

## IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

### Features

- Floating channel designed for bootstrap operation
- Fully operational to +500 V or +600 V
- Tolerant to negative transient voltage, dV/dt immune
- Gate drive supply range from 10 V to 20 V
- Undervoltage lockout for both channels
- 3.3 V logic compatible
- Separate logic supply range from 3.3 V to 20 V
- Logic and power ground  $\pm 5\text{V}$  offset
- CMOS Schmitt-triggered inputs with pull-down
- Cycle by cycle edge-triggered shutdown logic
- Matched propagation delay for both channels
- Outputs in phase with inputs

### Description

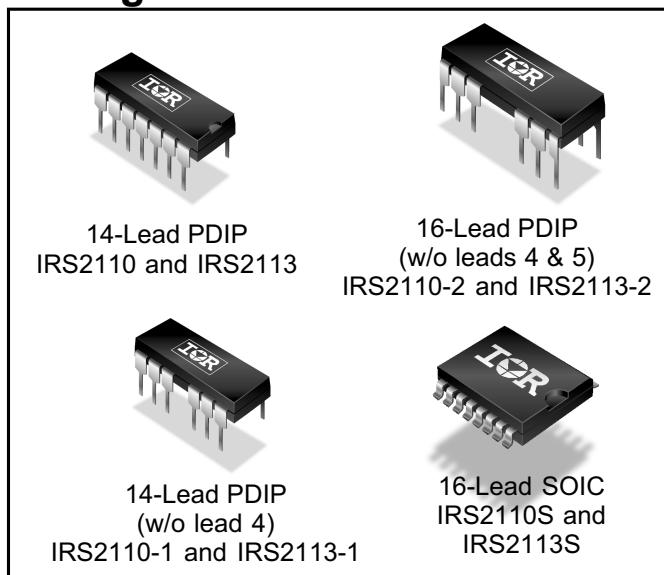
The IRS2110/IRS2113 are high voltage, high speed power MOSFET and IGBT drivers with independent high and low side referenced output channels. Proprietary HVIC and latch immune CMOS technologies enable ruggedized monolithic construction. Logic inputs are compatible with standard CMOS or LSTTL output, down to 3.3 V logic. The output drivers feature a high pulse current buffer stage designed for minimum driver cross-conduction. Propagation delays are matched to simplify use in high frequency applications. The floating channel can be used to drive an N-channel power MOSFET or IGBT in the high side configuration which operates up to 500 V or 600 V.

### HIGH AND LOW SIDE DRIVER

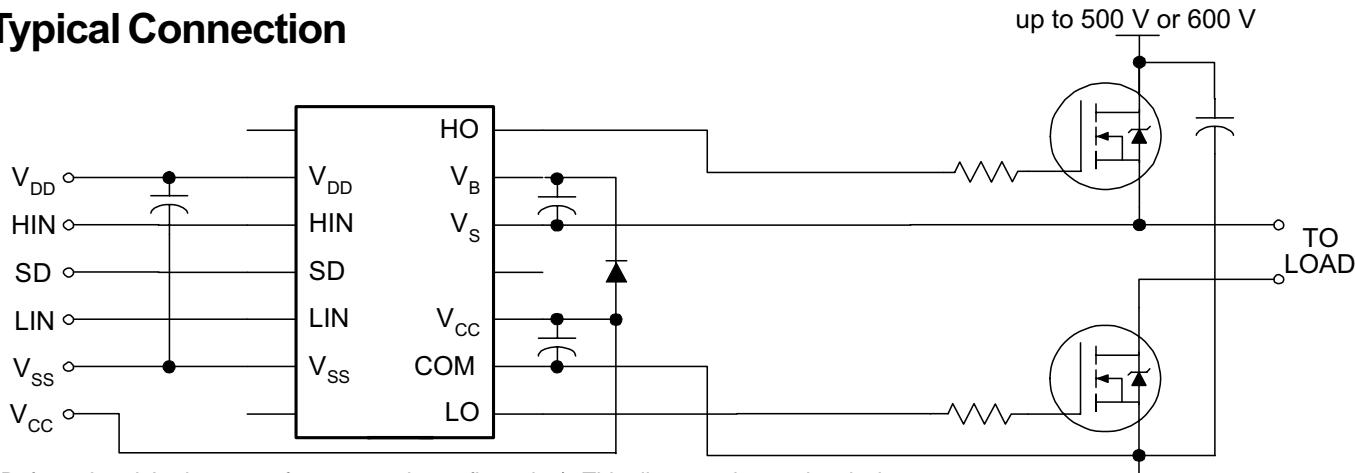
#### Product Summary

V <sub>OFFSET</sub> (IRS2110) (IRS2113)	500 V max. 600 V max.
I <sub>O</sub> +-	2 A/2 A
V <sub>OUT</sub>	10 V - 20 V
t <sub>on/off</sub> (typ.)	130 ns & 120 ns
Delay Matching (IRS2110) (IRS2113)	10 ns max. 20 ns max.

#### Packages



### Typical Connection



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to COM. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions. Additional information is shown in Figs. 28 through 35.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units
VB	High side floating supply voltage	(IRS2110) (IRS2113)	-0.3 -0.3	520 (Note 1) 620 (Note 1)
VS	High side floating supply offset voltage		VB - 20	V
V <sub>HO</sub>	High side floating output voltage		VS - 0.3	V <sub>B</sub> + 0.3
V <sub>CC</sub>	Low side fixed supply voltage		-0.3	20 (Note 1)
V <sub>LO</sub>	Low side output voltage		-0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3
V <sub>DD</sub>	Logic supply voltage		-0.3	V <sub>SS</sub> +20 (Note 1)
V <sub>SS</sub>	Logic supply offset voltage		V <sub>CC</sub> - 20	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3
V <sub>IN</sub>	Logic input voltage (HIN, LIN, & SD)		V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3	V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3
dV <sub>S</sub> /dt	Allowable offset supply voltage transient (Fig. 2)	—	50	V/ns
PD	Package power dissipation @ TA ≤ +25 °C	(14 lead DIP)	—	1.6
		(16 lead SOIC)	—	1.25
R <sub>THJA</sub>	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient	(14 lead DIP)	—	W
		(16 lead SOIC)	—	100
T <sub>J</sub>	Junction temperature	—	150	°C/W
T <sub>S</sub>	Storage temperature	-55	150	°C
T <sub>L</sub>	Lead temperature (soldering, 10 seconds)	—	300	

Note 1: All supplies are fully tested at 25 V, and an internal 20 V clamp exists for each supply.

## Recommended Operating Conditions

The input/output logic timing diagram is shown in Fig. 1. For proper operation, the device should be used within the recommended conditions. The VS and V<sub>SS</sub> offset ratings are tested with all supplies biased at a 15 V differential. Typical ratings at other bias conditions are shown in Figs. 36 and 37.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Max.	Units
V <sub>B</sub>	High side floating supply absolute voltage	VS + 10	VS + 20	V
VS	High side floating supply offset voltage	(IRS2110)	Note 2	500
		(IRS2113)	Note 2	600
V <sub>HO</sub>	High side floating output voltage	VS	V <sub>B</sub>	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Low side fixed supply voltage	10	20	
V <sub>LO</sub>	Low side output voltage	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	
V <sub>DD</sub>	Logic supply voltage	V <sub>SS</sub> + 3	V <sub>SS</sub> + 20	
V <sub>SS</sub>	Logic supply offset voltage	-5 (Note 3)	5	
V <sub>IN</sub>	Logic input voltage (HIN, LIN & SD)	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient temperature	-40	125	°C

Note 2: Logic operational for VS of -4 V to +500 V. Logic state held for VS of -4 V to -V<sub>BS</sub>. (Refer to the Design Tip DT97-3)  
Note 3: When V<sub>DD</sub> < 5 V, the minimum V<sub>SS</sub> offset is limited to -V<sub>DD</sub>.

## Dynamic Electrical Characteristics

$V_{BIAS}$  ( $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{BS}$ ,  $V_{DD}$ ) = 15 V,  $C_L$  = 1000 pF,  $T_A$  = 25 °C and  $V_{SS}$  = COM unless otherwise specified. The dynamic electrical characteristics are measured using the test circuit shown in Fig. 3.

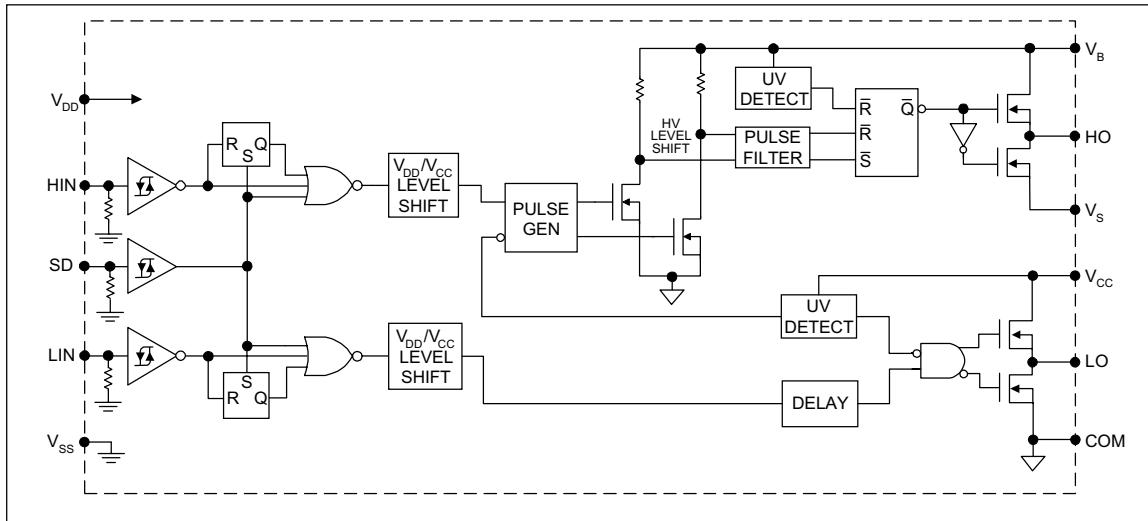
Symbol	Definition	Figure	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$t_{on}$	Turn-on propagation delay	7	—	130	160	ns	$V_S = 0 \text{ V}$
$t_{off}$	Turn-off propagation delay	8	—	120	150		$V_S = 500 \text{ V}/600 \text{ V}$
$t_{sd}$	Shutdown propagation delay	9	—	130	160		
$t_r$	Turn-on rise time	10	—	25	35		
$t_f$	Turn-off fall time	11	—	17	25		
MT	Delay matching, HS & LS turn-on/off	(IRS2110) (IRS2113)	—	—	—		10 20

## Static Electrical Characteristics

$V_{BIAS}$  ( $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{BS}$ ,  $V_{DD}$ ) = 15 V,  $T_A$  = 25 °C and  $V_{SS}$  = COM unless otherwise specified. The  $V_{IN}$ ,  $V_{TH}$ , and  $I_{IN}$  parameters are referenced to  $V_{SS}$  and are applicable to all three logic input leads: HIN, LIN, and SD. The  $V_O$  and  $I_O$  parameters are referenced to COM and are applicable to the respective output leads: HO or LO.

Symbol	Definition	Figure	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{IH}$	Logic "1" input voltage	12	9.5	—	—	V	
$V_{IL}$	Logic "0" input voltage	13	—	—	6.0		$I_O = 0 \text{ A}$
$V_{OH}$	High level output voltage, $V_{BIAS} - V_O$	14	—	—	1.2		$I_O = 20 \text{ mA}$
$V_{OL}$	Low level output voltage, $V_O$	15	—	—	0.15		
$I_{LK}$	Offset supply leakage current	16	—	—	50		$V_B = V_S = 500 \text{ V}/600 \text{ V}$
$I_{QBS}$	Quiescent $V_{BS}$ supply current	17	—	125	230		
$I_{QCC}$	Quiescent $V_{CC}$ supply current	18	—	180	340	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$ or $V_{DD}$
$I_{QDD}$	Quiescent $V_{DD}$ supply current	19	—	15	30		$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$
$I_{IN+}$	Logic "1" input bias current	20	—	20	40		$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$
$I_{IN-}$	Logic "0" input bias current	21	—	—	1.0		
$V_{BSUV+}$	$V_{BS}$ supply undervoltage positive going threshold	22	7.5	8.6	9.7	V	
$V_{BSUV-}$	$V_{BS}$ supply undervoltage negative going threshold	23	7.0	8.2	9.4		
$V_{CCUV+}$	$V_{CC}$ supply undervoltage positive going threshold	24	7.4	8.5	9.6		
$V_{CCUV-}$	$V_{CC}$ supply undervoltage negative going threshold	25	7.0	8.2	9.4		
$I_O+$	Output high short circuit pulsed current	26	2.0	2.5	—	A	$V_O = 0 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ $PW \leq 10 \mu\text{s}$
$I_O-$	Output low short circuit pulsed current	27	2.0	2.5	—		$V_O = 15 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$ $PW \leq 10 \mu\text{s}$

## Functional Block Diagram



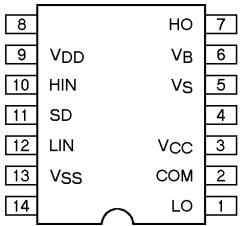
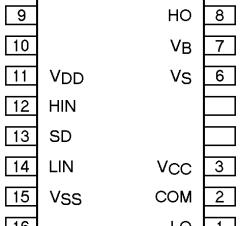
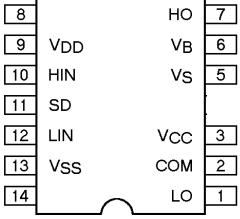
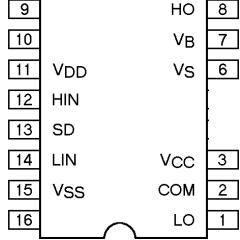
## Lead Definitions

Symbol	Description
$V_{DD}$	Logic supply
HIN	Logic input for high side gate driver output (HO), in phase
SD	Logic input for shutdown
LIN	Logic input for low side gate driver output (LO), in phase
$V_{SS}$	Logic ground
$V_B$	High side floating supply
HO	High side gate drive output
$V_S$	High side floating supply return
$V_{CC}$	Low side supply
LO	Low side gate drive output
COM	Low side return

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**PRELIMINARY**

## Lead Assignments

 <p>14 Lead PDIP  <b>IRS2110/IRS2113</b></p>	 <p>16 Lead SOIC (Wide Body)  <b>IRS2110S/IRS2113S</b></p>
 <p>14 Lead PDIP w/o lead 4  <b>IRS2110-1/IRS2113-1</b></p>	 <p>16 Lead PDIP w/o leads 4 &amp; 5  <b>IRS2110-2/IRS2113-2</b></p>
<b>Part Number</b>	

# IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

**PRELIMINARY**

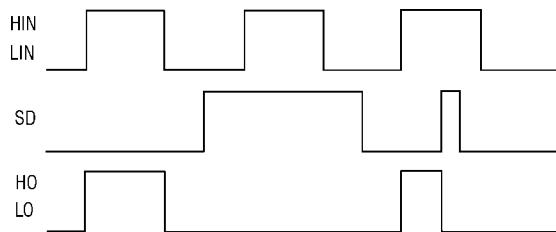


Figure 1. Input/Output Timing Diagram

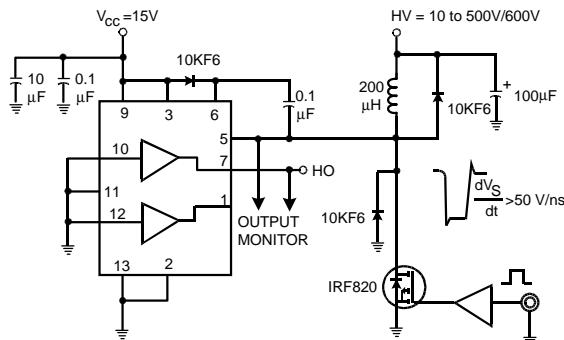


Figure 2. Floating Supply Voltage Transient Test Circuit

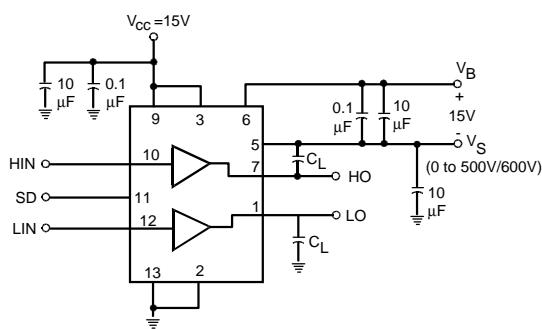


Figure 3. Switching Time Test Circuit

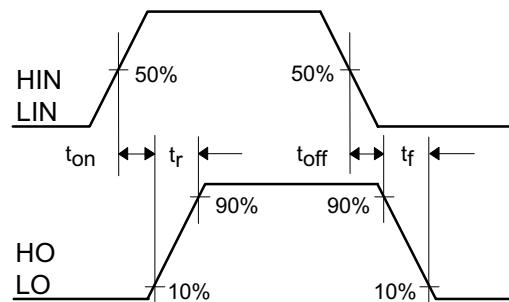


Figure 4. Switching Time Waveform Definition

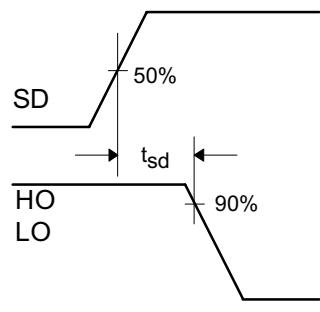


Figure 5. Shutdown Waveform Definitions

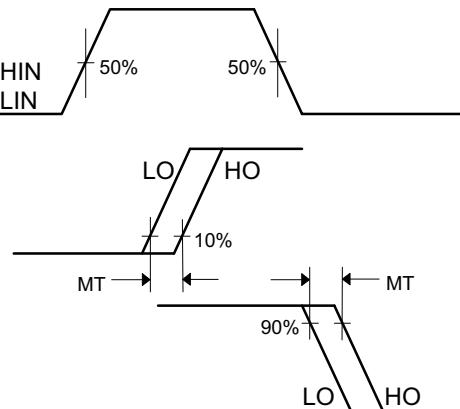
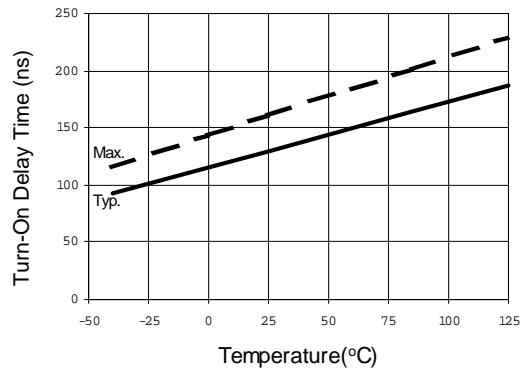
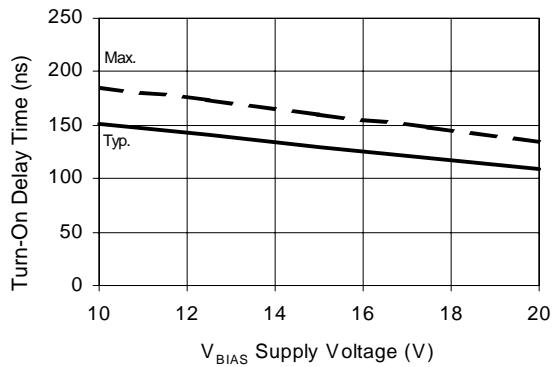


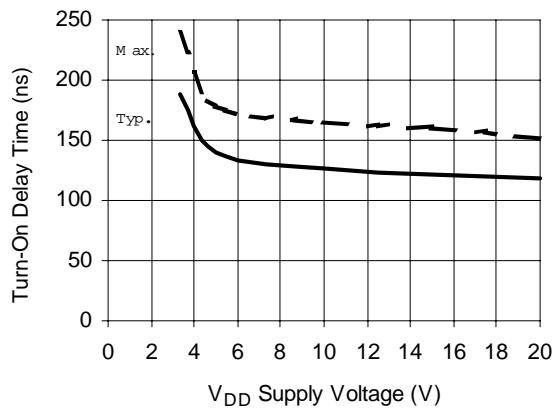
Figure 6. Delay Matching Waveform Definitions



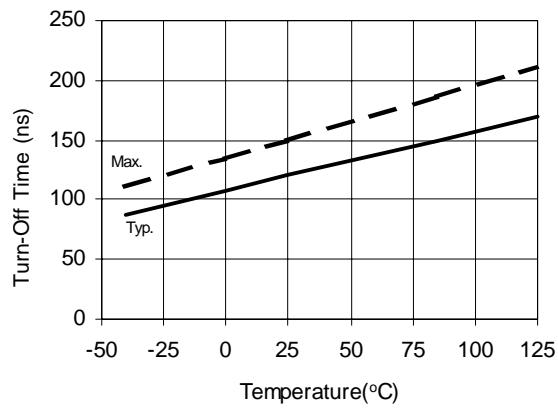
**Figure 7A. Turn-On Time vs. Temperature**



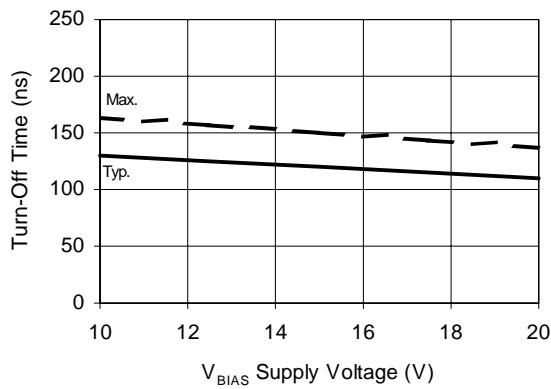
**Figure 7B. Turn-On Time vs. Supply Voltage**



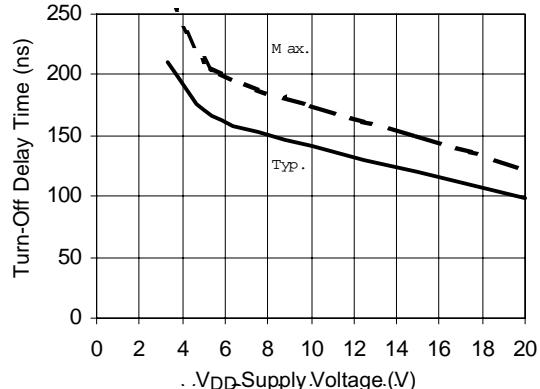
**Figure 7C. Turn-On Time vs. V<sub>DD</sub> Supply Voltage**



**Figure 8A. Turn-Off Time vs. Temperature**



**Figure 8B. Turn-Off Time vs. Supply Voltage**



**Figure 8C. Turn-Off Time vs. V<sub>DD</sub> Supply Voltage**

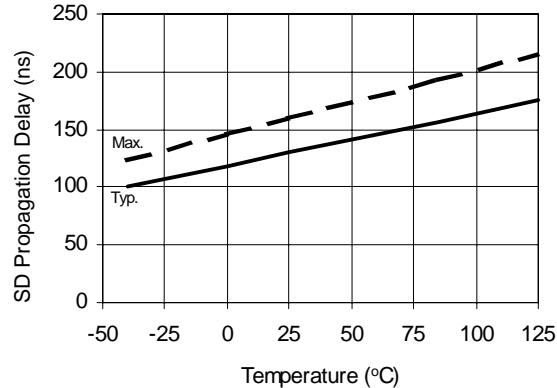


Figure 9A. Shutdown Time vs. Temperature

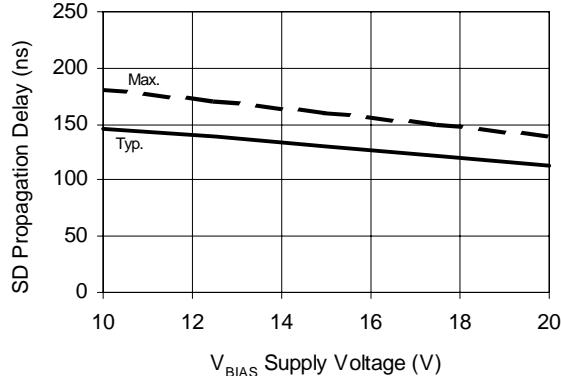


Figure 9B. Shutdown Time vs. Supply Voltage

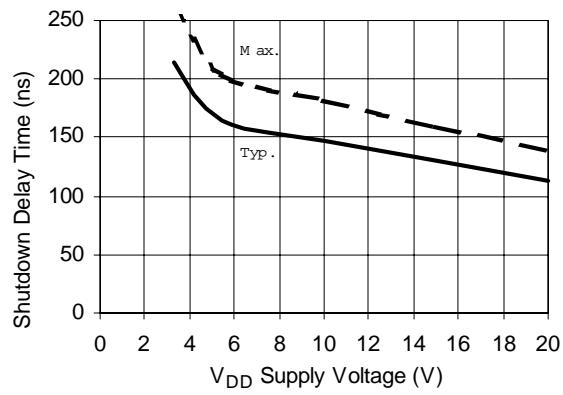


Figure 9C. Shutdown Time  
 vs. V<sub>DD</sub> Supply Voltage

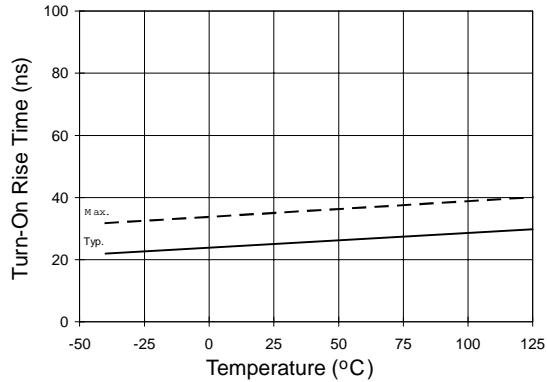


Figure 10A. Turn-On Rise Time  
 vs. Temperature

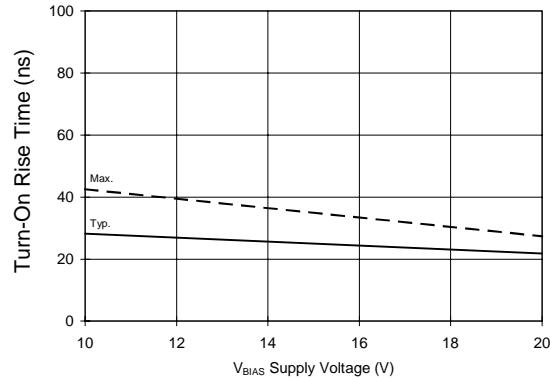


Figure 10B. Turn-On Rise Time vs. Voltage

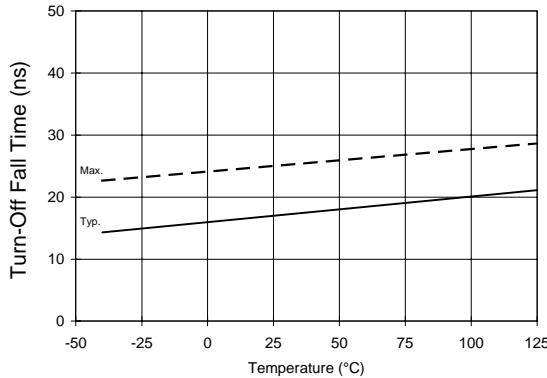
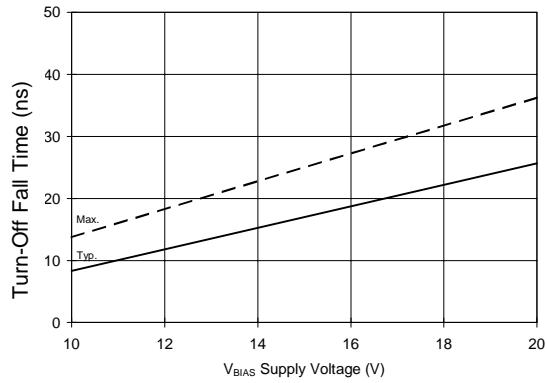
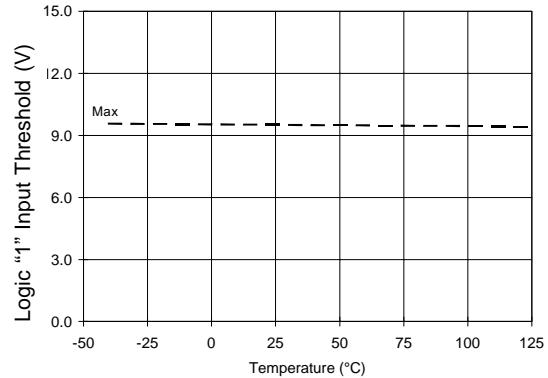


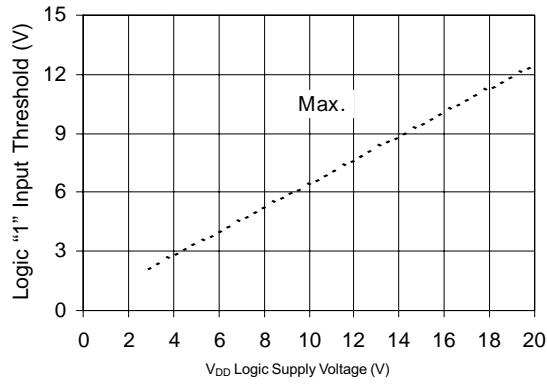
Figure 11A. Turn-Off Fall Time vs. Temperature



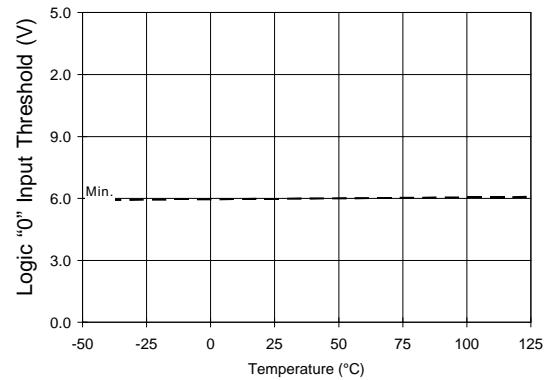
**Figure 11B. Turn-Off Fall Time vs. Voltage**



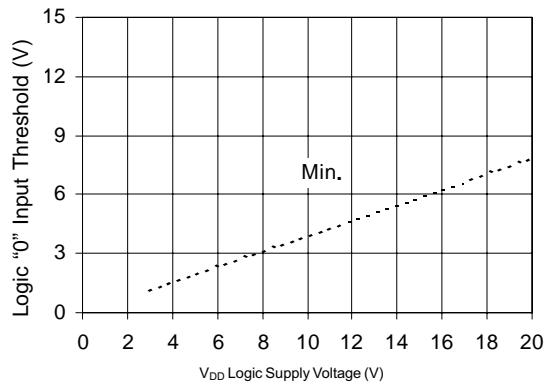
**Figure 12A. Logic "1" Input Threshold vs. Temperature**



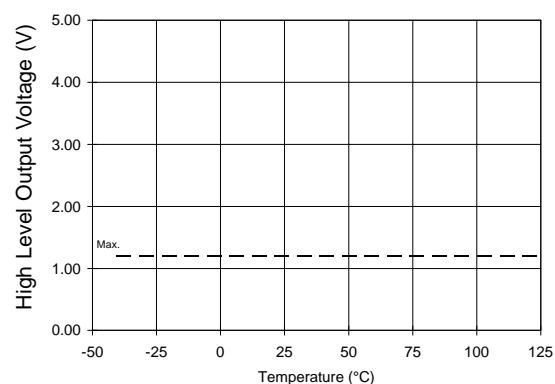
**Figure 12B. Logic "1" Input Threshold vs. Voltage**



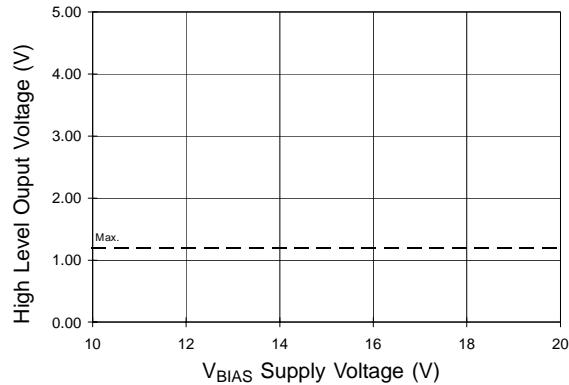
**Figure 13A. Logic "0" Input Threshold vs. Temperature**



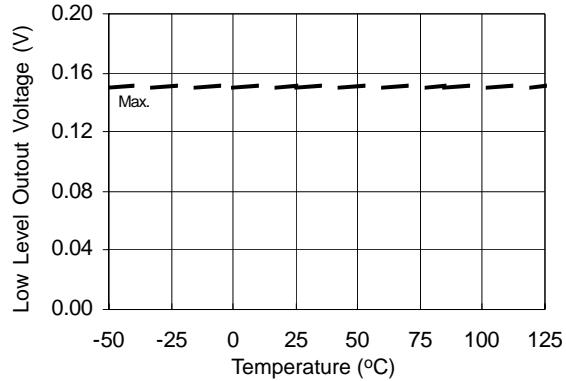
**Figure 13B. Logic "0" Input Threshold vs. Voltage**



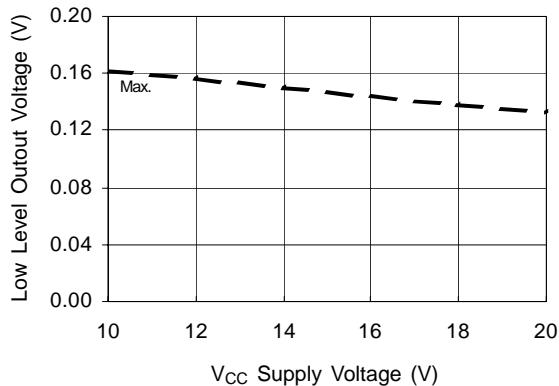
**Figure 14A. High Level Output vs. Temperature**



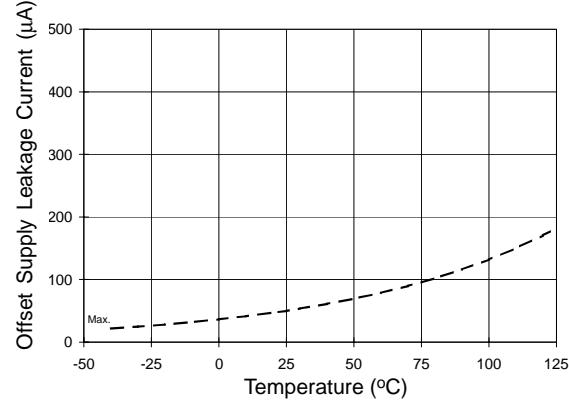
**Figure 14B. High Level Output vs. Voltage**



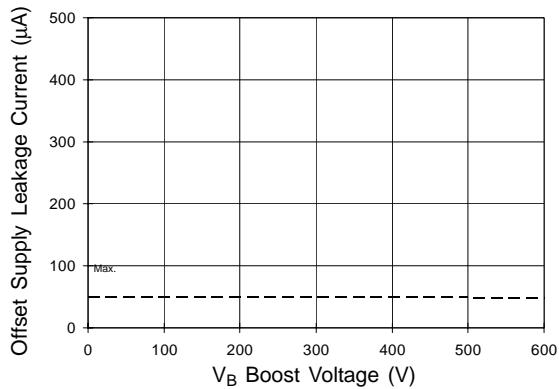
**Figure 15A. Low Level Output vs. Temperature**



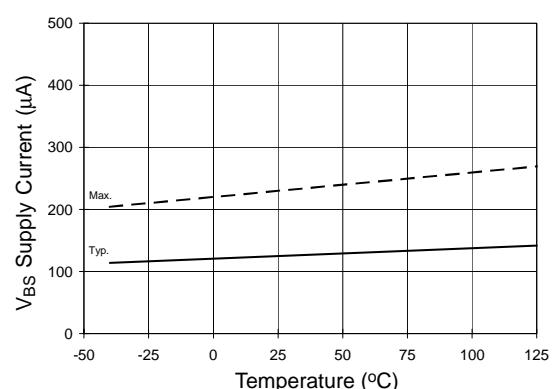
**Figure 15B. Low Level Output vs. Supply Voltage**



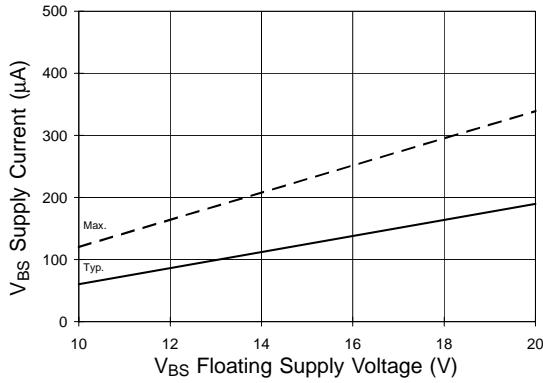
**Figure 16A. Offset Supply Current vs. Temperature**



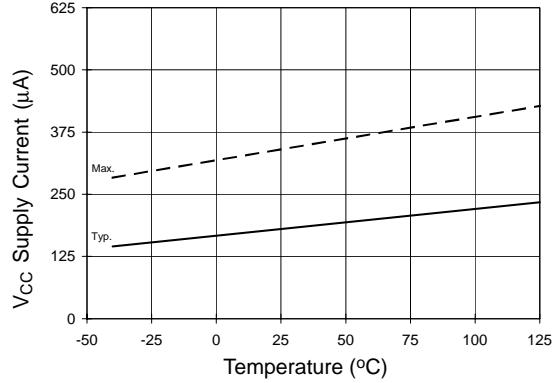
**Figure 16B. Offset Supply Current vs. Voltage**



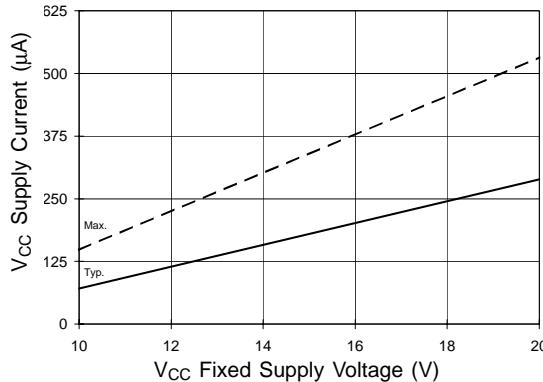
**Figure 17A. V<sub>BS</sub> Supply Current vs. Temperature**



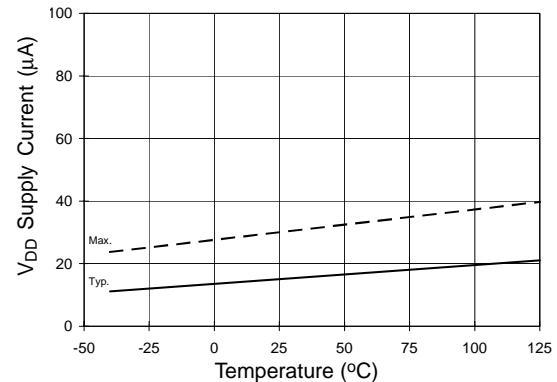
**Figure 17B. V<sub>BS</sub> Supply Current vs. Voltage**



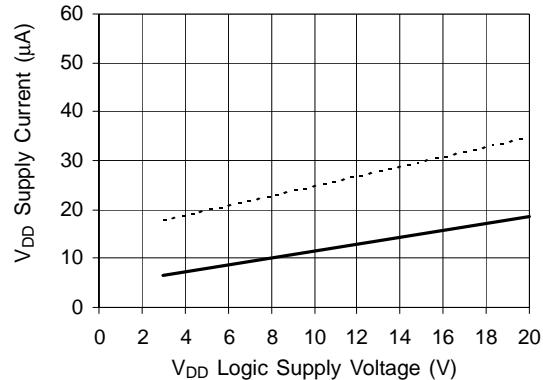
**Figure 18A. V<sub>CC</sub> Supply Current vs. Temperature**



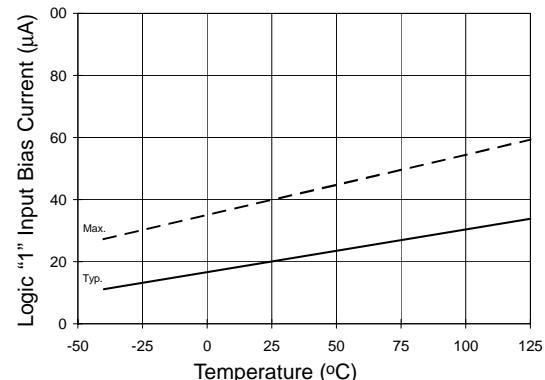
**Figure 18B. V<sub>CC</sub> Supply Current vs. Voltage**



**Figure 19A. V<sub>DD</sub> Supply Current vs. Temperature**



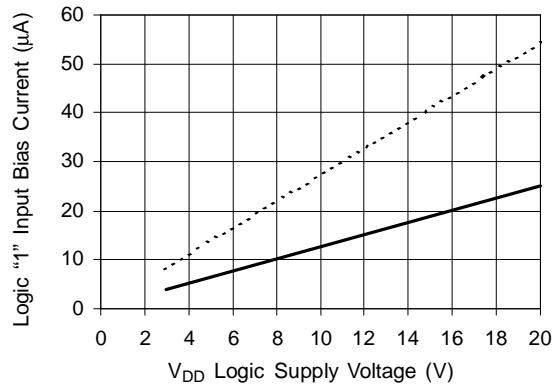
**Figure 19B. V<sub>DD</sub> Supply Current vs. V<sub>DD</sub> Voltage**



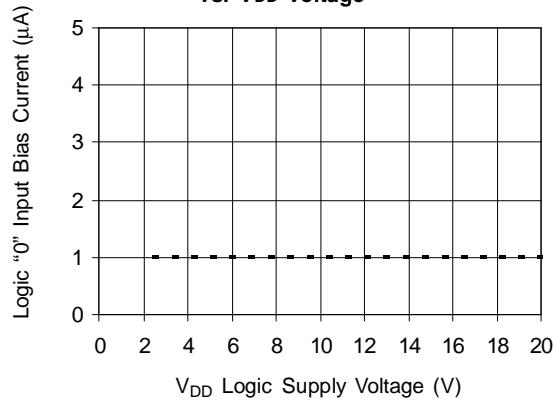
**Figure 20A. Logic "1" Input Current vs. Temperature**

# **IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF**

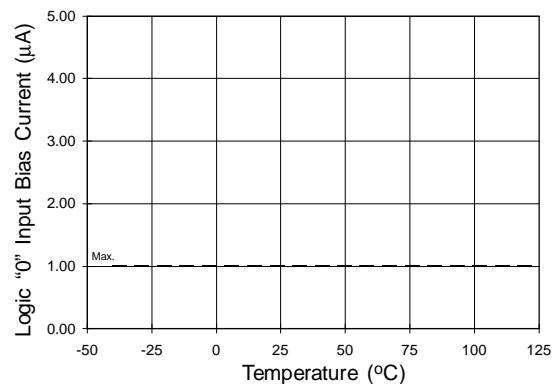
**PRELIMINARY**



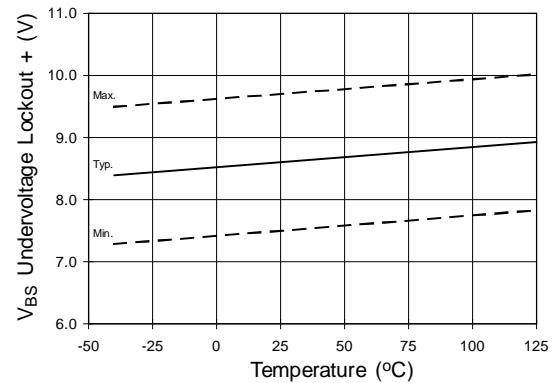
**Figure 20B. Logic "1" Input Current vs.  $V_{DD}$  Voltage**



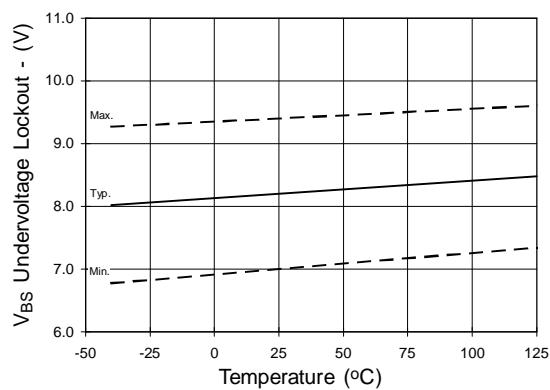
**Figure 21B. Logic "0" Input Current vs.  $V_{DD}$  Voltage**



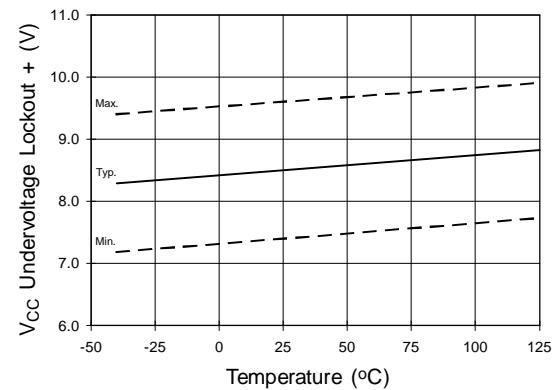
**Figure 21A. Logic "0" Input Current vs. Temperature**



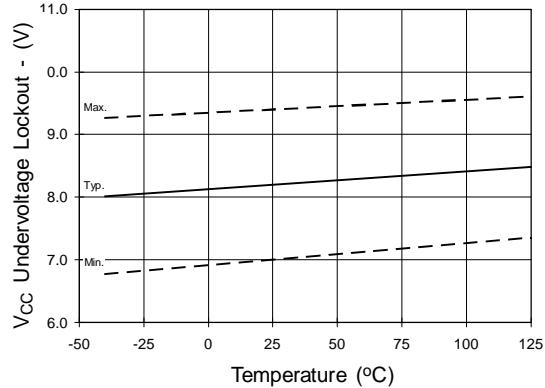
**Figure 22.  $V_{BS}$  Undervoltage (+) vs. Temperature**



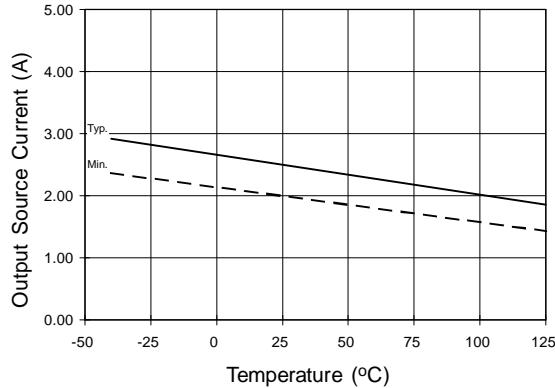
**Figure 23.  $V_{BS}$  Undervoltage (-) vs. Temperature**



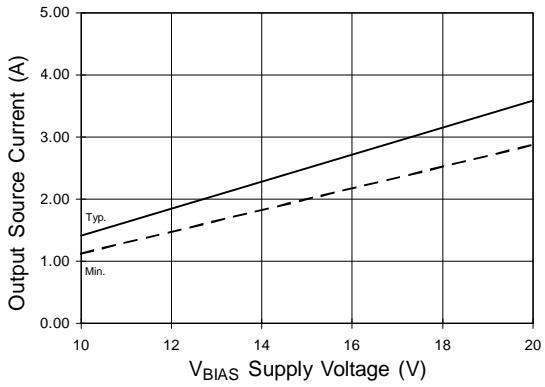
**Figure 24.  $V_{CC}$  Undervoltage (+) vs. Temperature**



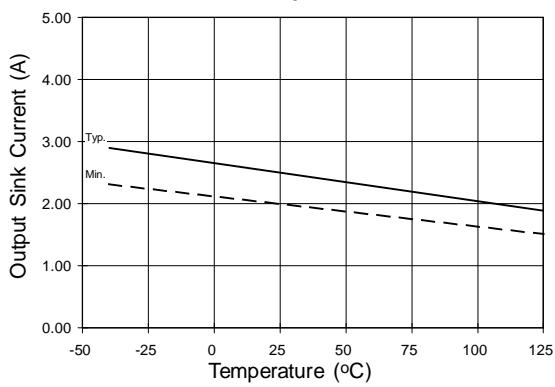
**Figure 25. V<sub>CC</sub> Undervoltage (-) vs. Temperature**



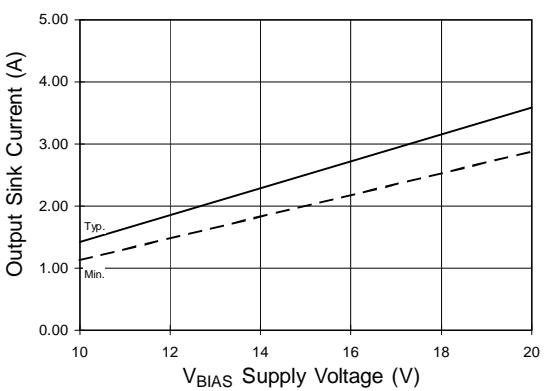
**Figure 26A. Output Source Current vs. Temperature**



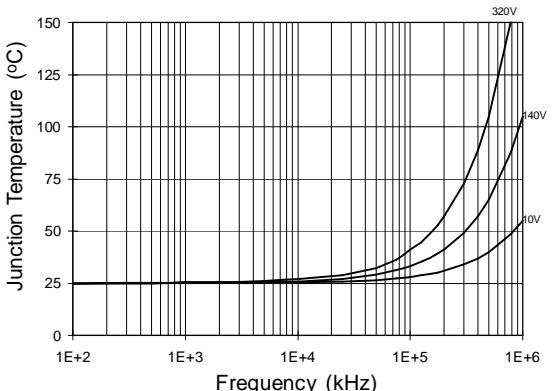
**Figure 26B. Output Source Current vs. Voltage**



**Figure 27A. Output Sink Current vs. Temperature**



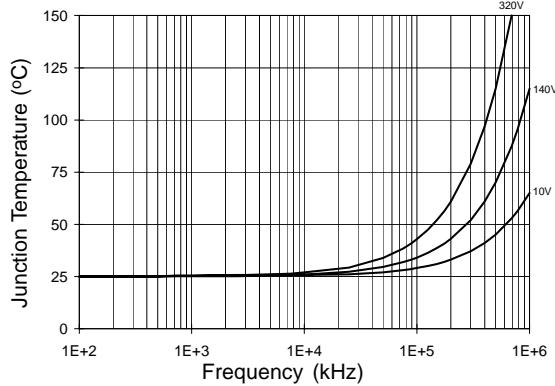
**Figure 27B. Output Sink Current vs. Voltage**



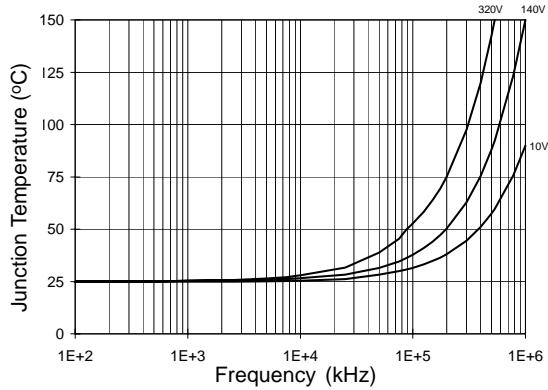
**Figure 28. IRS2110/IRS2113 T<sub>J</sub> vs. Frequency  
(IRFBC20) R<sub>GATE</sub> = 33 W, V<sub>CC</sub> = 15 V**

## IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

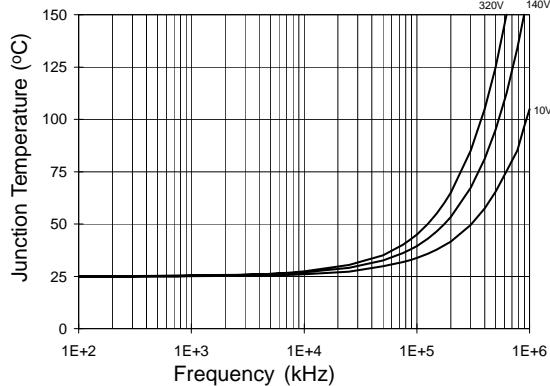
**PRELIMINARY**



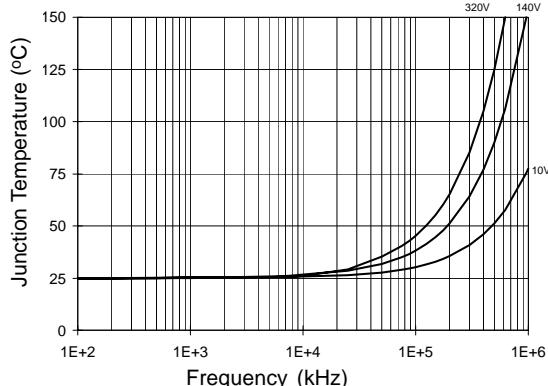
**Figure 29. IRS2110/IRS2113  $T_J$  vs. Frequency (IRFBC30)**  $R_{GATE} = 22 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$



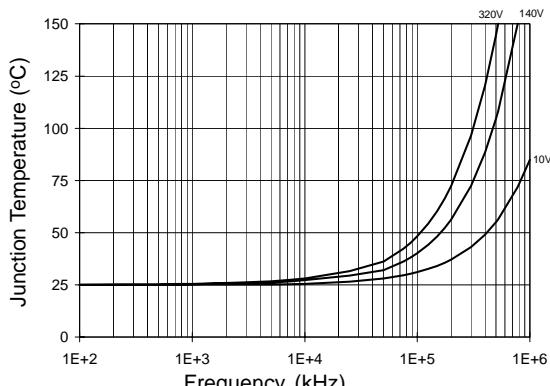
**Figure 30. IRS2110/IRS2113  $T_J$  vs. Frequency (IRFBC40)**  $R_{GATE} = 15 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$



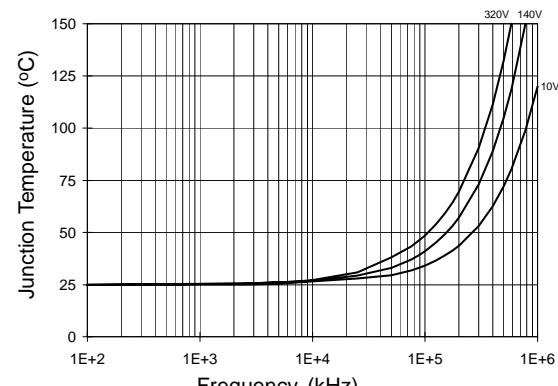
**Figure 31. IRS2110/IRS2113  $T_J$  vs. Frequency (IRFPE50)**  $R_{GATE} = 10 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$



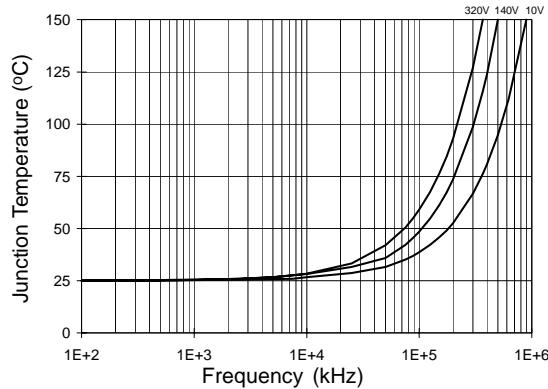
**Figure 32. IRS2110S/IRS2113S  $T_J$  vs. Frequency (IRFBC20)**  $R_{GATE} = 33 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$



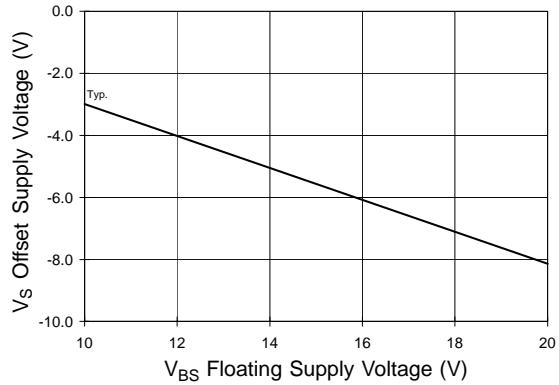
**Figure 33. IRS2110S/IRS2113S  $T_J$  vs. Frequency (IRFBC30)**  $R_{GATE} = 22 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$



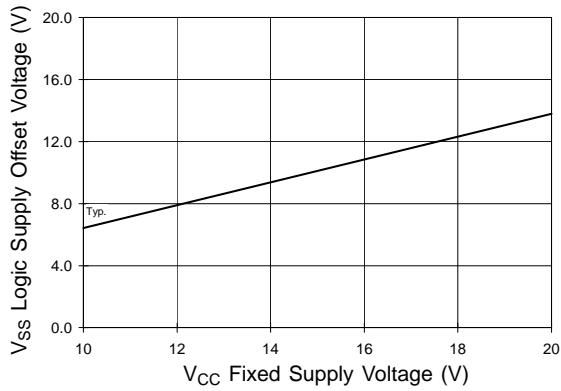
**Figure 34. IRS2110S/IRS2113S  $T_J$  vs. Frequency (IRFBC40)**  $R_{GATE} = 15 \Omega$ ,  $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$



**Figure 35.** IRS2110S/IRS2113S T<sub>J</sub> vs. Frequency  
(IRFPE50) RGATE = 10 Ω, V<sub>CC</sub> = 15 V



**Figure 36.** Maximum Vs Negative Offset vs.  
V<sub>BS</sub> Supply Voltage

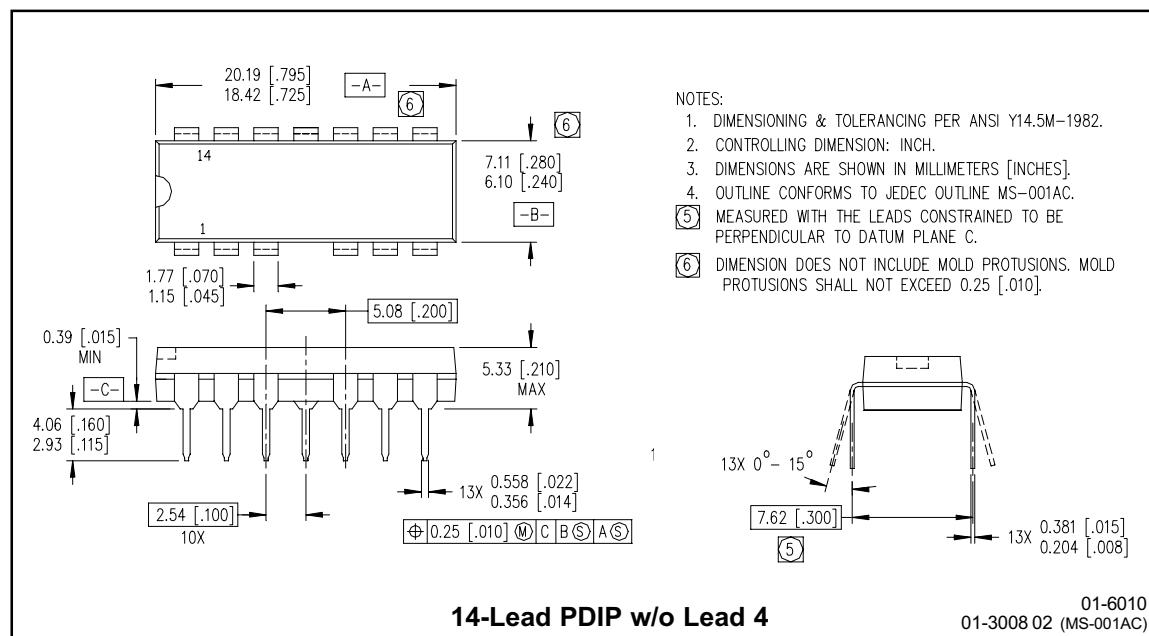
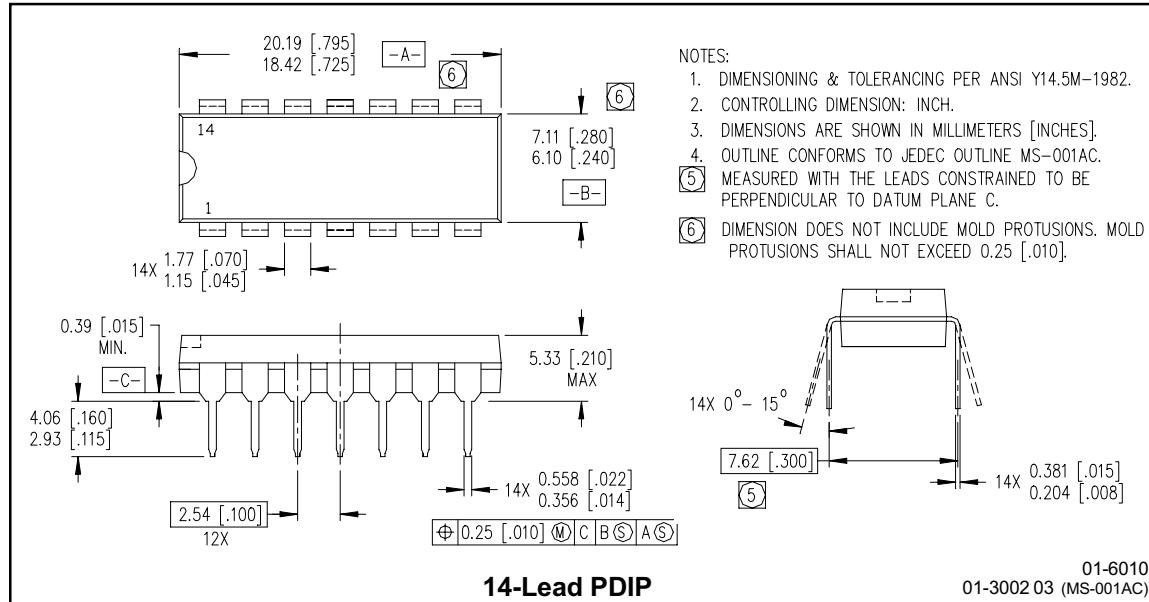


**Figure 37.** Maximum V<sub>SS</sub> Positive Offset vs.  
V<sub>CC</sub> Supply Voltage

# IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

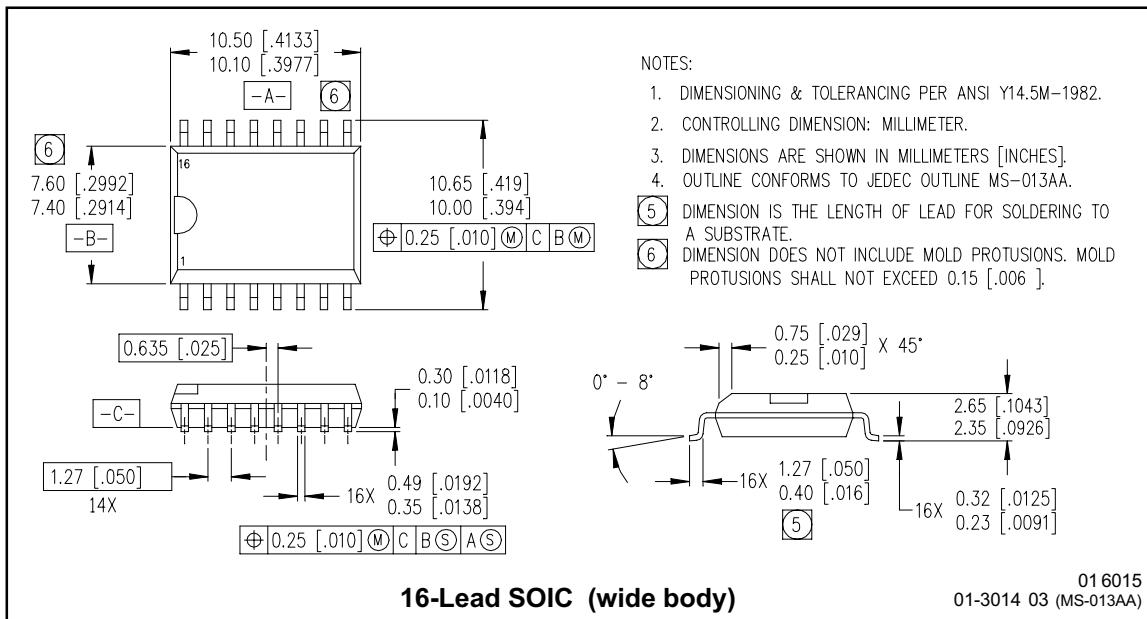
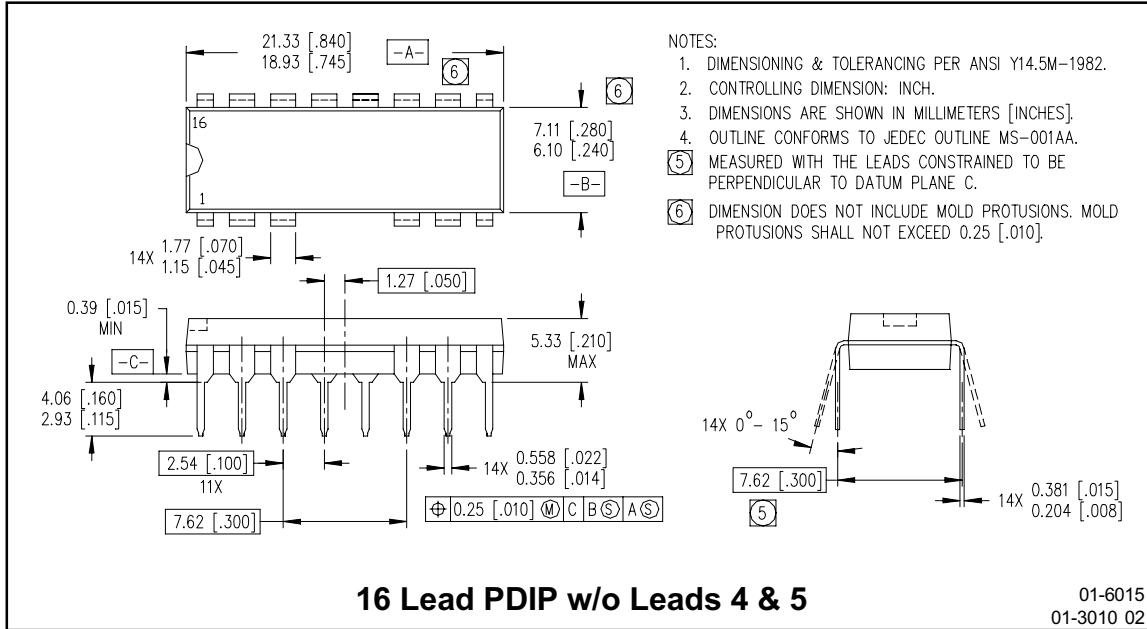
**PRELIMINARY**

## Case Outlines



# IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

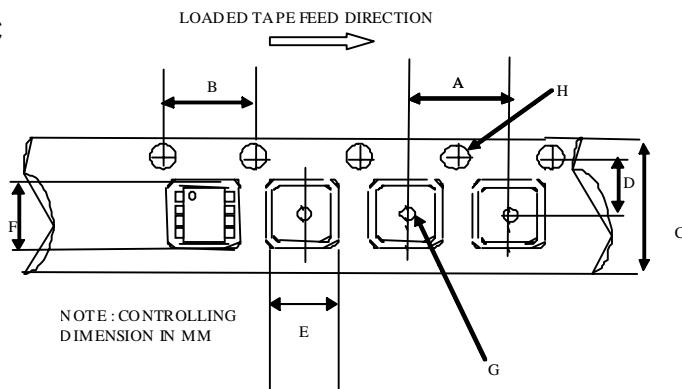
**PRELIMINARY**



# IRS2110(-1,-2,S)PbF/IRS2113(-1,-2,S)PbF

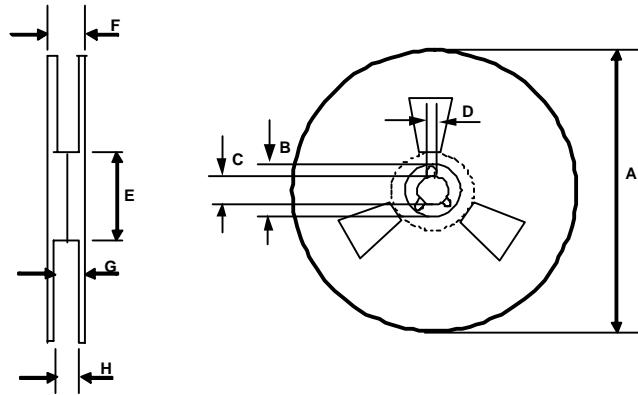
**PRELIMINARY**

## Tape & Reel 16-Lead SOIC



CARRIER TAPE DIMENSION FOR 16SOICW

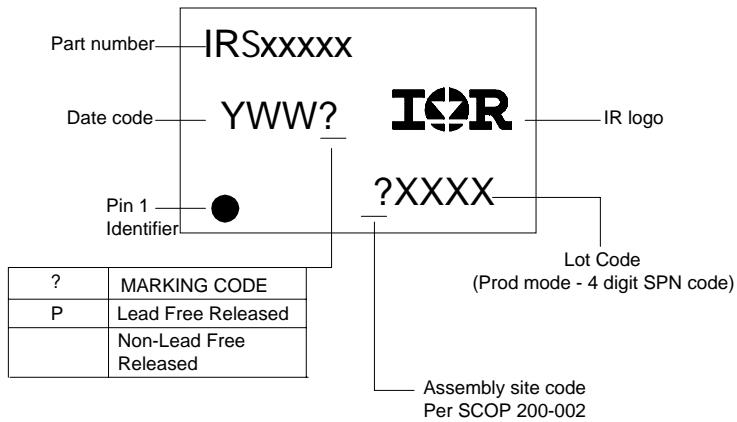
Code	Metric		Imperial	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	11.90	12.10	0.468	0.476
B	3.90	4.10	0.153	0.161
C	15.70	16.30	0.618	0.641
D	7.40	7.60	0.291	0.299
E	10.80	11.00	0.425	0.433
F	10.60	10.80	0.417	0.425
G	1.50	n/a	0.059	n/a
H	1.50	1.60	0.059	0.062



REEL DIMENSIONS FOR 16SOICW

Code	Metric		Imperial	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	329.60	330.25	12.976	13.001
B	20.95	21.45	0.824	0.844
C	12.80	13.20	0.503	0.519
D	1.95	2.45	0.0767	0.096
E	98.00	102.00	3.858	4.015
F	n/a	22.40	n/a	0.881
G	18.50	21.10	0.728	0.830
H	16.40	18.40	0.645	0.724

## LEADFREE PART MARKING INFORMATION



## ORDER INFORMATION

- 14-Lead PDIP IRS2110PbF
- 14-Lead PDIP IRS2110-1PbF
- 14-Lead PDIP IRS2113PbF
- 14-Lead PDIP IRS2113-1PbF
- 16-Lead PDIP IRS2110-2PbF
- 16-Lead PDIP IRS2113-2PbF
- 16-Lead SOIC IRS2110SPbF
- 16-Lead SOIC IRS2113SPbF
- 16-Lead SOIC Tape & Reel IRS2110STRPbF
- 16-Lead SOIC Tape & Reel IRS2113STRPbF

International  
**IR** Rectifier

**IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS:** 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245 Tel: (310) 252-7105

**This product has been qualified per industrial level**  
*Data and specifications subject to change without notice 5/11/2006*