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# 4-Pin SC70 Microprocessor Reset Circuits with Manual Reset Input

# **General Description**

The MAX6711/MAX6712/MAX6713 are microprocessor ( $\mu$ P) supervisory circuits used to monitor the power supplies in  $\mu$ P and digital systems. They provide excellent circuit reliability and low cost by eliminating external components and adjustments when used with +5.0V, +3.3V, +3.0V, or +2.5V-powered circuits. They also provide a debounced manual reset input.

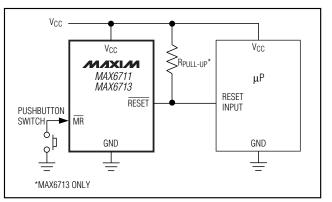
These circuits assert a reset signal whenever the V<sub>CC</sub> supply voltage declines below a preset threshold or whenever manual reset is asserted. Reset remains asserted for at least 140ms after V<sub>CC</sub> has risen above the reset threshold or when manual reset is deasserted. Reset thresholds suitable for operation with a variety of supply voltages are available.

The MAX6713 has an open-drain output stage, while the MAX6711/MAX6712 have push-pull outputs. The MAX6713's open-drain RESET output requires a pull-up resistor that can be connected to a voltage higher than V<sub>CC</sub>. The MAX6711/MAX6713 have an active-low reset output, while the MAX6712 has an active-high reset output. The reset comparator is designed to ignore fast transients on V<sub>CC</sub>, and the outputs are guaranteed to be in the correct logic state for V<sub>CC</sub> down to 1V.

Low supply current makes the MAX6711/MAX6712/ MAX6713 ideal for use in portable equipment. These devices are available in a 4-pin SC70 package.

**Applications** 

Computers Controllers Intelligent Instruments Critical µP and µC Power Monitoring Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment Automotive



# **Typical Operating Circuit**

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### **Features**

- Precision Monitoring of 2.5V, 3.0V, 3.3V, and 5.0V Power-Supply Voltages
- Fully Specified Over Temperature
- Available in Three Output Configurations Push-Pull RESET Output (MAX6711) Push-Pull RESET Output (MAX6712) Open-Drain RESET Output (MAX6713)
- ♦ 140ms min Power-On Reset Pulse Width
- Manual Reset Input
- ♦ 12µA Supply Current
- Guaranteed Reset Valid to V<sub>CC</sub> = +1V
- Power-Supply Transient Immunity
- No External Components
- ♦ 4-Pin SC70 Package

# **Ordering Information**

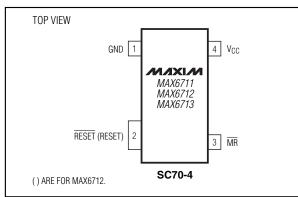
PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX6711_EXS-T	-40°C to +125°C	4 SC70-4
MAX6711_EXS-T10	-40°C to +125°C	4 SC70-4
MAX6712_EXS-T	-40°C to +125°C	4 SC70-4
MAX6712_EXS-T10	-40°C to +125°C	4 SC70-4
MAX6713_EXS-T	-40°C to +125°C	4 SC70-4
MAX6713_EXS-T10	-40°C to +125°C	4 SC70-4

**Note:** These parts are offered in 2.5k or 10k reels and must be ordered in 2.5k or 10k increments. Order MAX6711\_EXS-T for 2.5k reels and MAX6711\_EXS-T10 for 10k reels. Insert the desired suffix letter from the Selector Guide into the blank to complete the part number.

Selector Guide appears at end of data sheet.

# Pin Configuration

Maxim Integrated Products 1



IAX6711L/M/R/S/T/Z, MAX6712L/M/R/S/T/Z, MAX6713L/M/R/S/T/

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### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)

V <sub>CC</sub>	0.3V to +6.0V
RESET, RESET (push-pull)	
RESET (open drain)	-0.3V to +6.0V
<u>MR</u>	-0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)
Input Current, V <sub>CC</sub> , MR	20mA
Output Current, RESET, RESET	20mA

Rate of Rise, V <sub>CC</sub>	100V/µs
Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )	
4-Pin SC70 (derate 3.1mW/°C above +70°C)	245mW
Operating Temperature Range40°C	to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C f	to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(V<sub>CC</sub> = full range,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V for L/M versions, V<sub>CC</sub> = +3.3V for T/S versions, V<sub>CC</sub> = +3V for R version, V<sub>CC</sub> = +2.5V for Z version, and  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL		CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
		$T_A = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +70^{\circ}C$		1.0		5.5	V
V <sub>CC</sub> Range		$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$		1.2		5.5	
	ICC	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C	V <sub>CC</sub> < 5.5V, MAX671_L/M		16	35	μΑ
Supply Current			V <sub>CC</sub> < 3.6V, MAX671_R/S/T/Z		12	30	
Supply Current		T <sub>A</sub> = +85°C to +125°C	V <sub>CC</sub> < 5.5V, MAX671_L/M			60	
			V <sub>CC</sub> < 3.6V, MAX671_R/S/T/Z			60	
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	4.56	4.63	4.70	V
		MAX671_L	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	4.50		4.75	
			$T_A = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	4.44		4.82	
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	4.31	4.38	4.45	
		MAX671_M	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	4.25		4.50	
			$T_A = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	4.20		4.56	
	VTH	MAX671_T	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	3.04	3.08	3.11	
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	3.00		3.15	
Reset Threshold			$T_A = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	2.95		3.21	
Reset Threshold		MAX671_S	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	2.89	2.93	2.96	
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	2.85		3.00	
			$T_A = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	2.81		3.05	
		MAX671_R	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	2.59	2.63	2.66	
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	2.55		2.70	
			$T_A = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	2.52		2.74	
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	2.28	2.32	2.35	
		MAX671_Z	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	2.25		2.38	
			$T_A = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	2.22		2.42	1
Reset Threshold Tempco					30		ppm/°C
V <sub>CC</sub> to Reset Delay (Note 2)		$V_{CC} = V_{TH}$ to ( $V_{TH}$ - 100mV)			20		μs
Reset Active Timeout Period		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$		140	240	460	ma
nesel active nineoul Penod		$T_A = +85^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$		100		640	ms

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V<sub>CC</sub> = full range,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V for L/M versions, V<sub>CC</sub> = +3.3V for T/S versions, V<sub>CC</sub> = +3V for R version, V<sub>CC</sub> = +2.5V for Z version, and  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.) (Note 1)

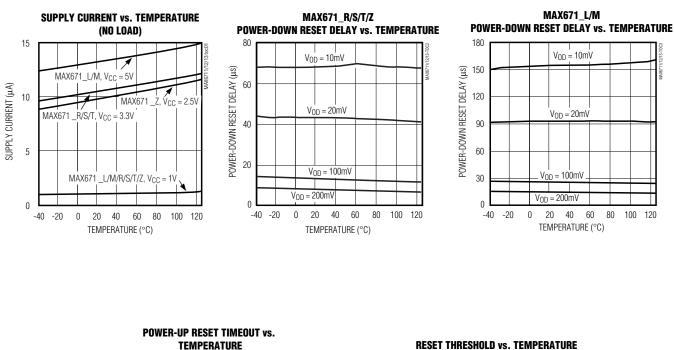
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ΤΥΡ	MAX	UNITS	
RESET Output Voltage Low (MAX6711/MAX6713)		$V_{CC} = V_{TH}$ min, $I_{SINK} = 1.2$ mA, MAX6711R/S/T/Z, MAX6713R/S/T/Z			0.3	V	
	V <sub>OL</sub>	$V_{CC} = V_{TH}$ min, $I_{SINK} = 3.2$ mA, MAX6711L/M, MAX6713L/M			0.4		
		$V_{CC} > 1.0V, I_{SINK} = 50\mu A$			0.3		
RESET Output Voltage High		V <sub>CC</sub> > V <sub>TH</sub> max, I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 500µA, MAX6711R/S/T/Z	0.8 • V <sub>CC</sub>			V	
(MAX6711)	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> > V <sub>TH</sub> max, I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 800µA, MAX6711L/M	0.8 • V <sub>CC</sub>				
RESET Output Voltage Low	Vol	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>TH</sub> max, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 1.2mA, MAX6712R/S/T/Z			0.3	V	
(MAX6712)	VOL	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>TH</sub> max, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 3.2mA, MAX6712L/M			0.4		
RESET Output Voltage High (MAX6712)	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.8V < V <sub>CC</sub> < V <sub>TH</sub> min, I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 150µA	0.8 • V <sub>CC</sub>			V	
RESET Open-Drain Output Leakage Current		$V_{CC} > V_{TH}$ , RESET deasserted			1	μΑ	
MR Input Threshold	VIL	0.3 • V <sub>CC</sub>		V			
Min input miesholu	VIH			(	$0.7 \cdot V_{CC}$	v	
MR Pull-Up Resistance			10	20		kΩ	
MR Minimum Pulse Width			1			μs	
MR Glitch Immunity				100		ns	
MR to Reset Delay				200		ns	

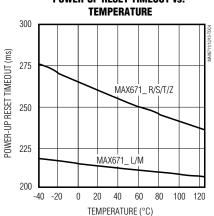
**Note 1:** Production testing done at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C; limits over temperature guaranteed by design only.

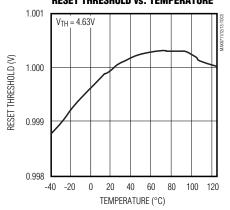
**Note 2:** RESET output for MAX6711/MAX6713; RESET output for MAX6712.

### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

(V<sub>CC</sub> = full range,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V for L/M versions, V<sub>CC</sub> = +3.3V for T/S versions, V<sub>CC</sub> = +3V for R version, V<sub>CC</sub> = +2.5V for Z version, and  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.)







M/IXI/N

#### Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION		
1	GND	Ground		
2	RESET (MAX6711/ MAX6713)	RESET Output remains low while V <sub>CC</sub> is below the reset threshold, and for at least 140ms after V <sub>CC</sub> rises above the reset threshold.		
2	RESET (MAX6712)	RESET Output remains high while V <sub>CC</sub> is below the reset threshold, and for at least 140ms after V <sub>CC</sub> rises above the reset threshold.		
3	MR	Manual Reset Input. RESET ( $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ ) remains asserted as long as $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is low, and for at least 140ms after $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is deasserted. This active-low input has an internal 20k $\Omega$ (typ) pull-up resistor. It can be driven from a TTL- or CMOS- logic line, or shorted to ground with a switch. Leave open or connect to VCC if unused.		
4	Vcc	Supply Voltage (+5.0V, +3.3V, +3.0V, or +2.5V)		

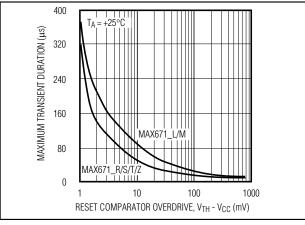


Figure 1. Maximum Transient Duration Without Causing a Reset Pulse vs. Reset Comparator Overdrive

## **Detailed Description**

#### **Reset Output**

A microprocessor's ( $\mu$ P's) reset input starts the  $\mu$ P in a known state. The MAX6711/MAX6712/MAX6713 assert reset to prevent code-execution errors during power-up, power-down, or brownout conditions. They assert a reset signal whenever the V<sub>CC</sub> supply voltage declines below a preset threshold, keeping it asserted for at



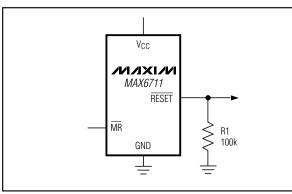


Figure 2. RESET Valid to V<sub>CC</sub> = Ground Circuit

least 140ms after V<sub>CC</sub> has risen above the reset threshold. The MAX6713 uses an open-drain output, and the MAX6711/MAX6712 have a push-pull output stage. Connect a pull-up resistor on the MAX6713's RESET output to any supply between 0 and 6V.

#### **Manual Reset Input**

Many  $\mu$ P-based systems require manual reset capability, allowing the operator, a test technician, or external logic circuitry to initiate a reset. Reset remains asserted while MR is low, and for at least 140ms after MR returns high. This input has an internal 20k $\Omega$  pull-up resistor, so it can be left open if it is not used. MR can be driven with TTL- or CMOS-logic levels, or with open-drain/collector outputs. To create a manual reset function, connect a normally open momentary switch from MR to ground; external debounce circuitry is not required. If MR is driven from long cables or if the device is used in a noisy environment, connecting a 0.1 $\mu$ F capacitor from MR to ground provides additional noise immunity.

## **Applications Information**

#### **Negative-Going Vcc Transients**

In addition to issuing a reset to the  $\mu$ P during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions, the MAX6711/MAX6712/MAX6713 are relatively immune to short-duration negative-going V<sub>CC</sub> transients (glitches).

Figure 1 shows typical transient duration vs. reset comparator overdrive, for which the MAX6711/MAX6712/ MAX6713 do **not** generate a reset pulse. The graph was generated using a negative-going pulse applied to V<sub>CC</sub>, starting 0.5V above the actual reset threshold and ending below it by the magnitude indicated (reset comparator overdrive). The graph indicates the maximum pulse width a negative-going V<sub>CC</sub> transient can have without causing a reset pulse. As the magnitude of the transient increases (goes farther below the reset threshold), the

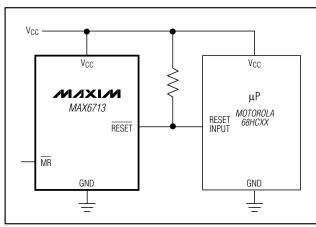


Figure 3. Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset I/O

maximum allowable pulse width decreases. Typically, for the MAX671\_L and MAX671\_M, a V<sub>CC</sub> transient that goes 100mV below the reset threshold and lasts 20µs or less will not cause a reset pulse. A  $0.1\mu$ F bypass capacitor mounted as close as possible to the V<sub>CC</sub> pin provides additional transient immunity.

#### Ensuring a Valid Reset Output Down to V<sub>CC</sub> = 0

When V<sub>CC</sub> falls below 1V, the MAX6711 RESET output no longer sinks current—it becomes an open circuit. Therefore, high-impedance CMOS-logic inputs connected to RESET can drift to undetermined voltages. This presents no problem in most applications since most  $\mu$ P and other circuitry is inoperative with V<sub>CC</sub> below 1V. However, in applications where RESET must be valid down to 0, adding a pull-down resistor to RESET causes any stray leakage currents to flow to ground, holding RESET low (Figure 2). R1's value is not critical; 100k $\Omega$  is large enough not to load RESET and small enough to pull RESET to ground.

A 100k $\Omega$  pull-up resistor to V<sub>CC</sub> is also recommended for the MAX6712 if RESET is required to remain valid for V<sub>CC</sub> < 1V.

#### Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset Pins

Since the RESET output on the MAX6713 is open-drain, this device interfaces easily with  $\mu$ Ps that have bidirectional reset pins, such as the Motorola 68HC11. Connecting the  $\mu$ P supervisor's RESET output directly to the  $\mu$ P's RESET pin with a single pull-up resistor allows either device to assert reset (Figure 3).

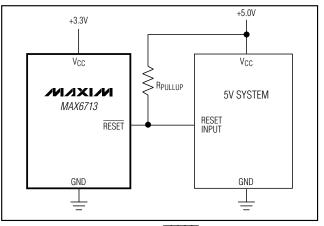


Figure 4. MAX6713 Open-Drain RESET Output Allows Use with Multiple Supplies

#### MAX6713 Open-Drain RESET Output Allows Use with Multiple Supplies

Generally, the pull-up connected to the MAX6713 will connect to the supply voltage that is being monitored at the IC's V<sub>CC</sub> pin. However, some systems may use the open-drain output to level-shift from the monitored supply to reset circuitry powered by some other supply (Figure 4). Note that as the MAX6713's V<sub>CC</sub> decreases below 1V, so does the IC's ability to sink current at RESET. Also, with any pull-up, RESET will be pulled high as V<sub>CC</sub> decays toward 0. The voltage where this occurs depends on the pull-up resistor value and the voltage to which it is connected.

#### Benefits of Highly Accurate Reset Threshold

Most  $\mu$ P supervisor ICs have reset threshold voltages between 5% and 10% below the value of nominal supply voltages. This ensures a reset will **not** occur within 5% of the nominal supply, but **will** occur when the supply is 10% below nominal.

When using ICs rated at only the nominal supply  $\pm 5\%$ , a zone of uncertainty where the supply is between 5% and 10% low, and where the reset may or may not be asserted is left.

The MAX671\_L/T/Z use highly accurate circuitry to ensure that reset is asserted close to the 5% limit, and long before the supply has declined to 10% below nominal.

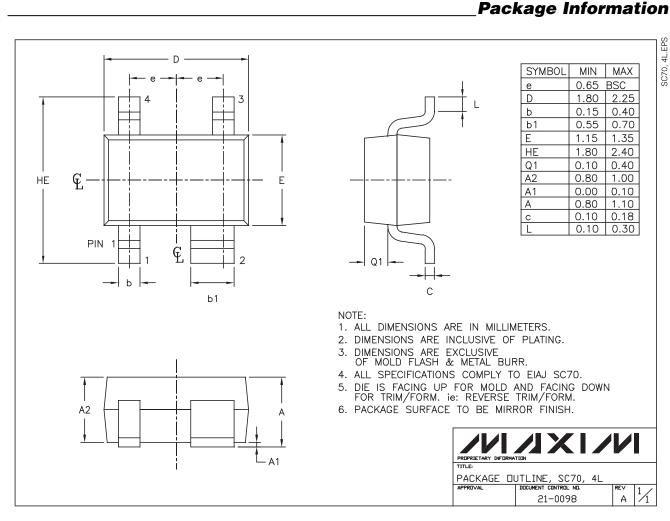
Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 380

### Selector Guide

PART/SUFFIX	RESET THRESHOLD (V)	OUTPUT TYPE	TOP MARK
MAX6711∟	4.63	Push-Pull RESET	AAB
MAX6711M	4.38	Push-Pull RESET	AAC
MAX6711T	3.08	Push-Pull RESET	AAD
MAX6711S	2.93	Push-Pull RESET	AAE
MAX6711R	2.63	Push-Pull RESET	AAF
MAX6711Z	2.32	Push-Pull RESET	AAG
MAX6712∟	4.63	Push-Pull RESET	AAH
MAX6712M	4.38	Push-Pull RESET	AAI
MAX6712T	3.08	Push-Pull RESET	AAJ
MAX6712S	2.93	Push-Pull RESET	AAK
MAX6712R	2.63	Push-Pull RESET	AAL
MAX6712Z	2.32	Push-Pull RESET	AAM
MAX6713∟	4.63	Open-Drain RESET	AAN
MAX6713M	4.38	Open-Drain RESET	AAO
MAX6713T	3.08	Open-Drain RESET	AAP
MAX6713S	2.93	Open-Drain RESET	AAQ
MAX6713R	2.63	Open-Drain RESET AAR	
MAX6713Z	2.32	Open-Drain RESET	AAS

MAX6711L/M/R/S/T/Z, MAX6712L/M/R/S/T/Z, MAX6713L/M/R/S/T/



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