

High Performance, Low Power HDMI™/DVI Transmitter

Preliminary Technical Data

AD9387NK

FEATURES

General

Low power HDMI/DVI transmitter ideal for portable applications

Compatible with HDMI v. 1.3, DVI v. 1.0, and HDCP v. 1.2 Single 1.8 V power supply

Video/audio inputs accept logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V 64-lead LFCSP, Pb-free package

76-ball CSP_BGA, Pb-free package

Digital video

80 MHz operation supports all resolutions from 480i to 1080i and XGA at 75 Hz

Programmable 2-way color space converter

Supports RGB, YCbCr, and DDR

Supports ITU656-based embedded syncs

Automatic input video format timing detection (CEA-861D) Digital audio

Supports standard S/PDIF for stereo LPCM or compressed audio up to 192 kHz

8-channel, uncompressed LPCM I²S audio up to 192 kHz Special features for easy system design

On-chip MPU with I²C[®] master to perform HDCP operations and EDID reading operations

5 V tolerant I²C and HPD I/Os, no extra device needed No audio master clock needed for supporting S/PDIF and I²S

On-chip MPU reports HDMI events through interrupts and registers

APPLICATIONS

Digital video cameras
Digital still cameras
Personal media players
Cellular handsets
DVD players and recorders
Digital set-top boxes
A/V receivers
HDMI repeater/splitter

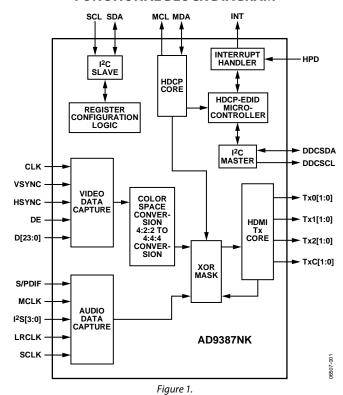
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The AD9387NK is an 80 MHz, high definition multimedia interface (HDMI) v.1.3 transmitter. It supports HDTV formats up to 720p and 1080i and computer graphic resolutions up to XGA ($1024 \times 768 @ 75$ Hz). With the inclusion of HDCP, the AD9387NK allows the secure transmission of protected content, as specified by the HDCP v.1.1 protocol.

Rev. PrA

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FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



The AD9387NK supports both S/PDIF and 8-channel I^2S audio. Its high fidelity, 8-channel I^2S can transmit either stereo or 7.1 surround audio at 192 kHz. The S/PDIF can carry stereo LPCM audio or compressed audio, including Dolby* Digital, DTS*, and THX*.

The AD9387NK helps reduce system design complexity and cost by incorporating such features as an internal MPU for HDCP operations, an I²C master for EDID reading, a single 1.8 V power supply, and 5 V tolerance on the I²C and hot plug detect pins.

Fabricated in an advanced CMOS process, the AD9387NK is available in a space saving, 76-ball CSP_BGA or 64-lead LFCSP surface-mount package. Both packages are available as Pb-free parts and are specified from -25° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C.

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SPECIFICATIONS

Table 1.

		AD9387NK-BCPZ-80/AD9387NK-BBCZ-80					
Parameter	Conditions	Temp	Test Level ¹	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
DIGITAL INPUTS							
Input Voltage, High (V _H)		Full	VI	1.4		3.5	٧
Input Voltage, Low (V _{IL})		Full	VI			0.7	V
Input Capacitance		25°C	V		3		рF
DIGITAL OUTPUTS							
Output Voltage, High (V _{OH})		Full	VI	$V_{DD} - 0.1$			٧
Output Voltage, Low (V _{OL})		Full	VI			0.4	٧
THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS							
Thermal Resistance							
θ_{JC} Junction-to-Case			V		15.2		°C/W
θ _{JA} Junction-to-Ambient			V		59		°C/W
Ambient Temperature		Full	V	-25	+25	+85	°C
DC SPECIFICATIONS							
Input Leakage Current (I _{IL})		25°C	VI	-10		+10	μΑ
Input Clamp Voltage	-16 mA	25°C	V		-0.8		V
1	+16 mA	25°C	V		+0.8		٧
Differential High Level Output Voltage			V		AV_{CC}		V
Differential Output Short-Circuit Current			IV			10	μΑ
POWER SUPPLY							1.
V _{DD} (All) Supply Voltage		Full	IV	1.71	1.8	1.89	V
V _{DD} Supply Voltage Noise		Full	V			50	mV p-
Power-Down Current		25°C	IV		10		μΑ
Transmitter Supply Current ²		25°C	IV		55		mA
Transmitter Total Power		Full	VI		100		mW
AC SPECIFICATIONS							
CLK Frequency		25°C	IV	13.5		80	MHz
TMDS Output CLK Duty Cycle		25°C	IV	48		52	%
Worst Case CLK Input Jitter		Full	IV			2	ns
Input Data Setup Time		Full	IV	1		_	ns
Input Data Hold Time		Full	IV	1			ns
TMDS Differential Swing			VI	800	1000	1200	mV
VSYNC and HSYNC Delay from DE Falling Edge			VI		1		UI ³
VSYNC and HSYNC Delay to DE Rising Edge			VI		1		UI ³
DE High Time		25°C	VI			8191	UI ³
DE Low Time		25°C	VI		138	0.71	UI ³
Differential Output Swing		-5 0					•
Low-to-High Transition Time		25°C	VII	75		490	Ps
High-to-Low Transition Time		25°C	VII	75		490	Ps
AUDIO AC TIMING		25 0	***	1,5		1,70	
Sample Rate	I ² S and S/PDIF	Full	IV	32		192	kHz
I ² S Cycle Time	1 5 and 5/1 bii	25°C	IV	32		1	UI ³
I ² S Setup Time		25℃ 25℃	IV		15	•	ns
I ² S Hold Time		25°C	IV		0		ns
1 3 HOIG HITIE	1	25 C	1 V	1	U		113

¹ See the Explanation of Test Levels section.

² Using low output drive strength. ³ UI = unit interval.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 2.

Parameter	Rating
Digital Inputs	5 V to 0.0 V
Digital Output Current	20 mA
Operating Temperature Range	−40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	−65°C to +150°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	150°C
Maximum Case Temperature	150°C

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

EXPLANATION OF TEST LEVELS

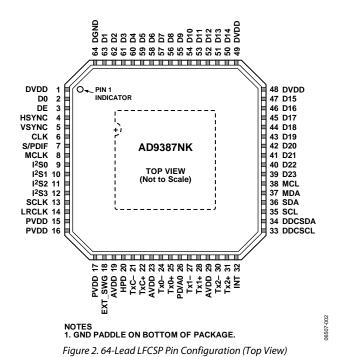
- I. 100% production tested.
- II. 100% production tested at 25°C and sample tested at specified temperatures.
- III. Sample tested only.
- IV. Parameter is guaranteed by design and characterization testing.
- V. Parameter is a typical value only.
- VI. 100% production tested at 25°C; guaranteed by design and characterization testing.
- VII. Limits defined by HDMI specification; guaranteed by design and characterization testing.

ESD CAUTION



ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS



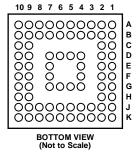


Figure 3. 76-Ball BGA Configuration (Top View)

Table 3. Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.				
BGA	LFCSP	Mnemonic	Type ¹	Description
A1 to A10, B1 to B10, C9, C10, D9, D10	39 to 47, 50 to 63, 2	D[23:0]	I	Video Data Input. Digital input in RGB or YCbCr format. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V.
D1	6	CLK	1	Video Clock Input. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V.
C2	3	DE	1	Data Enable Bit for Digital Video. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V.
C1	4	HSYNC	1	Horizontal Sync Input. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V.
D2	5	VSYNC	1	Vertical Sync Input. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V.
J3	18	EXT_SWG	1	Sets internal reference currents. Place 887 Ω resistor (1% tolerance) between this pin and ground.
K3	20	HPD	1	Hot Plug Detect Signal. This indicates to the interface if the receiver is connected. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 5.0 V.
E2	7	S/PDIF	1	S/PDIF (Sony/Philips Digital Interface) Audio Input. This is the audio input from a Sony/Philips digital interface. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V.
E1	8	MCLK	I	Audio Reference Clock. $128 \times N \times f_S$ with $N = 1, 2, 3$, or 4. Set to $128 \times$ sampling frequency (f_S), $256 \times f_S$, $384 \times f_S$, or $512 \times f_S$. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V.
F2, F1, G2, G1	9 to 12	I ² S[3:0]	1	I ² S Audio Data Inputs. These represent the eight channels of audio (two per input) available through I ² S. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V.
H2	13	SCLK	1	I ² S Audio Clock. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V.
H1	14	LRCLK	1	Left/Right Channel Selection. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V.
J7	26	PD/A0	I	Power-Down Control and I ² C Address Selection. The I ² C address and the PD polarity are set by the PD/A0 pin state when the supplies are applied to the AD9387NK. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V.
K1, K2	21, 22	TxC-/TxC+	0	Differential Clock Output. Differential clock output at pixel clock rate; TMDS logic level.
K10, J10	30, 31	Tx2-/Tx2+	0	Differential Output Channel 2. Differential output of the red data at 10× the pixel clock rate; TMDS logic level.

Pin No.				
BGA	LFCSP	Mnemonic	Type ¹	Description
K7, K8	27, 28	Tx1-/Tx1+	0	Differential Output Channel 1. Differential output of the green data at 10× the pixel clock rate; TMDS logic level.
K4, K5	24, 25	Tx0-/Tx0+	0	Differential Output Channel 0. Differential output of the blue data at 10× the pixel clock rate; TMDS logic level.
H10	32	INT	0	Interrupt. Open drain. A 2 $k\Omega$ pull-up resistor to the microcontroller I/O supply is recommended.
J2, J5, J8, K9	19, 23, 29	AVDD	Р	1.8 V Power Supply for TMDS Outputs.
D5, D6, D7, E7	1,48,49	DVDD	Р	1.8 V Power Supply for Digital and I/O Power Supply. These pins supply power to the digital logic and I/Os. They should be filtered and as quiet as possible.
G4, G5, J1	15, 16, 17	PVDD	P	1.8 V PLL Power Supply. The most sensitive portion of the AD9387NK is the clock generation circuitry. These pins provide power to the clock PLL. The designer should provide quiet, noise-free power to these pins.
D4, E4, F4, J4, G6, J6, K6, F7, G7, H9, J9	64, Paddle on bottom side	GND	P	Ground. The ground return for all circuitry on-chip. It is recommended that the AD9387NK be assembled on a single, solid ground plane with careful attention given to ground current paths.
F9	36	SDA	C ²	Serial Port Data I/O. This pin serves as the serial port data I/O slave for register access. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8V to 3.3V.
F10	35	SCL	C ²	Serial Port Data Clock. This pin serves as the serial port data clock slave for register access. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8V to 3.3V.
E10	37	MDA	C ²	Serial Port Data I/O Master to HDCP Key EEPROM. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V.
E9	38	MCL	C ²	Serial Port Data Clock Master to HDCP Key EEPROM. Supports CMOS logic levels from 1.8 V to 3.3 V.
G9	34	DDCSDA	C ²	Serial Port Data I/O to Receiver. This pin serves as the master to the DDC bus. Supports 5 V CMOS logic level.
G10	33	DDCSCL	C ²	Serial Port Data Clock to Receiver. This pin serves as the master clock for the DDC bus. Supports 5 V CMOS logic level.

¹ I = input, O = output, P = power supply, C = control. ² For a full description of the 2-wire serial interface and its functionality, obtain documentation by contacting NDA from flatpanel_apps@analog.com.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

DESIGN RESOURCES

Analog Devices, Inc. evaluation kits, reference design schematics, and other support documentation are available under NDA from flatpanel_apps@analog.com.

Other resources include the following:

- EIA/CEA-861D, a technical specifications document that describes audio and video infoframes, as well as the E-EDID structure for HDMI. It is available from the Consumer Electronics Association (CEA).
- HDMI v. 1.3, a defining document for HDMI 1.3, and HDMI Compliance Test Specification v. 1.3. They are available from HDMI Licensing, LLC.
- *HDCP Specification v1.1*, the defining technical specifications document for the HDCP v. 1.1. It is available from Digital Content Protection, LLC.

DOCUMENT CONVENTIONS

In this data sheet, data is represented using the conventions described in Table 4.

Table 4. Document Conventions

Data Type	Format
0xNN	Hexadecimal (Base 16) numbers are represented using the C language notation, preceded by 0x.
0bNN	Binary (Base 2) numbers are represented using the C language notation, preceded by 0b.
NN	Decimal (Base 10) numbers are represented using no additional prefixes or suffixes.
Bit	Bits are numbered in little endian format; that is, the least significant bit of a byte or word is referred to as Bit 0.

AD9387NK

PCB LAYOUT RECOMMENDATIONS

The AD9387NK is a high precision, high speed analog device. For maximum performance, it is important that board layout be optimized.

POWER SUPPLY BYPASSING

It is recommended that each power supply pin be bypassed with a 0.1 μF capacitor. The exception is when two or more supply pins are adjacent to each other. For these groupings of powers and grounds, it is necessary to have only one bypass capacitor. The fundamental idea is to have a bypass capacitor within about 0.5 cm of each power pin. Avoid placing the capacitor on the opposite side of the PC board from the AD9387NK, as doing so interposes resistive vias in the path.

The bypass capacitors should be located between the power plane and the power pin. Current should flow from the power plane to the capacitor to the power pin. Do not make a power connection between the capacitor and the power pin. Placing a via underneath the capacitor pads, down to the power plane, is generally the best approach.

It is particularly important to maintain low noise and good stability of PVDD (the PLL supply). Abrupt changes in PVDD can result in similarly abrupt changes in sampling clock phase and frequency. Such changes can be avoided by careful attention to regulation, filtering, and bypassing. It is best practice to provide separate regulated supplies for each of the analog circuitry groups (AVDD and PVDD).

It is also recommended that a single ground plane be used for the entire board. Experience has repeatedly shown that the noise performance is the same or better with a single ground plane. Using multiple ground planes can be detrimental because each separate ground plane is smaller, and long ground loops can result.

DIGITAL INPUTS

Video and Audio Data Input Signals

The digital inputs on the AD9387NK are designed to work with signals ranging from 1.8 V to 3.3 V logic level. Therefore, no extra components need to be added when using 3.3 V logic. Any noise that gets onto the clock input (labeled CLK) trace adds jitter to the system. Therefore, minimize the video clock input (Pin 6, CLK) trace length, and do not run any digital or other high frequency traces near it. Make sure to match the length of the input data signals to optimize data capture, especially for high frequency modes, such as 720p or XGA at 75 Hz and double data rate input formats.

Other Input Signals

The HPD must be connected to the HDMI connector. A 10 k Ω pull-down resistor to ground is also recommended.

The PD/A0 input pin can be connected to GND or supply (through a resistor or a control signal). The device address and power-down polarity are set by the state of the PD/A0 pin when the AD9387NK supplies are applied/enabled. For example, if the PD/A0 pin is low (when the supplies are turned on), then the device address is 0x72 and the power-down is active high. If the PD/A0 pin is high (when the supplies are turned on), the device address is 0x7A and the power down is active low.

The SCL and SDA pins should be connected to the I²C master. A pull-up resistor of 2 k Ω to 1.8 V or 3.3 V is recommended.

EXTERNAL SWING RESISTOR

The external swing resistor must be connected directly to the EXT_SWG pin and ground. The external swing resistor must have a value of 887 Ω (±1% tolerance). Avoid running any high speed ac or noisy signals next to, or close to, the EXT_SWG pin.

OUTPUT SIGNALS

TMDS Output Signals

The AD9387NK has three TMDS data channels (0, 1, and 2) that output signals up to 800 MHz, as well as the TMDS output data clock. To minimize the channel-to-channel skew, make the trace length of these signals the same. Also, these traces need a 50 Ω characteristic impedance and should be routed as 100 Ω differential pairs. Best practice recommends routing these lines on the top PCB layer, avoiding the use of vias.

Other Output Signals (non TMDS)

DDCSCL and DDCSDA

The DDCSCL and DDCSDA outputs need a minimum amount of capacitance loading to ensure the best signal integrity. The DDCSCL and DDCSDA capacitance loading must be less than 50 pF to meet the HDMI compliance specification. The DDCSCL and DDCSDA must be connected to the HDMI connector, and a pull-up resistor to 5 V is required. The pull-up resistor must have a value between 1.5 k Ω and 2 k Ω .

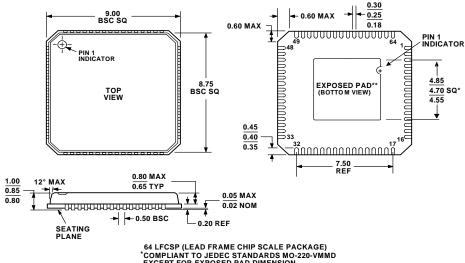
INT Pin

The INT pin is an output that should be connected to the system microcontroller. A pull-up resistor to 1.8 V or 3.3 V is required for proper operation; the recommended value is 2 k Ω .

MCL and MDA

The MCL and MDA outputs should be connected to the EEPROM containing the HDCP key (if HDCP is implemented). Pull-up resistors of 2 $k\Omega$ are recommended.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



64 LFCSP (LEAD FRAME CHIP SCALE PACKAGE)
*COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-220-VMMD
EXCEPT FOR EXPOSED PAD DIMENSION
**Note: PAD is CONNECTED to GND
DIMENSIONS in Millimeters

Figure 4. 64-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP] (CP-64) Dimensions shown in millimeters

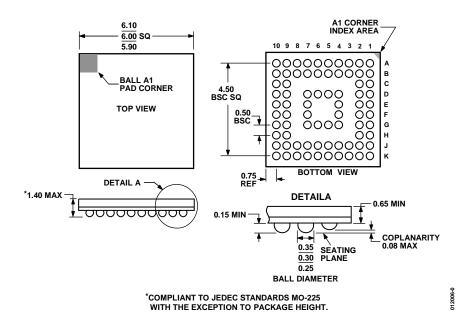


Figure 5. 76-Ball Chip Scale Package Ball Grid Array [CSP_BGA] 6 mm × 6 mm × 1.4 mm (BC-76) Dimensions shown in millimeters

ORDERING GUIDE

Model	Temperature Range	Package Description	Package Option
AD9387NKBCPZ-80 ¹	−25°C to +85°C	64-Lead Formed Chip Scale Package	CP-64
AD9387NKBBCZ-80 ¹	−25°C to +85°C	76-Ball Chip Scale Package Ball Grid Array [CSP_BGA]	BC-76
AD9387NKBBCZRL-80 ¹	−25°C to +85°C	76-Ball Chip Scale Package Ball Grid Array [CSP_BGA]	BC-76
AD9387NK/PCB		Evaluation Board	

¹ Z = Pb-free part.

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