

### **General Description**

The MAX6365-MAX6368 supervisory circuits simplify power-supply monitoring, battery-backup control functions, and memory write protection in microprocessor (μP) systems. The circuits significantly improve the size, accuracy, and reliability of modern systems with an ultrasmall integrated solution.

These devices perform four basic system functions:

- 1) Provide a µP reset output during VCC supply powerup, power-down, and brownout conditions.
- 2) Internally control V<sub>CC</sub> to backup-battery switching to maintain data or low-power operation for CMOS RAM, CMOS µPs, real-time clocks, and other digital logic when the main supply fails.
- 3) Provide memory write protection through internal chip-enable gating during supply or processor faults.
- 4) Include one of the following options: a manual reset input (MAX6365), a watchdog timer function (MAX6366), a battery-on output (MAX6367), or an auxiliary user-adjustable reset input (MAX6368).

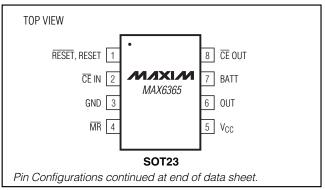
The MAX6365-MAX6368 operate from VCC supply voltages as low as 1.2V. The factory preset reset threshold voltages range from 2.32V to 4.63V (see the Ordering Information). In addition, each part is offered in three reset output versions: push-pull active low, open-drain active low, or open-drain active high (see the Selector Guide). The MAX6365-MAX6368 are available in miniature 8-pin SOT23 packages.

### **Applications**

Portable/Battery-Critical µP/µC Power Monitoring Powered Equipment Fax Machines Set-Top Boxes Industrial Control **POS** Equipment

Computers/Controllers

### Pin Configurations



#### **Features**

- Low +1.2V Operating Supply Voltage (V<sub>CC</sub> or V<sub>BATT</sub>)
- Precision Monitoring of +5.0V, +3.3V, +3.0V, and +2.5V Power-Supply Voltages
- ♦ On-Board Gating of Chip-Enable Signals, 1.5ns **Propagation Delay**
- ♦ Debounced Manual Reset Input (MAX6365)
- ♦ Watchdog Timer, 1.6s Timeout (MAX6366)
- ♦ Battery-On Output Indicator (MAX6367)
- **♦** Auxiliary User-Adjustable RESET IN (MAX6368)
- ♦ Low 10µA Quiescent Supply Current
- **♦ Three Available Output Structures Push-Pull RESET**

**Open-Drain RESET Open-Drain RESET** 

- ♦ RESET/RESET Valid Down to 1.2V Guaranteed (VCC or VBATT)
- **♦ Power-Supply Transient Immunity**
- ♦ 150ms min Reset Timeout Period
- Miniature 8-Pin SOT23 Package

### **Ordering Information**

PART*	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX6365LKAT	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23
MAX6365PKAT	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23
MAX6365HKAT	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23
MAX6366LKAT	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23
MAX6366PKAT	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23
MAX6366HKAT	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23
MAX6367LKAT	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23
MAX6367PKAT	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23
MAX6367PKA/V-T	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23
MAX6367HKAT	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23
MAX6368LKAT	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23
MAX6368PKAT	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23
MAX6368HKAT	-40°C to +85°C	8 SOT23

\*These parts offer a choice of reset threshold voltages. From the Reset Threshold Ranges table, insert the desired threshold voltage code in the blank to complete the part number. SOT parts come in tape and reel only and must be ordered in 2500-piece increments. See Device Marking Codes for a complete parts list, including SOT top marks and standard threshold versions. See Selector Guide for a listing of device features.

Devices are available in both leaded and lead)Pb)-free packaging. Specify lead-free by replacing "-T" with "+T" when ordering. -Denotes a package containing lead(Pb).

T = Tape and reel.

N Denotes an automotive qualified part.

Typical Operating Circuit appears at end of data sheet.

Maxim Integrated Products 1

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For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

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Terminal Voltages (wi V <sub>CC</sub> , BATT, OUT RESET (open drain), I		0		
BATT ON, RESET (pu	sh-pull), RESET	IN,		
WDI, $\overline{\text{CE}}$ IN, $\overline{\text{CE}}$ OI	UT	0.3V to (Vo	UT + 0.3V)	
MR				
Input Current				
V <sub>CC</sub> Peak				
VCC Continuous				
BATT Peak				
BATT Continuous			40mA	

GND75mA
Output Current
OUTShort-Circuit Protected for up to 10s
RESET, RESET, BATT ON, CE OUT20mA
Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )
8-Pin SOT23 (derate 8.75mW/°C above +70°C)700mW
Operating Temperature Range40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature+150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C
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Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{CC} = +2.4V \text{ to } +5.5V, V_{BATT} = +3.0V, \overline{CE} \text{ IN} = V_{CC}, \text{ reset not asserted, } T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}. \text{ Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}) \text{ (Note 1)}$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONI	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Operating Voltage Range (Note 2)	V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>BATT</sub>	No load		0		5.5	V
			V <sub>C</sub> C = 2.8V		10	30	
Supply Current (Excluding IOUT)	Icc	No load, VCC > VTH	V <sub>C</sub> C = 3.6V		12	35	μΑ
(Excluding 1001)			V <sub>C</sub> C = 5.5V		15	50	
Supply Current in Battery-	la vov	$V_{BATT} = 2.8V$ ,	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			1	
Backup Mode (Excluding I <sub>OUT</sub> )	IBACK	$V_{CC} = 0$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$			3	μΑ
DATT Standby Current	lover	5.5V > V <sub>CC</sub> > (V <sub>BATT</sub>	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.10		+0.02	
BATT Standby Current	I <sub>BATT</sub>	+ 0.2V)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	-1.00		+0.02	μΑ
		$V_{CC} = 4.75V, I_{OUT} = 1$	50mA			3.1	
V <sub>CC</sub> to OUT On-Resistance	Ron	$V_{CC} = 3.15V, I_{OUT} = 6$	5mA			3.7	Ω
		$V_{CC} = 2.38V$ , $I_{OUT} = 25mA$				4.6	
		V <sub>BATT</sub> = 4.5V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 2	20mA	V <sub>BATT</sub> - 0.2			
Output Voltage in Battery- Backup Mode	V <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>BATT</sub> = 3.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA		V <sub>BATT</sub> - 0.15			V
		V <sub>BATT</sub> = 2.25V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 5mA		V <sub>BATT</sub> - 0.15			
Battery-Switchover Threshold	V/	\\\\\	Power-up		20		/
(V <sub>CC</sub> - V <sub>BATT</sub> )	Vsw	VCC < VTH	Power-down		-20		mV
		MAX636KA46		4.50	4.63	4.75	
		MAX636KA44		4.25	4.38	4.50	
Dood Throohold	\/	MAX636KA31		3.00	3.08	3.15	- V
Reset Threshold	V <sub>TH</sub>	MAX636KA29		2.85	2.93	3.00	
		MAX636KA26		2.55	2.63	2.70	
		MAX636KA23		2.25	2.32	2.38	
V <sub>CC</sub> Falling Reset Delay	t <sub>RD</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> falling at 10V/ms			20		μs

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

( $V_{CC}$  = +2.4V to +5.5V,  $V_{BATT}$  = +3.0V,  $\overline{CE}$  IN =  $V_{CC}$ , reset not asserted,  $T_A$  = -40°C to +85°C. Typical values are at  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Reset Active Timeout Period	t <sub>RP</sub>			150		280	ms
	Vai	Reset asserted,	$I_{SINK} = 1.6mA,$ $V_{CC} \ge 2.1V$			0.3	
RESET Output Voltage	VoL	V <sub>BATT</sub> = 0	$I_{SINK} = 100\mu A,$ $V_{CC} \ge 1.2V$			0.4	V
	Voн	Reset not asserted (MAX636_L only)	ISOURCE = 500µA, VCC ≥ VTH(MAX)	0.8 × VCC			
	V <sub>OL</sub>	Reset not asserted	I <sub>SINK</sub> = 1.6mA, V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ V <sub>TH</sub> (MAX)			0.3	
RESET Output Voltage	Voh	Reset not asserted, VBATT = 0	ISOURCE = 1mA, VCC ≥ 1.8V	0.7 × VCC			V
	VOH	(MAX636_H only) (Note 3)	ISOURCE = 200μA, VCC ≥ 1.2V	0.8 × VCC			
RESET Output Leakage Current	ILKG	MAX636_P and MAX6	636_H only			1	μΑ
MANUAL RESET (MAX6365 only	′)						
MR Input Voltage	VIL					0.3 × V <sub>C</sub> C	V
TVIIT III Put Voitage	VIH			0.7 × VCC			v
Pullup Resistance				20			kΩ
Minimum Pulse Width				1			μs
Glitch Immunity		$V_{CC} = 3.3V$			100		ns
MR to Reset Delay		$V_{CC} = 3.3V$			120		ns
WATCHDOG (MAX6366 only)							
Watchdog Timeout Period	twD			1.00	1.65	2.25	S
Minimum WDI Input Pulse Width	twDI			100			ns
WDI Input Voltage	VIL					0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
www.mput.voitage	VIH			0.7 × VCC			V
WDI Input Current				-1.0		1.0	μΑ
BATT ON (MAX6367 only)							
Output Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	ISINK = 3.2mA, VBATT	= 2.1V			0.4	V
0.4-4 04 04 04		Sink current, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5			60		mA
Output Short-Circuit Current		Source current, V <sub>BAT</sub>	r ≥ 2V	10	30	100	μΑ



### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V_{CC} = +2.4V \text{ to } +5.5V, V_{BATT} = +3.0V, \overline{CE} \text{ IN} = V_{CC}, \text{ reset not asserted, } T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}. \text{ Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}) (Note 1)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
RESET IN (MAX6368 only)							
RESET IN Threshold	V <sub>RTH</sub>			1.185	1.235	1.285	V
RESET IN Leakage Current					±0.01	±25	nA
RESET IN to Reset Delay		V <sub>OD</sub> = 50mV, RESE	T IN falling		1.5		μs
CHIP-ENABLE GATING							
CE IN Leakage Current		Reset asserted				±1	μΑ
CE IN to CE OUT Resistance		Reset not asserted	(Note 4)		20	100	Ω
CE OUT Short-Circuit Current		Reset asserted, CE	OUT = 0		0.75	2.0	mA
CE IN to CE OUT Propagation		50Ω source,	$V_{CC} = 4.75V$		1.5	7	20
Delay		C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 50pF	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.15V		2	9	ns
OF OUT Output Valtage Ulimb		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ V <sub>BATT</sub> , I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 100μA		0.8 × V <sub>CC</sub>			M
CE OUT Output Voltage High		V <sub>C</sub> C = 0, V <sub>B</sub> ATT ≥ 2	2.2V, ISOURCE = 1µA	V <sub>BATT</sub> - 0.1			V
Reset-to-CE OUT Delay					12		μs

Note 1: All devices are 100% production tested at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ . Limits over temperature are guaranteed by design.

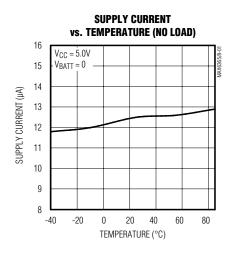
Note 2: VBATT can be 0 anytime, or VCC can go down to 0 if VBATT is active (except at startup).

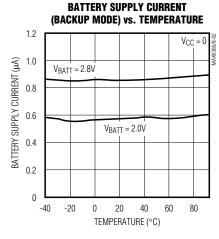
Note 3: RESET is pulled up to OUT. Specifications apply for OUT = V<sub>CC</sub> or OUT = BATT.

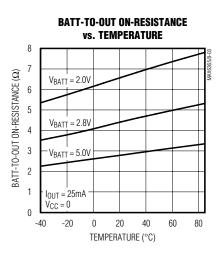
**Note 4:** The chip-enable resistance is tested with  $V_{CC} = V_{TH(MAX)}$  and  $\overline{CE}$  IN =  $V_{CC}$  / 2.

### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

 $(T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.)

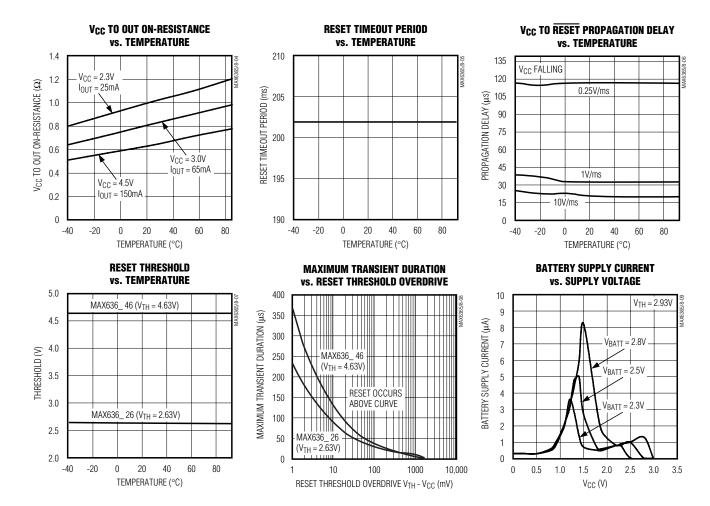






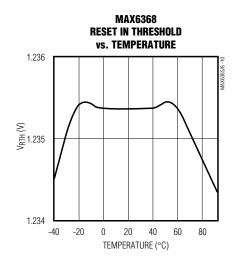
### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

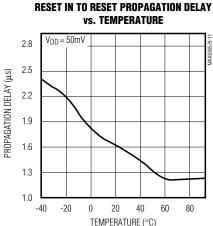
 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ 



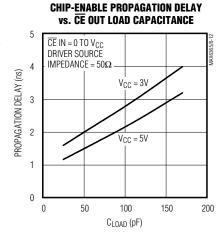
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

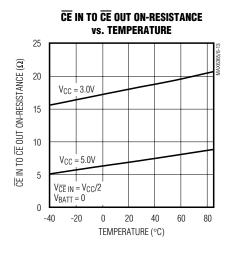
 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ 

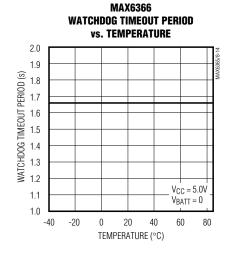




**MAX6368** 





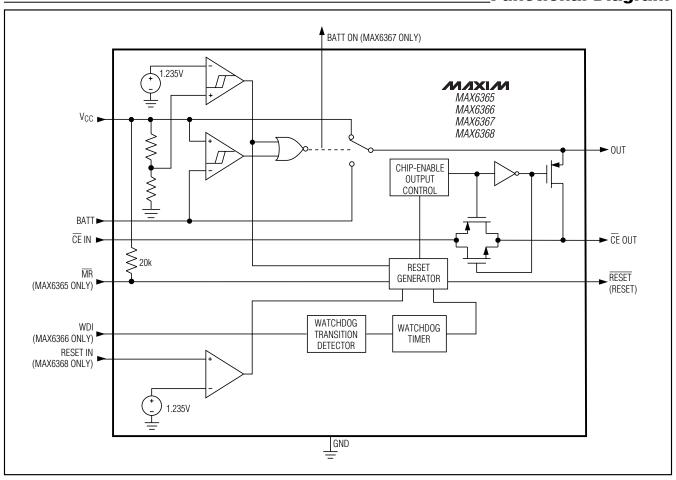


### **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION	
	RESET	Active-High Reset Output. RESET asserts high continuously when V <sub>CC</sub> is below the reset threshold (V <sub>TH</sub> ), $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is low, or RESET IN is low. It asserts in pulses when the internal watchdog times out. RESET remains asserted for the reset timeout period (t <sub>RP</sub> ) after V <sub>CC</sub> rises above the reset threshold, after the manual reset input goes from low to high, after RESET IN goes high, or after the watchdog triggers a reset event. RESET is an open-drain active-high reset output.	
1	RESET	Active-Low Reset Output. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ asserts low continuously when VCC is below the reset threshold (VTH), the manual reset input is low, or RESET IN is low. It asserts low in pulses when the internal watchdog times out. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ remains asserted low for the reset timeout period (tRP) after VCC rises above the reset threshold, after the manual reset input goes from low to high, after RESET IN goes high, or after the watchdog triggers a reset event. The MAX636_L is an active-low pushpull output, while the MAX636_P is an active-low open-drain output.	
2	CE IN	Chip-Enable Input. The input to chip-enable gating circuitry. Connect to GND or OUT if not used.	
3	GND	Ground	
	MR	<b>MAX6365</b> Manual-Reset Input. Maintaining logic low on $\overline{\text{MR}}$ asserts a reset. Reset output remains asserted as long as $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is low and for the reset timeout period (t <sub>RP</sub> ) after $\overline{\text{MR}}$ transitions from low to high. Leave unconnected, or connect to V <sub>CC</sub> if not used. $\overline{\text{MR}}$ has an internal 20k $\Omega$ pullup to V <sub>CC</sub> .	
4	WDI	<b>MAX6366</b> Watchdog Input. If WDI remains high or low for longer than the watchdog timeout period (t <sub>WD</sub> ), the internal watchdog timer runs out and a reset pulse is triggered for the reset timeout period (t <sub>RP</sub> ). The internal watchdog clears whenever reset asserts or whenever WDI sees a rising or falling edge (Figure 2).	
	BATT ON	MAX6367 Battery-On Output. BATT ON goes high when in battery-backup mode.	
	RESET IN	MAX6368 Reset Input. When RESET IN falls below 1.235V, reset asserts. Reset output remains asserted as long as RESET IN is low and for at least t <sub>RP</sub> after RESET IN goes high.	
5	Vcc	Supply Voltage, 1.2V to 5.5V. Reset asserts when $V_{CC}$ drops below the reset threshold voltage (V <sub>TH</sub> ). Reset remains asserted until $V_{CC}$ rises above V <sub>TH</sub> and for at least t <sub>RP</sub> after V <sub>CC</sub> rises above V <sub>TH</sub> .	
6	OUT	Output. OUT sources from V <sub>CC</sub> when not in reset and from the greater of V <sub>CC</sub> or BATT when V <sub>CC</sub> is below the reset threshold.	
7	Backup-Battery Input. When V <sub>CC</sub> falls below the reset threshold, OUT switches to BATT is 20mV greater than V <sub>CC</sub> . When V <sub>CC</sub> rises 20mV above V <sub>BATT</sub> , OUT switches to V <sub>CC</sub> . I hysteresis prevents repeated switching if V <sub>CC</sub> falls slowly.		
8	CE OUT	Chip-Enable Output. $\overline{CE}$ OUT goes low only when $\overline{CE}$ IN is low and reset is not asserted. If $\overline{CE}$ IN is low when reset is asserted, $\overline{CE}$ OUT will stay low for 12µs (typ) or until $\overline{CE}$ IN goes high, whichever occurs first.	



### **Functional Diagram**



### **Detailed Description**

The *Typical Operating Circuit* shows a typical connection for the MAX6365–MAX6368. OUT powers the static random-access memory (SRAM). If V<sub>CC</sub> is greater than the reset threshold (V<sub>TH</sub>), or if V<sub>CC</sub> is lower than V<sub>TH</sub> but higher than V<sub>BATT</sub>, V<sub>CC</sub> is connected to OUT. If V<sub>CC</sub> is lower than V<sub>TH</sub> and V<sub>CC</sub> is less than V<sub>BATT</sub>, BATT is connected to OUT. OUT supplies up to 150mA from V<sub>CC</sub>. In battery-backup mode, an internal MOSFET connects the backup battery to OUT. The on-resistance of the MOSFET is a function of backup-battery voltage and is shown in the BATT-to-OUT On-Resistance vs. Temperature graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*.

#### **Chip-Enable Signal Gating**

The MAX6365–MAX6368 provide internal gating of  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  signals to prevent erroneous data from being written to

CMOS RAM in the event of a power failure. During normal operation, the  $\overline{CE}$  gate is enabled and passes all  $\overline{CE}$  transitions. When reset asserts, this path becomes disabled, preventing erroneous data from corrupting the CMOS RAM. All of these devices use a series transmission gate from  $\overline{CE}$  IN to  $\overline{CE}$  OUT. The 2ns propagation delay from  $\overline{CE}$  IN to  $\overline{CE}$  OUT allows the devices to be used with most  $\mu Ps$  and high-speed DSPs.

During normal operation,  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  IN is connected to  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  OUT through a low on-resistance transmission gate. This is valid when reset is not asserted. If  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  IN is high when reset is asserted,  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  OUT remains high regardless of any subsequent transitions on  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  IN during the reset event.

If  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  IN is low when reset is asserted,  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  OUT is held low for 12µs to allow completion of the read/write operation (Figure 1). After the 12µs delay expires, the  $\overline{\text{CE}}$ 

OUT goes high and stays high regardless of any subsequent transitions on  $\overline{CE}$  IN during the reset event. When  $\overline{CE}$  OUT is disconnected from  $\overline{CE}$  IN,  $\overline{CE}$  OUT is actively pulled up to OUT.

The propagation delay through the chip-enable circuitry depends on both the source impedance of the drive to  $\overline{CE}$  IN and the capacitive loading at  $\overline{CE}$  OUT. The chip-enable propagation delay is production tested from the 50% point of  $\overline{CE}$  IN to the 50% point of  $\overline{CE}$  OUT, using a 50 $\Omega$  driver and 50pF load capacitance. Minimize the capacitive load at  $\overline{CE}$  OUT to minimize propagation delay, and use a low-output-impedance driver.

#### **Backup-Battery Switchover**

In a brownout or power failure, it may be necessary to preserve the contents of the RAM. With a backup battery installed at BATT, the MAX6365–MAX6368 automatically switch the RAM to backup power when VCC falls. The MAX6367 has a BATT ON output that goes high in battery-backup mode. These devices require two conditions before switching to battery-backup mode:

- 1) VCC must be below the reset threshold.
- 2) VCC must be below VRATT.

Table 1 lists the status of the inputs and outputs in battery-backup mode. The devices do not power up if the only voltage source is on BATT. OUT only powers up from V<sub>CC</sub> at startup.

Table 1. Input and Output Status in Battery-Backup Mode

PIN	STATUS
Vcc	Disconnected from OUT
OUT	Connected to BATT
BATT	Connected to OUT. Current drawn from the battery is less than $1\mu$ A (at $V_{BATT} = 2.8V$ , excluding $I_{OUT}$ ) when $V_{CC} = 0$ .
RESET/RESET	Asserted
BATT ON	High state
MR, RESET IN, CE IN, WDI	Inputs ignored
CE OUT	Connected to OUT

#### Manual Reset Input (MAX6365 Only)

Many  $\mu P$ -based products require manual reset capability, allowing the user or external logic circuitry to initiate a reset. For the MAX6365, a logic low on  $\overline{MR}$  asserts reset. Reset remains asserted while  $\overline{MR}$  is low and for a minimum of 150ms (t<sub>RP</sub>) after it returns high.  $\overline{MR}$  has an internal 20k $\Omega$  pullup resistor to V<sub>CC</sub>. This input can be driven with TTL/CMOS logic levels or with open-drain/collector outputs. Connect a normally open momentary switch from  $\overline{MR}$  to GND to create a manual reset function; external debounce circuitry is not required. If  $\overline{MR}$  is driven from long cables or the device is used in a noisy environment, connect a 0.1 $\mu F$  capacitor from  $\overline{MR}$  to GND to provide additional noise immunity.

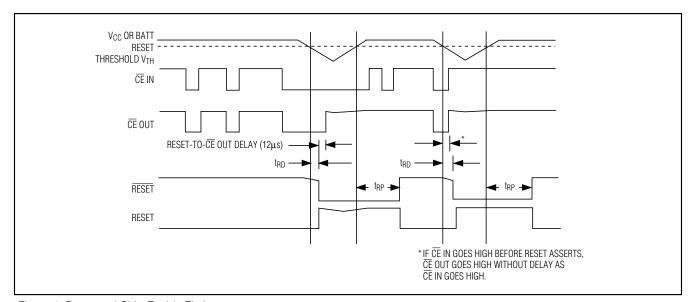


Figure 1. Reset and Chip-Enable Timing

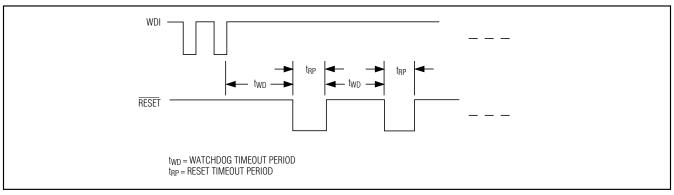


Figure 2. MAX6366 Watchdog Timeout Period and Reset Active Time

#### Watchdog Input (MAX6366 Only)

The watchdog monitors  $\mu P$  activity through the watchdog input (WDI). If the  $\mu P$  becomes inactive, reset asserts. To use the watchdog function, connect WDI to a bus line or  $\mu P$  I/O line. A change of state (high to low, low to high, or a minimum 100ns pulse) resets the watchdog timer. If WDI remains high or low for longer than the watchdog timeout period (twD), the internal watchdog timer runs out and a reset pulse is triggered for the reset timeout period (tRP). The internal watchdog timer clears whenever reset asserts or whenever WDI sees a rising or falling edge. If WDI remains in either a high or low state, a reset pulse asserts periodically after every twD (Figure 2).

#### **BATT ON Indicator (MAX6367 Only)**

BATT ON is a push-pull output that drives high when in battery-backup mode. BATT ON typically sinks 3.2mA at 0.1V saturation voltage. In battery-backup mode, this terminal sources approximately 10µA from OUT. Use BATT ON to indicate battery-switchover status or to supply base drive to an external pass transistor for higher current applications (Figure 3).

#### **RESET IN Comparator (MAX6368 Only)**

RESET IN is compared to an internal 1.235V reference. If the voltage at RESET IN is less than 1.235V, reset asserts. Use the RESET IN comparator as an undervoltage detector to signal a failing power supply or as a secondary power-supply reset monitor.

To program the reset threshold (VRTH) of the secondary power supply, use the following (see *Typical Operating Circuit*):

$$V_{RTH} = V_{REF} (R1 / R2 + 1)$$

where  $V_{REF} = 1.235V$ . To simplify the resistor selection, choose a value for R2 and calculate R1:

#### $R1 = R2 [(V_{RTH} / V_{REF}) - 1]$

Since the input current at RESET IN is 25nA (max), large values (up to 1M $\Omega$ ) can be used for R2 with no significant loss in accuracy. For example, in the *Typical Operating Circuit*, the MAX6368 monitors two supply voltages. To monitor the secondary 5V logic or analog supply with a 4.60V nominal programmed reset threshold, choose R2 = 100k $\Omega$ , and calculate R1 = 273k $\Omega$ .

#### Reset Output

A µP's reset input starts the µP in a known state. The MAX6365–MAX6368 µP supervisory circuits assert a reset to prevent code-execution errors during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions. RESET is guaranteed to be a logic low or logic high, depending on the device chosen (see the *Ordering Information*). RESET or RESET asserts when V<sub>CC</sub> is below the reset threshold and for at least 150ms (t<sub>RP</sub>) after V<sub>CC</sub> rises above the reset threshold. RESET or RESET also asserts when MR is low (MAX6365) and when RESET IN is less than 1.235V (MAX6368). The MAX6366 watchdog function will cause RESET (or RESET) to assert in pulses following a watchdog timeout (Figure 2).

### Applications Information

## Operation Without a Backup Power Source

The MAX6365–MAX6368 provide battery-backup functions. If a backup power source is not used, connect BATT to GND and OUT to  $V_{\rm CC}$ .

#### **Watchdog Software Considerations**

One way to help the watchdog timer monitor the software execution more closely is to set and reset the watchdog at different points in the program rather than pulsing the watchdog input periodically. Figure 4 shows a flow diagram in which the I/O driving the

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watchdog is set low in the beginning of the program, set high at the beginning of every subroutine or loop, and set low again when the program returns to the beginning. If the program should hang in any subroutine, the problem would be quickly corrected.

#### Replacing the Backup Battery

When  $V_{CC}$  is above  $V_{TH}$ , the backup power source can be removed without danger of triggering a reset pulse. The device does not enter battery-backup mode when  $V_{CC}$  stays above the reset threshold voltage.

#### **Negative-Going Vcc Transients**

These supervisors are relatively immune to short-duration, negative-going VCC transients. Resetting the  $\mu P$  when VCC experiences only small glitches is usually not desirable.

The *Typical Operating Characteristics* section has a Maximum Transient Duration vs. Reset Threshold Overdrive graph for which reset is not asserted. The graph was produced using negative-going V<sub>CC</sub> pulses,

starting at VCC and ending below the reset threshold by the magnitude indicated (reset threshold overdrive). The graph shows the maximum pulse width that a negative-going VCC transient can typically have without triggering a reset pulse. As the amplitude of the transient increases (i.e., goes further below the reset threshold), the maximum allowable pulse width decreases. Typically, a VCC transient that goes 100mV below the reset threshold and lasts for 30 $\mu$ s will not trigger a reset pulse.

A 0.1µF bypass capacitor mounted close to the V<sub>CC</sub> pin provides additional transient immunity.

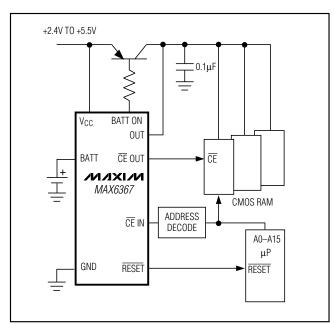


Figure 3. MAX6367 BATT ON Driving an External Pass Transistor

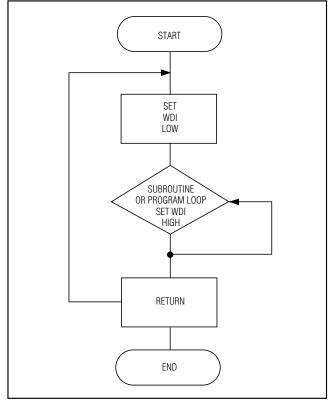


Figure 4. Watchdog Flow Diagram

### Reset Threshold Ranges

SUFFIX	RESET THRESHOLD RANGES (V)						
SUFFIX	MIN	TYP	MAX				
46	4.50	4.63	4.75				
44	4.25	4.38	4.50				
31	3.00	3.08	3.15				
29	2.85	2.93	3.00				
26	2.55	2.63	2.70				
23	2.25	2.32	2.38				

### **Device Marking Codes**

PART	TOP MARK	PART	TOP MARK	PART	TOP MARK
MAX6365LKA23	AAAM	MAX6366PKA23	AABK	MAX6367HKA23	AACI
MAX6365LKA26	AAAL	MAX6366PKA26	AABJ	MAX6367HKA26	AACH
MAX6365LKA29*	AAAK	MAX6366PKA29*	AABI	MAX6367HKA29	AACG
MAX6365LKA31	AAAJ	MAX6366PKA31	AABH	MAX6367HKA31	AACF
MAX6365LKA44	AAAI	MAX6366PKA44	AABG	MAX6367HKA44	AACE
MAX6365LKA46*	AAAH	MAX6366PKA46*	AABF	MAX6367HKA46*	AACD
MAX6365PKA23	AAAS	MAX6366HKA23	AABQ	MAX6368LKA23	AACO
MAX6365PKA26	AAAR	MAX6366HKA26	AABP	MAX6368LKA26	AACN
MAX6365PKA29*	AAAQ	MAX6366HKA29	AABO	MAX6368LKA29*	AACM
MAX6365PKA31	AAAP	MAX6366HKA31	AABN	MAX6368LKA31	AACL
MAX6365PKA44	AAAO	MAX6366HKA44	AABM	MAX6368LKA44	AACK
MAX6365PKA46*	AAAN	MAX6366HKA46*	AABL	MAX6368LKA46*	AACJ
MAX6365HKA23	AAAY	MAX6367LKA23	AABW	MAX6368PKA23	AACU
MAX6365HKA26	AAAX	MAX6367LKA26	AABV	MAX6368PKA26	AACT
MAX6365HKA29	AAAW	MAX6367LKA29*	AABU	MAX6368PKA29*	AACS
MAX6365HKA31	AAAV	MAX6367LKA31	AABT	MAX6368PKA31	AACR
MAX6365HKA44	AAAU	MAX6367LKA44	AABS	MAX6368PKA44	AACQ
MAX6365HKA46*	AAAT	MAX6367LKA46*	AABR	MAX6368PKA46*	AACP
MAX6366LKA23	AABE	MAX6367PKA23	AACC	MAX6368HKA23	AADA
MAX6366LKA26	AABD	MAX6367PKA26	AACB	MAX6368HKA26	AACZ
MAX6366LKA29*	AABC	MAX6367PKA29*	AACA	MAX6368HKA29	AACY
MAX6366LKA31	AABB	MAX6367PKA31	AABZ	MAX6368HKA31	AACX
MAX6366LKA44	AABA	MAX6367PKA44	AABY	MAX6368HKA44	AACW
MAX6366LKA46*	AAAZ	MAX6367PKA46*	AABX	MAX6368HKA46*	AACV

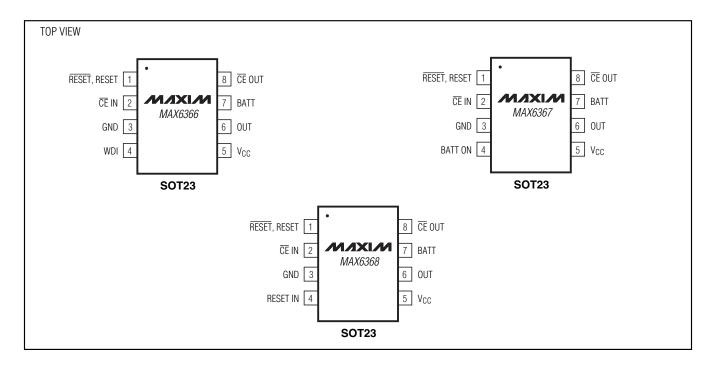
<sup>\*</sup>These standard versions are available in small quantities through Maxim Distribution. Sample stock is generally held on standard versions only. Contact factory for availability of nonstandard versions.

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### **Selector Guide**

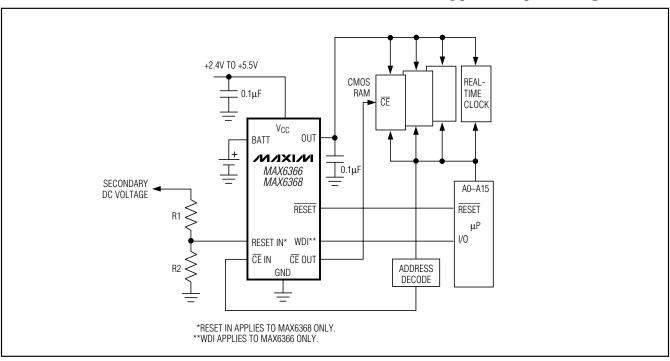
PART	MANUAL RESET INPUT	WATCH- DOG INPUT	BATT ON	RESET IN	RESET PUSH- PULL	RESET OPEN- DRAIN	RESET OPEN- DRAIN	CHIP- ENABLE GATING
MAX6365LKA	✓				✓			✓
MAX6365PKA	✓					✓		✓
MAX6365HKA	✓						✓	✓
MAX6366LKA		✓			✓			✓
MAX6366PKA		✓				✓		✓
MAX6366HKA		✓					✓	✓
MAX6367LKA			✓		✓			✓
MAX6367PKA			✓			✓		✓
MAX6367HKA			✓				✓	✓
MAX6368LKA				✓	✓			✓
MAX6368PKA			_	✓		✓		✓
MAX6368HKA				✓			✓	✓

### Pin Configurations (continued)



MIXIM

### **Typical Operating Circuit**



### **Chip Information**

PROCESS: CMOS

### \_Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	DOCUMENT NO.
8 SOT23	K8SN-1	<u>21-0078</u>

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
4	5/09	Added automotive part number to Ordering Information table	1

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Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600

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