes

1. DC bias voltage = 0.86 V.

2. This pad goes HIGH when current flows into pad IN.

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The TZA3013 is a transimpedance amplifier intended for use in fibre optic links for signal recovery in STM16/OC48 applications. It amplifies the current generated by a photo detector (PIN diode or avalanche photodiode) and converts it to a differential output voltage.

The most important characteristics of the TZA3013 are high receiver sensitivity and wide dynamic range. High receiver sensitivity is achieved by minimizing transimpedance amplifier noise.

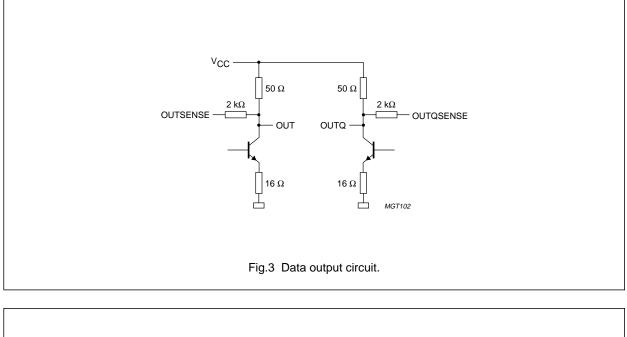
Product specification

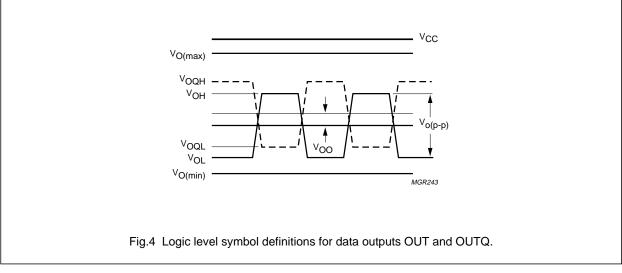
TZA3013A; TZA3013B

The TZA3013 has a wide dynamic range to handle the signal current generated by the PIN diode which can vary from 6 μ A to 1.7 mA (p-p). This is implemented by an AGC loop which reduces the preamplifier feedback resistance so that the amplifier remains linear over the whole input range. The AGC loop hold capacitor is integrated on-chip, so an external capacitor is not required.

A differential amplifier converts the output of the preamplifier to a differential voltage. The data output circuit is shown in Fig.3.

The logic level symbol definitions are shown in Fig.4.





PIN diode bias voltage DREF

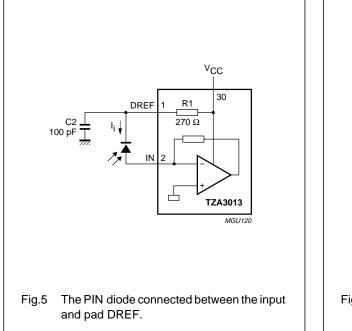
The performance of an optical receiver is largely determined by the combined effect of the transimpedance amplifier and the PIN diode. In particular, the method used to connect the PIN diode to the input and the layout around the input pad strongly influences the main parameters of a transimpedance amplifier, such as sensitivity, bandwidth, and PSRR. Sensitivity is most affected by the value of the total capacitance at the input pad. Therefore, to obtain the highest possible sensitivity requires the value of total capacitance to be as low as possible by reducing the capacitance of the PIN diode and the parasitics around the input pad. To minimize parasitics, the PIN diode should be placed as close as physically possible to the IC. The capacitance of the PIN diode can be reduced by making the value of reverse voltage across it as high as possible.

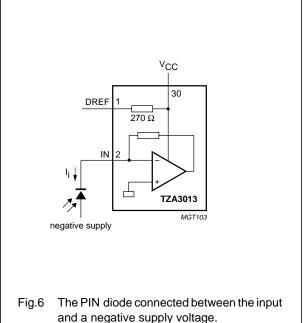
The PIN diode can be connected to the input in two ways. Figure 5 shows the PIN diode connected between pads DREF and IN.

TZA3013A; TZA3013B

Pad DREF provides an easy bias voltage for the PIN diode. The voltage at DREF is derived from V_{CC} by a low-pass filter comprising internal resistor R1 and external capacitor C2 which decouples any supply voltage noise. The value of external capacitor C2 affects the value of PSRR and should have a minimum value of 100 pF. Increasing this value increases the value of PSRR.

For a supply voltage of 3.3 V, the reverse voltage across the PIN diode is 2.438 V (3.3 V – 0.862 V). It is preferable to connect the cathode of the PIN diode to a voltage higher than V_{CC} if there is one available on the PCB, leaving pad DREF unconnected. If a negative supply voltage is available, the configuration shown in Fig.6 can be used. It should be noted that in this configuration, the direction of the signal current is reversed to that shown in Fig.5. It is essential that the PIN diode bias voltage is correctly filtered to achieve the highest possible level of sensitivity.





AGC

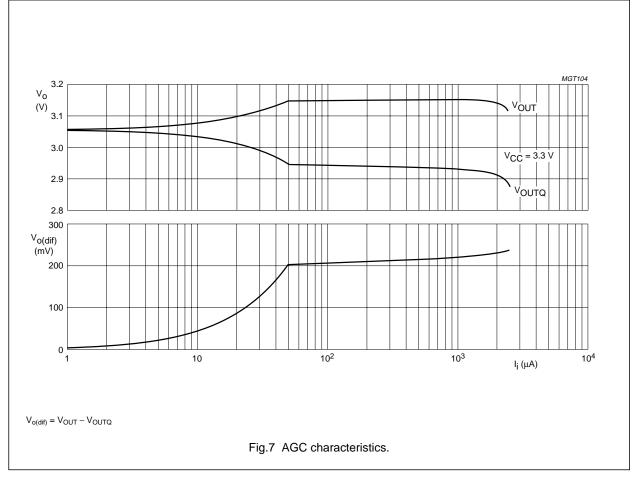
The TZA3013 transimpedance amplifier can handle input currents from 6 μ A to 1.7 mA which is equivalent to a dynamic range of 49 dB. At low input currents, the transimpedance must be high to obtain enough output voltage, and the noise should be low enough to guarantee a minimum bit error rate. At high input currents however, the transimpedance should be low to avoid pulse width distortion. To achieve the wide dynamic range requires the gain of the amplifier to depend on the level of the input signal. This is achieved in the TZA3013 by an AGC loop.

The AGC loop comprises a peak detector, a hold capacitor and a gain control circuit. The peak detector detects the amplitude of the signal and the hold capacitor stores it. The hold capacitor voltage is compared to a threshold voltage which corresponds to an input current of 50 μ A (p-p). The AGC is only active when the input signal level is larger than the threshold level and is inactive when the input signal is smaller than the threshold level.

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When the AGC is inactive, the transimpedance is at its maximum value of 4 k Ω differential. When the AGC is active, the feedback resistor value of the transimpedance amplifier is reduced, reducing its transimpedance, to keep the output voltage constant. The transimpedance is regulated from 4 k Ω at low currents ($I_i < 50 \ \mu$ A) to 80 Ω at high currents ($I_i = 1.7$ mA). The AGC allows the amplifier to remain linear over the whole input current range compared to other configurations which clip the large signals, such as those using Schottky diodes, for example.

The top half of Fig.7 shows the output voltage at pads OUT and OUTQ (V_{OUT} and V_{OUTQ}) as a function of DC input current (I_I) at a supply voltage of 3.3 V. The bottom half of Fig.7 shows the difference between V_{OUT} and V_{OUTQ}. The output voltage changes linearly up to an input current of 50 μ A. At this point and above, the AGC becomes active and tries to keep the differential output voltage constant, which is about 220 mV for a large range input current of <1.7 mA.



TZA3013A; TZA3013B

LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{CC}	supply voltage	-0.5	+3.8	V
V _n	DC voltage			
	pads IN and INQ	-0.5	+2.0	V
	pads OUT and OUTQ	-0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
	pads OUTSENSE and OUTQSENSE	-0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
	pad PILOT	-0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
	pad DREF	-0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
I _n	DC current			
	pads IN and INQ	-4.0	+4.0	mA
	pads OUT and OUTQ	-10	+10	mA
	pad PILOT	-0.2	+0.2	mA
	pad DREF	-4.0	+4.0	mA
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	-	300	mW
T _{stg}	storage temperature	-65	+150	°C
Tj	junction temperature	-	150	°C
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		+85	°C

HANDLING

Inputs and outputs are protected against electrostatic discharge in normal handling. However it is good practice to take normal precautions appropriate to handling MOS devices (see "Handling MOS devices").

CHARACTERISTICS

Typical values at $T_j = 25$ °C and $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V; minimum and maximum values are valid over the entire ambient temperature range and supply range; all voltages are measured with respect to ground; unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{CC}	supply voltage		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
I _{CC}	supply current	AC-coupled; $R_L = 50 \Omega$; without input signal	-	26	38	mA
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	V _{CC} = 3.3 V	-	85.8	134	mW
Tj	junction temperature		-40	-	+125	°C
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+25	+85	°C
R _{tr}	small-signal transresistance of the receiver	measured differentially; AC-coupled				
		R _L = ∞	3.6	7	10	kΩ
		$R_L = 50 \Omega$	1.8	3.5	5.0	kΩ
f _{-3dB(h)}	high frequency –3 dB point	C _i = 0.5 pF	1.7	1.9	-	GHz
I _{n(tot)(rms)}	total integrated RMS noise current over bandwidth	referenced to input; $\Delta f_i = 1.8 \text{ GHz third-order}$ Bessel filter; note 1	-	425	-	nA

TZA3013A; TZA3013B

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
PSRR	power supply rejection ratio	measured differentially;				
		note 2				
		f _i = 100 kHz to 100 MHz	-	38	-	μA/V
		f _i = 3 GHz	-	3.2	-	mA/V
Automatic	gain control loop: AGC					
t _{att}	AGC attack time		-	10	-	μs
t _{decay}	AGC decay time		-	10	-	μs
I _{th(AGC)(p-p)}	AGC threshold current (peak-to-peak value)	referenced to input	-	50	-	μA
Bias voltag	je: DREF					•
R _{DREF}	resistance between DREF and V_{CC}	tested at DC level	240	270	340	Ω
Inputs: IN a	and INQ			<u>I</u>	1	
I _{i(p-p)}	input current (peak-to-peak value)		-1700	-	+1700	μA
V _{I(bias)}	input bias voltage		700	860	1100	mV
R _i	small-signal input resistance	tested at 1 MHz; I _i < 20 μΑ (p-p)	-	53	-	Ω
Data outpu	its: OUT and OUTQ			1		•
V _{o(cm)}	common mode output voltage	AC-coupled; $R_L = 50 \Omega$	V _{CC} - 0.5	V _{CC} – 0.25	V _{CC} – 0.1	V
V _{o(se)(p-p)}	single-ended load output voltage (peak-to-peak value)	AC-coupled; $R_L = 50 \Omega$; $I_i = 100 \mu A (p-p)$	45	110	200	mV
V _{oo}	differential output offset voltage		-100	0	+100	mV
R _o	output resistance	single-ended; DC tested	40	53	65	Ω
tr	rise time	20% to 80%	-	200	-	ps
t _f	fall time	80% to 20%	_	200	_	ps

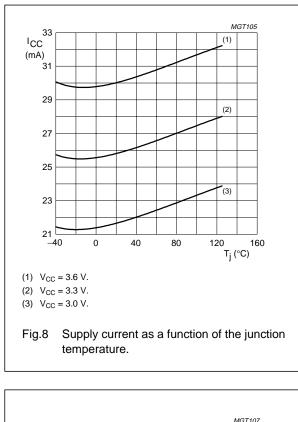
Notes

- 1. Measurement performed with $C_i = 0.5 \text{ pF}$ comprising 0.4 pF (photodiode) and 0.1 pF (allowed for PCB layout).
- 2. PSRR is defined as the ratio of change in input current (ΔI_i) corresponding to change in supply voltage (ΔV_{CC}):

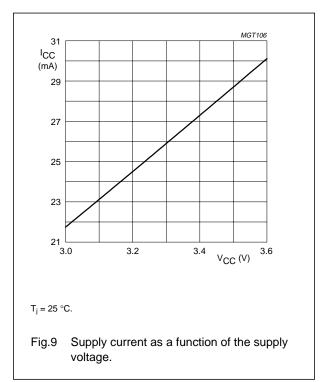
$$\mathsf{PSRR} = \frac{\Delta \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{i}}}{\Delta \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{CC}}}$$

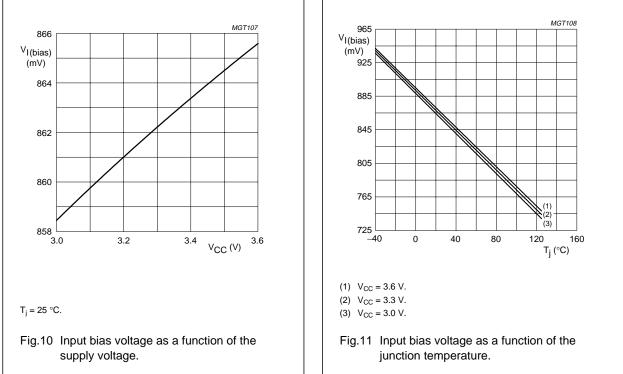
For example, a 4 mV disturbance on V_{CC} at 10 MHz will typically add an extra 120 nA to I_i (photodiode output current). The value of the external capacitor connected between pads DREF and GND has a significant effect on the value of PSRR. The specification is valid with an external capacitor of 1 nF.

TZA3013A; TZA3013B

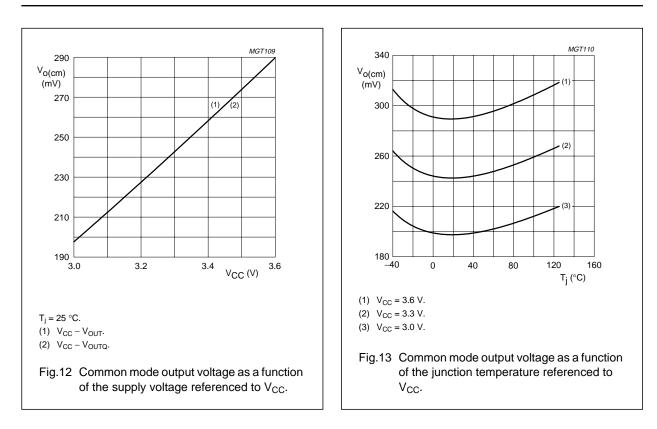


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



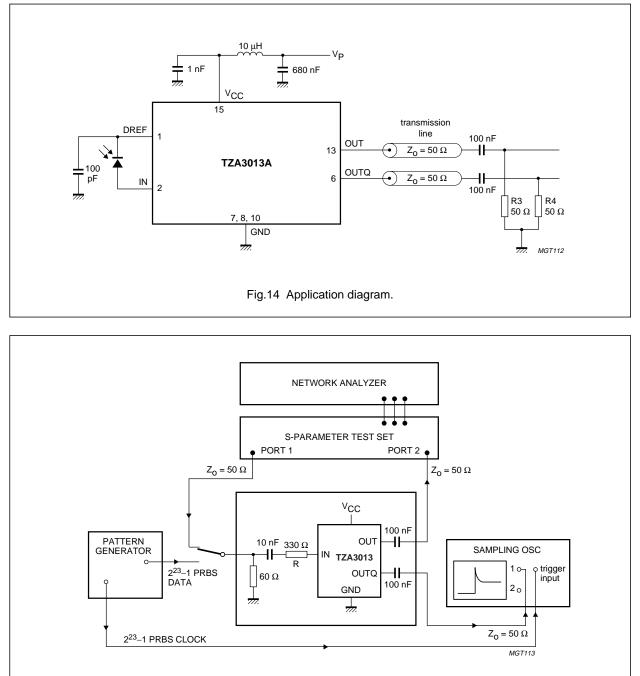


TZA3013A; TZA3013B



TZA3013A; TZA3013B

APPLICATION AND TEST INFORMATION



Total impedance of the test circuit = Z_T and is calculated by the equation $~Z_T = ~s_{21} \times (R + Z_{IN}) \times 2$ where s_{21} is the insertion loss of ports 1 and 2. Typical values: R = 330 Ω , Z_{IN} = 73 Ω .



TZA3013A; TZA3013B

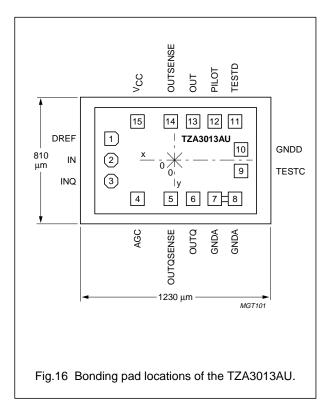
BONDING PAD LOCATIONS

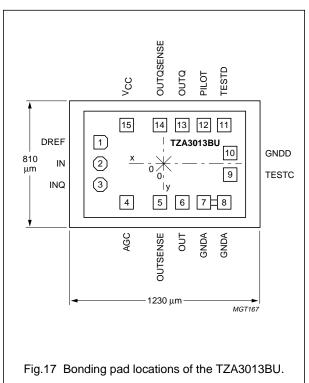
SYMBOL	PAD TZA3013AU	PAD TZA3013BU	COORDINATES ⁽¹⁾		
STMBOL	PAD IZASUISAU	PAD IZAJUIJOU	x	У	
DREF	1	1	-440	+155	
IN	2	2	-440	+10	
INQ	3	3	-440	-157	
AGC	4	4	-266	-255	
OUTQSENSE	5	-	-40	-255	
	-	14	-40	+255	
OUTQ	6	-	+116	-255	
	-	13	+110	+255	
GNDA	7	7	+256	-255	
GNDA	8	8	+398	-255	
TESTC	9	9	+448	-79	
GNDD	10	10	+448	+70	
TESTD	11	11	+410	+255	
PILOT	12	12	+260	+255	
OUT	13	-	+110	+255	
	-	6	+116	-255	
OUTSENSE	14	-	-40	+255	
[-	5	-40	-255	
V _{CC}	15	15	-266	+255	

Note

1. All coordinates are referenced, in $\mu m,$ to the centre of the die.

TZA3013A; TZA3013B





Physical characteristics of the bare die

PARAMETER	VALUE
Glass passivation	0.3 µm PSG (PhosphoSilicate Glass) on top of 0.8 µm silicon nitride
Bonding pad dimension	minimum dimension of exposed metallization is $90 \times 90 \ \mu$ m (pad size = $100 \times 100 \ \mu$ m) except pads 2 and 3 which have exposed metallization of $80 \times 80 \ \mu$ m (pad size = $90 \times 90 \ \mu$ m)
Metallization	2.8 μm AlCu
Thickness	380 μm nominal
Size	$0.810 \times 1.230 \text{ mm} (0.996 \text{ mm}^2)$
Backing	silicon; electrically connected to GND potential through substrate contacts
Attach temperature	<440 °C; recommended die attach is glue
Attach time	<15 s

TZA3013A; TZA3013B

DATA SHEET STATUS

DATA SHEET STATUS	PRODUCT STATUS	DEFINITIONS (1)
Objective specification	Development	This data sheet contains the design target or goal specifications for product development. Specification may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary specification Qualification		This data sheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design and supply the best possible product.
Product specification	Production	This data sheet contains final specifications. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design and supply the best possible product.

Note

1. Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.

DEFINITIONS

Short-form specification — The data in a short-form specification is extracted from a full data sheet with the same type number and title. For detailed information see the relevant data sheet or data handbook.

Limiting values definition — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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