## HLMP-CWxx

T-1<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Precision Optical Performance White LED Lamps

# **Data Sheet**

HLMP-CW15, HLMP-CW16, HLMP-CW23, HLMP-CW24, HLMP-CW30, HLMP-CW31, HLMP-CW70, HLMP-CW72

#### Description

These high intensity white LED lamps are based on InGaN material technology. A blue LED die is coated by a phosphor to produce white. The typical resulting color is described by the coordinates x = 0.32, y = 0.32 using the 1931 CIE Chromaticity Diagram.

These T-1<sup>3/4</sup> lamps are untinted, nondiffused, and incorporate precise optics producing well defined spatial radiation patterns at specific viewing cone angle.

#### **Features**

- Highly luminous white emission
- 15°, 23°, 30°, and 70° viewing angle

#### **Applications**

- Electronic signs and signals
- · Small area illumination
- Legend backlighting
- · General purpose indicators

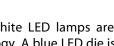
#### Benefit

· Reduced power consumption, higher reliability, and increased optical/mechanical design flexibility compared to incandescent bulbs and other alternative white light sources

CAUTION: These devices are Class 1C ESD sensitive. Please observe appropriate precautions during handling and processing. Refer to Avago Technologies Application Note AN-1142 for additional details.





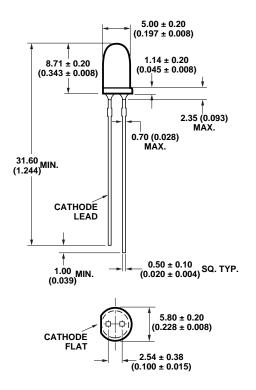


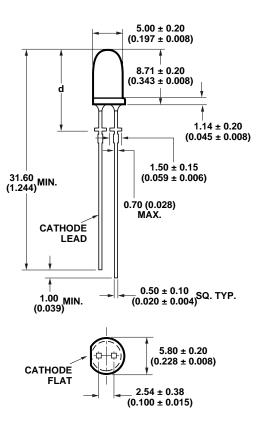
### **Device Selection Guide**

	Min. Luminous Intensity Iv (mcd) @ 20 mA				
Part Number	Viewing Angle Typ.	Min.	Max.	Standoff Leads	Package Dimension
HLMP-CW15-TW0xx	15°	2500	7200	No	A
HLMP-CW15-TW0xx	15°	2500	7200	No	А
HLMP-CW15-UV0xx	15°	3200	5500	No	Α
HLMP-CW15-VWBxx	15°	4200	7200	No	Α
HLMP-CW15-VY0xx	15°	4200	12000	No	Α
HLMP-CW15-VYBxx	15°	4200	12000	No	Α
HLMP-CW15-VYGxx	15°	4200	12000	No	Α
HLMP-CW15-VYKxx	15°	4200	12000	No	Α
HLMP-CW16-R00xx	15°	1500	-	Yes	В
HLMP-CW16-TW0xx	15°	2500	7200	Yes	В
HLMP-CW16-VY0xx	15°	4200	12000	Yes	В
HLMP-CW23-SV0xx	23°	1900	5500	No	Α
HLMP-CW23-SVKxx	23°	1900	5500	No	Α
HLMP-CW23-TW0xx	23°	2500	7200	No	A
HLMP-CW24-SV0xx	23°	1900	5500	Yes	В
HLMP-CW24-TW0xx	23°	2500	7200	Yes	В
HLMP-CW30-PS0xx	30°	880	2500	No	A
HLMP-CW30-RU0xx	30°	1500	4200	No	A
HLMP-CW30-STBxx	30°	1900	3200	No	A
HLMP-CW30-SV0xx	30°	1900	5500	No	A
HLMP-CW31-M00xx	30°	520	-	Yes	В
HLMP-CW31-PS0xx	30°	880	2500	Yes	В
HLMP-CW31-SV0xx	30°	1900	5500	Yes	В
HLMP-CW70-LMBxx	70°	400	680	No	Α
HLMP-CW70-LP0xx	70°	400	1150	No	A
HLMP-CW72-LP0xx	70°	400	1150	Yes	В

Tolerance for each intensity limit is  $\pm 15\%$ .

### Package Dimensions





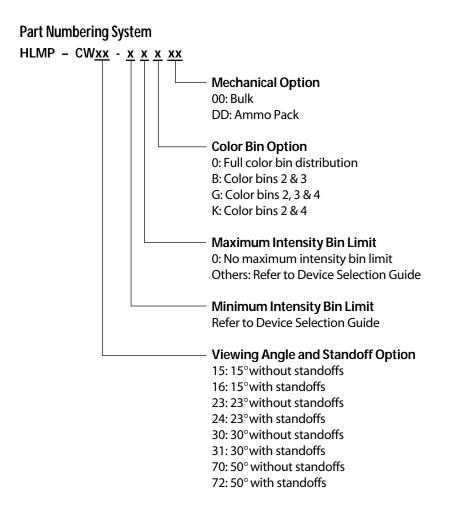
PACKAGE DIMENSION A

#### NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
- 2. EPOXY MENISCUS MAY EXTEND ABOUT 1 mm (0.040") DOWN THE LEADS.

#### PACKAGE DIMENSION B

HLMP-CW16	HLMP-CW24	HLMP-CW31	HLMP-CW72
d = 12.6 ± 0.25	d = 12.52 ± 0.25	d = 11.96 ± 0.25	d = 12.52 ± 0.25
(0.496 ± 0.010)	(0.493 ± 0.010)	(0.471 ± 0.010)	(0.493 ± 0.010)



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

Parameter	Value	Units
DC Forward Current <sup>[1]</sup>	30	mA
Peak Forward Current <sup>[2]</sup>	100	mA
Power Dissipation	111	mW
Reverse Voltage ( $I_R = 10 \mu A$ )	5	V
LED Junction Temperature	110	٥C
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +80	٥C
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +100	٥C

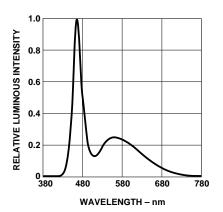
Notes:

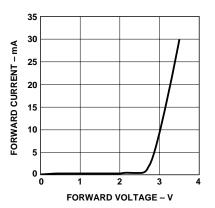
1. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 5.

2. Duty factor 10%, 1 kHz.

### **Electrical Characteristics**

T<sub>A</sub> = 25℃





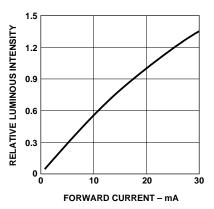


Figure 1. Relative intensity vs. wavelength

Figure 2. Forward current vs. forward voltage

Figure 3. Relative lv vs. forward current

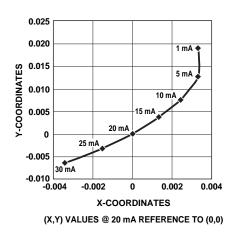


Figure 4. Chromaticity shift vs. current

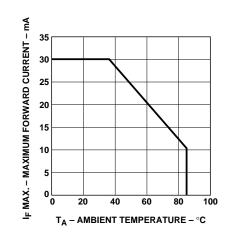


Figure 5. Maximum forward current vs. temperature

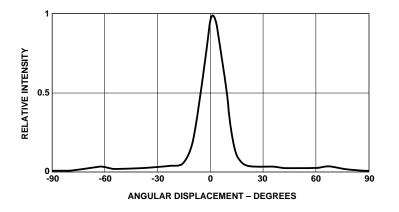


Figure 6a. CW1x spatial radiation pattern

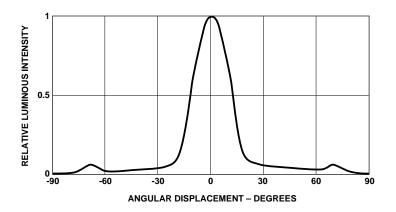


Figure 6b. CW2x spatial radiation pattern

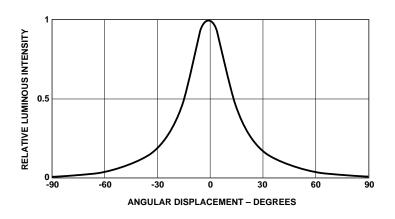


Figure 6c. CW3x spatial radiation pattern

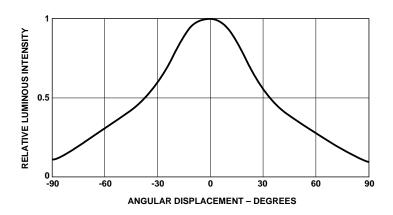


Figure 6c. CW7x spatial radiation pattern

### Intensity Bin Limits (mcd at 20 mA)

400 520	520
520	
	680
680	880
880	1150
1150	1500
1500	1900
1900	2500
2500	3200
3200	4200
4200	5500
5500	7200
7200	9300
9300	12000
12000	16000
	680 880 1150 1500 2500 3200 4200 5500 7200 9300

### **Color Bin Limit Table**

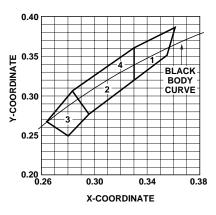
Rank	Limits	(Chromatici	ty Coordina	ates)		
1	х	0.330	0.330	0.356	0.361	
	У	0.360	0.318	0.351	0.385	
2	х	0.287	0.296	0.330	0.330	
	У	0.295	0.276	0.318	0.339	
3	х	0.264	0.280	0.296	0.283	
	У	0.267	0.248	0.276	0.305	
4	х	0.283	0.287	0.330	0.330	
	У	0.305	0.295	0.339	0.360	

Tolerance for each bin limit is  $\pm$  0.01.

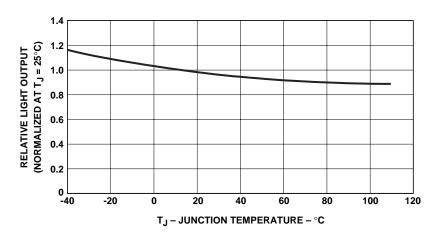
#### Note:

Bin categories are established for classification of products. Products may not be available in all bin categories. Please contact your Avago representative for information on currently available bins.

### Color Bin Limits with Respect to CIE 1931 Chromaticity Diagram



### Relative Light Output vs. Junction Temperature



Tolerance for each bin limit is  $\pm$  15%.

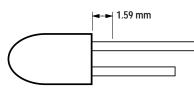
#### **Precautions:**

#### Lead Forming

- The leads of an LED lamp may be preformed or cut to length prior to insertion and soldering into PC board.
- If lead forming is required before soldering, care must be taken to avoid any excessive mechanical stress induced into the LED package. Otherwise, cut the leads of LED to length after soldering process at room temperature. The solder joint formed will absorb the mechanical stress of the lead cutting from traveling to the LED chip die attach and wirebond.
- For better control, it is recommended to use proper tool to precisely form and cut the leads to applicable length rather than doing it manually.

#### **Soldering Conditions**

- Care must be taken during PCB assembly and soldering process to prevent damage to the LED component.
- The closest manual soldering distance of the soldering heat source (soldering iron's tip) to the body is 1.59 mm. Soldering the LED closer than 1.59 mm might damage the LED.



Recommended soldering conditions:

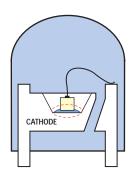
	Wave Soldering	Manual Solder Dipping
Pre-heat Temperature	105 ℃ Max.	-
Pre-heat Time	30 sec Max.	_
Peak Temperature	250 ℃ Max.	260 ℃ Max.
Dwell Time	3 sec Max.	5 sec Max.

 Wave soldering parameter must be set and maintained according to recommended temperature and dwell time in the solder wave. Customer is advised to daily checkon the soldering profile to ensure that the soldering profile is always conforming to recommended soldering condition.

#### Notes:

 PCB with different size and design (component density) will have different head mass (heat capacity). This might cause a change in temperature experienced by the board if same wave soldering setting is used. So, it is recommended to recalibrate the soldering profile again before loading a new type of PCB. 2. Avago Technologies' high brightness LED are using high efficiency LED die with single wire bond as shown below. Customer is advised to take extra precaution during wave soldering to ensure that the maximum wave temperature is not exceeding 250°C. Overstressing the LED during soldering process might cause premature failure to the LED due to delamination.

#### Avago Technologies LED Configuration



#### InGaN Device

**Note:** Electrical connection between bottom surface of LED die and the lead frame material through conductive paste of solder.

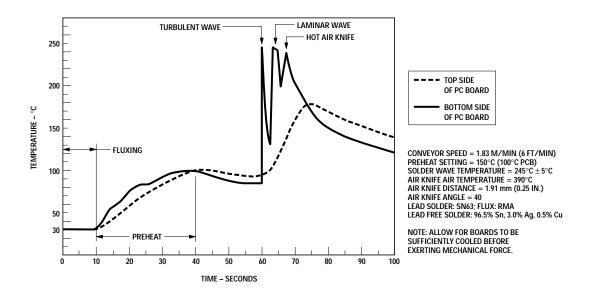
- If necessary, use fixture to hold the LED component in proper orientation with respect to the PCB during soldering process.
- At elevated temperature, the LED is more susceptible to mechanical stress. Therefore, PCB must be allowed to cool down to room temperature prior to handling, which includes removal of jigs, fixtures or pallet.
- Special attention must be given to board fabrication, solder masking, surface plating and lead holes size and component orientation to assure solderability.
- Recommended PC board plated through hole sizes for LED component leads:

LED Component Lead Size	Diagonal	Plated Through Hole Diameter
0.457 x 0.457 mm (0.018 x 0.018 inch)	0.646 mm (0.025 inch)	0.976 to 1.078 mm (0.038 to 0.042 inch)
0.508 x 0.508 mm	0.718 mm	1.049 to 1.150 mm
(0.020 x 0.020 inch)	(0.028 inch)	(0.041 to 0.045 inch)

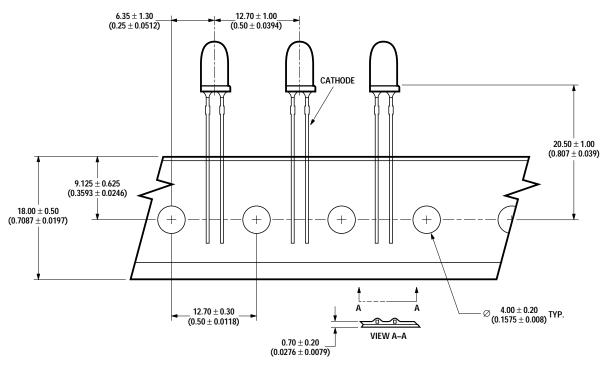
 Over sizing of plated through hole can lead to twisting or improper LED placement during auto insertion. Under sizing plated through hole can lead to mechanical stress on the epoxy lens during clinching.

**Note:** Refer to Application Note AN1027 for more information on soldering LED components.

### **Recommended Wave Soldering Profile**

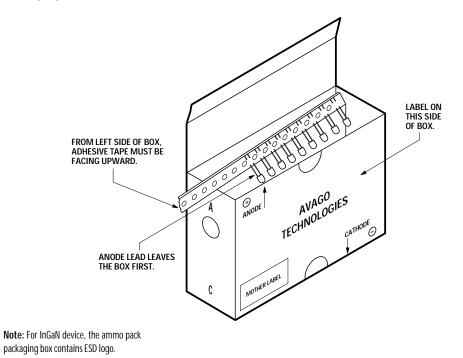


**Ammo Packs Drawing** 



ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).

### Packaging Box Ammo Packs



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