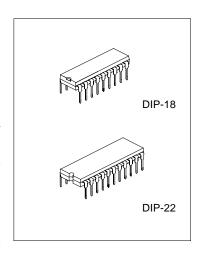


# TONE/PULSE SWITCHABLE DIALER WITH LCD INTERFACE AND DUAL-TONE MELODY

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The SC91415 is a series of tone/pulse switchable dialers that is composed of T/P dialer and T/P dialer with 13 set memories. The SC91415 series provide necessary functions of telephone set for application in any environment, such as Pulse dialing, Tone (DTMF) dialing, Handfree dialing, keying tone and lock functions. The lock function is designed to inhibit toll dialing operation. Beside this, melody generator, ring detector and SDO (Serial Data Output) functions are provided in advance version. Melody generator will output dual-tone music in line hold duration. Ring detector can prevent illegal dialing from pocket dialer. The SDO is designed to drive LCD driver and voice synthesizer.



#### **FEATURES**

- \*Tone/Pulse switchable
- \*Wide operating voltage from 2.0 V to 5.5 V
- \*Low operating current, 0.15mA (Pulse) and 0.3mA (Tone) typically
- \*Adding resistor on keyboard scan pin that can select many telephone specifications, such as: Pulse rate, M/B ratio, Flash time, lock dialing functions.
- \*Lock function provides conventionality key lock and password lock operations
- \*Ring detector is designed to prevent illegal dialing from pocket dialer
- \*13 set one touch or (3 set one touch and 10 set two touch) repertory memory, each one can hold data up to 16 digits
- \*A 32-digit LNB (last number) redial memory
- \*Handfree function provides on-hook dialing and speakerphone application
- \*Pause and P-T time are fixed to 3.6 seconds
- \*Tone duration and inter-tone pause time are fixed to 98 ms
- \*Using 3.579545 MHz crystal or ceramic resonator

- \*SDO function supports LCD driver and voice synthesizer to indicate dialing numbers.
- \*Line hold function is designed for stopping conversation temporality
- \*Melody generator provides music on hold function
- \*Keytone function provides rapidly keying recognition

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

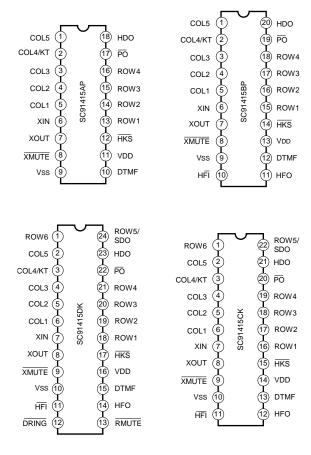
SC91415AP	DIP-18 Package
SC91415BP	DIP-20 Package
SC91415CK	DIP-22 Package
SC91415DK	DIP-24 Package

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Rev: 2.0

2001-11-13

#### **PIN CONFIGURATIONS**



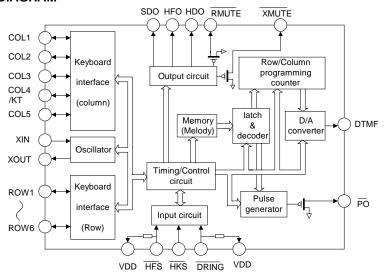
#### **VERSIONS LIST AND FUNCTION OUTLINE**

Version	LNB	KT	HOLD(music)	LOCK	HF	SDO(LCD)	PDP
SC91415A	√	√	√	<b>√</b>			
SC91415B	√	√	√	√	<b>√</b>		
SC91415C	√	√	√	√	√	√	
SC91415D	√	√	√	√	√	√	√

Note: PDP = Pocket Dialer Prevented

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#### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



#### **KEYBOARD ASSIGNMENT**

	COL1	COL2	COL2 COL3 COL4/		COL5
ROW1	1	2	3	HD	EM1
ROW2	4	5	6	F	EM2
ROW3	7	8	9	Α	EM3
ROW4	*/T	0	#	RD/P	ST
ROW5/SDO	M1	M2	МЗ	M4	M5
ROW6	M6	M7	M8	М9	M10

Note: ROW5/SDO: Option by COL5, When ROW5 is selected by R option (COL5), there are 13 sets one touch memory version in SC91415C/D provided.

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Rev: 2.0

2001-11-13

#### **DIALING SIGNAL OPTION**

The SC91415 series incorporated a special keyboard scanning function that is connecting a resistor (typically is 560  $k\Omega$ ) on keyboard scan pin to select many telephone specifications. The specifications are described as following :

a. Mode	
ROW1	Mode
R-VDD	20PPS
NR	Tone

R-Vss

R-Vss

c. Flash Tim	ne	
ROW3	ROW4	Tf (ms)
NR	NR	600
NR	R-Vss	100
R-Vss	NR	80

R-Vss

10PPS

e. Lock number								
COL2	COL3	Lock number						
NR	NR	None						
NR	R-Vss	0						
R-Vss	NR	9						
R-Vss	R-Vss	0.9						

b. M/B ratio	
ROW2	MBR (%)
NR	40:60
R-Vss	33:66

d. Lock control method					
COL1	Control method				
R-VDD Key lock					
NR	None lock				
R-Vss Password lock					

f. ROW5/SDO pin functions					
COL5 ROW5 or SDO Pin					
NR	SDO				
R-Vss	ROW5				

(Note): If select SDO function, the memory type is  $(1T^*3+2T^*10)$  If select ROW function, the memory type is  $(1T^*3+2T^*10) \text{ and } (1T^*13)$ 

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

(Tamb=25°C, All voltage referenced to VSS, unless otherwise specified)

300

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	6.0	V
Input Voltage	VIN	Vss-0.3~VDD+0.3	V
Power Dissipation	PD	500	mW
Operating Temperature	Topr	0~+50	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55~+125	°C

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Rev: 2.0

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

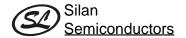
 $(Tamb=25^{\circ}C,\ VDD=2.5V,\ fosc=3.579545MHz,\ All\ voltage\ referenced\ to\ VSS,\ unless\ otherwise\ specified)$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Test C	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating Voltage	VDD	Tone	unload	2.0		5.5	V
Operating voltage	VDD	Pulse	amoda	2.0		5.5	V
		Pulse	Unload	-	0.15	0.3	
Operating Current (HKS =0)	IDD	Tone	Officau	-	0.3	0.5	mA
Operating Current ( HKS =0)	טטו	Pulse	with pull up/down	-	0.15	0.3	ША
		Tone	resistor *8		0.3	0.5	
		ON-HOOK	Unload				
Standby Current	Istby	OFF-HOOK	Officau				
Standby Current	istby	ON-HOOK	with pull up/down				
		OFF-HOOK	resistor *8		0.1	1.0	μΑ
Memory Retention Current	Imrt	ON-HOO K,	VDD=1.0V		0.001	0.1	μΑ
HKS, HFI & DRING pins:	Vil			Vss		0.2VDD	V
Input Voltage	Vih			0.8VDD		VDD	V
HFO & HDO Pins Source Current	loh	Vo=2.0V		0.2			mA
PO, XMUTE, RMUTE & SDO	loh	Vo= VDD				±0.001	μΑ
Pins Leakage Current							
PO ,HFO, XMUTE , RMUTE &	k lal	\/o 0 E\/		0.2			A
SDO Pins Sink Current	lol	Vo=0.5V		-0.2	1		mA
DRING pin input resistance	Rdring	Vdring = VSS	3	1	100		kΩ
HFI Pin Input Resistance	Rhfi	Vhfi = VSS		1	200		kΩ
Keyboard Scanning Pins	loh	Vksn=Vss		2	10	50	
Output Current(except COL4/KT)	lol	Vksn=VDD		2	10	50	μΑ
COL4/KT Source Current	loh	Vo=2.0V		0.2	1		mA
Sink Current	lol	Vo=0.5V		0.2	-		ША
Keyboard debounce time	Tdb			1	20		ms
Key Tone Signal Frequency	fkt			1	600		Hz
Duration	Tkt			1	30		ms
Pause Time	Тр			1	3.6		Sec.
Pulse to Tone Waiting Time	Tpt			1	3.6		Sec.
		Row3B, Row	/4B=NR,NR		600		
Flash Time	Tf	Row3B, Row4B=NR,R-Vss			100		ms
i iasii iiiile	''	Row3B, Row4B=R-Vss,NR			80		1115
		Row3B, Row	4B=R-Vss,R-Vss		300		

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Rev: 2.0 2001-11-13



#### (continued)

P	arameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Dulas Data	Pulse Rate		Row1=R-VDD		20		pps
Pulse Rate			Row1=R-VSS		10		
Make/Break	Potio	MBR	Row2=NR		40:60		%
Make/Dieak	Ralio	IVIDIX	Row2=R-VSS		33:66	-	/6
Inter-digit Pa	uso Timo	Tidp	PSR=10pps		800		ms
inter-digit Fa	use rime	Пар	PSR=20pps		500		1113
DTMF pin: S	ink Current	loL	Vdtmf=0.5V	-0.2			mA
DTMF signal	DC level	Vdc	VDD=2.0V~5.5V	0.5		0.75	V
	AC Level	Vdtmf	Row group	142	160	180	mV
DTMF signal	Pre-emphase	Twist	Column – Row	1	2	3	dB
Dilvii Sigilai	Distortion	THD	RL=5kΩ		-30	-23	dB
	Load Resistance	ZL	THD<-23db	5		-	kΩ
Minimum ton	e duration Time	Тр		96	98	100	ms
Minimum Inte	ertone Pause Time	tITP	Memory dialing	96	98	100	ms
Malady	Main Tone AC Level	Vmtac	VDD=2.0V~5.5V		-23.3	-	(dBm)
Melody Output	Iviairi Torie AC Level	VIIIIac	VDD=2.0V~5.5V	48	53	58	mV
Signal	Sub-tone	Vstac	VDD=2.0V~5.5V		-25.3		(dBm)
Signal	Sub-torie	VSIaC	VDD=2.0V~5.5V	37	42	47	mV
HD key release hold function		Thdrdb			280		ms
debounce time		marab	] <del></del>		200		1115
SDO every b	it time	Tbit 3.8 3.9 4.1		4.1	ms		
Off-Hook del	ay time	Tdly			300		ms

#### DTMF FREQUENCY OUTPUT (fosc=3.579545MHz)

Keyboard Scanning Pin	CCITT Standard(Hz)	Actual Output	Deviation(%)
ROW1 (f1)	697	699.1	+0.30
ROW2 (f2)	770	766.2	-0.49
ROW3 (f3)	852	847.4	-0.53
ROW4 (f4)	941	947.9	+0.73
COL1 (f5)	1209	1215.8	+0.56
COL2 (f6)	1336	1331.6	-0.32
COL3 (f7)	1477	1471.8	-0.35

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Rev: 2.0 2001-11-13

#### **PIN DESCRIPTION**

	Pin	No.		D: 11	T				
AP	ВР	СК	DK	Pin Name	Description				
13	15	16	18	ROW1	_				
14	16	17	19	ROW2	Keyboard scan pins of row group. In idle state (HKS is "High" and				
15	17	18	20	ROW3	HFO is "Low"), these pins stay "High impedance" level to preve				
16	18	19	21	ROW4	power consumption. Otherwise, these pins switch to "High" level for				
		22	24	ROW5	detecting keyboard entry. These pins will output 600Hz signal while				
		1	1	ROW6	keyboard is scanning.				
5	5	6	6	COL1	Keyboard scan pins of column group. In idle state, these pins stay				
4	4	5	5	COL2	"High impedance" level. Otherwise these pins switch to "Low" level for				
3	3	4	4	COL3	detecting keyboard entry. These pins will output 600Hz signal while				
1	1	2	2	COL5	keyboard is scanning.				
2	2	3	3	COL4/KT	The fourth column group pin of the keyboard that also provides the keytone output. Normally, this pin stays "Low" level for detecting keyboard entry. After a valid keyboard entry, this pin will output keying confirmation tone that is 600 Hz signal and 30 ms duration. To prevent signal interference, while DTMF issue, it will disable key tone output except function key.				
6	6	7	7	XIN	Oscillator input and output pins. A 3.579545MHz crystal or ceramic				
	_	_			resonator must be crossed connection to XIN and XOUT pins which				
7	7	8	8	XOUT	generate system clock.				
8	8	9	9	XMUTE	The Tone/Pulse MUTE signal output pin that is NMOS open-drain output structure. This pin will switch to "Low" level during Tone/Pulse dialing and hold function. Otherwise, this pin stays "High impedance" level.				
11	13	14	16	VDD	Positive and negative power supply input pins. Recommended				
9	9	10	10	VSS	operating voltage from 2.0Vdc to 5.5Vdc.				
	10	11	11	HFI	Handfree inputs pin which accepts falling edge signal to turn "on" or turn "off" handfree function. This pin is hysteresis input structure and built-in pull up resistor (typically $200k\Omega$ ).				
	11	12	14	HFO	Handfree outputs pin that is designed to control telephone line for on-hook dialing or control speakerphone circuit for handfree conversation. When handfree function is executed, this pin will switch to "High". Otherwise, this pin stays "Low" level.				
10	12	13	15	DTMF	The DTMF (Dual Tone Multi-Frequency) and music signals output pin. Normally, this pin stays "Low" level. In Tone dialing mode, this pin will output DTMF signal that is corresponding to keyboard 0 . 9, * and # keys. Beside this, in the line hold duration, this pin will issue dual-tone music for telephone line.				

(to be continued)

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#### (continued)

	Pin	No.		Din Nama	Description
AP	ВР	СК	DK	Pin Name	Description
12	14	15	17	HKS	Control signal inputs pin that is corresponding hook switch status. When handset was left from cradle, this pin must be connected to "Low" level to operate all functions. Otherwise, this pin must be connected to "High" level to disable all function and prevent power consumption.
17	19	20	22	PO	Pulse signal outputs pin that is NMOS open-drain output structure. Normally, this pin stays "High impedance" level. In Pulse dialing mode and keypad was entry. This pin will output pulse trains signal that is corresponding to keyboard 0 9 keys.
18	20	21	23	HDO	Hold function output that is CMOS structure. Normally, this pin stays "Low" level. When Hold function is executing, this pin will output "High" level. This pin is designed to drive LED or peripheral circuit to indicate line is at Hold status.
		22	24	SDO	SDO function output that is NMOS open-drain structure. When there is a valid entry on keyboard, this pin will output a serial data. This serial data is designed to drive LCD driver to display dialing number on LCD screen or drive voice synthesizer to announce dialing number to speaker.
			12	DRING	The ring signal detect input pin which is internal pull up (built-in 100 k $\Omega$ resistor). While the Tel-ring is incoming, this pin must be connected to "Low" with delay to indicate the ringing . Otherwise, this pin must be connected to "High" level .
			13	RMUTE	Ring mute output pin that is NMOS open-drain structure. The $\overline{RMUTE}$ pin is designed to control microphone of handset to prevent the illegal dialing from pocket dialer. If the $\overline{DRING}$ pin is at "High" level , then Off-Hook or turn on Handfree, this pin will output "Low" level. In other words, the $\overline{DRING}$ pin is used to check the phone that receives an incoming call ( $\overline{DRING}$ =Low input) or make an outgoing call ( $\overline{DRING}$ = High input) . If the phone user make an outgoing call ,then $\overline{RMUTE}$ pin activated to prevent the illegal dialing from pocket dialer in the particular application. The $\overline{RMUTE}$ can be restored to "High" level when the first key entry is not the optioned lock-number .

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#### **FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS**

#### A) Normal Dialing

Directly keying digital key on keyboard which number can be dialing output and stored in LNB memory automatically. Operating procedure described as follow:

- \* To select Pulse or Tone mode.
- \* Off-hook or turn on HF function.
- \* Keying d1, d2, ..., dn. The "d" expressed digital keypad that included 1~9, \*, 0, #, P, and P $\rightarrow$ T keys. The "n" expressed unlimited.
- \* The numbers d1, d2, ..., dn will be dialed out in Pulse or Tone mode as selection.

#### B) LNB redial memory

#### Storing:

In normal dialing mode, every digital key was entry which number will be stored in LNB memory automatically. If entry digits are more than 32 digits, the redial function of LNB memory will be disabled. Otherwise, these numbers stored in LNB memory can be redial output.

#### Redialing:

After normal dialing, directly keying F key (or On-Off hook once) and keying RD key on keyboard. The numbers that are stored into LNB memory will be dialed output.

#### C) Repertory memory

The SC91415 series incorporated several sets repertory memory and each one can store number up to 16 digits. In memory storing, if stored numbers are more than 16 digits that only the previous 16 digits can be stored into specific memory. Otherwise, these numbers can be stored entirely. After memory dialed out, the content of LNB is keeping to current data.

#### Storing of 13 sets memory types

Direct (one-touch) operation

Off-hook (or turn on HF function), push (ST, d1, d2, ..., dn [ST], EMn or M1~M10 (ROW5 optioned). The numbers d1, d2, ..., dn will be stored into memory location "EMn" or Mn. The "EMn" expressed emergency memory EM1 to EM3. The Mn expressed memory M1~M10.

Indirect (two-touch) memory operation

Off-hook (or turn on HF function), push (ST, d1, d2,  $\dots$ , dn, ST, n.) The numbers d1, d2,  $\dots$ , dn will be stored into memory location "n". The "n" expressed digital key from 0 to 9.

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Rev: 2.0

2001-11-13



#### Dialing (after memory dialed out, the content of LNB is keeping to current data)

Direct (one-touch) memory operation

- \* To select Pulse or Tone mode.
- \* Off-hook (or Turn on HF function), push Mn (or EMn) key. The numbers that are stored in direct memory location "Mn (or EMn)" will be dialed out in Pulse or Tone mode as selection. The "n" expressed digital number from 1~10 decided by dialers' memory sets.

Indirect (two-touch) memory operation

- \* To select Pulse or Tone mode.
- \* Off-hook (or Turn on HF function), push A, n key. The numbers that are stored in indirect memory location "n" will be dialed out in Pulse or Tone mode as selection. The "n" expressed digital key from 0 to 9.

#### Pause (P) Key operation

The Pause (P) key is designed to support pause operation in dialing duration. "P" key can be stored in memory and it will occupy one digital position.

- \* To select Pulse or Tone mode.
- \* Off-hook (or turn on HF function), push (d1, d2, ..., dn, RD/P, k1, k2, ..., kn.) These numbers will be dialed out as following sequence:

#### Pulse to Tone (\*/T) key operation

The Pulse to Tone (\*/T) key is designed to support toll dialing (long distance call) or PABX system operation. The "\*/T" key can be stored in memory and it will occupy one digital position.

- \* To select Pulse mode.
- \* Off-hook (or turn on HF function), push d1, d2, ..., dn,  $^*$ /T, k1, k2, ..., kn. These numbers will be dialed out as following sequence:

```
d1, d2, ..., dn, Tpt, k1, k2, ..., kn.
(pulse mode) (tone mode)
```

#### Flash (F) key operation

The Flash (F) key is designed to break telephone line temporarily. After F key is depressed, this dialer will send a flash signal to break line 600 ms, 300 ms, 100 ms or 80 ms as ROW3 and ROW4 selection.

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Rev: 2.0

2001-11-13

#### D) Handfree (HF) function

The handfree function is designed to support on-hook dialing and loudspeaker application which can be turn "on" or "off" with falling edge signal from  $\overline{\text{HFI}}$  pin. During handfree function is executed, the HFO pin is switched to "high". Otherwise the HFO pin stays "low" level. One of the following operations can turn off Handfree function (HFO pin return to "Low").

- \* On-off hook once.
- \* Trigger HFI pin with falling edge signal.
- \* Turn on Hold (HD) function. (HDO pin switched to "High")

#### E) Hold (HD) function

The Hold function is designed to stop conversation temporarily. In off-hook state (or HF function is turned on), to press HD key on the keyboard, the Hold function can be turned "on" (HDO pin switched to "High"). One of the following operations can turn off Hold function (HDO pin switched to "Low").

- \* On-off hook once.
- \* To press HD key over 280 ms.
- \* Turn on Handfree (HF) function. (HFO pin switched to "High")

#### **Special Note**

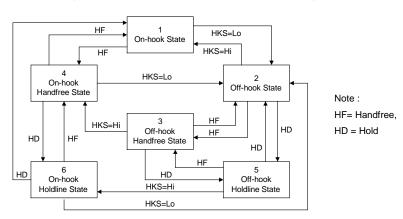
A 300 ms delay time (Tdly) at the first Off-Hook or turn on Handfree that is a special designed to avoid a rapid key entry (dummy number) in this time duration, and a long distance call number follows. For example,

Off-Hook, "3",...., "0",1,2,3.....

Dummy key Lock number key

The dummy number "3" is not detected by the centered office or PABX ,but the following numbers "0" ,1,2,3... long distance call can be dialed out normally since the leading number "3" is not the Lock-number defined in SC91415 series. To prevent the unavoidable long distance call, then SC91415 inhibits the key entry during Tdly.

# F) Operating flow chart



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Rev: 2.0 2001-11-13

#### Truth table

	Input / Output pin level						
Operating State	HKS	PO	XMUTE	HFO	HDO		
(0) on-hook, idle state	Н	F	F	L	L		
(1) Off-hook line	L	F	F	L	L		
(2) Off-hook, HF line	L	F	F	Н	L		
(3) On-hook, HF line	Н	F	F	Н	L		
(4) Off-hook, HD line	L	F	L	L	Н		
(5) On-hook, HD line	Н	F	L	L	Н		

Note: F = floating (high impedance); H = logic "High"; L = logic "Low" level.

#### G) Music on Hold

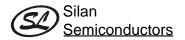
SC91415 series built-in a melody generator to generate dual-tone music on DTMF output pin. The music is designed for telephone line at line holding.

#### H) SDO (Serial Data Output) function

The SDO is serial data output which format is same as UART protocol. SDO function is designed to drive LCD driver and voice synthesizer. So the dialing numbers can be display on LCD screen with SC32100 (or SC32116). The SDO signal consists of two start bits, six data bits and two stop bits. Each bit time is about 3.9 ms (256 Hz) and output sequences are following by start bits, data bits (LSB to MSB) and stop bits.



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#### SDO Keypad Encoded table

\* Digital key (b5,b4=0,0)

IZ I			Distrib		
Keypad	b3	b2	b1	b0	Display
1	0	0	0	1	1
2	0	0	1	0	2
3	0	0	1	1	3
4	0	1	0	0	4
5	0	1	0	1	5
6	0	1	1	0	6
7	0	1	1	1	7
8	1	0	0	0	8
9	1	0	0	1	9
0	1	0	1	0	0
"*"/T	1	0	1	1	L
#	1	1	0	0	
Р	1	1	0	1	Р
*/"T"	1	1	1	0	4

#### \* Function key (b5,b4=1,0)

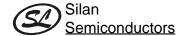
14 1		D' I.			
Keypad	b3	b2	b1	b0	Display
F	1	1	1	1	Clear all display

#### \* Keypad ,SDO format and LCD display reference table:

Keypad	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0	Display
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
2	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
3	0	0	0	0	1	1	3
4	0	0	0	1	0	0	4
5	0	0	0	1	0	1	5
6	0	0	0	1	1	0	6
7	0	0	0	1	1	1	7
8	0	0	1	0	0	0	8
9	0	0	1	0	0	1	9
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
"*"/T	0	0	1	0	1	1	L
#	0	0	1	1	0	0	
Р	0	0	1	1	0	1	Р
*/"T"	0	0	1	1	1	0	4
F	1	0	1	1	1	1	Clear all display

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Rev: 2.0 2001-11-13



#### I) LOCK function

The SC91415 series provide the LOCK function to inhibit toll dialing operation. Connecting a resistor on COL1 pin to VSS can select different LOCK control method that is conventional key lock or password lock. Also the lock number that can be selected by connecting the resistors on COL2 or COL3 pin. After power on reset, the password is fixed to 000 automatically. The lock function is disabled when the password is equal to 000.

#### How to setup password

- \* Set LOCK function to password control mode. (Connects a resistor on COL1 pin to VSS)
- \* Off hook (or turn on HF function)
- \* Push: #, #, ops1, ops2, ops3, nps1, nps2, nps3, #. If the ops1~ops3 are the same with current password, then nps1~np3 will be stored in the dialer to replace current password. Otherwise, the current password can not be updated. All the numbers pressed in the password setup procedure can not be dialed out when current password is not equal to 000. If the current password are equal to 000, then only the first number "#" will be dialed out.

#### Normal dialing

Set lock function to none lock mode (without resistor connected to COL1 pin) or set password equal to 000. In this case, the dialer is operated in normal mode and all functions work at unlimitation.

#### Dialing via LOCK function

Conventional key lock mode. (Connects a resistor on COL1 pin to VDD)

- \* Off hook (or turn on HF function)
- \* Keying: d1, d2, ..., dn . If the first number (d1) is the same with the lock number that optioned in table, then all entry numbers can not be dialed out and keyboard will be inhibited until on to off hook once again. If the first number is not equal to lock number, all the entry numbers will be dialed out.

Password control mode. (Connects a resistor on COL1 pin to VSS)

- \* Off hook (or turn on HF function)
- \* Keying: ( [#, ps1, ps2, ps3] + telephone number.) The numbers in the [ ] symbol could be omitted. The number "#" will be inhibited when the current password is not equal to 000, and ps1, ps2, ps3 work at the checking state, not to be dialed out. Other descriptions are as on following:

Incorrect password entry. The telephone numbers can not be dialed out.

Password is omitted. If the first digit of telephone numbers is the same with the lock number, all of the telephone numbers can not be dialed out and keyboard will be inhibited until On to Off hook once again. If the first digit is not equal to the lock number then the telephone numbers will be dialed out entirely.

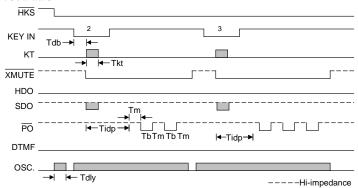
Correct password entry. The telephone numbers can be dial out no matter what lock number is.

#### J) Ring detector

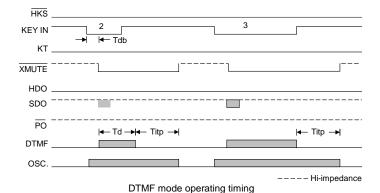
The Ring detector is designed to prevent illegal dialing from pocket dialer. Following the procedures ( i,ii,iii ), this dialer will detect  $\overline{DRING}$  pin to control  $\overline{RMUTE}$  output level. If  $\overline{DRING}$  is detected a "Low" level, the  $\overline{RMUTE}$  stays "High impedance". If  $\overline{DRING}$  is detected a "High" level, the  $\overline{RMUTE}$  will output "Low" until keyboard entry. In actual application of the  $\overline{RMUTE}$  pin is recommended connection to microphone of the phone handset to prevent that the dialing signal (DTMF) is coupling by the Microphone of the phone handset. (such as pocket dialer)

- i. In idle state,  $\overline{HKS}$  is from "High" to "Low" (pick up handset action).
- ii. In idle state, turn on handfree function.
- iii. The flash operation (F key).

#### **TIMING DIAGRAMS**

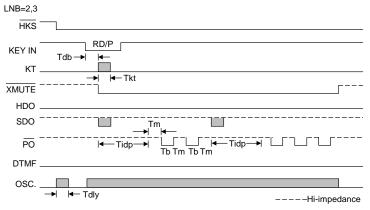


Pulse mode operating timing

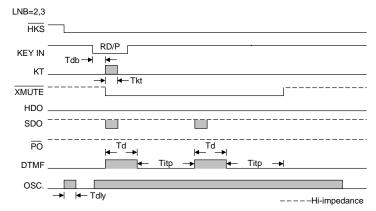


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#### TIMING DIAGRAMS (continued)



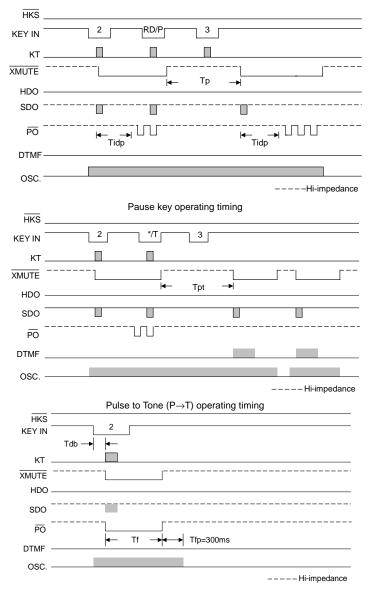
Pulse mode LNB redial timing



DTMF mode LNB redial timing



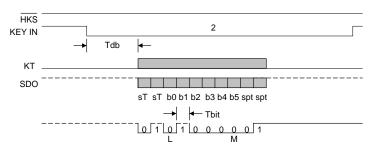
#### TIMING DIAGRAMS (continued)



Flash key operating timing



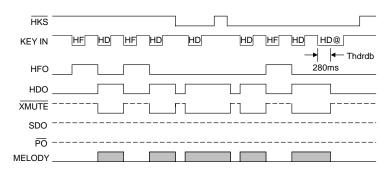
#### TIMING DIAGRAMS (continued)



Hi-impedance

Note: L=LSB, M=MSB, sT=START bit time, spT=STOP bit time

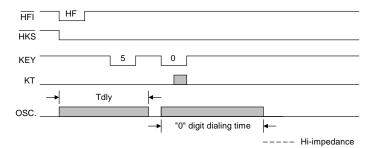
#### SDO operating timing



---- Hi-impedance

#### $@: \mbox{lt} \mbox{ can be triggled by extension telephone set for hold function release}$

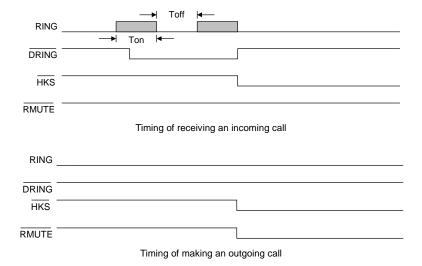
#### HF and HD operating timing



Off-Hook delay time

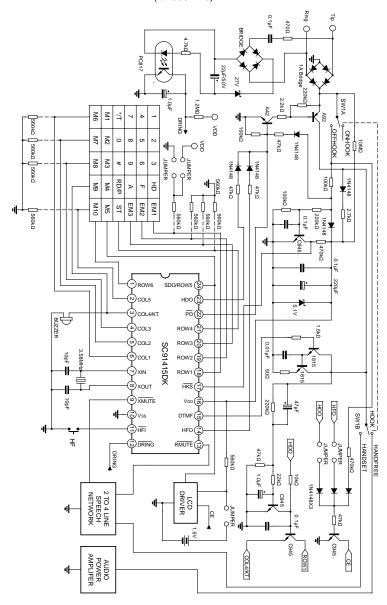


#### TIMING DIAGRAMS (continued)

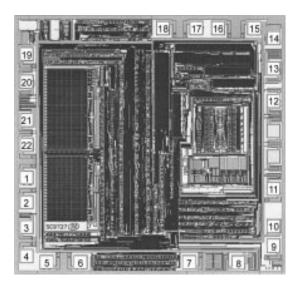


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#### TYPACAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT(for SC91415)



#### **CHIP TOPOGRAPHY**



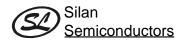
Size: 2.16 x 2.33 mm<sup>2</sup>

#### PAD COORDINATES (Unit: μm)

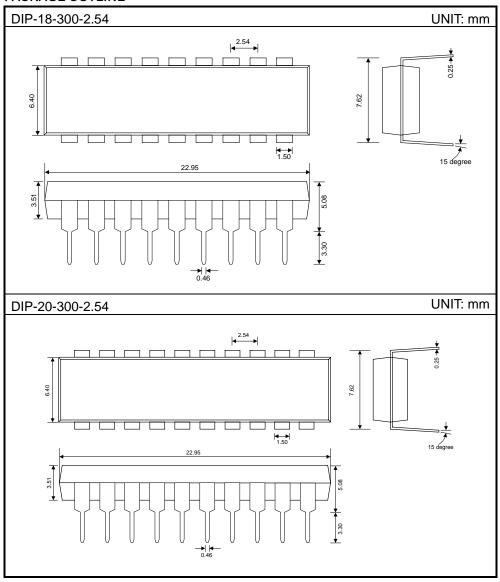
No.	Symbol	x	Y	No.	Symbol	×	Y
1	P1	-1002.4	-256.3	12	P12	1006.5	350.1
2	P2	-1002.4	-450.7	13	P13	1006.5	608.3
3	P3	-1002.4	-649.1	14	P14	1007.2	846.3
4	P4	-1002.4	-878.2	15	P15	849.2	923.4
5	P5	-839.9	-925.4	16	P16	556.0	923.4
6	P6	-563.3	-925.4	17	P17	379.6	923.4
7	P7	321.0	-925.4	18	P18	108.0	923.4
8	P8	721.4	-926.5	19	P19	-1002.4	719.1
9	P9	1006.5	-794.9	20	P20	-1002.4	501.8
10	P10	1006.5	-639.7	21	P21	-1001.4	200.2
11	P11	1006.5	-343.1	22	P22	-1002.4	5.1

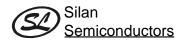
Note: The original point of the coordinate is the die center.

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#### PACKAGE OUTLINE





#### **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

