

General Description

The MAX6316-MAX6322 family of microprocessor (µP) supervisory circuits monitors power supplies and microprocessor activity in digital systems. It offers several combinations of push/pull, open-drain, and bidirectional (such as Motorola 68HC11) reset outputs, along with watchdog and manual-reset features. The Selector Guide below lists the specific functions available from each device. These devices are specifically designed to ignore fast negative transients on VCC. Resets are guaranteed valid for VCC down to 1V.

These devices are available in 26 factory-trimmed reset threshold voltages (from 2.5V to 5V, in 100mV increments), featuring four minimum power-on reset timeout periods (from 1ms to 1.12sec), and four watchdog timeout periods (from 6.3ms to 25.6sec). Nine standard versions are available with an order increment requirement of 2500 pieces (see Standard Versions table); contact the factory for availability of other versions, which have an order increment requirement of 10,000 pieces.

The MAX6316-MAX6322 are offered in a miniature 5-pin SOT23 package.

Applications

Portable Computers

Computers

Controllers

Intelligent Instruments

Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment

Embedded Control Systems

Features

- Small 5-Pin SOT23 Package
- Available in 26 Reset Threshold Voltages 2.5V to 5V, in 100mV Increments
- ♦ Four Reset Timeout Periods 1ms, 20ms, 140ms, or 1.12sec (min)
- Four Watchdog Timeout Periods 6.3ms, 102ms, 1.6sec, or 25.6sec (typ)
- **♦ Four Reset Output Stages** Active-High, Push/Pull Active-Low, Push/Pull Active-Low, Open-Drain Active-Low, Bidirectional
- Guaranteed Reset Valid to Vcc = 1V
- **♦ Immune to Short Negative Vcc Transients**
- ♦ Low Cost
- **♦ No External Components**

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX6316 LUKT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX6316MUKT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX6317HUKT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX6318HUKT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX6318MHUKT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

Typical Operating Circuit and Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet.

Selector Guide

	W4.TOUD.CO	MANUAL	RESET OUTPUTS*					
PART	WATCHDOG INPUT	RESET INPUT	ACTIVE-LOW PUSH/PULL	ACTIVE-HIGH PUSH/PULL	ACTIVE-LOW BIDIRECTIONAL	ACTIVE-LOW OPEN-DRAIN		
MAX6316L	V	~	~	_	_	_		
MAX6316M	V	~	_	_	~	_		
MAX6317H	V	~	_	~	_	_		
MAX6318LH	V	_	~	~	_	_		
MAX6318MH**	V	_	_	~	~	_		
MAX6319LH	_	~	~	~	_	_		
MAX6319MH**	_	~	_	~	~	_		
MAX6320P	V	~	_	_	_	V		
MAX6321HP	~	_	_	~	_	V		
MAX6322HP	_	~	_	~	_	V		

The MAX6318/MAX6319/MAX6321/MAX6322 feature two types of reset output on each device.

Maxim Integrated Products 1

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^{**}Future product—contact factory for availability.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Voltage (with respect to GND)	
Vcc	
RESET (MAX6320/MAX6321/MAX6322	only)0.3V to +6V
All Other Pins	
Input/Output Current, All Pins	20mA

(Continuous Power Dissipation $(T_A = +70^{\circ}C)$	
	SOT23-5 (derate 7.1mW/°C above +70°C)	571mW
(Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
	Junction Temperature	+150°C
	Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +160°C
	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = 2.5V to 5.5V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
Operating Voltage Range	Vcc	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$			5.5	V	
		MAX6316/MAX6317/MAX6318/ MAX6320/MAX6321:	V _C C = 5.5V		10	20		
Supply Current	Icc	MR and WDI unconnected	Vcc = 3.6V		5	12	μΑ	
		MAX6319/MAX6322: Vo	$V_{CC} = 5.5V$		5	12	'	
		MR unconnected	V _C C = 3.6V		3	8		
Reset Threshold Temperature Coefficient	ΔV _{TH} /°C				40		ppm/°C	
Docat Throshold (Note 2)	\/===	T _A = +25°C		V _{TH} -1.5%	VTH	V _{TH} +1.5%	V	
Reset Threshold (Note 2)	V _{RST}	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$		V _{TH} -2.5%	VTH	V _{TH} +2.5%] V	
Reset Threshold Hysteresis					3		mV	
	t _{RP}	MAX63AT		1	1.4	2	- ms	
Reset Active Timeout Period		MAX63BT	20	28	40			
		MAX63CT	140	200	280			
		MAX63DT		1120	1600	2240		
V _{CC} to RESET Delay	t _{RD}	V _{CC} falling at 1mV/µs			40		μs	
PUSH/PULL RESET OUTPUT (MAX6316L/	MAX6317H/MAX6318_H/MAX631	19_H/MAX6321	HP/MAX632	2HP)			
		$V_{CC} \ge 1.0V$, $I_{SINK} = 50\mu A$				0.3		
	Vol	$V_{CC} \ge 1.2V$, $I_{SINK} = 100\mu A$			0.3			
RESET Output Voltage	VOL	V _{CC} ≥ 2.7V, I _{SINK} = 1.2mA	V _{CC} ≥ 2.7V, I _{SINK} = 1.2mA			0.3	V	
neser output voltage		V _{CC} ≥ 4.5V, I _{SINK} = 3.2mA				0.4	_ `	
	VOH	$V_{CC} \ge 2.7 \text{V}$, $I_{SOURCE} = 500 \mu \text{A}$		0.8 x V _{CC}				
	VOIT	$V_{CC} \ge 4.5 \text{V}$, $I_{SOURCE} = 800 \mu \text{A}$	V _{CC} ≥ 4.5V, I _{SOURCE} = 800µA					
	VoL	$V_{CC} \ge 2.7V$, $I_{SINK} = 1.2mA$				0.3		
RESET Output Voltage	VOL	V _{CC} ≥ 4.5V, I _{SINK} = 3.2mA			0.4			
		V _{CC} ≥ 1.8V, I _{SOURCE} = 150μA		0.8 x V _{CC}			V	
	VoH	V _{CC} ≥ 2.7V, I _{SOURCE} = 500μA	0.8 x V _{CC}					
		VCC ≥ 4.5V, ISOURCE = 800µA	Vcc - 1.5					

Note 1: Over-temperature limits are guaranteed by design, not production tested.

Note 2: A factory-trimmed voltage divider programs the nominal reset threshold (V_{TH}). Factory-trimmed reset thresholds are available in 100mV increments from 2.5V to 5V (see Table 1 at end of data sheet).

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = 2.5V \text{ to } 5.5V, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C.}$) (Note 1)

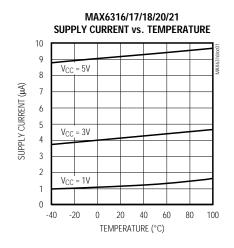
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
BIDIRECTIONAL RESET OUTP	UT (MAX63	16M/MAX6318MH/MAX6319MH)	<u>'</u>				
Transition Flip-Flop Setup Time	ts	(Note 3)		400		ns	
		V _{CC} = 3.0V, C _L = 120pF			333		
RESET Output Rise Time	+	V _C C = 5.0V, C _L = 200pF			333	no	
(Note 4)	t _R	V _C C = 3.0V, C _L = 250pF			666	ns	
		V _{CC} = 5.0V, C _L = 400pF			666	1	
Active Pull-Up Enable Threshold	V _{PTH}	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$	0.4	0.65		V	
RESET Active Pull-Up Current		$V_{CC} = 5.0V$		20		mA	
RESET Pull-Up Resistance			4.2	4.7	5.2	kΩ	
OPEN-DRAIN RESET OUTPUT	(MAX6320	P/MAX6321HP/MAX6322HP)	<u>'</u>				
		V _{CC} ≥ 1.0V, I _{SINK} = 50μA			0.3		
RESET Output Voltage	Voi	V _{CC} ≥ 1.2V, I _{SINK} = 100µA			0.3	V	
RESET Output voltage	VoL	V _{CC} ≥ 2.7V, I _{SINK} = 1.2mA			0.3	٧	
		V _{CC} ≥ 4.5V, I _{SINK} = 3.2mA			0.4		
Open-Drain Reset Output Leakage Current	I _{LKG}				1.0	μΑ	
WATCHDOG INPUT (MAX6316/	MAX6317H	/MAX6318_H/MAX6320P/MAX6321HP)	'				
	.	MAX63 W-T	4.3	6.3	9.3	ms	
Watahdag Timoout Daried		MAX63 X-T	71	102	153	1115	
Watchdog Timeout Period	twp	MAX63 Y-T	1.12	1.6	2.4	600	
		MAX63 Z-T	17.9	25.6	38.4	sec	
WDI Pulse Width	twDI	$V_{IL} = 0.3 \text{ x V}_{CC}, V_{IH} = 0.7 \text{ x V}_{CC}$	50			ns	
MDI Innut Throubald	VIL	(Nieto E)	0.3 x Vcc			V	
WDI Input Threshold	V _{IH}	(Note 5)			0.7 x V _C C	, v	
WDI Input Current	I	WDI = V _{CC} , time average		120	160		
(Note 6)	IWDI	V _{WDI} = 0, time average	-20	-15		μΑ	
MANUAL-RESET INPUT (MAX6	316_/MAX	6317H/MAX6319_H/MAX6320P/MAX6322F	HP)				
	VIL	V 4.0V	0.8				
MD In and Thursday	VIH	V _{TH} > 4.0V			2.0	V	
MR Input Threshold	VIL	V 4.0V	0.3 x Vcc			1 V	
	VIH	V _{TH} < 4.0V			0.7 x V _C C		
MR Input Pulse Width			1			μs	
MR Glitch Rejection				100		ns	
MR Pull-Up Resistance			35	52	75	kΩ	
MR to Reset Delay		$V_{CC} = 5V$		230		ns	

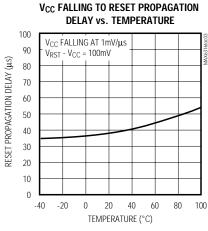
- Note 3: This is the minimum time RESET must be held low by an external pull-down source to set the active pull-up flip-flop.
- **Note 4:** Measured from \overline{RESET} V_{OL} to (0.8 x V_{CC}), R_{LOAD} = ∞ .
- **Note 5:** WDI is internally serviced within the watchdog period if WDI is left unconnected.
- Note 6: The WDI input current is specified as the average input current when the WDI input is driven high or low. The WDI input is designed for a three-stated-output device with a 10μA maximum leakage current and capable of driving a maximum capacitive load of 200pF. The three-state device must be able to source and sink at least 200μA when active.

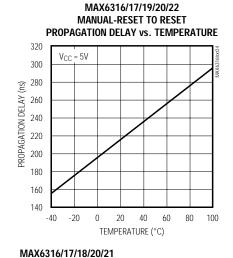


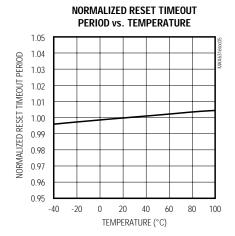
Typical Operating Characteristics

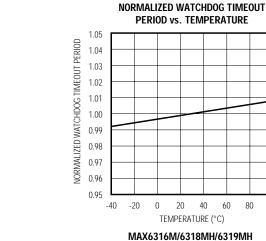
 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$

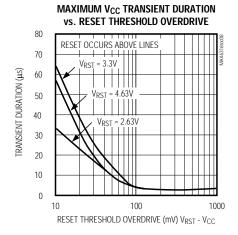


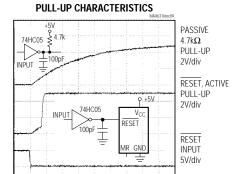












BIDIRECTIONAL

200ns/div

_Pin Description

	Р	IN			
MAX6316L MAX6316M MAX6320P	MAX6317H	MAX6318LH MAX6318MH MAX6321HP	MAX6319LH MAX6319MH MAX6322HP	NAME	FUNCTION
					MAX6316L/MAX6318LH/MAX6319LH: Active-Low, Reset Output. CMOS push/pull output (sources and sinks current).
1	_	1	1	RESET	MAX6316M/MAX6318MH/MAX6319MH: Bidirectional, Active-Low, Reset Output. Intended to interface directly to microprocessors with bidirectional resets such as the Motorola 68HC11.
					MAX6320P/MAX6321HP/MAX6322HP: Open-Drain, Active-Low, Reset Output. NMOS output (sinks current only). Connect a pull-up resistor from RESET to any supply voltage up to 6V.
_	1	3	3	RESET	Active-High, Reset Output. CMOS push/pull output (sources and sinks current). Inverse of RESET.
2	2	2	2	GND	Ground
3	3	_	4	MR	Active-Low, Manual Reset Input. Pull low to force a reset. Reset remains asserted for the duration of the Reset Timeout Period after MR transitions from low to high. Leave unconnected or connected to VCC if not used.
4	4	4	_	WDI	Watchdog Input. Triggers a reset if it remains either high or low for the duration of the watchdog timeout period. The internal watchdog timer clears whenever a reset asserts or whenever WDI sees a rising or falling edge. To disable the watchdog feature, leave WDI unconnected or three-state the driver connected to WDI.
5	5	5	5	Vcc	Supply Voltage. Reset is asserted when V _{CC} drops below the Reset Threshold Voltage (V _{RST}). Reset remains asserted until V _{CC} rises above V _{RST} and for the duration of the Reset Timeout Period (t _{RP}) once V _{CC} rises above V _{RST} .

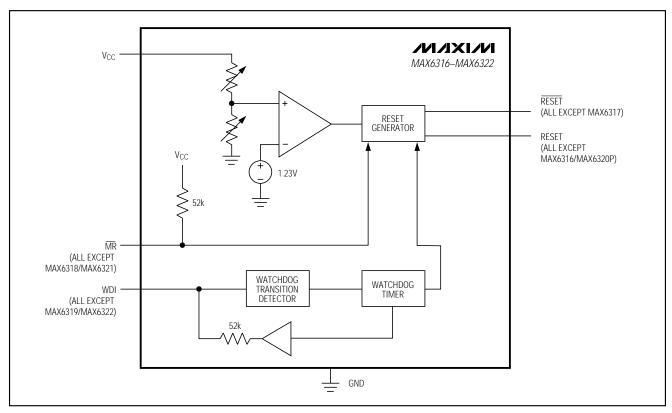


Figure 1. Functional Diagram

Detailed Description

A microprocessor's (μ P) reset input starts or restarts the μ P in a known state. The reset output of the MAX6316–MAX6322 μ P supervisory circuits interfaces with the reset input of the μ P, preventing code-execution errors during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions (see the *Typical Operating Circuit*). The MAX6316/MAX6317/MAX6318/MAX6320/MAX6321 are also capable of asserting a reset should the μ P become stuck in an infinite loop.

Reset Output

The MAX6316L/MAX6318LH/MAX6319LH feature an active-low reset output, while the MAX6317H/MAX6318_H/MAX6319_H/MAX6321HP/MAX6322HP feature an active-high reset output. RESET is guaranteed to be a logic low and RESET is guaranteed to be a logic high for VCC down to 1V.

The MAX6316–MAX6322 assert reset when VCC is below the reset threshold (VRST), when $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is pulled low (MAX6316_/MAX6317H/MAX6319_H/MAX6320P/MAX6322HP only), or if the WDI pin is not serviced within

the watchdog timeout period (twp). Reset remains asserted for the specified reset active timeout period (tpp) after VCC rises above the reset threshold, after $\overline{\text{MR}}$ transitions low to high, or after the watchdog timer asserts the reset (MAX6316_/MAX6317H/MAX6318_H/MAX6320P/MAX6321HP). After the reset active timeout period (tpp) expires, the reset output deasserts, and the watchdog timer restarts from zero (Figure 2).

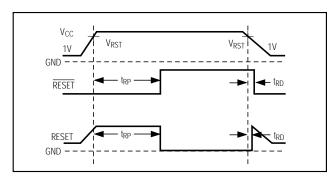


Figure 2. Reset Timing Diagram

N/IXI/N/

Bidirectional RESET Output

The MAX6316M/MAX6318MH/MAX6319MH are designed to interface with μPs that have bidirectional reset pins, such as the Motorola 68HC11. Like an open-drain output, these devices allow the μP or other devices to pull the bidirectional reset (RESET) low and assert a reset condition. However, unlike a standard open-drain output, it includes the commonly specified 4.7k Ω pull-up resistor with a P-channel active pull-up in parallel.

This configuration allows the MAX6316M/MAX6318MH/ MAX6319MH to solve a problem associated with μPs that have bidirectional reset pins in systems where several devices connect to RESET (Figure 3). These μPs can often determine if a reset was asserted by an external device (i.e., the supervisor IC) or by the μP itself (due to a watchdog fault, clock error, or other source), and then jump to a vector appropriate for the source of the reset. However, if the μP does assert reset, it does not retain the information, but must determine the cause after the reset has occurred.

The following procedure describes how this is done in the Motorola 68HC11. In all cases of reset, the μP pulls RESET low for about four external-clock cycles. It then releases RESET, waits for two external-clock cycles, then checks RESET's state. If RESET is still low, the μP concludes that the source of the reset was external and, when RESET eventually reaches the high state, it jumps to the normal reset vector. In this case, stored-state information is erased and processing begins from

scratch. If, on the other hand, RESET is high after a delay of two external-clock cycles, the processor knows that it caused the reset itself and can jump to a different vector and use stored-state information to determine what caused the reset.

A problem occurs with faster $\mu Ps;$ two external-clock cycles are only 500ns at 4MHz. When there are several devices on the reset line, and only a passive pull-up resistor is used, the input capacitance and stray capacitance can prevent RESET from reaching the logic high state (0.8 x Vcc) in the time allowed. If this happens, all resets will be interpreted as external. The μP output stage is guaranteed to sink 1.6mA, so the rise time can not be reduced considerably by decreasing the 4.7k Ω internal pull-up resistance. See Bidirectional Pull-Up Characteristics in the Typical Operating Characteristics.

The MAX6316M/MAX6318MH/MAX6319MH overcome this problem with an active pull-up FET in parallel with the $4.7k\Omega$ resistor (Figures 4 and 5). The pull-up transistor holds $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ high until the μP reset I/O or the supervisory circuit itself forces the line low. Once $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ goes below VPTH, a comparator sets the transition edge flip-flop, indicating that the next transition for $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ will be low to high. When $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is released, the $4.7k\Omega$ resistor pulls $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ up toward Vcc. Once $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ rises above VPTH but is below (0.85 x Vcc), the active P-channel pull-up turns on. Once $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ rises above (0.85 x Vcc) or the 2 μ s one-shot times out, the active pull-up turns off. The parallel combination of the $4.7k\Omega$ pull-up and the

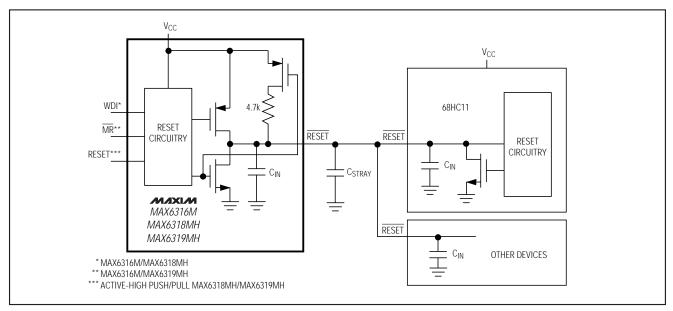


Figure 3. MAX6316M/MAX6318MH/MAX6319MH Supports Additional Devices on the Reset Bus

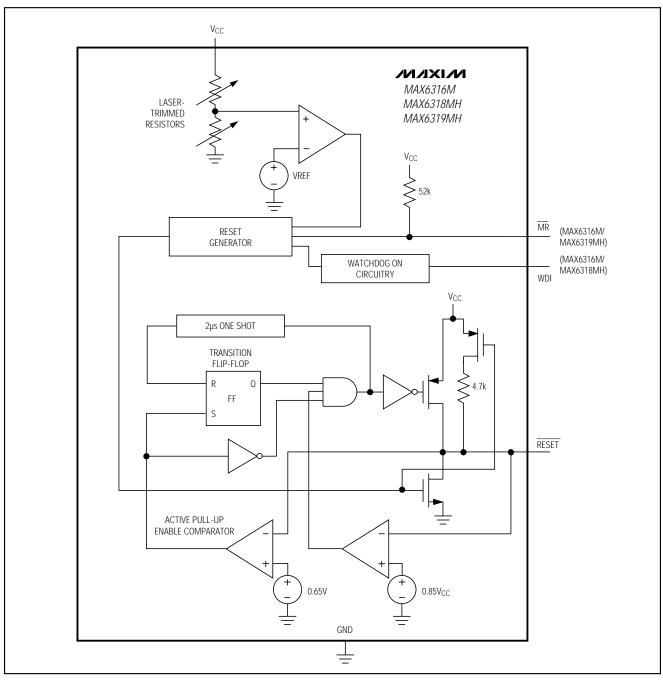


Figure 4. MAX6316/MAX6318MH/MAX6319MH Bidirectional Reset Output Functional Diagram

P-channel transistor on-resistance quickly charges stray capacitance on the reset line, allowing RESET to transition from low to high within the required two electronic-clock cycles, even with several devices on the reset line. This process occurs regardless of whether the reset was caused by VCC dipping below the reset threshold, the watchdog timing out, $\overline{\text{MR}}$ being asserted, or the μP or other device asserting RESET. The parts do not require an external pull-up. To minimize supply current consumption, the internal 4.7k Ω pull-up resistor disconnects from the supply whenever the MAX6316M/MAX6318MH/MAX6319MH assert reset.

Open-Drain RESET Output

The MAX6320P/MAX6321HP/MAX6322HP have an active-low, open-drain reset output. This output structure will sink current when RESET is asserted. Connect a pull-up resistor from RESET to any supply voltage up to 6V (Figure 6). Select a resistor value large enough to

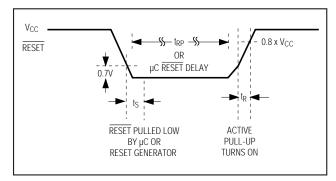


Figure 5. Bidirectional RESET Timing Diagram

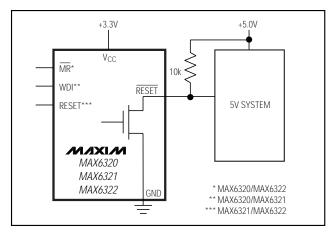


Figure 6. MAX6320P/MAX6321HP/MAX6322HP Open-Drain RESET Output Allows Use with Multiple Supplies

register a logic low (see *Electrical Characteristics*), and small enough to register a logic high while supplying all input current and leakage paths connected to the RESET line. A $10k\Omega$ pull-up is sufficient in most applications.

Manual-Reset Input

The MAX6316_/MAX6317H/MAX6319_H/MAX6320P/ MAX6322HP feature a manual-reset input. A logic low on \overline{MR} asserts a reset. After \overline{MR} transitions low to high, reset remains asserted for the duration of the reset timeout period (tpp). The \overline{MR} input is connected to V_{CC} through an internal 52k Ω pull-up resistor and therefore can be left unconnected when not in use. \overline{MR} can be driven with TTL-logic levels in 5V systems, with CMOS-logic levels in 3V systems, or with open-drain or open-collector output devices. A normally-open momentary switch from \overline{MR} to ground can also be used; it requires no external debouncing circuitry. \overline{MR} is designed to reject fast, negative-going transients (typically 100ns pulses). A 0.1 μ F capacitor from \overline{MR} to ground provides additional noise immunity.

The $\overline{\text{MR}}$ input pin is equipped with internal ESD-protection circuitry that may become forward biased. Should $\overline{\text{MR}}$ be driven by voltages higher than V_{CC}, excessive current would be drawn, which would damage the part. For example, assume that $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is driven by a +5V supply other than V_{CC}. If V_{CC} drops lower than +4.7V, $\overline{\text{MR}}$'s absolute maximum rating is violated [-0.3V to (V_{CC} + 0.3V)], and undesirable current flows through the ESD structure from $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to V_{CC}. To avoid this, use the same supply for $\overline{\text{MR}}$ as the supply monitored by V_{CC}. This guarantees that the voltage at $\overline{\text{MR}}$ will never exceed V_{CC}.

Watchdog Input

The MAX6316_/MAX6317H/MAX6318_H/MAX6320P/ MAX6321HP feature a watchdog circuit that monitors the μ P's activity. If the μ P does not toggle the watchdog input (WDI) within the watchdog timeout period (twD), reset asserts. The internal watchdog timer is cleared by reset or by a transition at WDI (which can detect pulses as short as 50ns). The watchdog timer remains cleared while reset is asserted. Once reset is released, the timer begins counting again (Figure 7).

The WDI input is designed for a three-stated output device with a $10\mu A$ maximum leakage current and the capability of driving a maximum capacitive load of 200pF. The three-state device must be able to source and sink at least $200\mu A$ when active. Disable the watchdog function by leaving WDI unconnected or by three-stating the driver connected to WDI. When the watchdog timer is left open circuited, the timer is cleared internally at intervals equal to 7/8 of the watchdog period.

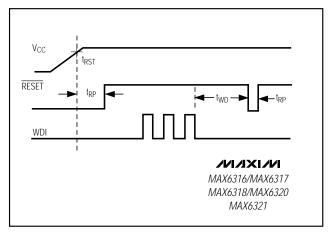


Figure 7. Watchdog Timing Relationship

Applications Information

Watchdog Input Current

The WDI input is internally driven through a buffer and series resistor from the watchdog counter. For minimum watchdog input current (minimum overall power consumption), leave WDI low for the majority of the watchdog timeout period. When high, WDI can draw as much as $160\mu A$. Pulsing WDI high at a low duty cycle will reduce the effect of the large input current. When WDI is left unconnected, the watchdog timer is serviced within the watchdog timeout period by a low-high-low pulse from the counter chain.

Negative-Going Vcc Transients

These supervisors are immune to short-duration, negative-going VCC transients (glitches), which usually do not require the entire system to shut down. Typically, 200ns large-amplitude pulses (from ground to VCC) on the supply will not cause a reset. Lower amplitude pulses result in greater immunity. Typically, a VCC transient that goes 100mV under the reset threshold and lasts less than $4\mu s$ will not trigger a reset. An optional $0.1\mu F$ bypass capacitor mounted close to VCC provides additional transient immunity.

Ensuring Valid Reset Outputs Down to $V_{CC} = 0$

The MAX6316_/MAX6317H/MAX6318_H/MAX6319_H/ MAX6321HP/MAX6322HP are guaranteed to operate properly down to $V_{CC} = 1V$. In applications that require valid reset levels down to $V_{CC} = 0$, a pull-down resistor to active-low outputs (push/pull and bidirectional only, Figure 8) and a pull-up resistor to active-high outputs (push/pull only, Figure 9) will ensure that the reset line is valid while the reset output can no longer sink or

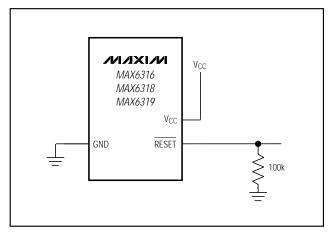


Figure 8. Ensuring \overline{RESET} Valid to V_{CC} = 0 on Active-Low Push/Pull and Bidirectional Outputs

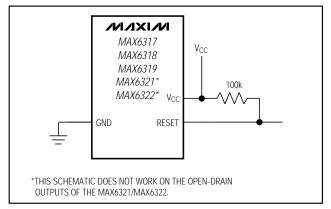


Figure 9. Ensuring RESET Valid to V_{CC} = 0 on Active-High Push/Pull Outputs

source current. This scheme does not work with the open-drain outputs of the MAX6320/MAX6321/MAX6322. The resistor value used is not critical, but it must be large enough not to load the reset output when Vcc is above the reset threshold. For most applications, $100k\Omega$ is adequate.

Watchdog Software Considerations (MAX6316/MAX6317/MAX6318/ MAX6320/MAX6321)

One way to help the watchdog timer monitor software execution more closely is to set and reset the watchdog input at different points in the program, rather than pulsing the watchdog input high-low-high or low-high-low. This technique avoids a stuck loop, in which the watchdog timer would continue to be reset inside the loop, keeping the watchdog from timing out.

Figure 10 shows an example of a flow diagram where the I/O driving the watchdog input is set high at the beginning of the program, set low at the end of every subroutine or loop, then set high again when the program returns to the beginning. If the program should hang in any subroutine, the problem would be quickly corrected, since the I/O is continually set low and the watchdog timer is allowed to time out, causing a reset or interrupt to be issued. As described in the *Watchdog Input Current* section, this scheme results in higher time average WDI current than does leaving WDI low for the majority of the timeout period and periodically pulsing it low-high-low.

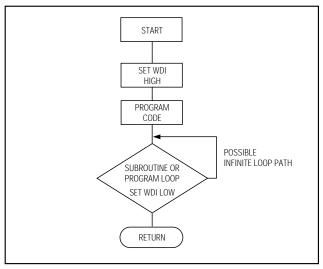


Figure 10. Watchdog Flow Diagram

Pin Configurations

TOP VIEW RESET 1 RESET 1 5 V_{CC} 5 V_{CC} MIXKN MIXIAM MAX6316 MAX6317 GND 2 GND 2 MAX6320 \overline{MR} $\lceil 3 \rceil$ \overline{MR} 34 WDI 4 WDI SOT23-5 SOT23-5 RESET 1 5 V_{CC} RESET 1 5 V_{CC} MIXKM MIXIM MAX6318 MAX6319 GND 2 GND 2 MAX6321 MAX6322 4 MR RESET 3 4 WDI RESET 3 SOT23-5 SOT23-5

Typical Operating Circuit

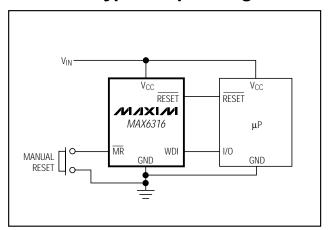


Table 1. Factory-Trimmed Reset Thresholds

DADT	DART			T _A = -40°	C to +85°C
PART	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX
MAX6350T	4.925	5.000	5.075	4.875	5.125
MAX6349T	7.827	4.900	4.974	4.778	5.023
MAX6348T	4.728	4.800	4.872	4.680	4.920
MAX6347T	4.630	4.700	4.771	4.583	4.818
MAX6346T	4.561	4.630	4.699	4.514	4.746
MAX6345T	4.433	4.500	4.568	4.388	4.613
MAX6344T	4.314	4.390	4.446	4.270	4.490
MAX6343T	4.236	4.300	4.365	4.193	4.408
MAX6342T	4.137	4.200	4.263	4.095	4.305
MAX6341T	4.039	4.100	4.162	3.998	4.203
MAX6340T	3.940	4.000	4.060	3.900	4.100
MAX6339T	3.842	3.900	3.959	3.803	3.998
MAX6338T	3.743	3.800	3.857	3.705	3.895
MAX6337T	3.645	3.700	3.756	3.608	3.793
MAX6336T	3.546	3.600	3.654	3.510	3.690
MAX6335T	3.448	3.500	3.553	3.413	3.588
MAX6334T	3.349	3.400	3.451	3.315	3.485
MAX6333T	3.251	3.300	3.350	3.218	3.383
MAX6332T	3.152	3.200	3.248	3.120	3.280
MAX6331T	3.034	3.080	3.126	3.003	3.157
MAX6330T	2.955	3.000	3.045	2.925	3.075
MAX6329T	2.886	2.930	2.974	2.857	3.000
MAX6328T	2.758	2.800	2.842	2.730	2.870
MAX6327T	2.660	2.700	2.741	2.633	2.768
MAX6326T	2.591	2.630	2.669	2.564	2.696
MAX6325T	2.463	2.500	2.538	2.438	2.563

Table 2. Standard Versions

PART	RESET THRESHOLD (V)	MINIMUM RESET TIMEOUT (ms)	TYPICAL WATCHDOG TIMEOUTS (sec)	SOT TOP MARK
MAX6316LUK46CY-T	4.63	140	1.6	ACDD
MAX6316LUK29CY-T	2.93	140	1.6	ACDE
MAX6316MUK46CY-T	4.63	140	1.6	ACDF
MAX6316MUK29CY-T	2.93	140	1.6	ACDG
MAX6317HUK46CY-T	4.63	140	1.6	ACDQ
MAX6318LHUK46CY-T	4.63	140	1.6	ACDH
MAX6319LHUK46C-T [†]	4.63	140	_	ACDK
MAX6320PUK46CY-T	4.63	140	1.6	ACDN
MAX6320PUK29CY-T	2.93	140	1.6	ACDO

Note: Nine standard versions are available, with a required order increment of 2500 pieces. Sample stock is generally held on standard versions only. The required order increment for nonstandard versions is 10,000 pieces. Contact factory for availability. † Contact factory for availability of these versions.

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Table 3. Reset/Watchdog Timeout Periods

RESET TIMEOUT PERIODS							
SUFFIX	SUFFIX MIN TYP MAX						
А	1	1.6	2				
В	20	30	40	ms			
С	140	200	280				
D	1.12	1.60	2.24	sec			
	WAT	CHDOG TIMI	EOUT				
W	4.3	6.3	9.3	ms			
Х	71	102	153	ms			
Υ	1.12	1.6	2.4	sec			
Z	17.9	25.6	38.4				

Chip Information

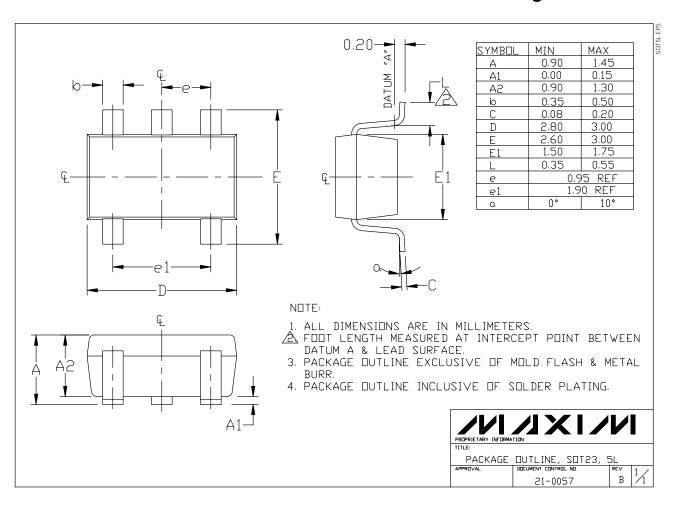
TRANSISTOR COUNT: 191
SUBSTRATE IS INTERNALLY CONNECTED TO V+

_Ordering Information (continued)

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX6319LHUKT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX6319MHUKT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX6320PUKT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX6321HPUKT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX6322HPUKT	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5

Note: These devices are available with factory-set V_{CC} reset thresholds from 2.5V to 5V, in 0.1V increments. Insert the desired nominal reset threshold (25 to 50, from Table 1) into the blanks following the letters UK. All devices offer factory-programmed reset timeout periods. Insert the letter corresponding to the desired reset timeout period (A, B, C, or D from Table 3) into the blank following the reset threshold suffix. Parts that offer a watchdog feature (see Selector Guide) are factory-trimmed to one of four watchdog timeout periods. Insert the letter corresponding to the desired watchdog timeout period (W, X, Y, or Z from Table 3) into the blank following the reset timeout suffix.

Package Information



MAX6316-MAX6322

5-Pin µP Supervisory Circuits with Watchdog and Manual Reset

NOTES



NOTES

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

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