

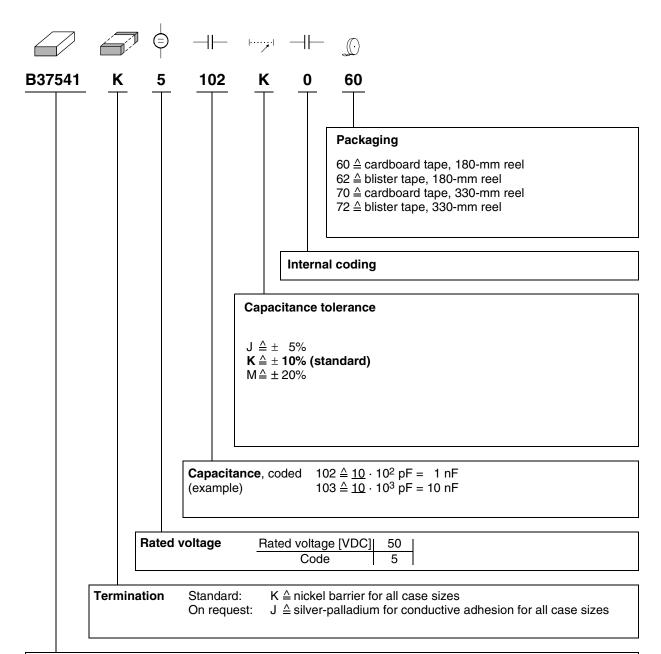
Chip capacitors, X8R

Date: October 2006

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X8R

Ordering code system



Type and size				
Chip size (inch / mm)	Temperature characteristic X8R			
0603 / 1608 0805 / 2012 1206 / 3216 1210 / 3225	B37540 B37541 B37472 B37550			



Chip

X8R



Features

- Max. relative capacitance change up to 150 °C is ±15%
- Non-linear capacitance change
- High insulation resistance
- High pulse strength
- To AEC-Q200

Applications

- Automotive
- Blocking
- Coupling
- Decoupling
- Interference suppression



■ For soldering: Nickel barrier terminations (Ni)

Options

Alternative capacitance tolerances available on request

Delivery mode

■ Cardboard and blister tape (blister tape for chip thickness ≥1.2 ±0.1 mm and case size 1210) 180-mm and 330-mm reel available

Electrical data

Temperature characteristic		X8R	
Max. relative capacitance change			
within -55 °C to +150 °C	ΔC/C	±15	%
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)		55/150/56	
Standard		EIA	
Dielectric		Class 2	
Rated voltage ¹⁾	V_{R}	50	VDC
Test voltage	V _{test}	2.5 · V _R /5 s	VDC
Capacitance range / E series	C_R	100 pF 150 nF (E6)	
Dissipation factor (limit value)	tan δ	<25 · 10 ⁻³	
Insulation resistance ²⁾ at + 25 °C	R _{ins}	>10 ⁵	$M\Omega$
Insulation resistance ²⁾ at +125 °C	R _{ins}	>104	$M\Omega$
Time constant ²⁾ at + 25 °C	τ	>1000	S
Time constant ²⁾ at +125 °C	τ	>100	S
Operating temperature range	T _{op}	−55 +150	°C
Ageing ³⁾	,	yes	

¹⁾ Note: No operation on AC line.





²⁾ For $C_R > 10$ nF the time constant $\tau = C \cdot R_{ins}$ is given.

³⁾ Refer to chapter "General technical information", "Ageing".



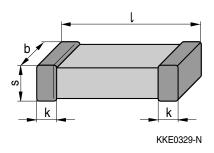


X8R

Capacitance tolerances

Code letter	J	K (standard)	М
Tolerance	±5%	±10%	±20%

Dimensional drawing



Dimensions (mm)

Case size	(inch) (mm)	0603 1608	0805 2012	1206 3216	1210 3225
I		1.6 ±0.15	2.00 ±0.20	3.2 ±0.20	3.2 ±0.30
b		0.8 ±0.10	1.25 ±0.15	1.6 ±0.15	2.5 ±0.30
S		0.8 ±0.10	1.30 max.	1.30 max.	1.30 max.
k		0.1 -0.40	0.13 -0.75	0.25 -0.75	0.25 -0.75

Tolerances to CECC 32101-801

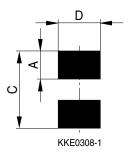
10/06



X8R

X8R

Recommended solder pad



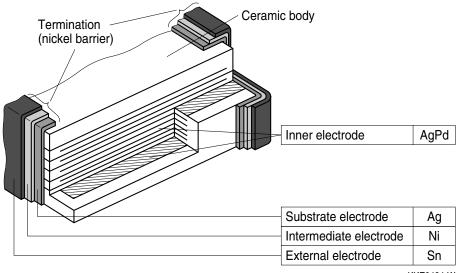
Recommended dimensions (mm) for reflow soldering

Case size	(inch/mm)	Туре	A	С	D
	0603/1608	single chip	0.6 0.7	1.8 2.20	0.6 0.8
	0805/2012	single chip	0.6 0.7	2.2 2.60	0.8 1.1
	1206/3216	single chip	0.8 0.9	3.8 4.32	1.0 1.4
	1210/3225	single chip	1.0 1.2	4.0 4.80	1.8 2.3

Recommended dimensions (mm) for wave soldering

Case size	(inch/mm)	Туре	А	С	D
	0603/1608	single chip	0.8 0.9	2.2 2.8	0.6 0.8
	0805/2012	single chip	0.9 1.0	2.8 3.2	0.8 1.1
	1206/3216	single chip	1.0 1.1	4.2 4.8	1.0 1.4

Termination



KKE0484-W



X8R

Multilayer ceramic capacitors

X8R

Product range chip capacitors, X8R

Size ¹⁾								
inch		03		805		06		10
mm		08	1)12		16		25
Туре		540	B37	7541	B37	472	B37	'550
V _R (VDC)	50		50		50		50	
C _R 100 pF								
150 pF								
220 pF								
330 pF								
470 pF								.,,
680 pF								
1.0 nF								
1.5 nF								
2.2 nF								
3.3 nF								
4.7 nF								
6.8 nF								
10 nF								
15 nF								
22 nF								
33 nF								
47 nF								
68 nF								
100 nF								
150 nF								

 $[\]overline{1) \ \ \mathsf{I} \times \mathsf{b} \ (\mathsf{inch}) \ / \ \mathsf{I} \times \mathsf{b} \ (\mathsf{mm})$



X8R; 0603 and 0805

X8R

Ordering codes and packing for X8R, 50 VDC, nickel barrier terminations

		Chip thickness	Cardboard tape,	Cardboard tape,
			Ø 180-mm reel	Ø 330-mm reel
			** <u></u> 60	** ≙ 70
$C_{R}^{1)}$	Ordering code ²⁾	mm	pcs/reel	pcs/reel
Case size 06	603, 50 VDC			
100 pF	B37540K5101K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000
150 pF	B37540K5151K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000
220 pF	B37540K5221K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000
330 pF	B37540K5331K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000
470 pF	B37540K5471K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000
680 pF	B37540K5681K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000
1.0 nF	B37540K5102K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000
1.5 nF	B37540K5152K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000
2.2 nF	B37540K5222K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000
3.3 nF	B37540K5332K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000
4.7 nF	B37540K5472K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000
Case size 08	805, 50 VDC			
470 pF	B37541K5471K0**	0.6 ± 0.1	5000	20000
680 pF	B37541K5681K0**	0.6 ± 0.1	5000	20000
1.0 nF	B37541K5102K0**	0.6 ± 0.1	5000	20000
1.5 nF	B37541K5152K0**	0.6 ± 0.1	5000	20000
2.2 nF	B37541K5222K0**	0.6 ± 0.1	5000	20000
3.3 nF	B37541K5332K0**	0.6 ± 0.1	5000	20000
4.7 nF	B37541K5472K0**	0.6 ± 0.1	5000	20000
6.8 nF	B37541K5682K0**	0.6 ± 0.1	5000	20000
10 nF	B37541K5103K0**	0.6 ± 0.1	5000	20000
15 nF	B37541K5153K0**	0.6 ± 0.1	5000	20000
22 nF	B37541K5223K0**	0.6 ± 0.1	5000	20000

¹⁾ Other capacitance values on request.

²⁾ The table contains the ordering codes for the standard capacitance tolerance. For other available capacitance tolerances see page 4.





X8R; 1206 and 1210

Ordering codes and packing for X8R, 50 VDC, nickel barrier terminations

			Chip thickness	Cardboard tape,	Cardboard tape,	
			·	Ø 180-mm reel	Ø 330-mm reel	
				** <u></u> 60	** ≙ 70	
$C_{\rm R}^{1)}$	$C_{R}^{(1)}$ Ordering code ²⁾		mm	pcs/reel	pcs/reel	
Case	size 1	206, 50 VDC	•	·		
1.0) nF	B37472K5102K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
1.5	5 nF	B37472K5152K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
2.2	2 nF	B37472K5222K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
3.3	3 nF	B37472K5332K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
4.7	7 nF	B37472K5472K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
6.8	3 nF	B37472K5682K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
10	nF	B37472K5103K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
15	nF	B37472K5153K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
22	nF	B37472K5223K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
33	nF	B37472K5333K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
47	nF	B37472K5473K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
68	nF	B37472K5683K0**	1.2 ± 0.1	30003)	12000 ⁴⁾	
100	nF	B37472K5104K0**	1.2 ± 0.1	30003)	12000 ⁴⁾	
				Blister tape,	Blister tape,	
				Ø 180-mm reel	Ø 330-mm reel	
				** ≙ 62	** ≙ 72	
				pcs/reel	pcs/reel	
Case	size 12	210, 50 VDC				
10	nF	B37550K5103K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
15	nF	B37550K5153K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
22	nF	B37550K5223K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
33	nF	B37550K5333K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
47	nF	B37550K5473K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
68	nF	B37550K5683K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
100	nF	B37550K5104K0**	0.8 ± 0.1	4000	16000	
150	nF	B37550K5154K0**	$\textbf{1.2} \pm \textbf{0.1}$	3000	12000	

¹⁾ Other capacitance values on request.

²⁾ The table contains the ordering codes for the standard capacitance tolerance. For other available capacitance tolerances see page 4.

³⁾ Blister tape, 180-mm reel, ordering code ** ≜ 62
4) Blister tape, 330-mm reel, ordering code ** ≜ 72

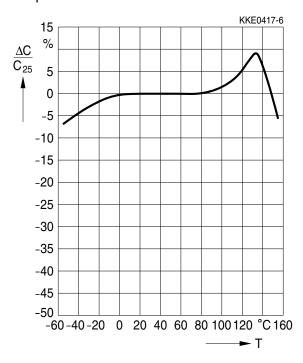


X8R

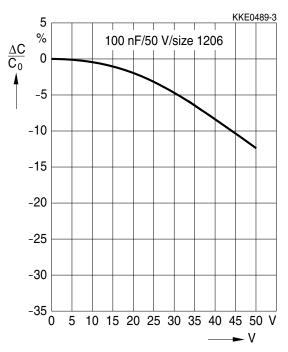
X8R

Typical characteristics 1)

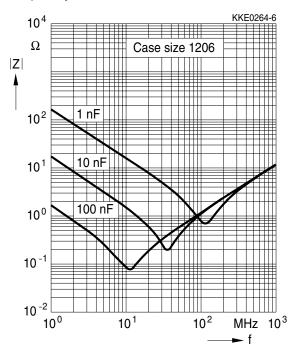
Capacitance change $\Delta \text{C/C}_{25}$ versus temperature T



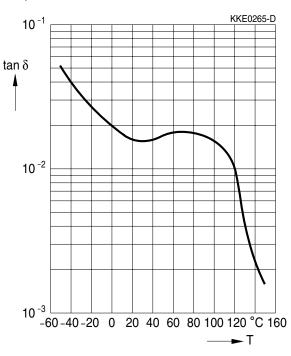
Capacitance change $\Delta C/C_0$ versus superimposed DC voltage V



Impedance |Z| versus frequency f



Dissipation factor tan δ versus temperature T



¹⁾ For more detailed information on frequency behavior and characteristics see www.epcos.com/mlcc_impedance.



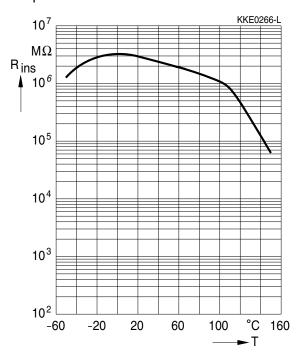
X8R

Multilayer ceramic capacitors

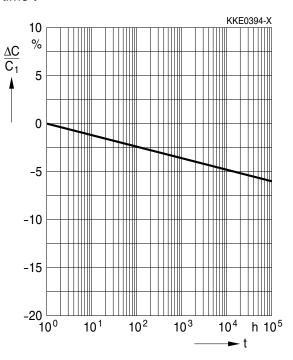
X8R

Typical characteristics 1)

Insulation resistance $\boldsymbol{R}_{\text{ins}}$ versus temperature \boldsymbol{T}



Capacitance change $\Delta C/C_1$ versus time t



¹⁾ For more detailed information on frequency behavior and characteristics see www.epcos.com/mlcc_impedance.



Cautions and warnings

Notes on the selection of ceramic capacitors

In the selection of ceramic capacitors, the following criteria must be considered:

- Depending on the application, ceramic capacitors used to meet high quality requirements should at least satisfy the specifications to AEC-Q200. They must meet quality requirements going beyond this level in terms of ruggedness (e.g. mechanical, thermal or electrical) in the case of critical circuit configurations and applications (e.g. in safety-relevant applications such as ABS and airbag equipment or durable industrial goods).
- At the connection to the battery or power supply (e.g. clamp 15 or 30 in the automobile) and at
 positions with stranding potential, to reduce the probability of short circuits following a fracture,
 two ceramic capacitors must be connected in series and/or a ceramic capacitor with integrated
 series circuit should be used. The MLSC from EPCOS contains such a series circuit in a single
 component.
- 3. Ceramic capacitors with the temperature characteristics Z5U and Y5V do not satisfy the requirements to AEC-Q200 and are mechanically and electrically less rugged than C0G or X7R/X8R ceramic capacitors. In applications that must satisfy high quality requirements, therefore, these capacitors should not be used as discrete components (see the chapter "Effects on mechanical, thermal and electrical stress", point 1.4).
- 4. For ESD protection, preference should be given to the use of multilayer varistors (MLV) (see the chapter "Effects on mechanical, thermal and electrical stress", point 1.4).
- 5. An application-specific derating or continuous operating voltage must be considered in order to cushion (unexpected) additional stresses (see the chapter "Reliability").

The following should be considered in circuit board design

- 1. If technically feasible in the application, preference should be given to components having an optimal geometrical design.
- 2. At least FR4 circuit board material should be used.
- 3. Geometrically optimal circuit boards should be used, ideally those that cannot be deformed.
- 4. Ceramic capacitors must always be placed a sufficient minimum distance from the edge of the circuit board. High bending forces may be exerted there when the panels are separated and during further processing of the board (such as when incorporating it into a housing).
- 5. Ceramic capacitors should always be placed parallel to the possible bending axis of the circuit board.
- 6. No screw connections should be used to fix the board or to connect several boards. Components should not be placed near screw holes. If screw connections are unavoidable, they must be cushioned (for instance by rubber pads).



Cautions and warnings

The following should be considered in the placement process

- 1. Ensure correct positioning of the ceramic capacitor on the solder pad.
- 2. Caution when using casting, injection-molded and molding compounds and cleaning agents, as these may damage the capacitor.
- 3. Support the circuit board and reduce the placement forces.
- 4. A board should not be straightened (manually) if it has been distorted by soldering.
- 5. Separate panels with a peripheral saw, or better with a milling head (no dicing or breaking).
- 6. Caution in the subsequent placement of heavy or leaded components (e.g. transformers or snap-in components): danger of bending and fracture.
- 7. When testing, transporting, packing or incorporating the board, avoid any deformation of the board not to damage the components.
- 8. Avoid the use of excessive force when plugging a connector into a device soldered onto the board.
- 9. Ceramic capacitors must be soldered only by the mode (reflow or wave soldering) permissible for them (see the chapter "Soldering directions").
- 10. When soldering the most gentle solder profile feasible should be selected (heating time, peak temperature, cooling time) in order to avoid thermal stresses and damage.
- 11. Ensure the correct solder meniscus height and solder quantity.
- 12. Ensure correct dosing of the cement quantity.
- 13. Ceramic capacitors with an AgPd external termination are not suited for the lead-free solder process: they were developed only for conductive adhesion technology.

This listing does not claim to be complete, but merely reflects the experience of EPCOS AG.



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