## 74AUP1G98

## Low-power configurable multiple function gate

Rev. 03 - 29 June 2009
Product data sheet

## 1. General description

The 74AUP1G98 provides configurable multiple functions. The output state is determined by eight patterns of 3-bit input. The user can choose the logic functions MUX, AND, OR, NAND, NOR, inverter and buffer. All inputs can be connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND.

This device ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V .

This device is fully specified for partial Power-down applications using loff. The loff circuitry disables the output, preventing the damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

The 74AUP1G98 has Schmitt trigger inputs making it capable of transforming slowly changing input signals into sharply defined, jitter-free output signals.

The inputs switch at different points for positive and negative-going signals. The difference between the positive voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{+}}$and the negative voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{-}}$is defined as the input hysteresis voltage $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}$.

## 2. Features

■ Wide supply voltage range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V

- High noise immunity

■ ESD protection:

- HBM JESD22-A114E exceeds 5000 V
- MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
- CDM JESD22-C101C exceeds 1000 V
- Low static power consumption; $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0.9 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (maximum)

■ Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
■ Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6 V

- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < $10 \%$ of $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$
- I IFF circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Multiple package options
- Specified from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$



## 3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

| Type number | Package |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Temperature range | Name | Description | Version |
| 74AUP1G98GW | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | SC-88 | plastic surface-mounted package; 6 leads | SOT363 |
| 74AUP1G98GM | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | XSON6 | plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; <br> 6 terminals; body $1 \times 1.45 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| 74AUP1G98GF | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | XSON6 | plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; <br> 6 terminals; body $1 \times 1 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

## 4. Marking

Table 2. Marking

| Type number | Marking code [1] |
| :--- | :--- |
| 74AUP1G98GW | a9 |
| 74AUP1G98GM | a9 |
| 74AUP1G98GF | a9 |

[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

## 5. Functional diagram



Fig 1. Logic diagram

## 6. Pinning information

### 6.1 Pinning



### 6.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

| Symbol | Pin | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B | 1 | data input |
| GND | 2 | ground (0 V) |
| A | 3 | data input |
| Y | 4 | data output |
| V CC $^{\text {C }}$ | 5 | supply voltage |
|  | 6 | data input |

## 7. Functional description

Table 4. Function table ${ }^{[1]}$

| Input |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C | B | A | Output |
| L | L | L | Y |
| L | L | H | H |
| L | H | L | L |
| L | H | H | L |
| H | L | L | H |
| H | L | H | L |
| H | H | L | H |
| H | H | H | L |

[1] $\mathrm{H}=\mathrm{HIGH}$ voltage level;
$\mathrm{L}=\mathrm{LOW}$ voltage level.

### 7.1 Logic configurations

Table 5. Function selection table

| Logic function | Figure |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2-input MUX with inverted output | see Figure 5 |
| 2-input NAND | see Figure 6 |
| 2-input NOR with one input inverted | see Figure 7 |
| 2-input AND with one input inverted | see Figure 7 |
| 2-input NAND with one input inverted | see Figure 8 |
| 2-input OR with one input inverted | see Figure 8 |
| 2-input NOR | see Figure 9 |
| Buffer | see Figure 10 |
| Inverter | see Figure 11 |



Fig 5. 2-input MUX with inverted output

Fig 8. 2-input $O R$ gate with input $B$ inverted or


Fig 7. 2-input AND gate with input A inverted or 2-input NOR gate with inverted $C$ input


2-input NAND gate with input C inverted


Fig 10. Buffer

Fig 9. 2-input NOR gate



Fig 11. Inverter

## 8. Limiting values

Table 6. Limiting values
In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $V_{C C}$ | supply voltage |  | -0.5 | +4.6 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IK}}$ | input clamping current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}<0 \mathrm{~V}$ | -50 | - | mA |
| $V_{1}$ | input voltage |  | [1] -0.5 | +4.6 | $\checkmark$ |
| $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{ok}}$ | output clamping current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<0 \mathrm{~V}$ | -50 | - | mA |
| $\mathrm{V}_{0}$ | output voltage | Active mode and Power-down mode | [1] -0.5 | +4.6 | $\checkmark$ |
| lo | output current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | - | $\pm 20$ | mA |
| $I_{\text {CC }}$ | supply current |  | - | 50 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {GND }}$ | ground current |  | -50 | - | mA |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | storage temperature |  | -65 | +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ | total power dissipation | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | [2] - | 250 | mW |

[1] The minimum input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
[2] For SC-88 packages: above $87.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ the value of $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ derates linearly with $4.0 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{K}$.
For XSON6 packages: above $118^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ the value of $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ derates linearly with $7.8 \mathrm{~mW} / \mathrm{K}$.

## 9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 7. Recommended operating conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $V_{C C}$ | supply voltage |  | 0.8 | 3.6 | V |
| $V_{1}$ | input voltage |  | 0 | 3.6 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}$ | output voltage | Active mode | 0 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
|  |  | Power-down mode; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0 | 3.6 | V |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}$ | ambient temperature |  | -40 | +125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## 10. Static characteristics

Table 8. Static characteristics
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V ).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | HIGH-level output voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{+}}$or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{-}}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=-20 \mu \mathrm{~A} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.1$ | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-1.1 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $0.75 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-1.7 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.11 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=-1.9 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.32 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{0}=-2.3 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2.05 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-3.1 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.9 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-2.7 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2.72 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-4.0 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2.6 | - | - | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | LOW-level output voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{+}}$or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{-}}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=20 \mu \mathrm{~A} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | 0.1 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.1 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $0.3 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {cc }}$ | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.7 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.31 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.9 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.31 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=2.3 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.31 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=3.1 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{C C}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.44 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=2.7 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.31 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=4.0 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.44 | V |
| 1 | input leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND}$ to $3.6 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | $\pm 0.1$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| IOFF | power-off leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V ; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $\pm 0.2$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\Delta l_{\text {OFF }}$ | additional power-off leakage current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{1} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 3.6 \mathrm{~V} \text {; } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 0.2 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | $\pm 0.2$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | supply current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} ; \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~A} ; \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0.8 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 3.6 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 0.5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{l}_{\text {CC }}$ | additional supply current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.6 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~A} ; \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | [1] - | - | 40 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{Cl}_{1}$ | input capacitance | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 $\mathrm{V} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | - | 1.1 | - | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{0}$ | output capacitance | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{GND} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 1.7 | - | pF |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{amb}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | HIGH-level output voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{+}}$or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{-}}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-20 \mu \mathrm{~A} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}-0.1$ | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=-1.1 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $0.7 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {CC }}$ | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=-1.7 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.03 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{0}=-1.9 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.30 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{0}=-2.3 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.97 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{0}=-3.1 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.85 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{0}=-2.7 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2.67 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=-4.0 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2.55 | - | - | V |

Table 8. Static characteristics ...continued
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V ).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | LOW-level output voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{+}}$or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{-}}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=20 \mu \mathrm{~A} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | 0.1 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.1 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $0.3 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {CC }}$ | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.7 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.37 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.9 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.35 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=2.3 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.33 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=3.1 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.45 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=2.7 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.33 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=4.0 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.45 | V |
| 1 | input leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{GND}$ to 3.6 V; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | $\pm 0.5$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| IOFF | power-off leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V ; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $\pm 0.5$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{l}_{\text {OFF }}$ | additional power-off leakage current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{1} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 3.6 \mathrm{~V} \text {; } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 0.2 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | $\pm 0.6$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $I_{\text {cc }}$ | supply current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} ; \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~A} ; \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0.8 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 3.6 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 0.9 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{l}_{\text {CC }}$ | additional supply current | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.6 \mathrm{~V} ; \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~A} ; \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | [1] - | - | 50 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {amb }}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | HIGH-level output voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{+}}$or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{-}}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=-20 \mu \mathrm{~A} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}-0.11$ | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=-1.1 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $0.6 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {cc }}$ | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=-1.7 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.93 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=-1.9 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.17 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{0}=-2.3 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{C C}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.77 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=-3.1 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.67 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=-2.7 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2.40 | - | - | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=-4.0 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{C C}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 2.30 | - | - | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | LOW-level output voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{+}}$or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{-}}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=20 \mu \mathrm{~A} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | 0.11 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.1 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $0.33 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {CC }}$ | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.7 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.41 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=1.9 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.39 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=2.3 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.36 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=3.1 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.50 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=2.7 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.36 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{O}}=4.0 \mathrm{~mA} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.50 | V |
|  | input leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{GND}$ to 3.6 V ; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | - | - | $\pm 0.75$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| lofF | power-off leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {I }}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V ; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $\pm 0.75$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

Table 8. Static characteristics ...continued
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V ).
$\left.\begin{array}{lllllll}\hline \text { Symbol } & \text { Parameter } & \text { Conditions } & \text { Min } & \text { Typ } & \text { Max } & \text { Unit } \\ \Delta \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OFF}} & \text { additional power-off } & \mathrm{V}_{1} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 3.6 \mathrm{~V} ; & - & - & \pm 0.75 & \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ & \text { leakage current } & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 0.2 \mathrm{~V}\end{array}\right]$
[1] One input at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.6 \mathrm{~V}$, other input at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND .

## 11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 13.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min | Typ[1] | Max | Min | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ \left(85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ \left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{pF}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {pd }}$ | propagation delay | A, B, C to Y; see Figure 12 | [2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | 23.3 | - | - | - | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.1 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.3 V |  | 2.9 | 6.7 | 12.9 | 2.7 | 13.2 | 13.4 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.6 V |  | 2.4 | 4.8 | 7.7 | 2.4 | 8.3 | 8.7 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.95 V |  | 2.2 | 4.0 | 6.3 | 1.9 | 7.0 | 7.4 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to 2.7 V |  | 2.0 | 3.2 | 4.6 | 1.8 | 5.2 | 5.4 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V |  | 1.9 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 1.6 | 4.2 | 4.4 | ns |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{pF}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{pd}}$ | propagation delay | A, B, C to Y; see Figure 12 | [2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | 27.1 | - | - | - | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.1 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.3 V |  | 3.3 | 7.6 | 14.5 | 3.0 | 15.1 | 15.3 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.6 V |  | 2.7 | 5.4 | 8.8 | 2.8 | 9.5 | 9.9 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.95 V |  | 2.5 | 4.6 | 7.2 | 2.3 | 8.0 | 8.4 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to 2.7 V |  | 2.4 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 2.2 | 5.9 | 6.2 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V |  | 2.3 | 3.5 | 4.7 | 2.0 | 4.9 | 5.2 | ns |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{pd}}$ | propagation delay | A, B, C to Y; see Figure 12 | [2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | 30.6 | - | - | - | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.1 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.3 V |  | 3.6 | 8.4 | 16.1 | 3.3 | 16.9 | 17.2 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.6 V |  | 3.0 | 6.0 | 9.7 | 3.1 | 10.5 | 11.0 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.95 V |  | 2.8 | 5.1 | 7.9 | 2.5 | 8.9 | 9.3 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to 2.7 V |  | 2.7 | 4.2 | 5.9 | 2.5 | 6.6 | 7.0 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V |  | 2.5 | 3.9 | 5.2 | 2.2 | 5.5 | 5.8 | ns |

Table 9. Dynamic characteristics ...continued
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 13.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min | Typ[1] | Max | Min | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ \left(85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \text { Max } \\ \left(125{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{array}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=30 \mathrm{pF}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $t_{\text {pd }}$ | propagation delay | A, B, C to Y; see Figure 12 | [2] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | 38.7 | - | - | - | - | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.1 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.3 V |  | 4.5 | 10.7 | 21.1 | 4.1 | 22.0 | 22.4 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.6 V |  | 3.8 | 7.6 | 12.3 | 3.8 | 13.5 | 14.2 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.95 V |  | 3.5 | 6.3 | 10.1 | 3.1 | 11.3 | 11.9 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to 2.7 V |  | 3.4 | 5.3 | 7.5 | 3.2 | 8.4 | 8.9 | ns |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V |  | 3.2 | 5.0 | 6.7 | 2.9 | 7.1 | 7.5 | ns |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{pF}, 10 \mathrm{pF}, 15 \mathrm{pF}$ and 30 pF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | power dissipation | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{i}}=1 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{GND}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | [3] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | capacitance | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - | 2.7 | - | - | - | - | pF |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.1 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.3 V |  | - | 2.9 | - | - | - | - | pF |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.6 V |  | - | 3.0 | - | - | - | - | pF |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.95 V |  | - | 3.2 | - | - | - | - | pF |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to 2.7 V |  | - | 2.8 | - | - | - | - | pF |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V |  | - | 4.4 | - | - | - | - | pF |

[1] All typical values are measured at nominal $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$.
[2] $t_{p d}$ is the same as $t_{P L H}$ and $t_{P H L}$
[3] $\mathrm{C}_{P D}$ is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation $\left(\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}\right.$ in $\left.\mu \mathrm{W}\right)$.
$P_{D}=C_{P D} \times V_{C C}{ }^{2} \times f_{i} \times N+\Sigma\left(C_{L} \times V_{C C}{ }^{2} \times f_{0}\right)$ where:
$f_{i}=$ input frequency in MHz ;
$\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{o}}=$ output frequency in MHz ;
$\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=$ output load capacitance in pF ;
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=$ supply voltage in V ;
$\mathrm{N}=$ number of inputs switching;
$\Sigma\left(C_{L} \times V_{C C}{ }^{2} \times f_{0}\right)=$ sum of the outputs.

## 12. Waveforms



Measurement points are given in Table 10.
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.
Fig 12. Input $A, B$ and $C$ to output $Y$ propagation delay times.

Table 10. Measurement points

| Supply voltage | Output | Input |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{C C}}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{M}}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{M}}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{I}}$ | $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{r}}=\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{f}}$ |
| 0.8 V to 3.6 V | $0.5 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $0.5 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $\leq 3.0 \mathrm{~ns}$ |



Test data is given in Table 11.
Definitions for test circuit:
$R_{L}=$ Load resistance.
$C_{L}=$ Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.
$R_{T}=$ Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance $Z_{0}$ of the pulse generator.
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{EXT}}=$ External voltage for measuring switching times.
Fig 13. Load circuitry for switching times

Table 11. Test data

| Supply voltage | Load |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {EXT }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}} \underline{\text { [1] }}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PZH, }}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {PHZ }}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PZL }}, \mathrm{t}_{\text {PLZ }}$ |
| 0.8 V to 3.6 V | $5 \mathrm{pF}, 10 \mathrm{pF}, 15 \mathrm{pF}$ and 30 pF | $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | open | GND | $2 V_{C C}$ |

[1] For measuring enable and disable times $R_{L}=5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, for measuring propagation delays, setup and hold times and pulse width $R_{L}=1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$.

## 13. Transfer characteristics

Table 12. Transfer characteristics
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground $=0 \mathrm{~V}$; for test circuit see Figure 13.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $-40{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min | Typ | Max | Min | $\begin{gathered} \operatorname{Max} \\ \left(85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ \left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {T+ }}$ | positive-going threshold voltage | see Figure 14 and Figure 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.30 | - | 0.60 | 0.30 | 0.60 | 0.62 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.53 | - | 0.90 | 0.53 | 0.90 | 0.92 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.74 | - | 1.11 | 0.74 | 1.11 | 1.13 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.91 | - | 1.29 | 0.91 | 1.29 | 1.31 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.37 | - | 1.77 | 1.37 | 1.77 | 1.80 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1.88 | - | 2.29 | 1.88 | 2.29 | 2.32 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {T- }}$ | negative-going threshold voltage | see Figure 14 and Figure 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.10 | - | 0.60 | 0.10 | 0.60 | 0.60 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.26 | - | 0.65 | 0.26 | 0.65 | 0.65 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.39 | - | 0.75 | 0.39 | 0.75 | 0.75 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.47 | - | 0.84 | 0.47 | 0.84 | 0.84 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.69 | - | 1.04 | 0.69 | 1.04 | 1.04 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.88 | - | 1.24 | 0.88 | 1.24 | 1.24 | V |

Table 12. Transfer characteristics ...continued
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground $=0 \mathrm{~V}$; for test circuit see Figure 13.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min | Typ | Max | Min | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ \left(85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Max } \\ \left(125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | hysteresis voltage | $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{+}}-\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{-}}\right)$; see Figure 14 , Figure 15, Figure 16 and Figure 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.07 | - | 0.50 | 0.07 | 0.50 | 0.50 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=1.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.08 | - | 0.46 | 0.08 | 0.46 | 0.46 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.18 | - | 0.56 | 0.18 | 0.56 | 0.56 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=1.65 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.27 | - | 0.66 | 0.27 | 0.66 | 0.66 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.53 | - | 0.92 | 0.53 | 0.92 | 0.92 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.79 | - | 1.31 | 0.79 | 1.31 | 1.31 | V |

## 14. Waveforms transfer characteristics



Fig 14. Transfer characteristic

$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{+}}$and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}_{-}}$limits at $70 \%$ and $20 \%$.
Fig 15. Definition of $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}+}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}-}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}$


Fig 16. Typical transfer characteristics; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1.8 \mathrm{~V}$


Fig 17. Typical transfer characteristics; $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$

## 15. Package outline



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

| UNIT | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{1}}$ <br> $\boldsymbol{m a x}$ | $\mathbf{b p}_{\mathbf{p}}$ | $\mathbf{c}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{e}$ | $\mathbf{e}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{E}}$ | $\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{p}}$ | $\mathbf{Q}$ | $\mathbf{v}$ | $\mathbf{w}$ | $\mathbf{y}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | 1.1 | 0.1 | 0.30 | 0.25 | 2.2 | 1.35 | 1.3 | 0.65 | 2.2 <br> 2.2 | 0.45 <br> 0.15 | 0.25 <br> 0.15 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 |


| OUTLINE <br> VERSION | REFERENCES |  |  |  | EUROPEAN <br> PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SOT363 |  | JEDEC | JEITA |  | $-04-11-08$ |

Fig 18. Package outline SOT363 (SC-88)


DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

| UNIT | $\mathbf{A}^{(1)}$ <br> $\mathbf{m a x}$ | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{1}}$ <br> $\boldsymbol{m a x}$ | $\mathbf{b}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{e}$ | $\mathbf{e}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{1}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | 0.5 | 0.04 | 0.25 | 1.5 | 1.05 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.35 | 0.40 |
|  |  |  | 0.17 | 1.4 | 0.95 |  |  | 0.27 | 0.32 |

Notes

1. Including plating thickness.
2. Can be visible in some manufacturing processes.

| OUTLINE VERSION | REFERENCES |  |  | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA |  |  |
| SOT886 |  | MO-252 |  | $\bigcirc$ ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 04-07-15 \\ & 04-07-22 \end{aligned}$ |

Fig 19. Package outline SOT886 (XSON6)


DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

| UNIT | $\mathbf{A}$ <br> $\mathbf{m a x}$ | $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{1}}$ <br> $\boldsymbol{m a x}$ | $\mathbf{b}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{e}$ | $\mathbf{e}_{\mathbf{1}}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{1}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | 0.5 | 0.04 | 0.20 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 0.55 | 0.35 | 0.35 | 0.40 |
| 0.12 | 0.95 | 0.95 | 0.37 | 0.32 |  |  |  |  |  |

Note

1. Can be visible in some manufacturing processes.

| OUTLINE <br> VERSION | REFERENCES |  |  |  | EUROPEAN <br> PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $-05-04-06$ |  |

Fig 20. Package outline SOT891 (XSON6)

## 16. Abbreviations

Table 13. Abbreviations

| Acronym | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| CDM | Charged Device Model |
| CMOS | Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor |
| DUT | Device Under Test |
| ESD | ElectroStatic Discharge |
| HBM | Human Body Model |
| MM | Machine Model |
| TTL | Transistor-Transistor Logic |

## 17. Revision history

Table 14. Revision history

| Document ID | Release date | Data sheet status | Change notice | Supersedes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 74AUP1G98_3 | 20090629 | Product data sheet | - | 74AUP1G98_2 |
| Modifications: | $\bullet \underline{\text { Table 6: }}$ Derating factor of XSON6 packages has been changed. |  |  |  |
| 74AUP1G98_2 | 20090402 | Product data sheet | - | 74AUP1G98_1 |
| 74AUP1G98_1 | 20061108 | Product data sheet | - | - |

## 18. Legal information

### 18.1 Data sheet status

| Document status $\underline{[1][2]}$ | Product status $[$ [3] | Definition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Objective [short] data sheet | Development | This document contains data from the objective specification for product development. |
| Preliminary [short] data sheet | Qualification | This document contains data from the preliminary specification. |
| Product [short] data sheet | Production | This document contains the product specification. |

1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.nxp.com

### 18.2 Definitions

Draft - The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

Short data sheet - A short data sheet is an extract from a full data sheet with the same product type number(s) and title. A short data sheet is intended for quick reference only and should not be relied upon to contain detailed and full information. For detailed and full information see the relevant full data sheet, which is available on request via the local NXP Semiconductors sales office. In case of any inconsistency or conflict with the short data sheet, the full data sheet shall prevail.

### 18.3 Disclaimers

General - Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.
Right to make changes - NXP Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use - NXP Semiconductors products are not designed authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in medical, military, aircraft, space or life support equipment, nor in applications where failure o malfunction of an NXP Semiconductors product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental
damage. NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for inclusion and/or use of NXP Semiconductors products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Applications - Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. NXP Semiconductors makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Limiting values - Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) may cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of this document is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Terms and conditions of sale - NXP Semiconductors products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at http://www.nxp.com/profile/terms, including those pertaining to warranty, intellectual property rights infringement and limitation of liability, unless explicitly otherwise agreed to in writing by NXP Semiconductors. In case of any inconsistency or conflict between information in this document and such terms and conditions, the latter will prevail.

No offer to sell or license - Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Export control - This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from national authorities.

### 18.4 Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

## 19. Contact information

For more information, please visit: http://www.nxp.com
For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nxp.com

## 20. Contents

1 General description ..... 1
Features ..... 1
3 Ordering information ..... 2
Marking ..... 2
5 Functional diagram ..... 2
6 Pinning information ..... 3
6.1 Pinning ..... 3
6.2 Pin description ..... 3
7 Functional description ..... 3
7.1 Logic configurations ..... 4
8 Limiting values ..... 5
9 Recommended operating conditions ..... 5
10 Static characteristics ..... 6
11 Dynamic characteristics ..... 8
Waveforms ..... 10
13 Transfer characteristics ..... 11
14 Waveforms transfer characteristics ..... 12
15 Package outline ..... 14
16 Abbreviations ..... 17
17 Revision history ..... 17
18 Legal information ..... 18
18.1 Data sheet status ..... 18
18.2 Definitions ..... 18
8.3 Disclaimers ..... 18
18.4 Trademarks ..... 18
19 Contact information ..... 18
20 Contents ..... 19

