

Film Capacitors

Metallized Polyester Film Capacitors (MKT)

Series/Type: B32591 ... B32594

Date: May 2009

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Metallized polyester film capacitors (MKT)

General purpose (stacked/wound)

Typical applications

- Compact fluorescent lamps (CFL)
- Blocking
- Coupling, decoupling
- Bypassing

Climatic

- Max. operating temperature: 125 °C
- Climatic category (IEC 60068-1): 55/100/56

Features

- High pulse strength
- High contact reliability

Construction

- Dielectric: polyethylene terephthalate (polyester, PET)
- Stacked-film technology for lead spacing 10 and 15 mm (100 ... 400 V DC); Wound capacitor technology for lead spacing 10 and 15 mm (630 V DC) as well as for lead spacing 22.5 and 27.5 mm
- Epoxy resin coating (UL 94 V-0)

Terminals

- Crimped wire leads, lead-free tinned, lead length 6 -1 mm or min. 20 mm
- Straight wire leads, lead-free tinned, lead length 17 ±3 mm
- Different lead spacings (reduced and enlarged) available, lead length 6 -1 mm

Marking

Manufacturer's logo, rated capacitance (coded), capacitance tolerance (code letter), rated DC voltage, additional for lead spacing ≥15 mm: style, type, date of manufacture (coded)

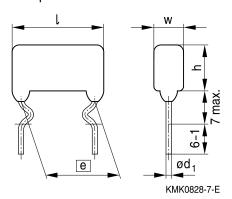
Delivery mode

Bulk (untaped)

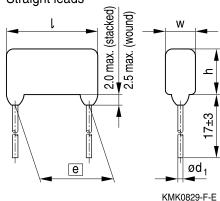
Taped (Ammo pack or reel) for lead spacing ≤22.5 mm. For notes on taping, refer to chapter "Taping and packing".

Dimensional drawing

Crimped leads



Straight leads



Dimensions in mm

Lead spacing	Lead diameter	Туре
<i>e</i> ±0.8	d ₁	
10.0	0.61)	B32591
15.0	0.6	B32592
22.5	0.8	B32593
27.5	0.8	B32594

1) 0.5 mm for capacitor width w ≤5 mm



General purpose (stacked/wound)



Overview of available types

Lead spacing 10.0 mm			15.0 mm			22.5 mm						
Туре	B32591			B32592			B32593					
Page	5				6				7			
Technology	s	s	s	w	s	s	S	W	W	w	w	w
V _R (V DC)	100	250	400	630	100	250	400	630	100	250	400	630
V _{RMS} (V AC)	63	160	200	200	63	160	200	200	63	160	200	200
C _R (μF)												
0.010												
0.015												
0.022												
0.033												
0.047												
0.068												
0.10												
0.15												
0.22												
0.33												
0.47												
0.68												
1.0												
1.5												
2.2												
3.3												
4.7												
6.8												

Technology: s = Stacked-film technology / w = Wound capacitor technology

Lead configurations

Series	Standard Reduced		Enlarged	Straight	
		\bigcap			
B32591	10 mm	5 / 7.5 mm	_	10 mm	
B32592	15 mm	7.5 / 10 / 12.5 mm	17.5 mm	15 mm	
B32593	22.5 mm	17.5 / 20 mm	25 mm	22.5 mm	
B32594	27.5 mm	25 mm	_	27.5 mm	





General purpose (stacked/wound)

Overview of available types

Lead spacing	27.5 mm						
Туре	B32594						
Page	8						
Technology	w	w	w	w			
V _R (V DC)	100	250	400	630			
V _{RMS} (V AC)	63	160	200	220			
C _R (μF)							
0.33							
0.47							
0.68							
1.0							
1.5							
2.2							
3.3							
4.7							
6.8							
10							

Technology: s = Stacked-film technology / w = Wound capacitor technology

Lead configurations

Series	Standard	Reduced	Enlarged	Straight
		\bigcap		
B32591	10 mm	5 / 7.5 mm	_	10 mm
B32592	15 mm	7.5 / 10 / 12.5 mm	17.5 mm	15 mm
B32593	22.5 mm	17.5 / 20 mm	25 mm	22.5 mm
B32594	27.5 mm	25 mm	_	27.5 mm



General purpose (stacked/wound)



Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 10 mm)

$\overline{V_R}$	V_{RMS}	C _R	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo	Reel	Untaped
	f ≤60 Hz		$w \times h \times I$	(composition see	pack	pcs./	pcs./
V DC	V AC	μF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ	MOQ	MOQ
100	63	0.10	5.0 × 9.0 × 13.0	B32591C1104+***	3600	6000	6000
		0.15	$5.0 \times 9.0 \times 13.0$	B32591C1154+***	3600	6000	6000
		0.22	$5.0 \times 9.0 \times 13.0$	B32591C1224+***	3600	6000	6000
		0.33	$5.5 \times 9.0 \times 13.0$	B32591C1334+***	2720	5200	6000
		0.47	$6.0 \times 9.5 \times 13.0$	B32591C1474+***	2400	5200	4000
		0.68	$7.0\times10.5\times13.0$	B32591C1684+***	2000	4000	4000
		1.0	$8.0\times15.0\times13.0$	B32591C1105+***	1800	3600	2000
250	160	0.033	$5.0 \times 9.0 \times 13.0$	B32591C3333+***	3600	6000	6000
		0.047	$5.0 \times 9.0 \times 13.0$	B32591C3473+***	3600	6000	6000
		0.068	$5.0 \times 9.0 \times 13.0$	B32591C3683+***	3600	6000	6000
		0.10	$5.0 \times 9.0 \times 13.0$	B32591C3104+***	3600	6000	4000
		0.15	$5.5\times10.0\times13.0$	B32591C3154+***	2720	5200	4000
		0.22	$6.0\times10.5\times13.0$	B32591C3224+***	2720	5200	4000
		0.33	$6.5 \times 11.0 \times 13.0$	B32591C3334+***	2320	4400	4000
		0.47	$8.0\times13.5\times13.0$	B32591C3474+***	1800	3600	2000
400	200	0.010	$5.0 \times 9.0 \times 13.0$	B32591C6103+***	3320	6000	6000
		0.015	$5.0 \times 9.0 \times 13.0$	B32591C6153+***	3320	6000	6000
		0.022	$5.0 \times 9.0 \times 13.0$	B32591C6223+***	3320	6000	6000
		0.033	$5.0 \times 9.0 \times 13.0$	B32591C6333+***	3320	6000	6000
		0.047	$5.0\times10.5\times13.0$	B32591C6473+***	3320	6000	4000
		0.068	$5.5\times10.5\times13.0$	B32591C6683+***	3320	5200	4000
		0.10	$6.0\times11.5\times13.0$	B32591C6104+***	3120	5200	4000
630	200	0.010 ∇	$6.5\times10.5\times13.0$	B32591C8103+***	2400	4400	2000
		0.015 ∇	$6.5\times10.5\times13.0$	B32591C8153+***	2400	4400	2000
		0.022 ∇	$7.5 \times 11.5 \times 13.0$	B32591C8223+***	2000	4000	2000

∇ Wound capacitor technology

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units. Further E series and intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

 $J = \pm 5\%$

+ = Capacitance tolerance code: *** = Packaging code:

 $M = \pm 20\%$ 289 = Ammo pack

 $K = \pm 10\%$ 189 = Reel

> 010 = Untaped (lead length 6 - 1 mm)011 = Untaped (lead length min. 20 mm)

008 = Untaped straight (lead length 17±3 mm)

Reduced lead configuration (lead length 6 -1 mm)	Reduced	Reduced
Lead spacing (mm) / Packaging code	5 / 035	7.5 / 030





General purpose (stacked/wound)

Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 15 mm)

$\overline{V_R}$	V_{RMS}	C _R	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo	Reel	Untaped
	f ≤60 Hz		$w \times h \times I$	(composition see	pack	pcs./	pcs./
V DC	V AC	μF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ	MOQ	MOQ
100	63	0.47	$5.0 \times 9.5 \times 18.0$	B32592C1474+***	4680	6000	4000
		0.68	$5.5\times10.5\times18.0$	B32592C1684+***	4000	5200	4000
		1.0	$6.5 \times 10.5 \times 18.0$	B32592C1105+***	3320	4400	2000
		1.5	$7.5 \times 14.0 \times 18.0$	B32592C1155+***	3120	3720	2000
		2.2	$9.0\times14.0\times18.0$	B32592C1225+***	2560	3320	1000
		3.3	$11.0\times17.5\times18.0$	B32592C1335+***	2000	2560	1000
		4.7	$11.0\times17.5\times18.0$	B32592C1475+***	2000	2560	1000
250	160	0.22	$5.5 \times 9.0 \times 18.0$	B32592C3224+***	4000	5200	4000
		0.33	$6.0 \times 10.0 \times 18.0$	B32592C3334+***	3720	5200	2000
		0.47	$7.0\times11.0\times18.0$	B32592C3474+***	3120	4000	2000
		0.68	$8.0\times11.5\times18.0$	B32592C3684+***	2720	3600	2000
		1.0	$9.5\times13.0\times18.0$	B32592C3105+***	2320	3120	2000
400	200	0.068	$5.0 \times 9.0 \times 18.0$	B32592C6683+***	4680	6000	4000
		0.10	$5.0 \times 10.0 \times 18.0$	B32592C6104+***	4680	6000	4000
		0.15	$6.0 \times 10.5 \times 18.0$	B32592C6154+***	3720	5200	4000
		0.22	$7.0\times11.0\times18.0$	B32592C6224+***	3120	4000	2000
		0.33	$8.0 \times 12.0 \times 18.0$	B32592C6334+***	2720	3600	2000
		0.47	$9.5 \times 13.0 \times 18.0$	B32592C6474+***	2320	3120	1000
		0.68	$10.0\times16.0\times18.0$	B32592C6684+***	2020	2800	1000
630	200	0.033 ∇	$6.5 \times 10.5 \times 18.0$	B32592C8333+***	3320	4400	4000
		0.047 ∇	$7.0 \times 12.0 \times 18.0$	B32592C8473+***	3120	4000	2000
		0.068 ∇	$7.5\times14.0\times18.0$	B32592C8683+***	3120	3720	2000
		0.10 ∇	$8.5 \times 15.0 \times 18.0$	B32592C8104+***	2560	3320	2000

∇ Wound capacitor technology

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further E series and intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code:

 $M = \pm 20\%$

 $K = \pm 10\%$

 $J = \pm 5\%$

*** = Packaging code:

289 = Ammo pack

189 = Reel

010 = Untaped (lead length 6 - 1 mm)

011 = Untaped (lead length min. 20 mm)

008 = Untaped straight (lead length 17±3 mm)

Lead configuration (lead length 6 −1 mm)	Reduced	Reduced	Reduced	Enlarged
Lead spacing (mm)	7.5	10	12.5	17.5
Packaging code	030	040	050	060



General purpose (wound)



Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 22.5 mm)

$\overline{V_R}$	V_{RMS}	C _R	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Ammo	Reel	Untaped
	f ≤60 Hz		$w \times h \times I$	(composition see	pack	pcs./	pcs./
V DC	V AC	μF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ	MOQ	MOQ
100	63	1.5	$7.0\times14.0\times26.5$	B32593C1155+***	2000	2800	2000
		2.2	$8.5 \times 15.0 \times 26.5$	B32593C1225+***	1800	2400	2000
		3.3	$10.0\times16.5\times26.5$	B32593C1335+***	1520	2160	800
		4.7	$11.5 \times 18.5 \times 26.5$	B32593C1475+***	1200	1800	800
		6.8	$13.0\times21.5\times26.5$	B32593C1685+***	1120	1520	800
250	160	0.68	$7.0\times13.0\times26.5$	B32593C3684+***	2000	2800	2000
		1.0	$7.0\times15.5\times26.5$	B32593C3105+***	2000	2800	2000
		1.5	$8.5 \times 17.0 \times 26.5$	B32593C3155+***	1600	2320	800
		2.2	$10.0\times18.5\times26.5$	B32593C3225+***	1400	2000	800
400	200	0.22	$6.5 \times 13.0 \times 26.5$	B32593C6224+***	2020	3200	2000
		0.33	$7.0\times14.0\times26.5$	B32593C6334+***	2020	3200	2000
		0.47	$7.0\times16.5\times26.5$	B32593C6474+***	2000	2800	2000
630	200	0.10	$7.0\times14.0\times26.5$	B32593C8104+***	2000	2800	2000
		0.15	$7.5\times16.0\times26.5$	B32593C8154+***	1800	2600	1000
		0.22	$8.5\times17.0\times26.5$	B32593C8224+***	1600	2320	1000

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units.

Further E series and intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code: *** = Packaging code:

 $J = \pm 5\%$ 010 = Untaped (lead length 6 - 1 mm)

011 = Untaped (lead length min. 20 mm)

008 = Untaped straight (lead length 17±3 mm)

Lead configuration (lead length 6 −1 mm)	Reduced	Reduced	Enlarged
Lead spacing (mm)	17.5	20	25
Packaging code	060	070	080





General purpose (wound)

Ordering codes and packing units (lead spacing 27.5 mm)

$\overline{V_R}$	V_{RMS}	C _R	Max. dimensions	Ordering code	Untaped
	f ≤60 Hz		$w \times h \times I$	(composition see	
V DC	V AC	μF	mm	below)	pcs./MOQ
100	63	4.7	$10.5\times18.5\times31.5$	B32594C1475+***	800
		6.8	$12.5 \times 21.0 \times 31.5$	B32594C1685+***	800
		10	$17.0 \times 22.0 \times 31.5$	B32594C1106+***	800
250	160	1.5	$8.5\times16.0\times31.5$	B32594C3155+***	2000
		2.2	$10.0\times17.5\times31.5$	B32594C3225+***	2000
		3.3	$12.0 \times 19.5 \times 31.5$	B32594C3335+***	800
		4.7	$14.0 \times 21.5 \times 31.5$	B32594C3475+***	800
		6.8	$15.0 \times 25.0 \times 31.5$	B32594C3685+***	800
400	200	0.68	$8.0\times16.0\times31.5$	B32594C6684+***	1000
		1.0	$9.5\times18.0\times31.5$	B32594C6105+***	1000
		1.5	$11.5 \times 20.0 \times 31.5$	B32594C6155+***	1000
		2.2	$13.5\times22.0\times31.5$	B32594C6225+***	800
630	220	0.33	$8.0\times15.0\times31.5$	B32594C8334+***	1000
		0.47	$10.0 \times 16.0 \times 31.5$	B32594C8474+***	800
		0.68	$10.5\times18.0\times31.5$	B32594C8684+***	800

MOQ = Minimum Order Quantity, consisting of 4 packing units. Further E series and intermediate capacitance values on request.

Composition of ordering code

+ = Capacitance tolerance code: *** = Packaging code:

 $M = \pm 20\%$ 010 = Untaped (lead length 6 -1 mm) $K = \pm 10\%$ 011 = Untaped (lead length min. 20 mm) $J = \pm 5\%$ 008 = Untaped straight (lead length 17 ± 3 mm)

Lead configuration (lead length 6 -1 mm)	Reduced
Lead spacing (mm)	25
Packaging code	090



General purpose (stacked/wound)



Technical data

Operating temperature range	Max operati	ng temperature	 Τ	+125 °C	<u> </u>
Operating temperature range	Max. operating temperature T _{op,max} +125 °C Upper category temperature T _{max} +100 °C				
	Lower category temperature T _{min} —55 °C				
	Rated temperature T _B +85 °C				
Discipation factor ton \$ (in 10:3)	· ·	1	01		t
Dissipation factor $\tan \delta$ (in 10 ⁻³)		C _R ≤ 0.1 μF	$0.1 \mu F < 0$	J _R ≤ I μΓ	C _R > 1 μF
at 20 °C	1 kHz	8	10		10
(upper limit values)	10 kHz	15	20		_
	100 kHz	30	_	0.00	<u> </u>
Insulation resistance R _{ins}	V _R	C _R ≤ 0.33 μF		$C_R > 0.33$	μ-
or time constant $\tau = C_R \cdot R_{ins}$	100 V DC			1250 s	
at 20 °C, rel. humidity ≤ 65%	≥ 250 V DC	7500 MΩ		2500 s	
(minimum as-delivered values)					
DC test voltage	1.4 · V _R , 2 s	1		T	
Category voltage V _C	T _A (°C)	DC voltage de	erating	AC voltage derating	
(continuous operation with V_{DC}	$T_A \le 85$	$V_C = V_R$		$V_{C,RMS} = V_{RMS}$	
or V _{AC} at f ≤ 60 Hz)	85 <t<sub>A≤100</t<sub>	$V_{A} \le 100 V_{C} = V_{R} \cdot (165 - T_{A})/80$		$V_{C,RMS} = V_{RMS} \cdot (165 - T_A)/80$	
Operating voltage V _{op} for	T _A (°C)	DC voltage (m	nax. hours)	AC voltage (max. hours)	
short operating periods	$T_A \le 100$	$T_A \le 100$ $V_{op} = 1.25 \cdot V_C (2000 \text{ h})$		$V_{op} = 1.0 \cdot V_{C,RMS} (2000 h)$	
$(V_{DC} \text{ or } V_{AC} \text{ at } f \le 60 \text{ Hz})$	$100 < T_A \le 125 V_{op} = 1.25 \cdot V_C (1000 \text{ h}) $		$V_{op} = 1.0$	· V _{C,RMS} (1000 h)	
Damp heat test	56 days/40 °	°C/93% relative	humidity		
Limit values after damp	Capacitance	change ∆C/C	;	≤ 5%	
heat test	Dissipation f	actor change Δ	λ tan δ	$\leq 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$	(at 10 kHz)
	Insulation re	sistance R _{ins}		≥ 50% of minimum	
	or time cons	tant $\tau = C_R \cdot R_i$	ins	as-delivered values	
Reliability:					_
Failure rate λ	1 fit (≤ 1 · 10	0 ⁻⁹ /h) at 0.5 · V	_R , 40 °C		
Service life t _{SL}	200 000 h at	t 1.0 · V _R , 85 °(2		
	For conversi	on to other ope	erating con	ditions and	I temperatures,
	refer to chap	oter "Quality, 2	Reliability"		
Failure criteria:					
Total failure	Short circuit	or open circuit			
Failure due to variation	Capacitance	change ∆C/C	;	> 10%	
of parameters	Dissipation factor $\tan \delta$ > 2		> 2 · upp	> 2 · upper limit value	
	Insulation re	sistance R _{ins}		$<$ 150 M Ω (C _R \leq 0.33 μ F)	
	or time cons	tant $\tau = C_R \cdot R_i$	ins	< 50 s	$(C_R > 0.33 \mu\text{F})$
-					_





General purpose (stacked/wound)

Pulse handling capability

"dV/dt" represents the maximum permissible voltage change per unit of time for non-sinusoidal voltages, expressed in $V/\mu s$.

" k_0 " represents the maximum permissible pulse characteristic of the waveform applied to the capacitor, expressed in $V^2/\mu s$.

Note:

The values of dV/dt and k_0 provided below must not be exceeded in order to avoid damaging the capacitor.

dV/dt values

ead spa	acing	10 mm		15 mm		22.5 mm	27.5 mm
echnolo	ogy	Stacked	Wound	Stacked	Wound	Wound	Wound
R	V_{RMS}						
DC	V AC	dV/dt in V/μs					
00	63	75	_	50	_	2.5	2
50	160	150	_	100	_	4	3
00	200	175	_	125	_	7	5
30	200	_	20	_	15	10	_
30	220	_	_	_	_	_	8
		_		_	15 _	10 -	8

k₀ values

Lead s	pacing	10 mm		15 mm		22.5 mm	27.5 mm
Techno	logy	Stacked	Wound	Stacked	Wound	Wound	Wound
V_R	V_{RMS}		•				•
V DC	V AC	k ₀ in V²/μs					
100	63	15 000	_	10 000	_	500	400
250	160	75 000	_	50 000	_	2 000	1 500
400	200	140 000	_	100 000	_	5 600	4 000
630	200	_	25 000	_	19 000	12 600	_
630	220	_	_	_	_	_	10 000

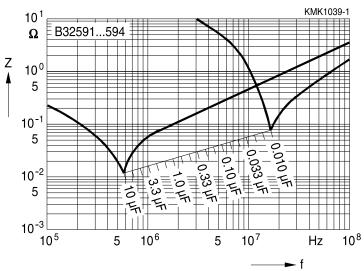


General purpose (stacked/wound)



Impedance Z versus frequency f

(typical values)





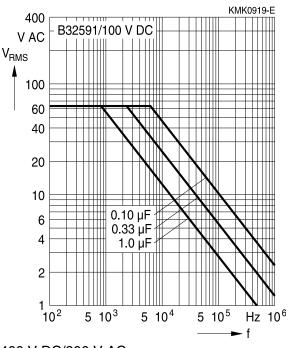


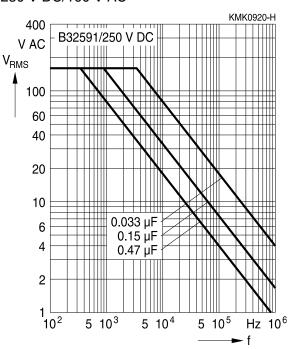
General purpose (stacked/wound)

Permissible AC voltage V_{RMS} versus frequency f (for sinusoidal waveforms, $T_A \le 55$ °C) For $T_A > 55$ °C, please refer to "General technical information", section 3.2.3.

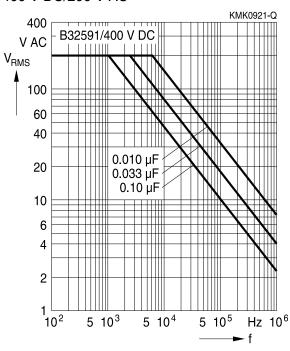
Lead spacing 10 mm

100 V DC/63 V AC

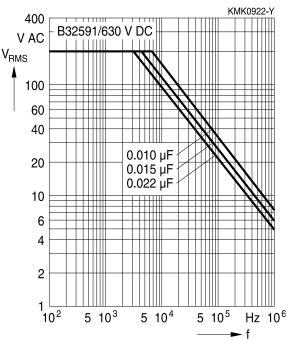




400 V DC/200 V AC



630 V DC/200 V AC







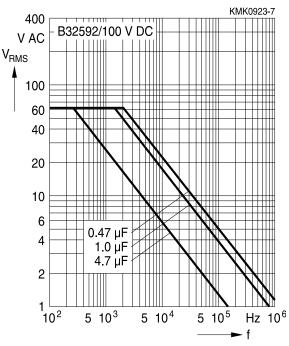
General purpose (stacked/wound)

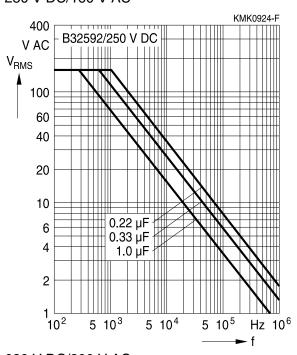


Permissible AC voltage V_{RMS} versus frequency f (for sinusoidal waveforms, $T_A \le 55$ °C) For T_A >55 °C, please refer to "General technical information", section 3.2.3.

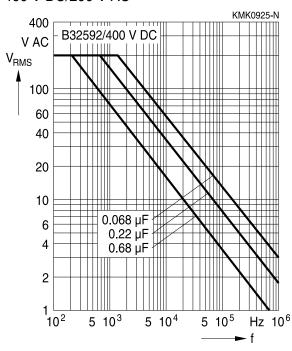
Lead spacing 15 mm

100 V DC/63 V AC

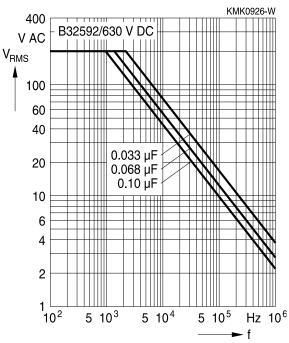




400 V DC/200 V AC



630 V DC/200 V AC





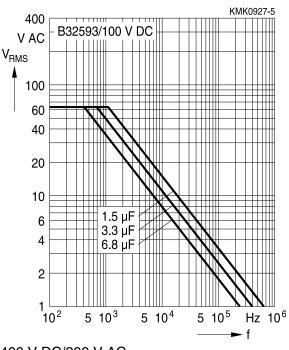


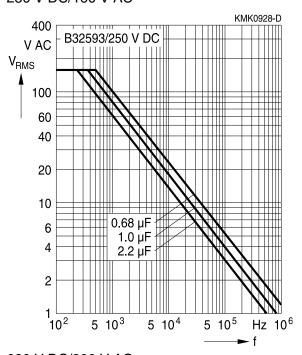
General purpose (wound)

Permissible AC voltage V_{RMS} versus frequency f (for sinusoidal waveforms, $T_A \le 55$ °C) For $T_A > 55$ °C, please refer to "General technical information", section 3.2.3.

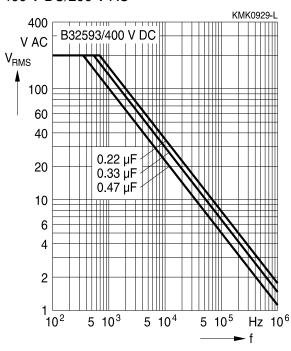
Lead spacing 22.5 mm

100 V DC/63 V AC

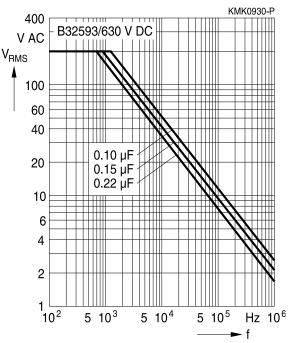




400 V DC/200 V AC



630 V DC/200 V AC







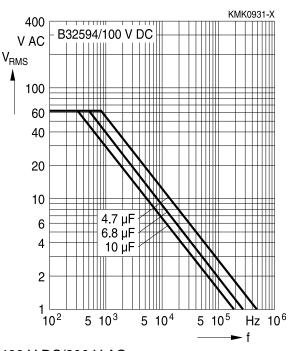
General purpose (wound)

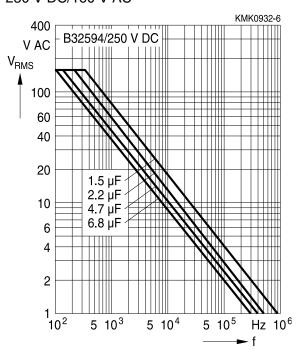


Permissible AC voltage V_{RMS} versus frequency f (for sinusoidal waveforms, $T_A \le 55$ °C) For $T_A > 55$ °C, please refer to "General technical information", section 3.2.3.

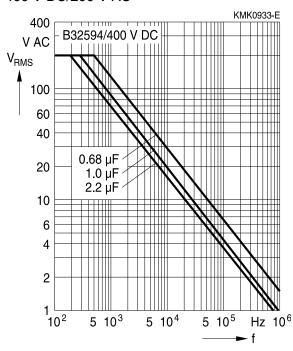
Lead spacing 27.5 mm

100 V DC/63 V AC

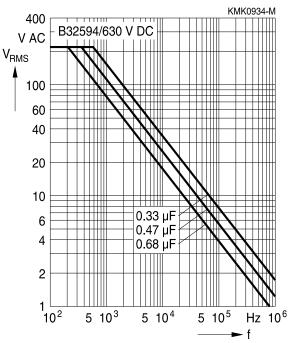




400 V DC/200 V AC



630 V DC/220 V AC







General purpose (stacked/wound)

Mounting guidelines

1 Soldering

1.1 Solderability of leads

The solderability of terminal leads is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1.

Before a solderability test is carried out, terminals are subjected to accelerated ageing (to IEC 60068-2-2, test Ba: 4 h exposure to dry heat at 155 °C). Since the ageing temperature is far higher than the upper category temperature of the capacitors, the terminal wires should be cut off from the capacitor before the ageing procedure to prevent the solderability being impaired by the products of any capacitor decomposition that might occur.

Solder bath temperature	235 ±5 °C
Soldering time	2.0 ±0.5 s
Immersion depth	2.0 +0/-0.5 mm from capacitor body or seating plane
Evaluation criteria:	
Visual inspection	Wetting of wire surface by new solder ≥90%, free-flowing solder

1.2 Resistance to soldering heat

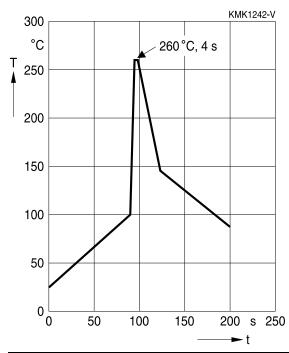
Resistance to soldering heat is tested to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1A. Conditions:

Serie	S	Solder bath temperature	Soldering time
MKT	boxed (except 2.5 × 6.5 × 7.2 mm) coated	260 ±5 °C	10 ±1 s
	uncoated (lead spacing > 10 mm)		
MFP			
MKP	(lead spacing > 7.5 mm)		
MKT	boxed (case $2.5 \times 6.5 \times 7.2$ mm)		5 ±1 s
MKP	(lead spacing ≤ 7.5 mm)		< 4 s
MKT	uncoated (lead spacing ≤ 10 mm)		recommended soldering
	insulated (B32559)		profile for MKT uncoated
			(lead spacing ≤ 10 mm) and
			, , ,
			insulated (B32559)



General purpose (stacked/wound)





Immersion depth	2.0 + 0/-0.5 mm from capacitor body or seating plane	
Shield	Heat-absorbing board, (1.5 \pm 0.5) mm thick, between capacitor body and liquid solder	
Evaluation criteria:		
Visual inspection	No visible damage	
$\Delta C/C_0$	2% for MKT/MKP/MFP 5% for EMI suppression capacitors	
$tan \ \delta$	As specified in sectional specification	





General purpose (stacked/wound)

1.3 General notes on soldering

Permissible heat exposure loads on film capacitors are primarily characterized by the upper category temperature T_{max} . Long exposure to temperatures above this type-related temperature limit can lead to changes in the plastic dielectric and thus change irreversibly a capacitor's electrical characteristics. For short exposures (as in practical soldering processes) the heat load (and thus the possible effects on a capacitor) will also depend on other factors like:

- Pre-heating temperature and time
- Forced cooling immediately after soldering
- Terminal characteristics:
 diameter, length, thermal resistance, special configurations (e.g. crimping)
- Height of capacitor above solder bath
- Shadowing by neighboring components
- Additional heating due to heat dissipation by neighboring components
- Use of solder-resist coatings

The overheating associated with some of these factors can usually be reduced by suitable countermeasures. For example, if a pre-heating step cannot be avoided, an additional or reinforced cooling process may possibly have to be included.

EPCOS recommends the following conditions:

- Pre-heating with a maximum temperature of 110 °C
- Temperature inside the capacitor should not exceed the following limits:
 - MKP/MFP 110 °C
 - MKT 160 °C
- When SMD components are used together with leaded ones, the leaded film capacitors should not pass into the SMD adhesive curing oven. The leaded components should be assembled after the SMD curing step.
- Leaded film capacitors are not suitable for reflow soldering.

Uncoated capacitors

For uncoated MKT capacitors with lead spacings ≤10 mm (B32560/B32561) the following measures are recommended:

- pre-heating to not more than 110 °C in the preheater phase
- rapid cooling after soldering



General purpose (stacked/wound)



2 Cleaning

To determine whether the following solvents, often used to remove flux residues and other substances, are suitable for the capacitors described, refer to the table below:

Туре	Ethanol, isopropanol, n-propanol	n-propanol-water mixtures, water with surface tension-reducing tensides (neutral)	Solvent from table A (see next page)	Solvent from table B (see next page)
MKT (uncoated)	Suitable	Unsuitable	In part suitable	Unsuitable
MKT, MKP, MFP (coated/boxed)		Suitable	Suitable	

Even when suitable solvents are used, a reversible change of the electrical characteristics may occur in uncoated capacitors immediately after they are washed. Thus it is always recommended to dry the components (e.g. 4 h at 70 °C) before they are subjected to subsequent electrical testing.

Table AManufacturers' designations for trifluoro-trichloro-ethane-based cleaning solvents (selection)

Trifluoro-trichloro-	Mixtures of trifluoro-trichloro-ethane with ethanol and	Manufacturer
ethane	isopropanol	
Freon TF	Freon TE 35; Freon TP 35; Freon TES	Du Pont
Frigen 113 TR	Frigen 113 TR-E; Frigen 113 TR-P; Frigen TR-E 35	Hoechst
Arklone P	Arklone A; Arklone L; Arklone K	ICI
Kaltron 113 MDR	Kaltron 113 MDA; Kaltron 113 MDI; Kaltron 113 MDI 35	Kali-Chemie
Flugene 113	Flugene 113 E; Flugene 113 IPA	Rhone-Progil

Table B (worldwide banned substances)

Manufacturers' designations for unsuitable cleaning solvents (selection)

Mixtures of chlorinated hydrocarbons and ketones with fluorated hydrocarbons	Manufacturer
Freon TMC; Freon TC	Du Pont
Arklone E	ICI
Kaltron 113 MDD; Kaltron 113 MDK	Kali-Chemie
Flugene 113 CM	Rhone-Progil





General purpose (stacked/wound)

3 Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies

In many applications, finished circuit assemblies are embedded in plastic resins. In this case, both chemical and thermal influences of the embedding ("potting") and curing processes must be taken into account.

Our experience has shown that the following potting materials can be recommended: non-flexible epoxy resins with acid-anhydride hardeners; chemically inert, non-conducting fillers; maximum curing temperature of $100\,^{\circ}$ C.

Caution:

Consult us first if you wish to embed uncoated types!



General purpose (stacked/wound)



Cautions and warnings

- Do not exceed the upper category temperature (UCT).
- Do not apply any mechanical stress to the capacitor terminals.
- Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress.
- Do not move the capacitor after it has been soldered to the PC board.
- Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered capacitor.
- Do not place the capacitor on a PC board whose PTH hole spacing differs from the specified lead spacing.
- Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.
- Avoid external energy inputs, such as fire or electricity.
- Avoid overload of the capacitors.

The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must always be observed. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of the chapters "General technical information" and "Mounting guidelines".

Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter "General technical information"
Storage conditions	Make sure that capacitors are stored within the specified range of time, temperature and humidity conditions.	4.5 "Storage conditions"
Flammability	Avoid external energy, such as fire or electricity (passive flammability), avoid overload of the capacitors (active flammability) and consider the flammability of materials.	5.3 "Flammability"
Resistance to vibration	Do not exceed the tested ability to withstand vibration. The capacitors are tested to IEC 60068-2-6. EPCOS offers film capacitors specially designed for operation under more severe vibration regimes such as those found in automotive applications. Consult our catalog "Film Capacitors for Automotive Electronics".	5.2 "Resistance to vibration"





General purpose (stacked/wound)

Topic	Safety information	Reference chapter "Mounting guidelines"
Soldering	Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.	1 "Soldering"
Cleaning	Use only suitable solvents for cleaning capacitors.	2 "Cleaning"
Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies	When embedding finished circuit assemblies in plastic resins, chemical and thermal influences must be taken into account. Caution: Consult us first, if you also wish to embed other uncoated component types!	3 "Embedding of capacitors in finished assemblies"



General purpose (stacked/wound)



Symbols and terms

Symbol	English	German
α	Heat transfer coefficient	Wärmeübergangszahl
α_{C}	Temperature coefficient of capacitance	Temperaturkoeffizient der Kapazität
Α	Capacitor surface area	Kondensatoroberfläche
$eta_{ extsf{C}}$	Humidity coefficient of capacitance	Feuchtekoeffizient der Kapazität
С	Capacitance	Kapazität
C_R	Rated capacitance	Nennkapazität
ΔC	Absolute capacitance change	Absolute Kapazitätsänderung
Δ C/C	Relative capacitance change (relative	Relative Kapazitätsänderung (relative
	deviation of actual value)	Abweichung vom Ist-Wert)
$\Delta \text{C/C}_{\text{R}}$	Capacitance tolerance (relative deviation	Kapazitätstoleranz (relative Abweichung
	from rated capacitance)	vom Nennwert)
dt	Time differential	Differentielle Zeit
Δt	Time interval	Zeitintervall
ΔT	Absolute temperature change	Absolute Temperaturänderung
	(self-heating)	(Selbsterwärmung)
$\Delta tan \delta$	Absolute change of dissipation factor	Absolute Änderung des Verlustfaktors
ΔV	Absolute voltage change	Absolute Spannungsänderung
dV/dt	Time differential of voltage function (rate	Differentielle Spannungsänderung
	of voltage rise)	(Spannungsflankensteilheit)
$\Delta V/\Delta t$	Voltage change per time interval	Spannungsänderung pro Zeitintervall
E	Activation energy for diffusion	Aktivierungsenergie zur Diffusion
ESL	Self-inductance	Eigeninduktivität
ESR	Equivalent series resistance	Ersatz-Serienwiderstand
f	Frequency	Frequenz
f_1	Frequency limit for reducing permissible	Grenzfrequenz für thermisch bedingte
	AC voltage due to thermal limits	Reduzierung der zulässigen
		Wechselspannung
f_2	Frequency limit for reducing permissible	Grenzfrequenz für strombedingte
	AC voltage due to current limit	Reduzierung der zulässigen
	5	Wechselspannung
f _r	Resonant frequency	Resonanzfrequenz
F_D	Thermal acceleration factor for diffusion	Therm. Beschleunigungsfaktor zur Diffusion
F_T	Derating factor	Deratingfaktor
i	Current (peak)	Stromspitze
I_{C}	Category current (max. continuous	Kategoriestrom (max. Dauerstrom)
	current)	





General purpose (stacked/wound)

Symbol	English	German
I _{RMS}	(Sinusoidal) alternating current,	(Sinusförmiger) Wechselstrom
	root-mean-square value	
İ _z	Capacitance drift	Inkonstanz der Kapazität
k_0	Pulse characteristic	Impulskennwert
Ls	Series inductance	Serieninduktivität
λ	Failure rate	Ausfallrate
λ_{o}	Constant failure rate during useful	Konstante Ausfallrate in der
	service life	Nutzungsphase
λ_{test}	Failure rate, determined by tests	Experimentell ermittelte Ausfallrate
P_{diss}	Dissipated power	Abgegebene Verlustleistung
P_{gen}	Generated power	Erzeugte Verlustleistung
Q	Heat energy	Wärmeenergie
ρ	Density of water vapor in air	Dichte von Wasserdampf in Luft
R	Universal molar constant for gases	Allg. Molarkonstante für Gas
R	Ohmic resistance of discharge circuit	Ohmscher Widerstand des
		Entladekreises
R_i	Internal resistance	Innenwiderstand
R _{ins}	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
R_{P}	Parallel resistance	Parallelwiderstand
R_s	Series resistance	Serienwiderstand
S	severity (humidity test)	Schärfegrad (Feuchtetest)
t	Time	Zeit
Т	Temperature	Temperatur
τ	Time constant	Zeitkonstante
tan δ	Dissipation factor	Verlustfaktor
tan $\delta_{\scriptscriptstyle D}$	Dielectric component of dissipation factor	Dielektrischer Anteil des Verlustfaktors
tan δ_{P}	Parallel component of dissipation factor	Parallelanteil des Verlfustfaktors
$ an \delta_{ extsf{s}}$	Series component of dissipation factor	Serienanteil des Verlustfaktors
T_A	Ambient temperature	Umgebungstemperatur
T_{max}	Upper category temperature	Obere Kategorietemperatur
T_{min}	Lower category temperature	Untere Kategorietemperatur
t _{oL}	Operating life at operating temperature	Betriebszeit bei Betriebstemperatur und
-	and voltage	-spannung
T _{op}	Operating temperature	Beriebstemperatur
T _R	Rated temperature	Nenntemperatur
T_{ref}	Reference temperature	Referenztemperatur
SL	Reference service life	Referenz-Lebensdauer
V_{AC}	AC voltage	Wechselspannung







Symbol	English	German
$\overline{V_{C}}$	Category voltage	Kategoriespannung
$V_{\text{C,RMS}}$	Category AC voltage	(Sinusförmige) Kategorie-Wechselspannung
V	Corona-discharge onset voltage	Teilentlade-Einsatzspannung
V _{CD}		·
V_{ch}	Charging voltage	Ladespannung
V_{DC}	DC voltage	Gleichspannung
V_{FB}	Fly-back capacitor voltage	Spannung (Flyback)
V_{i}	Input voltage	Eingangsspannung
V_{o}	Output voltage	Ausgangssspannung
V_{op}	Operating voltage	Betriebsspannung
V_p	Peak pulse voltage	Impuls-Spitzenspannung
V_{pp}	Peak-to-peak voltage Impedance	Spannungshub
V_R	Rated voltage	Nennspannung
$\hat{\mathbf{v}}_{R}$	Amplitude of rated AC voltage	Amplitude der Nenn-Wechselspannung
V_{RMS}	(Sinusoidal) alternating voltage, root-mean-square value	(Sinusförmige) Wechselspannung
V_{SC}	S-correction voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "S-correction"
V_{sn}	Snubber capacitor voltage	Spannung bei Anwendung "Beschaltung"
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
е	Lead spacing	Rastermaß



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