

Silicon PIN Photodiode

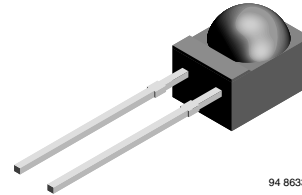
Description

BPV23NF(L) is a high speed and high sensitive PIN photodiode in a plastic package with a spherical side view lens.

The epoxy package itself is an IR filter, spectrally matched to GaAs on GaAs and GaAlAs on GaAlAs IR emitters ($\lambda_p = 950 \text{ nm}$, $s_{rel}(\lambda = 875 \text{ nm}) > 90 \%$).

Lens radius and chip position are perfectly matched to the chip size, giving high sensitivity without compromising the viewing angle.

In comparison with flat packages the spherical lens package achieves a sensitivity improvement of 80 %.



Features

- Large radiant sensitive area ($A = 5.7 \text{ mm}^2$)
- Wide viewing angle $\varphi = \pm 60^\circ$
- Improved sensitivity
- Fast response times
- Low junction capacitance
- Plastic package with universal IR filter
- Option "L": long lead package optional available with suffix "L"; e.g.: BPV23FL
- Lead (Pb)-free component
- Component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC



Applications

Infrared remote control and free air transmission systems in combination with IR emitter diodes (TSU-, TSI-, or TSH.-Series). High sensitivity detector for high data rate transmission systems.

The IR filter matches perfectly to the high speed infrared emitters in the 830 nm to 880 nm wavelength range.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse Voltage		V_R	60	V
Power Dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_V	215	mW
Junction Temperature		T_j	100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Temperature Range		T_{amb}	- 55 to + 100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range		T_{stg}	- 55 to + 100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature	$t \leq 5 \text{ s}$	T_{sd}	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance Junction/Ambient		R_{thJA}	350	K/W

Electrical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Forward Voltage	$I_F = 50\text{ mA}$	V_F		1	1.3	V
Breakdown Voltage	$I_R = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, $E = 0$	$V_{(BR)}$	60			V
Reverse Dark Current	$V_R = 10\text{ V}$, $E = 0$	I_{ro}		2	30	nA
Diode capacitance	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $E = 0$	C_D		48		pF
Serial Resistance	$V_R = 12\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	R_S		900		Ω

Optical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Open Circuit Voltage	$E_e = 1\text{ mW/cm}^2$, $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	V_o		390		mV
Temp. Coefficient of V_o	$E_e = 1\text{ mW/cm}^2$, $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	TK_{V_o}		- 2.6		mV/K
Short Circuit Current	$E_e = 1\text{ mW/cm}^2$, $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	I_k		65		μA
Reverse Light Current	$E_e = 1\text{ mW/cm}^2$, $\lambda = 870\text{ nm}$, $V_R = 5\text{ V}$	I_{ra}	45	65		μA
Temp. Coefficient of I_{ra}	$E_e = 1\text{ mW/cm}^2$, $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$, $V_R = 10\text{ V}$	$TK_{I_{ra}}$		0.1		%/K
Absolute Spectral Sensitivity	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$, $\lambda = 870\text{ nm}$	$s(\lambda)$		0.57		A/W
	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$, $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	$s(\lambda)$		0.60		A/W
Angle of Half Sensitivity		φ		± 60		deg
Wavelength of Peak Sensitivity		λ_p		940		nm
Range of Spectral Bandwidth		$\lambda_{0.5}$		790 to 1050		nm
Quantum Efficiency	$\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	η		90		%
Noise Equivalent Power	$V_R = 10\text{ V}$, $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	NEP		4×10^{-14}		$\text{W}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Detectivity	$V_R = 10\text{ V}$, $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	D^*		5×10^{12}		$\text{cm}^2/\text{Hz}/\text{W}$
Rise Time	$V_R = 10\text{ V}$, $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$, $\lambda = 820\text{ nm}$	t_r		70		ns
Fall Time	$V_R = 10\text{ V}$, $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$, $\lambda = 820\text{ nm}$	t_f		70		ns
Cut-Off Frequency	$V_R = 12\text{ V}$, $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$, $\lambda = 870\text{ nm}$	f_c		4		MHz
	$V_R = 12\text{ V}$, $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$, $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	f_c		1		MHz

Typical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

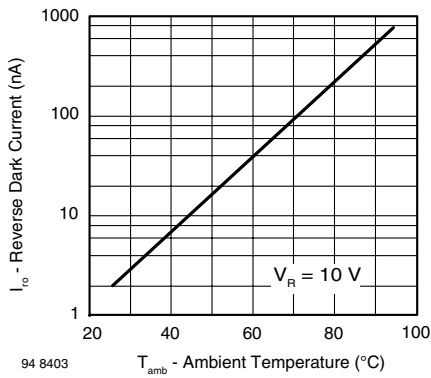


Figure 1. Reverse Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

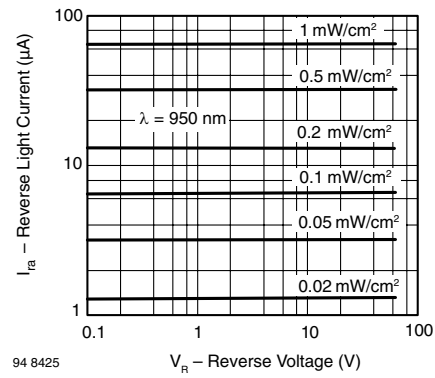


Figure 4. Reverse Light Current vs. Reverse Voltage

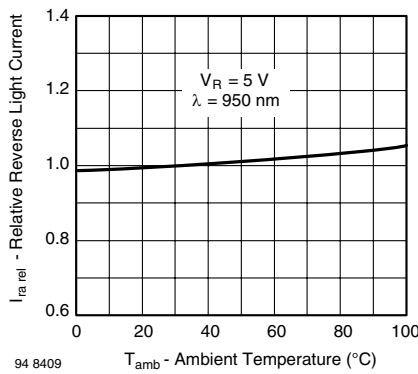


Figure 2. Relative Reverse Light Current vs. Ambient Temperature

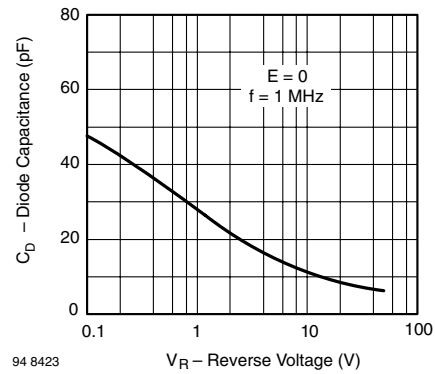


Figure 5. Diode Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

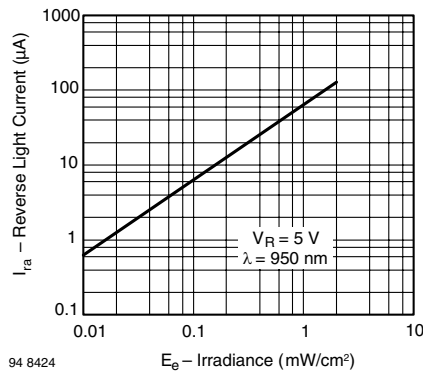


Figure 3. Reverse Light Current vs. Irradiance

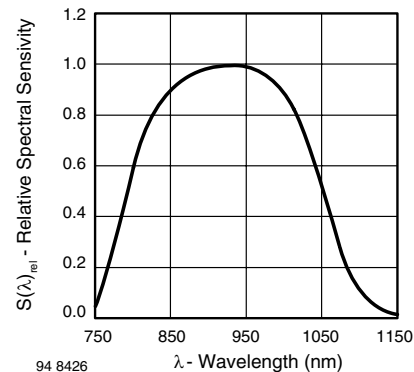
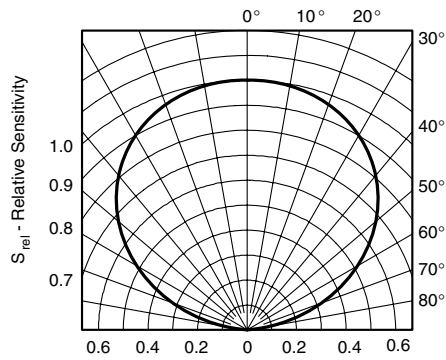


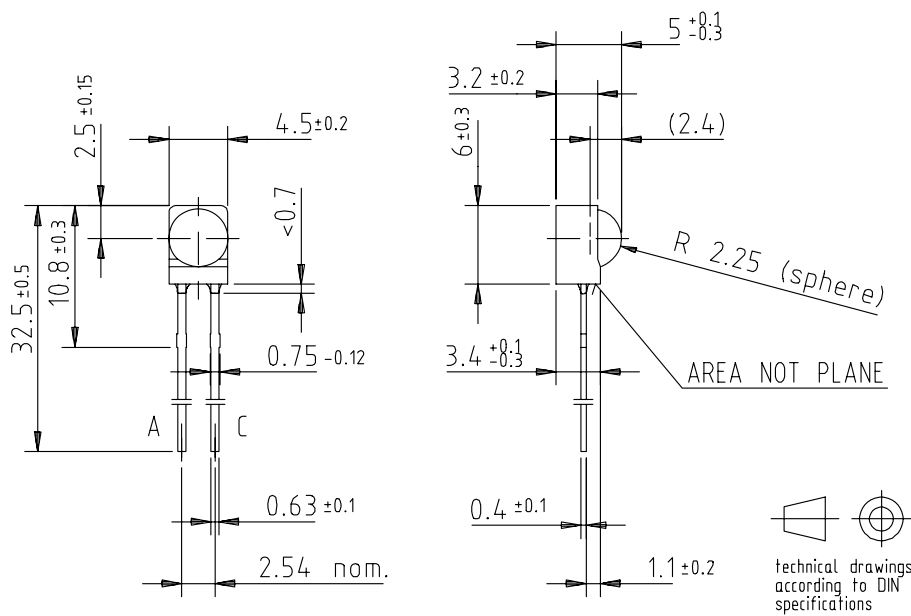
Figure 6. Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength



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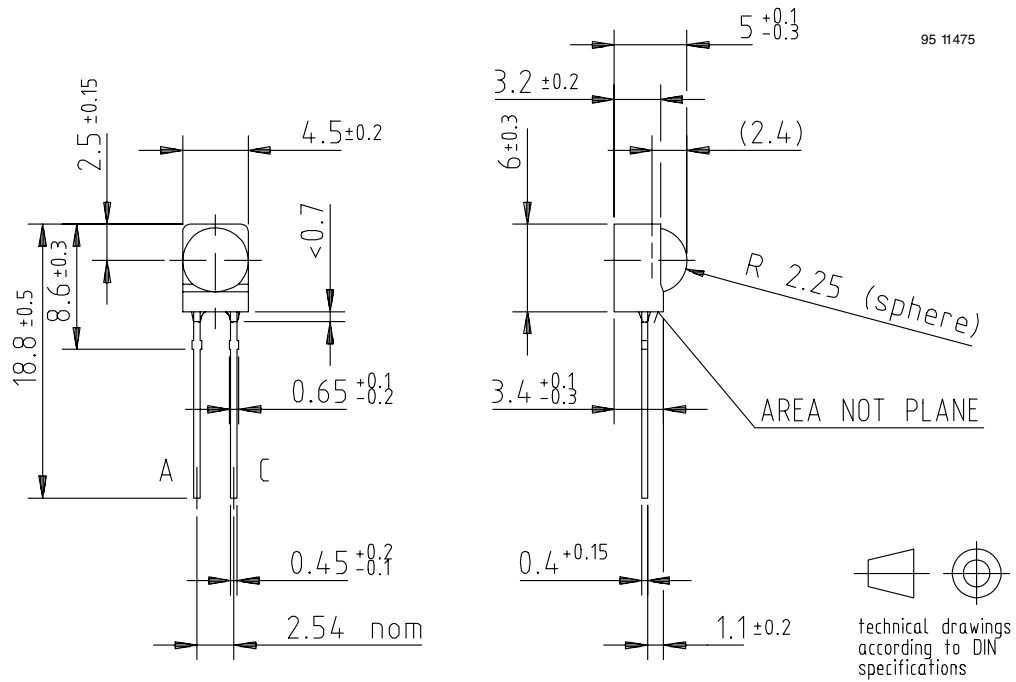
Figure 7. Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement

Package Dimensions in mm



9612205

Package Dimensions in mm





Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design
and may do so without further notice.

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Vishay Semiconductor GmbH, P.O.B. 3535, D-74025 Heilbronn, Germany



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