# KM6161002C/CL, KM6161002CI/CLI

# **Document Title**

64Kx16 Bit High-Speed CMOS Static RAM(5.0V Operating)
Operated at Commercial and Industrial Temperature Range.

# **Revision History**

Rev.No.	<u>History</u>				<u>Draft Data</u>	<u>Remark</u>
Rev. 0.0	Initial Draft				Aug. 5. 1998	Preliminary
Rev. 1.0	Relex DC charac	teristics			Sep. 7. 1998	Preliminary
	Iter	n	Previous	Current		,
	Icc	12ns	90mA	95mA		
		15ns	88mA	93mA		
		20ns	85mA	90mA		
Rev. 2.0	Add 48-fine pitch	BGA			Sep. 17. 1998	Preliminary
Rev. 2.1	Changed device	part name for F	P-BGA		Nov. 5. 1998	Final
	Iter	n	Previous	Changed		
	Sym	bol	Z	F		
	ex) KM61610020	Z → KM6161	002CF			

The attached data sheets are prepared and approved by SAMSUNG Electronics. SAMSUNG Electronics CO., LTD. reserve the right to change the specifications. SAMSUNG Electronics will evaluate and reply to your requests and questions on the parameters of this device. If you have any questions, please contact the SAMSUNG branch office near your office, call or contact Headquarters.



# 64K x 16 Bit High-Speed CMOS Static RAM

### **FEATURES**

• Fast Access Time 12,15,20ns(Max.)

Low Power Dissipation

Standby (TTL) : 30mA(Max.) (CMOS) : 5mA(Max.)

0.5mA(Max.) L-ver. only

Operating KM6161002C/CL - 12 : 95mA(Max.) KM6161002C/CL - 15 : 93mA(Max.)

KM6161002C/CL - 20: 90mA(Max.)

- Single 5.0V±10% Power Supply
- TTL Compatible Inputs and Outputs
- · I/O Compatible with 3.3V Device
- · Fully Static Operation
- No Clock or Refresh required
- · Three State Outputs
- · Center Power/Ground Pin Configuration
- Data Byte Control : LB : I/O1~ I/O8, UB : I/O9~ I/O16
- · Standard Pin Configuration :

KM6161002CJ: 44-SOJ-400 KM6161002CT: 44-TSOP2-400F

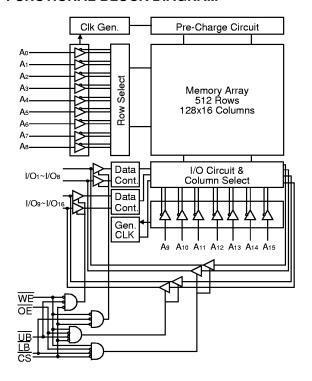
\*KM6161002CF: 48-Fine pitch BGA with 0.75 Ball pitch

#### \*Preliminary

# **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The KM6161002C is a 1,048,576-bit high-speed Static Random Access Memory organized as 65,536 words by 16 bits. The KM6161002C uses 16 common input and output lines and has at output enable pin which operates faster than address access time at read cycle. Also it allows that lower and upper byte access by data byte control ( $\overline{\text{UB}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{LB}}$ ). The device is fabricated using SAMSUNG s advanced CMOS process and designed for high-speed circuit technology. It is particularly well suited for use in high-density high-speed system applications. The KM6161002C is packaged in a 400mil 44-pin plastic SOJ or TSOP2 forward or 48-Fine pitch BGA.

# **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



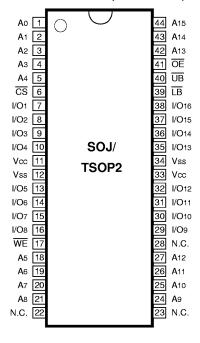
### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

KM6161002C/CL -12/15/20	Commercial Temp.
KM6161002CI/CLI -12/15/20	Industrial Temp.

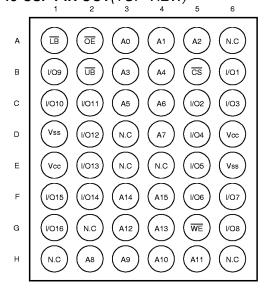
### **PIN FUNCTION**

Pin Name	Pin Function			
<b>A</b> 0 - <b>A</b> 15	Address Inputs			
WE	Write Enable			
<del>CS</del>	Chip Select			
ŌĒ	Output Enable			
ĪВ	Lower-byte Control(I/O1~I/O8)			
UB	Upper-byte Control(I/O9~I/O16)			
I/O1 ~ I/O16	Data Inputs/Outputs			
Vcc	Power(+5.0V)			
Vss	Ground			
N.C	No Connection			

# PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



# 48-CSP PIN OUT (TOP VIEW)



# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS\***

Param	eter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Voltage on Any Pin Relative	to Vss	VIN, VOUT	-0.5 to Vcc+0.5	V
Voltage on Vcc Supply Rela	tive to Vss	Vcc	-0.5 to 7.0	V
Power Dissipation		Pd	1	W
Storage Temperature		Тѕтс	-65 to 150	°C
O	Commercial	Та	0 to 70	°C
Operating Temperature	Industrial	TA	-40 to 85	°C

<sup>\*</sup> Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

# RECOMMENDED DC OPERATING CONDITIONS(TA= to 70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Ground	Vss	0	0	0	V
Input High Voltage	VIH	2.2	-	Vcc+0.5**	V
Input Low Voltage	VIL	-0.5*	-	0.8	V

NOTE: The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.



<sup>\*</sup> VIL(Min) = -2.0V a.c(Pulse Width ≤ 8ns) for I ≤ 20mA

<sup>\*\*</sup>  $V_{IH}(Max) = V_{CC} + 2.0V$  a.c(Pulse Width  $\leq 8ns$ ) for  $I \leq 20mA$ 

# DC AND OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS(TA=0 to 70°C, Vcc=5.0V±10%, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Test Conditions		Max	Unit
Input Leakage Current	I⊔	Vin=Vss to Vcc		-2	2	μΑ
Output Leakage Current	ILO	CS=VIH or OE=VIH or WE=VIL VOUT=Vss to Vcc		-2	2	μА
Operating Current	Icc	Min. Cycle, 100% Duty	12ns	-	95	mA
		CS=VIL, VIN = VIH or VIL, IOUT=0mA		-	93	
			20ns	-	90	
Standby Current	IsB	Min. Cycle, CS=VIH	-	30	mA	
	ISB1	f=0MHz, <del>CS</del> ≥Vcc-0.2V,	Normal	-	5	mA
		VIN≥VCC-0.2V or VIN ≤0.2V	L-Ver.	-	0.5	
Output Low Voltage Level	Vol	IOL=8mA		-	0.4	٧
O. d d 1 link Waltana 1 a d	Vон	IOH=-4mA		2.4	-	٧
Output High Voltage Level	<b>V</b> OH1*	IOH1=-0.1 mA	-	3.95	٧	

NOTE: The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

# CAPACITANCE\*(TA=25°C, f=1.0MHz)

Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	MIN	Max	Unit
Input/Output Capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	VI/O=0V	-	8	pF
Input Capacitance	CIN	VIN=0V	-	6	pF

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE : Capacitance is sampled and not 100% tested.

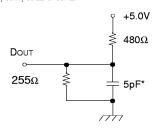
# **AC CHARACTERISTICS**(Ta=0 to 70°C, Vcc=5.0V±10%, unless otherwise noted.) **TEST CONDITIONS**

Parameter	Value		
Input Pulse Levels	0V to 3V		
Input Rise and Fall Times	3ns		
Input and Output timing Reference Levels	1.5V		
Output Loads	See below		

NOTE: The above test conditions are also applied at industrial temperature range.

### Output Loads(A)

Output Loads(B) for thz, tLz, twhz, tow, toLz & toHz





<sup>\*</sup> Vcc=5.0V, Temp.=25°C

<sup>\*</sup> Capacitive Load consists of all components of the test environment.

<sup>\*</sup> Including Scope and Jig Capacitance

# KM6161002C/CL, KM6161002CI/CLI

### **READ CYCLE**

P	Orange at	KM6161002C/CL-12		KM6161002C/CL-15		KM6161002C/CL-20		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle Time	tRC	12	-	15	-	20	-	ns
Address Access Time	taa	-	12	-	15	-	20	ns
Chip Select to Output	tco	-	12	-	15	-	20	ns
Output Enable to Valid Output	toE	-	6	-	7	-	9	ns
UB, LB Access Time	tBA	-	6	-	7	-	9	ns
Chip Enable to Low-Z Output	tız	3	-	3	-	3	-	ns
UB, LB Enable to Low-Z Output	tBLZ	0	-	0	-	0	-	
Output Enable to Low-Z Output	toLZ	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
Chip Disable to High-Z Output	tHZ	0	6	-	7	-	9	ns
Output Disable to High-Z Output	tonz	0	6	-	7	-	9	ns
UB, LB Disable to High-Z Output	tBHZ	0	6	-	7	-	9	ns
Output Hold from Address Change	tон	3	-	3	-	3	-	ns
Chip Selection to Power Up Time	<b>t</b> PU	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
Chip Selection to Power DownTime	<b>t</b> PD	-	12	-	15	-	20	ns

NOTE: The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

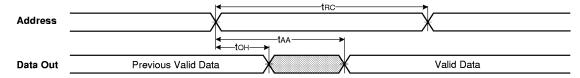
### WRITE CYCLE

D	S11	KM6161002C/CL-12		KM6161002C/CL-15		KM6161002C/CL-20		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Write Cycle Time	twc	12	-	15	-	20	-	ns
Chip Select to End of Write	tcw	8	-	9	-	10	-	ns
Address Set-up Time	tas	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
Address Valid to End of Write	taw	8	-	9	-	10	-	ns
Write Pulse Width(OE High)	twp	8	-	9	-	10	-	ns
Write Pulse Width(OE Low)	twP1	12	-	15	-	20	-	ns
UB, LB Valid to End of Write	tвw	8	-	9	-	10	-	ns
Write Recovery Time	twn	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
Write to Output High-Z	twnz	0	6	0	7	0	9	ns
Data to Write Time Overlap	tow	6	-	7	-	8	-	ns
Data Hold from Write Time	<b>t</b> DH	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
End Write to Output Low-Z	tow	3	-	3	-	3	-	ns

NOTE: The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

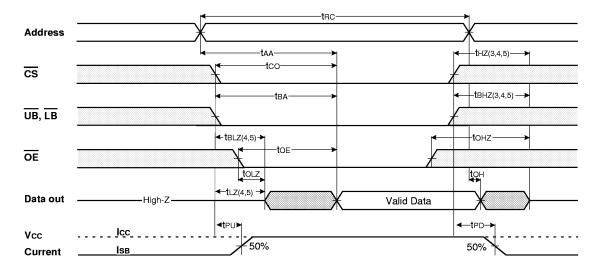
# **TIMMING DIAGRAMS**

 $\textbf{TIMING WAVEFORM OF READ CYCLE(1)} \ (\text{Address Controlled}, \ \overline{\text{CS}} = \overline{\text{OE}} = \text{VIL}, \ \overline{\text{WE}} = \text{VIH}, \ \overline{\text{UB}}, \ \overline{\text{LB}} = \text{VIL}$ 





### TIMING WAVEFORM OF READ CYCLE(2) (WE=VIH)

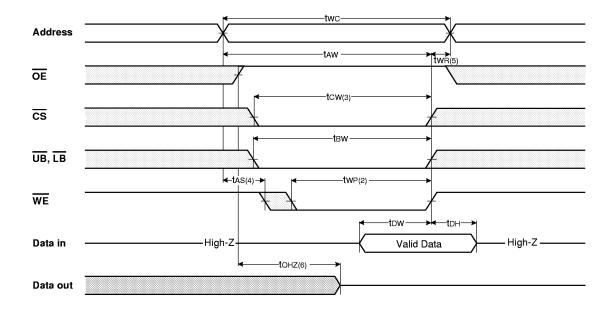


### NOTES(READ CYCLE)

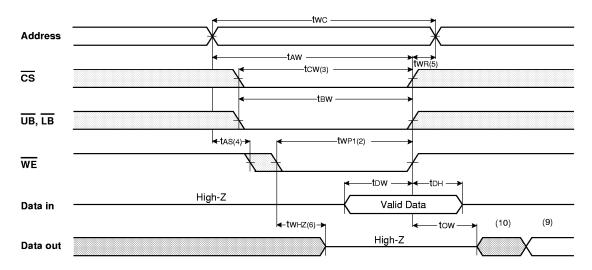
- 1. WE is high for read cycle.
- 2. All read cycle timing is referenced from the last valid address to the first transition address.

  3. thz and tohz are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit condition and are not referenced to Voh or Vol levels.
- 4. At any given temperature and voltage condition, tHz(Max.) is less than tLz(Min.) both for a given device and from device to device.
- 5. Transition is measured ±200mV from steady state voltage with Load(B). This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested. 6. Device is continuously selected with CS=VIL.
- 7. Address valid prior to coincident with  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  transition low.
- 8. For common I/O applications, minimization or elimination of bus contention conditions is necessary during read and write cycle.

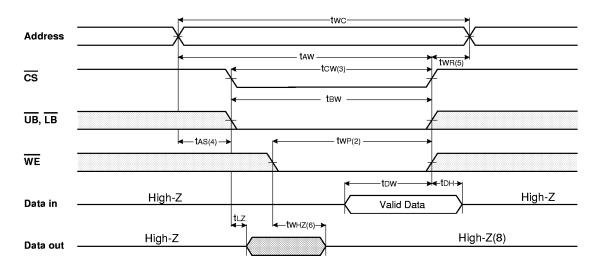
### TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(1) (OE =Clock)



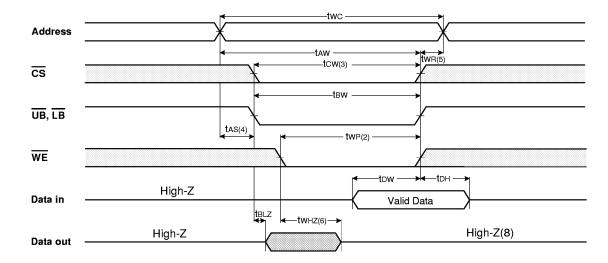
# TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(2) $(\overline{OE} = Low \text{ fixed})$



### TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(3) (CS=Controlled)



### TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(4) (UB, LB Controlled)



#### NOTES(WRITE CYCLE)

- 1. All write cycle timing is referenced from the <u>last valid address to</u> the first transition address.
  2. A write occurs during the overlap of a low  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{LB}$  and  $\overline{UB}$ . A <u>write</u> begins at the latest transition  $\overline{CS}$  going low and  $\overline{WE}$ going low; A write ends at the earliest transition  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  going high or  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  going high. two is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
- 3. tcw is measured from the later of  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  going low to end of write.
- 4. tas is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- 5. twn is measured from the end of write to the address change. twn applied in case a write ends as  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  or  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  going high.
- 6. If  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CS}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  are in the Read Mode during this period, the I/O pins are in the output low-Z state. Inputs of opposite phase of the output must not be applied because bus contention can occur.

- 7. For common I/O applications, minimization or elimination of bus contention conditions is necessary during read and write cycle.

  8. If CS goes low simultaneously with WE going or after WE going low, the outputs remain high impedance state.

  9. Dout is the read data of the new address.

  10. When CS is low: I/O pins are in the output state. The input signals in the opposite phase leading to the output should not be applied.

### **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

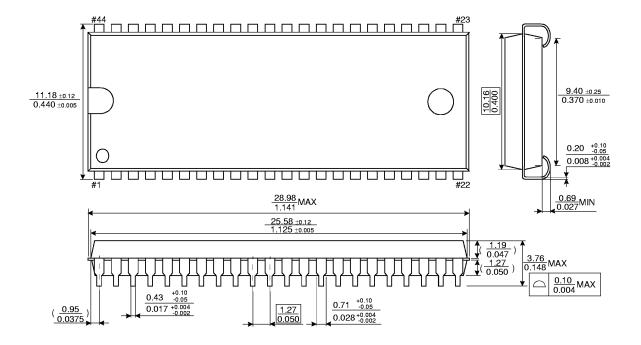
cs	WE	OE	LB	UВ	Mode	1/0	Pin	Summer Comment
CS	AA E	UE	LB	UB	Wode	I/O1~I/O8	I/O9~I/O16	Supply Current
Н	Х	X*	Х	Х	Not Select	High-Z	High-Z	ISB, ISB1
L	Н	Н	Х	Х	Output Disable	High-Z	High-Z	Icc
L	Х	Х	Н	Н				
L	Н	L	L	Н	Read	<b>D</b> out	High-Z	lcc
			Н	L		High-Z	<b>D</b> ouт	
			L	L		<b>D</b> out	<b>D</b> ouт	
L	L	Х	L	Н	Write	DIN	High-Z	Icc
			Н	L		High-Z	DIN	
			L	L		Din	Din	

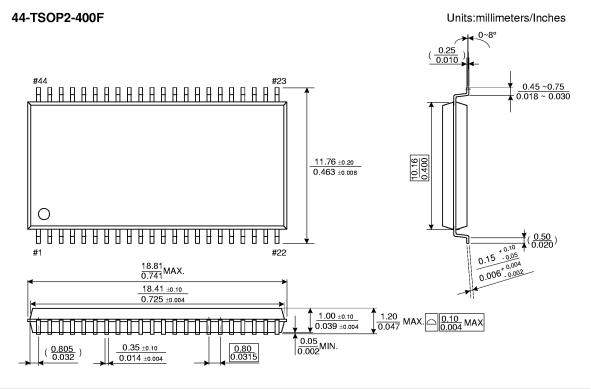
<sup>\*</sup> NOTE : X means Don t Care.



# **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

44-SOJ-400 Units:millimeters/Inches







(Units: millimeter)

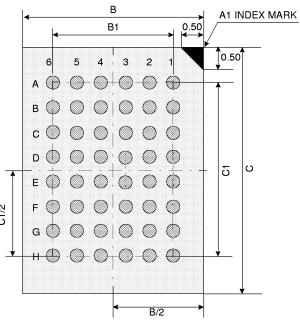
### **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

#A1

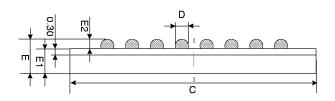
Top View



Bottom View

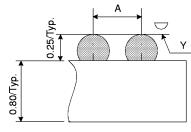


Side View



	Min	Тур	Max
Α	-	0.75	-
В	5.90	6.00	6.10
B1	-	3.75	
С	6.90	7.00	7.10
C1	-	5.25	-
D	0.30	0.35	0.40
Е	-	1.05	1.20
E1	-	0.80	-
E2	0.20	0.25	0.30
Υ	-	-	0.08

Detail A



### Notes.

- 1. Bump counts: 48(8row x 6column)
- 2. Bump pitch :  $(x,y)=(0.75 \times 0.75)(typ.)$
- 3. All tolerence are +/-0.050 unless otherwise specified.
- 4. Typ : Typical
- 5. Y is coplanarity: 0.08(Max)