

74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45

Dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

Rev. 4 — 20 August 2010

Product data sheet

1. General description

The 74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45 are dual bit, dual supply translating transceivers with 3-state outputs that enable bidirectional level translation. They feature two data input-output ports (nA and nB), a direction control input (DIR) and dual supply pins ($V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$). Both $V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$ can be supplied at any voltage between 1.2 V and 5.5 V making the device suitable for translating between any of the low voltage nodes (1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V and 5.0 V). Pins nA and DIR are referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$ and pins nB are referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$. A HIGH on DIR allows transmission from nA to nB and a LOW on DIR allows transmission from nB to nA.

The devices are fully specified for partial power-down applications using I_{OFF} . The I_{OFF} circuitry disables the output, preventing any damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down. In suspend mode when either $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ are at GND level, both A port and B port are in the high-impedance OFF-state.

Active bus hold circuitry in the 74LVCH2T45 holds unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

2. Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range:
 - ◆ $V_{CC(A)}$: 1.2 V to 5.5 V
 - ◆ $V_{CC(B)}$: 1.2 V to 5.5 V
- High noise immunity
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
 - ◆ JESD8-7 (1.2 V to 1.95 V)
 - ◆ JESD8-5 (1.8 V to 2.7 V)
 - ◆ JESD8C (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
 - ◆ JESD36 (4.5 V to 5.5 V)
- ESD protection:
 - ◆ HBM JESD22-A114F Class 3A exceeds 4000 V
 - ◆ MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
 - ◆ CDM JESD22-C101E exceeds 1000 V
- Maximum data rates:
 - ◆ 420 Mbps (3.3 V to 5.0 V translation)
 - ◆ 210 Mbps (translate to 3.3 V)
 - ◆ 140 Mbps (translate to 2.5 V)
 - ◆ 75 Mbps (translate to 1.8 V)
 - ◆ 60 Mbps (translate to 1.5 V)



- Suspend mode
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- ± 24 mA output drive ($V_{CC} = 3.0$ V)
- Inputs accept voltages up to 5.5 V
- Low power consumption: 16 μ A maximum I_{CC}
- I_{OFF} circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to $+85$ °C and -40 °C to $+125$ °C

3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74LVC2T45DC	-40 °C to +125 °C	VSSOP8	plastic very thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 2.3 mm	SOT765-1
74LVCH2T45DC				
74LVC2T45GT	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1 × 1.95 × 0.5 mm	SOT833-1
74LVCH2T45GT				
74LVC2T45GF	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.35 × 1 × 0.5 mm	SOT1089
74LVCH2T45GF				
74LVC2T45GD	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8U	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; UTLP based; body 3 × 2 × 0.5 mm	SOT996-2
74LVCH2T45GD				
74LVC2T45GM	-40 °C to +125 °C	XQFN8U	plastic extremely thin quad flat package; no leads; 8 terminals; UTLP based; body 1.6 × 1.6 × 0.5 mm	SOT902-1
74LVCH2T45GM				
74LVC2T45GN	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.2 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	SOT1116
74LVCH2T45GN				
74LVC2T45GS	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.35 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	SOT1203
74LVCH2T45GS				

4. Marking

Table 2. Marking

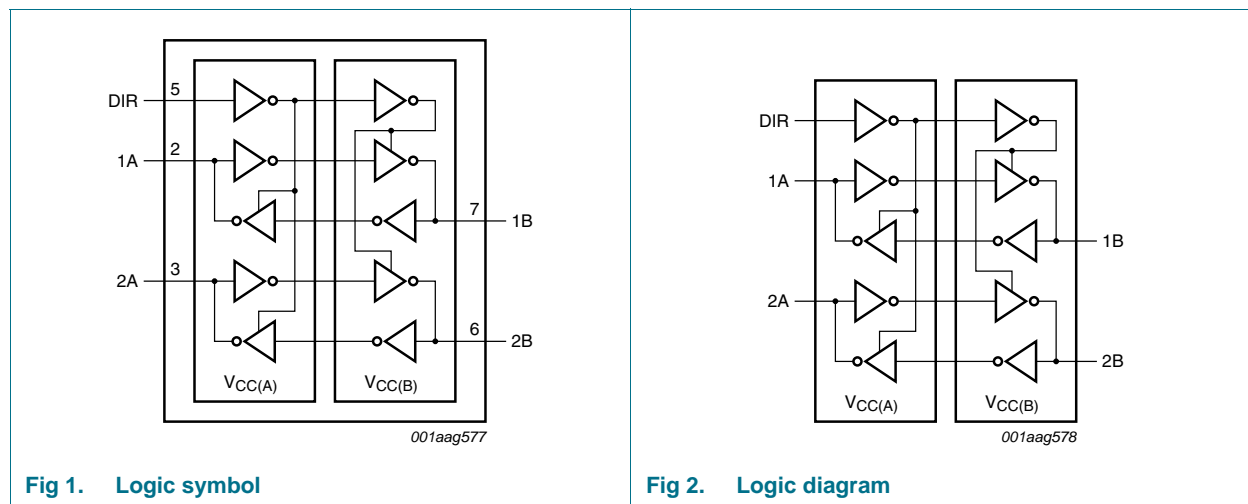
Type number	Marking code ^[1]
74LVC2T45DC	V45
74LVCH2T45DC	X45
74LVC2T45GT	V45
74LVCH2T45GT	X45
74LVC2T45GF	V5
74LVCH2T45GF	X5
74LVC2T45GD	V45
74LVCH2T45GD	X45
74LVC2T45GM	V45
74LVCH2T45GM	X45

Table 2. Marking ...continued

Type number	Marking code ^[1]
74LVC2T45GN	V5
74LVCH2T45GN	X5
74LVC2T45GS	V5
74LVCH2T45GS	X5

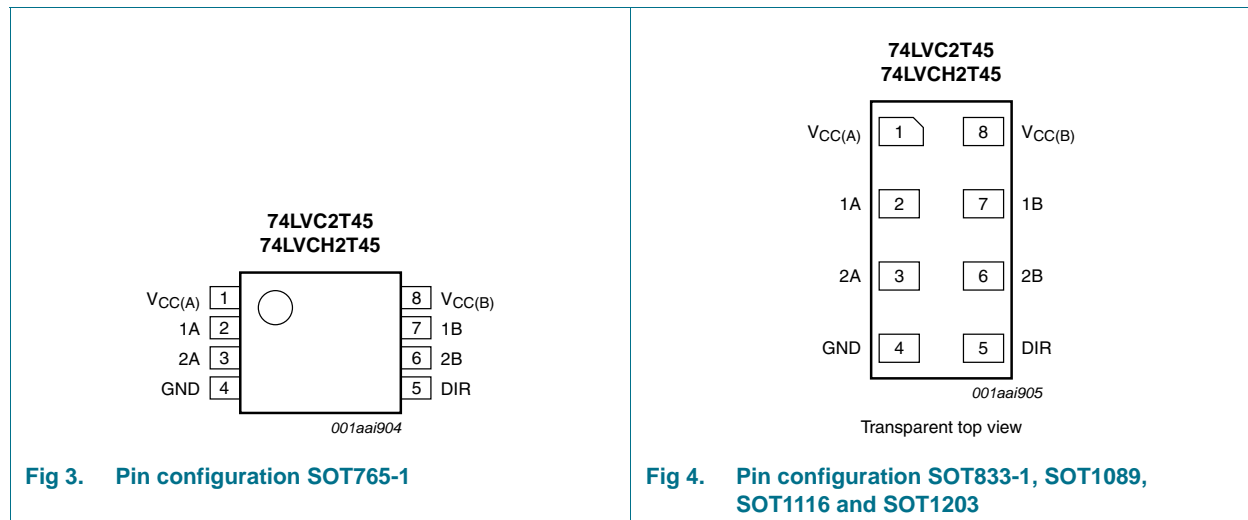
[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

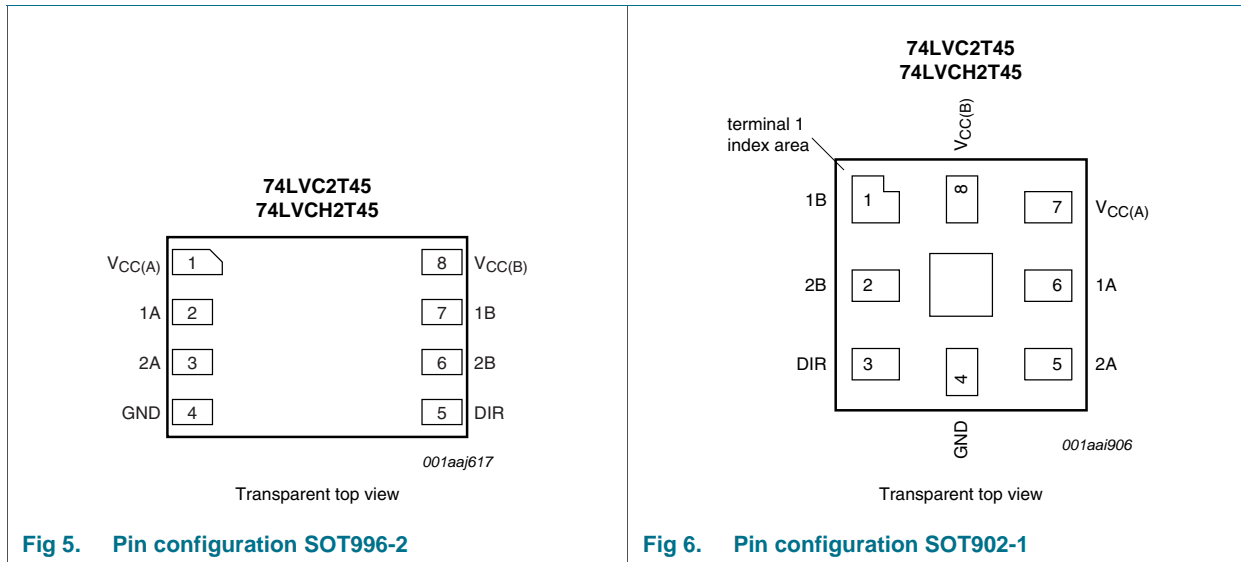
5. Functional diagram



6. Pinning information

6.1 Pinning





6.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin		Description
	SOT765-1, SOT833-1, SOT1089, SOT996-2, SOT1116 and SOT1203	SOT902-1	
V _{CC(A)}	1	7	supply voltage A (port A and DIR)
1A	2	6	data input or output
2A	3	5	data input or output
GND	4	4	ground (0 V)
DIR	5	3	direction control
2B	6	2	data input or output
1B	7	1	data input or output
V _{CC(B)}	8	8	supply voltage B (port B)

7. Functional description

Table 4. Function table^[1]

Supply voltage	Input		Input/output ^[2]	
	V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)}	DIR	nA	nB
1.2 V to 5.5 V	L	X	nA = nB	input
1.2 V to 5.5 V	H	X	input	nB = nA
GND ^[3]	X	X	Z	Z

[1] H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

[2] The input circuit of the data I/O is always active.

[3] When either V_{CC(A)} or V_{CC(B)} is at GND level, the device goes into suspend mode.

8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC(A)}$	supply voltage A		-0.5	+6.5	V
$V_{CC(B)}$	supply voltage B		-0.5	+6.5	V
I_{IK}	input clamping current	$V_I < 0$ V	-50	-	mA
V_I	input voltage		[1] -0.5	+6.5	V
I_{OK}	output clamping current	$V_O < 0$ V	-50	-	mA
V_O	output voltage	Active mode	[1][2][3] -0.5	$V_{CCO} + 0.5$	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode	[1] -0.5	+6.5	V
I_O	output current	$V_O = 0$ V to V_{CCO}	[2] -	± 50	mA
I_{CC}	supply current	$I_{CC(A)}$ or $I_{CC(B)}$	-	100	mA
I_{GND}	ground current		-100	-	mA
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40$ °C to +125 °C	[4] -	250	mW

[1] The minimum input voltage ratings and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[3] $V_{CCO} + 0.5$ V should not exceed 6.5 V.

[4] For VSSOP8 packages: above 110 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 8.0 mW/K.

For XSON8, XSON8U and XQFN8U packages: above 118 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 7.8 mW/K.

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC(A)}$	supply voltage A		1.2	5.5	V
$V_{CC(B)}$	supply voltage B		1.2	5.5	V
V_I	input voltage		0	5.5	V
V_O	output voltage	Active mode	[1] 0	V_{CCO}	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode	0	5.5	V
T_{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	input transition rise and fall rate	$V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V	[2] -	20	ns/V
		$V_{CCI} = 1.4$ V to 1.95 V	-	20	ns/V
		$V_{CCI} = 2.3$ V to 2.7 V	-	20	ns/V
		$V_{CCI} = 3$ V to 3.6 V	-	10	ns/V
		$V_{CCI} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	-	5	ns/V

[1] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[2] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

10. Static characteristics

Table 7. Typical static characteristics at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $I_O = -3\text{ mA}$; $V_{CCO} = 1.2\text{ V}$	[1] -	1.09	-	V
V_{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $I_O = 3\text{ mA}$; $V_{CCO} = 1.2\text{ V}$	[1] -	0.07	-	V
I_I	input leakage current	DIR input; $V_I = 0\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V ; $V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V	[2] -	-	± 1	μA
I_{BHL}	bus hold LOW current	A or B port; $V_I = 0.42\text{ V}$; $V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$	[2] -	19	-	μA
I_{BHH}	bus hold HIGH current	A or B port; $V_I = 0.78\text{ V}$; $V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$	[2] -	-19	-	μA
I_{BHLO}	bus hold LOW overdrive current	A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$	[2][3] -	19	-	μA
I_{BHHO}	bus hold HIGH overdrive current	A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$	[2][3] -	-19	-	μA
I_{OZ}	OFF-state output current	A or B port; $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ or V_{CCO} ; $V_{CCO} = 1.2\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V	[1] -	-	± 1	μA
I_{OFF}	power-off leakage current	A port; V_I or $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V ; $V_{CC(A)} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V	-	-	± 1	μA
		B port; V_I or $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V ; $V_{CC(B)} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V	-	-	± 1	μA
C_I	input capacitance	DIR input; $V_I = 0\text{ V}$ or 3.3 V ; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.3\text{ V}$	-	2.2	-	pF
$C_{I/O}$	input/output capacitance	A and B port; suspend mode; $V_O = 3.3\text{ V}$ or 0 V ; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.3\text{ V}$	-	6.0	-	pF

[1] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[2] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[3] To guarantee the node switches, an external driver must source/sink at least I_{BHLO}/I_{BHHO} when the input is in the range V_{IL} to V_{IH} .

Table 8. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit		
			Min	Max	Min	Max			
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	data input [1]							
		V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	0.8V _{CCI}	-	0.8V _{CCI}	-	V		
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	0.65V _{CCI}	-	0.65V _{CCI}	-	V		
		V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	-	1.7	-	V		
		V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	2.0	-	V		
		V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7V _{CCI}	-	0.7V _{CCI}	-	V		
		DIR input							
		V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	0.8V _{CC(A)}	-	0.8V _{CC(A)}	-	V		
		V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	0.65V _{CC(A)}	-	0.65V _{CC(A)}	-	V		
		V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	-	1.7	-	V		
		V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	2.0	-	V		
		V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7V _{CC(A)}	-	0.7V _{CC(A)}	-	V		
		V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	data input [1]					
				V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	-	0.2V _{CCI}	-	0.2V _{CCI}	V
V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-			0.35V _{CCI}	-	0.35V _{CCI}	V		
V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-			0.7	-	0.7	V		
V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-			0.8	-	0.8	V		
V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-			0.3V _{CCI}	-	0.3V _{CCI}	V		
DIR input									
V _{CCI} = 1.2 V	-			0.2V _{CC(A)}	-	0.2V _{CC(A)}	V		
V _{CCI} = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-			0.35V _{CC(A)}	-	0.35V _{CC(A)}	V		
V _{CCI} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-			0.7	-	0.7	V		
V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-			0.8	-	0.8	V		
V _{CCI} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-			0.3V _{CC(A)}	-	0.3V _{CC(A)}	V		
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage			V _I = V _{IH}					
				I _O = -100 μA; V _{CCO} = 1.2 V to 4.5 V [2]	V _{CCO} - 0.1	-	V _{CCO} - 0.1	-	V
		I _O = -6 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.4 V	1.0	-	1.0	-	V		
		I _O = -8 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.65 V	1.2	-	1.2	-	V		
		I _O = -12 mA; V _{CCO} = 2.3 V	1.9	-	1.9	-	V		
		I _O = -24 mA; V _{CCO} = 3.0 V	2.4	-	2.4	-	V		
		I _O = -32 mA; V _{CCO} = 4.5 V	3.8	-	3.8	-	V		

Table 8. Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IL} [2]					
		I _O = 100 µA; V _{CCO} = 1.2 V to 4.5 V	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		I _O = 6 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.4 V	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
		I _O = 8 mA; V _{CCO} = 1.65 V	-	0.45	-	0.45	V
		I _O = 12 mA; V _{CCO} = 2.3 V	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
		I _O = 24 mA; V _{CCO} = 3.0 V	-	0.55	-	0.55	V
		I _O = 32 mA; V _{CCO} = 4.5 V	-	0.55	-	0.55	V
I _I	input leakage current	DIR input; V _I = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CCI} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	±2	-	±10	µA
I _{BHL}	bus hold LOW current	A or B port [1]					
		V _I = 0.49 V; V _{CCI} = 1.4 V	15	-	10	-	µA
		V _I = 0.58 V; V _{CCI} = 1.65 V	25	-	20	-	µA
		V _I = 0.70 V; V _{CCI} = 2.3 V	45	-	45	-	µA
		V _I = 0.80 V; V _{CCI} = 3.0 V	100	-	80	-	µA
		V _I = 1.35 V; V _{CCI} = 4.5 V	100	-	100	-	µA
I _{BHH}	bus hold HIGH current	A or B port [1]					
		V _I = 0.91 V; V _{CCI} = 1.4 V	-15	-	-10	-	µA
		V _I = 1.07 V; V _{CCI} = 1.65 V	-25	-	-20	-	µA
		V _I = 1.60 V; V _{CCI} = 2.3 V	-45	-	-45	-	µA
		V _I = 2.00 V; V _{CCI} = 3.0 V	-100	-	-80	-	µA
		V _I = 3.15 V; V _{CCI} = 4.5 V	-100	-	-100	-	µA
I _{BHLO}	bus hold LOW overdrive current	A or B port [1][3]					
		V _{CCI} = 1.6 V	125	-	125	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 1.95 V	200	-	200	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 2.7 V	300	-	300	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 3.6 V	500	-	500	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 5.5 V	900	-	900	-	µA
I _{BHHO}	bus hold HIGH overdrive current	A or B port [1][3]					
		V _{CCI} = 1.6 V	-125	-	-125	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 1.95 V	-200	-	-200	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 2.7 V	-300	-	-300	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 3.6 V	-500	-	-500	-	µA
		V _{CCI} = 5.5 V	-900	-	-900	-	µA
I _{OZ}	OFF-state output current	A or B port; V _O = 0 V or V _{CCO} ; V _{CCO} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V [2]	-	±2	-	±10	µA

Table 8. Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
I _{OFF}	power-off leakage current	A port; V _I or V _O = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	±2	-	±10	μA
		B port; V _I or V _O = 0 V to 5.5 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V; V _{CC(A)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	±2	-	±10	μA
I _{CC}	supply current	A port; V _I = 0 V or V _{CCI} ; I _O = 0 A [1]					
		V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	8	-	8	μA
		V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	3	-	3	μA
		V _{CC(A)} = 5.5 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V	-	2	-	2	μA
		V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 5.5 V	-2	-	-2	-	μA
		B port; V _I = 0 V or V _{CCI} ; I _O = 0 A					
		V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	8	-	8	μA
		V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	3	-	3	μA
		V _{CC(B)} = 0 V; V _{CC(A)} = 5.5 V	-2	-	-2	-	μA
		V _{CC(B)} = 5.5 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0 V	-	2	-	2	μA
A plus B port (I _{CC(A)} + I _{CC(B)}); I _O = 0 A; V _I = 0 V or V _{CCI}							
	V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	16	-	16	μA	
	V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	4	-	4	μA	
ΔI _{CC}	additional supply current	per input; V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} = 3.0 V to 5.5 V					
		A port; A port at V _{CC(A)} - 0.6 V; DIR at V _{CC(A)} ; B port = open [4]	-	50	-	75	μA
		DIR input; DIR at V _{CC(A)} - 0.6 V; A port at V _{CC(A)} or GND; B port = open	-	50	-	75	μA
		B port; B port at V _{CC(B)} - 0.6 V; DIR at GND; A port = open [4]	-	50	-	75	μA

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[3] To guarantee the node switches, an external driver must source/sink at least I_{BHLO}/I_{BHHO} when the input is in the range V_{IL} to V_{IH}.

[4] For non bus hold parts only (74LVC2T45).

11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 9. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2\text{ V}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#); for waveforms see [Figure 7](#) and [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(B)}$						Unit	
			1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V		
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	10.6	8.1	7.0	5.8	5.3	5.1	ns	
		B to A	10.6	9.5	9.0	8.5	8.3	8.2	ns	
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	10.1	7.1	6.0	5.3	5.2	5.4	ns	
		B to A	10.1	8.6	8.1	7.8	7.6	7.6	ns	
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	ns	
		DIR to B	12.0	9.4	9.0	7.8	8.4	7.9	ns	
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	ns	
		DIR to B	9.5	7.8	7.7	6.9	7.6	7.0	ns	
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A	[1]	20.1	17.3	16.7	15.4	15.9	15.2	ns
		DIR to B	[1]	17.7	15.2	14.1	12.9	12.4	12.2	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A	[1]	22.1	18.0	17.1	15.6	16.0	15.5	ns
		DIR to B	[1]	19.5	16.5	15.4	14.7	14.6	14.8	ns

[1] t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} are calculated values using the formula shown in [Section 14.4 "Enable times"](#).

Table 10. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#); for waveforms see [Figure 7](#) and [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(A)}$						Unit	
			1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V		
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	10.6	9.5	9.0	8.5	8.3	8.2	ns	
		B to A	10.6	8.1	7.0	5.8	5.3	5.1	ns	
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	10.1	8.6	8.1	7.8	7.6	7.6	ns	
		B to A	10.1	7.1	6.0	5.3	5.2	5.4	ns	
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	9.4	6.5	5.7	4.1	4.1	3.0	ns	
		DIR to B	12.0	6.1	5.4	4.6	4.3	4.0	ns	
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	7.1	4.9	4.5	3.2	3.4	2.5	ns	
		DIR to B	9.5	7.3	6.6	5.9	5.7	5.6	ns	
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A	[1]	20.1	15.4	13.6	11.7	11.0	10.7	ns
		DIR to B	[1]	17.7	14.4	13.5	11.7	11.7	10.7	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A	[1]	22.1	13.2	11.4	9.9	9.5	9.4	ns
		DIR to B	[1]	19.5	15.1	13.8	11.9	11.7	10.6	ns

[1] t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} are calculated values using the formula shown in [Section 14.4 "Enable times"](#).

Table 11. Typical power dissipation capacitance at $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ [1][2]

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$				Unit
			1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
C_{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	A port: (direction A to B); B port: (direction B to A)	2	3	3	4	pF
		A port: (direction B to A); B port: (direction A to B)	15	16	16	18	pF

[1] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz;

f_o = output frequency in MHz;

C_L = load capacitance in pF;

V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

$\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of the outputs.

[2] $f_i = 10\text{ MHz}$; $V_i = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; $t_r = t_f = 1\text{ ns}$; $C_L = 0\text{ pF}$; $R_L = \infty\ \Omega$.

Table 12. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range $-40\text{ °C to }+85\text{ °C}$

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#); for wave forms see [Figure 7](#) and [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(B)}$										Unit
			1.5 V \pm 0.1 V		1.8 V \pm 0.15 V		2.5 V \pm 0.2 V		3.3 V \pm 0.3 V		5.0 V \pm 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	

$V_{CC(A)} = 1.4\text{ V to }1.6\text{ V}$

t_{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.8	21.3	2.4	17.6	2.0	13.5	1.7	11.8	1.6	10.5	ns
		B to A	2.8	21.3	2.6	19.1	2.3	14.9	2.3	12.4	2.2	12.0	ns
t_{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.6	19.3	2.2	15.3	1.8	11.8	1.7	10.9	1.7	10.8	ns
		B to A	2.6	19.3	2.4	17.3	2.3	13.2	2.2	11.3	2.3	11.0	ns
t_{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	ns
		DIR to B	3.5	24.8	3.5	23.6	3.0	11.0	3.3	11.3	2.8	10.3	ns
t_{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	ns
		DIR to B	2.8	18.3	3.0	17.2	2.5	9.4	3.0	10.1	2.5	9.4	ns
t_{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	39.6	-	36.3	-	24.3	-	22.5	-	21.4	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	32.7	-	29.0	-	24.9	-	23.2	-	21.9	ns
t_{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	44.1	-	40.9	-	24.2	-	22.6	-	21.3	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	38.0	-	34.0	-	30.5	-	29.6	-	29.5	ns

$V_{CC(A)} = 1.65\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$

t_{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.6	19.1	2.2	17.7	2.2	9.3	1.7	7.2	1.4	6.8	ns
		B to A	2.4	17.6	2.2	17.7	2.3	16.0	2.1	15.5	1.9	15.1	ns
t_{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.4	17.3	2.0	14.3	1.6	8.5	1.8	7.1	1.7	7.0	ns
		B to A	2.2	15.3	2.0	14.3	2.1	12.9	2.0	12.6	1.8	12.2	ns
t_{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	ns
		DIR to B	3.2	24.1	3.2	21.9	2.7	11.5	3.0	10.3	2.5	8.2	ns
t_{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	ns
		DIR to B	2.5	17.6	2.6	16.0	2.2	9.2	2.7	8.4	2.4	7.1	ns

Table 12. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +85 °C ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#); for wave forms see [Figure 7](#) and [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A 1	-	35.2	-	33.7	-	25.2	-	23.9	-	22.2	ns
		DIR to B 1	-	29.6	-	28.2	-	19.8	-	17.7	-	17.3	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A 1	-	39.4	-	36.2	-	24.4	-	22.9	-	20.4	ns
		DIR to B 1	-	34.4	-	31.4	-	25.6	-	24.2	-	24.1	ns
V_{CC(A)} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.3	17.9	2.3	16.0	1.5	8.5	1.3	6.2	1.1	4.8	ns
		B to A	2.0	13.5	2.2	9.3	1.5	8.5	1.4	8.0	1.0	7.5	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.3	15.8	2.1	12.9	1.4	7.5	1.3	5.4	0.9	4.6	ns
		B to A	1.8	11.8	1.9	8.5	1.4	7.5	1.3	7.0	0.9	6.2	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	ns
		DIR to B	3.0	22.5	3.0	21.4	2.5	11.0	2.8	9.3	2.3	6.9	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	ns
		DIR to B	2.3	14.6	2.5	13.2	2.0	9.0	2.5	8.4	1.8	5.8	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A 1	-	28.1	-	22.5	-	17.5	-	16.4	-	13.3	ns
		DIR to B 1	-	23.7	-	21.8	-	14.3	-	12.0	-	10.6	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A 1	-	34.3	-	29.9	-	18.5	-	16.3	-	13.1	ns
		DIR to B 1	-	23.9	-	21.0	-	15.6	-	13.5	-	12.7	ns
V_{CC(A)} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.3	17.1	2.1	15.5	1.4	8.0	0.8	5.6	0.7	4.4	ns
		B to A	1.7	11.8	1.7	7.2	1.3	6.2	0.7	5.6	0.6	5.4	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.2	15.6	2.0	12.6	1.3	7.0	0.8	5.0	0.7	4.0	ns
		B to A	1.7	10.9	1.8	7.1	1.3	5.4	0.8	5.0	0.7	4.5	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.3	7.3	2.3	7.3	2.3	7.3	2.3	7.3	2.7	7.3	ns
		DIR to B	2.9	18.0	2.9	16.5	2.3	10.1	2.7	8.6	2.2	6.3	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	ns
		DIR to B	2.3	13.6	2.4	12.5	1.9	7.8	2.3	7.1	1.7	4.9	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A 1	-	25.4	-	19.7	-	14.0	-	12.7	-	10.3	ns
		DIR to B 1	-	22.7	-	21.1	-	13.6	-	11.2	-	10.0	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A 1	-	28.9	-	23.6	-	15.5	-	13.6	-	10.8	ns
		DIR to B 1	-	22.9	-	19.9	-	14.3	-	12.3	-	11.3	ns
V_{CC(A)} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.2	16.6	1.9	15.1	1.0	7.5	0.7	5.4	0.5	3.9	ns
		B to A	1.6	10.5	1.4	6.8	1.0	4.8	0.7	4.4	0.5	3.9	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.3	15.3	1.8	12.2	1.0	6.2	0.7	4.5	0.5	3.5	ns
		B to A	1.7	10.8	1.7	7.0	0.9	4.6	0.7	4.0	0.5	3.5	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	ns
		DIR to B	2.9	17.3	2.9	16.1	2.3	9.7	2.7	8.0	2.5	5.7	ns

Table 12. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range –40 °C to +85 °C ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#); for wave forms see [Figure 7](#) and [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.4	3.7	1.4	3.7	1.3	3.7	1.0	3.7	0.9	3.7	ns
		DIR to B	2.3	13.1	2.4	12.1	1.9	7.4	2.3	7.0	1.8	4.5	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	23.6	-	18.9	-	12.2	-	11.4	-	8.4	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	20.3	-	18.8	-	11.2	-	9.1	-	7.6	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	28.1	-	23.1	-	14.3	-	12.0	-	9.2	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	20.7	-	17.6	-	11.6	-	9.9	-	8.9	ns

[1] t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} are calculated values using the formula shown in [Section 14.4 "Enable times"](#).

Table 13. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range –40 °C to +125 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#); for wave forms see [Figure 7](#) and [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	

V_{CC(A)} = 1.4 V to 1.6 V

t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.5	23.5	2.1	19.4	1.8	14.9	1.5	13.0	1.4	11.6	ns
		B to A	2.5	23.5	2.3	21.1	2.0	16.4	2.0	13.7	1.9	13.2	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.3	21.3	1.9	16.9	1.6	13.0	1.5	12.0	1.5	11.9	ns
		B to A	2.3	21.3	2.1	19.1	2.0	14.6	1.9	12.5	2.0	12.1	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	ns
		DIR to B	3.1	27.3	3.1	26.0	2.7	12.1	2.9	12.5	2.5	11.4	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	ns
		DIR to B	2.5	20.2	2.7	19.0	2.2	10.4	2.7	11.2	2.2	10.4	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	43.7	-	40.1	-	26.8	-	24.9	-	23.6	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	36.1	-	32.0	-	27.5	-	25.6	-	24.2	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	48.6	-	45.1	-	26.7	-	25.0	-	23.5	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	41.9	-	37.5	-	33.6	-	32.6	-	32.5	ns

V_{CC(A)} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V

t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.3	21.1	1.9	19.5	1.9	10.3	1.5	8.0	1.2	7.5	ns
		B to A	2.1	19.4	1.9	19.5	2.0	17.6	1.8	17.1	1.7	16.7	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.1	19.1	1.8	15.8	1.4	9.4	1.6	7.9	1.5	7.7	ns
		B to A	1.9	16.9	1.8	15.8	1.8	14.2	1.8	13.9	1.6	13.5	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	ns
		DIR to B	2.8	26.6	2.8	24.1	2.4	12.7	2.7	11.4	2.2	9.1	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	ns
		DIR to B	2.2	19.4	2.3	17.6	1.9	10.2	2.4	9.3	2.1	7.9	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	38.8	-	37.1	-	27.8	-	26.4	-	24.6	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	32.7	-	31.1	-	21.9	-	19.6	-	19.1	ns

Table 13. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$...continued
 Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#); for wave forms see [Figure 7](#) and [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(B)}$										Unit
			1.5 V \pm 0.1 V		1.8 V \pm 0.15 V		2.5 V \pm 0.2 V		3.3 V \pm 0.3 V		5.0 V \pm 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	43.5	-	39.9	-	26.9	-	25.3	-	22.6	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	38.0	-	34.7	-	28.3	-	26.8	-	26.6	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.0	19.7	2.0	17.6	1.3	9.4	1.1	6.9	0.9	5.3	ns
		B to A	1.8	14.9	1.9	10.3	1.3	9.4	1.2	8.8	0.9	8.3	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.0	17.4	1.8	14.2	1.2	8.3	1.1	6.0	0.8	5.1	ns
		B to A	1.6	13.0	1.7	9.4	1.2	8.3	1.1	7.7	0.8	6.9	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	ns
		DIR to B	2.7	24.8	2.7	23.6	2.2	12.1	2.5	10.3	2.0	7.6	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	ns
		DIR to B	2.0	16.1	2.2	14.6	1.8	9.9	2.2	9.3	1.6	6.4	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	31.0	-	24.9	-	19.3	-	18.1	-	14.7	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	26.1	-	24.0	-	15.8	-	13.3	-	11.7	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	37.8	-	33.0	-	20.4	-	18.0	-	14.5	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	26.4	-	23.2	-	17.3	-	15.0	-	14.1	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = 3.0\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.0	18.9	1.8	17.1	1.2	8.8	0.7	6.2	0.6	4.9	ns
		B to A	1.5	13.0	1.5	8.0	1.1	6.9	0.6	6.2	0.5	6.0	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	1.9	17.2	1.8	13.9	1.1	7.7	0.7	5.5	0.6	4.4	ns
		B to A	1.5	12.0	1.6	7.9	1.1	6.0	0.7	5.5	0.6	5.0	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.0	8.1	2.0	8.1	2.0	8.1	2.0	8.1	2.4	8.1	ns
		DIR to B	2.6	19.8	2.6	18.2	2.0	11.2	2.4	9.5	1.9	7.0	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	ns
		DIR to B	2.0	15.0	2.1	13.8	1.7	8.6	2.0	7.9	1.5	5.4	ns
t _{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	28.0	-	21.8	-	15.5	-	14.1	-	11.4	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	25.1	-	23.3	-	15.0	-	12.4	-	11.1	ns
t _{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	31.8	-	26.1	-	17.2	-	15.0	-	12.0	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	25.3	-	22.0	-	15.8	-	13.6	-	12.5	ns
$V_{CC(A)} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$													
t _{PLH}	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	1.9	18.3	1.7	16.7	0.9	8.3	0.6	6.0	0.4	4.3	ns
		B to A	1.4	11.6	1.2	7.5	0.9	5.3	0.6	4.9	0.4	4.3	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.0	16.9	1.6	13.5	0.9	6.9	0.6	5.0	0.4	3.9	ns
		B to A	1.5	11.9	1.5	7.7	0.8	5.1	0.6	4.4	0.4	3.9	ns
t _{PHZ}	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	ns
		DIR to B	2.6	19.1	2.6	17.8	2.0	10.7	2.4	8.8	2.2	6.3	ns
t _{PLZ}	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.2	4.1	1.2	4.1	1.1	4.1	0.9	4.1	0.8	4.1	ns
		DIR to B	2.0	14.5	2.1	13.4	1.7	8.2	2.0	7.7	1.6	5.0	ns

Table 13. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$...continued
 Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#); for wave forms see [Figure 7](#) and [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(B)}$										Unit
			1.5 V \pm 0.1 V		1.8 V \pm 0.15 V		2.5 V \pm 0.2 V		3.3 V \pm 0.3 V		5.0 V \pm 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PZH}	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	26.1	-	20.9	-	13.5	-	12.6	-	9.3	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	22.4	-	20.8	-	12.4	-	10.1	-	8.4	ns
t_{PZL}	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	-	31.0	-	25.5	-	15.8	-	13.2	-	10.2	ns
		DIR to B [1]	-	22.9	-	19.5	-	12.9	-	11.0	-	9.9	ns

[1] t_{PZH} and t_{PZL} are calculated values using the formula shown in [Section 14.4 "Enable times"](#).

12. Waveforms

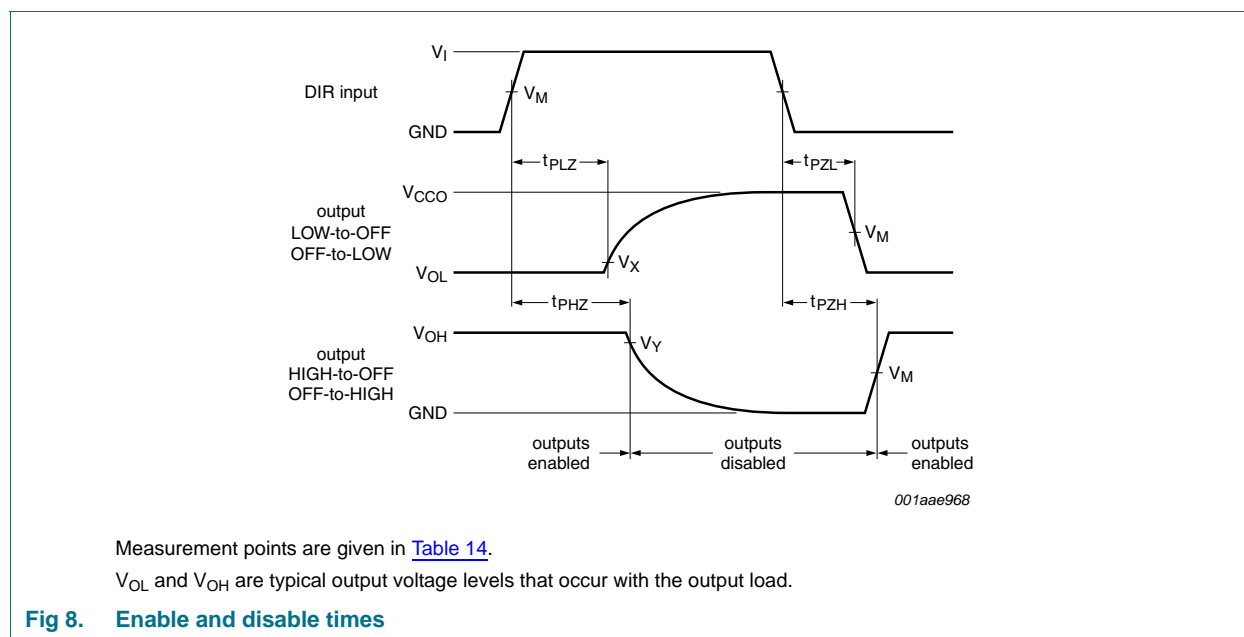
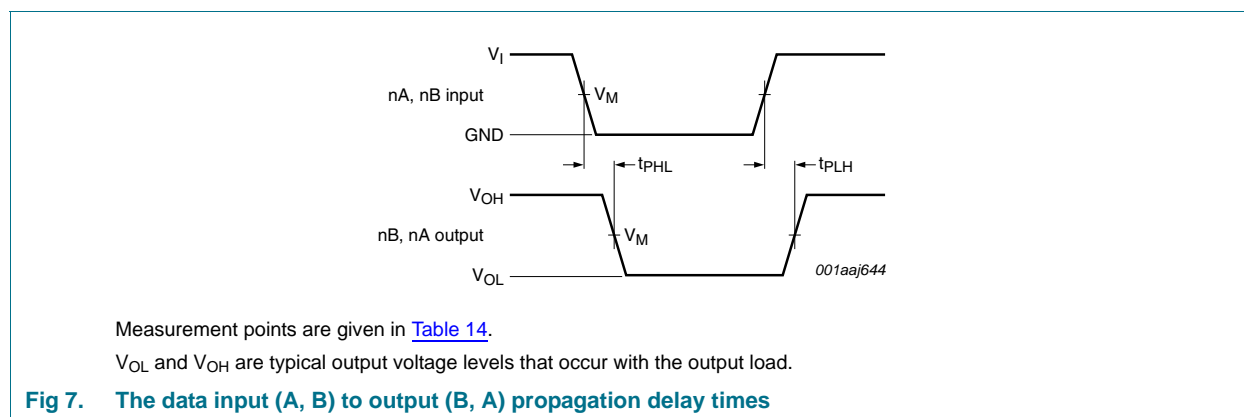


Table 14. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Input ^[1]	Output ^[2]		
V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)}	V _M	V _M	V _X	V _Y
1.2 V to 1.6 V	0.5V _{CCi}	0.5V _{CCo}	V _{OL} + 0.1 V	V _{OH} - 0.1 V
1.65 V to 2.7 V	0.5V _{CCi}	0.5V _{CCo}	V _{OL} + 0.15 V	V _{OH} - 0.15 V
3.0 V to 5.5 V	0.5V _{CCi}	0.5V _{CCo}	V _{OL} + 0.3 V	V _{OH} - 0.3 V

[1] V_{CCi} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[2] V_{CCo} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

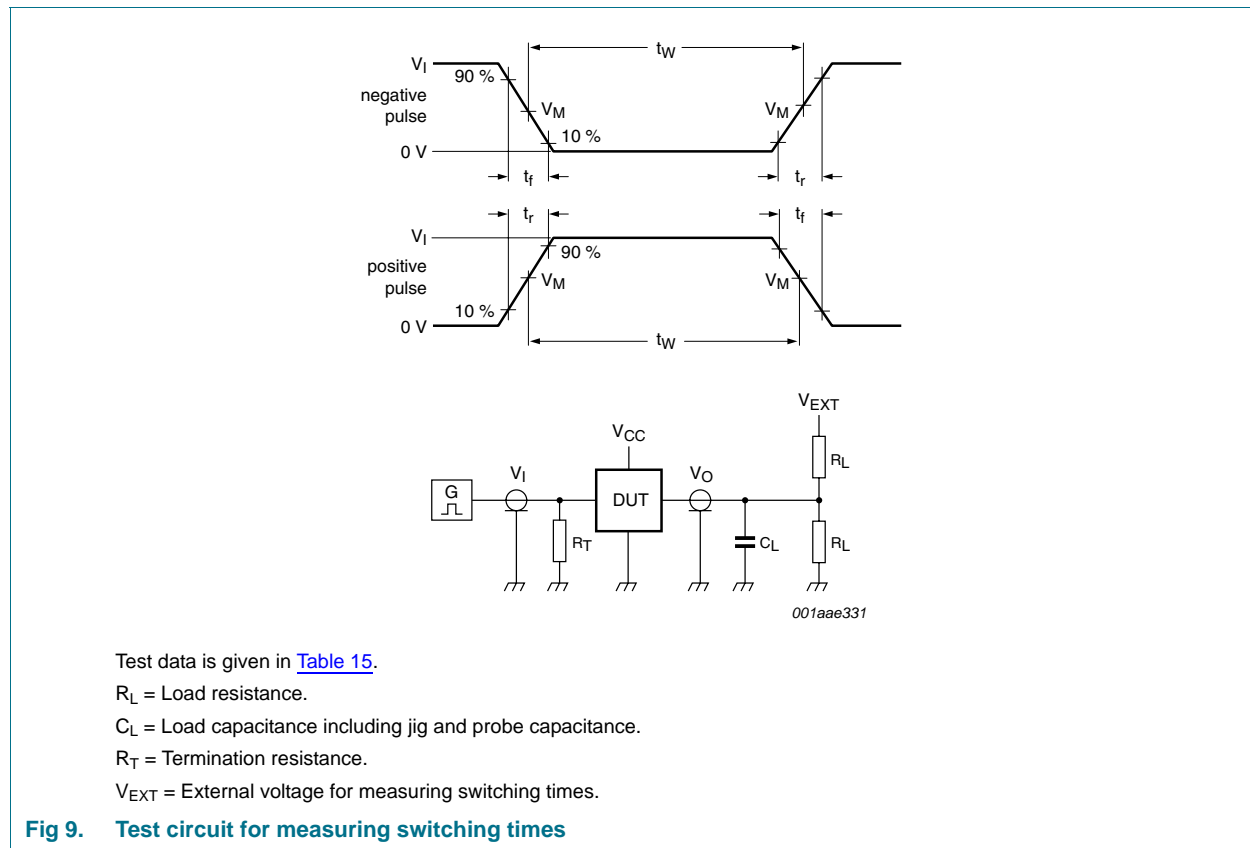


Table 15. Test data

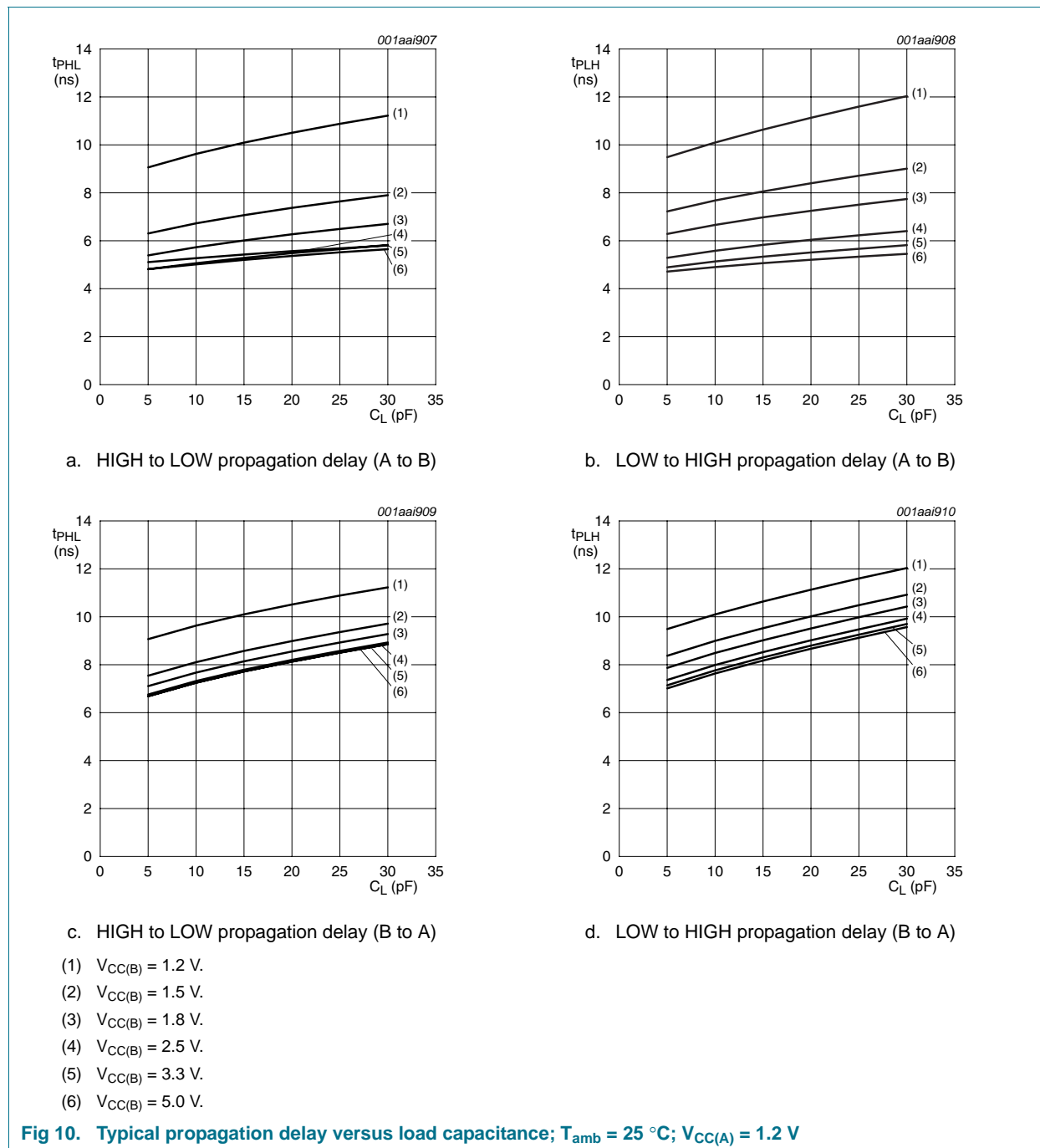
Supply voltage	Input		Load		V _{EXT}		
V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)}	V _I ^[1]	Δt/ΔV ^[2]	C _L	R _L	t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	t _{PZH} , t _{PHZ}	t _{PZL} , t _{PLZ} ^[3]
1.2 V to 5.5 V	V _{CCi}	≤ 1.0 ns/V	15 pF	2 kΩ	open	GND	2V _{CCo}

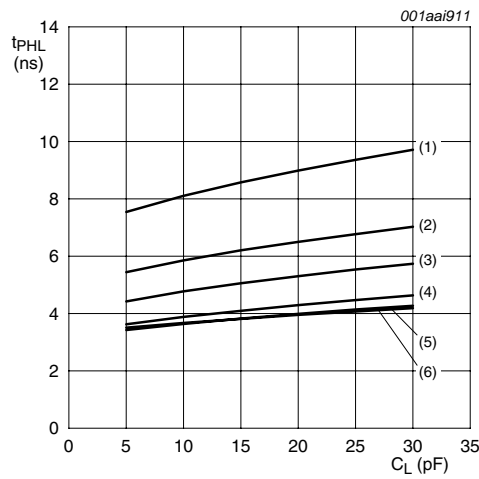
[1] V_{CCi} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[2] dV/dt ≥ 1.0 V/ns.

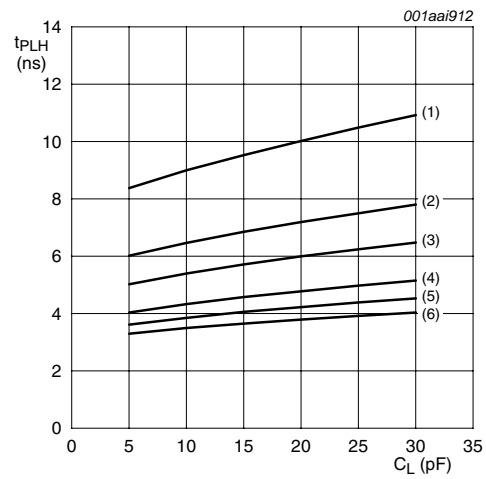
[3] V_{CCo} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

13. Typical propagation delay characteristics

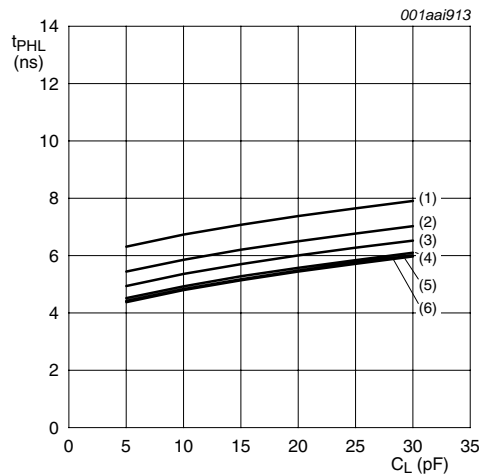




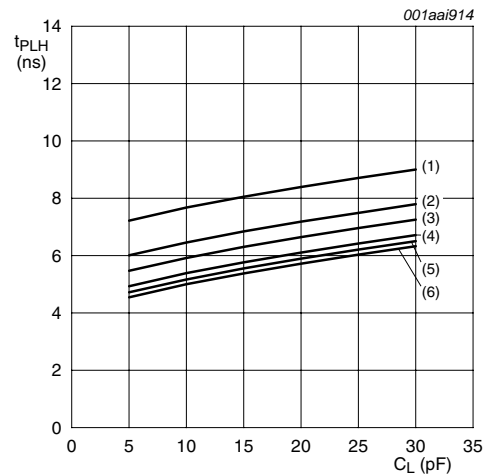
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



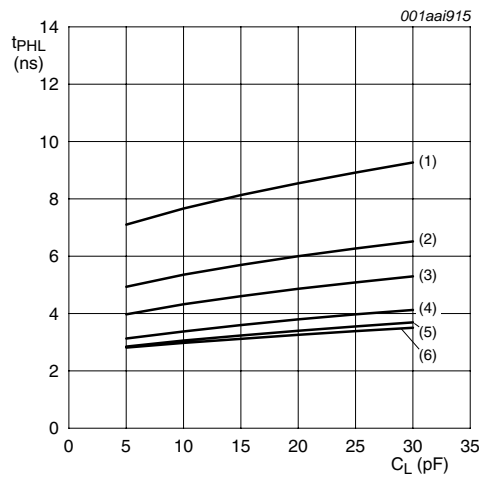
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



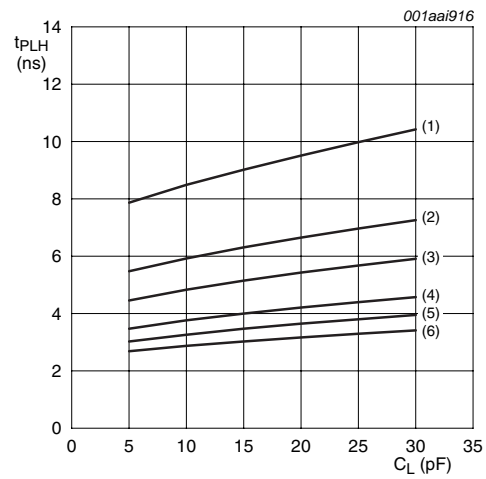
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5\text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8\text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5\text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3\text{ V}$.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0\text{ V}$.

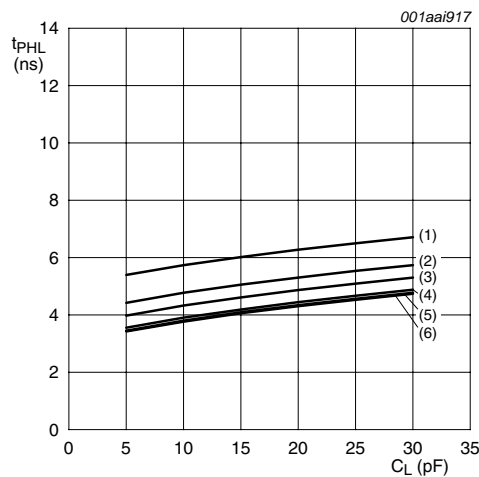
Fig 11. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.5\text{ V}$



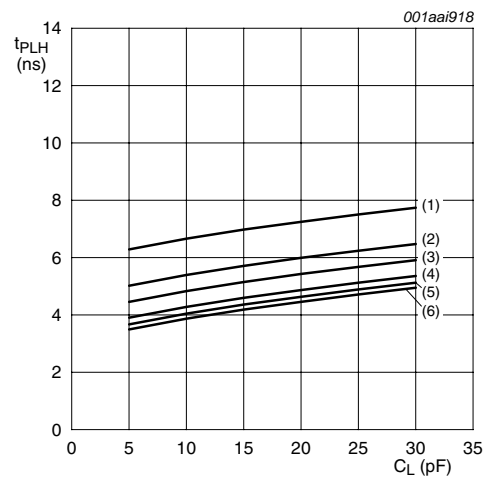
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



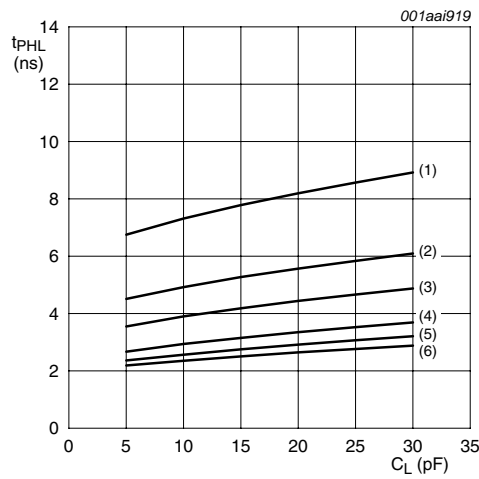
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



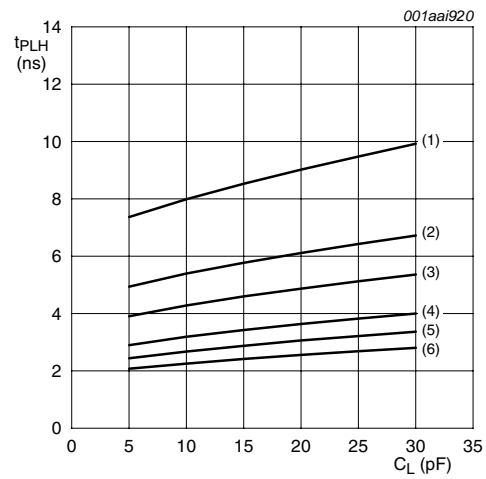
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0 \text{ V}$.

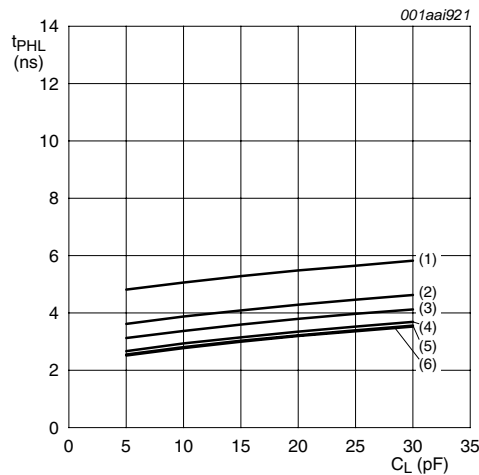
Fig 12. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$



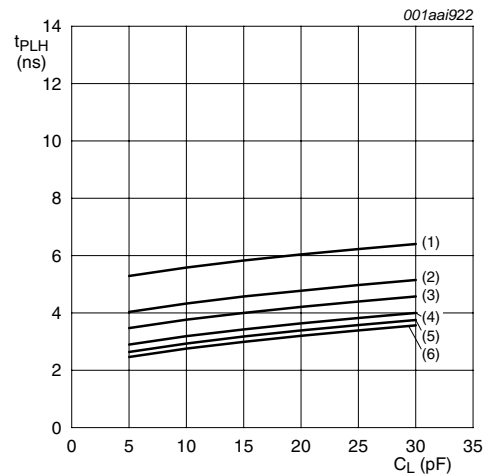
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



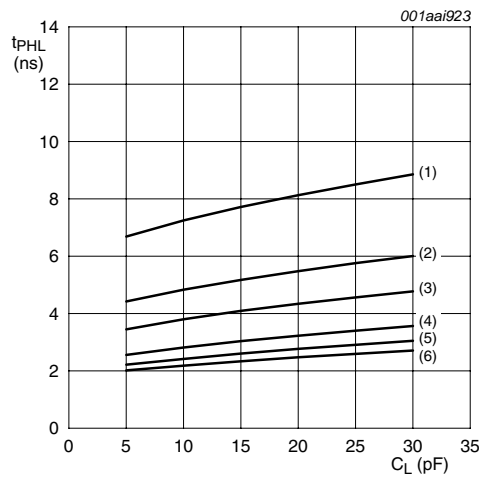
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



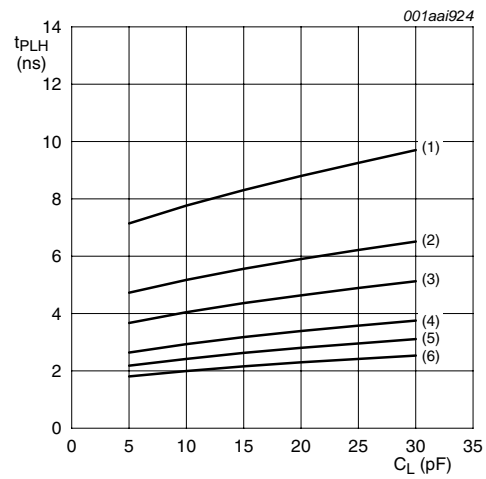
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5\text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8\text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5\text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3\text{ V}$.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0\text{ V}$.

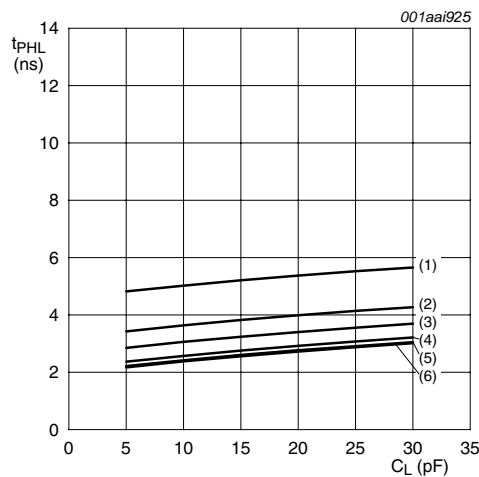
Fig 13. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 2.5\text{ V}$



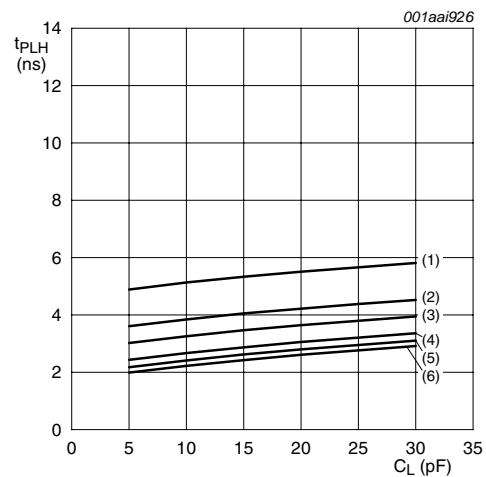
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



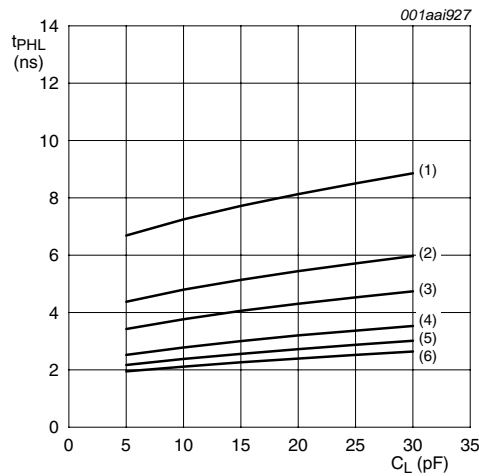
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



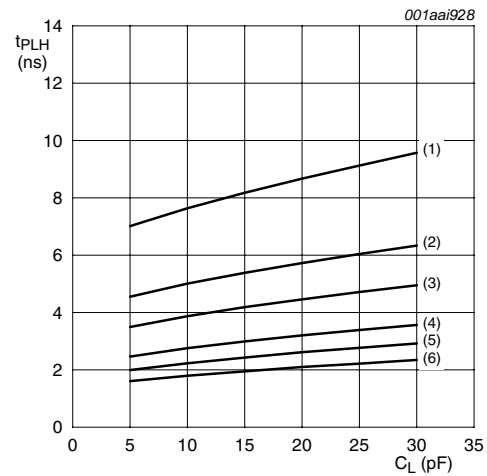
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0 \text{ V}$.

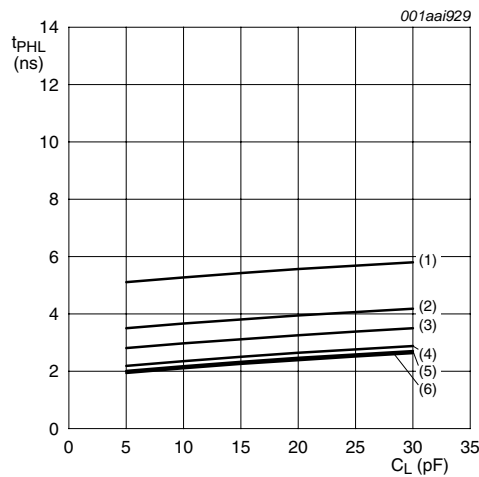
Fig 14. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$



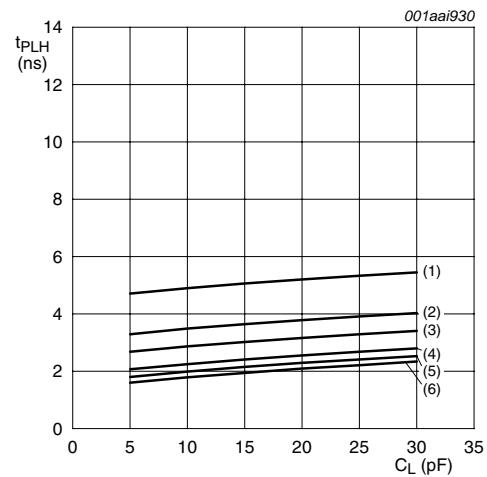
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0 \text{ V}$.

Fig 15. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 5 \text{ V}$

14. Application information

14.1 Unidirectional logic level-shifting application

The circuit given in [Figure 16](#) is an example of the 74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45 being used in an unidirectional logic level-shifting application.

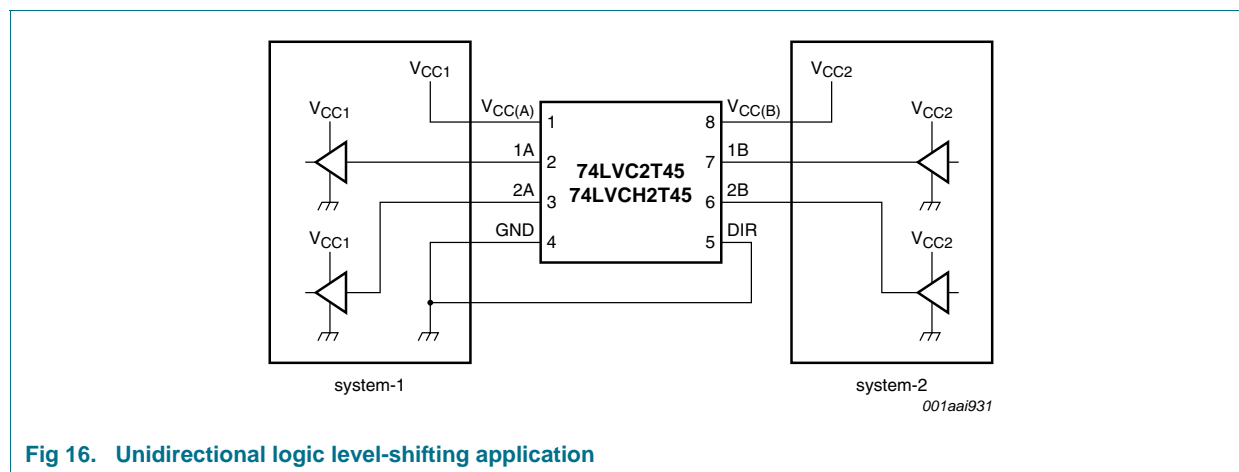


Fig 16. Unidirectional logic level-shifting application

Table 16. Description of unidirectional logic level-shifting application

Pin	Name	Function	Description
1	V _{CC(A)}	V _{CC1}	supply voltage of system-1 (1.2 V to 5.5 V)
2	1A	OUT	output level depends on V _{CC1} voltage
3	2A	OUT	output level depends on V _{CC1} voltage
4	GND	GND	device GND
5	DIR	DIR	the GND (LOW level) determines B port to A port direction
6	2B	IN	input threshold value depends on V _{CC2} voltage
7	1B	IN	input threshold value depends on V _{CC2} voltage
8	V _{CC(B)}	V _{CC2}	supply voltage of system-2 (1.2 V to 5.5 V)

14.2 Bidirectional logic level-shifting application

[Figure 17](#) shows the 74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45 being used in a bidirectional logic level-shifting application. Since the device does not have an output enable pin, the system designer should take precautions to avoid bus contention between system-1 and system-2 when changing directions.

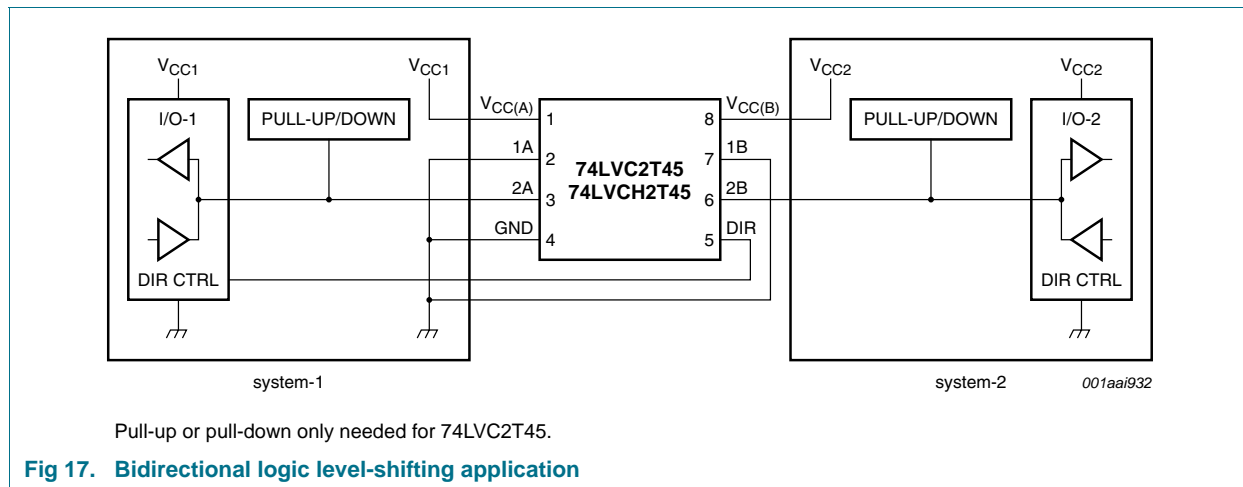


Table 17 gives a sequence that will illustrate data transmission from system-1 to system-2 and then from system-2 to system-1.

Table 17. Description of bidirectional logic level-shifting application^[1]

State	DIR CTRL	I/O-1	I/O-2	Description
1	H	output	input	system-1 data to system-2
2	H	Z	Z	system-2 is getting ready to send data to system-1. I/O-1 and I/O-2 are disabled. The bus-line state depends on bus hold
3	L	Z	Z	DIR bit is set LOW. I/O-1 and I/O-2 still are disabled. The bus-line state depends on bus hold
4	L	input	output	system-2 data to system-1

- [1] H = HIGH voltage level;
 L = LOW voltage level;
 Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

14.3 Power-up considerations

The device is designed such that no special power-up sequence is required other than GND being applied first.

Table 18. Typical total supply current ($I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)}$)

$V_{CC(A)}$	$V_{CC(B)}$					Unit
	0 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
0 V	0	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	μA
1.8 V	< 1	< 2	< 2	< 2	2	μA
2.5 V	< 1	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	μA
3.3 V	< 1	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	μA
5.0 V	< 1	2	< 2	< 2	< 2	μA

14.4 Enable times

Calculate the enable times for the 74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45 using the following formulas:

- $t_{PZH} \text{ (DIR to A)} = t_{PLZ} \text{ (DIR to B)} + t_{PLH} \text{ (B to A)}$
- $t_{PZL} \text{ (DIR to A)} = t_{PHZ} \text{ (DIR to B)} + t_{PHL} \text{ (B to A)}$
- $t_{PZH} \text{ (DIR to B)} = t_{PLZ} \text{ (DIR to A)} + t_{PLH} \text{ (A to B)}$
- $t_{PZL} \text{ (DIR to B)} = t_{PHZ} \text{ (DIR to A)} + t_{PHL} \text{ (A to B)}$

In a bidirectional application, these enable times provide the maximum delay from the time the DIR bit is switched until an output is expected. For example, if the 74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45 initially is transmitting from A to B, then the DIR bit is switched, the B port of the device must be disabled before presenting it with an input. After the B port has been disabled, an input signal applied to it appears on the corresponding A port after the specified propagation delay.

15. Package outline

VSSOP8: plastic very thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 2.3 mm

SOT765-1

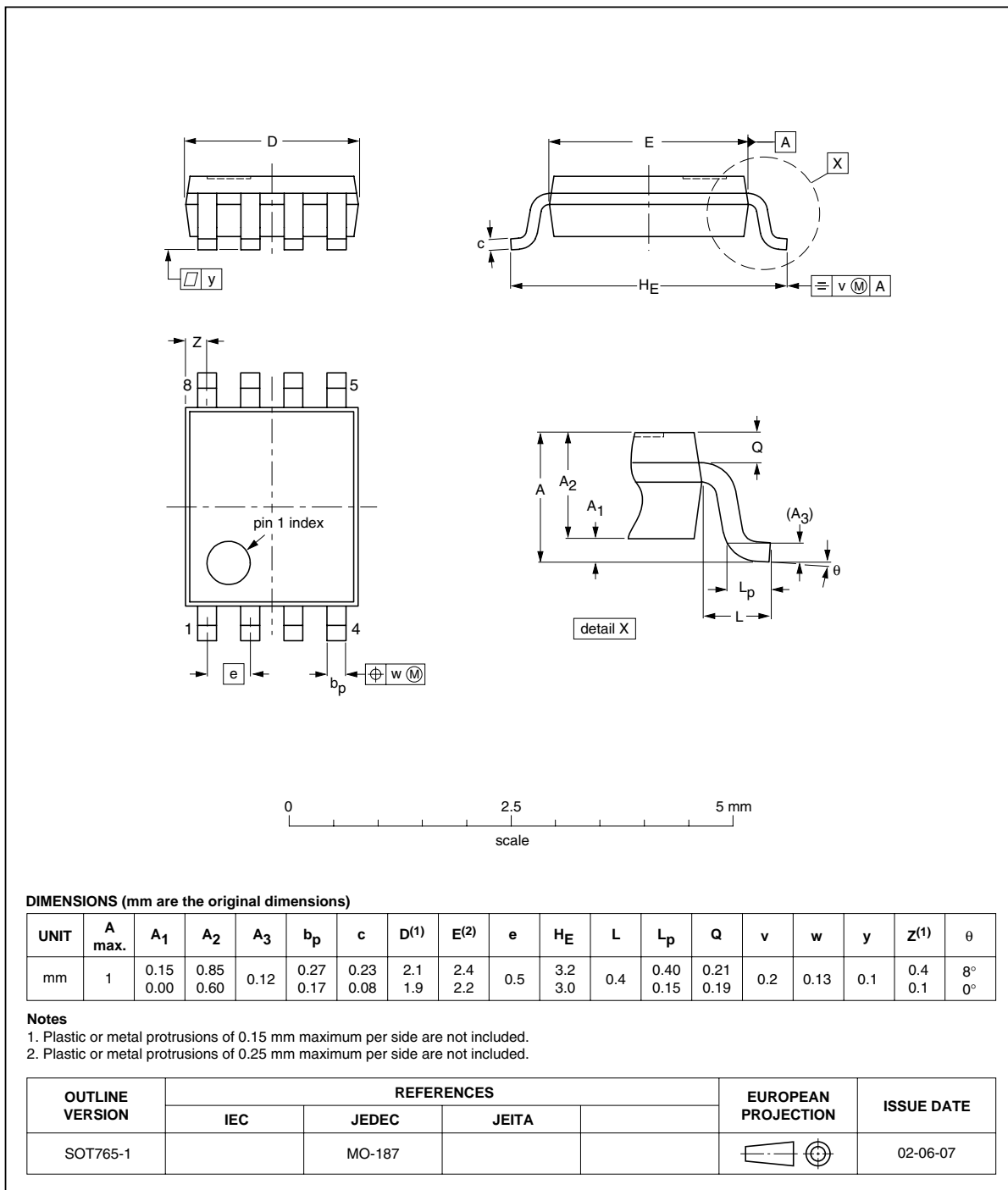


Fig 18. Package outline SOT765-1 (VSSOP8)

XSON8: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1 x 1.95 x 0.5 mm

SOT833-1

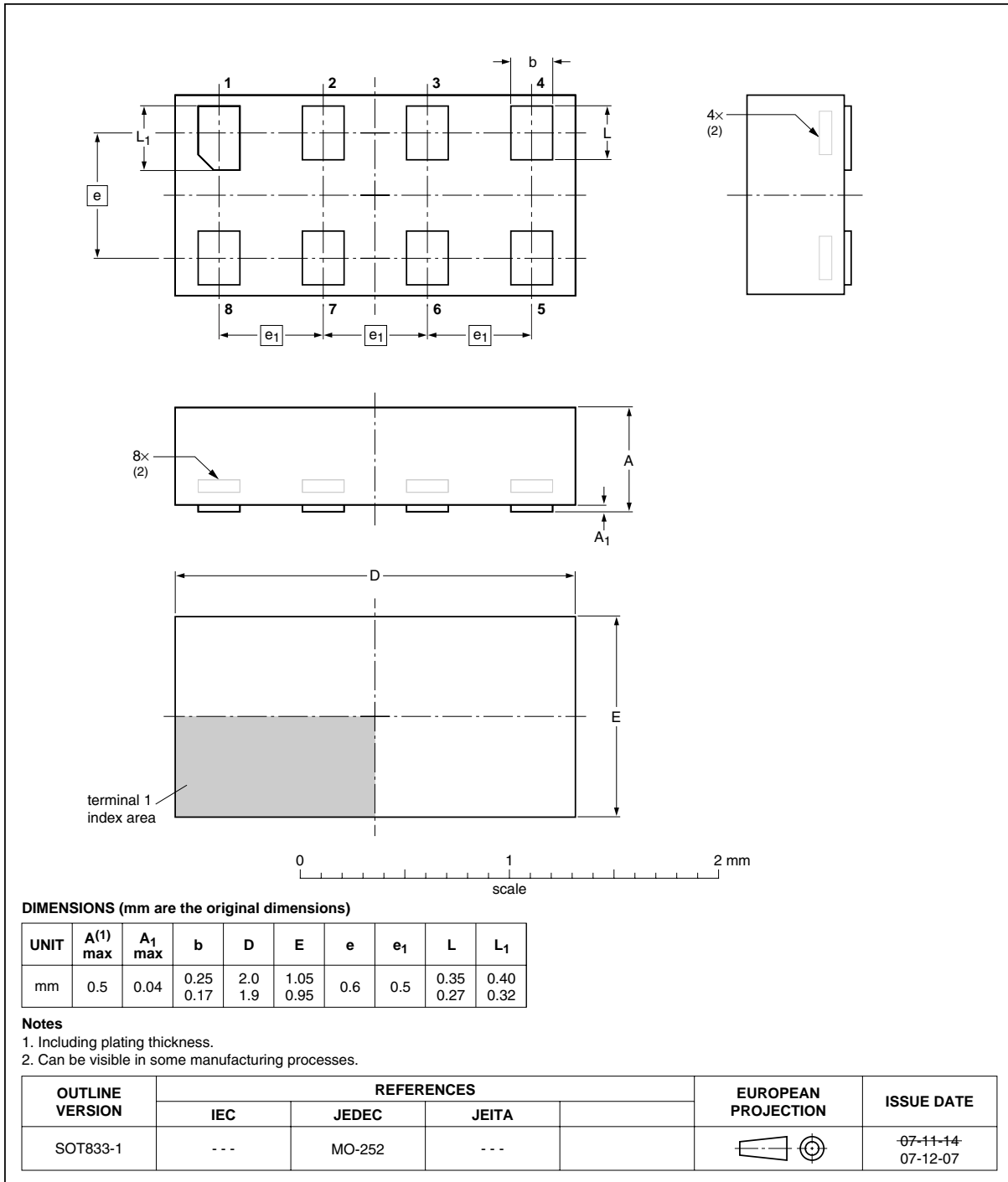


Fig 19. Package outline SOT833-1 (XSON8)

**XSON8: extremely thin small outline package; no leads;
8 terminals; body 1.35 x 1 x 0.5 mm**

SOT1089

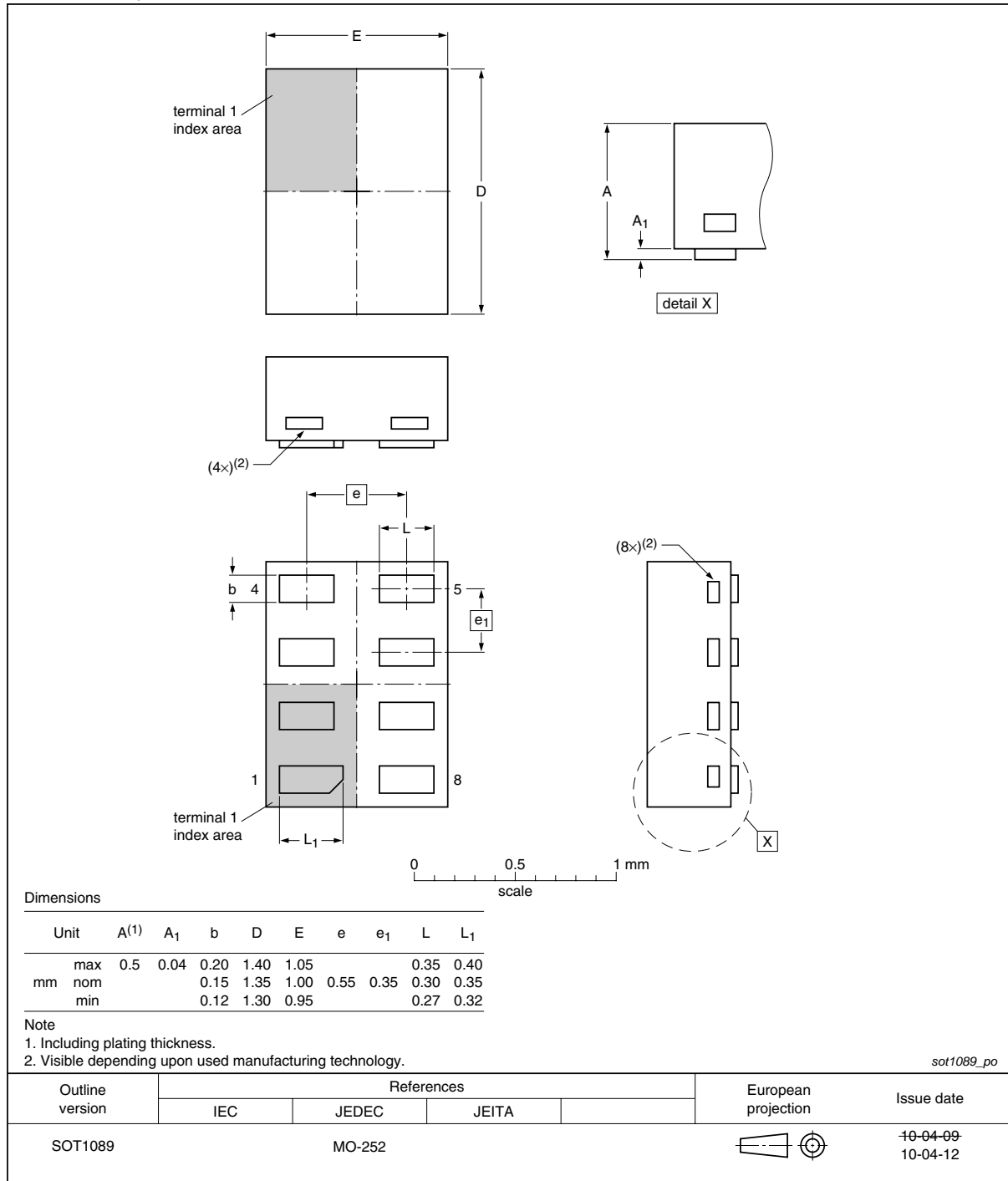


Fig 20. Package outline SOT1089 (XSON8)

XSON8U: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads;
8 terminals; UTLP based; body 3 x 2 x 0.5 mm

SOT996-2

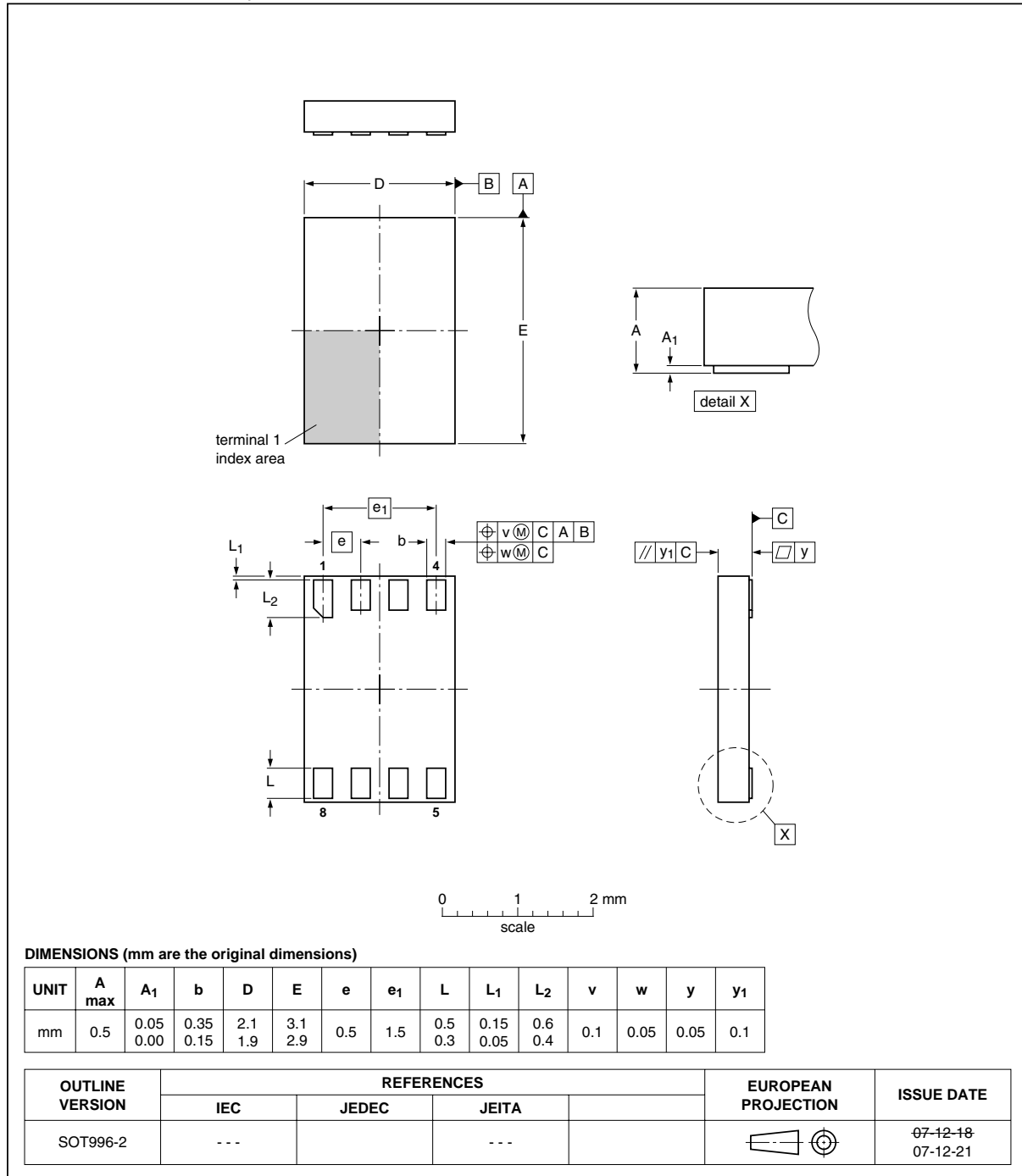


Fig 21. Package outline SOT996-2 (XSON8U)

**XQFN8U: plastic extremely thin quad flat package; no leads;
8 terminals; UTLP based; body 1.6 x 1.6 x 0.5 mm**

SOT902-1

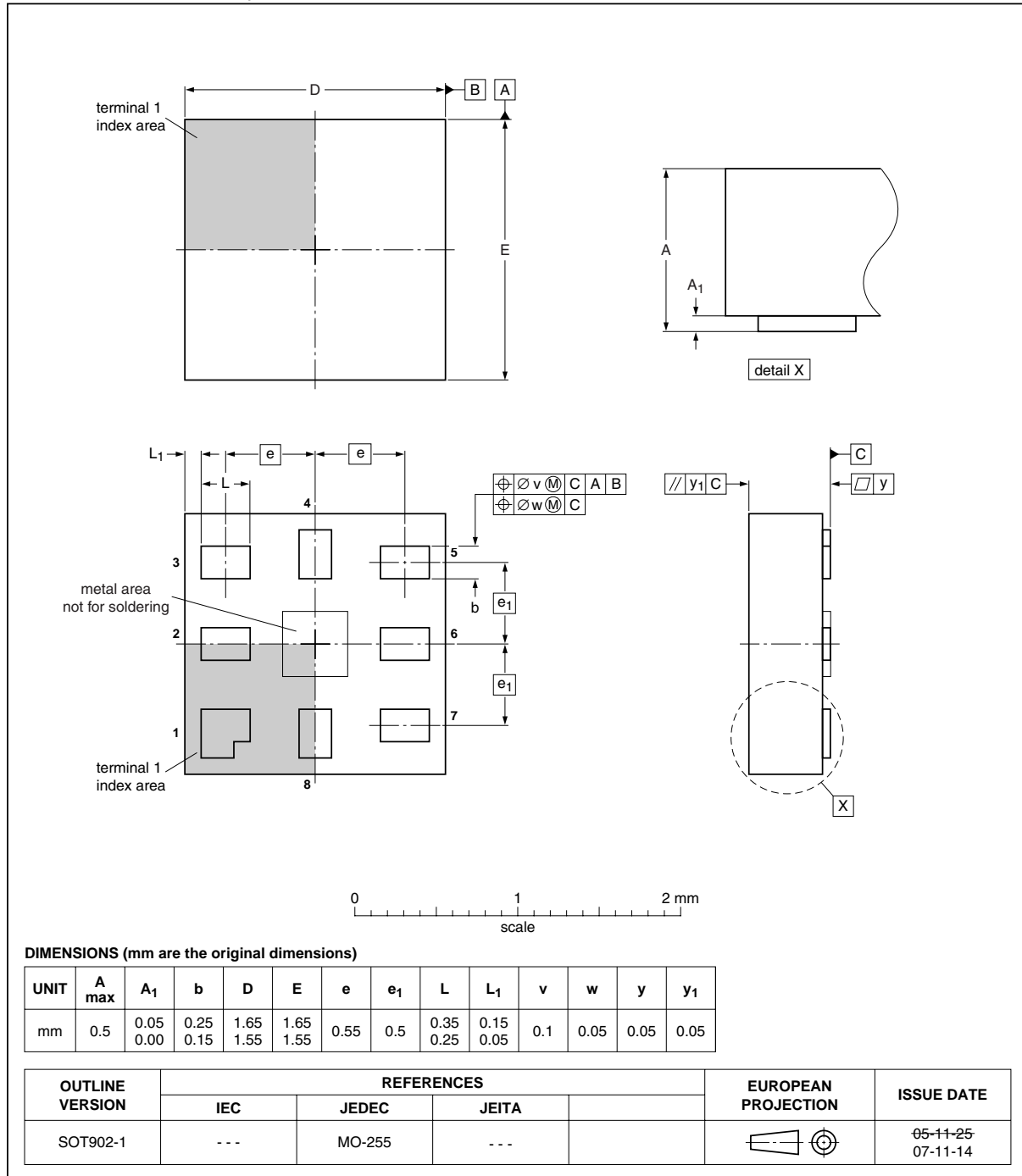


Fig 22. Package outline SOT902-1 (XQFN8U)

**XSON8: extremely thin small outline package; no leads;
8 terminals; body 1.2 x 1.0 x 0.35 mm**

SOT1116

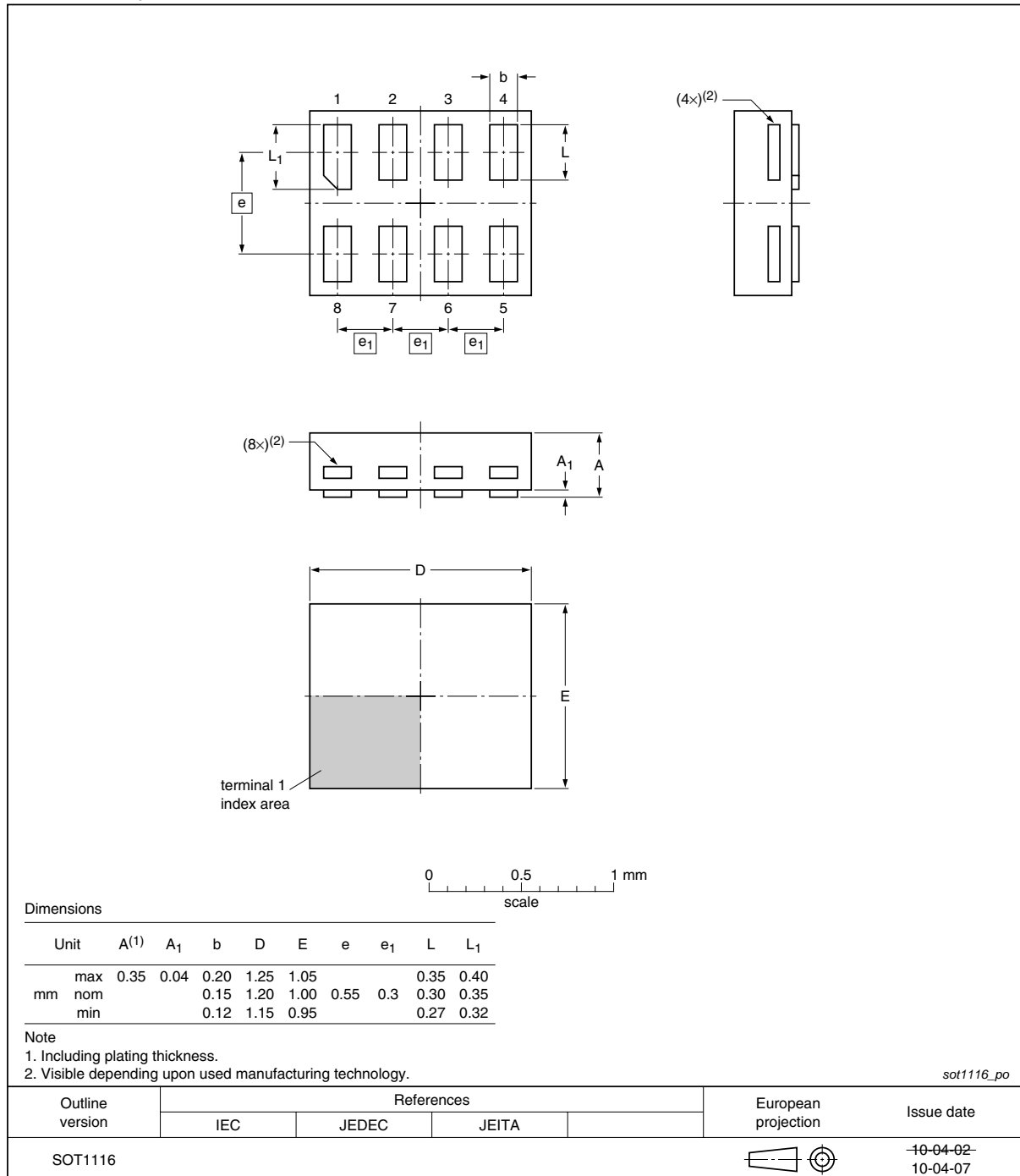


Fig 23. Package outline SOT1116 (XSON8)

**XSON8: extremely thin small outline package; no leads;
8 terminals; body 1.35 x 1.0 x 0.35 mm**

SOT1203

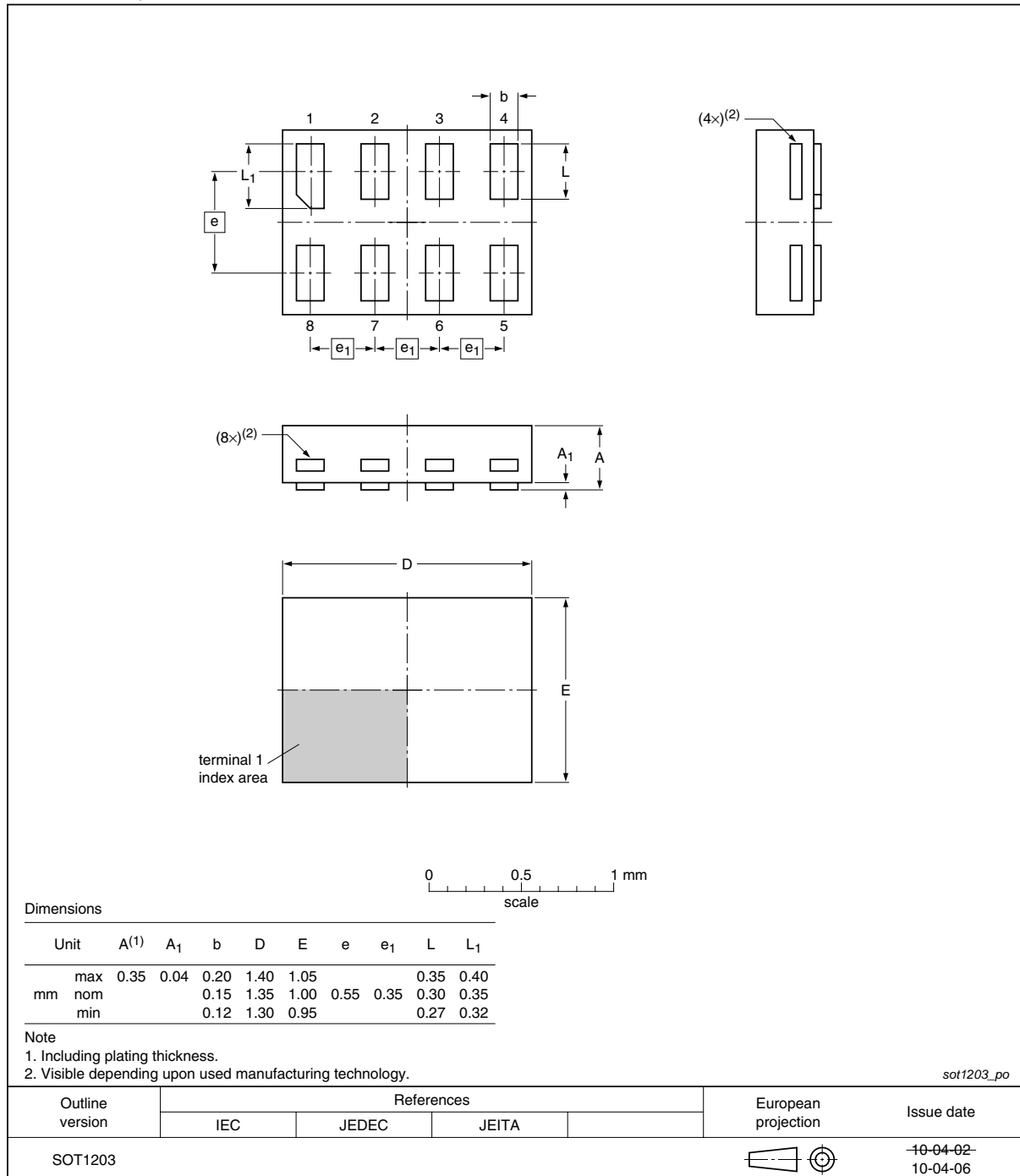


Fig 24. Package outline SOT1203 (XSON8)

16. Abbreviations

Table 19. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
HBM	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model

17. Revision history

Table 20. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.4	20100820	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.3
Modifications:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Added type number 74LVC2T45GF (SOT1089/XSON8 package). • Added type number 74LVCH2T450GF (SOT1089/XSON8 package). • Added type number 74LVC2T45GN (SOT1116/XSON8 package). • Added type number 74LVCH2T45GN (SOT1116/XSON8 package). • Added type number 74LVC2T45GS (SOT1203/XSON8 package). • Added type number 74LVCH2T45GS (SOT1203/XSON8 package). 			
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.3	20100119	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.2
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.2	20090205	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.1
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.1	20081118	Product data sheet	-	-

18. Legal information

18.1 Data sheet status

Document status ^{[1][2]}	Product status ^[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.nxp.com>.

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