Features

- Complete video level restoration system
- 0.02% differential gain and 0.05° differential phase accuracy at NTSC
- 60 MHz bandwidth
- 0.1 dB flatness to 10 MHz
- $V_S = \pm 5V$ to $\pm 15V$
- TTL/CMOS hold signal

Applications

- Input amplifier in video equipment
- Restoration amplifier in video mixers

Ordering Information

Part No.	Temp. Range	Package	Outline#		
EL4089CN	0°C to +75°C	8-Pin P-DIP	MDP0031		
EL4089CS	0°C to +75°C	8-Lead SO	MDP0027		

General Description

The EL4089C is an 8-pin complete DC-restored monolithic video amplifier sub-system. It contains a high quality video amplifier and a nulling, sample-and-hold amplifier specifically designed to stabilize video performance.

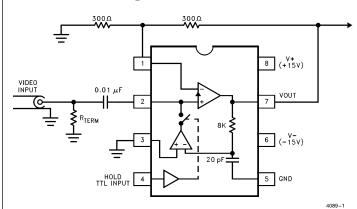
When the HOLD logic input is set to a TTL/CMOS logic 0, the sample- and-hold amplifier can be used to null the DC offset of the video amplifer.

When the HOLD input goes to a TTL/CMOS logic l, the correcting voltage is stored on the video amplifier's input coupling capacitor. The correction voltage can be further corrected as need be, on each video line.

The video amplifier is optimized for video performance and low power. Its current feedback design allows the user to maintain essentially the same bandwidth over a gain range of nearly 10:1. The amplifier drives back-terminated 75 Ω lines.

The EL4089C is fabricated in Elantec's proprietary Complementary Bipolar process which produces NPN and PNP transistors with equivalent AC and DC performance. The EL4089C is specified for operation over 0°C to +75°C temperature range.

Connection Diagram



DC restoring amplifier with a gain of 2, restoring to ground.

January 1996 Rev

Note: All information contained in this data sheet has been carefully checked and is believed to be accurate as of the date of publication; however, this data sheet cannot be a "controlled document". Current revisions, if any, to these specifications are maintained at the factory and are available upon your request. We recommend checking the revision level before finalization of your design documentation.

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Absolute Maximum Ratings $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C)$

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Operating Ambient} & & & & \\ \mbox{Temperature Range} & & 0^{\circ}\mbox{C to} + 75^{\circ}\mbox{C} \\ \mbox{Operating Junction Temperature} & & & & \\ \mbox{Plastic DIP or SOL} & & 150^{\circ}\mbox{C} \\ \mbox{Storage Temperature Range} & & -65^{\circ}\mbox{C to} + 150^{\circ}\mbox{C} \\ \end{array}$

Important Note:

All parameters having Min/Max specifications are guaranteed. The Test Level column indicates the specific device testing actually performed during production and Quality inspection. Elantec performs most electrical tests using modern high-speed automatic test equipment, specifically the LTX77 Series system. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are pulsed tests, therefore $T_J = T_C = T_A$.

Test Level	Test Procedure
I	100% production tested and QA sample tested per QA test plan QCX0002.
II	100% production tested at $T_A=25^{\circ} C$ and QA sample tested at $T_A=25^{\circ} C$,
	T _{MAX} and T _{MIN} per QA test plan QCX0002.
III	QA sample tested per QA test plan QCX0002.
IV	Parameter is guaranteed (but not tested) by Design and Characterization Data.
v	Parameter is typical value at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ for information purposes only.

Open Loop DC Electrical Characteristics

Provisional Supplies at ± 15 V, Load = 1 k Ω ; $T_A = +25$ °C

Parameter	Description	Temp	Min	Тур	Max	Test Level	Units
Amplifier Sec	Amplifier Section (HOLD = $5V$)						
V _{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	+ 25°C		12	25	II	mV
Ib+	IN+ Input Bias Current	+ 25°C		1	5	II	μΑ
Ib-	IN — Input Bias Current	+ 25°C		18	150	II	μΑ
R_{OL}	Transimpedance (Note 1)	+ 25°C	180	800		II	kΩ
R_{IN-}	IN – Resistance	+ 25°C		20		v	Ω
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio (Note 2)	+ 25°C	44	60		II	dB
v_{o}	Output Voltage Swing	+ 25°C	±12	±13		II	v
I_{SC}	Short Circuit Current (IN + Only Driven to 0.5V)	+ 25°C	45	100		II	mA
Restore Section	on						
V _{OS} , Comp	Composite Input Offset Voltage (Note 3)	+ 25°C		3	7	II	mV
Ib+,r	Restore In + Input Bias Current	+ 25°C		3	12	II	μΑ
I _{OUT}	Restoring Current Available	+ 25°C	180	300		II	μΑ
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio (Note 2)	+ 25°C	60	70		II	dB

Open Loop DC Electrical Characteristics — Contd.

Provisional Supplies at ± 15 V, Load = $1 \text{ k}\Omega$; $T_A = +25$ °C

Parameter	Description	Temp	Min	Тур	Max	Test Level	Units
Restore Section	—Contd.						
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio (Note 4)	+ 25°C	60	90		II	dB
V _{THRESHOLD}	HOLD Logic Threshold	+ 25°C	0.8		2.0	II	v
I _{IH} , Hold	HOLD Input Current @ Logic High	+ 25°C		1	5	II	μΑ
I_{IL} , Hold	HOLD Input Current @ Logic Low	+ 25°C		5	15	II	μΑ
Supply Current	t						
Isy, Hold	Supply Current (HOLD = 5V)	+ 25°C	4.8	6.0	9.0	II	mA
Isy, Sampling	Supply Current (HOLD = 0V)	+ 25°C	5.0	6.5	11.0	II	mA

Closed Loop AC Electrical Characteristics

Provisional Supplies at $\pm 15 V$, Load $=150 \Omega$ and 15 pF. R_f and $R_g=300 \Omega;$ $A_V=2,$ $T_A=25 ^{\circ} C.$ (See Note 7 about Test Fixture)

Parameter	Description	g	Min	Typ	Max	Test Level	Units
Amplifier Sec	tion						
SR	Slew Rate (Note 5)			500		v	V/µs
SR	Slew Rate with \pm 5V Supplies (Note 5)			275		v	V/μs
BW	Bandwidth ±5V Supplies	−3 dB −3 dB		60 55		v v	MHz MHz
BW	Bandwidth ± 5 V Supplies	$\pm0.1~\mathrm{dB}$ $\pm0.1~\mathrm{dB}$		25 23		v v	MHz MHz
dG	Differential Gain at 3.58 MHz (Note 6)	$V_{S} = \pm 15V$ $V_{S} = \pm 5V$		0.02 0.03		v v	% %
dPh	Differential Phase at 3.58 MHz (Note 6)	$V_{S} = \pm 15V$ $V_{S} = \pm 5V$		0.05 0.06		v v	0
Restore Section	on						
SR	Restore Amplifier Slew Rate (Test Circuit) 20% –80%			25		v	V/μs
$T_{ m HE}$	Time to Enable Hold			25		v	ns
$T_{ m HD}$	Time to Disable Hold			40		V	ns

Note 1: For current feedback amplifiers, $A_{\mbox{\scriptsize VOL}} = R_{\mbox{\scriptsize OL}}/R_{\mbox{\scriptsize IN}-}.$

Note 2: $V_{\mbox{CM}} \, = \, \pm 10 \mbox{V}$ for $V_{\mbox{S}} \, = \, \pm 15 \mbox{V}.$

Note 3: Measured from $\ensuremath{\mathsf{S}}/\ensuremath{\mathsf{H}}$ Input to amplifier output, while restoring.

Note 4: V_{OS} is measured at $V_S = \pm 4.5 V$ and $V_S = \pm 16 V$, both supplies are changed simultaneously.

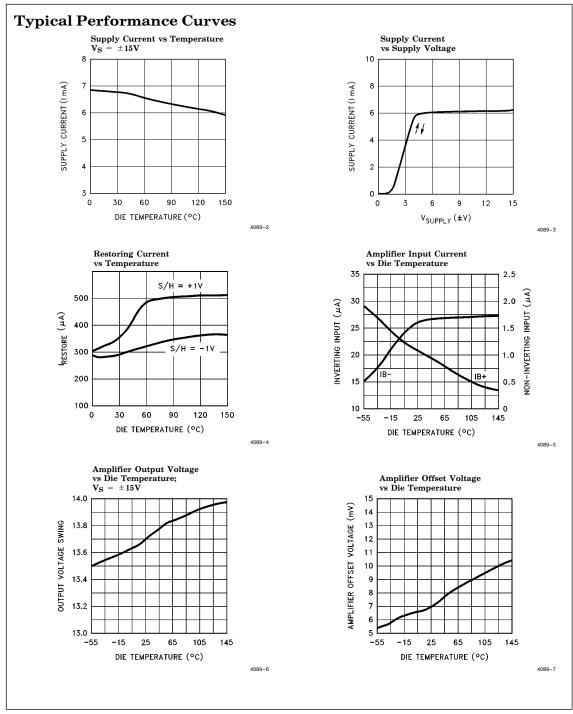
Note 5: SR measured at 20% to 80% of a 4V pk-pk square wave.

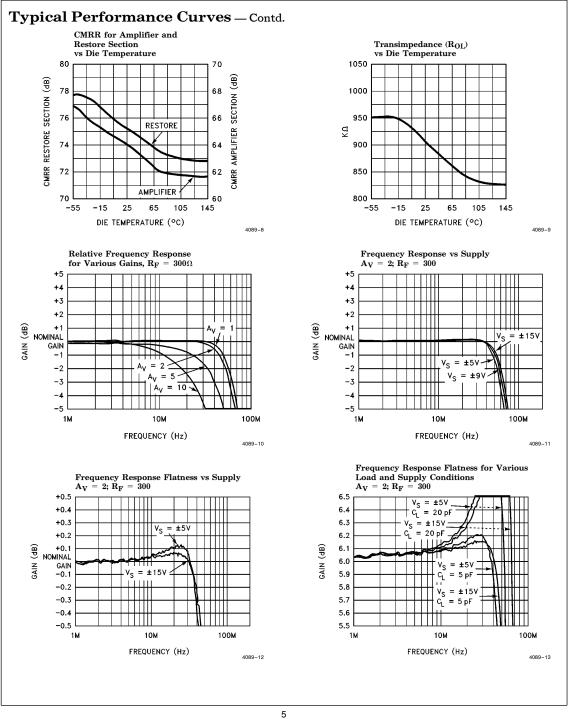
Note 6: DC offset from -0.714V through +0.714V, ac amplitude is 286 mVp-p, equivalent to 40 ire.

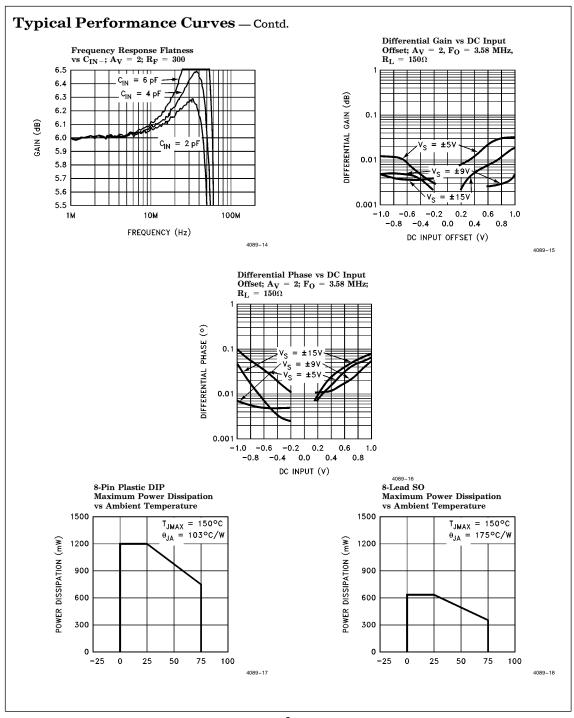
Note 7: Test fixture was designed to minimize capacitance at the IN- input. A "good" fixture should have less than 2 pF of stray capacitance to ground at this very sensitive pin. See application notes for further details.

EL4089C

DC Restored Video Amplifier







EL4089C

DC Restored Video Amplifier

Typical Application

The EL4089 can be used to DC-restore a video waveform (see Fig. 1). The above circuit forces the cable driving video amplifier's output to ground when the HOLD pin is at a logic low.

The "correction voltage" is stored on capacitor CX1, an external ceramic capacitor. The capacitor value is chosen from the system requirements. The typical input bias current to the video amplifier is 1 μ A, so for a 62 μ s hold time, and a 0.01 μ F capacitor, the output voltage drift is 6.2 mV in one line.

The S/H amplifier can provide a typical current of 300 μ A to charge capacitor CX1, so with a 1.2 μ s sampling time, the output can be corrected by 36 mV in each line.

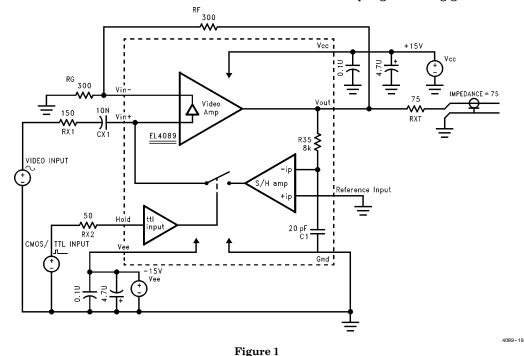
Using a smaller value of CX1 increases both the voltage that can be corrected, and the drift while being held, likewise, using a larger value of CX1, reduces the voltages.

The RX1 resistor is in the circuit purely to simulate some external source impedance, and is not needed as a real component. Likewise for RX2. The 75Ω back terminating resistor RXT is recommended when driving 75Ω cables.

The board layout should have a ground plane underneath the EL4089, with the ground plane cut away from the vicinity of the $V_{\rm IN}-$ pin, (pin 1). This helps to minimize the stray capacitance on pin 1.

Power supply bypassing is important, and a 0.1 μF ceramic capacitor, from each power pin to ground, placed very close to the power pins, together with a 4.7 μF tantalum bead capacitor, is recommended.

When both digital and Analog grounds are on the same board, the EL4089 should be on the Analog ground. The digital ground can be connected to the Analog ground through a $100\Omega-300\Omega$ resistor, near the EL4089. This allows the digital signal a return path, while preventing the digital noise from corrupting the analog ground.



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EL4089C

DC Restored Video Amplifier

Table of Charge Storage Capacitor vs Droop Charging Rates

Cap Value nF	Droop in 60 μs mV	Charge in 1.2 μs mV	Charge in 4 μs mV
10	6	36	120
33	1.8	11	36
100	0.6	3.6	12

Basic formulae are:

V (droop) = Ib+ * (Line time - Sample time) / Capacitor and V (charge) = I_{OUT} * Sample time / Capacitor

For best results the source impedance should be kept low, using a buffer for example.

Because the S/H effectively shorts the input signal during Sample, the input should not be sam-

pled during active video. Typically the sample is made during the back porch period of horizontal blanking. For this reason color composite signals, which have color burst on the back porch, can not be passed. See EL2090 or EL4093 for this application.

General Disclaimer

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