



General Description

The MAX6971 serial-interfaced LED driver provides 16 open-drain, constant-current-sinking LED driver outputs rated at 36V. The MAX6971 operates from a 3V to 5.5V supply. The MAX6971 supply and the LEDs' supply or supplies can power up in any order. The constant-current outputs are programmed together to up to 55mA using a single external resistor. The MAX6971 operates with a 25Mb, industry-standard, 4-wire serial interface.

The MAX6971 uses the industry-standard, shift-registerplus-latch-type serial interface. The driver accepts data shifted into a 16-bit shift register using data input DIN and clock input CLK. Input data appears at the DOUT output 16 clock cycles later to allow cascading of multiple MAX6971s. The latch-enable input, LE, loads the 16 bits of shift register data into a 16-bit output latch to set which LEDs are on and which are off. The outputenable, \overline{OE} , gates all 16 outputs on and off, and is fast enough to be used as a PWM input for LED intensity control.

For applications requiring LED fault detection, refer to the MAX6983, which automatically detects open-circuit LEDs.

For safety-related applications requiring a watchdog timer, refer to the MAX6983, which includes a fail-safe feature that blanks the display if the serial interface becomes inactive for more than 1s.

The MAX6971 is one of a family of 12 shift-register-pluslatch-type LED drivers. The family includes 8-port and 16-port types, with 5.5V- or 36V-rated LED outputs, with and without open-circuit LED detection and watchdog. All versions operate from a 3V to 5.5V supply, and are specified over the -40°C to +125°C temperature range.

Applications

Variable Message Signs

Marquee Displays

Point-of-Order Signs

Traffic Signs

Gaming Features

Architectural Lighting

Features

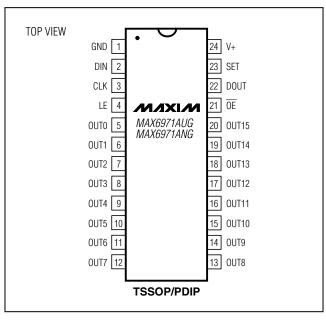
- ♦ 25Mb, Industry-Standard, 4-Wire Serial Interface
- ♦ 3V to 5.5V Logic Supply
- ♦ 16 Constant-Current LED Outputs Rated at 36V
- ♦ Up to 55mA Continuous Current per Output
- ♦ Output Current Programmed by Single Resistor
- ♦ 3% Current Matching Between Outputs
- ♦ 6% Current Matching Between ICs
- ♦ High-Dissipation, 24-Pin Packages
- ♦ -40°C to +125°C Temperature Range

Ordering Information

| PART | TEMP RANGE | PIN-PACKAGE |
|------------|-----------------|----------------|
| MAX6971AUG | -40°C to +125°C | 24 TSSOP |
| MAX6971ANG | -40°C to +125°C | 24 Narrow PDIP |

Typical Application Circuit and Selector Guide appear at end of data sheet.

Pin Configuration



Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Voltage with respect to GND. | |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| V+0.3V | |
| OUT0.3V to | o +40V |
| DIN, CLK, LE, OE, SET0.3V to (V+ | + 0.3V) |
| DOUT Current | ±10mA |
| OUT_ Sink Current | 60mA |
| Total GND Current | 960mA |

| Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C) | |
|---|-----------|
| 24-Pin TSSOP (derate 12.2mW/°C over +70°C) | |
| 24-Pin PDIP (derate 13.3mW/°C over +70°C) | 1067mW |
| Operating Temperature Range40°C | to +125°C |
| Junction Temperature | +150°C |
| Storage Temperature Range65°C | |
| Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) | +300°C |
| | |

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Typical Operating Circuit, V+=3V to 5.5V, $T_A=T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V+=5V, $T_A=+25^{\circ}C$.) (Note 1)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|--------------|-----|-------------|-------|
| Operating Supply Voltage | V+ | | 3.0 | | 5.5 | V |
| Output Voltage | Vout | | | | 36 | V |
| Standby Current (Interface Idle, All Output Ports High Impedance, $R_{SET} = 360\Omega$) | l ₊ | All logic inputs at V+ or GND, DOUT unloaded | | 5.7 | 8 | mA |
| Standby Current (Interface Running, All Output Ports High Impedance, RSET = 360Ω) | I ₊ | f _{CLK} = 5MHz, \overline{OE} = V+, DIN and LE = V+ or GND, DOUT unloaded | | 6 | 8.5 | mA |
| Supply Current (Interface Idle, All Output Ports Active Low, $R_{SET} = 360\Omega$) | l ₊ | All logic inputs at V+ or GND, DOUT unloaded | | 18 | 25 | mA |
| Input High Voltage DIN, CLK, LE, OE | VIH | | 0.7 x V+ | | | V |
| Input Low Voltage DIN, CLK, LE, OE | VIL | | | | 0.3 x V+ | V |
| Hysteresis Voltage DIN, CLK, LE, OE | ΔVI | | | 0.8 | | V |
| Input Leakage Current DIN, CLK, LE, OE | I _{IH} , I _{IL} | | -1 | | +1 | μA |
| Output High-Voltage DOUT | Voн | ISOURCE = 4mA | V+ - 0.5V | | | V |
| Output Low Voltage | V _{OL} | I _{SINK} = 4mA | | | 0.5 | V |
| Output Current OUT_ | lout | V+ = 3V to 5.5V, V_{OUT} = 0.8V to 2.5V, R_{SET} = 360 Ω | 37 | 50 | 61 | mA |
| Output Leakage Current OUT_ | ILEAK | OE = V+ | | | 1 | μΑ |

Note 1: All parameters tested at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$. Specifications over temperature are guaranteed by design.

2 /V/XI/V

5V TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

(Typical Operating Circuit, V+ = 4.5V to 5.5V, TA = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2, 3)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| CLK Clock Period | tcp | | 40 | | | ns |
| CLK Pulse-Width High | tch | | 19 | | | ns |
| CLK Pulse-Width Low | t _{CL} | | 19 | | | ns |
| DIN Setup Time | tDS | | 4 | | | ns |
| DIN Hold Time | tDH | | 8 | | | ns |
| DOUT Propagation Delay | t _{DO} | | 12 | | 32 | ns |
| DOUT Rise and Fall Time | t _{DR} , t _{DF} | C _{DOUT} = 10pF, 20% to 80% | | | 10 | ns |
| LE Pulse-Width High | tLW | | 20 | | | ns |
| LE Setup Time | tLS | | 10 | | | ns |
| LE Rising to OUT_ Rising Delay | tLRR | (Note 3) | | | 100 | ns |
| LE Rising to OUT_ Falling Delay | tLRF | (Note 3) | | | 300 | ns |
| CLK Rising to OUT_ Rising Delay | tcrr | (Note 3) | | | 100 | ns |
| CLK Rising to OUT_ Falling Delay | tCRF | (Note 3) | | | 310 | ns |
| OE Rising to OUT_ Rising Delay | t <u>oe</u> H | (Note 3) | | | 100 | ns |
| OE Falling to OUT_ Falling Delay | toel | (Note 3) | | | 320 | ns |
| LED Output OUT_ Turn-On Fall Time | t _f | 80% to 20%, pullup resistor = 65Ω | | | 120 | ns |
| LED Output OUT_ Turn-Off Rise Time | t _r | 20% to 80%, pullup resistor = 65Ω | | | 120 | ns |

Note 1: All parameters tested at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$. Specifications over temperature are guaranteed by design.

Note 2: See Figure 3.

Note 3: A 65Ω pullup resistor connected from OUT_ to 5.5V.



3.3V TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

(Typical Operating Circuit, V+ = 3V to 5.5V, TA = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.) (Notes 1, 2)

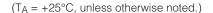
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| CLK Clock Period | tcp | | 52 | | | ns |
| CLK Pulse-Width High | tch | | 24 | | | ns |
| CLK Pulse-Width Low | t _{CL} | | 24 | | | ns |
| DIN Setup Time | t _{DS} | | 4 | | | ns |
| DIN Hold Time | tDH | | 8 | | | ns |
| DOUT Propagation Delay | t _{DO} | | 12 | | 50 | ns |
| DOUT Rise and Fall Time | t _{DR} , t _{DF} | C _{DOUT} = 10pF, 20% to 80% | | | 12 | ns |
| LE Pulse-Width High | tLW | | 20 | | | ns |
| LE Setup Time | tLS | | 15 | | | ns |
| LE Rising to OUT_ Rising Delay | tLRR | (Note 3) | | | 120 | ns |
| LE Rising to OUT_ Falling Delay | tLRF | (Note 3) | | | 310 | ns |
| CLK Rising to OUT_ Rising Delay | t _{CRR} | (Note 3) | | | 120 | ns |
| CLK Rising to OUT_ Falling Delay | tCRF | (Note 3) | | | 330 | ns |
| OE Rising to OUT_ Rising Delay | t <u>oe</u> H | (Note 3) | | | 120 | ns |
| OE Falling to OUT_ Falling Delay | t oe l | (Note 3) | | | 330 | ns |
| LED Output OUT_ Turn-On Fall Time | t _f | 80% to 20% (Note 3) | | | 120 | ns |
| LED Output OUT_ Turn-Off Rise Time | t _r | 20% to 80% (Note 3) | | | 120 | ns |

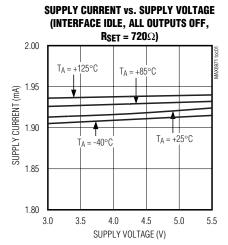
Note 1: All parameters tested at T_A = +25°C. Specifications over temperature are guaranteed by design.

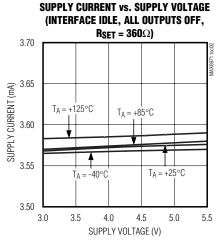
Note 2: See Figure 3.

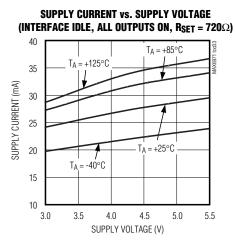
Note 3: A 65Ω pullup resistor connected from OUT_ to 5.5V.

_Typical Operating Characteristics





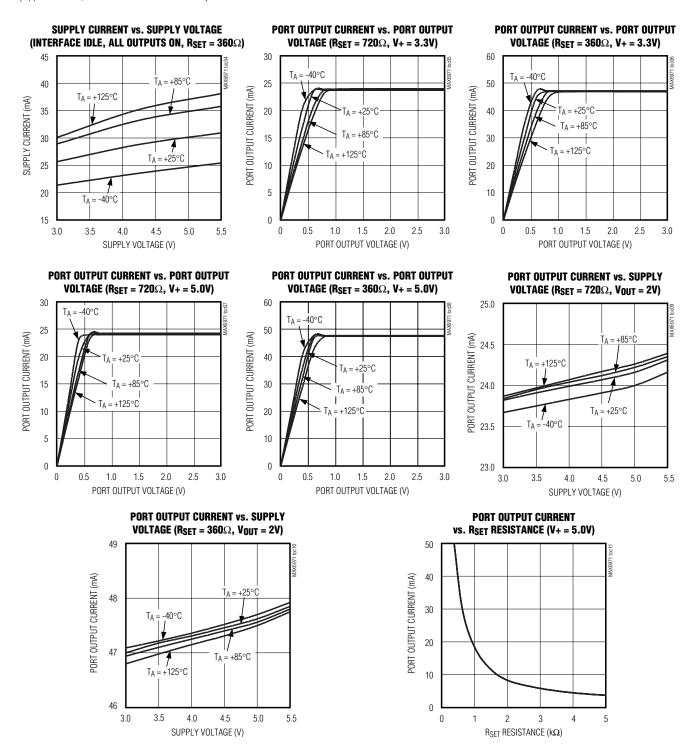




4 ______*MAXIM*

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$



MIXIM

Pin Description

| PIN | NAME | FUNCTION |
|------|------------|---|
| 1 | GND | Ground |
| 2 | DIN | Serial-Data Input. Data is loaded into the internal 16-bit shift register on CLK's rising edge. |
| 3 | CLK | Serial-Clock Input. Data is loaded into the internal 16-bit shift register on CLK's rising edge. |
| 4 | LE | Load-Enable Input. Data is loaded transparently from the internal shift register(s) to the output latch(es) while LE is high. Data is latched into the output latch(es) on LE's falling edge, and retained while LE is low. |
| 5–20 | OUT0-OUT15 | LED Driver Outputs. OUT0 to OUT15 are open-drain, constant-current-sinking outputs rated to 36V. |
| 21 | ŌĒ | Output-Enable Input. High forces outputs OUT0 to OUT15 high impedance, without altering the contents of the output latches. Low enables outputs OUT0 to OUT15 to follow the state of the output latches. |
| 22 | DOUT | Serial-Data Output. Data is clocked out of the 16-bit internal shift register to DOUT on CLK's rising edge. |
| 23 | SET | LED Current Setting. Connect SET to GND through a resistor (RSET) to set the maximum LED current. |
| 24 | V+ | Positive Supply Voltage. Bypass V+ to GND with a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor. |

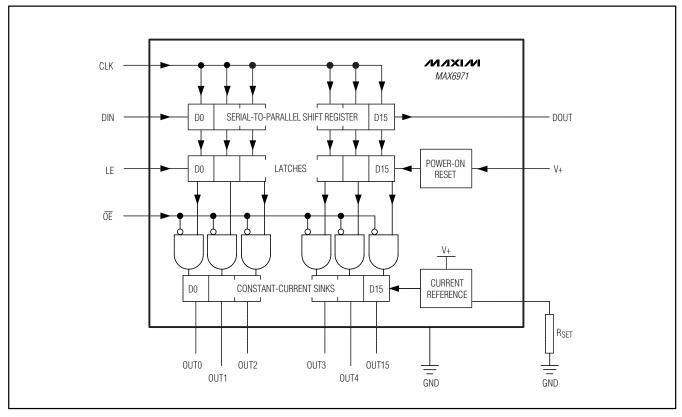


Figure 1. Block Diagram

MIXIN ___

Detailed Description

The MAX6971 LED driver comprises a 4-wire serial interface driving 16 constant-current-sinking, opendrain output ports. The outputs drive LEDs in either static or multiplex applications (Figure 1). The constant-current outputs are guaranteed for current accuracy not only with chip-supply voltage variations (5V $\pm 10\%$ and 3V to 5.5V), but also over a realistic range of driver output voltage drop (0.8V to 2.5V). The drivers use current-sensing feedback circuitry (not simple current mirrors) to ensure very small current variations over the full allowed range of output voltage (see the *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

The 4-wire serial interface comprises a 16-bit shift register and a 16-bit transparent latch. The shift register is written through a clock input, CLK, and a data input, DIN, and the data propagates to a data output, DOUT. The data output allows multiple drivers to be cascaded and operated together. The contents of the 16-bit shift register are loaded into the transparent latch through a latch-enable input, LE. The latch is transparent to the shift register outputs when high, and latches the current state on the falling edge of LE.

Each driver output is an open-drain, constant-current sink that should be connected to the cathode of either a single LED or a series string of multiple LEDs. The LED anode can be connected to a supply voltage of up to 36V, independent of the MAX6971 supply, V+. The constant-current capability is up to 55mA per output, set for all eight outputs by an external resistor, RSET.

4-Wire Serial Interface

The serial interface on the MAX6971 is a 4-wire serial interface using four inputs (DIN, CLK, LE, $\overline{\text{OE}}$) and a data output (DOUT). This interface is used to write display data to the MAX6971. The serial-interface data word length is 16 bits, D0–D15. See Figure 2.

The functions of the five interface pins are as follows. DIN is the serial-data input, and must be stable when it is sampled on the rising edge of CLK. Data is shifted in, MSB first. This means that data bit D15 is clocked in first, followed by 15 more data bits finishing with the LSB. D0.

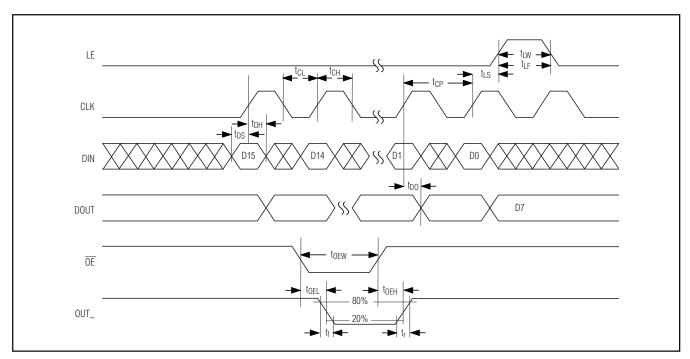


Figure 2. 4-Wire Serial-Interface Timing Diagram



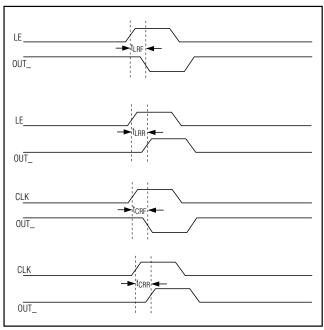


Figure 3. LE and CLK to OUT_ Timing

CLK is the serial-clock input, which shifts data at DIN into the MAX6971 16-bit shift register on its rising edge.

LE is the latch load input of the MAX6971 that transfers data from the MAX6971 16-bit shift register to its 16-bit latch when LE is high (transparent latch), and latches the data on the falling edge of LE (Figure 2).

The fourth input provides output-enable control of the output drivers. \overline{OE} is high to force outputs OUT0-OUT15 high impedance, without altering the contents of the output latches, and low to enable outputs OUT0-OUT15 to follow the state of the output latches.

 $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is independent of the operation of the serial interface. Data can be shifted into the serial-interface shift register and latched, regardless of the state of $\overline{\text{OE}}$.

DOUT is the serial-data output, which shifts data out from the MAX6971's 16-bit shift register on the rising edge of CLK. Data at DIN is propagated through the shift register and appears at DOUT 16 clock cycles later.

Table 1. 4-Wire Serial-Interface Truth Table

| SERIAL DATA | CLOCK | | _ | FT-RI | | | | LOAD INPUT | | LATO | сн сс | ONTE | NTS | | BLANKING INPUT | OUTPUT CONTENT | | | ENTS | ; | |
|----------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|------------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|------------------|----|-------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------------------|------|--|------------|
| INPUT DIN | CLK | D ₀ | D ₁ | D ₂ | | D _{n-1} | Dn | LE | D ₀ | D ₁ | D ₂ | | D _{n-1} | Dn | ŌĒ | D ₀ | D ₁ | D ₂ | | D _{n-1} | Dn |
| Н | | Н | R ₁ | R ₂ | | R _{n-2} | R _{n-1} | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| L | 7 | L | R ₁ | R ₂ | | R _{n-2} | R _{n-1} | _ | _ | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ | - | | _ | | _ | _ |
| Х | | R ₀ | R ₁ | R ₂ | | R _{n-1} | Rn | _ | _ | _ | | ı | _ | _ | _ | l | | _ | I | _ | _ |
| _ | _ | Χ | Χ | Χ | | Χ | Χ | Н | R ₀ | R ₁ | R ₂ | _ | R _{n-1} | Rn | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| | | P ₁ | P ₂ | Рз | | P _{n-1} | Pn | L | P ₀ | P ₁ | P ₂ | | P _{n-1} | Pn | L | Po | $\overline{P_1}$ | $\overline{P}_{\overline{2}}$ | | $\overline{P}_{\overline{n}-\overline{1}}$ | <u>P</u> − |
| _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | Χ | Χ | Χ | | Χ | Χ | Н | Hi-Z | Hi-Z | Hi-Z | | Hi-Z | Hi-Z |

L = Low-logic level.

 $H = High-logic\ level.$

X = Don't care.

P = Present state.

R = Previous state.

Hi-Z = High impedance.

Applications Information

Selecting External Component RSET to Set LED Output Current

The MAX6971 uses an external resistor, RSET, to set the LED current for outputs OUT0–OUT15. The minimum allowed value of RSET is 327.3 Ω , which sets the output currents to 55mA. The maximum allowed value of RSET is 5k Ω . The reference value, 360 Ω , sets the output currents to 50mA. To set a different output current, use the formula:

RSET = 18,000 / IOUT

where IOUT is the desired output current in mA.

Computing Power Dissipation

The upper limit for power dissipation (PD) for the MAX6971 is determined by the following equation:

$$P_D = (V + x I +) + (V_{OUT} \times DUTY \times I_{OUT} \times N)$$

where:

V+ = supply voltage

I+= operating supply current when sinking I_{OUT} LED drive current into N outputs

DUTY = PWM duty cycle applied to \overline{OE}

N = number of MAX6971 outputs driving LEDs at the same time (maximum is 16)

V_{OUT} = MAX6971 port output voltage when driving load LED(s)

IOUT = LED drive current programmed by RSET

P_D = power dissipation, in mW if currents are in mA Dissipation example:

$$I_{OUT} = 20mA$$
, $N = 16$, $DUTY = 1$, $V_{OUT} = 2V$, $V_{+} = 5.25V$

 $P_D = (5.25 \text{V} \times 25 \text{mA}) + (2 \text{V} \times 1 \times 20 \text{mA} \times 16) = 0.77 \text{W}$

Thus, for a 24-pin TSSOP package (T_{JA} = 1 / 0.0122 = +82°C/W from the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*), the maximum allowed ambient temperature T_A is given by:

$$T_{J(MAX)} = T_A + (P_D \times T_{JA}) = +150^{\circ}C = T_A + (0.77 \times 82^{\circ}C/W)$$

so $T_A = +86^{\circ}C$.

Overtemperature Cutoff

The MAX6971 contains an internal temperature sensor that turns off all outputs when the die temperature exceeds approximately +165°C. The outputs are enabled again when the die temperature drops below approximately +140°C. Register contents are not affected, so when a driver is overdissipating, the external symptom is the load LEDs cycling between on and off as the driver repeatedly overheats and cools, alternately turning the LEDs off and then back on again.

Power-Supply Considerations

The MAX6971 operates with a chip supply V+, and one or more LED supplies. Bypass each supply to GND with a 0.1µF capacitor as close to the MAX6971 as possible. This is normally adequate for static LED driving. For multiplex or PWM applications, it is necessary to add an additional bulk electrolytic capacitor of 4.7µF or more to each supply for every 4 to 16 MAX6971s. The necessary capacitance depends on the LED load current, PWM switching frequency, and serial-interface speed. Inadequate V+ decoupling can cause timing problems, and very noisy LED supplies can affect LED current regulation.

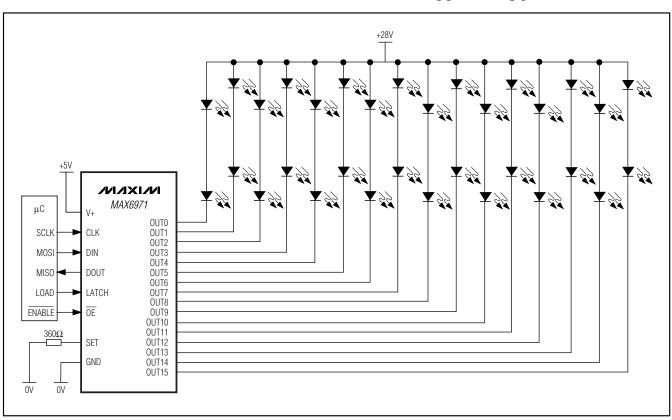
Chip Information

PROCESS: BICMOS

Selector Guide

| | | | | | _ | |
|---------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------|---|
| PART | NUMBER OF OUTPUTS | MAX OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V) | MAX OUTPUT CURRENT (mA) | LED FAULT DETECTION | WATCHDOG | |
| MAX6968 | | | | _ | _ | |
| MAX6977 | 8 | 5.5 | | Yes | _ | |
| MAX6978 | | | | Yes | Yes | |
| MAX6970 | | | | _ | _ | |
| MAX6981 | 8 | 36 | 36 | | Yes | _ |
| MAX6980 | | | 55 | Yes | Yes | |
| MAX6969 | 16 | 5.5 | | _ | _ | |
| MAX6979 | 10 | 5.5 | | Yes | Yes | |
| MAX6971 | 10 | 200 | | _ | _ | |
| MAX6983 | 16 | 36 | | Yes | Yes | |

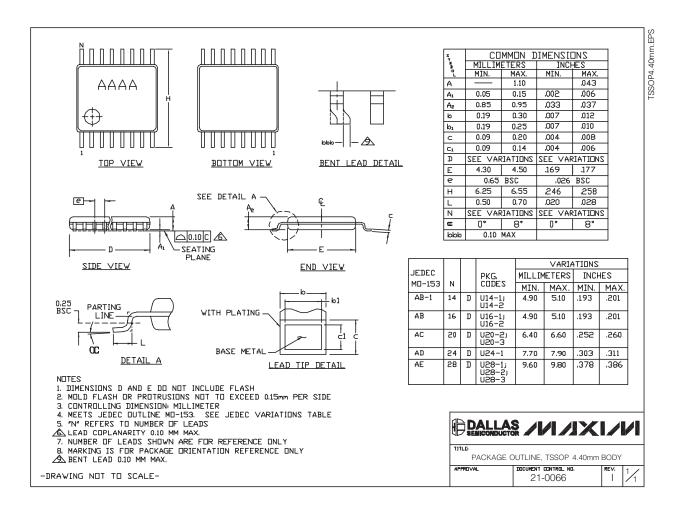
Typical Application Circuit



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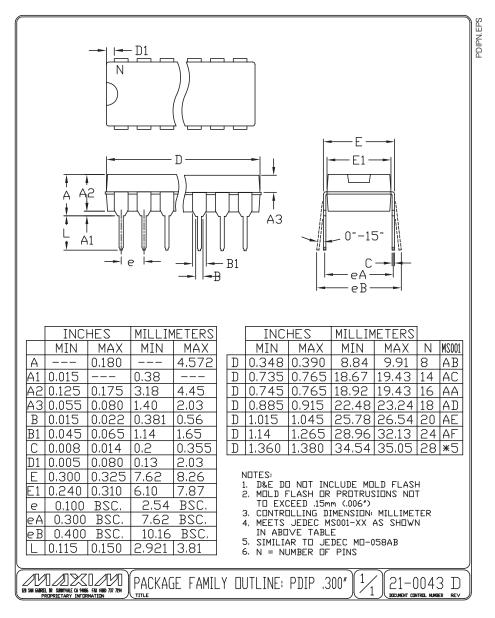
Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)



Package Information (continued)

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_Revision History

Pages changed at Rev 1: 6, 10, 11

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