

DATA SHEET

74LVC2244A

Octal buffer/line driver with 30 Ω
series termination resistors; 5 V
input/output tolerant; 3-state

Product specification
File under Integrated Circuits, IC24

1999 Sep 30

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74LVC2244A

FEATURES

- 5 V tolerant inputs/outputs for interfacing with 5 V logic
- Wide supply voltage range of 1.2 to 3.6 V
- CMOS low power consumption
- Direct interface with TTL levels
- Integrated 30 Ω termination resistors.

DESCRIPTION

The 74LVC2244A is a high-performance, low-power, low-voltage, Si-gate CMOS device, superior to most advanced CMOS compatible TTL families.

Inputs can be driven from either 3.3 or 5 V devices. In 3-state operation, outputs can handle 5 V. These features allow the use of these devices as translators in a mixed 3.3/5 V environment.

The 74LVC2244A is an octal non-inverting buffer/line driver with 3-state outputs. The 3-state outputs are controlled by the output enable inputs $1\overline{OE}$ and $2\overline{OE}$. A HIGH on $n\overline{OE}$ causes the outputs to assume a high-impedance OFF-state. Schmitt-trigger action at all inputs makes the circuit highly tolerant for slower input rise and fall times. The 74LVC2244A is designed with 30 Ω series termination resistors in both HIGH and LOW output stages to reduce line noise.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Ground = 0 V; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; $t_r = t_f \leq 2.5\text{ ns}$.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYPICAL	UNIT
t_{PHL}/t_{PLH}	propagation delay $1A_n$ to $1Y_n$; $2A_n$ to $2Y_n$	$C_L = 50\text{ pF}$; $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$	4.0	ns
C_I	input capacitance		5.0	pF
C_{PD}	power dissipation capacitance per buffer	$V_I = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; note 1	25	pF

Note

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz;

f_o = output frequency in MHz;

C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

V_{CC} = supply voltage in Volts;

$\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of the outputs.

Octal buffer/line driver with 30 Ω series termination resistors; 5 V input/output tolerant; 3-state

74LVC2244A

FUNCTION TABLE

See note 1.

INPUT		OUTPUT
\overline{nOE}	nA_n	nY_n
L	L	L
L	H	H
H	X	Z

Note

1. H = HIGH voltage level;
L = LOW voltage level;
X = don't care;
Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

ORDERING INFORMATION

OUTSIDE NORTH AMERICA	NORTH AMERICA	PACKAGE				
		TEMPERATURE RANGE	PINS	PACKAGE	MATERIAL	CODE
74LVC2244AD	74LVC2244AD	-40 to +85 °C	20	SO	plastic	SOT163-1
74LVC2244ADB	74LVC2244ADB		20	SSOP	plastic	SOT339-1
74LVC2244APW	74LVC2244APW DH		20	TSSOP	plastic	SOT360-1

PINNING

PIN	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	$1\overline{OE}$	output enable input (active LOW)
2, 4, 6, 8	$1A_0$ to $1A_3$	data inputs
3, 5, 7, 9	$2Y_0$ to $2Y_3$	bus outputs
10	GND	ground (0 V)
11, 13, 15, 17	$2A_3$ to $2A_0$	data inputs
12, 14, 16, 18	$1Y_3$ to $1Y_0$	bus outputs
19	$2\overline{OE}$	output enable input (active LOW)
20	V_{CC}	DC supply voltage

Octal buffer/line driver with 30 Ω series termination resistors; 5 V input/output tolerant; 3-state

74LVC2244A

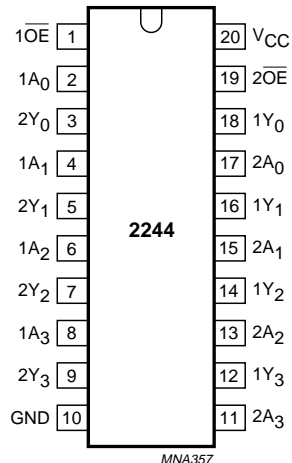


Fig.1 Pin configuration.

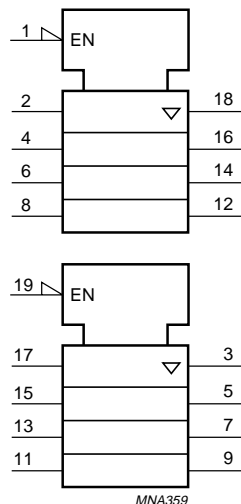


Fig.3 IEC logic symbol.

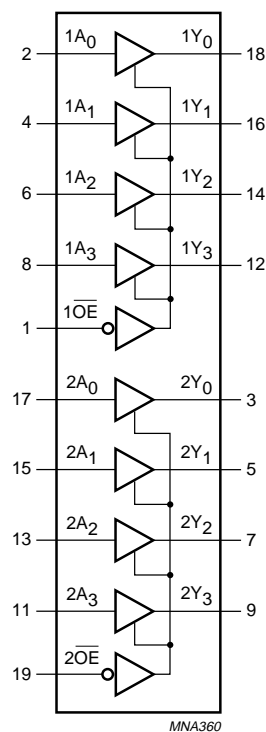


Fig.2 Functional diagram.

Octal buffer/line driver with 30 Ω series termination resistors; 5 V input/output tolerant; 3-state

74LVC2244A

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage for max. speed performance for low-voltage applications		2.7	3.6	V
			1.2	3.6	V
V_I	DC input voltage		0	5.5	V
V_O	DC output voltage output HIGH or LOW state 3-state		0	V_{CC}	V
			0	5.5	V
T_{amb}	operating ambient temperature	see DC and AC characteristics per device	-40	+85	°C
t_r, t_f	input rise and fall times	$V_{CC} = 1.2$ to 2.7 V	0	20	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ to 3.6 V	0	10	

LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5	+6.5	V
I_{IK}	DC input diode current	$V_I < 0$	-	-50	mA
V_I	DC input voltage	note 1	-0.5	+5.5	V
I_{OK}	DC output diode current	$V_O > V_{CC}$ or $V_O < 0$	-	± 50	mA
V_O	DC output voltage				
	output HIGH or LOW	note 1	-0.5	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
	output 3-state	note 1	-0.5	+6.5	V
I_O	DC output diode current	$V_O = 0$ to V_{CC}	-	± 50	mA
I_{CC}, I_{GND}	DC V_{CC} or GND current		-	± 100	mA
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P_{tot}	power dissipation per package				
	plastic mini-pack (SO)	note 2	-	500	mW
	plastic shrink mini-pack (SSOP and TSSOP)	note 3	-	500	mW

Notes

1. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
2. For SO package: above 70 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 8 mW/K.
3. For SSOP and TSSOP package: above 60 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K.

Octal buffer/line driver with 30 Ω series termination resistors; 5 V input/output tolerant; 3-state

74LVC2244A

DC CHARACTERISTICS

Over recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		T _{amb} (°C)			UNIT
		OTHER	V _{CC} (V)	–40 to +85			
				MIN.	TYP. ⁽¹⁾	MAX.	
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage		1.2	V _{CC}	–	–	V
			2.7 to 3.6	2.0	–	–	
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage		1.2	–	–	GND	V
			2.7 to 3.6	–	–	0.8	
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; I _O = –6 mA	2.7	V _{CC} – 0.5	–	–	V
		V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; I _O = –100 μA	3.0	V _{CC} – 0.2	V _{CC}	–	
		V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; I _O = –12 mA	3.0	V _{CC} – 0.8	–	–	
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; I _O = 6 mA	2.7	–	–	0.40	V
		V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; I _O = 100 μA	3.0	–	–	0.20	
		V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; I _O = 12 mA	3.0	–	–	0.55	
I _I	input leakage current	V _I = 5.5 V or GND	3.6	–	±0.1	±5	μA
I _{OZ}	3-state output OFF-state current	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; V _O = 5.5 V or GND	3.6	–	0.1	±10	μA
I _{off}	power off leakage supply	V _I or V _O = 5.5 V	0.0	–	0.1	±10	μA
I _{CC}	quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND; I _O = 0	3.6	–	0.1	20	μA
ΔI _{CC}	additional quiescent supply current per control pin	V _I = V _{CC} – 0.6 V; I _O = 0	2.7 to 3.6	–	5	500	μA

Note

1. All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V and T_{amb} = 25 °C.

Octal buffer/line driver with 30 Ω series termination resistors; 5 V input/output tolerant; 3-state

74LVC2244A

AC CHARACTERISTICS

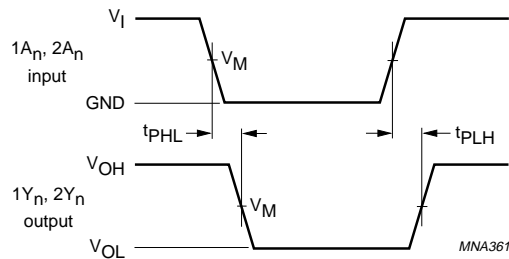
Ground = 0 V; $t_r = t_f \leq 2.5$ ns.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORMS	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3$ V			$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V		UNIT
			MIN.	TYP. ⁽¹⁾	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
t_{PHL}/t_{PLH}	propagation delay $1A_n$ to $1Y_n$; $2A_n$ to $2Y_n$	see Figs 4 and 6	1.5	4.0	6.5	1.5	7.5	ns
t_{PZH}/t_{PZL}	3-state output enable time $1\overline{OE}$ to $1Y_n$; $2\overline{OE}$ to $2Y_n$	see Figs 5 and 6	1.5	4.4	8.1	1.5	9.1	ns
t_{PHZ}/t_{PLZ}	3-state output disable time $1\overline{OE}$ to $1Y_n$; $2\overline{OE}$ to $2Y_n$	see Figs 5 and 6	1.5	3.8	5.4	1.5	6.4	ns

Note

1. Typical values at $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V and $T_{amb} = 25$ °C.

AC WAVEFORMS

 $V_M = 1.5$ V at $V_{CC} \geq 2.7$ V; $V_M = 0.5 V_{CC}$ at $V_{CC} < 2.7$ V; V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical output voltage drop that occur with the output load.Fig.4 The input nA_n to output nY_n propagation delays.

Octal buffer/line driver with 30 Ω series termination resistors; 5 V input/output tolerant; 3-state

74LVC2244A

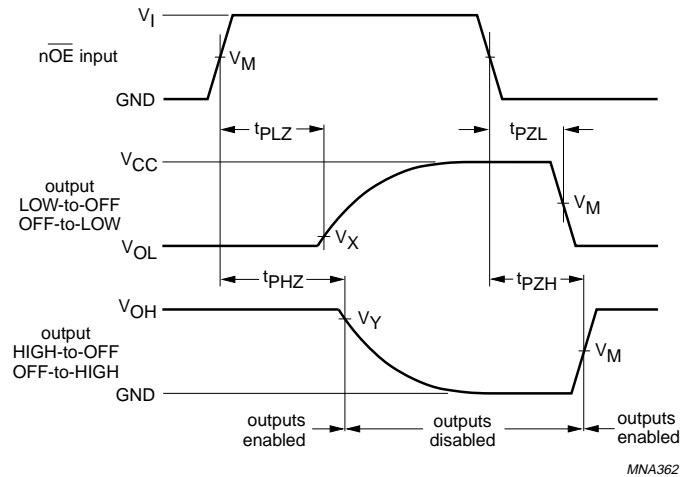
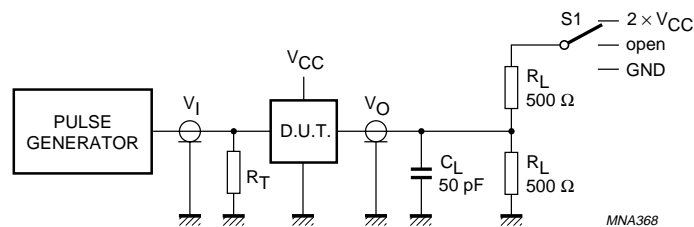


Fig.5 The 3-state enable and disable times.



TEST	S1
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	open
t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}	$2 \times V_{CC}$
t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}	GND

V_{CC}	V_I
$< 2.7 \text{ V}$	V_{CC}
$2.7 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.7 V

Definitions for test circuit:

 R_L = Load resistor C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance (see Chapter "AC characteristics"). R_T = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance Z_o of the pulse generator.

Fig.6 Load circuitry for switching times.

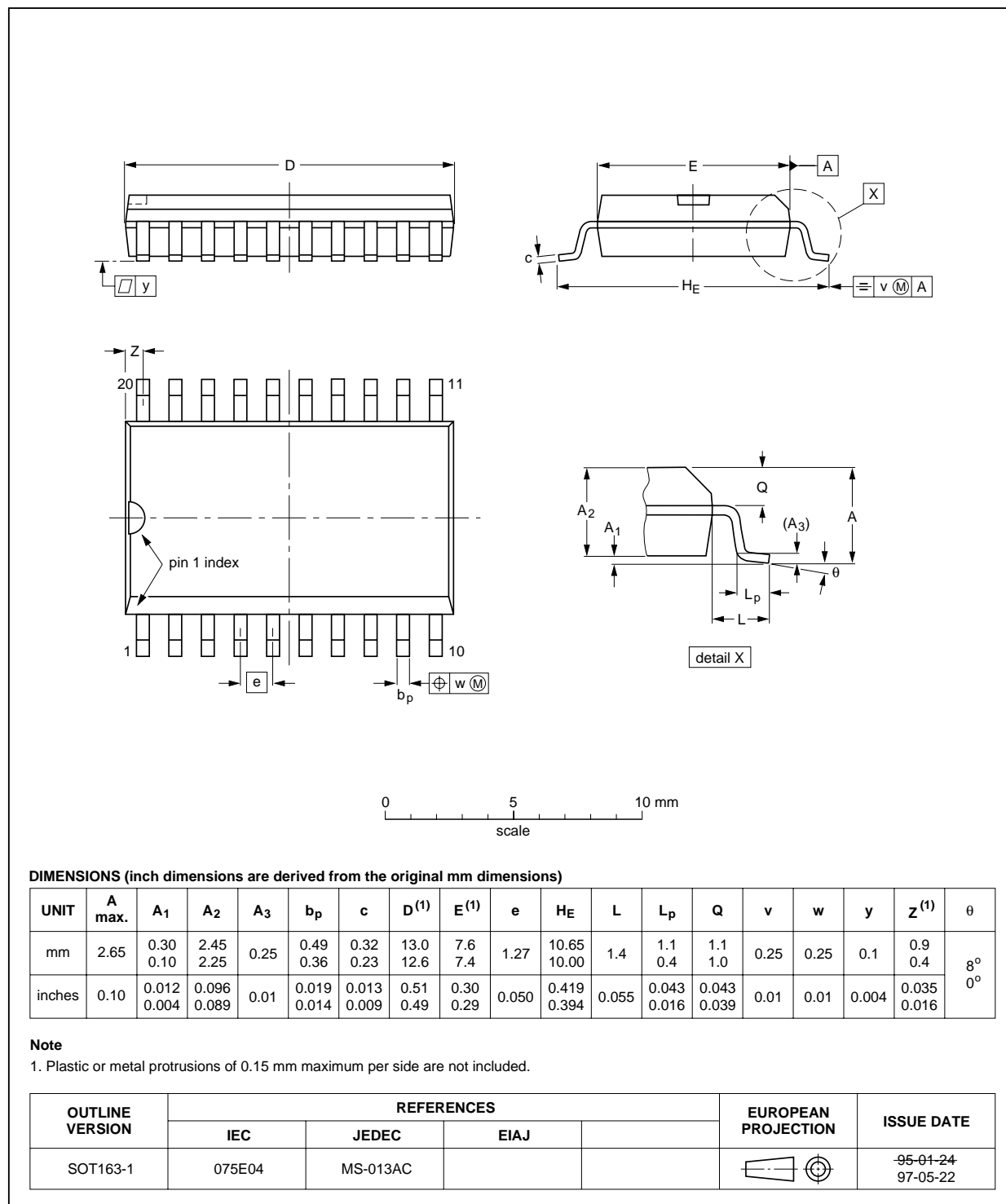
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74LVC2244A

PACKAGE OUTLINES

SO20: plastic small outline package; 20 leads; body width 7.5 mm

SOT163-1

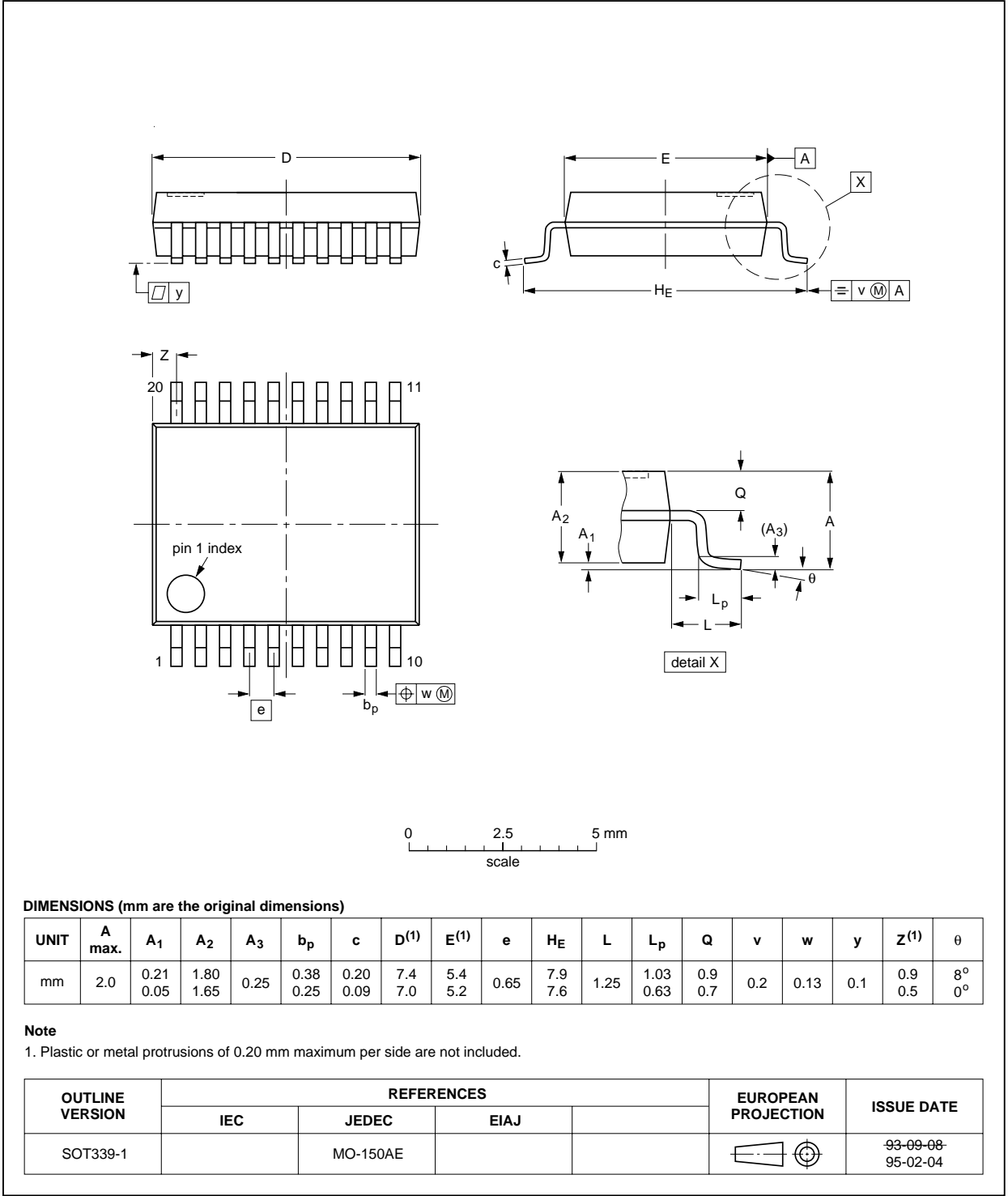


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74LVC2244A

SSOP20: plastic shrink small outline package; 20 leads; body width 5.3 mm

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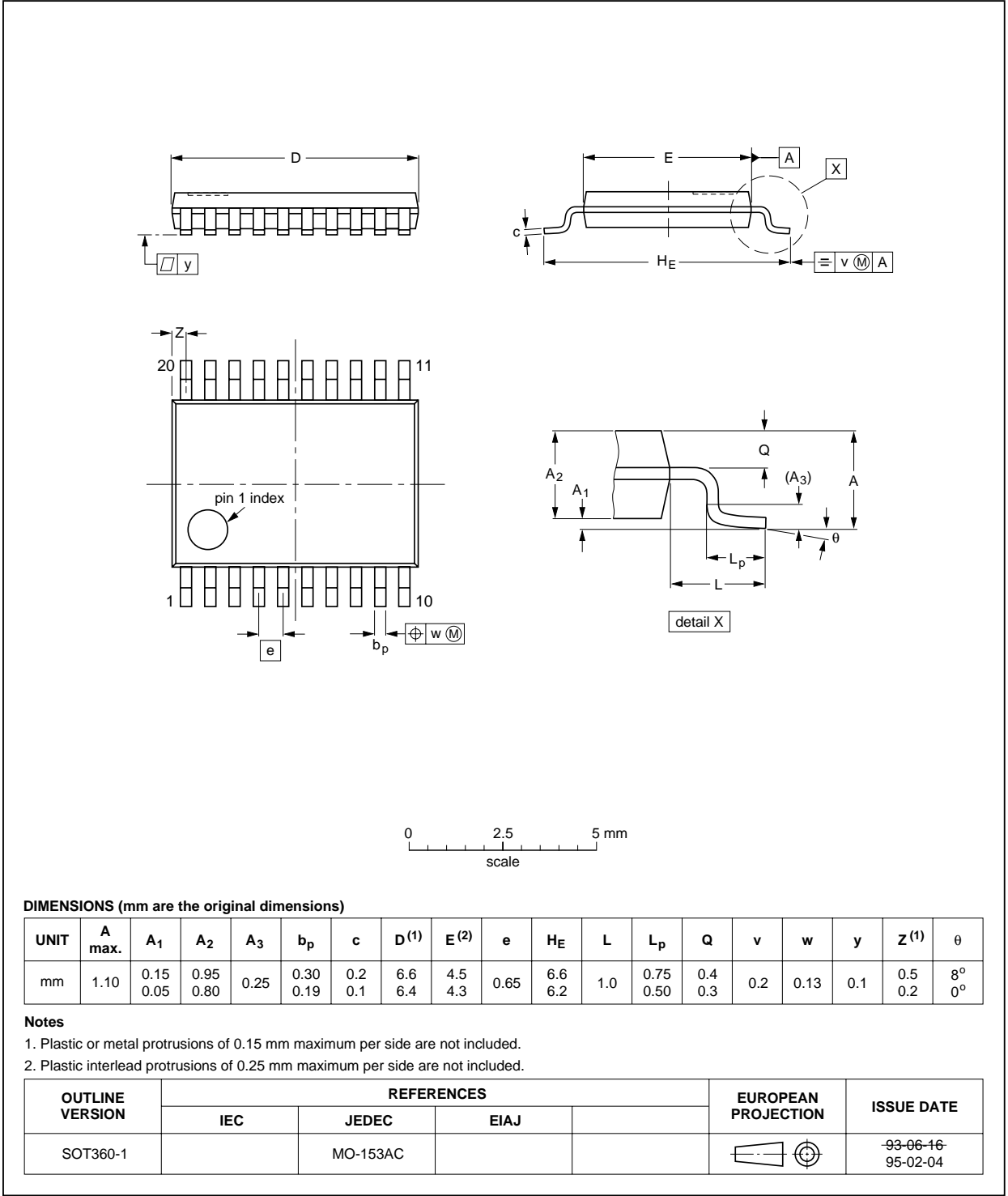


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74LVC2244A

TSSOP20: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 20 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT360-1



Octal buffer/line driver with 30 Ω series termination resistors; 5 V input/output tolerant; 3-state

74LVC2244A

SOLDERING

Introduction to soldering surface mount packages

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our *"Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages"* (document order number 9398 652 90011).

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all surface mount IC packages. Wave soldering is not always suitable for surface mount ICs, or for printed-circuit boards with high population densities. In these situations reflow soldering is often used.

Reflow soldering

Reflow soldering requires solder paste (a suspension of fine solder particles, flux and binding agent) to be applied to the printed-circuit board by screen printing, stencilling or pressure-syringe dispensing before package placement.

Several methods exist for reflowing; for example, infrared/convection heating in a conveyor type oven. Throughput times (preheating, soldering and cooling) vary between 100 and 200 seconds depending on heating method.

Typical reflow peak temperatures range from 215 to 250 °C. The top-surface temperature of the packages should preferably be kept below 230 °C.

Wave soldering

Conventional single wave soldering is not recommended for surface mount devices (SMDs) or printed-circuit boards with a high component density, as solder bridging and non-wetting can present major problems.

To overcome these problems the double-wave soldering method was specifically developed.

If wave soldering is used the following conditions must be observed for optimal results:

- Use a double-wave soldering method comprising a turbulent wave with high upward pressure followed by a smooth laminar wave.
- For packages with leads on two sides and a pitch (e):
 - larger than or equal to 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis is **preferred** to be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board;
 - smaller than 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis **must** be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board.

The footprint must incorporate solder thieves at the downstream end.

- For packages with leads on four sides, the footprint must be placed at a 45° angle to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board. The footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.

During placement and before soldering, the package must be fixed with a droplet of adhesive. The adhesive can be applied by screen printing, pin transfer or syringe dispensing. The package can be soldered after the adhesive is cured.

Typical dwell time is 4 seconds at 250 °C.

A mildly-activated flux will eliminate the need for removal of corrosive residues in most applications.

Manual soldering

Fix the component by first soldering two diagonally-opposite end leads. Use a low voltage (24 V or less) soldering iron applied to the flat part of the lead. Contact time must be limited to 10 seconds at up to 300 °C.

When using a dedicated tool, all other leads can be soldered in one operation within 2 to 5 seconds between 270 and 320 °C.

Octal buffer/line driver with 30 Ω series termination resistors; 5 V input/output tolerant; 3-state

74LVC2244A

Suitability of surface mount IC packages for wave and reflow soldering methods

PACKAGE	SOLDERING METHOD	
	WAVE	REFLOW ⁽¹⁾
BGA, SQFP	not suitable	suitable
HLQFP, HSQFP, HSOP, HTSSOP, SMS	not suitable ⁽²⁾	suitable
PLCC ⁽³⁾ , SO, SOJ	suitable	suitable
LQFP, QFP, TQFP	not recommended ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	suitable
SSOP, TSSOP, VSO	not recommended ⁽⁵⁾	suitable

Notes

1. All surface mount (SMD) packages are moisture sensitive. Depending upon the moisture content, the maximum temperature (with respect to time) and body size of the package, there is a risk that internal or external package cracks may occur due to vaporization of the moisture in them (the so called popcorn effect). For details, refer to the Drypack information in the "Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages; Section: Packing Methods".
2. These packages are not suitable for wave soldering as a solder joint between the printed-circuit board and heatsink (at bottom version) can not be achieved, and as solder may stick to the heatsink (on top version).
3. If wave soldering is considered, then the package must be placed at a 45° angle to the solder wave direction. The package footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.
4. Wave soldering is only suitable for LQFP, TQFP and QFP packages with a pitch (e) equal to or larger than 0.8 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.65 mm.
5. Wave soldering is only suitable for SSOP and TSSOP packages with a pitch (e) equal to or larger than 0.65 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.5 mm.

DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
Limiting values	
Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.	
Application information	
Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.	

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Octal buffer/line driver with 30 Ω series termination
resistors; 5 V input/output tolerant; 3-state

74LVC2244A

NOTES

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resistors; 5 V input/output tolerant; 3-state

74LVC2244A

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