### G696/G697

### **Microprocessor Reset IC**

#### Features

- Precision Monitoring of +3V, +3.3V, and +5V
  Power-Supply Voltages
- Fully Specified Over Temperature
- Available in Three Output Configurations
  Push-Pull RESET Output (G696L)
  Push-Pull RESET Output (G696H)
  Open-Drain RESET Output (G697L)
- Externally Programmable Time Delay Generator
- 6µA Supply Current
- Guaranteed Reset Valid to V<sub>cc</sub> = 0.8V
- Power Supply Transient Immunity
- 5 pin SOT23-5 Packages

#### Applications

- Computers
- Controllers
- Intelligent Instruments
- Critical µP and µC Power Monitoring
- Portable / Battery-Powered Equipment
- Automotive

#### **General Description**

The G696/G697 are microprocessor ( $\mu$ P) supervisory circuits used to monitor the power supplies in  $\mu$ P and digital systems. They provide excellent circuit reliability and low cost and adjustments when used with +5V, +3.3V, +3.0V- powered circuits.

These circuits perform a single function: they assert a reset signal whenever the V<sub>CC</sub> supply voltage declines below a preset threshold, with hysteresis keeping it asserted for time delay determined by externally programable time delay generator. after V<sub>CC</sub> has risen above the reset threshold. Reset thresholds suitable for operation with a variety of supply voltages are available.

The G697L has an open-drain output stage, while the G696 have push-pull outputs. The G697L's open-drain  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  output requires a pull-up resistor that can be connected to a voltage higher than  $V_{\text{CC}}$ . The G696L have an active-low  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  output, while the G696H has an active-high RESET output. The reset comparator is designed to ignore fast transients on  $V_{\text{CC}}$ , and the outputs are guaranteed to be in the correct logic state for  $V_{\text{CC}}$  down to 0.8V.

Low supply current makes the G696/G697 ideal for use in portable equipment. The G696/G697 are available in 5-pin SOT23-5 packages.

#### **Ordering Information**

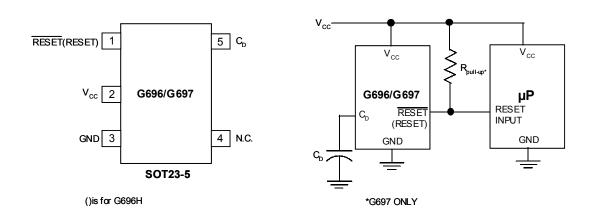
**Typical Operating Circuit** 

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
G696H(L)xxxT1	-40°C ~ +105°C	SOT23-5
G697LxxxT1	-40°C ~ +105°C	SOT23-5

\* xxx specifies the threshold voltage.

e.g. 263 denotes the 2.63V threshold voltage.

#### **Pin Configuration**



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### <u>G696/G697</u>

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)

V <sub>cc</sub> 0.3V to +6.0V	
Delay Capacitor Pin Voltage, V <sub>CD</sub> 0.3 to (V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3V)	
RESET, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ (push-pull)0.3V to (V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.3V)	
RESET (open drain)0.3V to +6.0V	
Input Current, V <sub>CC</sub>	
Output Current, RESET, RESET	

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}$ C)					
5-Pin SOT23-5 (derate 2.17mW/°C above +70°C).174mW Operating Temperature Range40°C to +105°C					
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C					
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C					

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause p'ermanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

( $V_{cc}$  = full range,  $T_A$  = -40°C to +105°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $V_{cc}$  = 5V for 463/438/400 versions,  $V_{cc}$  = 3.3V for 308/293 versions, and  $V_{cc}$  = 3V for 263 version.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
		$T_A = 0^{\circ}C + 70^{\circ}C$	0.8		5.5	V	
V <sub>CC</sub> Range		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C +105°C	1		5.5	v	
Supply Current (SOT22 5)		V <sub>CC</sub> <5.5V, G69463/438/400/330_		6	10		
Supply Current (SOT23-5)	I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> <3.6V, G69308/293/263_		5	8.5	μA	
		G69463_	4.537	4.63	4.722	-	
		G69438_	4.293	4.38	4.467		
		G69400_	3.92	4	4.08		
Reset Threshold	V <sub>TH-</sub>	G69330_	3.234	3.30	3.366	V	
		G69308_	3.019	3.08	3.141		
		G69293_	2.872	2.93	2.988		
		G69263_	2.578	2.63	2.682		
		G69463_	139	231	324	mV	
	V <sub>HYS</sub>	G69438_	132	219	306		
		G69400_	120	200	280		
Reset Threshold Hystersis		G69330_	99	165	231		
		G69308_	93	154	215		
		G69 293	88	146	205		
		G69263	79	131	184		
Reset Threshold Tempco				70		ppm/°C	
	V <sub>TDC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V G69463/438/400/330	3	3.3	3.9	V	
C <sub>D</sub> Delay Pin Threshold Voltage		V <sub>CC</sub> =3.3V G69308/293	1.9	2.3	2.7		
		V <sub>CC</sub> =3.0V G69_263_	1.8	2.2	2.6		
		$V_{\rm CC} = 1.5 V, V_{\rm CD} = 0.5 V$	3	5		mA	
Delay Pull up Resistance	R <sub>D</sub>		1	1.5	2.3	MΩ	

#### **Electrical Characteristics (Continued)**

 $(V_{cc} = full range, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +105^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}C, V_{cc} = 5V$  for 463/438/400/330 versions,  $V_{cc} = 3.3V$  for 308/293 versions, and  $V_{cc} = 3V$  for 263 version.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
RESET Output Current Low (push-pull active low, and open-drain active-low, G696L and G697L)	I <sub>OL</sub>	$V_{CC} = 2.5V, V_{RESET} = 0.5V$	8			mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, V RESET = 4.5V, G696L463/438/400/330	4.5			
RESET Output Current High (push-pull active low, G696L)	I <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V, V <sub>RESET</sub> = 2.8V, G696L308/293	3			mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V, V RESET = 2.5V, G696L263	2			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, V <sub>RESET</sub> = 0.5V, G696H463/438/400/330	16			
RESET Output Current Low (push-pull active high, G696H)	I <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V, V <sub>RESET</sub> = 0.5V, G696H308/293	12			mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V, V <sub>RESET</sub> = 0.5V, G696H263	10			
RESET Output Current High (push-pull active high, G696H)	I <sub>ОН</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V, V <sub>RESET</sub> = 2V	2			mA
RESET Open-Drain Output Leakage Current (G697L)		$V_{CC} > V_{TH}$ , RESET deasserted			1	μA

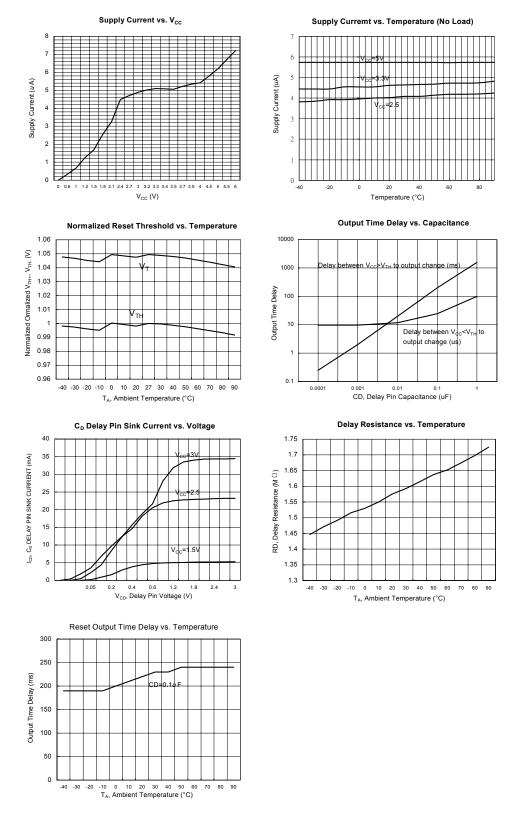
Note 1: Production testing done at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ ; limits over temperature guaranteed by design.

#### **Selector Guide**

PART/SUFFIX	RESET THRESHOLD (V)	OUTPUT TYPE	TOP MARK
G697L463T_	4.63	Open-Drain RESET	697Gx
G697L438T_	4.38	Open-Drain RESET	697Fx
G697L400T_	4.00	Open-Drain RESET	697Ex
G697L330T_	3.30	Open-Drain RESET	697Dx
G697L308T_	3.08	Open-Drain RESET	697Cx
G697L293T_	2.93	Open-Drain RESET	697Bx
G697L263T_	2.63	Open-Drain RESET	697Ax
G696H463T_	4.63	Push-Pull RESET	696Lx
G696H438T	4.38	Push-Pull RESET	696Kx
G696H400T	4.00	Push-Pull RESET	696Jx
G696H330T_	3.30	Push-Pull RESET	696Nx
G696H308T	3.08	Push-Pull RESET	696lx
G696H293T	2.93	Push-Pull RESET	696Hx
G696H263T_	2.63	Push-Pull RESET	696Gx
G696L463T_	4.63	Push-Pull RESET	696Fx
G696L438T_	4.38	Push-Pull RESET	696Ex
G696L400T_	4.00	Push-Pull RESET	696Dx
G696L330T_	3.30	Push-Pull RESET	696Mx
G696L308T_	3.08	Push-Pull RESET	696Cx
G696L293T_	2.93	Push-Pull RESET	696Bx
G696L263T_	2.63	Push-Pull RESET	696Ax

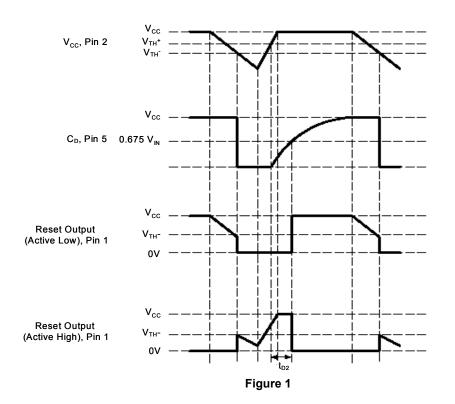
#### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

( $V_{cc}$  = full range,  $T_A$  = -40°C to +105°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $V_{cc}$  = 5V for 463/438/400/330 versions,  $V_{cc}$  = 3.3V for 308/293 versions, and  $V_{cc}$  = 3V for 263 version.)

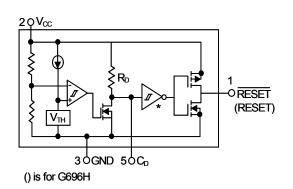


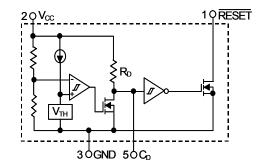
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#### **Timing Diagram**



#### **Functional Diagram**









#### **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION			
1	RESET (G696L/G697L)	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Output remains low while V <sub>CC</sub> is below the reset threshold, and for delay time set by C <sub>D</sub> after V <sub>CC</sub> rises above the reset threshold.			
		RESET Output remains high while $V_{CC}$ is below the reset threshold, and for delay time set by $C_D$ after $V_{CC}$ rises above the reset threshold.			
2	V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage (+5V, +3.3V, +3.0V)			
3	GND	Ground			
4	N.C.	No Connection.			
5	CD	External Programmable time delay is set by the capacitor connect to $C_D$ pin.			

#### **Detailed Description**

A microprocessor's ( $\mu$ P's) reset input starts the  $\mu$ P in a known state. The G697L/G696L/G696H assert reset to prevent code-execution errors during power-up, power-down, or brownout conditions. They assert a reset signal whenever the V<sub>CC</sub> supply voltage declines below a preset threshold (V<sub>TH-</sub>), keeping it asserted for time delay set by capacitor connected to C<sub>D</sub> pin, after V<sub>CC</sub> has risen above the high reset threshold V<sub>TH+</sub> (V<sub>TH-</sub>+V<sub>HYS</sub>). The G697L uses an open-drain output, and the G696L/G696H have a push-pull output stage. Connect a pull-up resistor on the G697L's RESET output to any supply between 0 and 5.5V.

The time delay is set by external capacitor  $C_D$ , and internal pull up resistor  $R_D$ . When the voltage at  $C_D$  pin exceeds the buffer threshold, typically 0.675 V<sub>CC</sub>, the RESET output high (RESET output low). The voltage detector and buffer have built-in hysterisis to prevent erratic reset operation. The formula of time delay is T (ms)  $\cong$  1685  $C_D$  (µF). Fig1 and Fig2 show a timing deagram and a Functional Block.

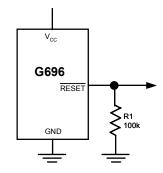


Figure3. RESET Valid to Vcc = Ground Circuit

#### Ensuring a Valid Reset Output Down to V<sub>cc</sub> = 0 When V<sub>cc</sub> falls below 0.8V, the G696 RESET output no longer sinks current—it becomes an open circuit. Therefore, high-impedance CMOS logic inputs connected to RESET can drift to undetermined voltages. This presents no problem in most applications since most $\mu$ P and other circuitry is inoperative with VCC below 0.8V. However, in applications where RESET

must be valid down to 0V, adding a pull-down resistor to  $\overrightarrow{\text{RESET}}$  causes any stray leakage currents to flow to ground, holding  $\overrightarrow{\text{RESET}}$  low (Figure 4). R1's value is not critical; 100k $\Omega$  is large enough not to load  $\overrightarrow{\text{RESET}}$  and small enough to pull  $\overrightarrow{\text{RESET}}$  to ground.

A 100k $\Omega$  pull-up resistor to V<sub>CC</sub> is also recommended for the G697L if  $\overrightarrow{\text{RESET}}$  is required to remain valid for V<sub>CC</sub> < 0.8V.

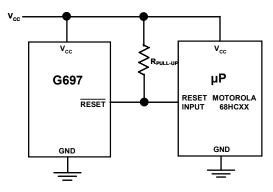


Figure 4. Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset I/O

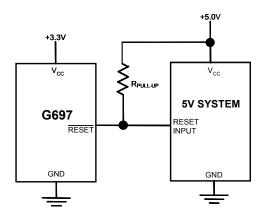


Figure 5. G697L Open-Drain RESET Output Allows Use with Multiple Supplies

## G696/G697

#### Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset Pins

Since the RESET output on the G697L is open drain, this device interfaces easily with  $\mu$ Ps that have bidirectional reset pins, such as the Motorola 68HC11. Connecting the  $\mu$ P supervisor's RESET output directly to the microcontroller's ( $\mu$ C's) RESET pin with a single pull-up resistor allows either device to assert reset (Figure 5).

### G697L Open-Drain RESET Output Allows Use with Multiple Supplies

Generally, the pull-up connected to the G697L will connect to the supply voltage that is being monitored at the IC's  $V_{CC}$  pin. However, some systems may use the open-drain output to level-shift from the monitored supply to reset circuitry powered by some other supply (Figure 6). Note that as the G697L's  $V_{CC}$  decreases below 1V, so does the IC's ability to sink current at RESET. Also, with any pull-up, RESET will be pulled

high as VCC decays toward 0. The voltage where this occurs depends on the pull-up resistor value and the voltage to which it is connected.

#### **Benefits of Highly Accurate Reset Threshold**

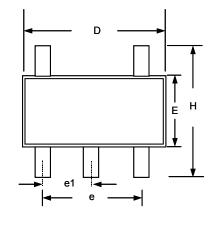
Most  $\mu$ P supervisor ICs have reset threshold voltages between 5% and 10% below the value of nominal supply voltages. This ensures a reset will not occur within 5% of the nominal supply, but will occur when the supply is 10% below nominal.

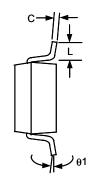
When using ICs rated at only the nominal supply  $\pm 5\%$ , this leaves a zone of uncertainty where the supply is between 5% and 10% low, and where the reset may or may not be asserted.

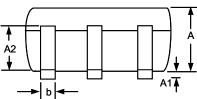
The G69\_\_463/G69\_\_308 use highly accurate circuitry to ensure that reset is asserted close to the 5% limit, and long before the supply has declined to 10% below nominal.



#### **Package Information**





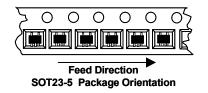


#### Note:

- 1. Package body sizes exclude mold flash protrusions or gate burrs
- 2. Tolerance ±0.1000 mm (4mil) unless otherwise specified
- 3. Coplanarity: 0.1000mm
- 4. Dimension L is measured in gage plane

SYMBOLS	DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS				
5 T MIBOLS	MIN	NOM	MAX		
Α	1.00	1.10	1.30		
A1	0.00		0.10		
A2	0.70	0.80	0.90		
b	0.35	0.40	0.50		
С	0.10	0.15	0.25		
D	2.70	2.90	3.10		
E	1.40	1.60	1.80		
е		1.90(TYP)			
e1		0.95			
Н	2.60	2.80	3.00		
L	0.37				
θ1	1°	5°	9°		

#### **Taping Specification**



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