

3A, Rad Hard, Positive, Ultra Low Dropout Regulator

ISL75051SEH

The ISL75051SEH is a radiation hardened low-voltage, high-current, single-output LDO specified for up to 3.0A of continuous output current. These devices operate over an input voltage range of 2.2V to 6.0V and are capable of providing output voltages of 0.8V to 5.0V adjustable based on resistor divider setting. Dropout voltages as low as 65mV can be realized using the device.

The OCP pin allows the short circuit output current limit threshold to be programmed by means of a resistor from the OCP pin to GND. The OCP setting range is from 0.5A minimum to 8.5A maximum. The resistor sets the constant current threshold for the output under fault conditions. The thermal shutdown disables the output if the device temperature exceeds the specified value. It subsequently enters an ON/OFF cycle until the fault is removed. The ENABLE feature allows the part to be placed into a low current shutdown mode that typically draws about 1µA. When enabled, the device operates with a typical low ground current of 11mA, which provides for operation with low quiescent power consumption.

The device is optimized for fast transient response and single event effects. This reduces the magnitude of SET seen on the output. Additional protection diodes and filters are not needed. The device is stable with tantalum capacitors as low as 47µF and provides excellent regulation all the way from no load to full load. Programmable soft-start allows the user to program the inrush current by means of the decoupling capacitor value used on the BYP pin.

Applications

- LDO Regulator for Space Application
- DSP, FPGA and µP Core Power Supplies
- Post-regulation of Switched Mode Power Supplies
- Down-hole Drilling

Features

- [DLA SMD#5962-11212](#)
 - Output Current Up to 3.0A at $T_j = +150^\circ\text{C}$
 - Output Accuracy $\pm 1.5\%$ over MIL Temp Range
 - Ultra Low Dropout:
 - 65mV Typ Dropout at 1.0A
 - 225mV Typ Dropout at 3.0A
 - Noise of $100\mu\text{V}_{\text{RMS}}$ from 300Hz to 300kHz
 - SET Mitigation with No Added Filtering/Diodes
 - Input Supply Range: 2.2V to 6.0V
 - Fast Load Transient Response
 - Shutdown Current of $1\mu\text{A}$ Typ
 - Output Adjustable Using External Resistors
 - PSRR 66dB Typ @ 1kHz
 - Enable and PGood Feature
 - Programmable Soft-start/Inrush Current Limiting
 - Adjustable Overcurrent Limit from 0.5A to 8.5A
 - Over-temperature Shutdown
 - Stable with 47µF Min Tantalum Capacitor
 - 18 Ld Ceramic Flatpack Package
 - Radiation Environment
 - High Dose Rate (50-300rad(Si)/s) 100krad(Si)
 - Low Dose Rate (0.01rad(Si)/s)..... 100krad(Si)*
- *Product capability established by initial characterization. The "EH" version is acceptance tested on a wafer by wafer basis to 50 krad(Si) at low dose rate

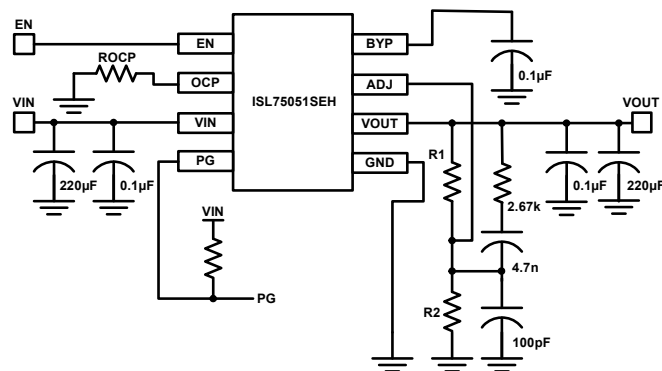


FIGURE 1. TYPICAL APPLICATION

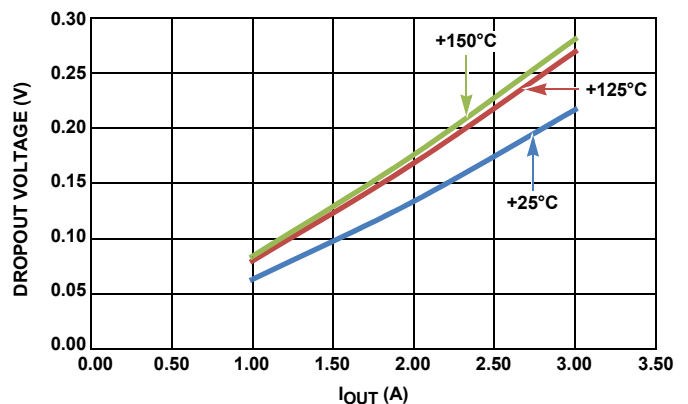
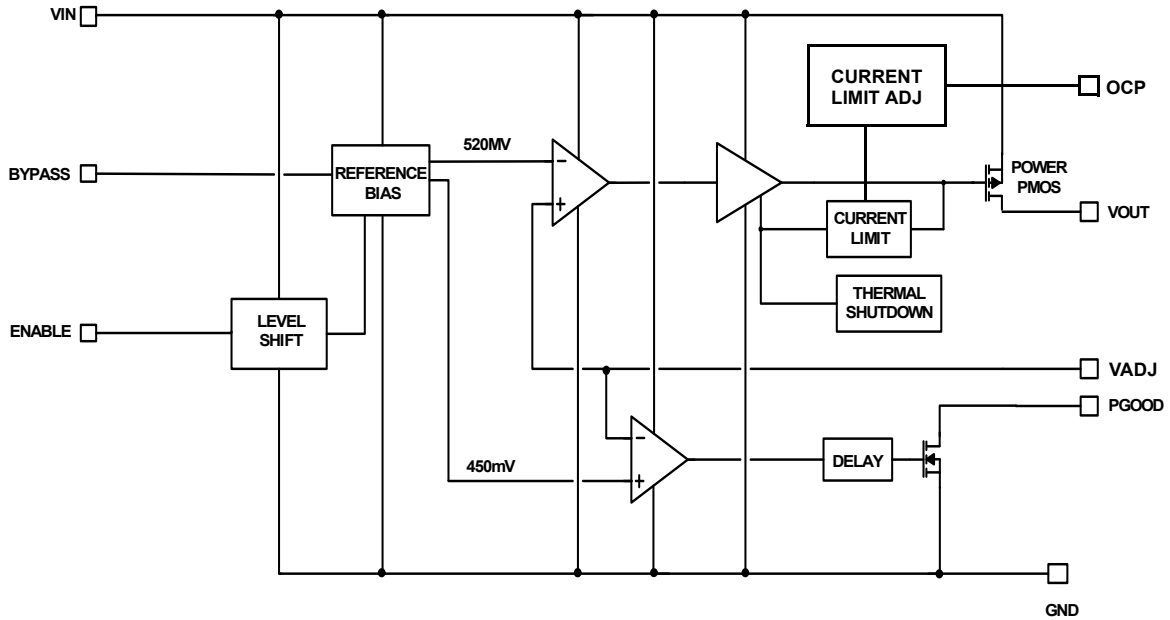


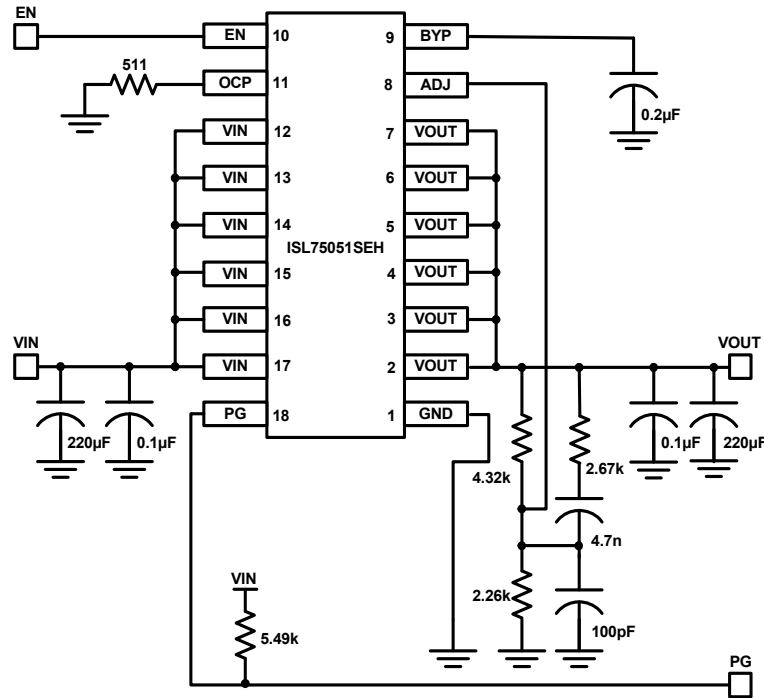
FIGURE 2. DROPOUT vs I_{OUT}

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Block Diagram

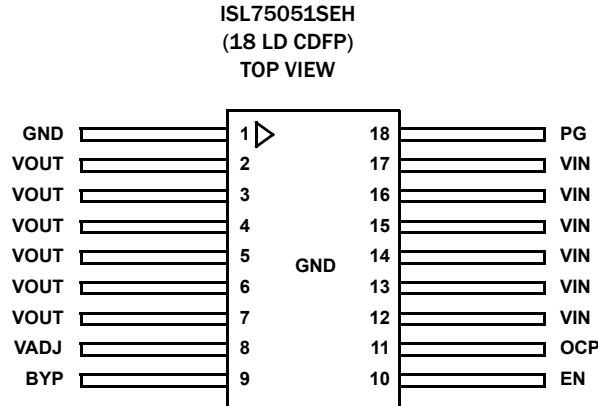


Typical Applications



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Pin Configuration



Pin Descriptions

PIN NUMBER	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION
12, 13, 14 15, 16, 17	V_{IN}	Input supply pins
18	PG	V_{OUT} in regulation signal. Logic low defines when V_{OUT} is not in regulation. Must be grounded if not used.
1	GND	GND pin
2, 3, 4 5, 6, 7	V_{OUT}	Output voltage pins
8	VADJ	VADJ pin allows V_{OUT} to be programmed with an external resistor divider.
9	BYP	To filter the internal reference, connect a 0.1 μ F capacitor from BYP pin to GND.
10	EN	V_{IN} independent chip enable. TTL and CMOS compatible.
11	OCP	Allows current limit to be programmed with an external resistor.
Top Lid	GND	The top lid is connected to GND pin of the package.

Ordering Information

ORDERING NUMBER	PART NUMBER (NOTES 1, 2)	TEMP RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG DWG. #
5962R1121202VXC	ISL75051SEHVF	-55 to +125	18 Ld CDFP	K18.D
5962R1121202V9A	ISL75051SEHVX	-55 to +125		
ISL75051SRHF/PROTO	ISL75051SRHF/PROTO	-55 to +125	18 Ld CDFP	K18.D
ISL75051SRHEVAL1Z	Evaluation Board			

NOTES:

- These Intersil Pb-free Hermetic packaged products employ 100% Au plate - e4 termination finish, which is RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations.
- For Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL), please see device information page for [ISL75051SEH](#). For more information on MSL please see Tech Brief [TB3363](#).

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

V_{IN} Relative to GND (Note 3)	-0.3 to +6.7V
V_{OUT} Relative to GND (Note 3)	-0.3 to +6.7V
PG, EN, OCP/ADJ Relative to GND (Note 3)	-0.3 to +6.7VDC
Junction Temperature (T_J)	+175°C

Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 4)

Ambient Temperature Range (T_A)	-55°C to +125°C
Junction Temperature (T_J) (Note 3)	+150°C
V_{IN} Relative to GND	2.2V to 6.0V
V_{OUT} Range	0.8V to 5.0V
PG, EN, OCP/ADJ relative to GND	0V to +6.0V

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical)	θ_{JA} (°C/W)	θ_{JC} (°C/W)
18 Ld CDFP Package (Notes 7, 8)	28	4
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C	

Radiation Information

Maximum Total Dose	
Dose Rate = 50-300rad(Si)/s	100krad (Si)
Dose Rate = 0.01rad(Si)/s (Note 5)	100krad (Si)
SEE Performance	
SET ($V_{OUT} < \pm 5\%$ During Events) (Note 6)	.86MeV•cm ² /mg
SEL/SEB (No Latchup/Burnout)	.86MeV•cm ² /mg

CAUTION: Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions may adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

NOTES:

- Extended operation at these conditions may compromise reliability. Exceeding these limits will result in damage. Recommended operating conditions define limits where specifications are guaranteed.
- Refer to "Thermal Guidelines" on page 15.
- Product capability established by initial characterization. The "EH" version is acceptance tested on a wafer by wafer basis to 50 krad(Si) at low dose rate.
- Specify EVAL test conditions for SET/SEB/SEL here.
- θ_{JA} is measured in free air with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board with "direct attach" features. See Tech Brief [TB379](#)
- For θ_{JC} , the "case temp" location is the center of the package underside.
- The device can work down to $V_{OUT} = 0.8V$; however, the SET performance of $< \pm 5\%$ at LET = 86MeV.cm²/mg is guaranteed at $V_{OUT} = >1.5V$ only. SET tests performed with 220µF 10V 25mΩ and 0.1µF CDR04 capacitor on the input and output.

Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise noted, all parameters are guaranteed over the following specified conditions:

$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.4V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8V$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 220\mu F$ 25mΩ and 0.1µF X7R, $T_J = +25^\circ C$, $I_L = 0A$. Applications must follow thermal guidelines of the package to determine worst-case junction temperature (see Note 13). **Boldface limits apply over the operating temperature range, -55°C to +125°C.** Pulse load techniques used by ATE to ensure $T_J = T_A$ defines guaranteed limits.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN (Note 10)	TYP	MAX (Note 10)	UNITS
DC CHARACTERISTICS						
DC Output Voltage Accuracy	V_{OUT}	V_{OUT} Resistor adjust to 0.52V, 1.5V and 1.8V				
		$2.2V < V_{IN} < 3.6V$; $0A < I_{LOAD} < 3.0A$	-1.5	0.2	1.5	%
		V_{OUT} Resistor adjust to 5.0V				
		$V_{OUT} + 0.4V < V_{IN} < 6.0V$; $0A < I_{LOAD} < 3.0A$	-1.5	0.2	1.5	%
VADJ Pin Voltage	V_{ADJ}	$2.2V < V_{IN} < 6.0V$; $I_{LOAD} = 0A$	514.8	520	525.2	mV
BYP Pin	V_{BYP}	$2.2V < V_{IN} < 6.0V$; $I_{LOAD} = 0A$		520		mV
DC Input Line Regulation		$2.2V < V_{IN} < 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.5V$, +25°C and -55°C (Note 11)		1.13	3.5	mV
DC Input Line Regulation		$2.2V < V_{IN} < 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.5V$, +125°C (Note 11)		1.13	8.0	mV
DC Input Line Regulation		$2.2V < V_{IN} < 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8V$, +25°C and -55°C (Note 11)		1.62	3.5	mV
DC Input Line Regulation		$2.2V < V_{IN} < 3.6V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8V$, +125°C (Note 11)		1.62	10.5	mV
DC Input Line Regulation		$V_{OUT} + 0.4V < V_{IN} < 6.0V$, $V_{OUT} = 5.0V$ (Note 11)		12.50	20.0	mV
DC Output Load Regulation		$V_{OUT} = 1.5V$; $0A < I_{LOAD} < 3.0A$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.4V$ (Note 11)	-4.0	-0.8	-0.1	mV
DC Output Load Regulation		$V_{OUT} = 1.8V$; $0A < I_{LOAD} < 3.0A$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.4V$ (Note 11)	-4.0	-1.2	-0.05	mV

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Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise noted, all parameters are guaranteed over the following specified conditions:

$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.4V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8V$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 220\mu F$ 25m Ω and 0.1 μF X7R, $T_J = +25^\circ C$, $I_L = 0A$. Applications must follow thermal guidelines of the package to determine worst-case junction temperature (see Note 13). **Boldface limits apply over the operating temperature range, -55°C to +125°C.** Pulse load techniques used by ATE to ensure $T_J = T_A$ defines guaranteed limits. (Continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN (Note 10)	TYP	MAX (Note 10)	UNITS
DC Output Load Regulation		$V_{OUT} = 5.0V$; $0A < I_{LOAD} < 3.0A$, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.4V$ (Note 11)	-15.0	-6.0	-0.05	mV
VADJ Input Current		$V_{ADJ} = 0.5V$			1	μA
Ground Pin Current	I_Q	$V_{OUT} = 1.5V$; $I_{LOAD} = 0A$, $V_{IN} = 2.2V$		11	12	mA
Ground Pin Current	I_Q	$V_{OUT} = 5.0V$; $I_{LOAD} = 0A$, $V_{IN} = 6.0V$		16	18	mA
Ground Pin Current	I_Q	$V_{OUT} = 1.5V$; $I_{LOAD} = 3.0A$, $V_{IN} = 2.2V$		11	13	mA
Ground Pin Current	I_Q	$V_{OUT} = 5.0V$; $I_{LOAD} = 3.0A$, $V_{IN} = 6.0V$		16	18	mA
Ground Pin Current in Shutdown	I_{SHDN}	ENABLE Pin = 0V, $V_{IN} = 6.0V$		1	10	μA
Dropout Voltage	V_{DO}	$I_{LOAD} = 1.0A$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5V$ (Note 12)		65	100	mV
Dropout Voltage	V_{DO}	$I_{LOAD} = 2.0A$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5V$ (Note 12)		140	200	mV
Dropout Voltage	V_{DO}	$I_{LOAD} = 3.0A$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5V$ (Note 12)		225	300	mV
Output Short Circuit Current	ISCL	$V_{OUT} = 0V$, $V_{IN} = 2.2V$, $R_{SET} = 5.11k$		1.1		A
Output Short Circuit Current	ISCL	$V_{OUT} = 0V$, $V_{IN} = 6.0V$, $R_{SET} = 5.11k$		1.2		A
Output Short Circuit Current	ISCH	$V_{OUT} = 0V$, $V_{IN} = 2.2V$, $R_{SET} = 511\Omega$		5.7		A
Output Short Circuit Current	ISCH	$V_{OUT} = 0V$, $V_{IN} = 6.0V$, $R_{SET} = 511\Omega$		6.2		A
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	TSD	$V_{OUT} + 0.4V < V_{IN} < 6.0V$		175		$^\circ C$
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis (Rising Threshold)	TSDn	$V_{OUT} + 0.4V < V_{IN} < 6.0V$		25		$^\circ C$
AC CHARACTERISTICS						
Input Supply Ripple Rejection	PSRR	$V_{P-P} = 300mV$, $f = 1kHz$, $I_{LOAD} = 3A$; $V_{IN} = 2.5V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8V$	42	66		dB
Input Supply Ripple Rejection	PSRR	$V_{P-P} = 300mV$, $f = 100kHz$, $I_{LOAD} = 3A$; $V_{IN} = 2.5V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8V$		30		dB
Phase Margin	PM	$V_{OUT} = 1.8V$, $C_L = 220\mu F$ Tantalum		70		dB
Gain Margin	GM	$V_{OUT} = 1.8V$, $C_L = 220\mu F$ Tantalum		16		dB
Output Noise Voltage		$I_{LOAD} = 10mA$, $BW = 300Hz < f < 300kHz$, BYPASS to GND capacitor = 0.2 μF		100		μV_{RMS}
DEVICE START-UP CHARACTERISTICS: ENABLE PIN						
Rising Threshold		$2.2V < V_{IN} < 6.0V$	0.6	0.9	1.2	V
Falling Threshold		$2.2V < V_{IN} < 6.0V$	0.47	0.7	0.9	V
Enable Pin Leakage Current		$V_{IN} = 6.0V$, $EN = 6.0V$			1	μA
Enable Pin Propagation Delay		$V_{IN} = 2.2V$, EN rise to I_{OUT} rise	225	300	450	μs
Enable Pin Turn-on Delay		$V_{IN} = 2.2V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8V$, $I_{LOAD} = 1A$, $C_{OUT} =$ $220\mu F$, $C_{BYP} = 0.2\mu F$		6		ms
Enable Pin Turn-on Delay		$V_{IN} = 2.2V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8V$, $I_{LOAD} = 1A$, $C_{OUT} = 47\mu F$, $C_{BYP} = 0.2\mu F$		50		μs
Hysteresis		Must be independent of V_{IN} ; $2.2V < V_{IN} < 6.0V$	90	200	318	mV

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Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise noted, all parameters are guaranteed over the following specified conditions:

$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.4V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8V$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 220\mu F$ 25m Ω and 0.1 μF X7R, $T_J = +25^\circ C$, $I_L = 0A$. Applications must follow thermal guidelines of the package to determine worst-case junction temperature (see Note 13). **Boldface limits apply over the operating temperature range, -55°C to +125°C.** Pulse load techniques used by ATE to ensure $T_J = T_A$ defines guaranteed limits. (Continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN (Note 10)	TYP	MAX (Note 10)	UNITS
DEVICE START-UP CHARACTERISTICS: PG PIN						
PG Rising Threshold		2.2V < V_{IN} < 6.0V	85	90	96	%
PG Falling Threshold		2.2V < V_{IN} < 6.0V	82	88	93	%
PG Hysteresis		2.2V < V_{IN} < 6.0V	2.5	3.2	4.0	% V_{OUT}
PG Low Voltage		$I_{SINK} = 1mA$		35	100	mV
PG Low Voltage		$I_{SINK} = 6mA$		185	400	mV
PG Leakage Current		$V_{IN} = 6.0V$, PG = 6.0V		0.01	1	μA

NOTES:

- Parameters with MIN and/or MAX limits are 100% tested at -55°C, +25°C and +125°C, unless otherwise specified. Temperature limits established by characterization and are not production tested.
- Line and Load Regulation done under pulsed condition for $T < 10ms$.
- Dropout is defined as the difference between the supply V_{IN} and V_{OUT} , when the supply produces a 2% drop in V_{OUT} from its nominal value. Data measured within a 3ms period.
- Please refer to "Applications Information" on page 14 of the datasheet and Tech Brief [TB379](#).

High Dose Rate Post Radiation Characteristics

$T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted. This data is typical test data post radiation exposure at a rate of 50 to 300rad(Si)/s. This data is intended to show typical parameter shifts due to high dose rate radiation. (see Note 14).

These are not limits nor are they guaranteed.

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION	CONDITION	0k RAD	100k RAD	UNITS
1	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 0.52V$; $V_{IN} = 2.2V$; $I_{OUT} = 0A$	0.520575	0.520975	V
2	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 0.52V$; $V_{IN} = 2.2V$; $I_{OUT} = 3A$	0.520000	0.520300	V
3	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 0.52V$; $V_{IN} = 3.6V$; $I_{OUT} = 0A$	0.520650	0.520813	V
4	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 0.52V$; $V_{IN} = 3.6V$; $I_{OUT} = 3A$	0.519963	0.520113	V
5	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.5V$; $V_{IN} = 2.2V$; $I_{OUT} = 0A$	1.500813	1.501325	V
6	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.5V$; $V_{IN} = 2.2V$; $I_{OUT} = 3A$	1.499250	1.499800	V
7	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.5V$; $V_{IN} = 3.6V$; $I_{OUT} = 0A$	1.500550	1.500938	V
8	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.5V$; $V_{IN} = 3.6V$; $I_{OUT} = 3A$	1.499075	1.499388	V
9	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.8V$; $V_{IN} = 2.2V$; $I_{OUT} = 0A$	1.802288	1.803613	V
10	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.8V$; $V_{IN} = 2.2V$; $I_{OUT} = 3A$	1.800900	1.801825	V
11	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.8V$; $V_{IN} = 3.6V$; $I_{OUT} = 0A$	1.802900	1.803338	V
12	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.8V$; $V_{IN} = 3.6V$; $I_{OUT} = 3A$	1.801175	1.801550	V
13	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 5.0V$; $V_{IN} = 5.4V$; $I_{OUT} = 0A$	5.018250	5.018850	V
14	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 5.0V$; $V_{IN} = 5.4V$; $I_{OUT} = 3A$	5.013050	5.013450	V
15	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 5.0V$; $V_{IN} = 6.0V$; $I_{OUT} = 0A$	5.023838	5.024188	V
16	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 5.0V$; $V_{IN} = 6.0V$; $I_{OUT} = 3A$	5.016550	5.016763	V
17	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 0.52V$; $V_{IN} = 2.2V$	0.520625	0.521000	V
18	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 0.52V$; $V_{IN} = 3.6V$	0.520700	0.520863	V
19	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 0.52V$; $V_{IN} = 5.5V$	0.521125	0.521200	V
20	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 1.5V$; $V_{IN} = 2.2V$	0.520800	0.521013	V
21	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 1.5V$; $V_{IN} = 3.6V$	0.520688	0.520838	V

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High Dose Rate Post Radiation Characteristics $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted. This data is typical test data post radiation exposure at a rate of 50 to 300rad(SI)/s. This data is intended to show typical parameter shifts due to high dose rate radiation. (see Note 14). These are not limits nor are they guaranteed. (Continued)

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION	CONDITION	0k RAD	100k RAD	UNITS
22	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}; V_{IN} = 5.5\text{V}$	0.521025	0.521113	V
23	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}; V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$	0.520563	0.520925	V
24	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}; V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V}$	0.520688	0.520838	V
25	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}; V_{IN} = 5.5\text{V}$	0.521038	0.521100	V
26	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{V}; V_{IN} = 5.4\text{V}$	0.521000	0.521088	V
27	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{V}; V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}$	0.521575	0.521625	V
28	DC Input Line Regulation	$2.2\text{V} < V_{IN} < 3.6\text{V}, V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}$	-0.257100	-0.408960	mV
29	DC Input Line Regulation	$2.2\text{V} < V_{IN} < 3.6\text{V}, V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}$	0.611613	-0.281990	mV
30	DC Input Line Regulation	$V_{OUT} + 0.4\text{V} < V_{IN} < 6.0\text{V}, V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{V}$	5.600700	5.313688	mV
31	DC Output Load Regulation	$V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}; 0\text{A} < I_{LOAD} < 3.0\text{A}, V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.4\text{V}$	-1.559875	-1.549760	mV
32	DC Output Load Regulation	$V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}; 0\text{A} < I_{LOAD} < 3.0\text{A}, V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.4\text{V}$	-1.390263	-1.784640	mV
33	DC Output Load Regulation	$V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{V}; 0\text{A} < I_{LOAD} < 3.0\text{A}, V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.4\text{V}$	-5.201513	-5.418710	mV
34	Feedback Input Current	$V_{ADJ} = 0.5\text{V}$	-0.036650	-0.040980	μA
35	Ground Pin Current	$V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}; I_{LOAD} = 0\text{A}, V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$	10.715763	10.758810	mA
36	Ground Pin Current	$V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}; I_{LOAD} = 3.0\text{A}, V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$	12.016163	12.067510	mA
37	Ground Pin Current	$V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{V}; I_{LOAD} = 0\text{A}, V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}$	15.796488	15.781190	mA
38	Ground Pin Current	$V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{V}; I_{LOAD} = 3.0\text{A}, V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}$	17.178913	17.166440	mA
39	Ground Pin Current in Shutdown	ENABLE Pin = 0V, $V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}$	0.811625	0.752100	μA
40	Dropout Voltage	$I_{LOAD} = 1.0\text{A}, V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{V}$	62.588600	63.660340	mV
41	Dropout Voltage	$I_{LOAD} = 2.0\text{A}, V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{V}$	134.520040	135.703500	mV
42	Dropout Voltage	$I_{LOAD} = 3.0\text{A}, V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{V}$	215.603360	216.651900	mV
43	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0\text{V}, V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}, R_{SET} = 5.11\text{k}$	1.204063	1.323238	A
44	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0\text{V}, V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}, R_{SET} = 511\Omega$	5.903613	6.058613	A
45	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0\text{V}, V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}, R_{SET} = 5.11\text{k}$	1.333325	1.439638	A
46	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0\text{V}, V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}, R_{SET} = 511\Omega$	6.389913	6.635563	A
47	PSRR	$V_{P-P} = 300\text{mV}, f = 1\text{kHz}, I_{LOAD} = 3\text{A}; V_{IN} = 2.5\text{V}, V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}$	65.428638	66.410750	db
48	Enable Rising Threshold	$V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$	0.863700	0.824150	V
49	Enable Rising Threshold	$V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}$	0.911300	0.875263	V
50	Enable Falling Threshold	$V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$	0.678400	0.636800	V
51	Enable Falling Threshold	$V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}$	0.724475	0.684400	V
52	Enable Pin Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}, EN = 0\text{V}$	-0.028513	-0.029950	μA
53	Enable Pin Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}, EN = 6.0\text{V}$	-0.030638	-0.038110	μA
54	Enable Hysteresis	$V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$	185.370000	187.374000	mV
55	Enable Hysteresis	$V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}$	186.874000	190.881600	mV
56	Enable Pin Propagation Delay	$V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}, EN$ rise to I_{OUT} rise	305.015280	290.839200	μs
57	PG Rising Threshold	$V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$	89.542938	88.811230	%
58	PG Rising Threshold	$V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}$	91.083838	90.396230	%
59	PG Falling Threshold	$V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$	86.793125	86.074360	%

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High Dose Rate Post Radiation Characteristics $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted. This data is typical test data post radiation exposure at a rate of 50 to 300rad(Si)/s. This data is intended to show typical parameter shifts due to high dose rate radiation. (see Note 14). These are not limits nor are they guaranteed. (Continued)

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION	CONDITION	0k RAD	100k RAD	UNITS
60	PG Falling Threshold	$V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}$	87.840925	87.165790	%
61	PG Hysteresis	$V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$	2.749825	2.736875	%
62	PG Hysteresis	$V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}$	3.242925	3.230450	%
63	PG Low Voltage	$I_{SINK} = 1\text{mA}$	31.426938	31.570940	mV
64	PG Low Voltage	$I_{SINK} = 6\text{mA}$	177.107950	178.578800	mV
65	PG Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}$, $\text{PG} = 6.0\text{V}$	-0.001550	-0.001560	μA

Low Dose Rate Post Radiation Characteristics $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted. This data is typical test data post radiation exposure at a rate of 10mrad(Si)/s. This data is intended to show typical parameter shifts due to low dose rate radiation. (see Note 14). These are not limits nor are they guaranteed.

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION	CONDITION	0k RAD	50k RAD	100k RAD	UNITS
1	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 0.52\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 0\text{A}$	0.521050	0.521150	0.521600	V
2	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 0.52\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 3\text{A}$	0.520500	0.520600	0.520950	V
3	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 0.52\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 0\text{A}$	0.521050	0.521350	0.521750	V
4	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 0.52\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 3\text{A}$	0.520450	0.520600	0.521000	V
5	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 0\text{A}$	1.502450	1.503050	1.503200	V
6	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 3\text{A}$	1.500950	1.501400	1.502100	V
7	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 0\text{A}$	1.501950	1.502900	1.503650	V
8	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 3\text{A}$	1.500500	1.501400	1.502150	V
9	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 0\text{A}$	1.804150	1.805050	1.806100	V
10	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 3\text{A}$	1.802850	1.803650	1.804800	V
11	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 0\text{A}$	1.804450	1.805850	1.806600	V
12	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 3\text{A}$	1.802850	1.804100	1.804900	V
13	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 5.4\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 0\text{A}$	5.022600	5.027250	5.028500	V
14	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 5.4\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 3\text{A}$	5.017200	5.022200	5.023350	V
15	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 0\text{A}$	5.028050	5.032500	5.034350	V
16	DC Output Voltage Accuracy	$V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}$; $I_{OUT} = 3\text{A}$	5.020950	5.025500	5.027050	V
17	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 0.52\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$	0.521150	0.521300	0.521600	V
18	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 0.52\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V}$	0.521150	0.521400	0.521700	V
19	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 0.52\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 5.5\text{V}$	0.521550	0.521800	0.522150	V
20	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$	0.521400	0.521500	0.521550	V
21	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V}$	0.521150	0.521400	0.521700	V
22	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 5.5\text{V}$	0.521450	0.521800	0.522050	V
23	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 2.2\text{V}$	0.521050	0.521200	0.521550	V
24	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{V}$	0.521150	0.521400	0.521750	V
25	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 5.5\text{V}$	0.521450	0.521800	0.522000	V
26	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 5.4\text{V}$	0.521400	0.521800	0.521950	V
27	VADJ Pin Voltage	$V_{OUT} = 5.0\text{V}$; $V_{IN} = 6.0\text{V}$	0.522000	0.522250	0.522600	V
28	DC Input Line Regulation	$2.2\text{V} < V_{IN} < 3.6\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.5\text{V}$	-0.284500	-0.176150	0.158400	mV
29	DC Input Line Regulation	$2.2\text{V} < V_{IN} < 3.6\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}$	0.520000	0.551100	0.356200	mV

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Low Dose Rate Post Radiation Characteristics $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted. This data is typical test data post radiation exposure at a rate of 10mrad(Si)/s. This data is intended to show typical parameter shifts due to low dose rate radiation. (see Note 14). These are not limits nor are they guaranteed. (Continued)

ITEM #	DESCRIPTION	CONDITION	0k RAD	50k RAD	100k RAD	UNITS
30	DC Input Line Regulation	$V_{OUT} + 0.4V < V_{IN} < 6.0V, V_{OUT} = 5.0V$	5.792850	5.296750	5.315300	mV
31	DC Output Load Regulation	$V_{OUT} = 1.5V; 0A < I_{LOAD} < 3.0A, V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.4V$	-1.525700	-1.571300	-1.219950	mV
32	DC Output Load Regulation	$V_{OUT} = 1.8V; 0A < I_{LOAD} < 3.0A, V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.4V$	-1.314200	-1.447200	-1.372050	mV
33	DC Output Load Regulation	$V_{OUT} = 5.0V; 0A < I_{LOAD} < 3.0A, V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.4V$	-5.026850	-5.007050	-4.816750	mV
34	Feedback Input Current	$V_{ADJ} = 0.5V$	-0.011650	-0.030300	-0.036550	μA
35	Ground Pin Current	$V_{OUT} = 1.5V; I_{LOAD} = 0A, V_{IN} = 2.2V$	10.665000	10.658900	10.621750	mA
36	Ground Pin Current	$V_{OUT} = 1.5V; I_{LOAD} = 3.0A, V_{IN} = 2.2V$	11.977100	12.015600	11.948450	mA
37	Ground Pin Current	$V_{OUT} = 5.0V; I_{LOAD} = 0A, V_{IN} = 6.0V$	15.814550	15.840150	15.771750	mA
38	Ground Pin Current	$V_{OUT} = 5.0V; I_{LOAD} = 3.0A, V_{IN} = 6.0V$	17.223200	17.224650	17.189200	mA
39	Ground Pin Current in Shutdown	ENABLE Pin = 0V, $V_{IN} = 6.0V$	0.430300	0.601500	0.707900	μA
40	Dropout Voltage	$I_{LOAD} = 1.0A, V_{OUT} = 2.5V$	62.801250	62.431600	65.466000	mV
41	Dropout Voltage	$I_{LOAD} = 2.0A, V_{OUT} = 2.5V$	132.799650	133.294300	138.742500	mV
42	Dropout Voltage	$I_{LOAD} = 3.0A, V_{OUT} = 2.5V$	214.477050	213.033000	221.517950	mV
43	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0V, V_{IN} = 2.2V, R_{SET} = 5.11k$	1.178050	1.199850	1.224300	A
44	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0V, V_{IN} = 2.2V, R_{SET} = 511\Omega$	5.838350	5.898050	5.750950	A
45	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0V, V_{IN} = 6.0V, R_{SET} = 5.11k$	1.317450	1.338450	1.361150	A
46	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0V, V_{IN} = 6.0V, R_{SET} = 511\Omega$	6.375650	6.464150	6.539300	A
47	PSRR	$V_{P-P} = 300mV, f = 1kHz, I_{LOAD} = 3A; V_{IN} = 2.5V, V_{OUT} = 1.8V$	64.103100	67.373400	65.407000	db
48	Enable Rising Threshold	$V_{IN} = 2.2V$	0.867700	0.835700	0.827700	V
49	Enable Rising Threshold	$V_{IN} = 6.0V$	0.915800	0.905800	0.893800	V
50	Enable Falling Threshold	$V_{IN} = 2.2V$	0.681400	0.671300	0.661300	V
51	Enable Falling Threshold	$V_{IN} = 6.0V$	0.727500	0.715400	0.707400	V
52	Enable Pin Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 6.0V, EN = 0V$	-0.004900	-0.025200	-0.030100	μA
53	Enable Pin Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 6.0V, EN = 6.0V$	-0.009750	-0.024850	-0.029650	μA
54	Enable Hysteresis	$V_{IN} = 2.2V$	184.368000	166.332000	168.336000	mV
55	Enable Hysteresis	$V_{IN} = 6.0V$	188.377000	190.381000	188.377000	mV
56	Enable Pin Propagation Delay	$V_{IN} = 2.2V, EN$ rise to I_{OUT} rise	304.015700	299.771700	296.604250	μs
57	PG Rising Threshold	$V_{IN} = 2.2V$	88.455750	88.057850	88.741300	%
58	PG Rising Threshold	$V_{IN} = 6.0V$	89.994350	89.499600	90.142250	%
59	PG Falling Threshold	$V_{IN} = 2.2V$	85.755650	85.356800	85.996150	%
60	PG Falling Threshold	$V_{IN} = 6.0V$	86.812350	86.316300	86.870500	%
61	PG Hysteresis	$V_{IN} = 2.2V$	2.701500	2.699650	2.745150	%
62	PG Hysteresis	$V_{IN} = 6.0V$	3.182050	3.183350	3.271700	%
63	PG Low Voltage	$I_{SINK} = 1mA$	31.560800	31.295600	31.212750	mV
64	PG Low Voltage	$I_{SINK} = 6mA$	177.500500	177.572900	175.997050	mV
65	PG Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 6.0V, PG = 6.0V$	0.017550	-0.000750	-0.002400	μA

NOTE:

14. See the [Radiation report](#).

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Post Radiation Characteristics for High Dose and Low Dose $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted. This data is typical test data post radiation exposure at a rate of 10mrad(Si)/s for low dose rate and 50-300rad(Si)/s for high dose rate. This data is intended to show typical parameter shifts due to HDR (High Dose Rate) or LDR (Low Dose Rate) radiation. These are not limits nor are they guaranteed.

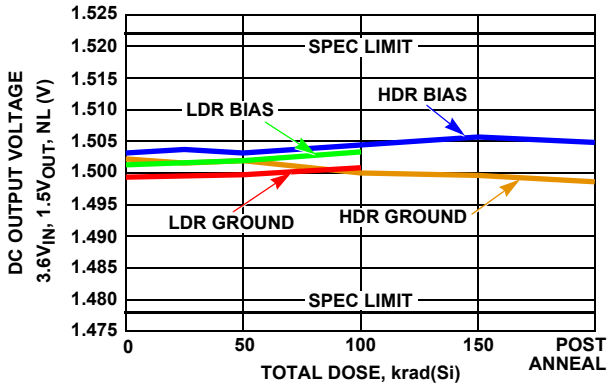


FIGURE 3. DC OUTPUT VOLTAGE, 1.5V_{OUT}, 3.6V_{IN} NO LOAD

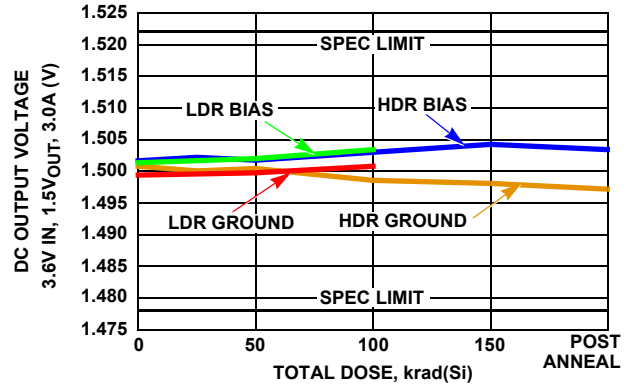


FIGURE 4. DC OUTPUT VOLTAGE, 1.5V_{OUT}, 3.6V_{IN}, 3A LOAD

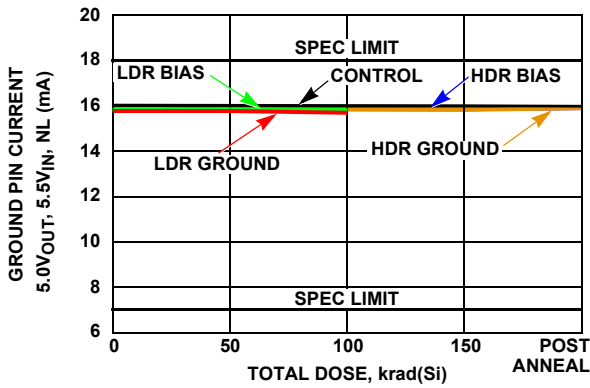


FIGURE 5. GROUND PIN CURRENT, 1.5V_{OUT}, 6.0V_{IN}, NO LOAD

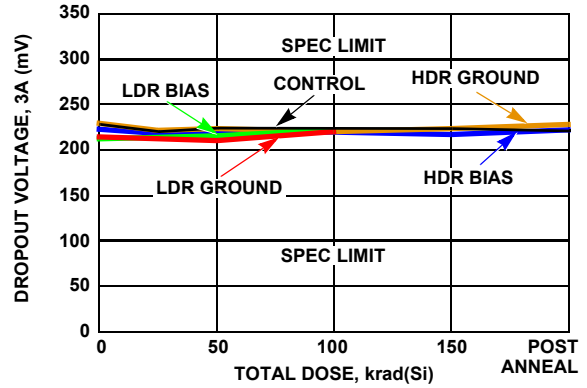


FIGURE 6. DROPOUT VOLTAGE, 2.5V_{OUT}, 3A LOAD CURRENT

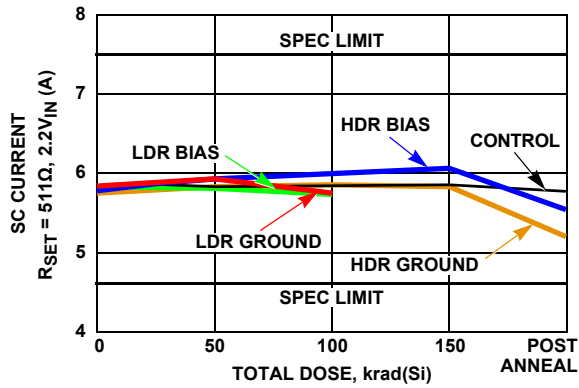


FIGURE 7. OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT, $R_{SET} = 511\Omega$, 2.2V_{IN}

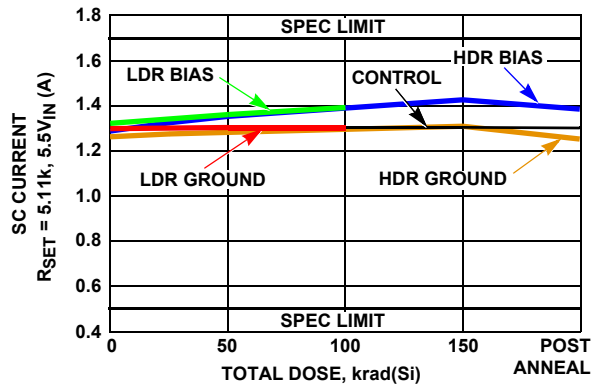


FIGURE 8. OUTPUT SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT, $R_{SET} = 5.11k$, 6.0V_{IN}

Typical Operating Performance

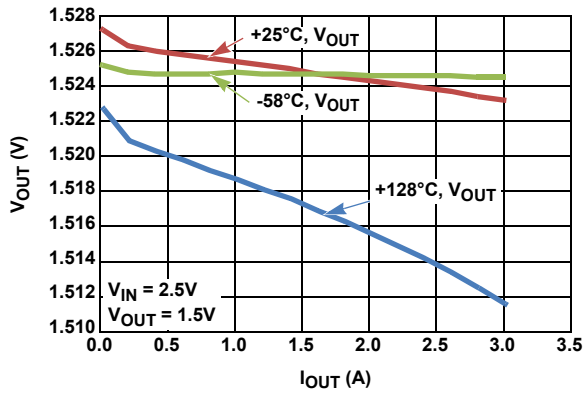


FIGURE 9. LOAD REGULATION, V_{OUT} vs I_{OUT}

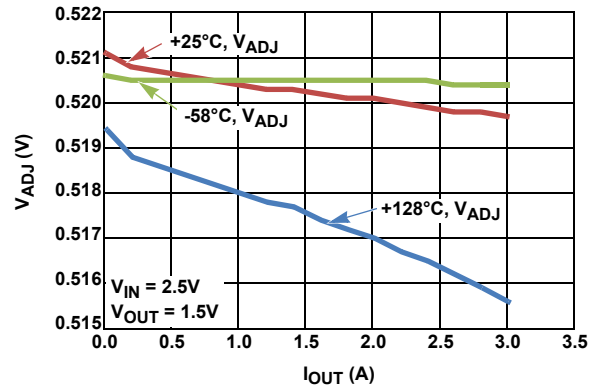


FIGURE 10. LOAD REGULATION, V_{ADJ} vs I_{OUT}

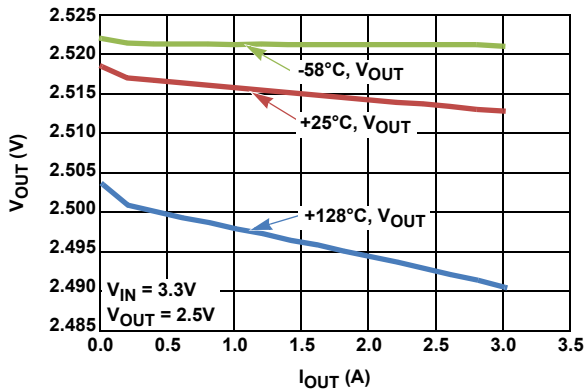


FIGURE 11. LOAD REGULATION, V_{OUT} vs I_{OUT}

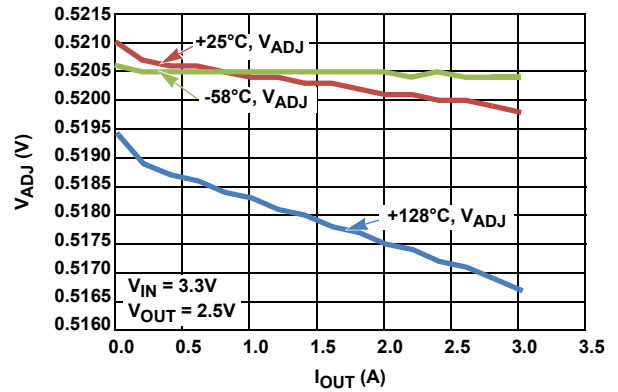


FIGURE 12. LOAD REGULATION, V_{ADJ} vs I_{OUT}

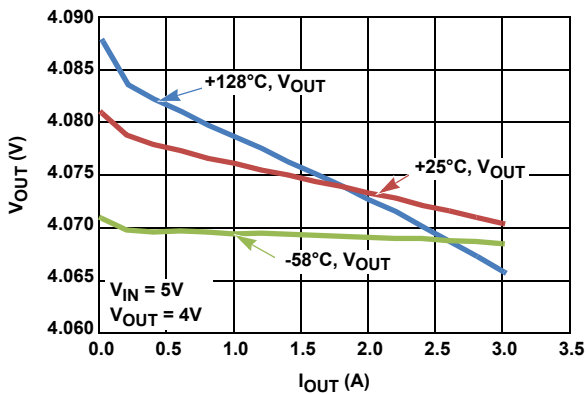


FIGURE 13. LOAD REGULATION, V_{OUT} vs I_{OUT}

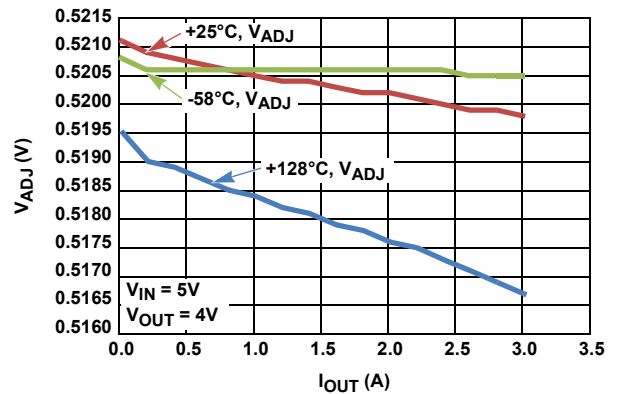


FIGURE 14. LOAD REGULATION, V_{ADJ} vs I_{OUT}

Typical Operating Performance (Continued)

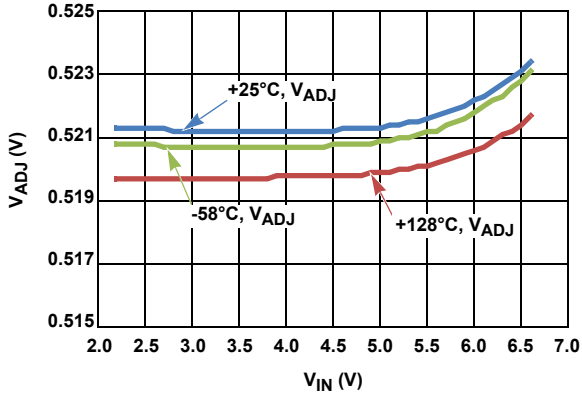


FIGURE 15. V_{IN} vs V_{ADJ} OVER TEMPERATURE

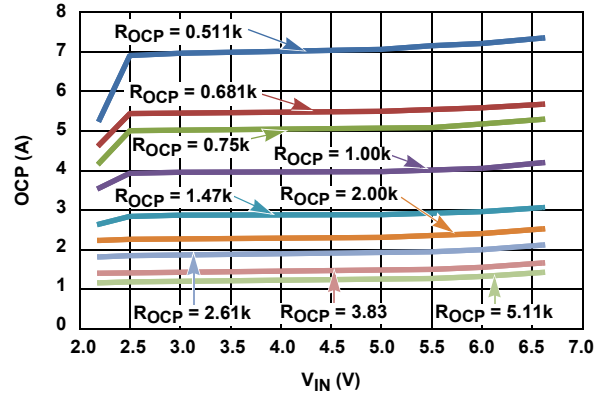


FIGURE 16. R_{OCP} vs OCP AT +25°C, $V_{OUT} = 1.5V$

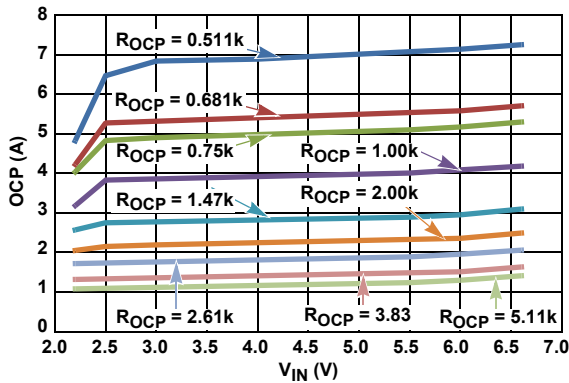


FIGURE 17. R_{OCP} vs OCP AT +128°C, $V_{OUT} = 1.5V$

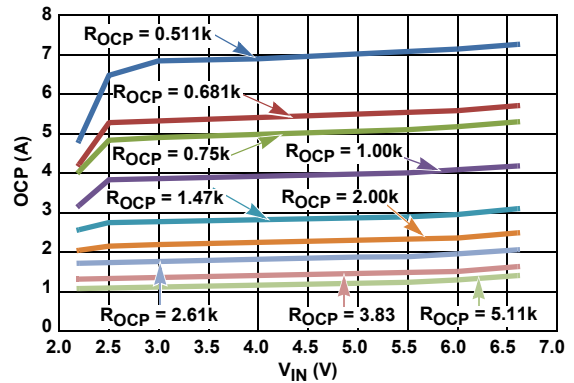


FIGURE 18. R_{OCP} vs OCP AT -58°C, $V_{OUT} = 1.5V$

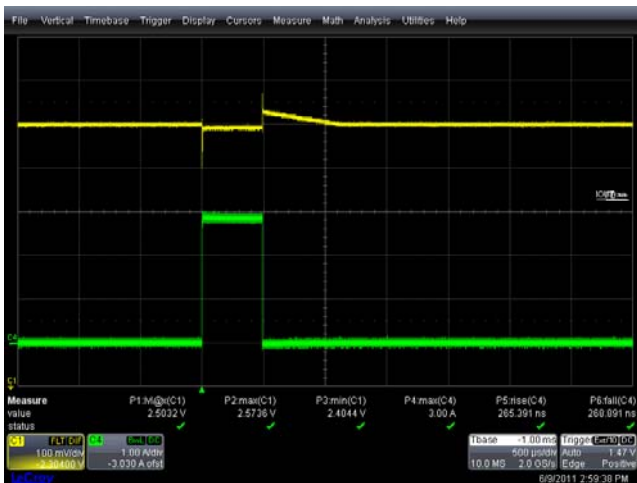


FIGURE 19. TRANSIENT LOAD RESPONSE, $V_{IN} = 3.3V$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5V$, $C_{OUT} = 47\mu F$, 35m Ω



FIGURE 20. TRANSIENT LOAD RESPONSE, $V_{IN} = 3.3V$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5V$, $C_{OUT} = 220\mu F$, 25m Ω

Typical Operating Performance (Continued)



FIGURE 21. POWER-ON AND POWER-OFF, EN = 0 TO 1, +25°C, $V_{IN} = 6V$, $V_{OUT} = 0.8V$, $I_{OUT} = 0.5A$, PGOOD TURN-ON



FIGURE 22. POWER-ON AND POWER-OFF, EN = 0 TO 1, +25°C, $V_{IN} = 2.2V$, $V_{OUT} = 0.8V$, $I_{OUT} = 0.5A$, PGOOD TURN-ON



FIGURE 23. POWER-ON AND POWER-OFF, EN = 1 TO 0, +25°C, $V_{IN} = 6V$, $V_{OUT} = 0.8V$, $I_{OUT} = 0.5A$, PGOOD TURN-OFF



FIGURE 24. POWER-ON AND POWER-OFF, EN = 1 TO 0, +25°C, $V_{IN} = 2.2V$, $V_{OUT} = 0.8V$, $I_{OUT} = 0.5A$, PGOOD TURN-OFF

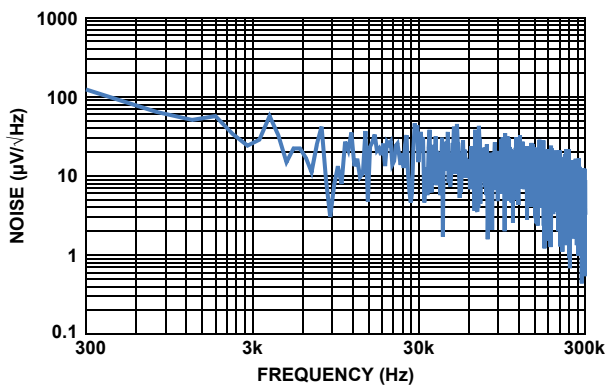


FIGURE 25. NOISE ($\mu V/\sqrt{Hz}$)

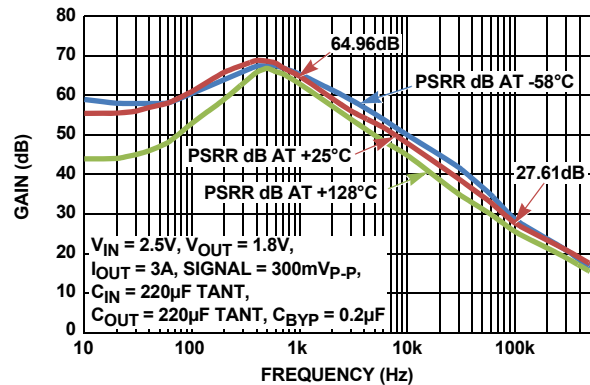


FIGURE 26. PSRR

Applications Information

Input Voltage Requirements

This RH LDO will work from a V_{IN} in the range of 2.2V to 6.0V. The input supply can have a tolerance of as much as $\pm 10\%$ for conditions noted in the "Electrical Specifications" table starting on page 4. Minimum guaranteed input voltage is 2.2V. However, due to the nature of an LDO, V_{IN} must be some margin higher than the output voltage, plus dropout at the maximum rated current of the application, if active filtering (PSRR) is expected from V_{IN} to V_{OUT} . The dropout spec of this family of LDOs has been generously specified to allow applications to design for efficient operation.

Adjustable Output Voltage

The output voltage of the RH LDO can be set to any user programmable level between 0.8V to 5.0V. This is achieved with a resistor divider connected between the OUT, ADJ and GND pins. With the internal reference at 0.52V, the divider ratio should be fixed such that when the desired V_{OUT} level is reached, the voltage presented to the ADJ pin is 0.52V. Resistor values for typical voltages are shown in Table 1.

TABLE 1. RESISTOR VALUES FOR TYPICAL VOLTAGES

V_{OUT}	R_{BOTTOM}	R_{TOP}
0.8V	7.87k	4.32k
1.5V	2.26k	4.32k
1.8V	1.74k	4.32k
2.5V	1.13k	4.32k
4.0V	634	4.32k
5.0V	499	4.32k

Input and Output Capacitor Selection

RH operation requires the use of a combination of tantalum and ceramic capacitors to achieve a good volume-to-capacitance ratio. The recommended combination is a 220 μ F, 25m Ω 10V DSSC 04051-032 rated tantalum capacitor in parallel with a 0.1 μ F MIL-PRF-49470 CDR04 ceramic capacitor, to be connected between V_{IN} to GND pins and V_{OUT} to GND pins of the LDO, with PCB traces no longer than 0.5cm.

The stability of the device depends on the capacitance and ESR of the output capacitor. The usable ESR range for the device is 6m Ω to 100m Ω . At the lower limit of ESR = 6m Ω , the phase margin is about 51°. On the high side, an ESR of 100m Ω is found to limit the gain margin at around 10dB. The typical GM/PM seen with capacitors are shown in Table 2.

TABLE 2. TYPICAL GM/PM WITH VARIOUS CAPACITORS

CAPACITANCE (μ F)	ESR (m Ω)	GAIN MARGIN (dB)	PHASE MARGIN (°)
47	35	14	55
100	25	16	57
220	6	19	51
220	25	16	69
100	100	10	62

Type numbers of KEMET capacitors used in the device are shown in Table 3.

TABLE 3. KEMET CAPACITORS USED IN DEVICE

KEMET TYPE NUMBER	CAPACITOR DETAILS
T525D476M016ATE035	47 μ F, 10V, 35m Ω
T525D107M010ATE025	100 μ F, 10V, 25m Ω
T530D227M010ATE006	220 μ F, 10V, 6m Ω
T525D227M010ATE025	220 μ F, 10V, 25m Ω
T495X107K016ATE100	100 μ F, 16V, 100m Ω

A typical gain phase plot measured on the ISL75051SRHEVAL1Z evaluation board for $V_{IN} = 3.3V$, $V_{OUT} = 1.8V$ and $I_{OUT} = 3A$ with a 220 μ F, 10V, 25m Ω capacitor is shown in Figure 27 and is measured at GM = 16.3dB and PM = 69.16°.

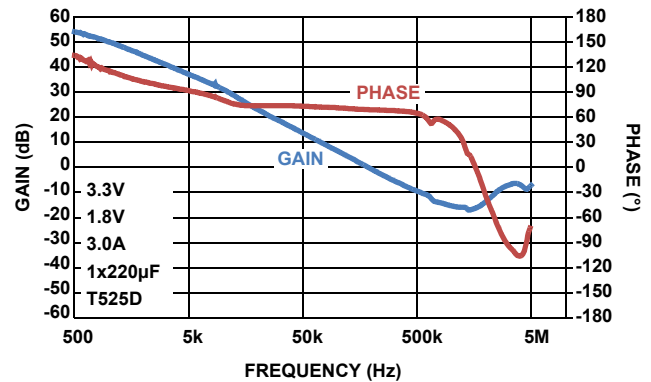


FIGURE 27. TYPICAL GAIN PHASE PLOT

Enable

The device can be enabled by applying a logic high on the EN pin. The enable threshold is typically 0.9V. A soft-start cycle is initiated when the device is enabled using this pin. Taking this pin to logic low disables the device.

EN can be driven from either an open drain or a totem pole logic drive between EN pin and GND. Assuming an open drain configuration, M1 will actively pull down the EN line, as shown in Figure 28, and thereby discharge the input capacitance, shutting off the device immediately.

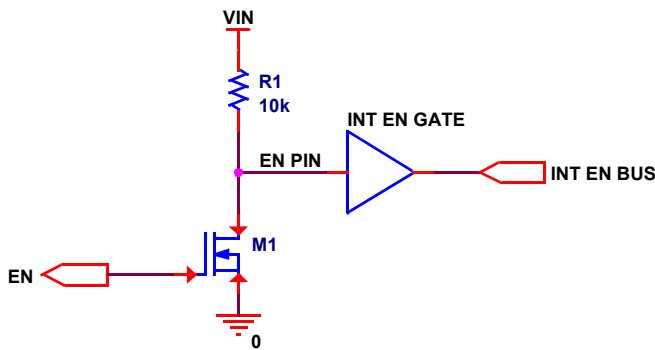


FIGURE 28. ENABLE

Power-Good

The Power-Good pin is asserted high when the voltage on the ADJ pin crosses the rising threshold of $0.9 \times V_{ADJ}$ typ. On the falling threshold, Power-Good is asserted low when the voltage on the ADJ pin crosses the falling threshold of $0.88 \times V_{ADJ}$. The power-good output is an open-drain output rated for a continuous sink current of 1mA.

Soft-start

Soft-start is achieved by means of the charging time constant of the BYP pin. The capacitor value on the pin determines the time constant and can be calculated using Equation 1:

$$T_S = 0.00577 \times C_S \quad (\text{EQ. 1})$$

where T_S = soft-start time in ms, and C_S = BYPASS capacitor in nF.

The BYPASS capacitor, C1, charges with a $90\mu\text{A}$ source current and provides an EA reference, -IN, with an SS ramp. V_{OUT} , in turn, follows this ramp. The ramp rate can be calculated based on the C1 value. For conditions in which C1 is opened, or for small values of C1, the ramp is provided by C2 = 50pF, with a source of $0.5\mu\text{A}$. Connecting C1 min = $0.1\mu\text{F}$ to the BYPASS pin is recommended for normal operation.

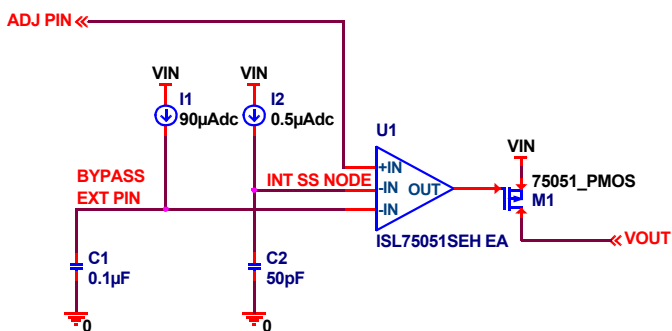


FIGURE 29. SOFT-START

Current Limit Protection

The RH LDO incorporates protection against overcurrent due to any short or overload condition applied to the output pin. The current limit circuit becomes a constant current source when the output current exceeds the current limit threshold, which can be adjusted by means of a resistor connected between the OCP pin and GND. If the short or overload condition is removed from V_{OUT} , then the output returns to normal voltage mode regulation. OCP can be calculated with Equation 2:

$$OCP = 9.5 \cdot \text{EXP}(-0.6 \cdot (\text{ROCP}/(1 + 0.1\text{ROCP}))) \quad (\text{EQ. 2})$$

where OCP = Overcurrent Threshold in amps, and ROCP = OCP resistor in kΩ.

In the event of an overload condition based on the set OCP limit, the die temperature may exceed the internal over-temperature limit, and the LDO begins to cycle on and off due to the fault condition (Figure 30). However, thermal cycling may never occur if the heatsink used for the package can keep the die temperature below the limits specified for thermal shutdown.

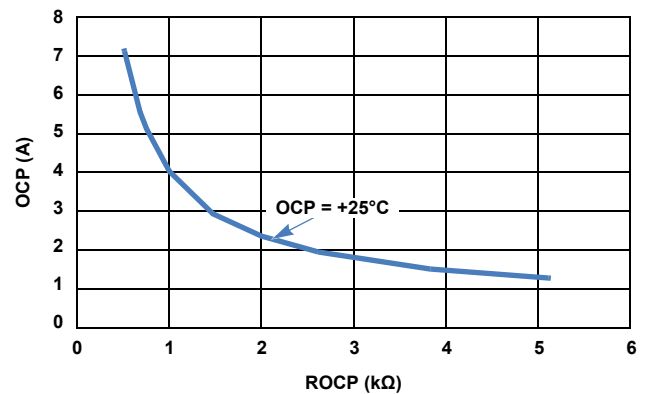


FIGURE 30. OCP vs ROCP OVER TEMP

Thermal Guidelines

If the die temperature exceeds typically $+175^\circ\text{C}$, then the LDO output shuts down to zero until the die temperature cools to typically $+155^\circ\text{C}$. The level of power combined with the thermal impedance of the package (θ_{JC} of 4°C/W for the 18 Ld CDFP package) determines whether the junction temperature exceeds the thermal shutdown temperature specified in the “Electrical Specifications” table.

The device should be mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity PCB with thermal vias, per JESD51-7 and JESD51-5. Place a silpad between package base and PCB copper plane. The VIN and VOUT ratios should be selected to ensure that dissipation for the selected VIN range keeps T_J within the recommended operating level of 150°C for normal operation.

Weight Characteristics

Weight of Packaged Device

K18.D: 1.07 Grams typical with leads clipped

ISL75051SEH

Die Characteristics

Die Dimensions

4555 μ m x 4555 μ m (179.3 mils x 179.3 mils)
Thickness: 304.8 μ m \pm 25.4 μ m (12.0 mils \pm 1 mil)

Interface Materials

GLASSIVATION

Type: Silicon Oxide and Silicon Nitride
Thickness: 0.3 μ m \pm 0.03 μ m to 1.2 μ m \pm 0.12 μ m

TOP METALLIZATION

Type: AlCu (99.5%/0.5%)
Thickness: 2.7 μ m \pm 0.4 μ m

BACKSIDE METALLIZATION

None

SUBSTRATE

Type: Silicon

BACKSIDE FINISH

Silicon

PROCESS

0.6 μ m BiCMOS Junction Isolated

ASSEMBLY RELATED INFORMATION

Substrate Potential

Unbiased

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Worst Case Current Density

$< 2 \times 10^5$ A/cm²

Transistor Count

2932

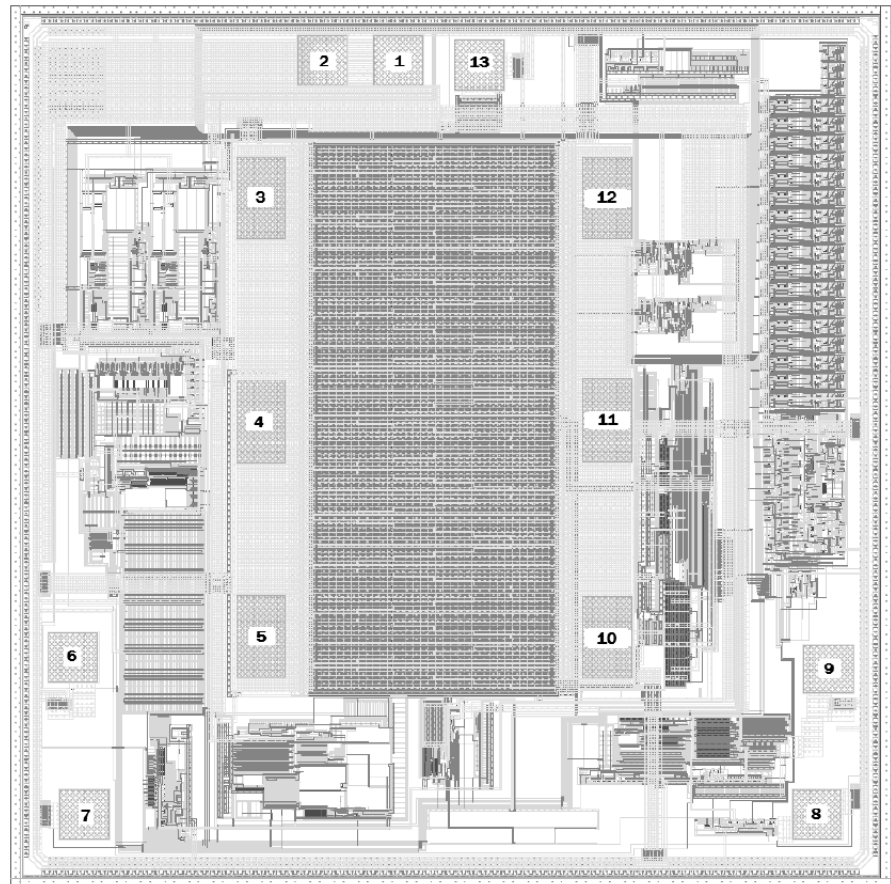
Layout Characteristics

Step and Repeat

4555 μ m x 4555 μ m

Metallization Mask Layout

PAD X Y COORDINATES			
PAD	NAME	X μ m	Y μ m
1	GND	0	0
2	GND	-393	0
3	VOUT	-711	-710
4	VOUT	-711	-1858
5	VOUT	-711	-2964
6	ADJ	-1680	-3070
7	BYP	-1621	-3879
8	EN	2164	-3879
9	OCP	2222	-3131
10	VIN	1078	-2965
11	VIN	1078	-1853
12	VIN	1078	-711
13	PG	420	-25



ISL75051SEH

Revision History

The revision history provided is for informational purposes only and is believed to be accurate, but not warranted. Please go to web to make sure you have the latest revision.

DATE	REVISION	CHANGE
August 28, 2012	FN8294.0	Initial Release.

Products

Intersil Corporation is a leader in the design and manufacture of high-performance analog semiconductors. The Company's products address some of the industry's fastest growing markets, such as, flat panel displays, cell phones, handheld products, and notebooks. Intersil's product families address power management and analog signal processing functions. Go to www.intersil.com/products for a complete list of Intersil product families.

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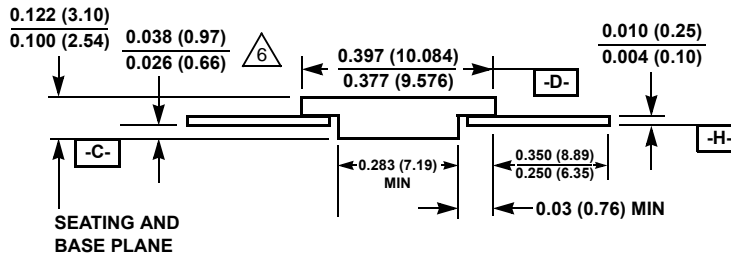
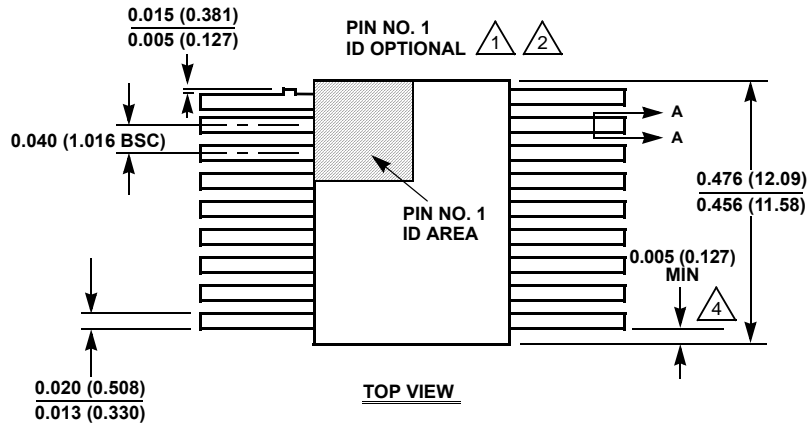
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Package Outline Drawing

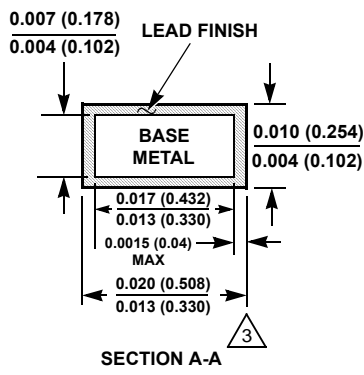
K18.D

18 LEAD CERAMIC METAL SEAL FLATPACK PACKAGE

Rev 3, 1/12



SIDE VIEW



NOTES:

1. Index area: A notch or a pin one identification mark shall be located adjacent to pin one and shall be located within the shaded area shown. The manufacturer's identification shall not be used as a pin one identification mark. Alternately, a tab may be used to identify pin one.
2. If a pin one identification mark is used in addition to a tab, the limits of the tab dimension do not apply.
3. The maximum limits of lead dimensions (section A-A) shall be measured at the centroid of the finished lead surfaces, when solder dip or tin plate lead finish is applied.
4. Measure dimension at all four corners.
5. For bottom-brazed lead packages, no organic or polymeric materials shall be molded to the bottom of the package to cover the leads.
6. Dimension shall be measured at the point of exit (beyond the meniscus) of the lead from the body. Dimension minimum shall be reduced by 0.0015 inch (0.038mm) maximum when solder dip lead finish is applied.
7. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M - 1982.
8. Dimensions = INCH (mm). Controlling dimension: INCH.