## Features

- High-performance, High-density, Electrically-erasable Programmable Logic Device
- Fully Connected Logic Array with 416 Product Terms
- 15 ns Maximum Pin-to-pin Delay for 5V Operation
- 24 Flexible Output Macrocells
- 48 Flip-flops - Two per Macrocell
- 72 Sum Terms
- All Flip-flops, I/O Pins Feed in Independently
- D- or T-type Flip-flops
- Product Term or Direct Input Pin Clocking
- Registered or Combinatorial Internal Feedback
- Backward Compatible with ATV2500B/BQ and ATV2500H Software
- Advanced Electrically-erasable Technology
- Reprogrammable
- 100\% Tested
- 44-lead Surface Mount Package and 40-pin DIP Package
- Flexible Design: Up to 48 Buried Flip-flops and 24 Combinatorial Outputs Simultaneously
- 8 Synchronous Product Terms
- Individual Asynchronous Reset per Macrocell
- OE Control per Macrocell
- Functionality Equivalent to ATV2500B/BQ and ATV2500H
- 2000V ESD Protection
- Security Fuse Feature to Protect the Code
- Commercial, Industrial and Military Temperature Range Offered
- 10 Year Data Retention
- Pin Keeper Option
- 200 mA Latch-up Immunity
- Green Package Options (Pb/Halide-free/RoHS Compliant) Available


## 1. Description

The ATF2500C is the highest-density PLD available in a 44-pin surface mount package. With its fully connected logic array and flexible macrocell structure, high gate utilization is easily obtainable. The ATF2500C is a high-performance CMOS (electri-cally-erasable) programmable logic device (PLD) that utilizes Atmel's proven electrically-erasable technology. This PLD is now available in a fully Green or LHF (lead and halide-free) packages.

Figure 1-1. Block Diagram


The ATF2500C is organized around a single universal array. All pins and feedback terms are always available to every macrocell. Each of the 38 logic pins are array inputs, as are the outputs of each flip-flop.

In the ATF2500C, four product terms are input to each sum term. Furthermore, each macrocell's three sum terms can be combined to provide up to 12 product terms per sum term with no performance penalty. Each flip-flop is individually selectable to be either D- or T-type, providing further logic compaction. Also, 24 of the flip-flops may be bypassed to provide internal combinatorial feedback to the logic array.

Product terms provide individual clocks and asynchronous resets for each flip-flop. The flip-flops may also be individually configured to have direct input pin clocking. Each output has its own enable product term. Eight synchronous preset product terms serve local groups of either four or eight flip-flops. Register preload functions are provided to simplify testing. All registers automatically reset upon power-up.

## 2. Pin Configurations

Table 2-1. $\quad$ Pin Configurations

| Pin Name | Function |
| :--- | :--- |
| IN | Logic Inputs |
| CLK/IN | Pin Clock and Input |
| I/O | Bi-directional Buffers |
| I/O $0,2,4 \ldots$ | Even I/O Buffers |
| I/O $1,3,5 \ldots$ | Odd I/O Buffers |
| GND | Ground |
| VCC | +5V Supply |

Figure 2-1. DIP

| CLK/IN | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 40 | $\square \mathrm{IN}$ |
| IN $\square$ | 2 | 39 | $\square \mathrm{IN}$ |
| IN $\square$ | 3 | 38 | $\square \mathrm{IN}$ |
| I/O0 | 4 | 37 | $\square \mathrm{IN}$ |
| I/O1 | 5 | 36 | $\square \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} 6$ |
| 1/O2 | 6 | 35 | $\square \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} 7$ |
| I/O3 | 7 | 34 | $\square \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} 8$ |
| I/O4 | 8 | 33 | $\square \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} 9$ |
| I/O5 | 9 | 32 | $\square \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} 10$ |
| VCC | 10 | 31 | $\square \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} 11$ |
| I/O17 | 11 | 30 | $\square$ GND |
| I/O16 | 12 | 29 | $\square \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} 23$ |
| I/O15 | 13 | 28 | $\square \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} 22$ |
| I/O14 | 14 | 27 | $\square \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} 21$ |
| I/O13 | 15 | 26 | $\square \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} 20$ |
| I/O12 | 16 | 25 | $\square \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} 19$ |
| IN | 17 | 24 | $\square \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} 18$ |
| IN $\square$ | 18 | 23 | $\square \mathrm{IN}$ |
| IN | 19 | 22 | $\square \mathrm{IN}$ |
| IN | 20 | 21 | $\square \mathrm{IN}$ |

Figure 2-2. PLCC


Note: (PLCC package) pin 4 and pin 26 GND connections are not required, but are recommended for improved noise immunity.

## 3. Using the ATF2500C Family's Many Advanced Features

The ATF2500Cs advanced flexibility packs more usable gates into 44 leads than other PLDs. Some of the ATF2500Cs key features are:

- Fully Connected Logic Array - Each array input is always available to every product term. This makes logic placement a breeze.
- Selectable D- and T-Type Registers - Each ATF2500C flip-flop can be individually configured as either D- or T-type. Using the T-type configuration, JK and SR flip-flops are also easily created. These options allow more efficient product term usage.
- Buried Combinatorial Feedback - Each macrocell's Q2 register may be bypassed to feed its input (D/T2) directly back to the logic array. This provides further logic expansion capability without using precious pin resources.
- Selectable Synchronous/Asynchronous Clocking - Each of the ATF2500Cs flip-flops has a dedicated clock product term. This removes the constraint that all registers use the same clock. Buried state machines, counters and registers can all coexist in one device while running on separate clocks. Individual flip-flop clock source selection further allows mixing higher performance pin clocking and flexible product term clocking within one design.
- A Total of 48 Registers - The ATF2500C provides two flip-flops per macrocell - a total of 48. Each register has its own clock and reset terms, as well as its own sum term.
- Independent I/O Pin and Feedback Paths - Each I/O pin on the ATF2500C has a dedicated input path. Each of the 48 registers has its own feedback term into the array as well. These features, combined with individual product terms for each I/O's output enable, facilitate true bi-directional I/O design.
- Combinable Sum Terms - Each output macrocell's three sum terms may be combined into a single term. This provides a fan in of up to 12 product terms per sum term with no speed penalty.
- Programmable Pin-keeper Circuits - These weak feedback latches are useful for bus interfacing applications. Floating pins can be set to a known state if the Pin-keepers are enabled.
- User Row (64 bits) - Use to store information such as unit history.


## 4. Power-up Reset

The registers in the ATF2500Cs are designed to reset during power-up. At a point delayed slightly from $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ crossing $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{RST}}$, all registers will be reset to the low state. The output state will depend on the polarity of the output buffer.

This feature is critical for state as nature of reset and the uncertainty of how $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ actually rises in the system, the following conditions are required:

1. The $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ rise must be monotonic,
2. After reset occurs, all input and feedback setup times must be met before driving the clock pin or terms high, and
3. The clock pin, and any signals from which clock terms are derived, must remain stable during $t_{\text {PR }}$.

Figure 4-1. Power-up Reset Waveform


Table 4-1. Power-up Reset

| Parameter | Description | Typ | Max | Units |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PR}}$ | Power-up Reset Time | 600 | 1000 | ns |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{RST}}$ | Power-up Reset Voltage | 3.8 | 4.5 | V |

## 5. Preload and Observability of Registered Outputs

The ATF2500Cs registers are provided with circuitry to allow loading of each register asynchronously with either a high or a low. This feature will simplify testing since any state can be forced into the registers to control test sequencing. A $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ level on the odd I/O pins will force the appropriate register high; a $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ will force it low, independent of the polarity or other configuration bit settings.
The PRELOAD state is entered by placing an 10.25 V to 10.75 V signal on SMP lead 42 . When the preload clock SMP lead 23 is pulsed high, the data on the I/O pins is placed into the 12 registers chosen by the Q select and even/odd select pins.

Register 2 observability mode is entered by placing an 10.25 V to 10.75 V signal on pin/lead 2 . In this mode, the contents of the buried register bank will appear on the associated outputs when the OE control signals are active.

Figure 5-1. Preload Waveforms


Table 5-1. Preload Levels

| Level Forced on Odd <br> I/O Pin during <br> PRELOAD Cycle | Q Select <br> Pin State | Even/Odd <br> Select | Even Q1 <br> State after <br> Cycle | Even Q2 <br> State after <br> Cycle | Odd Q1 <br> State after <br> Cycle | Odd Q2 <br> State after <br> Cycle |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{HH}} / \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | Low | Low | High/Low | X | X | X |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{HH}} / \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | High | Low | X | High/Low | X | X |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{HH}} / \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | Low | High | X | X | High/Low | X |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{HH}} / \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | High | High | X | X | X | High/Low |

## 6. Software Support

All family members of the ATF2500C can be designed with Atmel-WinCUPL.
Additionally, the ATF2500C may be programmed to perform the ATV2500Hs functional subset (no T-type flip-flops, pin clocking or D/T2 feedback) using the ATV2500H JEDEC file. In this case, the ATF2500C becomes a direct replacement or speed upgrade for the ATV2500H. The ATF2500C are direct replacements for the ATV2500B/BQ and the ATV2500H, including the lack of extra grounds on P4 and P26.

### 6.1 Software Compiler Mode Selection

Table 6-1. Software Compiler Mode Selection

| Device | Atmel - WinCupL Device Mnemonic | Pin-keeper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATF2500C-DIP | V2500C | Disabled |
|  | V2500CPPK | Enabled |
| ATF2500C-PLCC | V2500LCC | Disabled |
|  | V2500CPPKLCC | Enabled |

### 6.2 Third Party Programmer Support

Table 6-2. Third Party Programmer Support Major Third Party Device Programmers support three types of JEDEC files.

| Device | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| ATF2500C (V2500) | V2500 Cross-programming. JEDEC file compatible with standard V2500 <br> JEDEC file (Total fuses in JEDEC file = 71648). The Programmer will <br> automatically disable the User row fuses and also disable the pin-keeper <br> feature. The Fuse checksum will be the same as the old ATV2500H/L file. <br> This Device type is recommended for customers that are directly migrating <br> from an ATV2500H/L device to an ATF2500C device. |
| ATF2500C (V2500B) | V2500B Cross-programming. JEDEC file compatible with standard <br> V2500B JEDEC file (Total fuses in JEDEC file = 71745). The Programmer <br> will automatically disable the User row fuses and also disable the pin-keeper <br> feature. The Fuse checksum will be the same as the old <br> ATV2500B/BQ/BQL/BL file. This Device type is recommended for customers <br> that are directly migrating from an ATV2500B/BQ/BQL/BL device to an <br> ATF2500C device. |
| ATF2500C | Programming of User Row bits supported and Pin keeper bit is user- <br> programmable. (Total fuses in JEDEC file = 71816). This is the default device <br> type and is recommended for users that have Re-compiled their Source <br> Design files to specifically target the ATF2500C device. |

Note: $\quad$ The ATF2500C has 71816 Jedec fuses.

## 7. Security Fuse Usage

A single fuse is provided to prevent unauthorized copying of ATF2500C fuse patterns. Once programmed, the outputs will read programmed during verify.
The security fuse should be programmed last, as its effect is immediate.
The security fuse also inhibits Preload and Q2 observability.

## 8. Bus-friendly Pin-keeper Input and I/O

All ATF2500C family members have programmable internal input and I/O pin-keeper circuits.
The default condition, including when using the AT2500C/CQ family to replace the AT2500B/BQ or AT2500H, is that the pin-keepers are not activated.

When pin-keepers are active, inputs or I/Os not being driven externally will maintain their last driven state. This ensures that all logic array inputs and device outputs are known states. Pinkeepers are relatively weak active circuits that can be easily overridden by TTL-compatible drivers (see input and I/O diagrams below).

Enabling or disabling of the pin-keeper circuits is controlled by the device type chosen in the logic compiler device selection menu. Please refer to the Software Compiler Mode Selection table for more details. Once the pin-keeper circuits are disabled, normal termination procedures required for unused inputs and I/Os.

Figure 8-1. Input Diagram


Figure 8-2. I/O Diagram


## 9. Functional Logic Diagram Description

The ATF2500C functional logic diagram describes the interconnections between the input, feedback pins and logic cells. All interconnections are routed through the single global bus.

The ATF2500Cs are straightforward and uniform PLDs. The 24 macrocells are numbered 0 through 23. Each macrocell contains 17 AND gates. All AND gates have 172 inputs. The five lower product terms provide AR1, CK1, CK2, AR2, and OE. These are: one asynchronous reset and clock per flip-flop, and an output enable. The top 12 product terms are grouped into three sum terms, which are used as shown in the macrocell diagrams.

Eight synchronous preset terms are distributed in a $2 / 4$ pattern. The first four macrocells share Preset 0 , the next two share Preset 1 , and so on, ending with the last two macrocells sharing Preset 7.

The 14 dedicated inputs and their complements use the numbered positions in the global bus as shown. Each macrocell provides six inputs to the global bus: (left to right) feedback F2 ${ }^{(1)}$ true and false, flip-flop Q1 true and false, and the pin true and false. The positions occupied by these signals in the global bus are the six numbers in the bus diagram next to each macrocell.

Note: 1. Either the flip-flop input (D/T2) or output (Q2) may be fed back in the ATF2500Cs.

### 9.1 Functional Logic Diagram ATF2500C



Notes: 1. Pin 4 and Pin 26 are "ground" connections and are not required for PLCC, LCC and JLCC versions of ATF2500C, making them compatible with ATV2500H, ATV2500B and ATV2500BQ pinouts.
2. For DIP package, VCC $=P 10$ and GND $=P 30$. For, $P L C C, L C C$ and JLCC packages, $V C C=P 11$ and $P 12, G N D=P 33$ and P34, and GND = P4, P26 (See Note 1, above).

### 9.2 Output Logic, Registered ${ }^{(1)}$


9.3 Output Logic, Combinatorial ${ }^{(1)}$


Note: 1. These diagrams show equivalent logic functions, not necessarily the actual circuit implementation.

| S2 = |  | Terms in |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| S1 | S0 | D/T1 | D/T2 |  |
| 0 | 0 | 8 | 4 | Registered (Q1); Q2 FB |
| 1 | 0 | 12 | $4^{(1)}$ | Registered (Q1); Q2 FB |
| 1 | 1 | 8 | 4 | Registered (Q1); D/T2 FB |


| S3 | Output <br> Configuration |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | Active Low |
| 1 | Active High |


| S6 | Q1 CLOCK |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | CK1 |
| 1 | CK1 • PIN1 |


| S4 | Register 1 Type |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | $D$ |
| 1 | $T$ |


| S7 | Q2 CLOCK |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | CK2 |
| 1 | CK2 • PIN1 |


| S5 | Register 2 Type |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | D |
| 1 | T |


| S2 =1 |  |  | Terms in |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| S5 | S1 | S0 | D/T1 | D/T2 | Output Configuration |
| $X$ | 0 | 0 | $4^{(1)}$ | 4 | Combinatorial (8 Terms); <br> Q2 FB |
| $X$ | 0 | 1 | 4 | 4 | Combinatorial (4 Terms); <br> Q2 FB |
| $X$ | 1 | 0 | $4^{(1)}$ | $4^{(1)}$ | Combinatorial (12 Terms); <br> Q2 FB |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | $4^{(1)}$ | 4 | Combinatorial (8 Terms); <br> D/T2 FB |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 | Combinatorial (4 Terms); <br> D/T2 FB |

Note: 1. These four terms are shared with D/T1.
Figure 9-1. Clock Option


## 10. Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Temperature Under Bias............................. $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage Temperature ................................. $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Junction Temperature ......................................... $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Max
Voltage on Any Pin with
Respect to Ground ......................................2.0V to $+7.0 \mathrm{~V}^{(1)}$
*NOTICE: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
Note: 1. Minimum voltage is -0.6 V DC which may undershoot to -2.0 V for pulses of less than 20 ns . Maximum output pin voltage is $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.75 \mathrm{~V}$ DC which may overshoot to +7.0 V for pulses of less than 20 ns .

## 11. DC and AC Operating Conditions

|  | Commercial | Industrial | Military |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Temperature | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> (Ambient) | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> (Ambient) | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> $($ Case $)$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ Power Supply | $5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \%$ | $5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ | $5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ |

### 11.1 ATF2500C DC Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition |  |  | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {IL }}$ | Input Load Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=-0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+1 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {Lo }}$ | Output Leakage Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=-0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}+0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Power Supply Current Standby | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C C}=\mathrm{MAX} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}=\mathrm{GND} \text { or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \mathrm{f}=0 \mathrm{MHz}, \\ & \text { Outputs Open } \end{aligned}$ | ATF2500C | Com. |  | 80 | 110 | mA |
|  |  |  |  | Ind., Mil. |  | 80 | 130 | mA |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | Input Low Voltage | $\mathrm{MIN} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \leq \mathrm{MAX}$ |  |  | -0.6 |  | 0.8 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | Input High Voltage |  |  |  | 2.0 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.75$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Output Low Voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}=8 \mathrm{~mA}$ | Com., Ind. |  |  | 0.5 | V |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}=6 \mathrm{~mA}$ | Mil. |  |  | 0.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Output High Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\mathrm{MIN}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.3$ |  |  | V |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-4.0 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 2.4 |  |  |  |

Note:

1. See $I_{C C}$ versus frequency characterization curves.
11.2 AC Waveforms ${ }^{(1)}$ Input Pin Clock


### 11.3 AC Waveforms ${ }^{(1)}$ Product Term Clock



### 11.4 AC Waveforms ${ }^{(1)}$ Combinatorial Outputs and Feedback

INPUTS AND I/O PINS

COMBINATORIAL OUTPUTS

REGISTERED OUTPUTS

D/T2 INTERNAL FEEDBACKS


Note: 1. Timing measurement reference is 1.5 V . Input AC driving levels are 0.0 V and 3.0 V , unless otherwise specified.

### 11.5 ATF2500C AC Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | -15 |  | -20 |  | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Max | Min | Max |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PD1 }}$ | Input to Non-registered Output |  | 15 |  | 20 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PD2 }}$ | Feedback to Non-registered Output |  | 15 |  | 20 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PD3 }}$ | Input to Non-registered Feedback |  | 11 |  | 15 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PD4 }}$ | Feedback to Non-registered Feedback |  | 11 |  | 15 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {EA1 }}$ | Input to Output Enable |  | 15 |  | 20 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {ER1 }}$ | Input to Output Disable |  | 15 |  | 20 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {EA2 }}$ | Feedback to Output Enable |  | 15 |  | 20 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {ER2 }}$ | Feedback to Output Disable |  | 15 |  | 20 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {AW }}$ | Asynchronous Reset Width | 8 |  | 12 |  | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {AP }}$ | Asynchronous Reset to Registered Output |  | 18 |  | 22 | ns |
| $t_{\text {APF }}$ | Asynchronous Reset to Registered Feedback |  | 15 |  | 19 | ns |

### 11.6 ATF2500C Register AC Characteristics, Input Pin Clock

| Symbol | Parameter | -15 |  | -20 |  | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Max | Min | Max |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{cos}}$ | Clock to Output |  | 10 |  | 11 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {CFS }}$ | Clock to Feedback | 0 | 5 | 0 | 6 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {SIS }}$ | Input Setup Time | 9 |  | 14 |  | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {SFS }}$ | Feedback Setup Time | 9 |  | 14 |  | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{HS}}$ | Hold Time | 0 |  | 0 |  | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {ws }}$ | Clock Width | 6 |  | 7 |  | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PS }}$ | Clock Period | 12 |  | 14 |  | ns |
| $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MAXS }}$ | External Feedback 1/( $\mathrm{t}_{\text {SIS }}+\mathrm{t}_{\text {cos }}$ ) |  | 52 |  | 40 | MHz |
|  | Internal Feedback 1/( $\left.\mathrm{t}_{\text {SFS }}+\mathrm{t}_{\text {CFS }}\right)$ |  | 71 |  | 50 | MHz |
|  | No Feedback 1/(t $\mathrm{psS}^{\text {) }}$ |  | 83 |  | 71 | MHz |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {ARS }}$ | Asynchronous Reset/Preset Recovery Time | 12 |  | 15 |  | ns |

11.7 ATF2500C Register AC Characteristics, Product Term Clock

| Symbol | Parameter | -15 |  | -20 |  | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Max | Min | Max |  |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{COA}}$ | Clock to Output |  | 15 |  | 20 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {CFA }}$ | Clock to Feedback | 5 | 12 | 10 | 16 | ns |
| $t_{\text {SIA }}$ | Input Setup Time | 5 |  | 10 |  | ns |
| $t_{\text {SFA }}$ | Feedback Setup Time | 5 |  | 8 |  | ns |
| $t_{\text {HA }}$ | Hold Time | 5 |  | 10 |  | ns |
| $t_{\text {WA }}$ | Clock Width | 7.5 |  | 11 |  | ns |
| $t_{\text {PA }}$ | Clock Period | 15 |  | 22 |  | ns |
| $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MAXA }}$ | External Feedback 1/( $\left.\mathrm{t}_{\text {SIA }}+\mathrm{t}_{\text {COA }}\right)$ |  | 50 |  | 33 | MHz |
|  | Internal Feedback 1/( $\left.\mathrm{t}_{\text {SFA }}+\mathrm{t}_{\text {CFA }}\right)$ |  | 58 |  | 38 | MHz |
|  | No Feedback 1/(t $\mathrm{psS}^{\text {) }}$ |  | 66 |  | 45 | MHz |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {ARA }}$ | Asynchronous Reset/Preset Recovery Time | 8 |  | 12 |  | ns |

### 11.8 Pin Capacitance

$\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{T}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{(1)}$

|  | Typ | Max | Units | Conditions |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | 4 | 6 | pF | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {OUT }}$ | 8 | 12 | pF | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |

Note: 1. Typical values for nominal supply voltage. This parameter is only sampled and is not $100 \%$ tested.

### 11.9 Test Waveforms and Measurement Levels



### 11.10 Output Test Load

| 5.0 V |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{R} 1=450$ |  |
|  |  |
| ( 580 MLL.$)$ | OUTPUT |
|  | PIN |
| R2=250 | $\therefore \mathrm{CL}=35 \mathrm{pF}$ |
| ( 280 MLL.$)$ |  |

## 12. ATF2500C Characterization Data



STAND-BY $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}} \mathrm{VS}$. TEMPERATURE ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}$ )



ATF2500C OUTPUT SOURCE CURRENT VS.


ATF2500C OUTPUT SINK CURRENT VS. OUTPUT VOLTAGE ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )



## ATF2500C INPUT CURRENT VS.




ATF2500C OUTPUT SINK CURRENT VS.



ATF2500C SUPPLY CURRENT VS. SUPPLY
VOLTAGE (Freq. $=0 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathbf{2 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )


ATF2500C SUPPLY CURRENT VS.









## 13. Ordering Information

### 13.1 Standard Package Options

| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PD}} \\ (\mathrm{~ns}) \end{gathered}$ | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{cos}}$ (ns) | Ext. $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{MAXS}}$ (MHz) | Ordering Code | Package | Operation Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | 10 | 52 | ATF2500C-15JC | 44J | Commercial ( $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
|  |  |  | ATF2500C-15JI | 44J | $\begin{gathered} \text { Industrial } \\ \left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ |
| 20 | 11 | 40 | ATF2500C-20JC ATF2500C-20PC | $\begin{gathered} 44 \mathrm{~J} \\ 40 \mathrm{P} 6 \end{gathered}$ | Commercial $\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
|  |  |  | ATF2500C-20JI ATF2500C-20PI | $\begin{gathered} 44 \mathrm{~J} \\ 40 \mathrm{P} 6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Industrial } \\ \left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{gathered}$ |

### 13.2 Military Temperature Grade Standard Package Options

| $\mathbf{t}_{\text {PD }}$ <br> (ns) | $\mathbf{t}_{\text {cos }}$ <br> (ns) | Ext. $\mathbf{f}_{\text {MAxs }}$ <br> (MHz) | Ordering Code | Package | Operation Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | 11 | 40 | ATF2500C-20KM | 44 K | Military <br>  <br>  |

### 13.3 Green Package Options ( $\mathrm{Pb} /$ Halide-free/RoHS Compliant)

| $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{P D}}$ <br> $\mathbf{( n s )}$ | $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{c o s}}$ <br> $(\mathbf{n s})$ | Ext. $\mathbf{f}_{\text {MAxs }}$ <br> $(\mathbf{M H z})$ | Ordering Code | Package | Operation Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | 10 | 52 | ATF2500C-15JU | 44 J | Industrial <br> $\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| 20 | 11 | 40 | ATF2500C-20PU | 40 P 6 |  |


| Package Type |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 40D6 | 40-lead, Non-windowed, Ceramic Dual Inline Package (Cer DIP) |
| 40P6 | 40-pin, 0.600" Wide, Plastic, Dual Inline Package (PDIP) |
| 44J | 44-lead, Plastic J-leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC) |
| 44K | 44-lead, Non-windowed, Ceramic J-leaded Chip Carrier (JLCC) |

## 14. Packaging Information

### 14.1 40D6 - DIP (CerDIP)



| 4WI 2325 Orchard Parkway | TITLE <br> 40D6, 40-lead, 0.600" Wide, Non-windowed, Ceramic Dual Inline Package (Cerdip) | DRAWING NO. 40D6 | $\begin{gathered} \text { REV. } \\ B \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

### 14.2 40P6 - PDIP



### 14.3 44J - PLCC


14.4 44K - JLCC


## 15. Revision History

| Revision Level - <br> Release Date | History |
| :--- | :--- |
| J - May 2005 | Added fully Green and Military temperatures packages in Section 13. "Ordering Information" <br> on page 18. |
| K - Jan. 2008 | Added 40-pin CerDIP Package Option. |

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## Literature Requests

www.atmel.com/literature

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