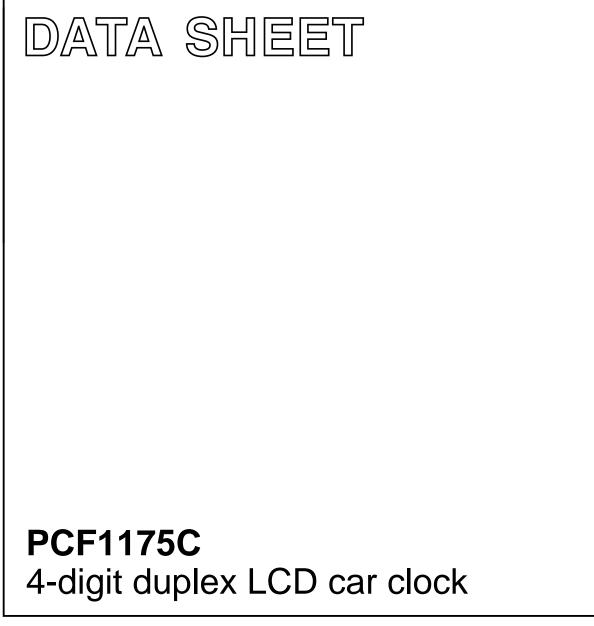
INTEGRATED CIRCUITS



Product specification Supersedes data of September 1993 File under Integrated Circuits, IC16 1997 Apr 16



Semiconductors

Philips

PCF1175C

FEATURES

- Internal voltage regulator is electrically programmable for various LCD voltages
- Time calibration is electrically programmable (no trimming capacitor required)
- · LCD voltage adjusts with temperature for good contrast
- 4.19 MHz oscillator
- 12-hour or 24-hour mode
- Operating ambient temperature: -40 to +85 °C
- 28-lead plastic SMD (SO28)
- 1 Hz set mode.

ORDERING INFORMATION

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The PCF1175C is a single chip, 4.19 MHz CMOS car clock circuit providing hours, minutes and seconds functions. It is designed to drive a 4-digit duplex liquid crystal display (LCD).

Two external single-pole, single-throw switches will accomplish all time setting functions. Time calibration and voltage regulator are electrically programmable via an on-chip EEPROM. The circuit is battery-operated via an internal voltage regulator and an external resistor.

TYPE	PACKAGE			
NUMBER	NAME DESCRIPTION		VERSION	
PCF1175CT	SO28	plastic small outline package; 28 leads; body width 7.5 mm ⁽¹⁾ SOT13		
PCF1175CU	-	uncased chip in tray ⁽²⁾ –		
PCF1175CU/10	_	chip-on-film frame carrier (FFC) ⁽²⁾ –		

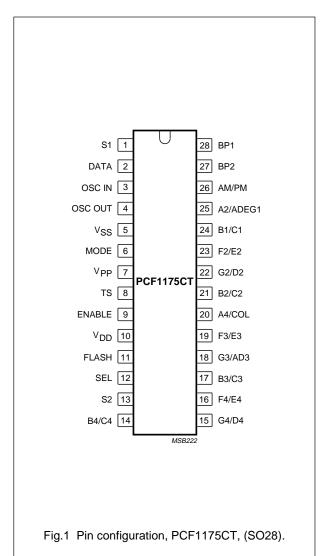
Notes

- 1. See Fig.1 and Chapter "Package outline" for pin layout and package details.
- 2. See Chapter "Chip dimensions and bonding pad locations" for pad layout and package details.

PCF1175C

PINNING

SYMBOL	PIN	DESCRIPTION	
S1	1	hour adjustment input	
DATA	2	EEPROM data input	
OSC IN	3	oscillator input	
OSC OUT	4	oscillator output	
V _{SS}	5	negative supply voltage	
MODE	6	12/24-hour mode select input	
V _{PP}	7	programming voltage input	
TS	8	test speed-up mode input	
ENABLE	9	enable input (for S1 and S2)	
V _{DD}	10	positive supply voltage	
FLASH	11	colon option input	
SEL	12	EEPROM select input	
S2	13	minute adjustment input	
B4/C4	14	segment driver	
G4/D4	15	segment driver	
F4/E4	16	segment driver	
B3/C3	17	segment driver	
G3/AD3	18	segment driver	
F3/E3	19	segment driver	
A4/COL	20	segment driver	
B2/C2	21	segment driver	
G2/D2	22	segment driver	
F2/E2	23	segment driver	
B1/C1	24	segment driver	
A2/ADEG1	25	segment driver	
AM/PM	26	segment driver	
BP2	27	backplane 2	
BP1	28	backplane 1	



PCF1175C

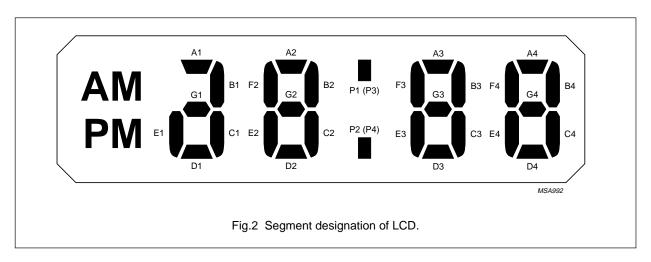
FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION AND TESTING

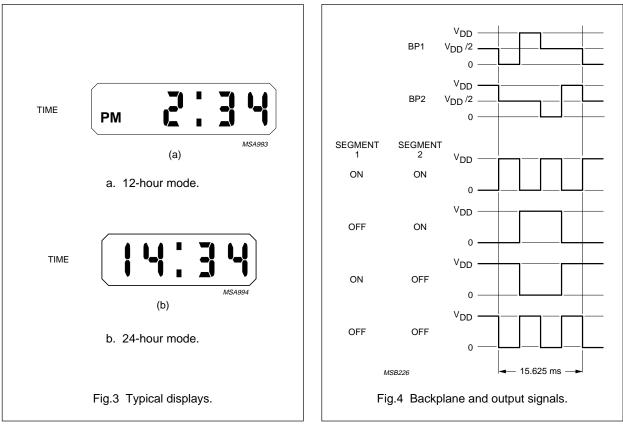
Outputs

The circuit outputs 1 : 2 multiplexed data (duplex) to the LCD. Generation of BP1 and BP2 (three-level backplane signals) and the output signals are shown in Fig.4.

The average voltages across the segments are:

- 1. $V_{ON(RMS)} = 0.79 V_{DD}$
- 2. $V_{OFF(RMS)} = 0.35 V_{DD}$.





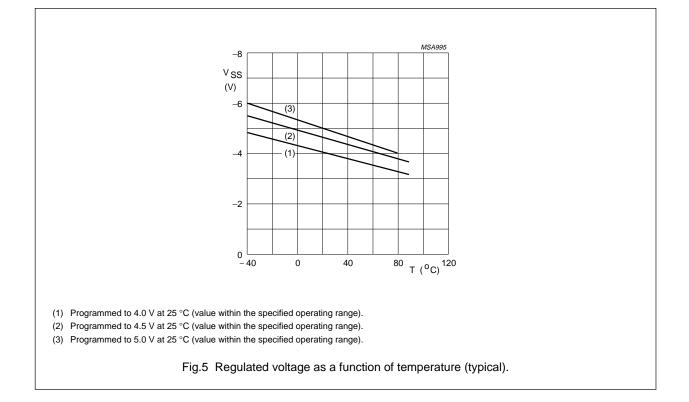
PCF1175C

LCD voltage (see Fig.5)

The adjustable voltage regulator controls the supply voltage (see Section "LCD voltage programming") in relation to temperature for good contrast, for example when V_{DD} = 4.5 V at +25 °C, then:

 V_{DD} = 3 to 4 V at +85 °C.

 V_{DD} = 5 to 6 V at -40 °C.



PCF1175C

4-digit duplex LCD car clock

12/24-hour mode

Operation in 12-hour or 24-hour mode is selected by connecting MODE to V_{DD} or V_{SS} respectively. If MODE is left open-circuit and a reset occurs, the mode will change from 12-hour to 24-hour mode or vice versa.

Power-on

After connecting the supply, the start-up mode is:

MODE connected to V_{DD}: 12-hour mode, 1:00 AM.

MODE connected to V_{SS}: 12-hour mode, 0:00.

MODE left open-circuit: 24-hour mode, 0:00 or 1:00.

Colon

If FLASH is connected to V_{DD} the colon pulses at 1 Hz. If FLASH is connected to V_{SS} the colon is static.

Time setting

Switch inputs S1 and S2 have a pull-up resistor to facilitate the use of single-pole, single-throw contacts. A debounce circuit is incorporated to protect against contact bounce and parasitic voltages.

Set enable

Inputs S1 and S2 are enabled by connecting ENABLE to V_{DD} or disabled by connecting to $V_{\text{SS}}.$

Set hours

When S1 is connected to V_{SS} the hours displayed advances by one and after one second continues with one advance per second until S1 is released (auto-increment).

Set minutes

When S2 is connected to V_{SS} the time displayed in minutes advances by one and after one second continues with one advance per second until S2 is released (auto-increment). In addition to minute correction, the seconds counter is reset to zero.

Segment test/reset

When S1 and S2 are connected to V_{SS} , all LCD segments are switched ON. Releasing switches S1 and S2 resets the display. No reset occurs when DATA is connected to V_{SS} (overlapping S1 and S2).

Test mode

When TS is connected to V_{DD} , the device is in normal operating mode. When connecting TS to V_{SS} all counters (seconds, minutes and hours) are stopped, allowing quick testing of the display via S1 and S2 (debounce and auto-increment times are 64 times faster). TS has a pull-up resistor but for reasons of safety it should be connected to V_{DD} .

EEPROM

 V_{PP} has a pull-up resistor but for reasons of safety it should be connected to $V_{\text{DD}}.$

LCD voltage programming

To enable LCD voltage programming, SEL is set to open-circuit and a level of $V_{DD} - 5$ V is applied to V_{PP} (see Fig.6). The first pulse (t_E) applied to the DATA input clears the EEPROM to give the lowest voltage output. Further pulses (t_L) will increment the output voltage by steps of typically 150 mV (T_{amb} = 25 °C). For programming, measure $V_{DD} - V_{SS}$ and apply a store pulse (t_W) when the required value is reached. If the maximum number of steps (n = 31) is reached and an additional pulse is applied the voltage will return to the lowest value.

Time calibration

To compensate for the tolerance in the quartz crystal frequency which has been positively offset (nominal deviation $+60 \times 10^{-6}$) by capacitors at the oscillator input and output, a number (n) of 262144 Hz are inhibited every second of operation.

PCF1175C

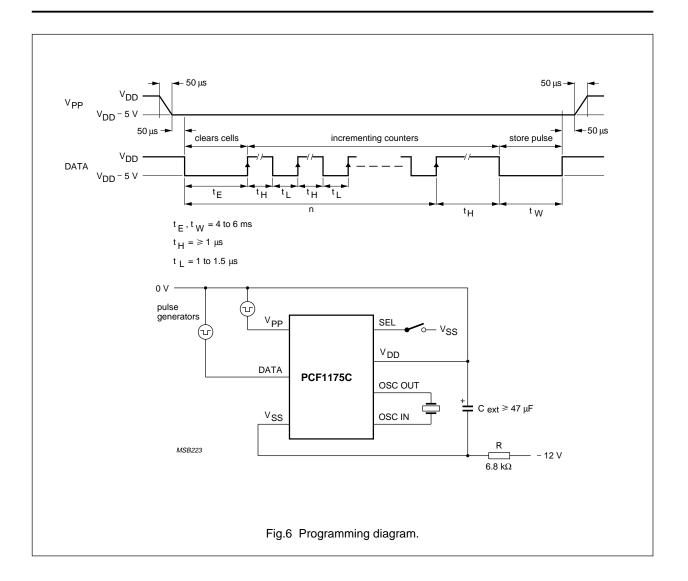
The number (n) is stored in a non-volatile memory which is achieved by the following steps (see Fig.6):

- 1. Set SEL to V_{SS} and a level of $V_{DD}-5$ V to V_{PP}
- 2. The quartz-frequency deviation $\Delta f/f$ is measured and (n) is calculated (see Table 1)
- 3. A first pulse t_E is applied to the DATA input clears the EEPROM to give the highest backplane frequency
- 4. The calculated pulses (n) are entered in (t_H, t_L). If the maximum backplane period is reached and an additional pulse is applied the period will return to the lowest value.
- 5. The backplane period is controlled and when correct fixed by applying the store pulse t_W
- 6. Release SEL and V_{PP} .

Table 1 Time calibration ($\Delta t = 7.63 \ \mu s$; SEL at V_{SS})

OSCILLATOR-FREQUENCY DEVIATION $\Delta f/f$ (× 10 ⁻⁶)	NUMBER OF PULSES (n)	BACKPLANE PERIOD (ms)
0	0	15.625
+3.8	1	15.633
+7.6	2	15.641
+11.4	3	15.648
+117.8	31	15.861

PCF1175C



PCF1175C

LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{DD}	supply voltage	with respect to V _{SS}	-	8	V
I _{DD}	supply current	V _{SS} = 0 V; note 1	-	3	mA
VI	input voltage	all pins except V_{PP} and DATA	-0.3	V _{DD} + 0.3	V
		pins V _{PP} and DATA	-3	V _{DD} + 0.3	V
T _{amb}	operating ambient temperature		-40	+85	°C
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-55	+125	°C

Note

1. Connecting the supply voltage with reverse polarity, will not harm the circuit, provided the current is limited to 10 mA by an external resistor.

HANDLING

Inputs and outputs are protected against electrostatic discharges in normal handling. However, to be totally safe, it is advisable to take handling precautions appropriate to handling MOS devices. Advice can be found in *"Data Handbook IC16, General, Handling MOS Devices"*.

PCF1175C

CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{DD} = 3 to 6 V; V_{SS} = 0 V; T_{amb} = -40 to +85 °C; crystal: f = 4.194304 MHz; R_s = 50 Ω ; C_L = 12 pF; maximum frequency tolerance = ±30 × 10⁻⁶; unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply			4			
V _{DD}	supply voltage	voltage regulator programmed to 4.5 V at T_{amb} = 25 °C	3	-	6	V
ΔV_{DD}	supply voltage variation	S1 or S2 closed	-	-	50	mV
тс	supply voltage variation due to		-	-0.35	-	%/K
	temperature	V _{DD} = 4.5 V	-	-16	-	mV/K
I _{DD}	supply current	note 1	700	950	-	μA
C_{EXT}	capacitance	external capacitor	47	-	-	μF
Oscillator						
t _{osc}	start time		-	-	200	ms
$\Delta f/f$	frequency deviation	nominal n = 0	0	60 × 10 ⁻⁶	110 × 10 ⁻⁶	
$\Delta f/f$	frequency stability	$\Delta V_{DD} = 100 \text{ mV}$	-	-	1 × 10 ⁻⁶	
R _{fb}	feedback resistance		300	1000	3000	kΩ
Ci	input capacitance		-	16	-	pF
Co	output capacitance		-	27	-	pF
Inputs						
R _O	pull-up resistance	S1, S2, TS, SEL and DATA	45	90	180	kΩ
R _O	pull-up/pull-down resistance	MODE	100	300	1000	kΩ
IIL	leakage current	ENABLE, FLASH	-	-	2	μA
t _d	debounce time	S1 and S2 only	30	65	100	ms
V _{PP} progra	amming voltage				·	
I _{O2}	output current	$V_{PP} = V_{DD} - 5 V$	70	-	700	μA
		during programming	-	500	_	μA
Backplane	e (high and low levels)					
R _{BP}	output resistance	±100 μA	-	-	3	kΩ
Segment					•	
R _{SEG}	output resistance	±100 μA	-	-	5	kΩ
LCD		1				
V _{offset(DC)}	DC offset voltage	200 kΩ/1 nF	_	_	50	mV

Note

1. A suitable resistor (R) must be selected (example):

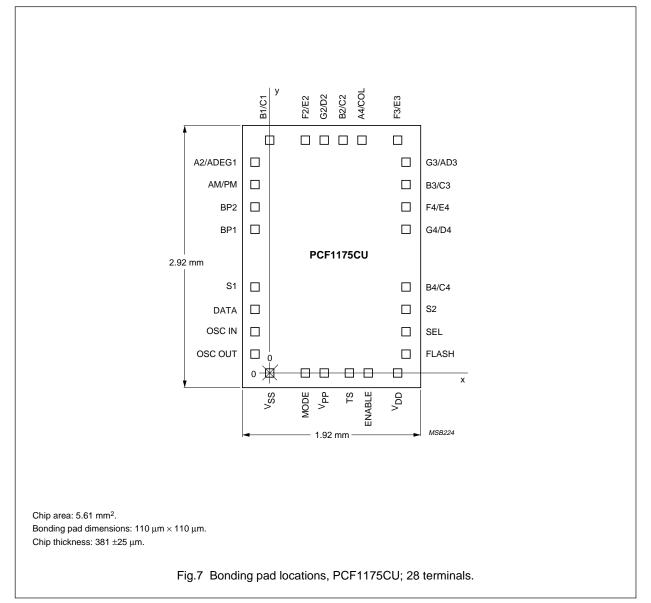
a) $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$; R max. (12 V - 5 V)/700 μ A = 10 k Ω .

- b) V_{DD} = 5 V; R typ. (12 V 5 V)/900 μ A = 7.8 k Ω (more reserve).
- c) I_{DD} must not exceed 3 mA.

1997 Apr 16

PCF1175C

CHIP DIMENSIONS AND BONDING PAD LOCATIONS



PCF1175C

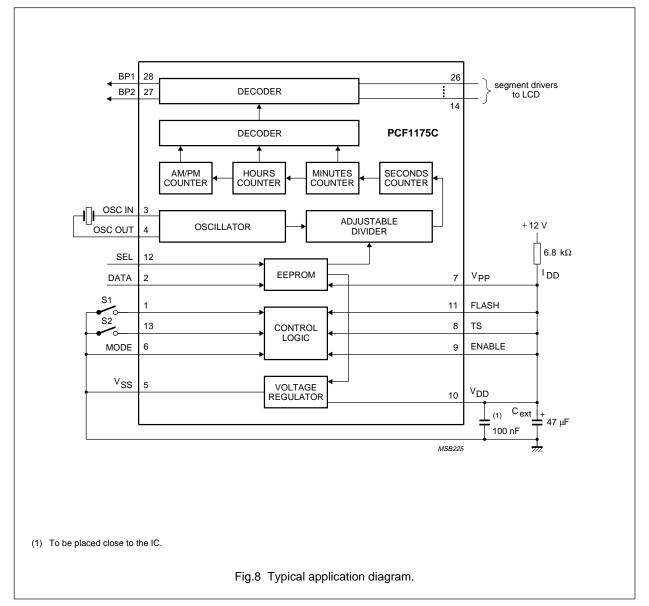
Table 2Bonding pad locations (dimensions in μm)

All x/y coordinates are referenced to the bottom left pad (V_{SS}), see Fig.7.

PAD	x	у	PAD	x	У
S1	-138	881	G4/D4	1438	1588
DATA	-138	639	F4/E4	1438	1808
OSC IN	-138	408	B3/C3	1438	2028
OSC OUT	-138	188	G3/AD3	1438	2248
V _{SS}	0	0	F3/E3	1 400	2476
MODE	383	0	A4/COL	1000	2476
V _{PP}	583	0	B2/C2	800	2476
TS	846	0	G2/D2	600	2476
ENABLE	1046	0	F2/E2	400	2476
V _{DD}	1352	0	B1/C1	0	2476
FLASH	1 4 3 8	188	A2/ADEG1	-138	2248
SEL	1438	408	AM/PM	-138	2028
S2	1438	628	BP2	-138	1808
B4/C4	1438	848	BP1	-138	1588
chip corner (max. value)	-355	-175			

PCF1175C

APPLICATION INFORMATION



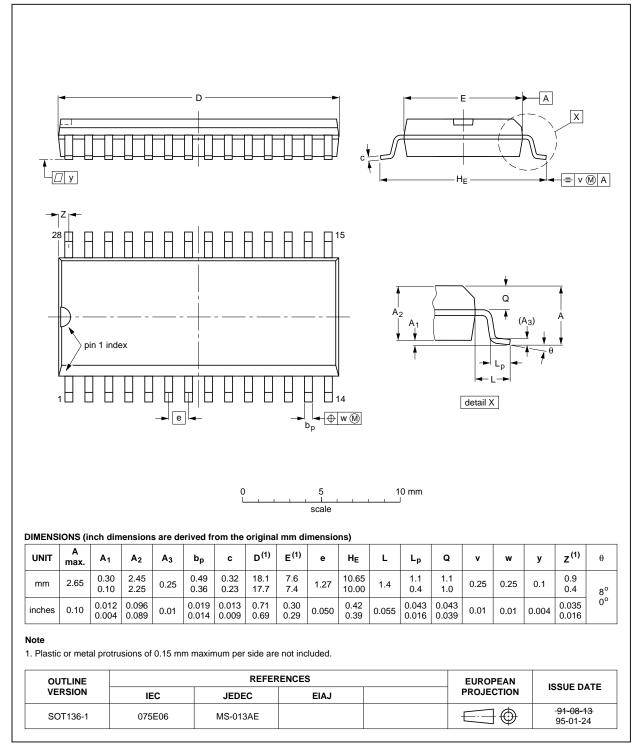
PCF1175C

SOT136-1

4-digit duplex LCD car clock

PACKAGE OUTLINE





1997 Apr 16

PCF1175C

SOLDERING

Introduction

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all IC packages. Wave soldering is often preferred when through-hole and surface mounted components are mixed on one printed-circuit board. However, wave soldering is not always suitable for surface mounted ICs, or for printed-circuits with high population densities. In these situations reflow soldering is often used.

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our "IC Package Databook" (order code 9398 652 90011).

Reflow soldering

Reflow soldering techniques are suitable for all SO packages.

Reflow soldering requires solder paste (a suspension of fine solder particles, flux and binding agent) to be applied to the printed-circuit board by screen printing, stencilling or pressure-syringe dispensing before package placement.

Several techniques exist for reflowing; for example, thermal conduction by heated belt. Dwell times vary between 50 and 300 seconds depending on heating method. Typical reflow temperatures range from 215 to 250 °C.

Preheating is necessary to dry the paste and evaporate the binding agent. Preheating duration: 45 minutes at 45 $^{\circ}$ C.

Wave soldering

Wave soldering techniques can be used for all SO packages if the following conditions are observed:

- A double-wave (a turbulent wave with high upward pressure followed by a smooth laminar wave) soldering technique should be used.
- The longitudinal axis of the package footprint must be parallel to the solder flow.
- The package footprint must incorporate solder thieves at the downstream end.

During placement and before soldering, the package must be fixed with a droplet of adhesive. The adhesive can be applied by screen printing, pin transfer or syringe dispensing. The package can be soldered after the adhesive is cured.

Maximum permissible solder temperature is 260 °C, and maximum duration of package immersion in solder is 10 seconds, if cooled to less than 150 °C within 6 seconds. Typical dwell time is 4 seconds at 250 °C.

A mildly-activated flux will eliminate the need for removal of corrosive residues in most applications.

Repairing soldered joints

Fix the component by first soldering two diagonallyopposite end leads. Use only a low voltage soldering iron (less than 24 V) applied to the flat part of the lead. Contact time must be limited to 10 seconds at up to 300 °C. When using a dedicated tool, all other leads can be soldered in one operation within 2 to 5 seconds between 270 and 320 °C.

PCF1175C

DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status				
Objective specification	Dbjective specification This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.			
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.			
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.			
Limiting values				
Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.				
Application information				

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.

PCF1175C

NOTES

PCF1175C

NOTES

PCF1175C

NOTES

Philips Semiconductors – a worldwide company

Argentina: see South America Australia: 34 Waterloo Road, NORTH RYDE, NSW 2113, Tel. +61 2 9805 4455, Fax. +61 2 9805 4466 Austria: Computerstr. 6, A-1101 WIEN, P.O. Box 213, Tel. +43 1 60 101, Fax. +43 1 60 101 1210 Tel. +47 22 74 8000, Fax. +47 22 74 8341 Belarus: Hotel Minsk Business Center, Bld. 3, r. 1211, Volodarski Str. 6, 220050 MINSK, Tel. +375 172 200 733, Fax. +375 172 200 773 Belgium: see The Netherlands Brazil: see South America Bulgaria: Philips Bulgaria Ltd., Energoproject, 15th floor, 51 James Bourchier Blvd., 1407 SOFIA, Portugal: see Spain Tel. +359 2 689 211, Fax. +359 2 689 102 Romania: see Italy Canada: PHILIPS SEMICONDUCTORS/COMPONENTS, Tel. +1 800 234 7381 China/Hong Kong: 501 Hong Kong Industrial Technology Centre, 72 Tat Chee Avenue, Kowloon Tong, HONG KONG, Tel. +852 2319 7888, Fax. +852 2319 7700 Colombia: see South America Slovakia: see Austria Czech Republic: see Austria Slovenia: see Italy Denmark: Prags Boulevard 80, PB 1919, DK-2300 COPENHAGEN S, Tel. +45 32 88 2636, Fax. +45 31 57 0044 Finland: Sinikalliontie 3, FIN-02630 ESPOO, Tel. +358 9 615800, Fax. +358 9 61580920 France: 4 Rue du Port-aux-Vins BP317 92156 SURESNES Cedex Tel. +33 1 40 99 6161, Fax. +33 1 40 99 6427 Germany: Hammerbrookstraße 69, D-20097 HAMBURG, Tel. +49 40 23 53 60, Fax. +49 40 23 536 300 Greece: No. 15, 25th March Street, GR 17778 TAVROS/ATHENS, Tel. +30 1 4894 339/239, Fax. +30 1 4814 240 Hungary: see Austria Tel. +41 1 488 2686, Fax. +41 1 481 7730 India: Philips INDIA Ltd, Shivsagar Estate, A Block, Dr. Annie Besant Rd. Worli, MUMBAI 400 018, Tel. +91 22 4938 541, Fax. +91 22 4938 722 Indonesia: see Singapore Ireland: Newstead, Clonskeagh, DUBLIN 14, Tel. +353 1 7640 000, Fax. +353 1 7640 200 Israel: RAPAC Electronics, 7 Kehilat Saloniki St, PO Box 18053, TEL AVIV 61180, Tel. +972 3 645 0444, Fax. +972 3 649 1007 Italy: PHILIPS SEMICONDUCTORS. Piazza IV Novembre 3. 20124 MILANO, Tel. +39 2 6752 2531, Fax. +39 2 6752 2557 Japan: Philips Bldg 13-37, Kohnan 2-chome, Minato-ku, TOKYO 108, Tel. +81 3 3740 5130, Fax. +81 3 3740 5077 Korea: Philips House, 260-199 Itaewon-dong, Yongsan-ku, SEOUL, Tel. +82 2 709 1412, Fax. +82 2 709 1415 Tel. +1 800 234 7381 Malaysia: No. 76 Jalan Universiti, 46200 PETALING JAYA, SELANGOR, Tel. +60 3 750 5214, Fax. +60 3 757 4880 Vietnam: see Singapore Mexico: 5900 Gateway East, Suite 200, EL PASO, TEXAS 79905, Tel. +9-5 800 234 7381

Middle East: see Italy

Netherlands: Postbus 90050, 5600 PB EINDHOVEN, Bldg. VB, Tel. +31 40 27 82785, Fax. +31 40 27 88399

New Zealand: 2 Wagener Place, C.P.O. Box 1041, AUCKLAND, Tel. +64 9 849 4160, Fax. +64 9 849 7811

Norway: Box 1, Manglerud 0612, OSLO,

Philippines: Philips Semiconductors Philippines Inc. 106 Valero St. Salcedo Village, P.O. Box 2108 MCC, MAKATI, Metro MANILA, Tel. +63 2 816 6380, Fax. +63 2 817 3474

Poland: UI. Lukiska 10, PL 04-123 WARSZAWA

Tel. +48 22 612 2831, Fax. +48 22 612 2327

Russia: Philips Russia, UI. Usatcheva 35A, 119048 MOSCOW, Tel. +7 095 755 6918, Fax. +7 095 755 6919

Singapore: Lorong 1, Toa Payoh, SINGAPORE 1231, Tel. +65 350 2538, Fax. +65 251 6500

South Africa: S.A. PHILIPS Pty Ltd., 195-215 Main Road Martindale, 2092 JOHANNESBURG, P.O. Box 7430 Johannesburg 2000, Tel. +27 11 470 5911, Fax. +27 11 470 5494

South America: Rua do Rocio 220, 5th floor, Suite 51, 04552-903 São Paulo, SÃO PAULO - SP, Brazil, Tel. +55 11 821 2333, Fax. +55 11 829 1849

Spain: Balmes 22 08007 BARCELONA Tel. +34 3 301 6312. Fax. +34 3 301 4107

Sweden: Kottbygatan 7, Akalla, S-16485 STOCKHOLM, Tel. +46 8 632 2000, Fax. +46 8 632 2745

Switzerland: Allmendstrasse 140, CH-8027 ZÜRICH,

Taiwan: Philips Semiconductors, 6F, No. 96, Chien Kuo N. Rd., Sec. 1, TAIPEI, Taiwan Tel, +886 2 2134 2865, Fax, +886 2 2134 2874

Thailand: PHILIPS ELECTRONICS (THAILAND) Ltd. 209/2 Sanpavuth-Bangna Road Prakanong, BANGKOK 10260, Tel. +66 2 745 4090, Fax. +66 2 398 0793

Turkey: Talatpasa Cad. No. 5, 80640 GÜLTEPE/ISTANBUL, Tel. +90 212 279 2770, Fax. +90 212 282 6707

Ukraine: PHILIPS UKRAINE, 4 Patrice Lumumba str., Building B, Floor 7, 252042 KIEV, Tel. +380 44 264 2776, Fax. +380 44 268 0461

United Kingdom: Philips Semiconductors Ltd., 276 Bath Road, Haves, MIDDLESEX UB3 5BX, Tel. +44 181 730 5000, Fax. +44 181 754 8421 United States: 811 East Arques Avenue, SUNNYVALE, CA 94088-3409,

Uruguay: see South America

Yugoslavia: PHILIPS, Trg N. Pasica 5/v, 11000 BEOGRAD, Tel. +381 11 625 344, Fax.+381 11 635 777

For all other countries apply to: Philips Semiconductors, Marketing & Sales Communications, Building BE-p, P.O. Box 218, 5600 MD EINDHOVEN, The Netherlands, Fax. +31 40 27 24825

© Philips Electronics N.V. 1997

SCA54

All rights are reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner. The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice. No liability will be accepted by the publisher for any consequence of its use. Publication thereof does not convey nor imply any license under patent- or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Printed in The Netherlands

417087/1200/02/pp20

Date of release: 1997 Apr 16

Document order number: 9397 750 01529

Let's make things better.

Internet: http://www.semiconductors.philips.com





Semiconductors

Philips