- Ideal for 434.02 MHz Low-Power Transmitters
- Nominal Insertion Phase Shift of 180° at Resonance
- Quartz Stability
- Rugged, Hermetic, Low-Profile TO39 Case
- Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)



The RP1207-7 is a two-port, 180° surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a low-profile TO39 case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of AM, FSK, or PSK transmitters operating at 434.02 MHz.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Units
CW RF Power Dissipation (See: Typical Test Circuit)	+0	dBm
DC Voltage Between Any Two Pins (Observe ESD Precautions)	±30	VDC
Case Temperature	-40 to +85	°C

SAW Resonator

RP1207-7

434.02 MHz



Electrical Characteristics

	Characteristic	Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Center Frequency	Absolute Frequency	f _C	2.2.4.5	433.945		434.095	MHz
	Tolerance from 433.920 MHz	Δf_C	2, 3, 4, 5,	-		±75	kHz
Insertion Loss		IL	2, 5, 6		6.3	8.0	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	QU	5, 6, 7		11,261		
	50 Ω Loaded Q	QL			6,127		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	Τ _Ο	6, 7, 8	36	51	66	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f _O			f _C +11		kHz
	Frequency Temp. Coefficient	FTC			0.037		ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during First Year	f _A	6		≤ 10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Pins			5	1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC	Motional Resistance	R _M	5, 7, 9		119	142	Ω
	Motional Inductance	L _M			493.23		μH
	Motional Capacitance	C _M			0.27		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	C _O	5, 6, 9	1.75	1.82	1.95	pF
Lid Symbolization (in ad	ddition to Lot and/or Date Codes)	RFM 1207-7			1		

CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling.

Notes:

 Frequency aging is the change in f_C with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing significantly in subsequent years.

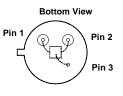
2. The frequency f_C is the frequency of minimum IL with the resonator in the specified test fixture in a 50 Ω test system with VSWR \leq 1.2:1. Typically, $f_{OSCILLATOR}$ or $f_{TRANSMITTER}$ is less than the resonator f_C .

- 3. One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,454,488; 4,616,197.
- 4. Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- 5. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature $T_C = +25^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$
- 6. The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change without notice.
- 7. Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f_C, IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_C versus T_C, and C_O.
- 8. Turnover temperature, T_O , is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_O . The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C , may be calculated from: $f = f_O [1 FTC (T_O T_C)^2]$. Typically, oscillator T_O is 20° less than the specified resonator T_O .
- This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C₀ is the measured static (nonmotional) capacitance between either pin 1 and ground or pin 2 and ground. The measurement includes case parasitic capacitance.

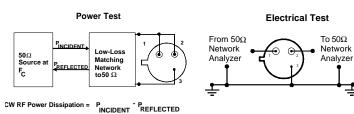
Electrical Connections

This two-port, three-terminal SAW resonator is bidirectional. However, impedances and circuit board parasitics may not be symmetrical, requiring slightly different oscillator component-matching values.

Pin	Connection	
1	Input or Output	
2	Output or Input	
3	Case Ground	



Typical Test Circuit



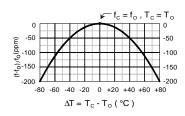
Equivalent LC Model

The following equivalent LC model is valid near resonance:



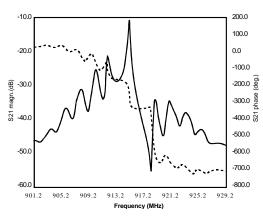
Temperature Characteristics

The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature contributions.



Typical Frequency Response

The plot shown below is a typical frequency response for the RP series of two-port resonators. The plot is for RP1094.



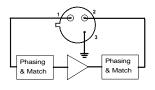
Dimensions	Millim	neters	Inches		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
A		9.40		0.370	
В		3.18		0.125	
С	2.50	3.50	0.098	0.138	
D	0.46 Nominal		0.018 Nominal		
E	5.08 Nominal		0.200 Nominal		
F	2.54 Nominal		0.100 Nominal		
G	2.54 Nominal		0.100 Nominal		
Н		1.02		0.040	
J	1.40		0.055		

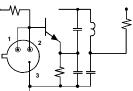
Typical Application Circuits

This SAW resonator can be used in oscillator or transmitter designs that require 180° phase shift at resonance in a two-port configuration. Oneport resonators can be simulated, as shown, by connecting pins 1 and 2 together. However, for most low-cost consumer products, this is only recommended for retrofit applications and not for new designs.

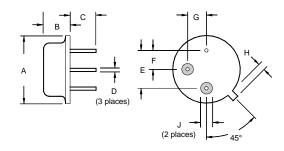
Conventional Two-Port Design:

Simulated One-Port Design:





Case Design



RF Monolithics, Inc. Phone: (972) 233-2903 RFM Europe Phone: 44 1963 251383