

Surge arrester

3-electrode arrester

 Series/Type:
 TC83-A230XF1

 Ordering code:
 B88069X5611B502

 Version/Date:
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Features	Applications
 Standard size 	 Branch exchange (MDF)
 Fast response time 	Line protection
 High current rating 	 Station protection
 Stable performance over life 	
 Very low capacitance 	
 High insulation resistance 	
 Reliable failsafe device 	
RoHS-compatible	

Electrical specifications

DC spark-over voltage ^{1) 2) 4)}		230 ± 20	V %
Impulse spark-over voltage ⁴⁾ at 100 V/µs - for 99 % of measured values - typical values of distribution		< 450 < 400	V V
at 1 kV/µs - for 99 % of measured values - typical values of distribution		< 650 < 600	V V
Service life			
10 operations	50 Hz, 1 s ⁵⁾	10	А
1 operation	50 Hz, 0.18 s (9 cycles) ⁵⁾	40	А
10 operations [5x (+) & 5x (-)]	8/20 µs ⁵⁾	10	kA
1 operation	8/20 µs ⁵⁾	15	kA
1 operation	10/350 µs ⁵⁾	5	kA
300 operations, alternating	10/1000 µs	200	А
Insulation resistance at 100 $V_{dc}^{4)}$		> 10	GΩ
Capacitance at 1 MHz ⁴⁾		< 1.5	pF
Transverse delay time ³⁾		< 0.2	μs
Arc voltage at 1 A Glow to arc transition current Glow voltage		~ 30 ~ 1 ~ 200	V A V
Weight		~ 2	g
Storage temperature		-40 +90	°C
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)		40/ 90/ 21	
Marking, red negative		EPCOS 230 YY O 230 - Nominal voltage YY - Year of productio O - Non radioactive	on

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Please read *Cautions and warnings* and *Important notes* at the end of this document.

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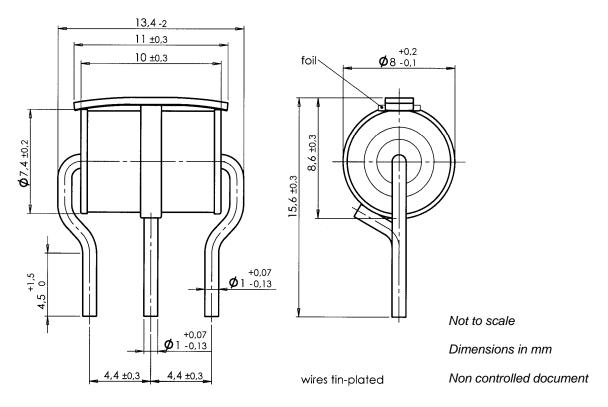
- ¹⁾ At delivery AQL 0.65 level II, DIN ISO 2859
- ²⁾ In ionized mode
- ³⁾ Test according to ITU-T Rec. K.12
- ⁴⁾ Tip or ring electrode to center electrode
 ⁵⁾ Total current through center electrode, half value through tip respectively ring electrode.

Terms in accordance with ITU-T Rec. K.12 and DIN 57845/VDE0845

The arrester failsafe mechanism contains an insulating foil with a melting temperature of 260 °C.

Arrester failsafe works at temperatures > 260 °C. The arrester has to be fixed mechanically, if the arrester is contacted by soldering and if the solder temperature is less than 260 °C.

Dimensional drawing



Cautions and warnings

- The short-circuit spring does not trigger until 260 °C is reached depending on the material. care
 must be taken to limit the thermal radiation onto adjacent parts to safe values.
- Surge arresters must not be operated directly in power supply networks.
- Surge arresters may become hot in case of longer periods of current stress (danger of burning).
- Surge arresters may be used only within their specified values. In case of overload, the head contacts may fail or the component may be destroyed.
- Damaged surge arresters must not be re-used.

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