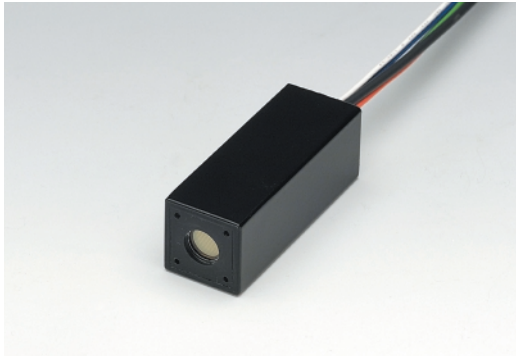


Metal Package PMT

HAMAMATSU

Photosensor Modules H10722 Series



The H10722 series are photosensor modules containing a metal package PMT, a low-power consumption high-voltage power supply circuit, and a low-noise amplifier. The amplifier converts the PMT current output to a voltage output so that the signal can be easily processed. Also, the amplifier is connected close to the PMT anode output pin in order to make the signal less affected by external noise.

Four types of photocathodes are available, including a super bialkali photocathode that has higher sensitivity than conventional bialkali photocathodes, an ultra bialkali photocathode that offers even higher sensitivity, a multialkali photocathode with sensitivity extending to the near infrared region, and a red sensitivity enhanced multialkali photocathode.

Product Variations

| Parameter | Spectral Response | Current-to-Voltage Conversion Factor* | Frequency Bandwidth* | Features |
|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| H10722-110 | 230 nm to 700 nm | 1 V/ μ A | DC to 20 kHz | Super bialkali photocathode, for visible range |
| H10722-210 | 230 nm to 700 nm | | | Ultra bialkali photocathode, for visible range |
| H10722-01 | 230 nm to 870 nm | | | For visible to near IR range |
| H10722-20 | 230 nm to 920 nm | | | Infrared-extended multialkali photocathode with enhanced sensitivity |

* The amplifier specification can be changed upon request. Feel free to contact our sales office.

Specifications

(at +25 °C)

| Parameter | | H10722-110 | H10722-210 | H10722-01 | H10722-20 | Unit | |
|--|--|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Input Voltage | | ± 4.5 to ± 5.5 | | | | V | |
| Max. Input Voltage | | ± 5.5 | | | | V | |
| Max. Input Current *1 | | +6.2 / -3.5 | | | | mA | |
| Max. Output Signal Voltage | | +4 (Load resistance 10 k Ω) | | | | V | |
| Max. Control Voltage | | +1.1 (Input Impedance 1 M Ω) | | | | V | |
| Recommended Control Voltage Adjustment Range | | +0.5 to +1.1 (Input Impedance 1 M Ω) | | | | V | |
| Effective Area | | $\phi 8$ | | | | mm | |
| Peak Sensitivity Wavelength | | 400 | 400 | 400 | 630 | nm | |
| Cathode | Luminous Sensitivity | Min. | 80 | 100 | 100 | 350 | μ A/lm |
| | | Typ. | 105 | 135 | 200 | 500 | |
| | Blue Sensitivity Index (CS 5-58) | Typ. | 13.5 | 15.5 | — | — | — |
| | Red / White Ratio | Typ. | — | — | 0.2 | 0.45 | — |
| Radiant Sensitivity *2 | | Typ. | 110 | 130 | 77 | 78 | mA/W |
| Anode | Luminous Sensitivity *3 | Min. | 8.0×10^7 | 1.0×10^8 | 1.0×10^8 | 3.5×10^8 | V/lm |
| | | Typ. | 2.1×10^8 | 2.7×10^8 | 4.0×10^8 | 1.0×10^9 | |
| | Radiant Sensitivity *2 *3 | Typ. | 220 | 260 | 150 | 150 | V/nW |
| | Voltage Output Depending on PMT Dark Current *3 *4 | Typ. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 10 | mV |
| Max. | | 10 | 10 | 10 | 100 | | |
| Current-to-Voltage Conversion Factor | | 1 | | | | V/ μ A | |
| Output Offset Voltage | | Typ. | ± 1 | | | mV | |
| Ripple Noise *3 *5 (peak to peak) | | Max. | 0.5 | | | mV | |
| Settling Time *6 | | Max. | 10 | | | s | |
| Operating Ambient Temperature *7 | | +5 to +50 | | | | $^{\circ}$ C | |
| Storage Temperature *7 | | -20 to +50 | | | | $^{\circ}$ C | |
| Weight | | Typ. | | | | 100 | g |

*1: At ± 5 V input voltage, +1.0 V control voltage, and output current equal to dark current

*2: Measured at the peak sensitivity wavelength

*3: Control voltage = +1.0 V

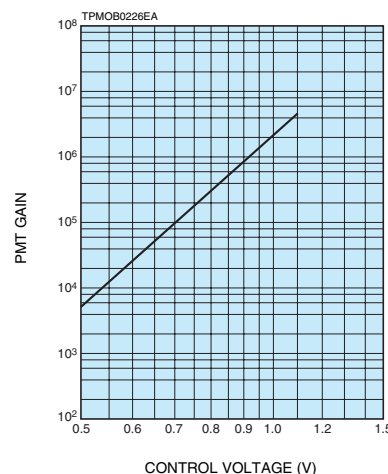
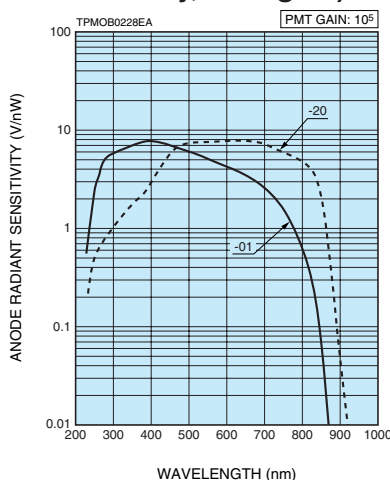
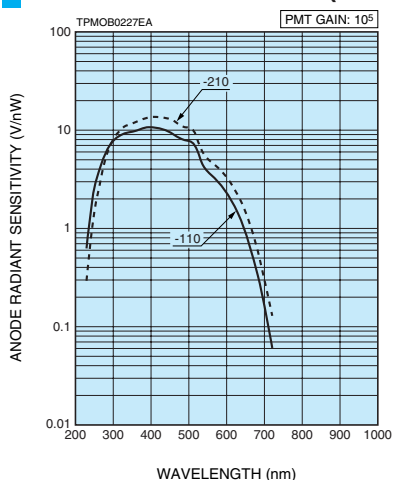
*4: After 30 minutes storage in darkness. The actual output value in darkness is the sum of dark current and offset voltage.

*5: Cable RG-174/U, Cable length 450 mm, Load resistance = 1 M Ω , Load capacitance = 22 pF

*6: The time required for the output to reach a stable level following a change in the control voltage from +1.0 V to +0.5 V.

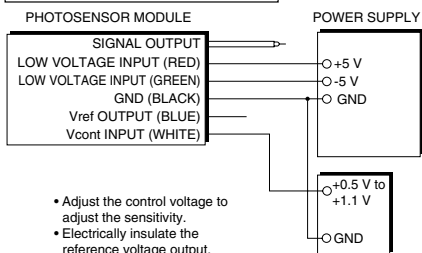
*7: No condensation

Characteristics (Anode radiant sensitivity, PMT gain)



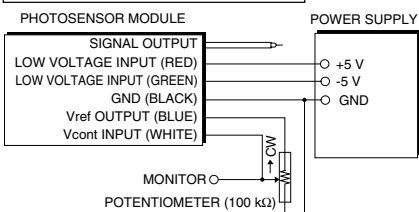
Sensitivity Adjustment Method

VOLTAGE PROGRAMMING



- Adjust the control voltage to adjust the sensitivity.
- Electrically insulate the reference voltage output.

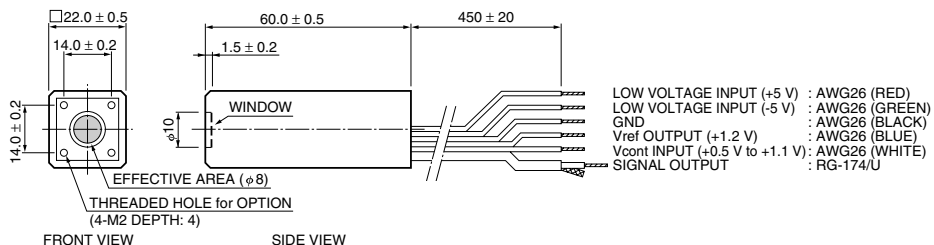
RESISTANCE PROGRAMMING



- * When using a potentiometer to adjust sensitivity, monitor the control voltage so it does not exceed +1.1 V.

TPMOC0232EA

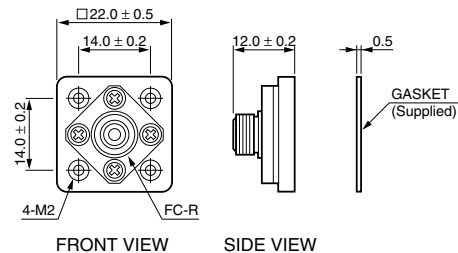
Dimensional Outlines (Unit: mm)



TPMOA0063EA

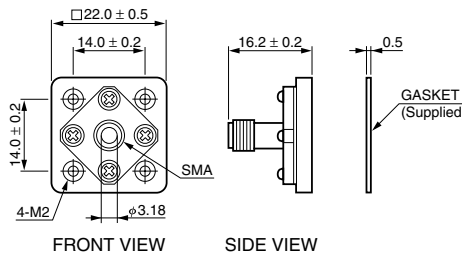
Options (Optical Fiber Adapter) (Unit: mm)

E5776 (FC Type)



TACCA0055EB

E5776-51 (SMA Type)



TACCA0239EB

HAMAMATSU

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