

# ROHM's Selection Operational Amplifier/Comparator Series **Low Voltage Operation CMOS Operational Amplifiers**

**BU7261G,BU7261S G,BU7241G,BU7241S G  
BU7262F/FVM,BU7262S F/FVM, BU7242F/FVM,BU7242S F/FVM  
BU7461G,BU7461S G,BU7441G,BU7441S G  
BU7462F/FVM,BU7462S F/FVM, BU7442F/FVM,BU7442S F/FVM**

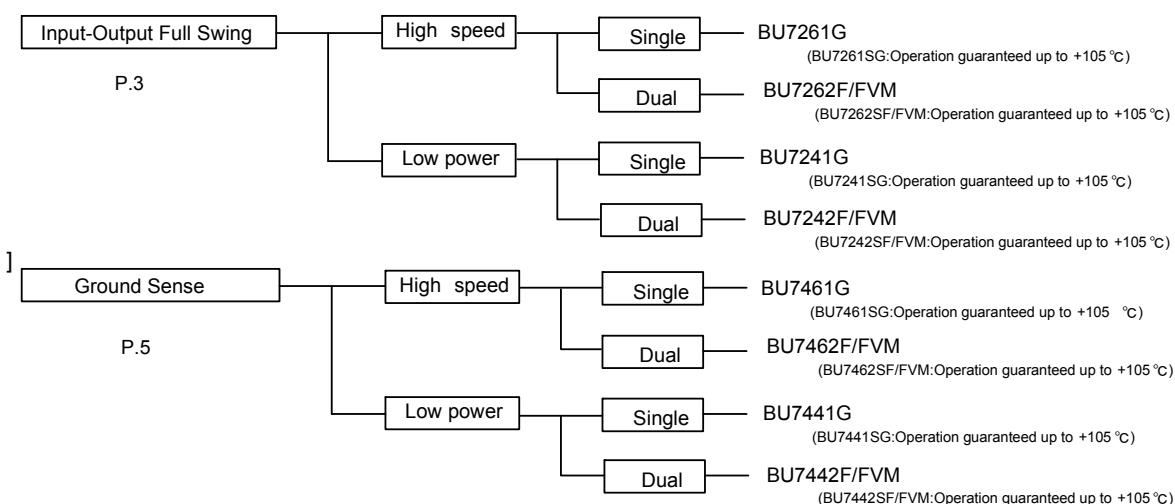


No.09049EAT07

## ● Description

Low Voltage CMOS Op-Amp integrate one or two independent output full swing Op-Amps and phase compensation capacitors on a single chip. Especially, this series is operable with low voltage, low supply current and low input bias current.

- Input-Output Full Swing : BU7261/BU7241 family , BU7262/BU7242 family
- Ground Sense : BU7461/BU7441 family , BU7462/BU7442 family



## ● Features

- 1) Operable with low voltage  
Input-Output Full Swing : +1.8 [V]~+5.5 [V] (single supply): BU7261/BU7241 family , BU7262/BU7242 family  
Ground Sense : +1.7 [V]~+5.5 [V] (single supply): BU7461/BU7441 family , BU7462/BU7442 family
- 2) Internal phase compensation
- 3) High large signal voltage gain
- 4) Internal ESD protection  
Human body model (HBM) ±4000[V] (Typ.)
- 5) Low input bias current 1[pA] (Typ.)

## ● Pin Assignments



SSOP5

SOP8

MSOP8

| Input type              | Package                                    |  |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
|                         | SSOP5                                      | SOP8                                       | MSOP8  |
| Input-output Full Swing | BU7261G<br>BU7261SG<br>BU7241G<br>BU7241SG | BU7262F<br>BU7262SF<br>BU7242F<br>BU7242SF | BU7262FVM<br>BU7262SFVM<br>BU7242FVM<br>BU7242SFVM |
| Ground Sense            | BU7461G<br>BU7461SG<br>BU7441G<br>BU7441SG | BU7462F<br>BU7462SF<br>BU7442F<br>BU7442SF | BU7462FVM<br>BU7462SFVM<br>BU7442FVM<br>BU7442SFVM |

● Absolute maximum rating( $T_a=25[^\circ C]$ )

| Parameter                       | Symbol            | Rating   |  | Unit |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|------|
|                                 |                   | BU7261G, BU7262 F/FVM<br>BU7241G, BU7242 F/FVM<br>BU7461G, BU7462 F/FVM<br>BU7441G, BU7442 F/FVM | BU7261SG, BU7262S F/FVM<br>BU7241SG, BU7242S F/FVM<br>BU7461SG, BU7462S F/FVM<br>BU7441SG, BU7442S F/FVM |      |
| Supply Voltage                  | VDD-VSS           | +7   |  | V    |
| Differential Input Voltage(*1)  | V <sub>id</sub>   | VDD-VSS  |  | V    |
| Input Common-mode Voltage Range | V <sub>icm</sub>  | (VSS-0.3)~(VDD+0.3)  |  | V    |
| Operating Temperature           | T <sub>opr</sub>  | -40~+85  | -40~+105   | °C   |
| Storage Temperature             | T <sub>tsg</sub>  | -55~+125   |  | °C   |
| Maximum Junction Temperature    | T <sub>jmax</sub> | +125   |  | °C   |

Note: Absolute maximum rating item indicates the condition which must not be exceeded.

Application of voltage in excess of absolute maximum rating or use out absolute maximum rated temperature environment may cause deterioration of characteristics.

(\*1) The voltage difference between inverting input and non-inverting input is the differential input voltage.

Then input terminal voltage is set to more than VSS.

**Input-Output Full Swing****BU7261G, BU7261SG, BU7241G, BU7241SG****BU7262F/FVM, BU7262S F/FVM, BU7242F/FVM, BU7242S F/FVM****●Features**

- 1) Operable low power supply +1.8[V]~+5.5[V]
- 2) +1.8 [V]~+5.5[V](single supply)  
 $\pm 0.9[V] \sim \pm 2.75[V]$ (split supply)
- 3) Operable input-Output full swing
- 4) High slew rate (BU7261 family , BU7262 family)
- 5) Low supply current (BU7241 family , BU7242 family)
- 6) Wide temperature range  
 $-40[^\circ C] \sim +85[^\circ C]$   
(BU7261G,BU7262 family , BU7241G,BU7242 family)  
 $-40[^\circ C] \sim +105[^\circ C]$   
(BU7261SG,BU7262S family,BU7241SG,BU7242S family)

**●Electrical characteristics**

OBU7261 family , BU7262 family (Unless otherwise specified VDD=+3[V], VSS=0[V], Ta=25[°C])

| Parameter                                 | Symbol | Temperature Range | Guaranteed limit |      |         | Unit | Condition                               |  |  |
|---|--------|-------------------|------------------|------|---------|------|---|--|--|
|   |        |                   | BU7261G,BU7261SG |      |         |      |   |  |  |
|   |        |                   | Min.             | Typ. | Max.    |      |   |  |  |
| Input Offset Voltage <sup>(*)2)(*)3</sup> | Vio    | 25°C              | -                | 1    | 9       | mV   | VDD=1.8~5.5[V],<br>VOUT=VDD/2           |  |  |
|   |        | Full range        | -                | -    | 10      |      |   |  |  |
| Input Offset Current <sup>(*)2</sup>      | Iio    | 25°C              | -                | 1    | -       | pA   | -                                       |  |  |
| Input Bias Current <sup>(*)2</sup>        | Ib     | 25°C              | -                | 1    | -       | pA   | -                                       |  |  |
| Supply Current <sup>(*)4</sup>            | IDD    | 25°C              | -                | 250  | 550     | μA   | RL=∞ All Op-Amps<br>AV=0[dB],VIN=1.5[V] |  |  |
|   |        | Full range        | -                | -    | 600     |      |   |  |  |
| High Level Output Voltage                 | VOH    | 25°C              | VDD-0.1          | -    | -       | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Low Level Output Voltage                  | VOL    | 25°C              | -                | -    | VSS+0.1 | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Large Single Voltage Gain                 | AV     | 25°C              | 70               | 95   | -       | dB   | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Input Common-mode Voltage Range           | Vicm   | 25°C              | 0                | -    | 3       | V    | VDD-VSS=3[V]                            |  |  |
| Common-mode Rejection Ratio               | CMRR   | 25°C              | 45               | 60   | -       | dB   | -                                       |  |  |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio              | PSRR   | 25°C              | 60               | 80   | -       | dB   | -                                       |  |  |
| Output Source Current <sup>(*)4</sup>     | IOH    | 25°C              | 4                | 10   | -       | mA   | VDD-0.4[V]                              |  |  |
| Output Sink Current <sup>(*)4</sup>       | IOL    | 25°C              | 5                | 12   | -       | mA   | VSS+0.4[V]                              |  |  |
| Slew Rate                                 | SR     | 25°C              | -                | 1.1  | -       | V/μs | CL=25[pF]                               |  |  |
| Gain Bandwidth Product                    | FT     | 25°C              | -                | 2    | -       | MHz  | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                    |  |  |
| Phase Margin                              | θ      | 25°C              | -                | 50°  | -       | -    | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                    |  |  |
| Total Harmonic Distortion                 | THD    | 25°C              | -                | 0.05 | -       | %    | VOUT=1[Vp-p],f=1[kHz]                   |  |  |
| Channel Separation                        | CS     | 25°C              | -                | -    | -       | dB   | Av=40[dB]                               |  |  |

| Parameter                                 | Symbol | Temperature Range | Guaranteed limit |      |         | Unit | Condition                               |  |  |
|---|--------|-------------------|------------------|------|---------|------|---|--|--|
|   |        |                   | BU7262 F/FVM     |      |         |      |   |  |  |
|   |        |                   | Min.             | Typ. | Max.    |      |   |  |  |
| Input Offset Voltage <sup>(*)2)(*)3</sup> | Vio    | 25°C              | -                | 1    | 9       | mV   | VDD=1.8~5.5[V],<br>VOUT=VDD/2           |  |  |
|   |        | Full range        | -                | -    | 10      |      |   |  |  |
| Input Offset Current <sup>(*)2</sup>      | Iio    | 25°C              | -                | 1    | -       | pA   | -                                       |  |  |
| Input Bias Current <sup>(*)2</sup>        | Ib     | 25°C              | -                | 1    | -       | pA   | -                                       |  |  |
| Supply Current <sup>(*)4</sup>            | IDD    | 25°C              | -                | 550  | 1100    | μA   | RL=∞ All Op-Amps<br>AV=0[dB],VIN=1.5[V] |  |  |
|   |        | Full range        | -                | -    | 1200    |      |   |  |  |
| High Level Output Voltage                 | VOH    | 25°C              | VDD-0.1          | -    | -       | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Low Level Output Voltage                  | VOL    | 25°C              | -                | -    | VSS+0.1 | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Large Single Voltage Gain                 | AV     | 25°C              | 70               | 95   | -       | dB   | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Input Common-mode Voltage Range           | Vicm   | 25°C              | 0                | -    | 3       | V    | VDD-VSS=3[V]                            |  |  |
| Common-mode Rejection Ratio               | CMRR   | 25°C              | 45               | 60   | -       | dB   | -                                       |  |  |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio              | PSRR   | 25°C              | 60               | 80   | -       | dB   | -                                       |  |  |
| Output Source Current <sup>(*)4</sup>     | IOH    | 25°C              | 4                | 10   | -       | mA   | VDD-0.4[V]                              |  |  |
| Output Sink Current <sup>(*)4</sup>       | IOL    | 25°C              | 5                | 12   | -       | mA   | VSS+0.4[V]                              |  |  |
| Slew Rate                                 | SR     | 25°C              | -                | 1.1  | -       | V/μs | CL=25[pF]                               |  |  |
| Gain Bandwidth Product                    | FT     | 25°C              | -                | 2    | -       | MHz  | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                    |  |  |
| Phase Margin                              | θ      | 25°C              | -                | 50°  | -       | -    | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                    |  |  |
| Total Harmonic Distortion                 | THD    | 25°C              | -                | 0.05 | -       | %    | VOUT=1[Vp-p],f=1[kHz]                   |  |  |
| Channel Separation                        | CS     | 25°C              | -                | 100  | -       | dB   | Av=40[dB]                               |  |  |

(\*2) Absolute value

(\*3) Full range : BU7261, BU7262 : Ta=-40[°C] to +85[°C] BU7261S, BU7262S : Ta=-40[°C] to +105[°C]

(\*4) Under the high temperature environment, consider the power dissipation of IC when selecting the output current.

When the terminal short circuits are continuously output, the output current is reduced to climb to the temperature inside IC.

## ● Electrical characteristics

OBU7241 family , BU7242 family (Unless otherwise specified VDD=+3[V], VSS=0[V], Ta=25[°C])

| Parameter                                  | Symbol | Temperature Range | Guaranteed limit  |      |         | Unit | Condition                                |  |  |
|--|--------|-------------------|-------------------|------|---------|------|--|--|--|
|  |        |                   | BU7241G, BU7241SG |      |         |      |  |  |  |
|  |        |                   | Min.              | Typ. | Max.    |      |  |  |  |
| Input Offset Voltage <sup>(*)5)(*)6)</sup> | Vio    | 25°C              | -                 | 1    | 9       | mV   | VDD=1.8~5.5[V],<br>VOUT=VDD/2            |  |  |
|  |        | Full range        | -                 | -    | 10      |      |  |  |  |
| Input Offset Current <sup>(*)5)</sup>      | Iio    | 25°C              | -                 | 1    | -       | pA   | -  |  |  |
| Input Bias Current <sup>(*)5)</sup>        | Ib     | 25°C              | -                 | 1    | -       | pA   | -  |  |  |
| Supply Current <sup>(*)6)</sup>            | IDD    | 25°C              | -                 | 70   | 150     | μA   | RL=∞ All Op-Amps<br>AV=0[dB], VIN=1.5[V] |  |  |
|  |        | Full range        | -                 | -    | 250     |      |  |  |  |
| High Level Output Voltage                  | VOH    | 25°C              | VDD-0.1           | -    | -       | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                                |  |  |
| Low Level Output Voltage                   | VOL    | 25°C              | -                 | -    | VSS+0.1 | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                                |  |  |
| Large Single Voltage Gain                  | AV     | 25°C              | 70                | 95   | -       | dB   | RL=10[kΩ]                                |  |  |
| Input Common-mode Voltage Range            | Vicm   | 25°C              | 0                 | -    | 3       | V    | VDD-VSS=3[V]                             |  |  |
| Common-mode Rejection Ratio                | CMRR   | 25°C              | 45                | 60   | -       | dB   | -  |  |  |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio               | PSRR   | 25°C              | 60                | 80   | -       | dB   | -  |  |  |
| Output Source Current <sup>(*)7)</sup>     | IOH    | 25°C              | 4                 | 10   | -       | mA   | VDD-0.4[V]                               |  |  |
| Output Sink Current <sup>(*)7)</sup>       | IOL    | 25°C              | 5                 | 12   | -       | mA   | VSS+0.4[V]                               |  |  |
| Slew Rate                                  | SR     | 25°C              | -                 | 0.4  | -       | V/μs | CL=25[pF]                                |  |  |
| Gain Bandwidth Product                     | FT     | 25°C              | -                 | 0.9  | -       | MHz  | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                     |  |  |
| Phase Margin                               | θ      | 25°C              | -                 | 50°  | -       | -    | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                     |  |  |
| Total Harmonic Distortion                  | THD    | 25°C              | -                 | 0.05 | -       | %    | VOUT=1[Vp-p], f=1[kHz]                   |  |  |
| Channel Separation                         | CS     | 25°C              | -                 | -    | -       | dB   | Av=40[dB]                                |  |  |

| Parameter                                  | Symbol | Temperature Range | Guaranteed limit             |      |         | Unit | Condition                                |  |  |
|--|--------|-------------------|------------------------------|------|---------|------|--|--|--|
|  |        |                   | BU7242F/FVM<br>BU7242S F/FVM |      |         |      |  |  |  |
|  |        |                   | Min.                         | Typ. | Max.    |      |  |  |  |
| Input Offset Voltage <sup>(*)5)(*)6)</sup> | Vio    | 25°C              | -                            | 1    | 9       | mV   | VDD=1.8~5.5[V],<br>VOUT=VDD/2            |  |  |
|  |        | Full range        | -                            | -    | 10      |      |  |  |  |
| Input Offset Current <sup>(*)5)</sup>      | Iio    | 25°C              | -                            | 1    | -       | pA   | -  |  |  |
| Input Bias Current <sup>(*)5)</sup>        | Ib     | 25°C              | -                            | 1    | -       | pA   | -  |  |  |
| Supply Current <sup>(*)6)</sup>            | IDD    | 25°C              | -                            | 180  | 360     | μA   | RL=∞ All Op-Amps<br>AV=0[dB], VIN=1.5[V] |  |  |
|  |        | Full range        | -                            | -    | 600     |      |  |  |  |
| High Level Output Voltage                  | VOH    | 25°C              | VDD-0.1                      | -    | -       | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                                |  |  |
| Low Level Output Voltage                   | VOL    | 25°C              | -                            | -    | VSS+0.1 | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                                |  |  |
| Large Single Voltage Gain                  | AV     | 25°C              | 70                           | 95   | -       | dB   | RL=10[kΩ]                                |  |  |
| Input Common-mode Voltage Range            | Vicm   | 25°C              | 0                            | -    | 3       | V    | VDD-VSS=3[V]                             |  |  |
| Common-mode Rejection Ratio                | CMRR   | 25°C              | 45                           | 60   | -       | dB   | -  |  |  |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio               | PSRR   | 25°C              | 60                           | 80   | -       | dB   | -  |  |  |
| Output Source Current <sup>(*)7)</sup>     | IOH    | 25°C              | 4                            | 10   | -       | mA   | VDD-0.4[V]                               |  |  |
| Output Sink Current <sup>(*)7)</sup>       | IOL    | 25°C              | 5                            | 12   | -       | mA   | VSS+0.4[V]                               |  |  |
| Slew Rate                                  | SR     | 25°C              | -                            | 0.4  | -       | V/μs | CL=25[pF]                                |  |  |
| Gain Bandwidth Product                     | FT     | 25°C              | -                            | 0.9  | -       | MHz  | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                     |  |  |
| Phase Margin                               | θ      | 25°C              | -                            | 50°  | -       | -    | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                     |  |  |
| Total Harmonic Distortion                  | THD    | 25°C              | -                            | 0.05 | -       | %    | VOUT=1[Vp-p], f=1[kHz]                   |  |  |
| Channel Separation                         | CS     | 25°C              | -                            | 100  | -       | dB   | Av=40[dB]                                |  |  |

(\*5) Absolute value

(\*6) Full range : BU7241, BU7242 : Ta=-40[°C] to +85[°C] BU7241S, BU7242S : Ta=-40[°C] to +105[°C]

(\*7) Under the high temperature environment, consider the power dissipation of IC when selecting the output current.

When the terminal short circuits are continuously output, the output current is reduced to climb to the temperature inside IC.

**Ground Sense**

**BU7461G,BU7461SG,BU7441G,BU7441SG  
BU7462F/FVM,BU7462S F/FVM, BU7442F/FVM,BU7442S F/FVM**

**●Features**

- 1) Operable low power supply +1.7[V]~+5.5[V]
- 2) +1.7[V]~+5.5[V](single supply)  
±0.85[V]~2.75[V](split supply)
- 3) Operable input-ground sense, output-full swing
- 4) High slew rate (BU7461 family , BU7462 family)
- 5) Low supply current (BU7441 family , BU7442 family)
- 6) Wide temperature range  
-40[°C]~+85[°C]  
(BU7461G,BU7462 family , BU7441G,BU7442 family)  
-40[°C]~+105[°C]  
(BU7461SG,BU7462S family , BU7441SG,BU7442S family)

**●Electrical characteristics**

OBU7461 family , BU7462 family (Unless otherwise specified VDD=+3[V], VSS=0[V], Ta=25[°C])

| Parameter                                 | Symbol | Temperature Range | Guaranteed limit |      |         | Unit | Condition                               |  |  |
|---|--------|-------------------|------------------|------|---------|------|---|--|--|
|   |        |                   | BU7461G,BU7461SG |      | Max.    |      |   |  |  |
|   |        |                   | Min.             | Typ. |         |      |   |  |  |
| Input Offset Voltage <sup>(*)8)(*)9</sup> | Vio    | 25°C              | -                | 1    | 6       | mV   | -                                       |  |  |
| Input Offset Current <sup>(*)8)</sup>     | lio    | 25°C              | -                | 1    | -       | pA   | -                                       |  |  |
| Input Bias Current <sup>(*)8)</sup>       | Ib     | 25°C              | -                | 1    | -       | pA   | -                                       |  |  |
| Supply Current <sup>(*)9)</sup>           | IDD    | 25°C              | -                | 150  | 350     | μA   | RL=∞ All Op-Amps<br>AV=0[dB],VIN=0.9[V] |  |  |
|   |        | Full range        | -                | -    | 450     |      |   |  |  |
| High Level Output Voltage                 | VOH    | 25°C              | VDD-0.1          | -    | -       | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Low Level Output Voltage                  | VOL    | 25°C              | -                | -    | VSS+0.1 | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Large Single Voltage Gain                 | AV     | 25°C              | 70               | 95   | -       | dB   | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Input Common-mode Voltage Range           | Vicm   | 25°C              | 0                | -    | 1.8     | V    | VSS~VDD-1.2[V]                          |  |  |
| Common-mode Rejection Ratio               | CMRR   | 25°C              | 45               | 60   | -       | dB   | -                                       |  |  |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio              | PSRR   | 25°C              | 60               | 80   | -       | dB   | -                                       |  |  |
| Output Source Current <sup>(*)10)</sup>   | IOH    | 25°C              | 4                | 8    | -       | mA   | VDD-0.4[V]                              |  |  |
| Output Sink Current <sup>(*)10)</sup>     | IOL    | 25°C              | 6                | 12   | -       | mA   | VSS+0.4[V]                              |  |  |
| Slew Rate                                 | SR     | 25°C              | -                | 1.0  | -       | V/μs | CL=25[pF]                               |  |  |
| Gain Bandwidth Product                    | FT     | 25°C              | -                | 1    | -       | MHz  | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                    |  |  |
| Phase Margin                              | θ      | 25°C              | -                | 50°  | -       | -    | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                    |  |  |
| Total Harmonic Distortion                 | THD    | 25°C              | -                | 0.05 | -       | %    | VOUT=1[Vp-p],f=1[kHz]                   |  |  |

| Parameter                                 | Symbol | Temperature Range | Guaranteed limit |      |         | Unit | Condition                               |  |  |
|---|--------|-------------------|------------------|------|---------|------|---|--|--|
|   |        |                   | BU7462 F/FVM     |      | Max.    |      |   |  |  |
|   |        |                   | Min.             | Typ. |         |      |   |  |  |
| Input Offset Voltage <sup>(*)8)(*)9</sup> | Vio    | 25°C              | -                | 1    | 6       | mV   | -                                       |  |  |
| Input Offset Current <sup>(*)8)</sup>     | lio    | 25°C              | -                | 1    | -       | pA   | -                                       |  |  |
| Input Bias Current <sup>(*)8)</sup>       | Ib     | 25°C              | -                | 1    | -       | pA   | -                                       |  |  |
| Supply Current <sup>(*)9)</sup>           | IDD    | 25°C              | -                | 300  | 700     | μA   | RL=∞ All Op-Amps<br>AV=0[dB],VIN=0.9[V] |  |  |
|   |        | Full range        | -                | -    | 900     |      |   |  |  |
| High Level Output Voltage                 | VOH    | 25°C              | VDD-0.1          | -    | -       | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Low Level Output Voltage                  | VOL    | 25°C              | -                | -    | VSS+0.1 | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Large Single Voltage Gain                 | AV     | 25°C              | 70               | 95   | -       | dB   | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Input Common-mode Voltage Range           | Vicm   | 25°C              | 0                | -    | 1.8     | V    | VSS~VDD-1.2[V]                          |  |  |
| Common-mode Rejection Ratio               | CMRR   | 25°C              | 45               | 60   | -       | dB   | -                                       |  |  |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio              | PSRR   | 25°C              | 60               | 80   | -       | dB   | -                                       |  |  |
| Output Source Current <sup>(*)10)</sup>   | IOH    | 25°C              | 4                | 8    | -       | mA   | VDD-0.4[V]                              |  |  |
| Output Sink Current <sup>(*)10)</sup>     | IOL    | 25°C              | 6                | 12   | -       | mA   | VSS+0.4[V]                              |  |  |
| Slew Rate                                 | SR     | 25°C              | -                | 1.0  | -       | V/μs | CL=25[pF]                               |  |  |
| Gain Bandwidth Product                    | FT     | 25°C              | -                | 1    | -       | MHz  | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                    |  |  |
| Phase Margin                              | θ      | 25°C              | -                | 50°  | -       | -    | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                    |  |  |
| Total Harmonic Distortion                 | THD    | 25°C              | -                | 0.05 | -       | %    | VOUT=1[Vp-p],f=1[kHz]                   |  |  |

(\*)8) Absolute value

(\*)9) Full range : BU7461, BU7462 : Ta=-40[°C] to +85[°C] BU7461S, BU7462S : Ta=-40[°C] to +105[°C]

(\*)10) Under the high temperature environment, consider the power dissipation of IC when selecting the output current.

When the terminal short circuits are continuously output, the output current is reduced to climb to the temperature inside IC.

## ● Electrical characteristics

OBU7441 family , BU7442 family (Unless otherwise specified VDD=+3[V], VSS=0[V], Ta=25[°C])

| Parameter                                    | Symbol | Temperature Range | Guaranteed limit |      |         | Unit | Condition                               |  |  |
|--|--------|-------------------|------------------|------|---------|------|---|--|--|
|  |        |                   | BU7441G,BU7441SG |      |         |      |   |  |  |
|  |        |                   | Min.             | Typ. | Max.    |      |   |  |  |
| Input Offset Voltage <sup>(*)11)(*)12)</sup> | Vio    | 25°C              | -                | 1    | 6       | mV   | -                                       |  |  |
| Input Offset Current <sup>(*)11)</sup>       | lio    | 25°C              | -                | 1    | -       | pA   | -                                       |  |  |
| Input Bias Current <sup>(*)11)</sup>         | Ib     | 25°C              | -                | 1    | -       | pA   | -                                       |  |  |
| Supply Current <sup>(*)12)</sup>             | IDD    | 25°C              | -                | 50   | 120     | μA   | RL=∞ All Op-Amps<br>AV=0[dB],VIN=0.9[V] |  |  |
|  |        | Full range        | -                | -    | 240     |      |   |  |  |
| High Level Output Voltage                    | VOH    | 25°C              | VDD-0.1          | -    | -       | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Low Level Output Voltage                     | VOL    | 25°C              | -                | -    | VSS+0.1 | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Large Single Voltage Gain                    | AV     | 25°C              | 70               | 95   | -       | dB   | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Input Common-mode Voltage Range              | Vicm   | 25°C              | 0                | -    | 1.8     | V    | VSS~VDD-1.2[V]                          |  |  |
| Common-mode Rejection Ratio                  | CMRR   | 25°C              | 45               | 60   | -       | dB   | -                                       |  |  |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio                 | PSRR   | 25°C              | 60               | 80   | -       | dB   | -                                       |  |  |
| Output Source Current <sup>(*)13)</sup>      | IOH    | 25°C              | 3                | 6    | -       | mA   | VDD-0.4[V]                              |  |  |
| Output Sink Current <sup>(*)13)</sup>        | IOL    | 25°C              | 5                | 10   | -       | mA   | VSS+0.4[V]                              |  |  |
| Slew Rate                                    | SR     | 25°C              | -                | 0.3  | -       | V/μs | CL=25[pF]                               |  |  |
| Gain Bandwidth Product                       | FT     | 25°C              | -                | 0.6  | -       | MHz  | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                    |  |  |
| Phase Margin                                 | θ      | 25°C              | -                | 50°  | -       | -    | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                    |  |  |
| Total Harmonic Distortion                    | THD    | 25°C              | -                | 0.05 | -       | %    | VOUT=1[Vp-p],f=1[kHz]                   |  |  |

| Parameter                                    | Symbol | Temperature Range | Guaranteed limit |      |         | Unit | Condition                               |  |  |
|--|--------|-------------------|------------------|------|---------|------|---|--|--|
|  |        |                   | BU7442F/FVM      |      |         |      |   |  |  |
|  |        |                   | Min.             | Typ. | Max.    |      |   |  |  |
| Input Offset Voltage <sup>(*)11)(*)12)</sup> | Vio    | 25°C              | -                | 1    | 6       | mV   | -                                       |  |  |
| Input Offset Current <sup>(*)11)</sup>       | lio    | 25°C              | -                | 1    | -       | pA   | -                                       |  |  |
| Input Bias Current <sup>(*)11)</sup>         | Ib     | 25°C              | -                | 1    | -       | pA   | -                                       |  |  |
| Supply Current <sup>(*)12)</sup>             | IDD    | 25°C              | -                | 100  | 240     | μA   | RL=∞ All Op-Amps<br>AV=0[dB],VIN=0.9[V] |  |  |
|  |        | Full range        | -                | -    | 480     |      |   |  |  |
| High Level Output Voltage                    | VOH    | 25°C              | VDD-0.1          | -    | -       | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Low Level Output Voltage                     | VOL    | 25°C              | -                | -    | VSS+0.1 | V    | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Large Single Voltage Gain                    | AV     | 25°C              | 70               | 95   | -       | dB   | RL=10[kΩ]                               |  |  |
| Input Common-mode Voltage Range              | Vicm   | 25°C              | 0                | -    | 1.8     | V    | VSS~VDD-1.2[V]                          |  |  |
| Common-mode Rejection Ratio                  | CMRR   | 25°C              | 45               | 60   | -       | dB   | -                                       |  |  |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio                 | PSRR   | 25°C              | 60               | 80   | -       | dB   | -                                       |  |  |
| Output Source Current <sup>(*)13)</sup>      | IOH    | 25°C              | 3                | 6    | -       | mA   | VDD-0.4[V]                              |  |  |
| Output Sink Current <sup>(*)13)</sup>        | IOL    | 25°C              | 5                | 10   | -       | mA   | VSS+0.4[V]                              |  |  |
| Slew Rate                                    | SR     | 25°C              | -                | 0.3  | -       | V/μs | CL=25[pF]                               |  |  |
| Gain Bandwidth Product                       | FT     | 25°C              | -                | 0.6  | -       | MHz  | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                    |  |  |
| Phase Margin                                 | θ      | 25°C              | -                | 50°  | -       | -    | CL=25[pF], AV=40[dB]                    |  |  |
| Total Harmonic Distortion                    | THD    | 25°C              | -                | 0.05 | -       | %    | VOUT=1[Vp-p],f=1[kHz]                   |  |  |

(\*)11) Absolute value

(\*)12) Full range : BU7441, BU7442 : Ta=-40[°C] to +85[°C] BU7441S, BU7442S : Ta=-40[°C] to +105[°C]

(\*)13) Under the high temperature environment, consider the power dissipation of IC when selecting the output current.

When the terminal short circuits are continuously output, the output current is reduced to climb to the temperature inside IC.

● Example of electrical characteristics

OBU7261 family

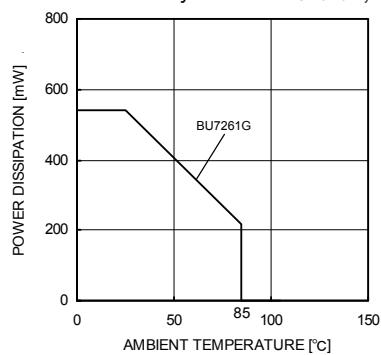


Fig. 1  
Derating curve

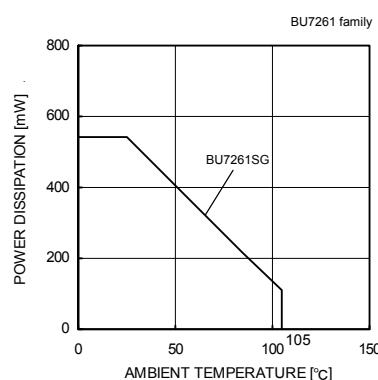


Fig. 2  
Derating curve

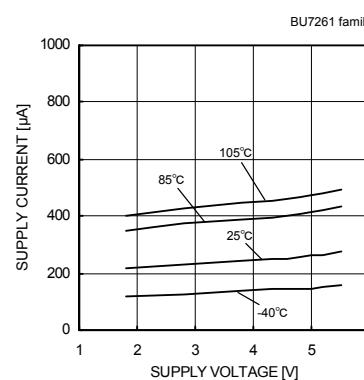


Fig. 3  
Supply Current – Supply Voltage

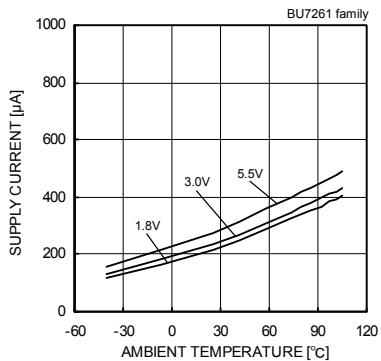


Fig. 4  
Supply Current – Ambient Temperature

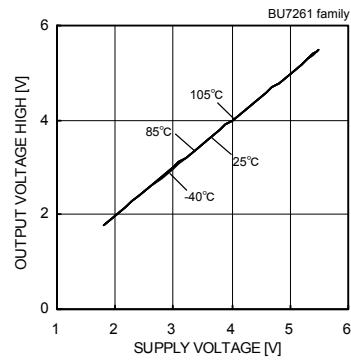


Fig. 5  
Output Voltage High – Supply Voltage  
( $RL=10[\text{k}\Omega]$ )

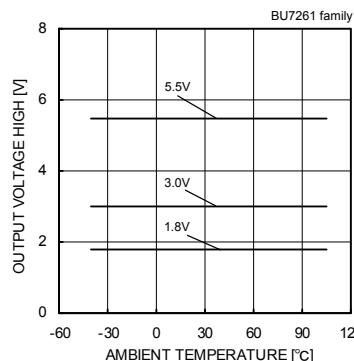


Fig. 6  
Output Voltage High – Ambient Temperature  
( $RL=10[\text{k}\Omega]$ )

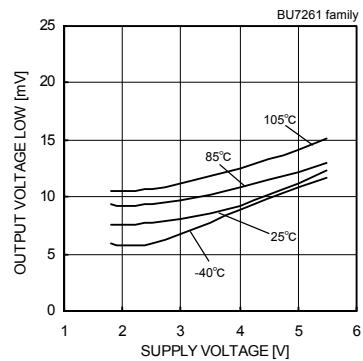


Fig. 7  
Output Voltage Low – Supply Voltage  
( $RL=10[\text{k}\Omega]$ )

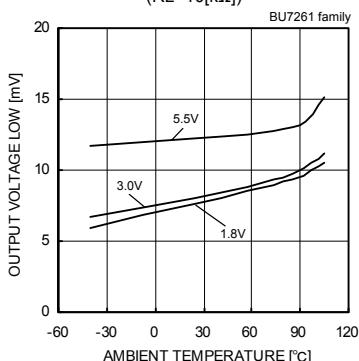


Fig. 8  
Output Voltage Low – Ambient Temperature  
( $RL=10[\text{k}\Omega]$ )

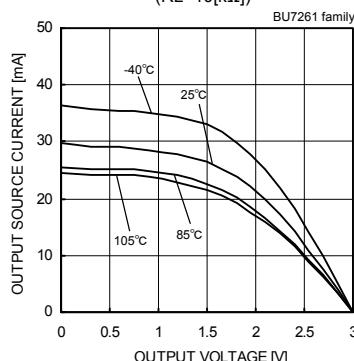
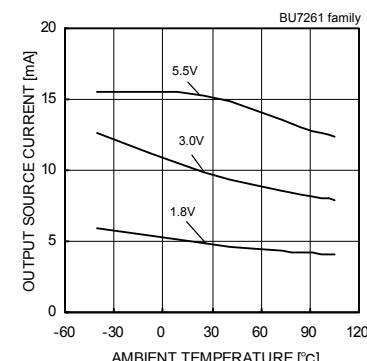
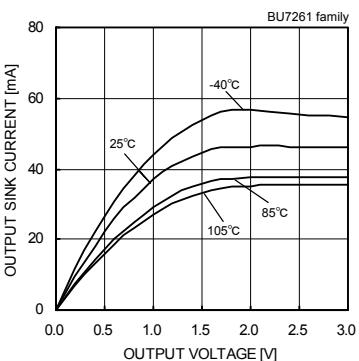


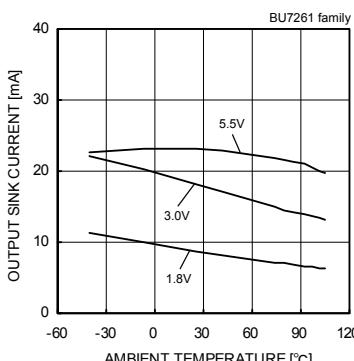
Fig. 9  
Output Source Current – Output Voltage  
( $VDD=3.0[\text{V}]$ )



Output Source Current – Ambient Temperature  
( $VOUT=VDD-0.4[\text{V}]$ )



Output Sink Current – Output Voltage  
( $VDD=3.0[\text{V}]$ )



Output Sink Current – Ambient Temperature  
( $VOUT=VSS+0.4[\text{V}]$ )

(\*) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7261G : -40[°C]~+85[°C] BU7261SG : -40[°C]~+105[°C]

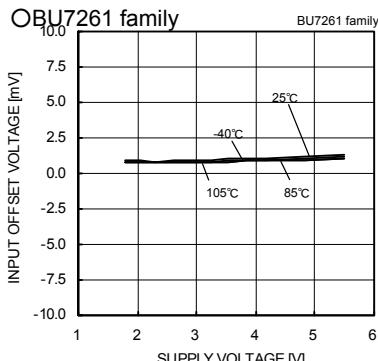


Fig. 13  
 Input Offset Voltage – Supply Voltage  
 $(V_{CM}=VDD, VOUT=1.5[V])$

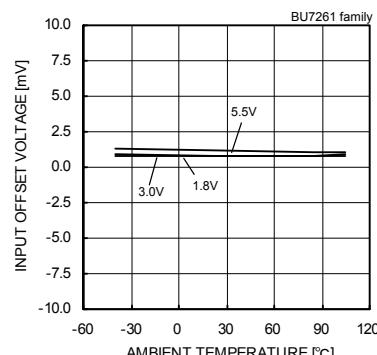


Fig. 14  
 Input Offset Voltage – Ambient Temperature  
 $(V_{CM}=VDD, VOUT=1.5[V])$

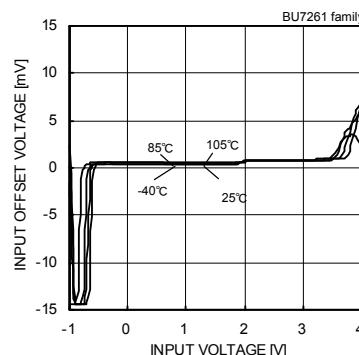


Fig. 15  
 Input Offset Voltage – Input Voltage  
 $(VDD=3[V])$

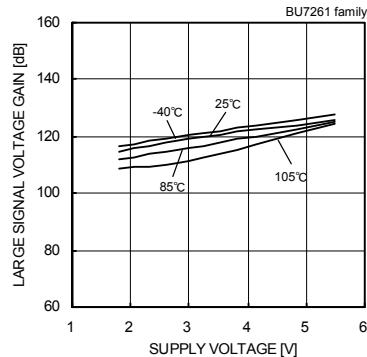


Fig. 16  
 Large Signal Voltage Gain  
– Supply Voltage

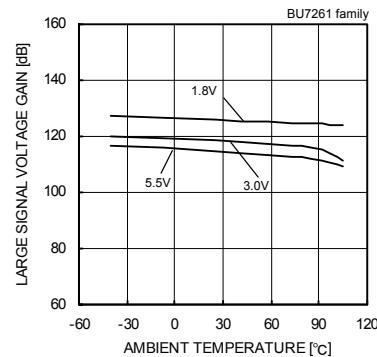


Fig. 17  
 Large Signal Voltage Gain  
– Ambient Temperature

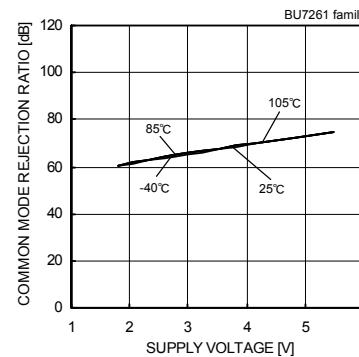


Fig. 18  
 Common Mode Rejection Ratio  
– Supply Voltage

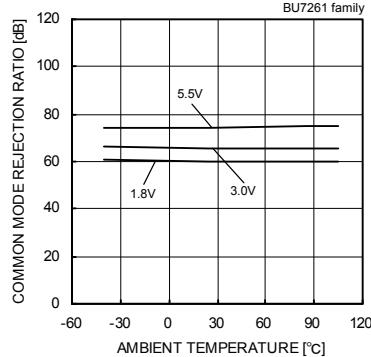


Fig. 19  
 Common Mode Rejection Ratio  
– Ambient Temperature

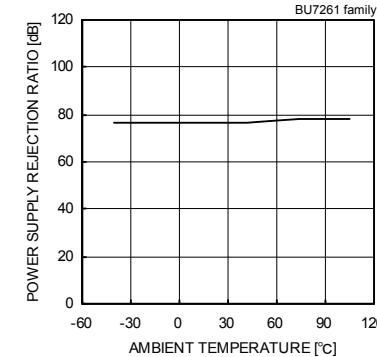


Fig. 20  
 Power Supply Rejection Ratio  
– Ambient Temperature

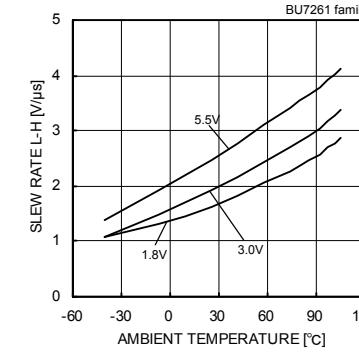


Fig. 21  
 Slew Rate L-H – Ambient Temperature

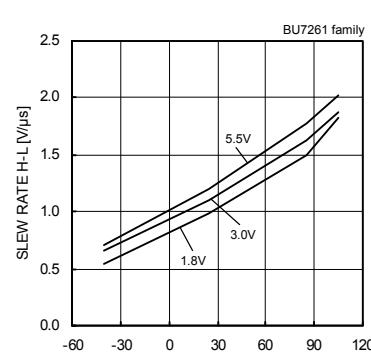


Fig. 22  
 Slew Rate H-L – Ambient Temperature

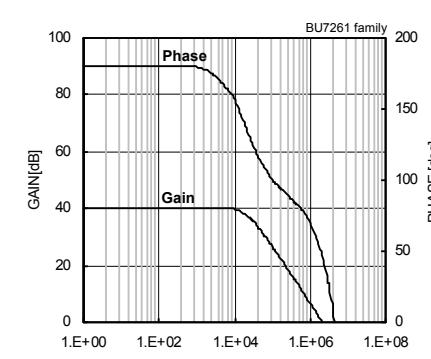
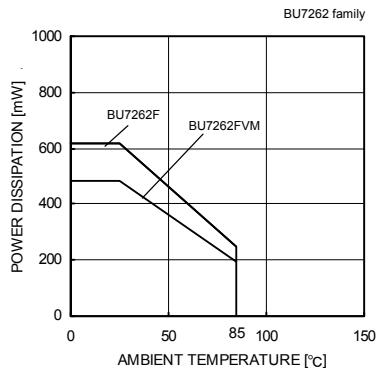


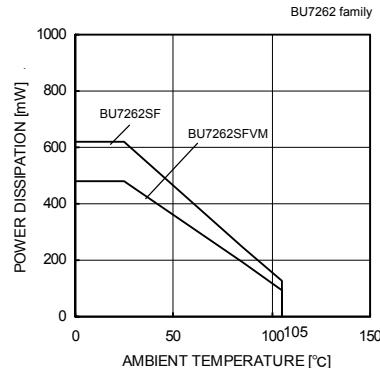
Fig. 23  
 Gain - Frequency

(\*) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7261G : -40[°C]~+85[°C] BU7261SG : -40[°C]~+105[°C]

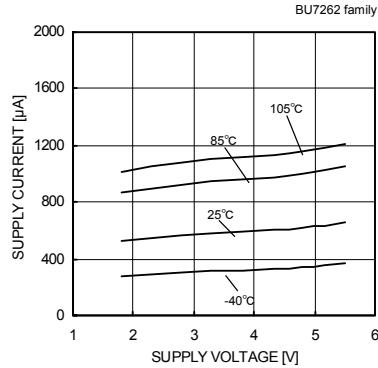
**OBU7262 family**



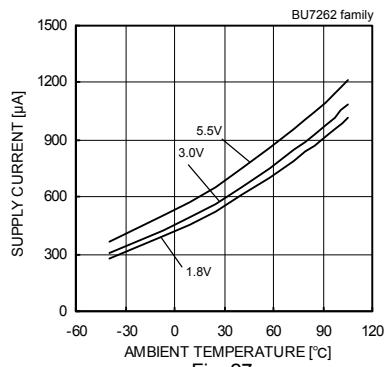
**Fig. 24**  
Derating curve



**Fig. 25**  
Derating curve

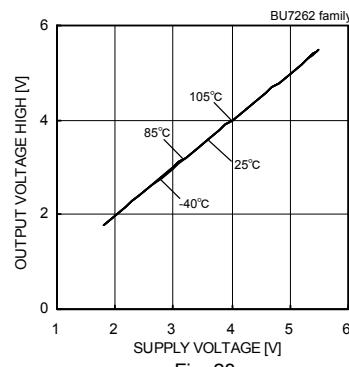


**Fig. 26**  
Supply Current – Supply Voltage

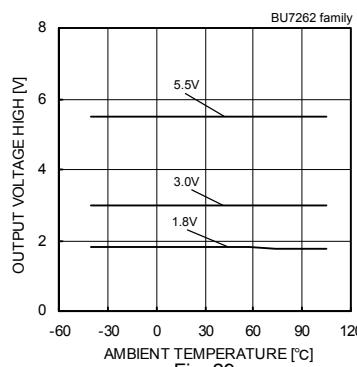


**Fig. 27**

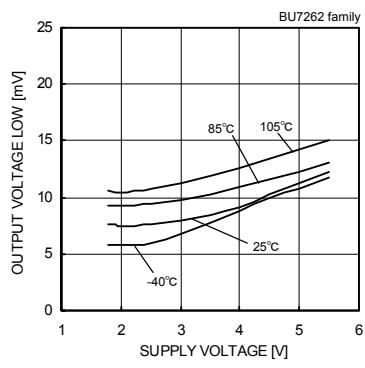
Supply Current – Ambient Temperature



**Fig. 28**  
Output Voltage High – Supply Voltage  
( $RL=10[k\Omega]$ )

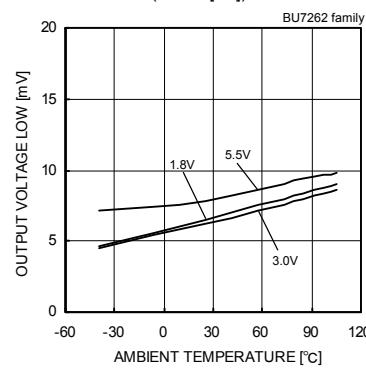


**Fig. 29**  
Output Voltage High – Ambient Temperature  
( $RL=10[k\Omega]$ )

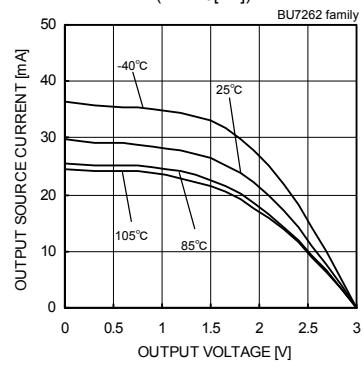


**Fig. 30**

Output Voltage Low – Supply Voltage  
( $RL=10[k\Omega]$ )

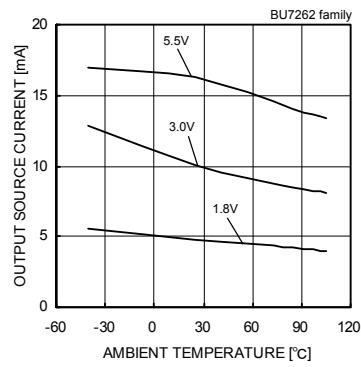


**Fig. 31**  
Output Voltage Low – Ambient Temperature  
( $RL=10[k\Omega]$ )



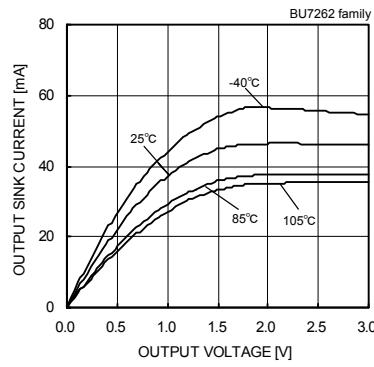
**Fig. 32**

Output Source Current – Output Voltage  
( $VDD=3.0[V]$ )

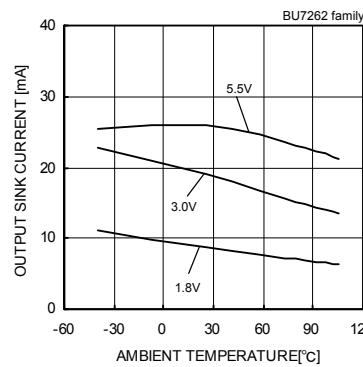


**Fig. 33**

Output Source Current – Ambient Temperature  
( $VOUT=VDD-0.4[V]$ )



**Fig. 34**  
Output Sink Current – Output Voltage  
( $VOUT=VSS+0.4[V]$ )

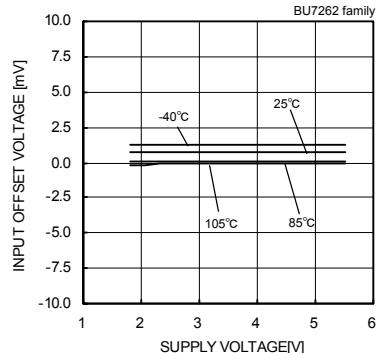


**Fig. 35**

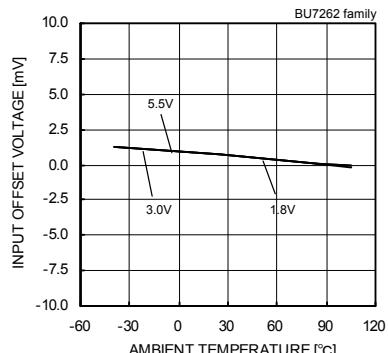
Output Sink Current – Ambient Temperature  
( $VOUT=VSS+0.4[V]$ )

(\*) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7262 F/FVM : -40[°C]~+85[°C] BU7262S F/FVM : -40[°C]~+105[°C]

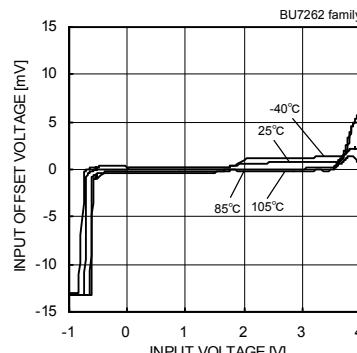
**OBU7262 family**



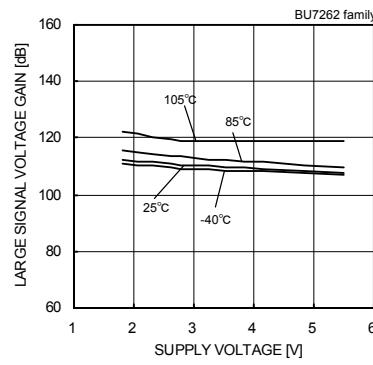
**Fig. 36**  
Input Offset Voltage – Supply Voltage  
( $V_{ICM}=VDD$ ,  $VOUT=1.5[V]$ )



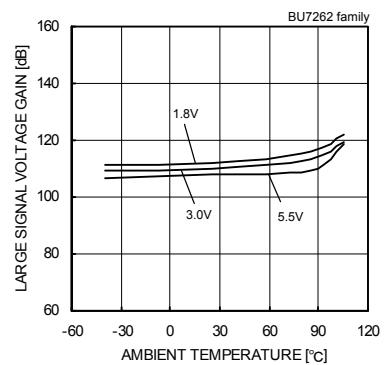
**Fig. 37**  
Input Offset Voltage – Ambient Temperature  
( $V_{ICM}=VDD$ ,  $VOUT=1.5[V]$ )



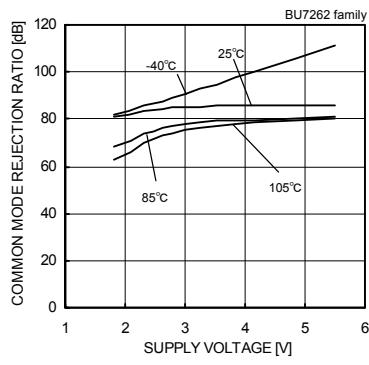
**Fig. 38**  
Input Offset Voltage – Input Voltage  
( $VDD=3[V]$ )



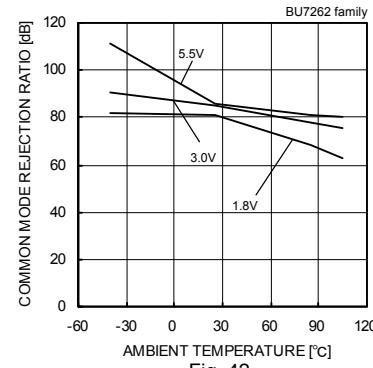
**Fig. 39**  
Large Signal Voltage Gain  
– Supply Voltage



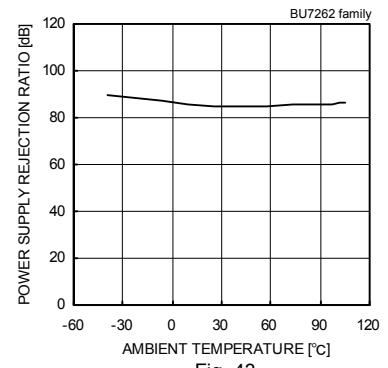
**Fig. 40**  
Large Signal Voltage Gain  
– Ambient Temperature



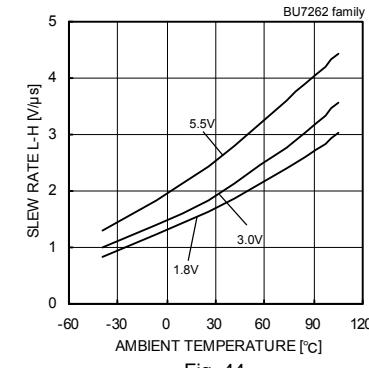
**Fig. 41**  
Common Mode Rejection Ratio  
– Supply Voltage



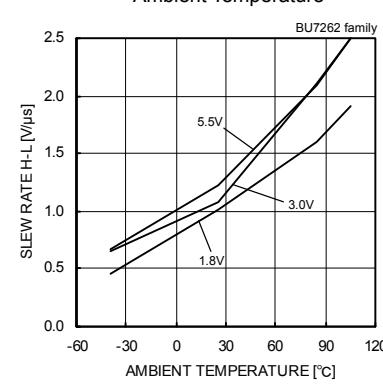
**Fig. 42**  
Common Mode Rejection Ratio  
– Ambient Temperature



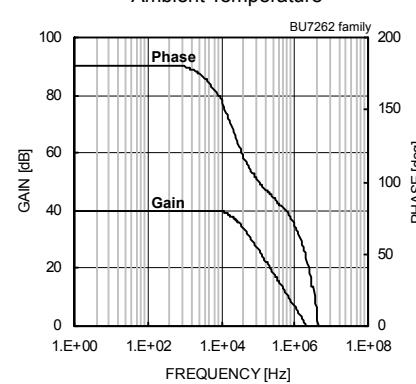
**Fig. 43**  
Power Supply Rejection Ratio  
– Ambient Temperature



**Fig. 44**  
Slew Rate L-H – Ambient Temperature



**Fig. 45**  
Slew Rate H-L – Ambient Temperature



**Fig. 46**  
Gain - Frequency

(\*) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7262 F/FVM : -40[°C]~+85[°C] BU7262S F/FVM : -40[°C]~+105[°C]

OBU7241 family

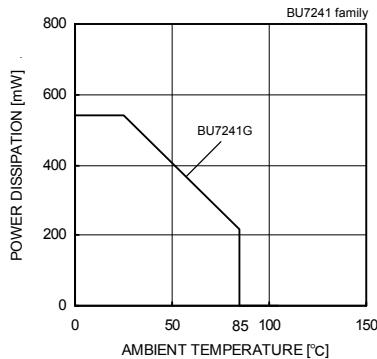


Fig. 47  
Derating curve

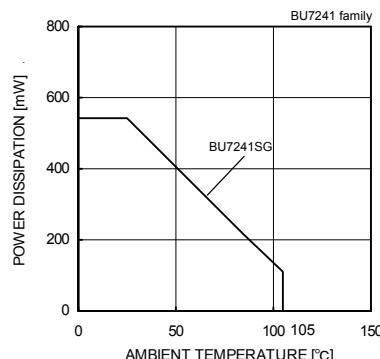


Fig. 48  
Derating curve

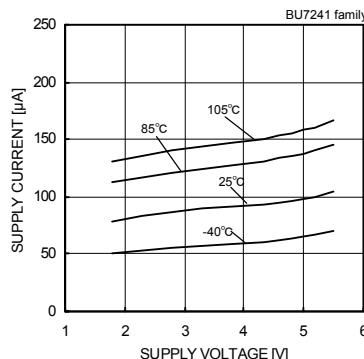


Fig. 49  
Supply Current – Supply Voltage

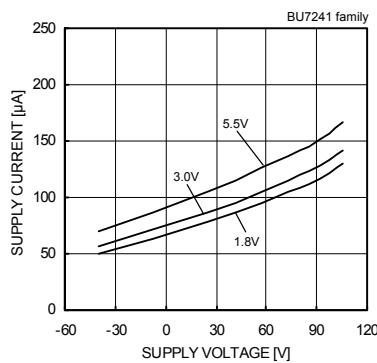


Fig. 50

Supply Current – Ambient Temperature

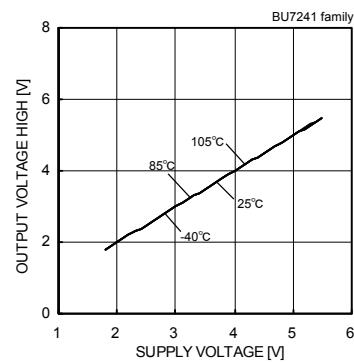


Fig. 51

Output Voltage High – Supply Voltage  
( $R_L=10[\text{k}\Omega]$ )

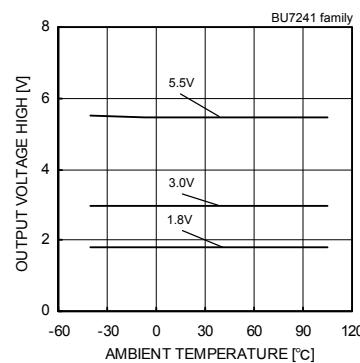


Fig. 52

Output Voltage High – Ambient Temperature  
( $R_L=10[\text{k}\Omega]$ )

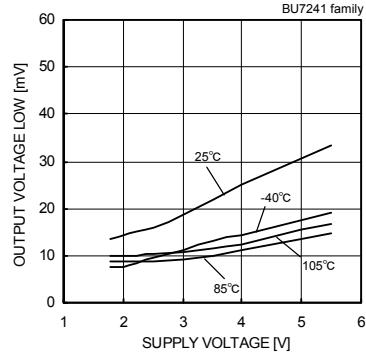


Fig. 53

Output Voltage Low – Supply Voltage  
( $R_L=10[\text{k}\Omega]$ )

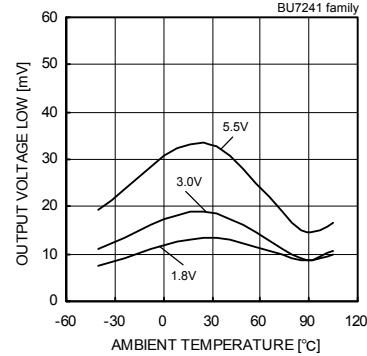


Fig. 54

Output Voltage Low – Ambient Temperature  
( $R_L=10[\text{k}\Omega]$ )

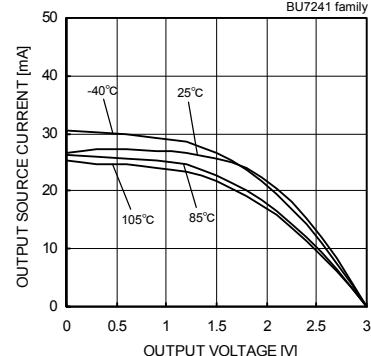


Fig. 55

Output Source Current – Output Voltage  
( $VDD=3.0[\text{V}]$ )

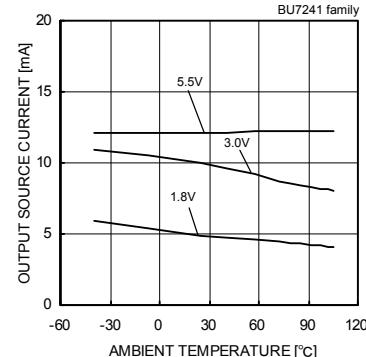


Fig. 56

Output Source Current – Ambient Temperature  
( $VOUT=VDD-0.4[\text{V}]$ )

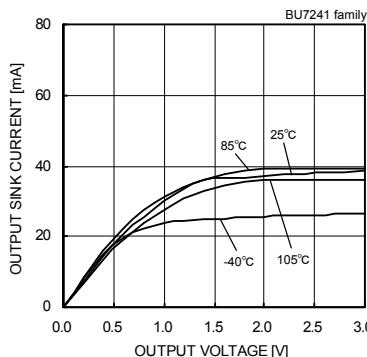


Fig. 57

Output Sink Current – Output Voltage  
( $VDD=3[\text{V}]$ )

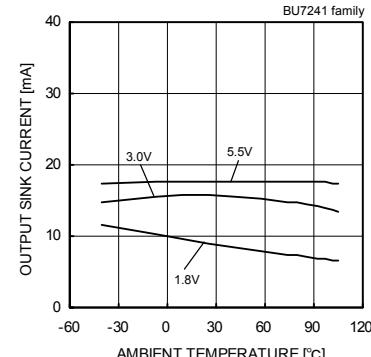
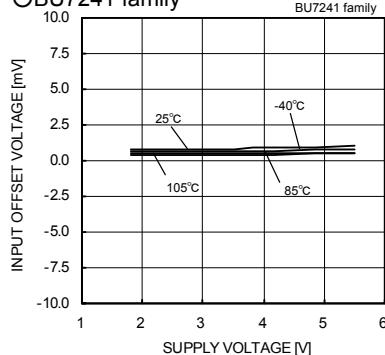


Fig. 58

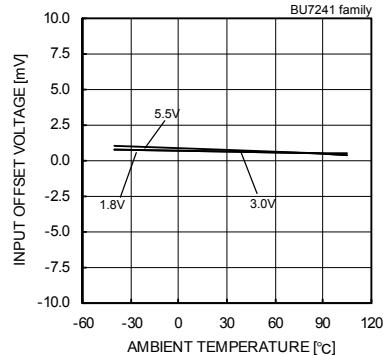
Output Sink Current – Ambient Temperature  
( $VOUT=VSS+0.4[\text{V}]$ )

(\*) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7241G : -40[°C]~+85[°C] BU7241SG : -40[°C]~+105[°C]

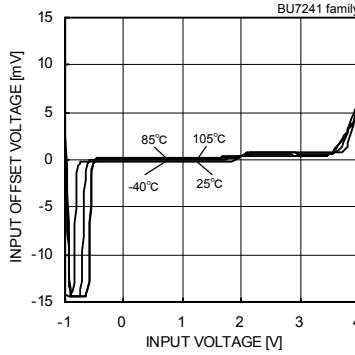
OBU7241 family



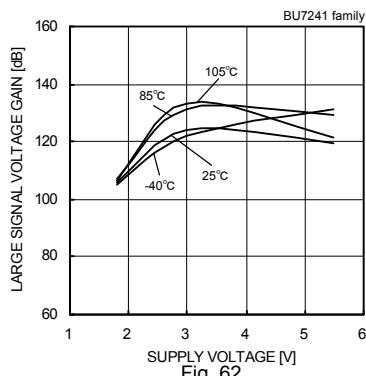
Input Offset Voltage – Supply Voltage  
 $(V_{CM}=V_{DD}, V_{OUT}=1.5[V])$



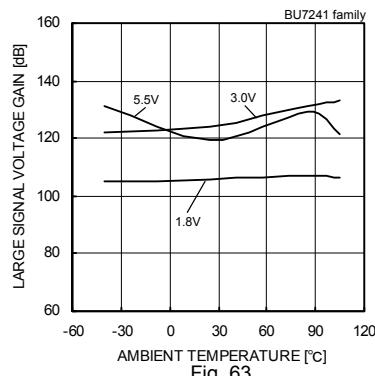
Input Offset Voltage – Ambient Temperature  
 $(V_{CM}=V_{DD}, V_{OUT}=1.5[V])$



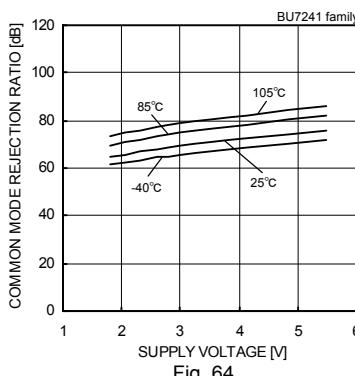
Input Offset Voltage – Input Voltage  
 $(V_{DD}=3[V])$



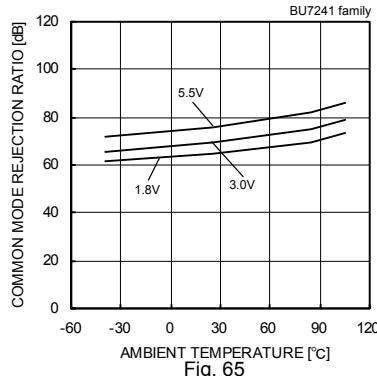
Large Signal Voltage Gain – Supply Voltage



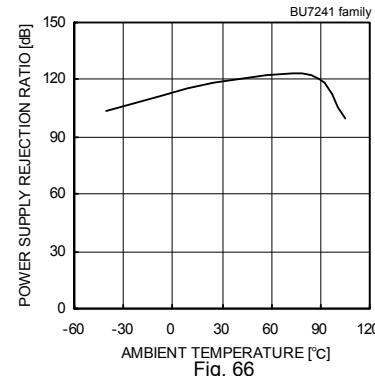
Large Signal Voltage Gain – Ambient Temperature



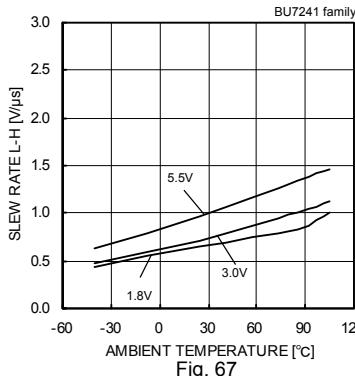
Common Mode Rejection Ratio – Supply Voltage



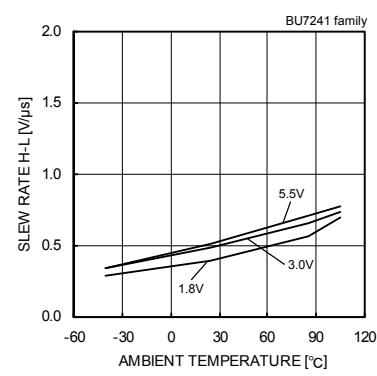
Common Mode Rejection Ratio – Ambient Temperature



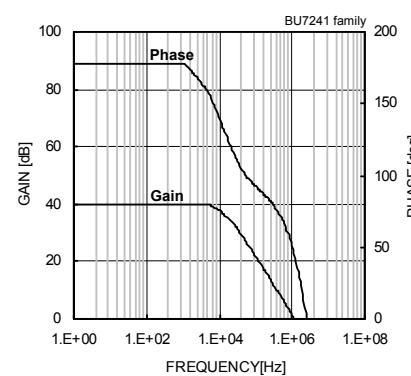
Power Supply Rejection Ratio – Ambient Temperature



Slew Rate L-H – Ambient Temperature



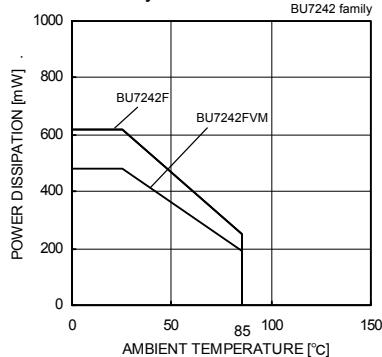
Slew Rate H-L – Ambient Temperature



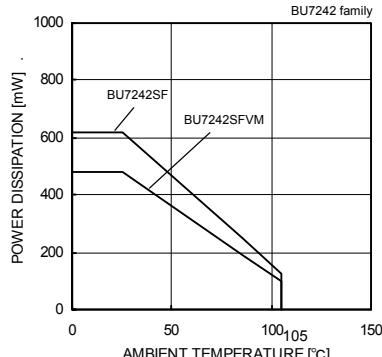
Gain - Frequency

(\*) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7241G : -40[°C]~+85[°C] BU7241SG : -40[°C]~+105[°C]

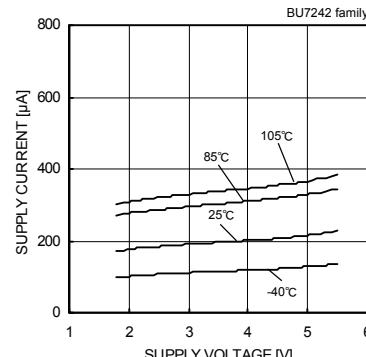
**OBU7242 family**



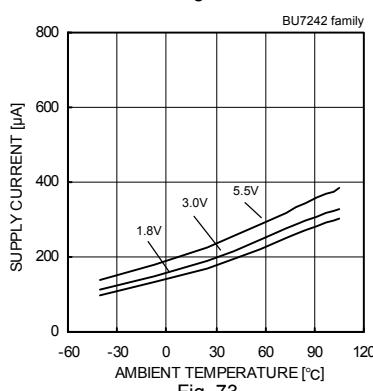
**Fig. 70  
Derating curve**



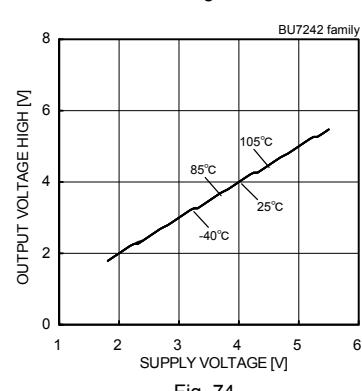
**Fig. 71  
Derating curve**



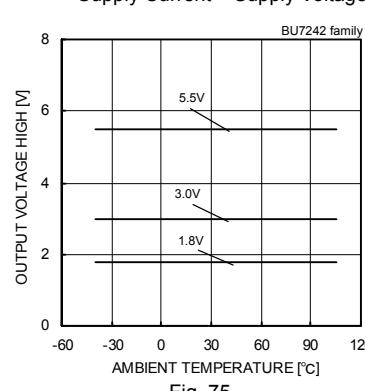
**Fig. 72  
Supply Current – Supply Voltage**



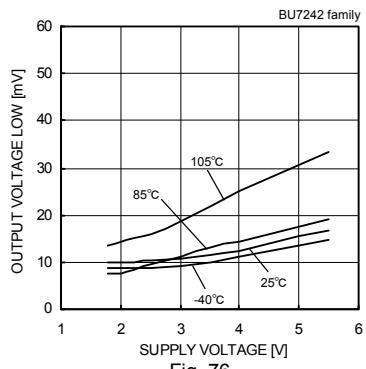
**Fig. 73  
Supply Current – Ambient Temperature**



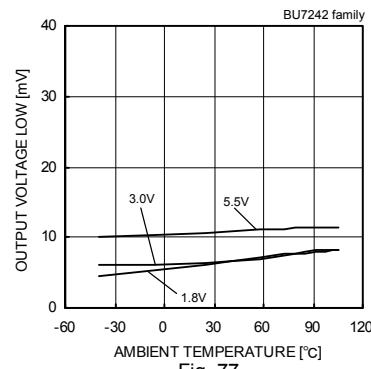
**Fig. 74  
Output Voltage High – Supply Voltage  
(RL=10[kΩ])**



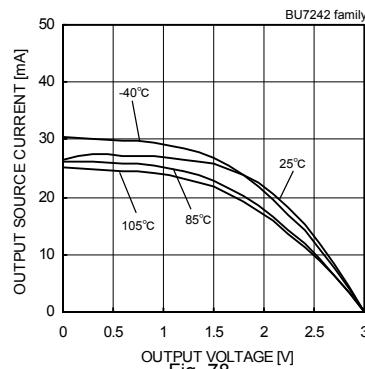
**Fig. 75  
Output Voltage High – Ambient Temperature  
(RL=10[kΩ])**



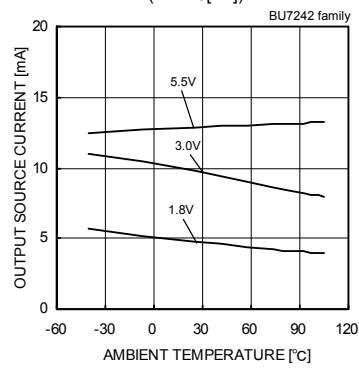
**Fig. 76  
Output Voltage Low – Supply Voltage  
(RL=10[kΩ])**



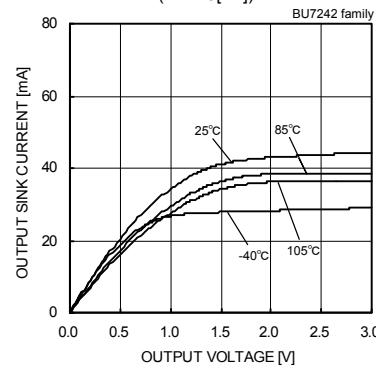
**Fig. 77  
Output Voltage Low – Ambient Temperature  
(RL=10[kΩ])**



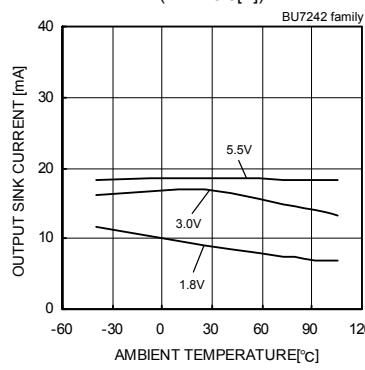
**Fig. 78  
Output Source Current – Output Voltage  
(VDD=3.0[V])**



**Fig. 79  
Output Source Current – Ambient Temperature  
(VOUT=VDD-0.4[V])**



**Fig. 80  
Output Sink Current – Output Voltage  
(VDD=3[V])**



**Fig. 81  
Output Sink Current – Ambient Temperature  
(VOUT=VSS+0.4[V])**

(\*) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7242F/FVM : -40[°C]~+85[°C] BU7242SF/FVM : -40[°C]~+105[°C]

OBU7242 family

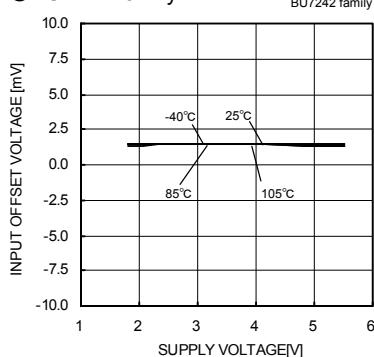


Fig. 82  
 Input Offset Voltage – Supply Voltage  
 $(V_{icm}=V_{DD}, V_{OUT}=1.5[V])$

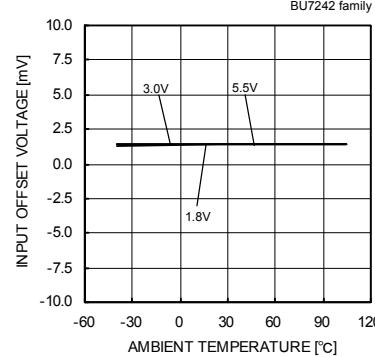


Fig. 83  
 Input Offset Voltage – Ambient Temperature  
 $(V_{icm}=V_{DD}, V_{OUT}=1.5[V])$

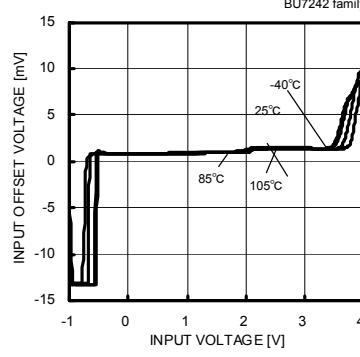


Fig. 84  
 Input Offset Voltage – Input Voltage  
 $(V_{DD}=3[V])$

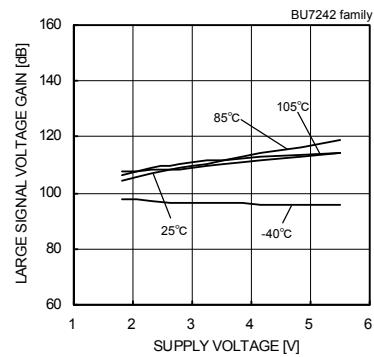


Fig. 85  
 Large Signal Voltage Gain  
– Supply Voltage

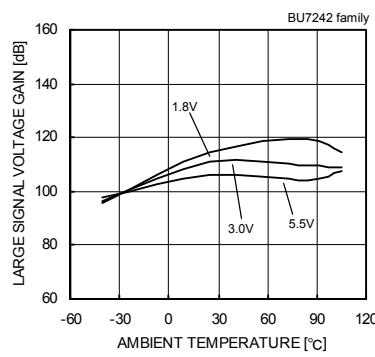


Fig. 86  
 Large Signal Voltage Gain  
– Ambient Temperature

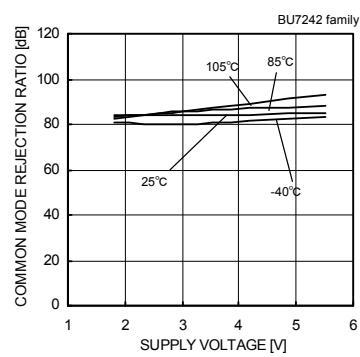


Fig. 87  
 Common Mode Rejection Ratio  
– Supply Voltage

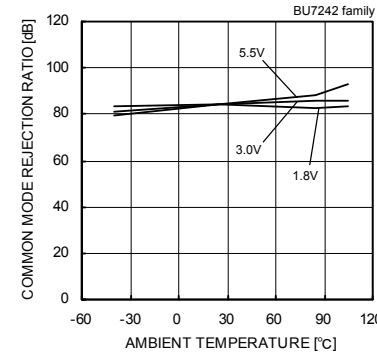


Fig. 88  
 Common Mode Rejection Ratio  
– Ambient Temperature

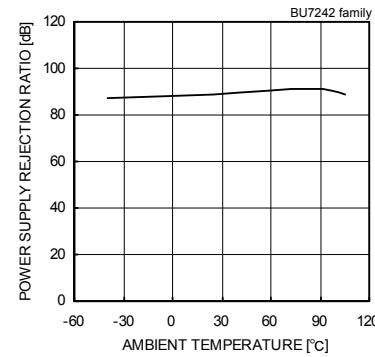


Fig. 89  
 Power Supply Rejection Ratio  
– Ambient Temperature

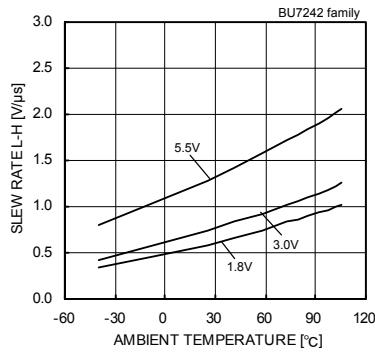


Fig. 90  
 Slew Rate L-H – Ambient Temperature

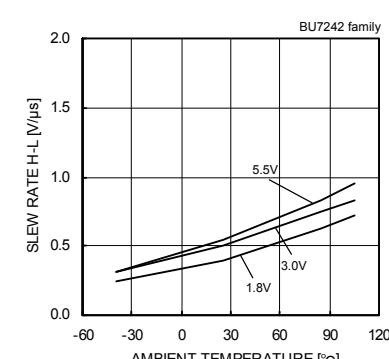


Fig. 91  
 Slew Rate H-L – Ambient Temperature

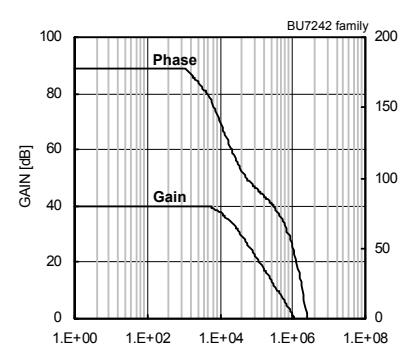


Fig. 92  
 Gain - Frequency

(\*) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7242F/FVM : -40[°C]~+85[°C] BU7242SF/FVM : -40[°C]~+105[°C]

OBU7461 family

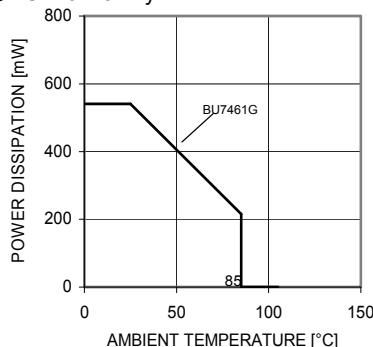


Fig. 93  
Derating curve

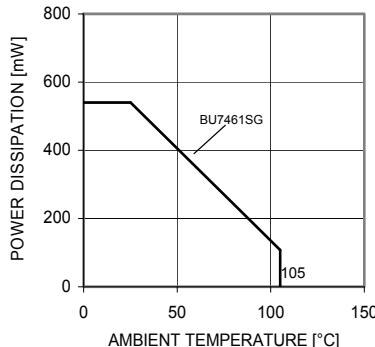


Fig. 94  
Derating curve

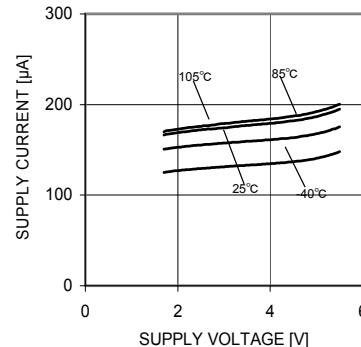


Fig. 95  
Supply Current – Supply Voltage

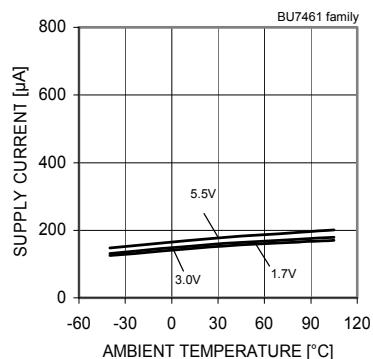


Fig. 96  
Supply Current – Ambient Temperature

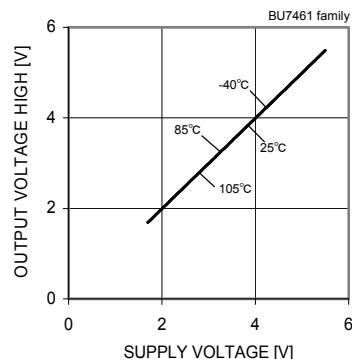


Fig. 97  
Output Voltage High – Supply Voltage

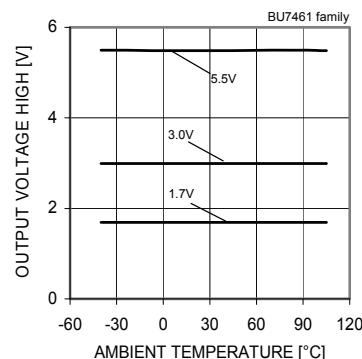


Fig. 98  
Output Voltage High – Ambient Temperature

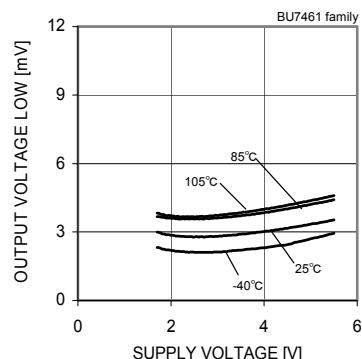


Fig. 99  
Output Voltage Low – Supply Voltage  
( $R_L=10[\text{k}\Omega]$ )

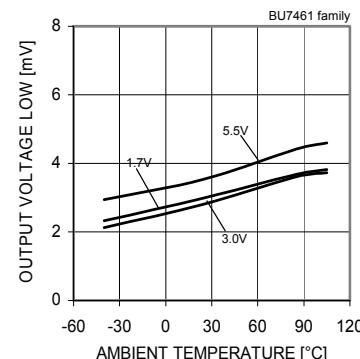


Fig. 100  
Output Voltage Low – Ambient Temperature  
( $R_L=10[\text{k}\Omega]$ )

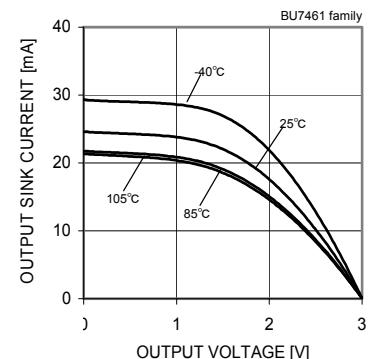


Fig. 101  
Output Source Current – Output Voltage  
( $V_{DD}=3.0[\text{V}]$ )

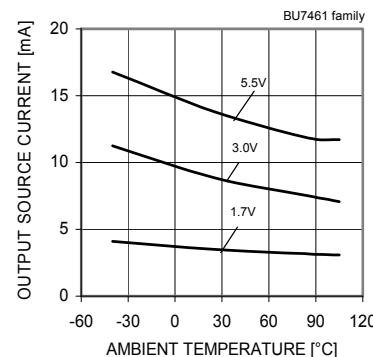


Fig. 102  
Output Source Current – Ambient Temperature ( $V_{OUT}=V_{DD}-0.4[\text{V}]$ )

(\* ) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7461G :  $-40[\text{°C}] \sim +85[\text{°C}]$  BU7461SG :  $-40[\text{°C}] \sim +105[\text{°C}]$

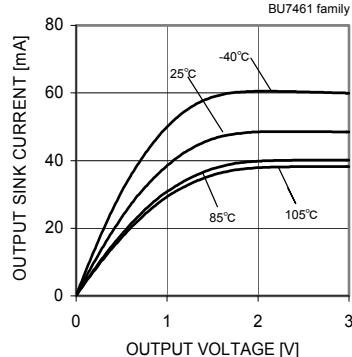


Fig. 103  
Output Sink Current – Output Voltage ( $V_{DD}=3.0[\text{V}]$ )

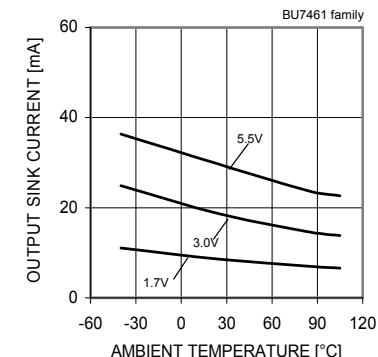
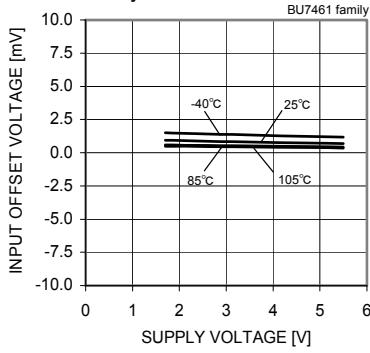
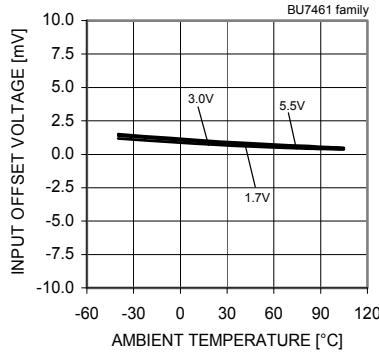


Fig. 104  
Output Sink Current – Ambient Temperature ( $V_{OUT}=V_{SS}+0.4[\text{V}]$ )

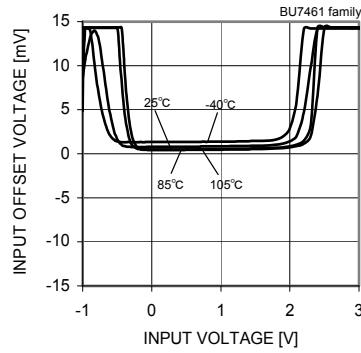
OBU7461 family



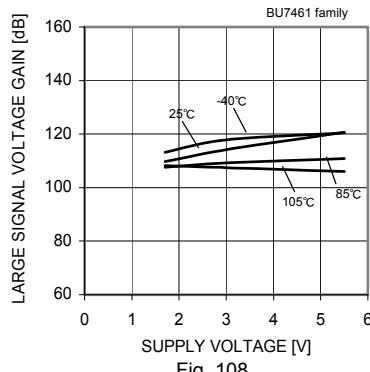
Input Offset Voltage – Supply Voltage  
 $(V_{ICM} = VDD - 1.2[V], V_{OUT} = VDD/2)$



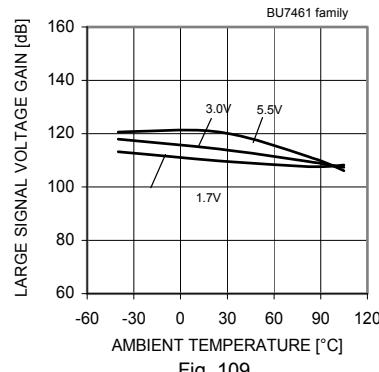
Input Offset Voltage – Ambient Temperature  
 $(V_{ICM} = VDD - 1.2[V], V_{OUT} = VDD/2)$



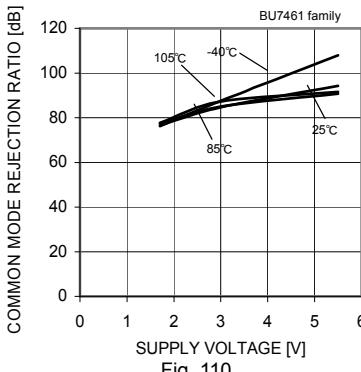
Input Offset Voltage – Input Voltage  
 $(VDD = 3[V])$



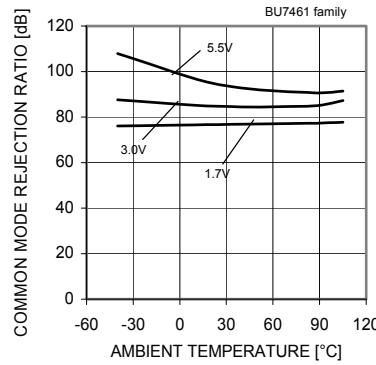
Large Signal Voltage Gain – Supply Voltage



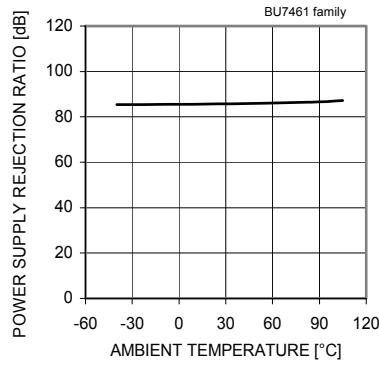
Large Signal Voltage Gain – Ambient Temperature



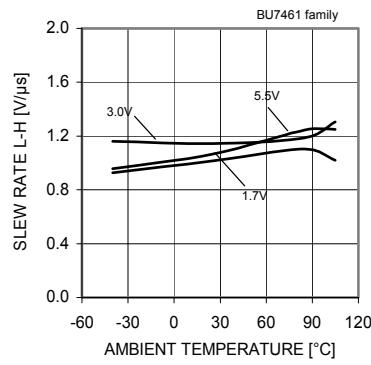
Common Mode Rejection Ratio – Supply Voltage



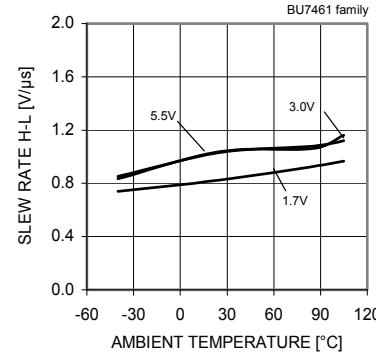
Common Mode Rejection Ratio – Ambient Temperature



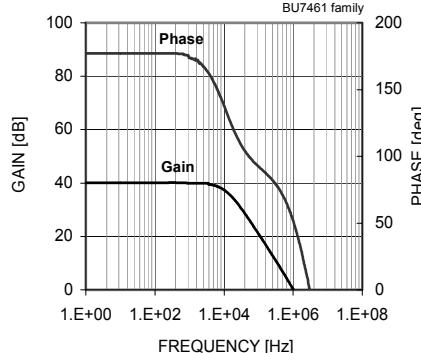
Power Supply Rejection Ratio – Ambient Temperature



Slew Rate L-H – Ambient Temperature



Slew Rate H-L – Ambient Temperature



Gain - Frequency

(\* ) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7461G : -40[°C]~+85[°C] BU7461SG : -40[°C]~+105[°C]

OBU7462 family

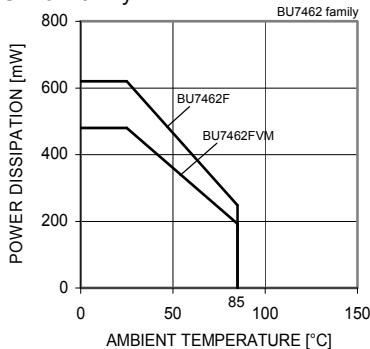


Fig. 116  
Derating curve

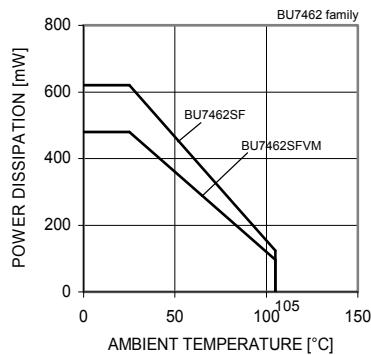


Fig. 117  
Derating curve

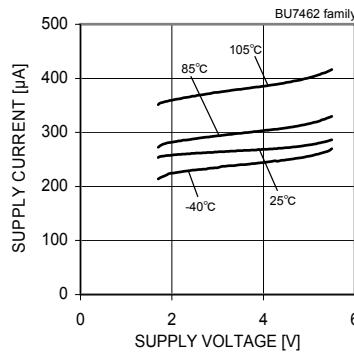


Fig. 118  
Supply Current – Supply Voltage

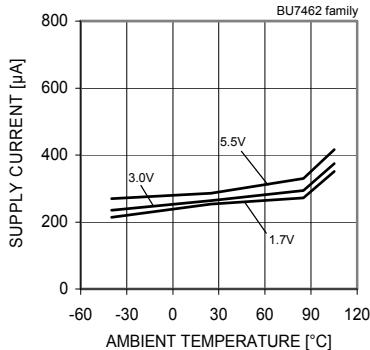


Fig. 119  
Supply Current – Ambient Temperature

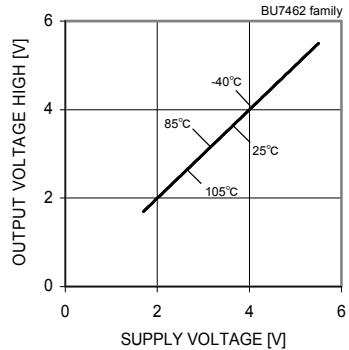


Fig. 120  
Output Voltage High – Supply Voltage (RL=10[kΩ])

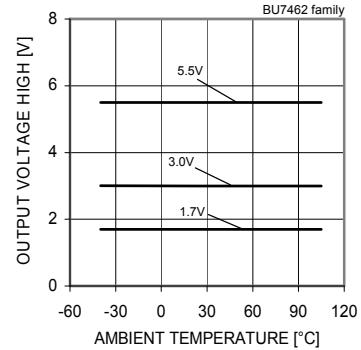


Fig. 121  
Output Voltage High – Ambient Temperature (RL=10[kΩ])

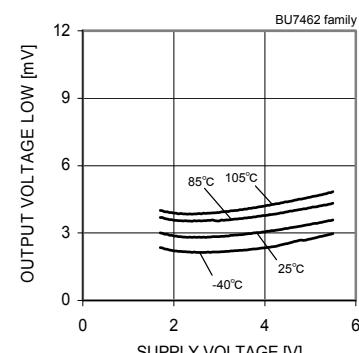


Fig. 122  
Output Voltage Low – Supply Voltage (RL=10[kΩ])

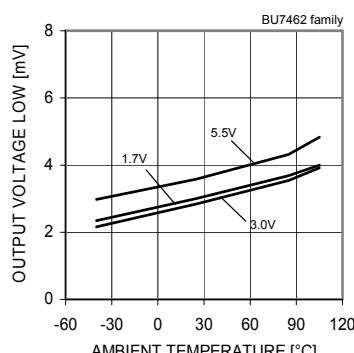


Fig. 123  
Output Voltage Low – Ambient Temperature (RL=10[kΩ])

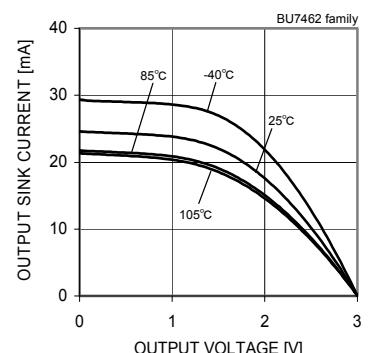


Fig. 124  
Output Source Current – Output Voltage (VDD=3.0[V])

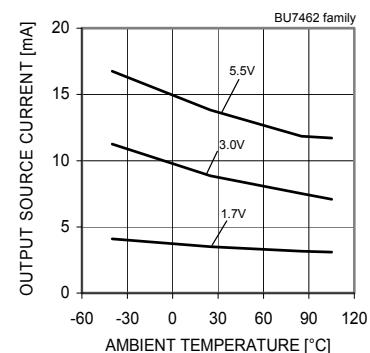


Fig. 125  
Output Source Current – Ambient Temperature (VOUT=VDD-0.4[V])

(\*) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7461G : -40[°C]~+85[°C] BU7461SG : -40[°C]~+105[°C]

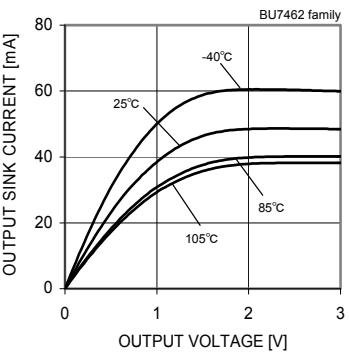


Fig. 126  
Output Sink Current – Output Voltage (VDD=3[V])

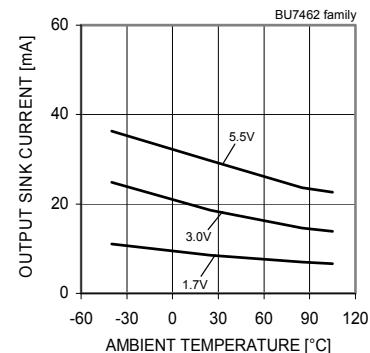
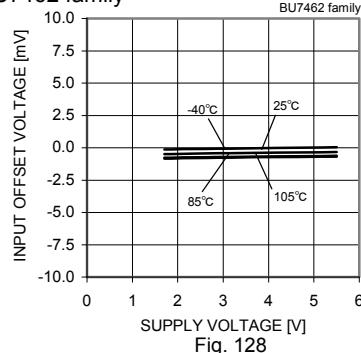
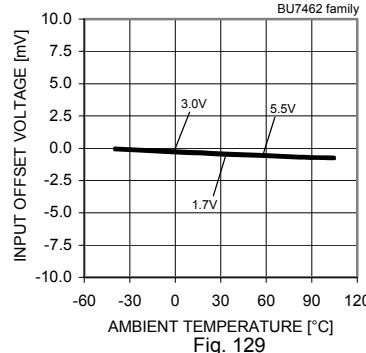


Fig. 127  
Output Sink Current – Ambient Temperature (VOUT=VSS+0.4[V])

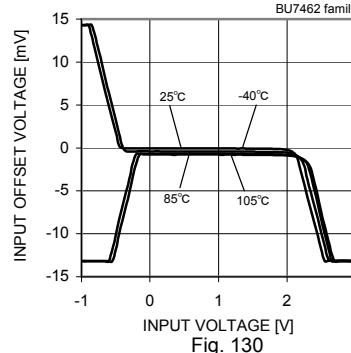
OBU7462 family



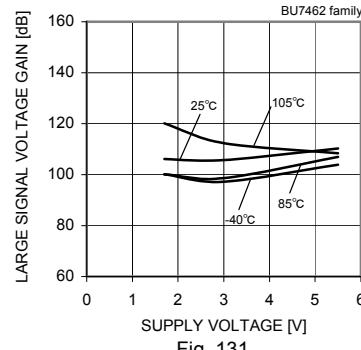
Input Offset Voltage – Supply Voltage  
 $(V_{CM}=VDD-1.2[V], VOUT= VDD/2)$



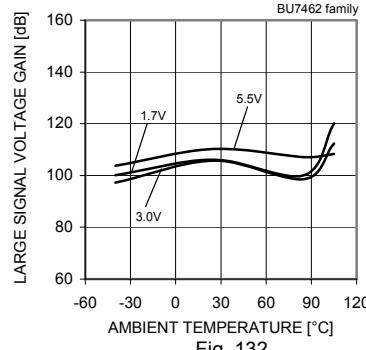
Input Offset Voltage – Ambient Temperature  
 $(V_{CM}=VDD-1.2[V], VOUT= VDD/2)$



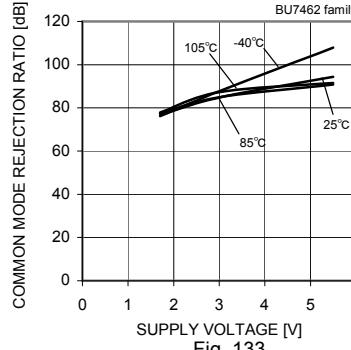
Input Offset Voltage – Input Voltage  
 $(VDD=3[V])$



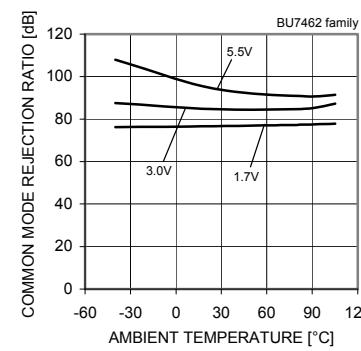
Large Signal Voltage Gain  
– Supply Voltage



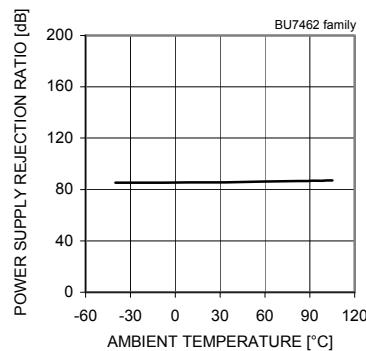
Large Signal Voltage Gain  
– Ambient Temperature



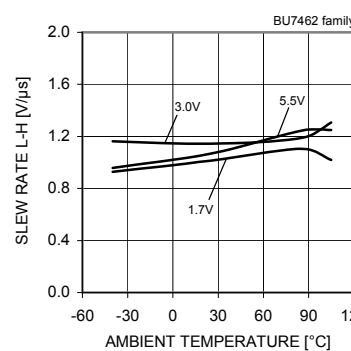
Common Mode Rejection Ratio  
– Supply Voltage



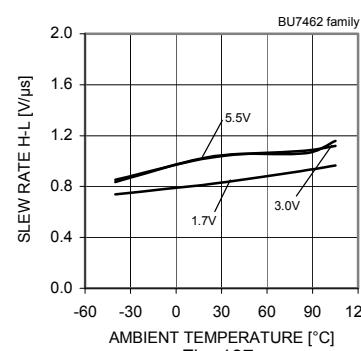
Common Mode Rejection Ratio  
– Ambient Temperature



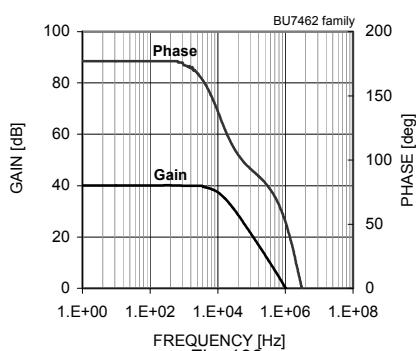
Power Supply Rejection Ratio  
– Ambient Temperature



Slew Rate L-H – Ambient Temperature



Slew Rate H-L – Ambient Temperature



Gain - Frequency

(\*) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7462F/FVM : -40[°C]~+85[°C] BU7462SF/FVM : -40[°C]~+105[°C]

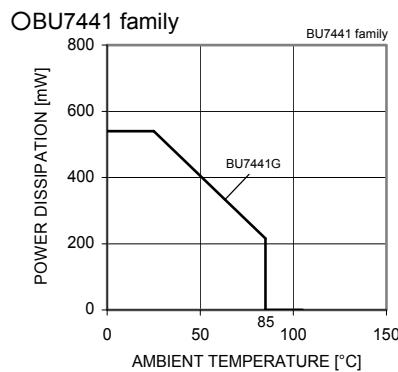


Fig. 139  
Derating curve

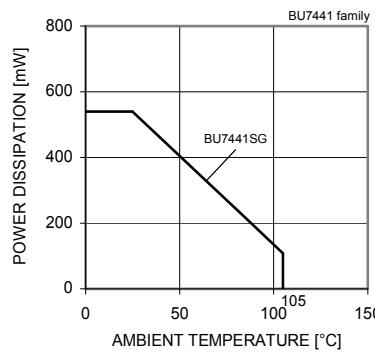


Fig. 140  
Derating curve

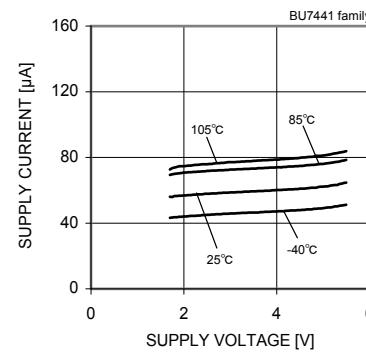


Fig. 141  
Supply Current – Supply Voltage

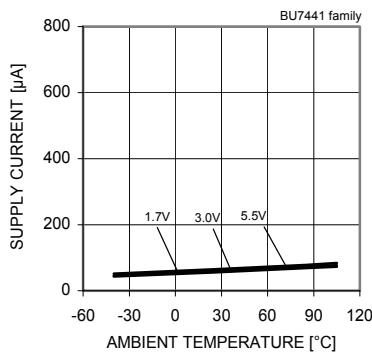


Fig. 142  
Supply Current – Ambient Temperature

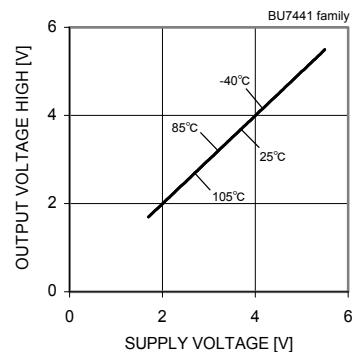


Fig. 143  
Output Voltage High – Supply Voltage  
( $RL=10[k\Omega]$ )

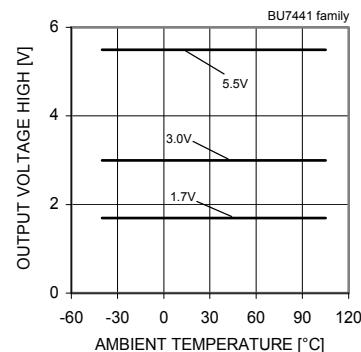


Fig. 144  
Output Voltage High – Ambient Temperature  
( $RL=10[k\Omega]$ )

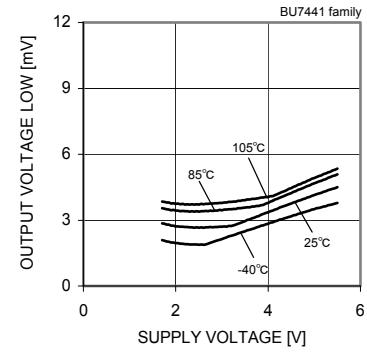


Fig. 145  
Output Voltage Low – Supply Voltage  
( $RL=10[k\Omega]$ )

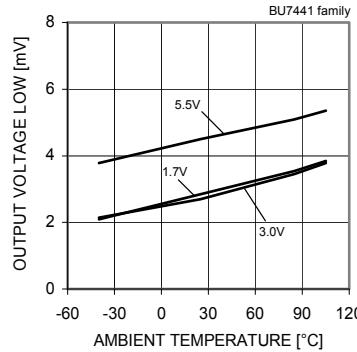


Fig. 146  
Output Voltage Low – Ambient Temperature  
( $RL=10[k\Omega]$ )

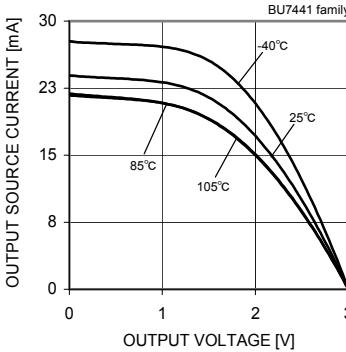


Fig. 147  
Output Source Current – Output Voltage  
( $VDD=3.0[V]$ )

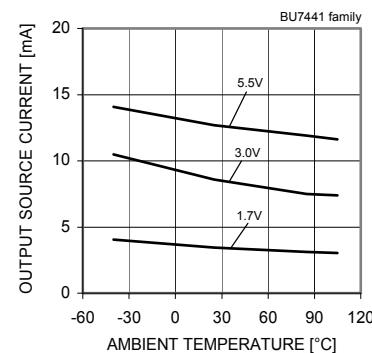


Fig. 148  
Output Source Current – Ambient Temperature (VOUT=VDD-0.4[V])

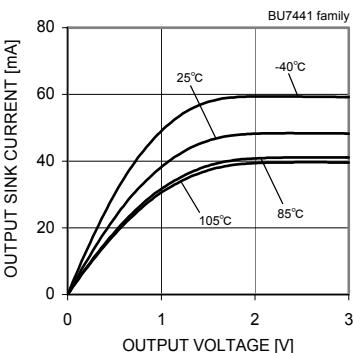


Fig. 149  
Output Sink Current – Output Voltage (VDD=3[V])

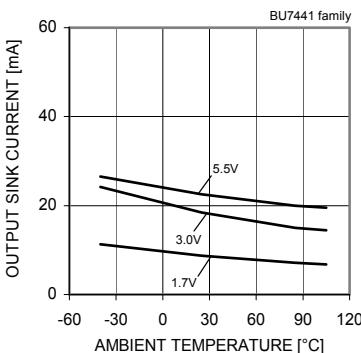
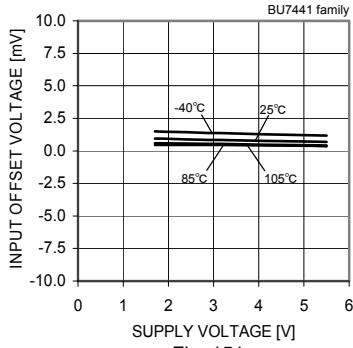


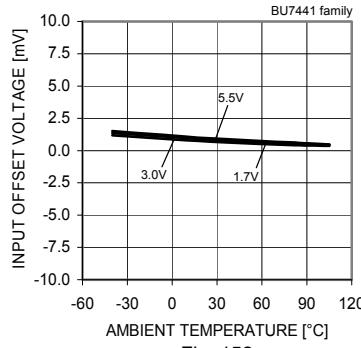
Fig. 150  
Output Sink Current – Ambient Temperature (VOUT=VSS+0.4[V])

(\*) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7441G : -40[°C]~+85[°C] BU7441SG : -40[°C]~+105[°C]

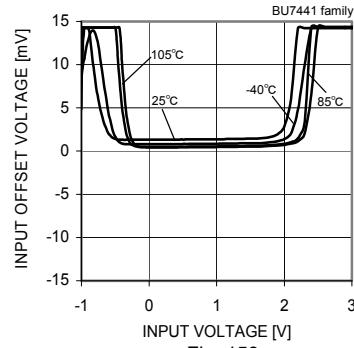
OBU7441 family



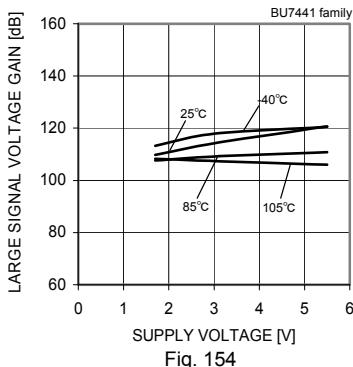
Input Offset Voltage – Supply Voltage  
 $(V_{cm}=VDD-1.2[V], VOUT=VDD/2)$



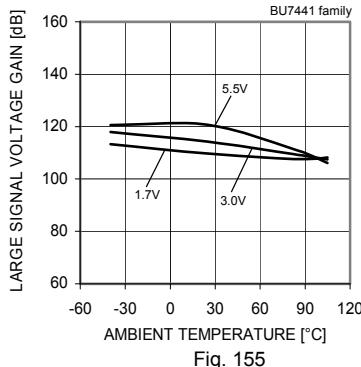
Input Offset Voltage – Ambient Temperature  
 $(V_{cm}=VDD-1.2[V], VOUT=VDD/2)$



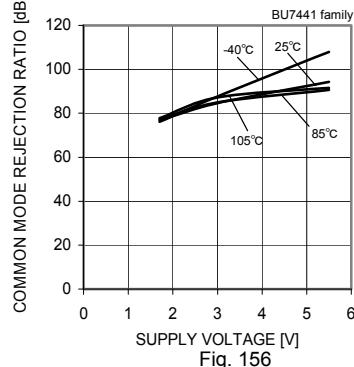
Input Offset Voltage – Input Voltage  
 $(VDD=3[V])$



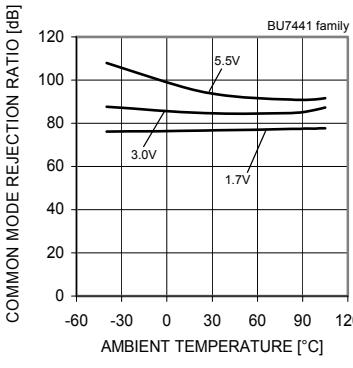
Large Signal Voltage Gain – Supply Voltage



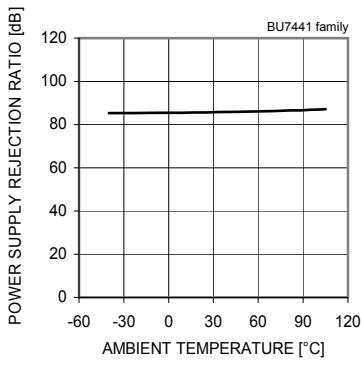
Large Signal Voltage Gain – Ambient Temperature



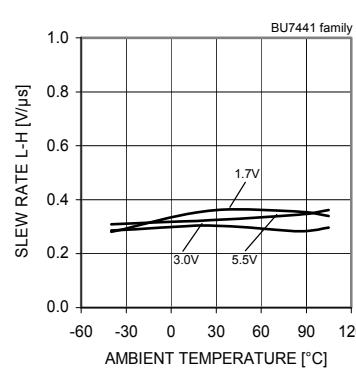
Common Mode Rejection Ratio – Supply Voltage



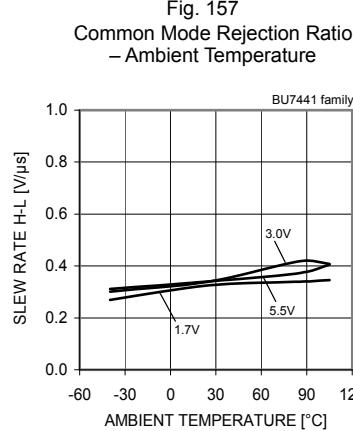
Common Mode Rejection Ratio – Ambient Temperature



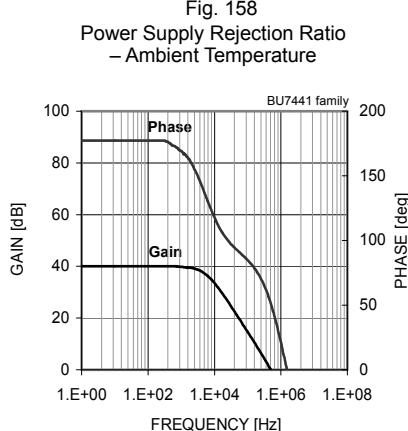
Power Supply Rejection Ratio – Ambient Temperature



Slew Rate L-H – Ambient Temperature



Slew Rate H-L – Ambient Temperature



Gain - Frequency

(\*) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7441G : -40[°C]~+85[°C] BU7441SG : -40[°C]~+105[°C]

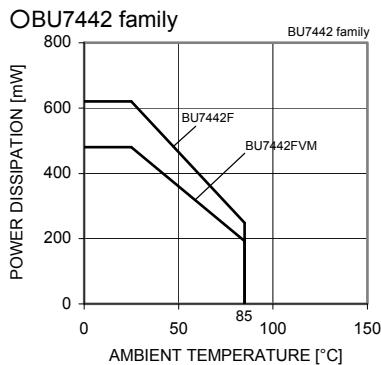


Fig. 162  
Derating curve

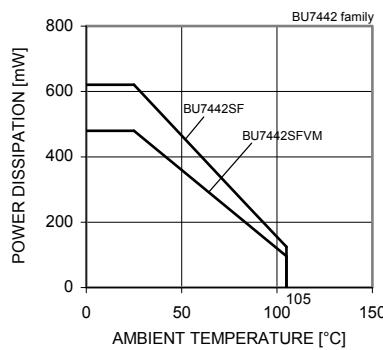


Fig. 163  
Derating curve

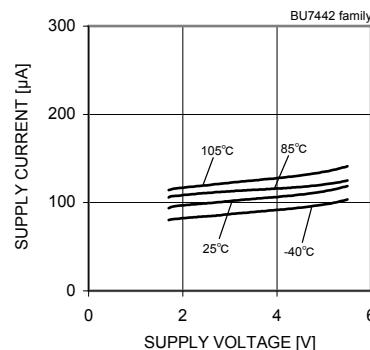


Fig. 164  
Supply Current – Supply Voltage

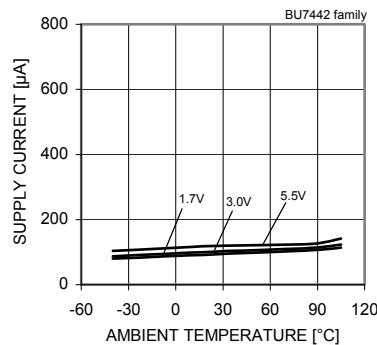


Fig. 165  
Supply Current – Ambient Temperature

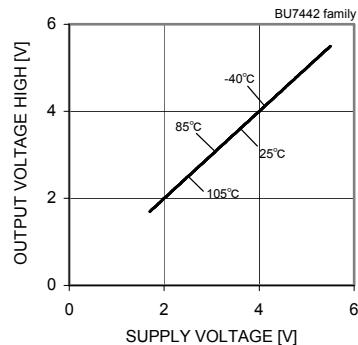


Fig. 166  
Output Voltage High – Supply Voltage  
( $RL=10[k\Omega]$ )

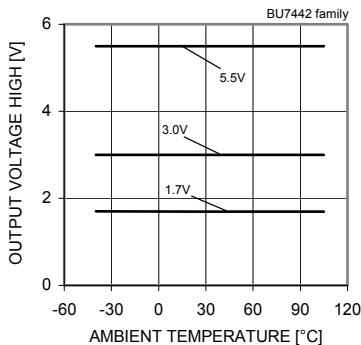


Fig. 167  
Output Voltage High – Ambient Temperature  
( $RL=10[k\Omega]$ )

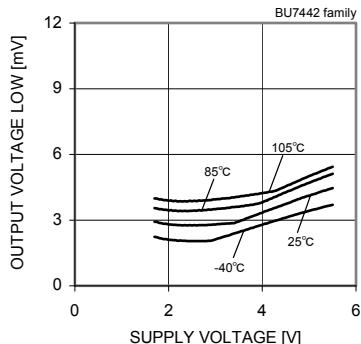


Fig. 168  
Output Voltage Low – Supply Voltage  
( $RL=10[k\Omega]$ )

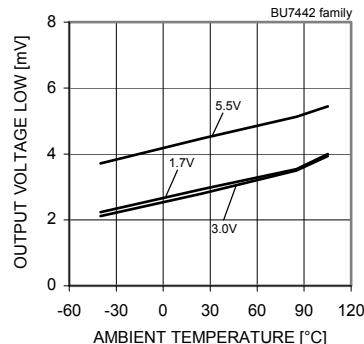


Fig. 169  
Output Voltage Low – Ambient Temperature  
( $RL=10[k\Omega]$ )

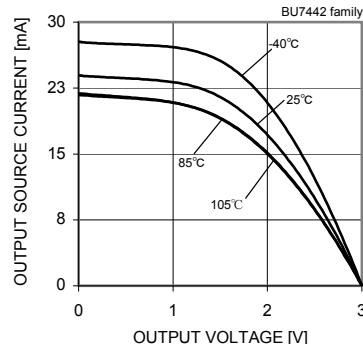


Fig. 170  
Output Source Current – Output Voltage  
( $VDD=3.0[V]$ )

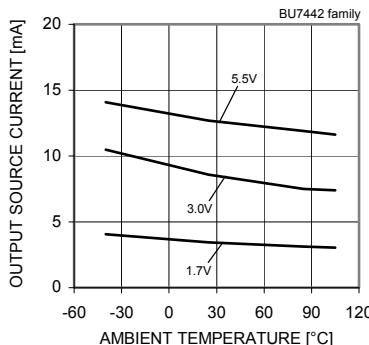


Fig. 171  
Output Source Current – Ambient  
Temperature( $VOUT=VDD-0.4[V]$ )

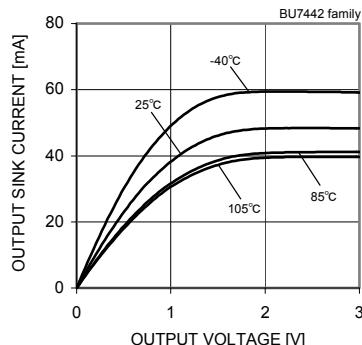


Fig. 172  
Output Sink Current – Output  
Voltage( $VDD=3[V]$ )

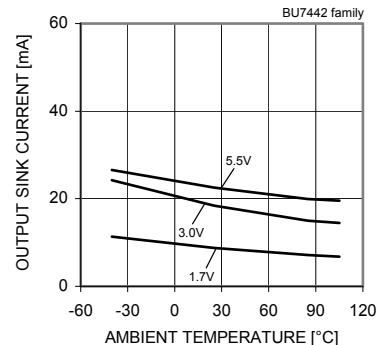


Fig. 173  
Output Sink Current – Ambient  
Temperature( $VOUT=VSS+0.4[V]$ )

(\*) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7442F/FVM :  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$  BU7442SF/FVM :  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +105^{\circ}\text{C}$

OBU7442 family

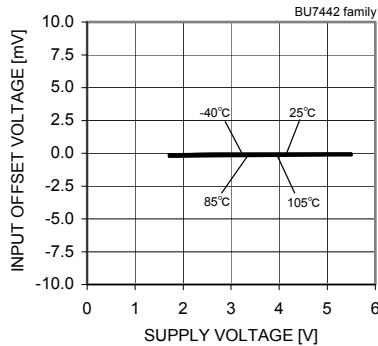


Fig. 174  
 Input Offset Voltage – Supply Voltage  
 $(V_{CM}=VDD-1.2[V], VOUT=VDD/2)$

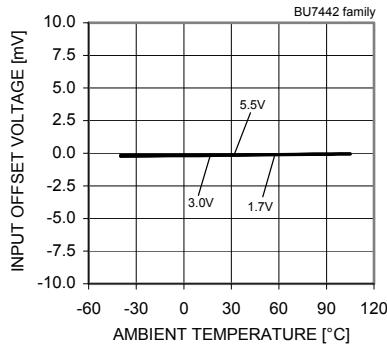


Fig. 175  
 Input Offset Voltage – Ambient Temperature  
 $(V_{CM}=VDD-1.2[V], VOUT=VDD/2)$

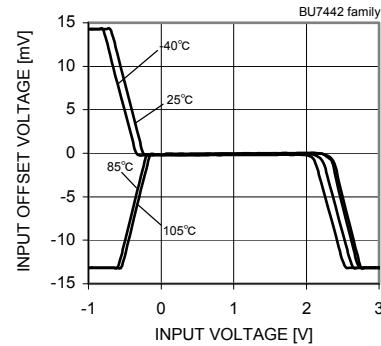


Fig. 176  
 Input Offset Voltage – Input Voltage  
 $(VDD=3[V])$

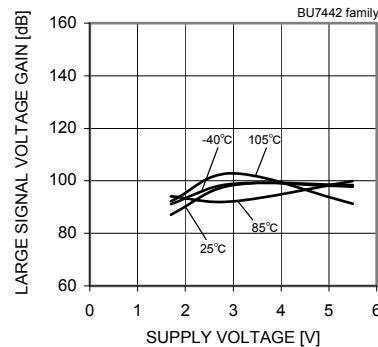


Fig. 177  
 Large Signal Voltage Gain  
 – Supply Voltage

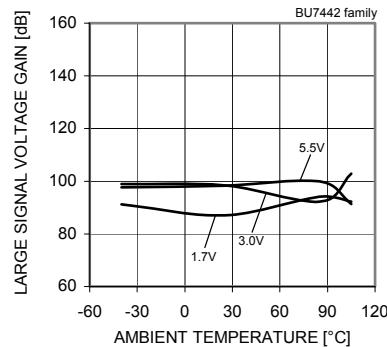


Fig. 178  
 Large Signal Voltage Gain  
 – Ambient Temperature

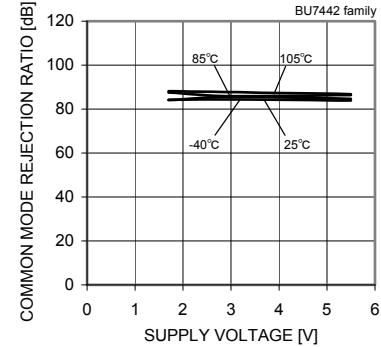


Fig. 179  
 Common Mode Rejection Ratio  
 – Supply Voltage

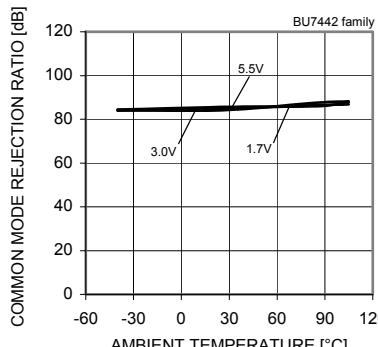


Fig. 180  
 Common Mode Rejection Ratio  
 – Ambient Temperature

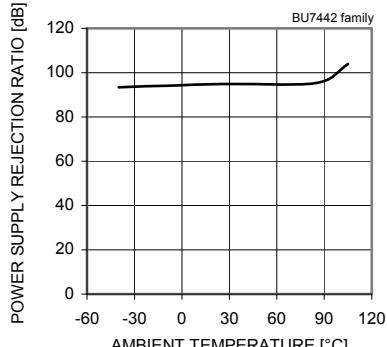


Fig. 181  
 Power Supply Rejection Ratio  
 – Ambient Temperature

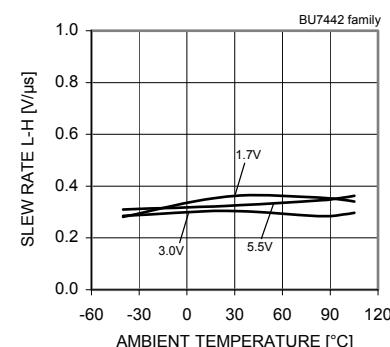


Fig. 182  
 Slew Rate L-H – Ambient Temperature

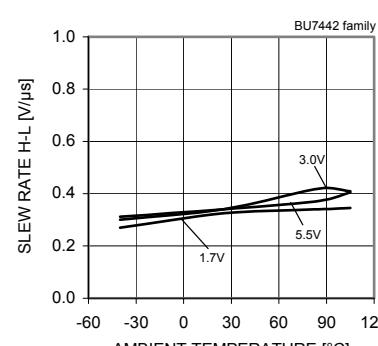


Fig. 183  
 Slew Rate H-L – Ambient Temperature

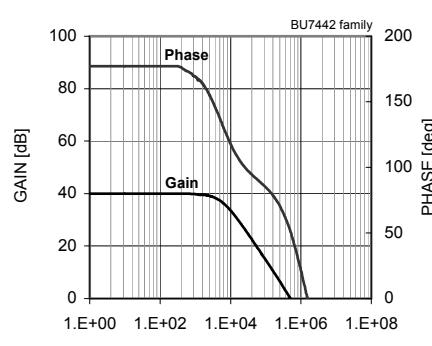


Fig. 184  
 Gain - Frequency

(\*) The above data is ability value of sample, it is not guaranteed. BU7442F/FVM : -40[°C]~+85[°C] BU7442SF/FVM : -40[°C]~+105[°C]

## ● Test circuit1 NULL method

OInput-Output Full Swing BU7261/BU7241 family , BU7262/BU7242 family  
VDD,VSS,EK,Vicm Unit : [V]

| Parameter  | VF  | S1 | S2 | S3  | VDD | VSS | EK   | Vicm | Calculation |
|--|-----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-------------|
| Input Offset Voltage   | VF1 | ON | ON | OFF | 3   | 0   | -1.5 | 3    | 1           |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain  | VF2 | ON | ON | ON  | 3   | 0   | -0.5 | 1.5  | 2           |
|  | VF3 |    |    |     |     |     | -2.5 |      |             |
| Common-mode Rejection Ratio<br>(Input Common-mode Voltage Range) | VF4 | ON | ON | OFF | 3   | 0   | -1.5 | 0    | 3           |
|  | VF5 |    |    |     |     |     | -1.5 | 3    |             |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio                                     | VF6 | ON | ON | OFF | 1.8 | 0   | -0.9 | 0    | 4           |
|  | VF7 |    |    |     | 5.5 |     | -0.9 |      |             |

OGround Sense BU7461/BU7441 family , BU7462/BU7442 family  
VDD,VSS,EK,Vicm Unit : [V]

| Parameter  | VF  | S1 | S2 | S3  | VDD | VSS | EK   | Vicm | Calculation |
|--|-----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-------------|
| Input Offset Voltage   | VF1 | ON | ON | OFF | 3   | 0   | -1.5 | 1.8  | 1           |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain  | VF2 | ON | ON | ON  | 3   | 0   | -0.5 | 0.9  | 2           |
|  | VF3 |    |    |     |     |     | -2.5 |      |             |
| Common-mode Rejection Ratio<br>(Input Common-mode Voltage Range) | VF4 | ON | ON | OFF | 3   | 0   | -1.5 | 0    | 3           |
|  | VF5 |    |    |     |     |     | -1.5 | 1.8  |             |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio                                     | VF6 | ON | ON | OFF | 1.7 | 0   | -0.9 | 0    | 4           |
|  | VF7 |    |    |     | 5.5 |     | -0.9 |      |             |

-Calculation-

1. Input Offset Voltage (Vio) 
$$V_{IO} = \frac{|VF1|}{1+R_f/R_s} [V]$$

2. Large Signal Voltage Gain (Av) 
$$A_v = 20 \log \frac{2 \times (1+R_f/R_s)}{|VF2-VF3|} [\text{dB}]$$

3. Common-mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR) 
$$CMRR = 20 \log \frac{1.8 \times (1+R_f/R_s)}{|VF4-VF5|} [\text{dB}]$$

4. Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) 
$$PSRR = 20 \log \frac{3.8 \times (1+R_f/R_s)}{|VF6-VF7|} [\text{dB}]$$

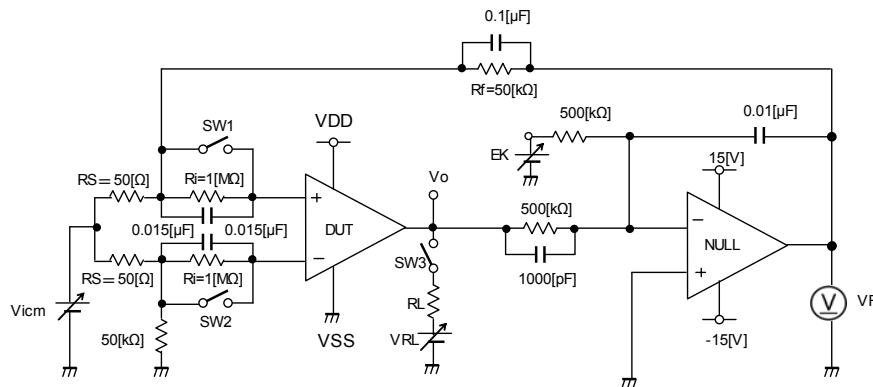


Fig. 185Test circuit 1 (one channel only)

## ● Test circuit2 switch condition

Unit : [V]

| SW No.  | SW 1 | SW 2 | SW 3 | SW 4 | SW 5 | SW 6 | SW 7 | SW 8 | SW 9 | SW 10 | SW 11 | SW 12 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Supply Current                                | OFF  | OFF  | ON   | OFF  | ON   | OFF  | OFF  | OFF  | OFF  | OFF   | OFF   | OFF   |
| Maximum Output Voltage $RL=10\text{ k}\Omega$ | OFF  | ON   | OFF  | OFF  | ON   | OFF  | OFF  | ON   | OFF  | OFF   | ON    | OFF   |
| Output Current                                | OFF  | ON   | OFF  | OFF  | ON   | OFF  | OFF  | OFF  | OFF  | ON    | OFF   | OFF   |
| Slew Rate                                     | OFF  | OFF  | ON   | OFF  | OFF  | OFF  | ON   | OFF  | ON   | OFF   | OFF   | ON    |
| Maximum Frequency                             | ON   | OFF  | OFF  | ON   | ON   | OFF  | OFF  | OFF  | ON   | OFF   | OFF   | ON    |

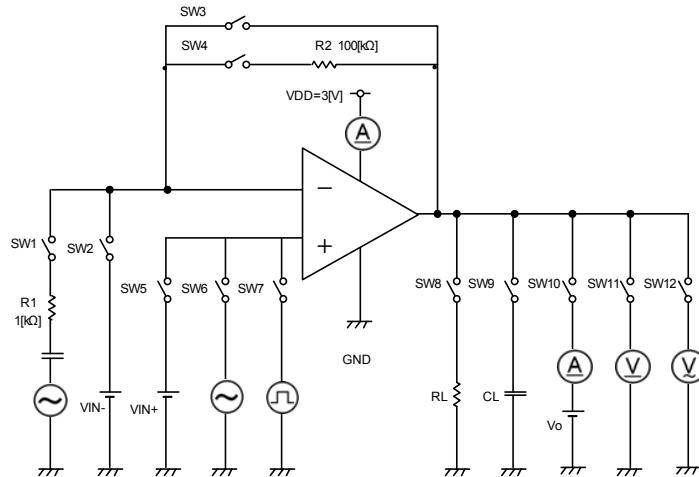
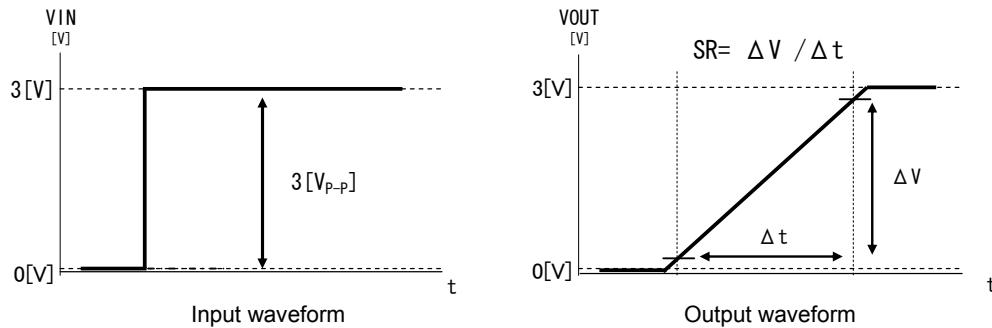
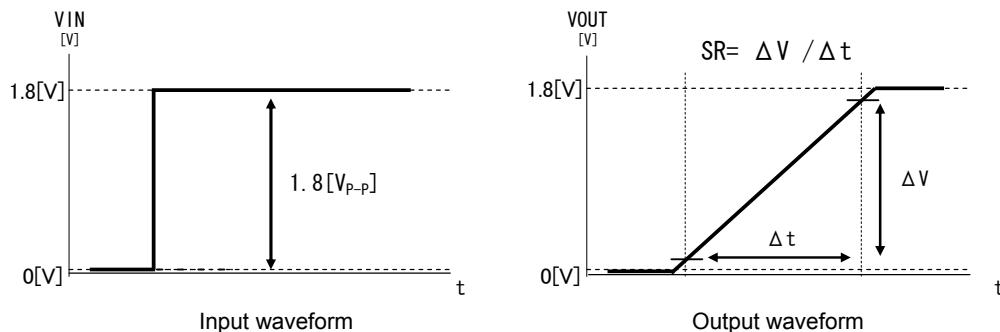


Fig. 186. Test circuit2

Fig. 187. Slew rate input output wave  
(Input-Output Full Swing BU7261/7241 family , BU7262/7242 family)Fig. 188. Slew rate input output wave  
(Ground Sense BU7461/7441 family , BU7462/7442 family)

● Test circuit3 Channel separation

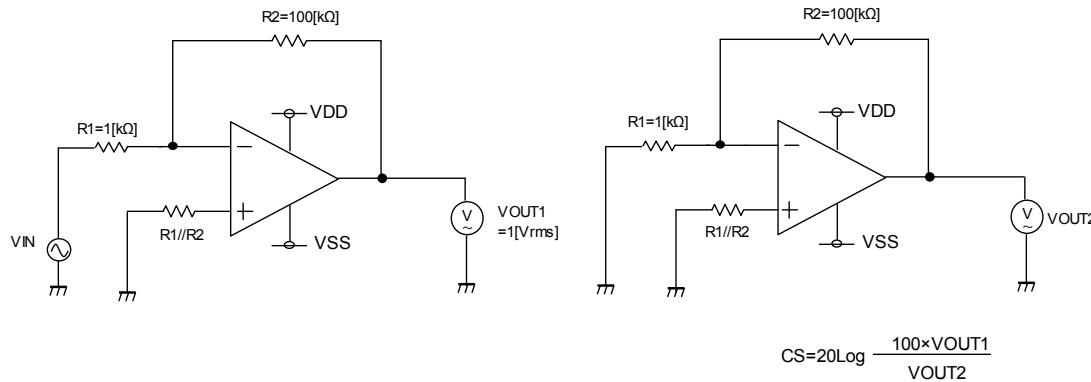
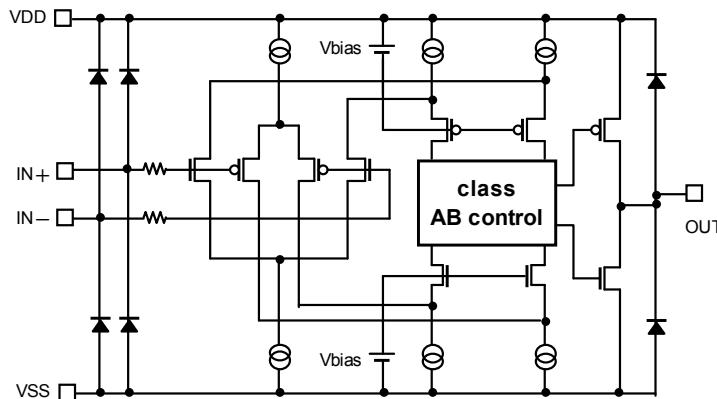


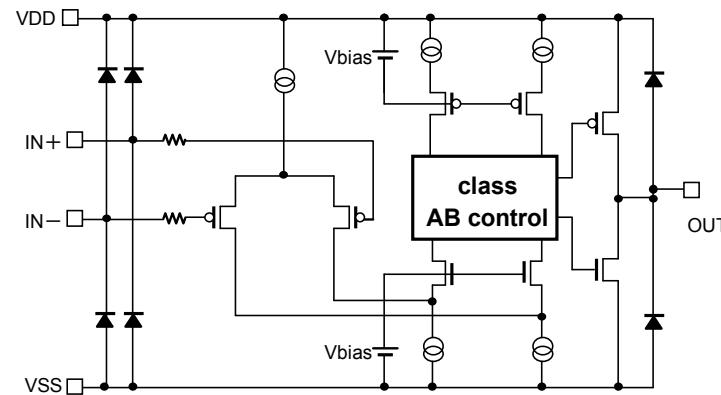
Fig. 189. Test circuit3

● Schematic diagram

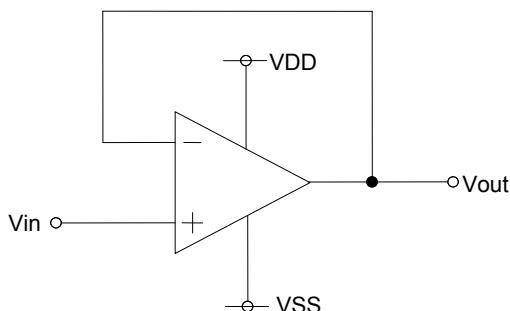
OInput-Output Full Swing : BU7261/BU7241 family , BU7262/BU7242 family



OGround Sense : BU7461/BU7441 family , BU7462/BU7442 family

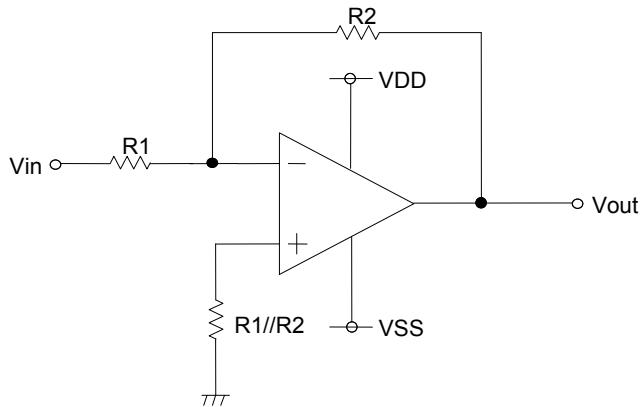


- Examples of circuit
  - Voltage follower



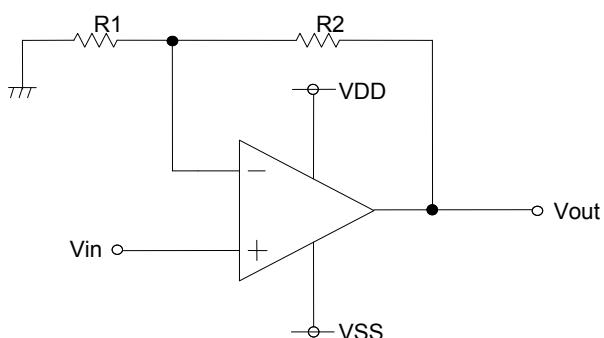
Voltage gain is 0 [dB].  
 This circuit controls output voltage ( $V_{out}$ ) equal input voltage ( $V_{in}$ ), and keeps  $V_{out}$  with stable because of high input impedance and low output impedance.  
 $V_{out}$  is shown next formula.  
 $V_{out}=V_{in}$

- Inverting amplifier



For inverting amplifier,  $V_{in}$  is amplified by voltage gain decided  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , and phase reversed voltage is outputed.  
 $V_{out}$  is shown next formula.  
 $V_{out}=-(R_2/R_1) \cdot V_{in}$   
 Input impedance is  $R_1$ .

- Non-inverting amplifier



For non-inverting amplifier,  $V_{in}$  is amplified by voltage gain decided  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , and phase is same with  $V_{in}$ .  
 $V_{out}$  is shown next formula.  
 $V_{out}=(1+R_2/R_1) \cdot V_{in}$   
 This circuit realizes high input impedance because Input impedance is operational amplifier's input Impedance.

**● Description of electrical characteristics**

Described here are the terms of electric characteristics used in this technical note. Items and symbols used are also shown. Note that item name and symbol and their meaning may differ from those on another manufacturer's document or general document.

**1. Absolute maximum ratings**

Absolute maximum rating item indicates the condition which must not be exceeded. Application of voltage in excess of absolute maximum rating or use out of absolute maximum rated temperature environment may cause deterioration of characteristics.

**1.1 Power supply voltage (VDD/VSS)**

Indicates the maximum voltage that can be applied between the positive power supply terminal and negative power supply terminal without deterioration or destruction of characteristics of internal circuit.

**1.2 Differential input voltage (Vid)**

Indicates the maximum voltage that can be applied between non-inverting terminal and inverting terminal without deterioration and destruction of characteristics of IC.

**1.3 Input common-mode voltage range (Vicm)**

Indicates the maximum voltage that can be applied to non-inverting terminal and inverting terminal without deterioration or destruction of characteristics. Input common-mode voltage range of the maximum ratings not assure normal operation of IC. When normal operation of IC is desired, the input common-mode voltage of characteristics item must be followed.

**1.4 Power dissipation (Pd)**

Indicates the power that can be consumed by specified mounted board at the ambient temperature 25°C(normal temperature). As for package product, Pd is determined by the temperature that can be permitted by IC chip in the package(maximum junction temperature) and thermal resistance of the package.

**2. Electrical characteristics item****2.1 Input offset voltage (Vio)**

Indicates the voltage difference between non-inverting terminal and inverting terminal. It can be translated into the input voltage difference required for setting the output voltage at 0 [V].

**2.2 Input offset current (lio)**

Indicates the difference of input bias current between non-inverting terminal and inverting terminal.

**2.3 Input bias current (lb)**

Indicates the current that flows into or out of the input terminal. It is defined by the average of input bias current at non-inverting terminal and input bias current at inverting terminal.

**2.4 Circuit current (ICC)**

Indicates the IC current that flows under specified conditions and no-load steady status.

**2.5 High level output voltage / Low level output voltage(VOH/VOL)**

Indicates the voltage range that can be output by the IC under specified load condition. It is typically divided into high-level output voltage and low-level output voltage. High-level output voltage indicates the upper limit of output voltage. Low-level output voltage indicates the lower limit.

**2.6 Large signal voltage gain (AV)**

Indicates the amplifying rate (gain) of output voltage against the voltage difference between non-inverting terminal and inverting terminal. It is normally the amplifying rate (gain) with reference to DC voltage.

$$Av = (\text{Output voltage fluctuation}) / (\text{Input offset fluctuation})$$

**2.7 Input common-mode voltage range (Vicm)**

Indicates the input voltage range where IC operates normally.

**2.8 Common-mode rejection ratio (CMRR)**

Indicates the ratio of fluctuation of input offset voltage when in-phase input voltage is changed. It is normally the fluctuation of DC.

$$\text{CMRR} = (\text{Change of Input common-mode voltage}) / (\text{Input offset fluctuation})$$

**2.9 Power supply rejection ratio (PSRR)**

Indicates the ratio of fluctuation of input offset voltage when supply voltage is changed. It is normally the fluctuation of DC.

$$\text{PSRR} = (\text{Change of power supply voltage}) / (\text{Input offset fluctuation})$$

**2.10 Channel separation(CS)**

Indicates the fluctuation of input offset voltage or that of output voltage with reference to the change of output voltage of driven channel.

## 2.11 Slew rate (SR)

Indicates the time fluctuation ratio of voltage output when step input signal is applied.

## 2.12 Unity gain frequency (ft)

Indicates a frequency where the voltage gain of Op-Amp is 1.

## 2.13 Total harmonic distortion + Noise (THD+N)

Indicates the fluctuation of input offset voltage or that of output voltage with reference to the change of output voltage of driven channel.

## 2.14 Input referred noise voltage (Vn)

Indicates a noise voltage generated inside the operational amplifier equivalent by ideal voltage source connected in series with input terminal.

## ●Derating curve

Power dissipation (total loss) indicates the power that can be consumed by IC at  $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (normal temperature).

IC is heated when it consumed power, and the temperature of IC chip becomes higher than ambient temperature.

The temperature that can be accepted by IC chip depends on circuit configuration, manufacturing process, and consumable power is limited.

Power dissipation is determined by the temperature allowed in IC chip (maximum junction temperature) and thermal resistance of package (heat dissipation capability).

The maximum junction temperature is typically equal to the maximum value in the storage package (heat dissipation capability). The maximum junction temperature is typically equal to the maximum value in the storage temperature range. Heat generated by consumed power of IC radiates from the mold resin or lead frame of the package.

The parameter which indicates this heat dissipation capability (hardness of heat release) is called thermal resistance, represented by the symbol  $\theta_{ja}$ [ $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ ].

The temperature of IC inside the package can be estimated by this thermal resistance.

Fig.190 (a) shows the model of thermal resistance of the package. Thermal resistance  $\theta_{ja}$ , ambient temperature  $T_a$ , junction temperature  $T_j$ , and power dissipation  $P_d$  can be calculated by the equation below :

$$\theta_{ja} = (T_j - T_a) / P_d \quad [^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}] \quad \dots \dots \quad (\text{I})$$

Derating curve in Fig.190(b) indicates power that can be consumed by IC with reference to ambient temperature.

Power that can be consumed by IC begins to attenuate at certain ambient temperature.

This gradient is determined by thermal resistance  $\theta_{ja}$ . Thermal resistance  $\theta_{ja}$  depends on chip size, power consumption, package, ambient temperature, package condition, wind velocity, etc even when the same of package is used.

Thermal reduction curve indicates a reference value measured at a specified condition. Fig.191(c)-(f) show a derating curve for an example of BU7261/41family,BU7262/42family.,7461/7441family,7462/7442family.

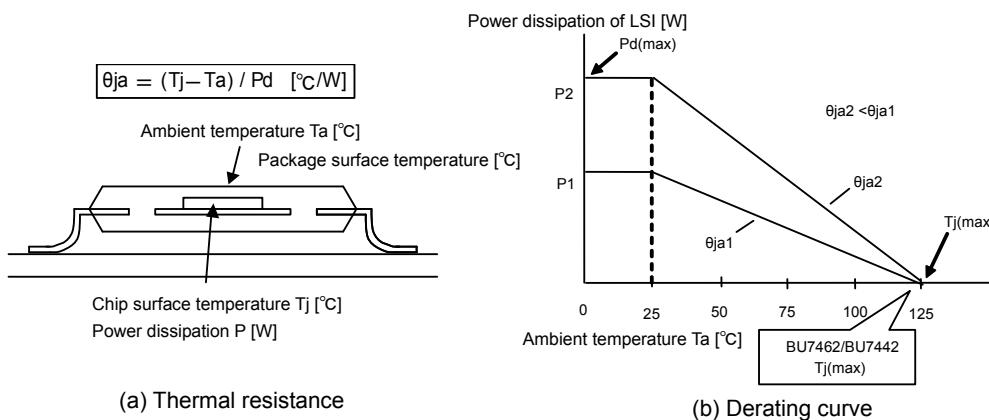
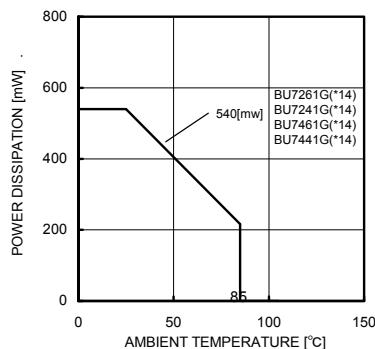
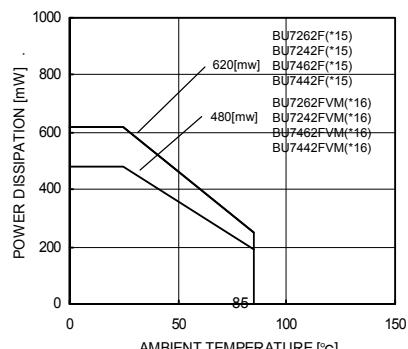


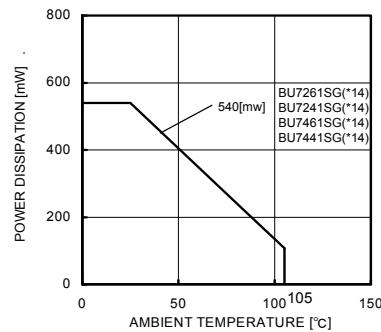
Fig. 190 Thermal resistance and derating



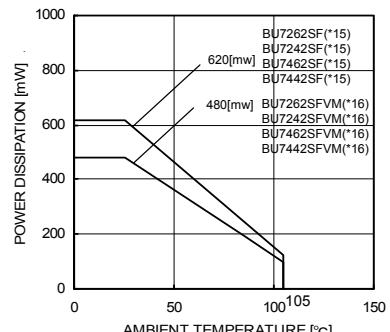
(c) BU7261G BU7241G  
 BU7461G BU7441G



(d) BU7262F/FVM BU7242F/FVM  
 BU7462F/FVM BU7442F/FVM



(e) BU7261SG BU7241SG  
 BU7461SG BU7441SG



(f) BU7262S F/FVM BU7242S F/FVM  
 BU7462S F/FVM BU7442S F/FVM

| (*14) | (*15) | (*16) | Unit    |
|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| 5.4   | 6.2   | 4.8   | [mW/°C] |

When using the unit above  $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , subtract the value above per degree  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Permissible dissipation is the value when FR4 glass epoxy board 70[mm]×70[mm]×1.6[mm] (cooper foil area below 3[%]) is mounted.

Fig. 191 Derating Curve

**●Cautions on use****1) Absolute maximum ratings**

Absolute maximum ratings are the values which indicate the limits,within which the given voltage range can be safely charged to the terminal.However, it does not guarantee the circuit operation.

**2) Applied voltage to the input terminal**

For normal circuit operation of voltage comparator, please input voltage for itsinput terminal within input common mode voltage  $VDD+0.3[V]$ .

Then, regardless of power supply voltage, $VSS-0.3[V]$  can be applied to inputterminals without deterioration or destruction of its characteristics.

**3) Operating power supply (split power supply/single power supply)**

The voltage comparator operates if a given level of voltage is applied between  $VDD$  and  $VSS$ .

Therefore, the operational amplifier can be operated under single power supply or split power supply.

**4) Power dissipation ( $Pd$ )**

If the IC is used under excessive power dissipation. An increase in the chip temperature will cause deterioration of the radical characteristics of IC.

For example, reduction of current capability. Take consideration of the effective power dissipation and thermal design with a sufficient margin.  $Pd$  is reference to the provided power dissipation curve.

**5) Short circuits between pins and incorrect mounting**

Short circuits between pins and incorrect mounting when mounting the IC on a printed circuits board, take notice of the direction and positioning of the IC.

If IC is mounted erroneously, It may be damaged. Also, when a foreign object is inserted between output, between output and  $VDD$  terminal or  $VSS$  terminal which causes short circuit, the IC may be damaged.

**6) Using under strong electromagnetic field**

Be careful when using the IC under strong electromagnetic field because it may malfunction.

**7) Usage of IC**

When stress is applied to the IC through warp of the printed circuit board, The characteristics may fluctuate due to the piezo effect. Be careful of the warp of the printed circuit board.

**8) Testing IC on the set board**

When testing IC on the set board, in cases where the capacitor is connected to the low impedance,make sure to discharge per fabrication because there is a possibility that IC may be damaged by stress.

When removing IC from the set board, it is essential to cut supply voltage.As a countermeasure against the static electricity, observe proper grounding during fabrication process and take due care when carrying and storage it.

**9) The IC destruction caused by capacitive load**

The transistors in circuits may be damaged when  $VDD$  terminal and  $VSS$  terminal is shorted with the charged output terminal capacitor.When IC is used as a operational amplifier or as an application circuit,where oscillation is not activated by an output capacitor,the output capacitor must be kept below  $0.1[\mu F]$  in order to prevent the damage mentioned above.

**10)Decoupling capacitor**

Insert the decoupling capacitance between  $VDD$  and  $VSS$ , for stable operation of operational amplifier.

**11)Latch up**

Be careful of input voltage that exceed the  $VDD$  and  $VSS$ . When CMOS device have sometimes occur latch up operation. And protect the IC from abnormaly noise

|          |          |   |  |  |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|----------|----------|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| B        | U        | 7   | 2  | 6  | 2 | F | V | M | - | T | R |
| Part No. | Part No. | ·Input-Output Full Swing<br>7261 , 7261S<br>7241 , 7241S<br>7262 , 7262S<br>7242 , 7242S<br>·Ground Sense<br>7461 , 7461S<br>7441 , 7441S<br>7462 , 7462S<br>7442 , 7442S | Package<br>G: SSOP5<br>F: SOP8<br>FVM: MSOP8 | Packaging and forming specification<br>E2: Embossed tape and reel<br>(SOP8)<br>TR: Embossed tape and reel<br>(SSOP5/MSOP8) |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

**SOP8**

| <Tape and Reel information> |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Tape                        | Embossed carrier tape   |
| Quantity                    | 2500pcs   |
| Direction of feed           | E2<br>(The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper left when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand) |

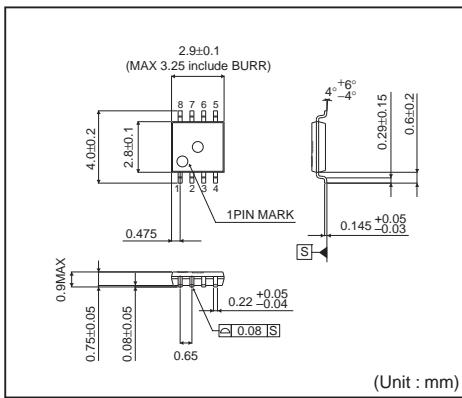
The diagram shows the physical dimensions of the SOP8 package in mm. Key dimensions include a total width of 5.0±0.2 mm (MAX 5.35 include BURR), a height of 1.5±0.1 mm, and lead spacing of 0.42±0.1 mm. The tape and reel information section specifies an embossed carrier tape with 2500 pieces per reel. The direction of feed is indicated as E2, where the 1pin is at the upper left when holding the reel on the left and pulling the tape from the right.

**SSOP5**

| <Tape and Reel information> |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Tape                        | Embossed carrier tape  |
| Quantity                    | 3000pcs  |
| Direction of feed           | TR<br>(The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper right when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand) |

The diagram shows the physical dimensions of the SSOP5 package in mm. Key dimensions include a total width of 2.9±0.2 mm, a height of 1.6±0.2 mm, and lead spacing of 0.42±0.04 mm. The tape and reel information section specifies an embossed carrier tape with 3000 pieces per reel. The direction of feed is indicated as TR, where the 1pin is at the upper right when holding the reel on the left and pulling the tape from the right.

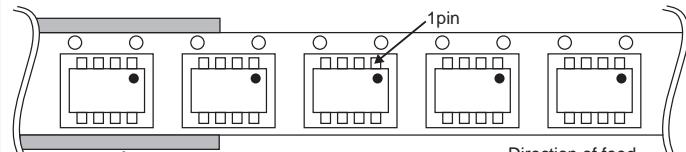
### MSOP8



#### <Tape and Reel information>

|          |                       |
|----------|-----------------------|
| Tape     | Embossed carrier tape |
| Quantity | 3000pcs               |

Direction of feed TR  
 ( The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper right when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand )



\*Order quantity needs to be multiple of the minimum quantity.

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