
HD66730/HD66731

(Dot-Matrix Liquid Crystal Display Controller/Driver Supporting Japanese Kanji, Korean Font Display)

HITACHI

Description

The HD66730/1 is a dot-matrix liquid crystal display controller (LCD) and driver LSI that displays Japanese characters consisting of kanji, hiragana and katakana according to the Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) Level-1 Kanji Set. The HD66730/1 incorporates the following five functions on a single chip: (i) display control function for the dot matrix LCD, (ii) a display RAM to store character codes, (iii) ROM fonts to support kanji, (iv) liquid crystal driver, and (v) a booster to drive the LCD. A two 6-character (HD66730) or four 10-character (HD66731) kanji display can easily be achieved by receiving character codes (2 bytes/character) from the MPU.

The font ROM includes 2,965 kanji from the JIS Level-1 Kanji Set, 524 JIS non-kanji characters, and 128 half-size alphanumeric characters and symbols. Full-size fonts such as Japanese kanji and half-size of fonts such as alphanumeric characters can be displayed together.

In addition, display control equivalent to full bit mapping can be performed through horizontal and vertical dot-by-dot smooth scroll functions for each display line. To help make systems more compact, a three-line clock synchronous serial transfer method is adopted in addition to an 8-bit bus for interfacing with a microcomputer.

Features

- Dot-matrix liquid crystal display controller/driver supporting the display of kanji according to JIS Level-1 Kanji Set
- Large character generator ROM: 510 kbits
 - Kanji according to JIS Level-1 Kanji Set (11 × 12 dots): 2,965-character font
 - JIS non-kanji (11 × 12 dots): 524-character font
 - Half-size alphanumeric characters and symbols (5 × 12 dots): 128-character font
- Display of 11 × 12 dots for full-size fonts consisting of kanji and kana, 5 × 12 dots for half-size fonts of alphanumeric characters and symbols in the same display
- 2-line 6-character full-size font display with a single chip (HD66730)
- 4-line 10-character full-size font display with a single chip (HD66731)
- Expansion driver interface: maximum 2-line 20-character (or 4-line 10-character) display (HD66730)
- Dot matrix font and 71 marks and icons (96 at HD66731)

HD66730/HD66731

- Various display control functions: horizontal smooth scroll (in dot units), vertical smooth scroll, white black inversion/blinking/white black inversion blinking character display, cursor display, display on/off
- Display data RAM: 40 × 2 bytes (stores codes to support 40 characters in a full-size font)
- Character generator RAM: 8 × 26 bytes (displays 8 characters of a 12 × 13 dot user font)
- 16-byte 96-segment RAM
- Three-line clock synchronous serial bus, 8-bit bus interface
- Built-in double/triple liquid-crystal voltage booster circuit and built-in oscillator (operating frequency can be adjusted through external resistors)
- Operating power supply voltage: 2.4V to 5.5V; liquid crystal display voltage: 3.0V to 13.0V
- HD66730: QFP 1420-128 (0.5 mm pitch), bare-chip
- HD66731: TCP-171 (straight), TCP-206 (bent), chip with bump

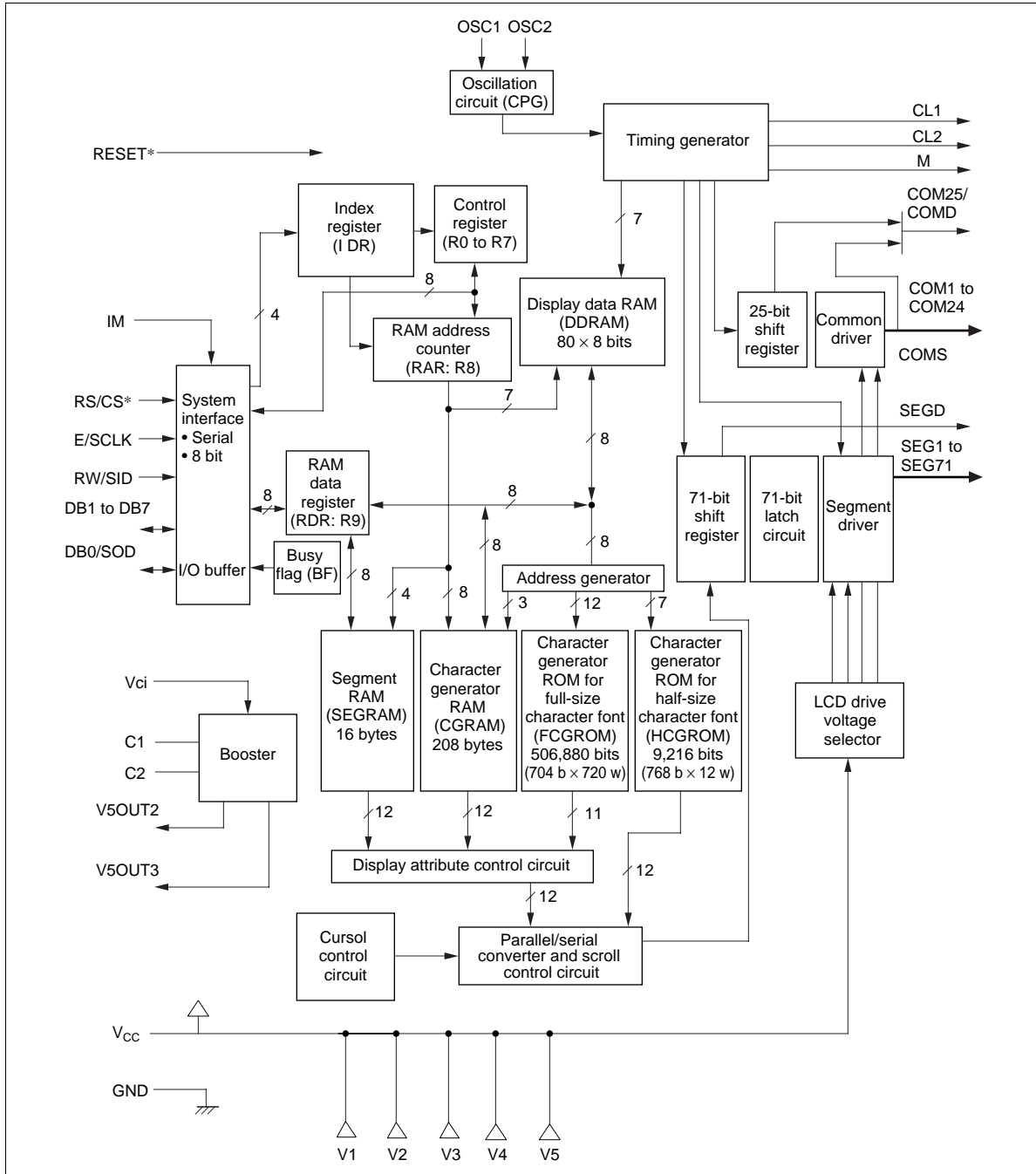
List 1 Programmable Duty Cycles

Duty Drive Setting	Number of Display Characters in Full-Size Font		Number of Segments/Marks	
	HD66730	HD66731	HD66730	HD66731
1/14	One 6-character	One 10-character	71pcs	96pcs
1/27	Two 6-character	Two 10-character	71pcs	96pcs
1/40	—	Three 10-characters	—	96pcs
1/53	—	Four 10-characters	—	96pcs

Ordering Information

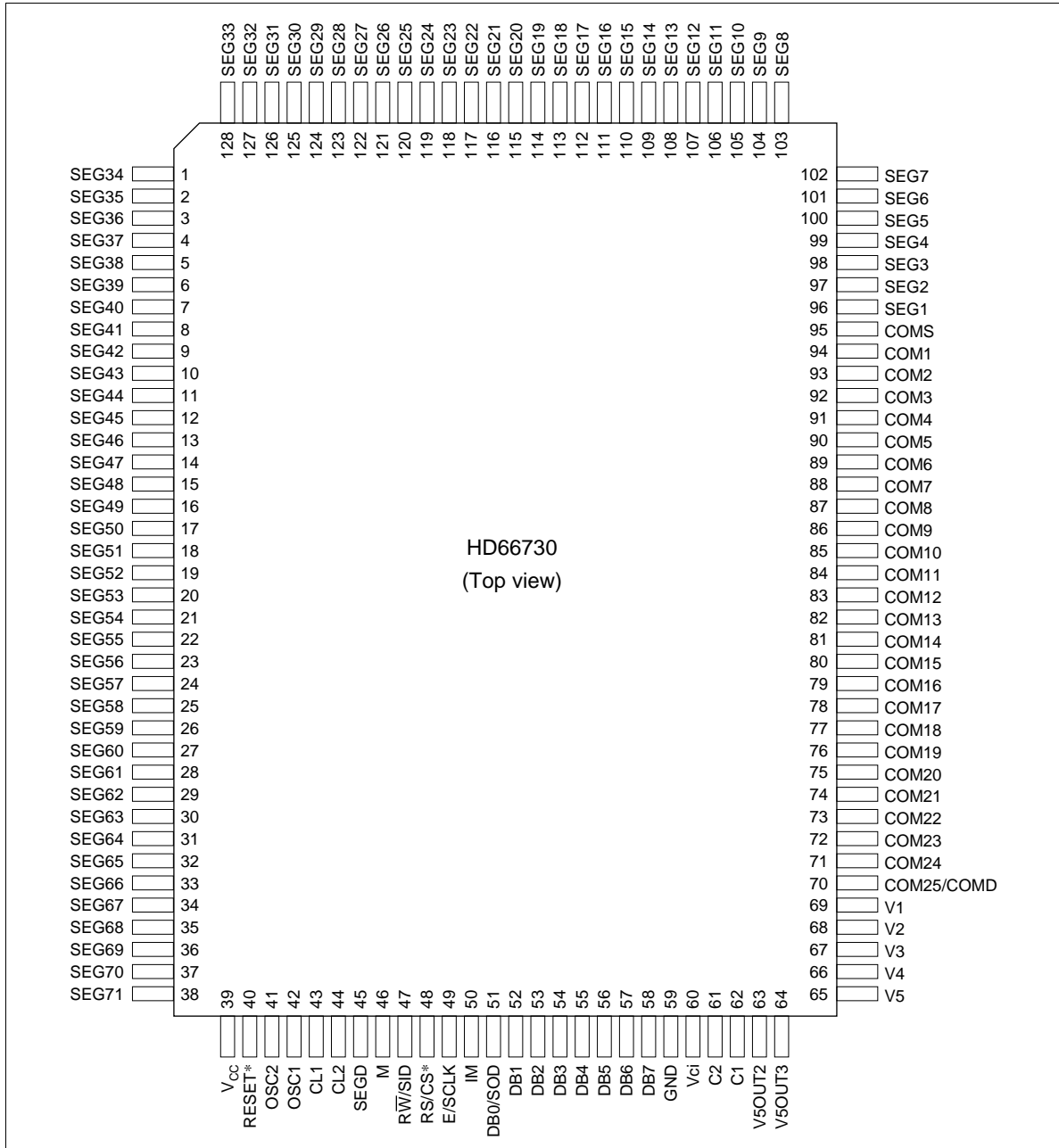
Type No.	Package	Number of Display character	CGROM
HD66730A00FS	FP-128	Two 6-characters	JIS Level-1 Kanji (A00)
HCD66730A00	Bare chip	Two 6-characters	
HD66731A00TA0L	Straight TCP	Three 8-characters	
HD66731A00TB0L	Bending TCP	Four 10-characters	
HCD66731A00BP	Au-bumped chip	Four 10-characters	Korean font (A01)
HD66730A01FS	FP-128	Two 6-characters	
HCD66730A01	Bare chip	Two 6-characters	
HD66731A01TA0L	Straight TCP	Three 8-characters	
HD66731A01TB0L	Bending TCP	Four 10-characters	
HCD66731A01BP	Au-bumped chip	Four 10-characters	

Block Diagram (HD66730)

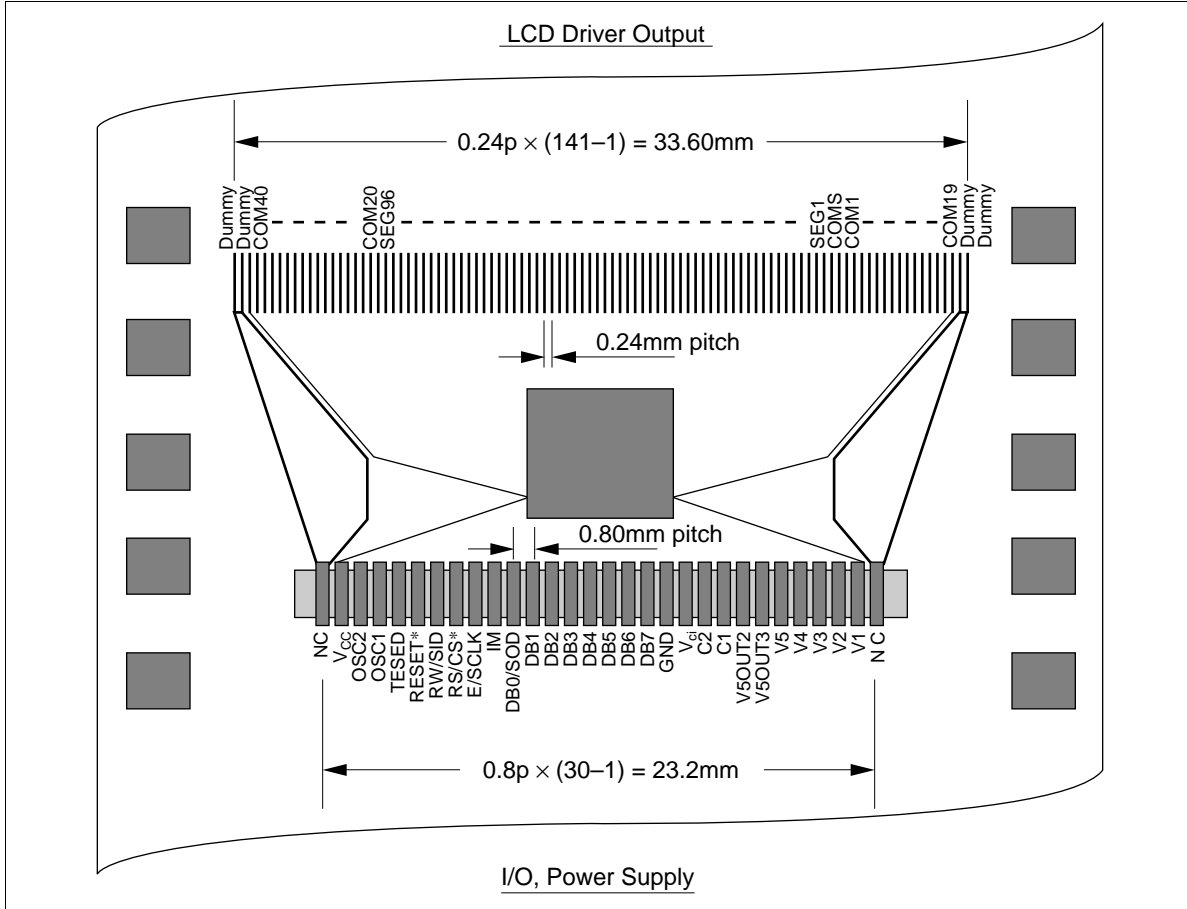


HD66730/HD66731

Pin Arrangement (HD66730)

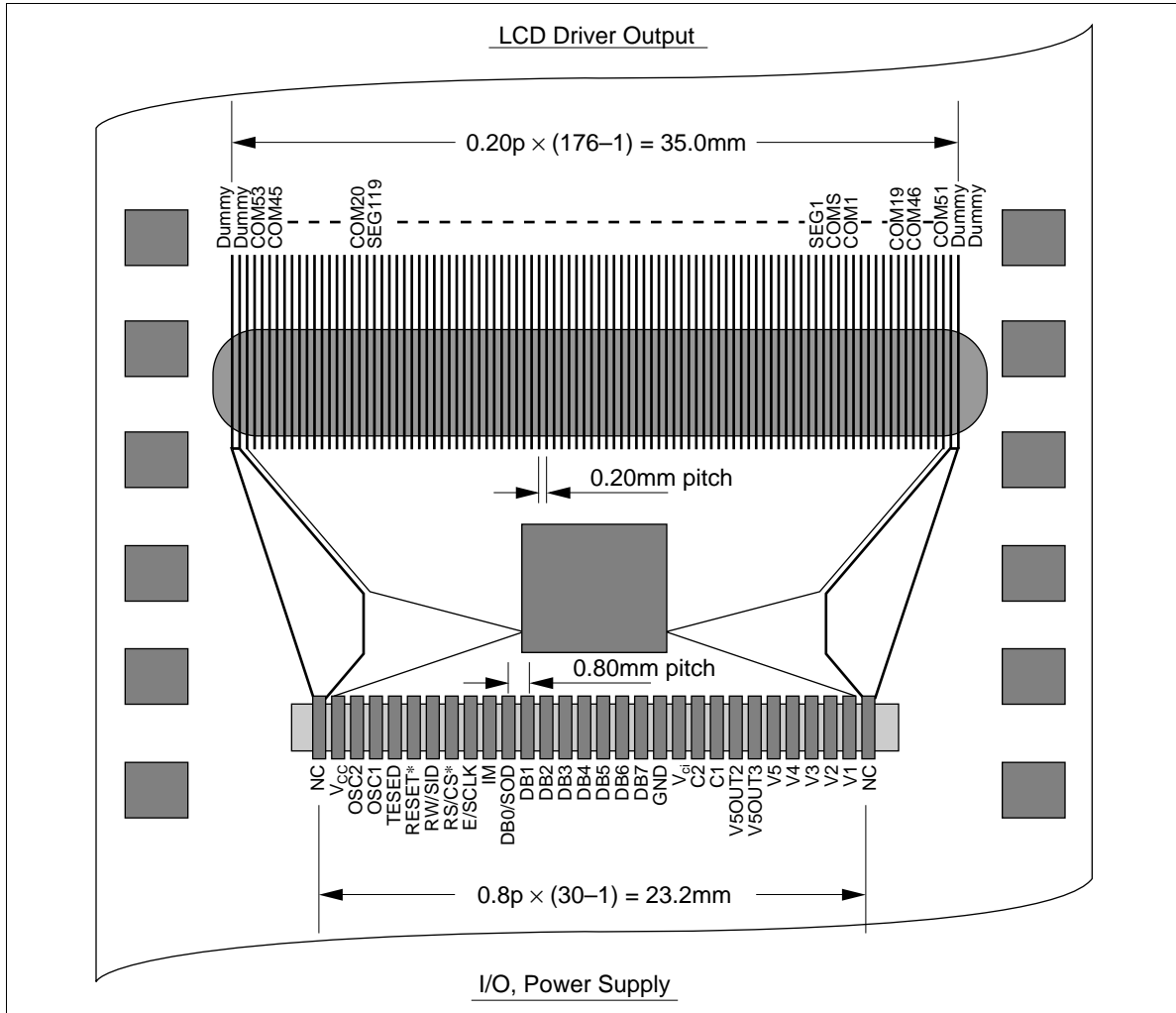


TCP Dimensions (HD66731TA0: Three 8-characters)

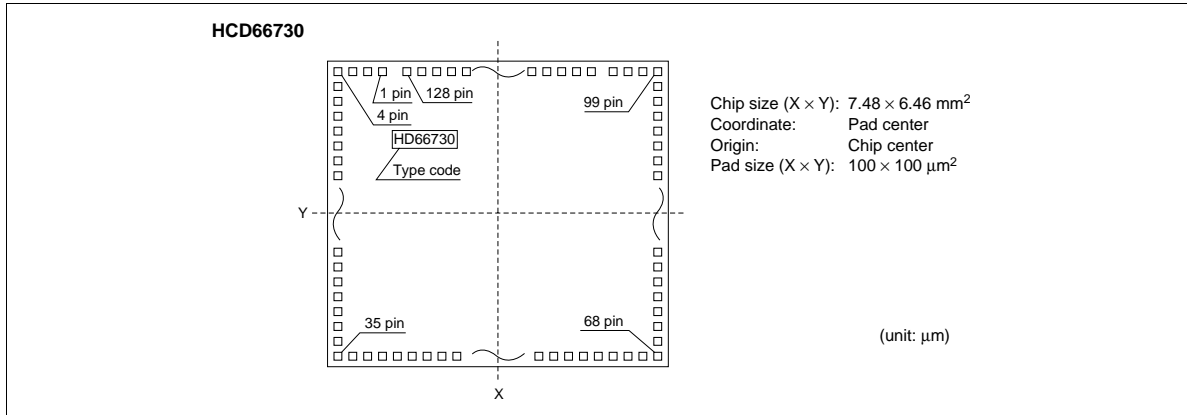


HD66730/HD66731

TCP Dimensions (HD66731TB0: Four 10-characters)



The Location of Bonding Pads (HD66730)

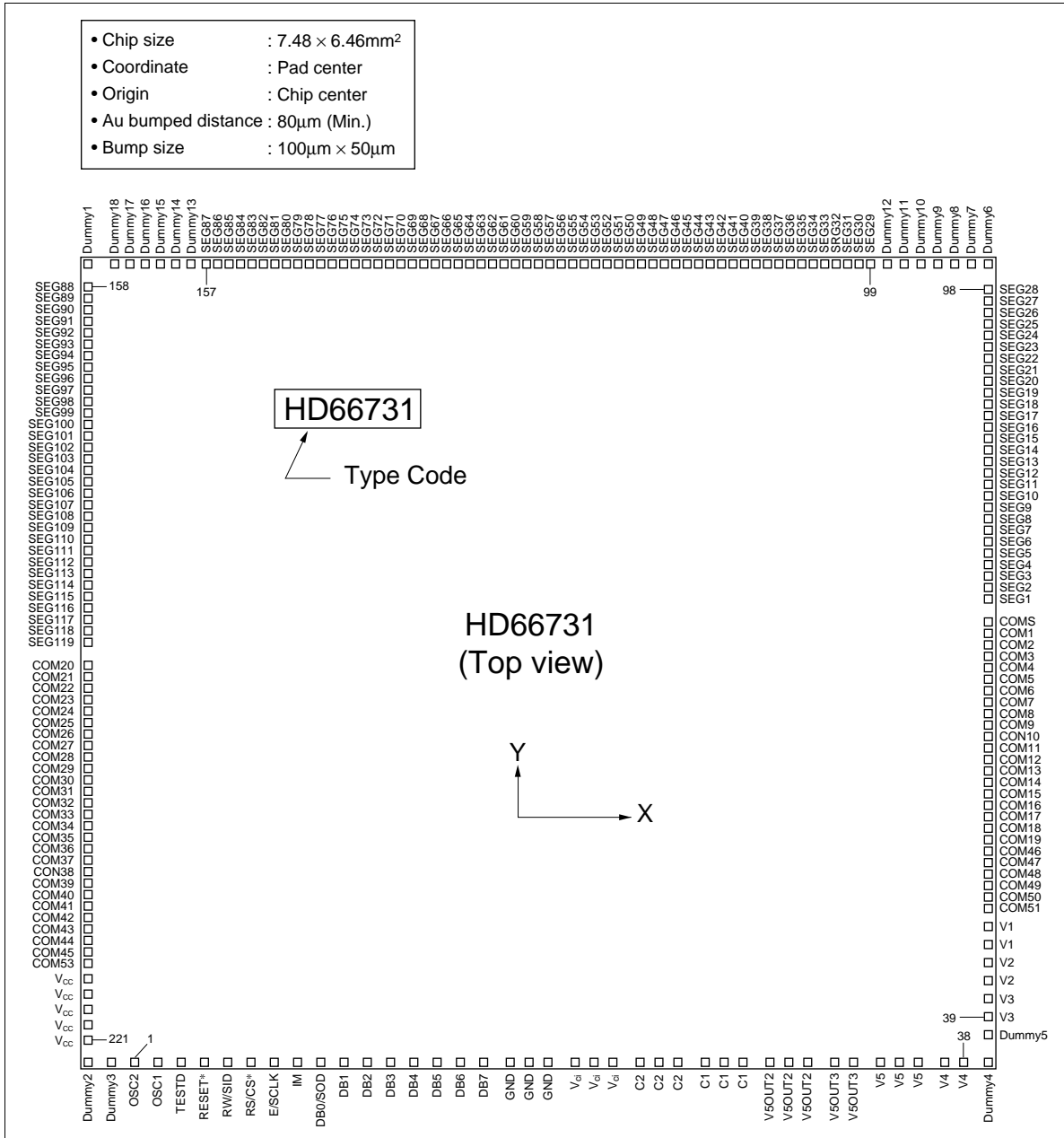


Pin No.	Function	Coordinate		Pin No.	Function	Coordinate		Pin No.	Function	Coordinate	
		X	Y			X	Y			X	Y
1	SEG34	-2602	3012	31	SEG64	-3522	-2183	61	C2	1896	-2959
2	SEG35	-2984	3012	32	SEG65	-3522	-2364	62	C1	2057	-2959
3	SEG36	-3263	3012	33	SEG66	-3522	-2544	63	V5OUT2	2219	-2959
4	SEG37	-3522	3012	34	SEG67	-3522	-2774	64	V5OUT3	2478	-2959
5	SEG38	-3522	2782	35	SEG68	-3522	-2984	65	V5	2782	-2984
6	SEG39	-3522	2582	36	SEG69	-3160	-2984	66	V4	3016	-2984
7	SEG40	-3522	2341	37	SEG70	-2860	-2984	67	V3	3253	-2984
8	SEG41	-3522	2161	38	SEG71	-2660	-2984	68	V2	3522	-2984
9	SEG42	-3522	1981	39	V _{CC}	-2435	-2984	69	V1	3522	-2806
10	SEG43	-3522	1801	40	RESET*	-2233	-2984	70	COM25/D	3522	-2626
11	SEG44	-3522	1621	41	OSC2	-2063	-2984	71	COM24	3522	-2445
12	SEG45	-3522	1440	42	OSC1	-1859	-2984	72	COM23	3522	-2265
13	SEG46	-3522	1260	43	CL1	-1689	-2984	73	COM22	3522	-2085
14	SEG47	-3522	1030	44	CL2	-1519	-2984	74	COM21	3522	-1855
15	SEG48	-3522	800	45	SEGD	-1349	-2984	75	COM20	3522	-1625
16	SEG49	-3522	620	46	M	-1179	-2984	76	COM19	3522	-1444
17	SEG50	-3522	439	47	RW/SID	-975	-2984	77	COM18	3522	-1264
18	SEG51	-3522	259	48	RS/CS*	-771	-2984	78	COM17	3522	-1084
19	SEG52	-3522	79	49	E/SCLK	-567	-2984	79	COM16	3522	-854
20	SEG53	-3522	-101	50	IM	-363	-2984	80	COM15	3522	-624
21	SEG54	-3522	-281	51	DB0/SOD	-146	-2984	81	COM14	3522	-443
22	SEG55	-3522	-462	52	DB1	71	-2984	82	COM13	3522	-263
23	SEG56	-3522	-642	53	DB2	287	-2984	83	COM12	3522	-83
24	SEG57	-3522	-822	54	DB3	504	-2984	84	COM11	3522	97
25	SEG58	-3522	-1002	55	DB4	721	-2984	85	COM10	3522	277
26	SEG59	-3522	-1182	56	DB5	938	-2984	86	COM9	3522	458
27	SEG60	-3522	-1363	57	DB6	1154	-2984	87	COM8	3522	638
28	SEG61	-3522	-1543	58	DB7	1371	-2984	88	COM7	3522	818
29	SEG62	-3522	-1723	59	GND	1533	-2984	89	COM6	3522	998
30	SEG63	-3522	-1939	60	V _{ci}	1730	-2959	90	COM5	3522	1178

HD66730/HD66731

Pin No.	Function	Coordinate		Pin No.	Function	Coordinate		Pin No.	Function	Coordinate	
		X	Y			X	Y			X	Y
91	COM4	3522	1409	104	SEG9	2152	3012	117	SEG22	-191	3012
92	COM3	3522	1639	105	SEG10	1972	3012	118	SEG23	-371	3012
93	COM2	3522	1819	106	SEG11	1791	3012	119	SEG24	-551	3012
94	COM1	3522	1999	107	SEG12	1611	3012	120	SEG25	-731	3012
95	COMS	3522	2179	108	SEG13	1431	3012	121	SEG26	-912	3012
96	SEG1	3522	2410	109	SEG14	1251	3012	122	SEG27	-1092	3012
97	SEG2	3522	2590	110	SEG15	1071	3012	123	SEG28	-1272	3012
98	SEG3	3522	2819	111	SEG16	890	3012	124	SEG29	-1452	3012
99	SEG4	3522	3012	112	SEG17	710	3012	125	SEG30	-1632	3012
100	SEG5	3222	3012	113	SEG18	530	3012	126	SEG31	-1813	3012
101	SEG6	2942	3012	114	SEG19	350	3012	127	SEG32	-1993	3012
102	SEG7	2662	3012	115	SEG20	170	3012	128	SEG33	-2173	3012
103	SEG8	2332	3012	116	SEG21	-11	3012				

The Location of Bonding Pads (HD66731)



HD66730/HD66731

Pin No.	Function	Coordinate		Pin No.	Function	Coordinate		Pin No.	Function	Coordinate	
		X	Y			X	Y			X	Y
—	Dummy3	-3202	-2984	45	COM51	3474	-1621	92	SEG22	3474	2255
1	OSC2	-2926	-2984	46	COM50	3474	-1541	93	SEG23	3474	2335
2	OSC1	-2722	-2984	47	COM49	3474	-1460	94	SEG24	3474	2416
3	TESTD	-2543	-2984	48	COM48	3474	-1379	95	SEG25	3474	2497
4	RESET*	-2339	-2984	49	COM47	3474	-1298	96	SEG26	3474	2578
5	RW/SID	-2135	-2984	50	COM46	3474	-1218	97	SEG27	3474	2658
6	RS/CS	-1931	-2984	51	COM19	3474	-1137	98	SEG28	3474	2739
7	E/SCLK	-1727	-2984	52	COM18	3474	-1056	—	dummy6	3474	3027
8	IM	-1523	-2984	53	COM17	3474	-975	—	dummy7	3202	3027
9	DB0/SOD	-1306	-2984	54	COM16	3474	-895	—	dummy8	3066	3027
10	DB1	-1090	-2984	55	COM15	3474	-814	—	dummy9	2930	3027
11	DB2	-873	-2984	56	COM14	3474	-733	—	dummy10	2794	3027
12	DB3	-656	-2984	57	COM13	3474	-652	—	dummy11	2658	3027
13	DB4	-439	-2984	58	COM12	3474	-572	—	dummy12	2522	3027
14	DB5	-223	-2984	59	COM11	3474	-491	99	SEG29	2343	2963
15	DB6	-6	-2984	60	COM10	3474	-410	100	SEG30	2262	2963
16	DB7	211	-2984	61	COM9	3474	-329	101	SEG31	2182	2963
17	GND	373	-2971	62	COM8	3474	-249	102	SEG32	2101	2963
18	GND	509	-2971	63	COM7	3474	-168	103	SEG33	2020	2963
19	GND	645	-2971	64	COM6	3474	-87	104	SEG34	1939	2963
20	Vci	781	-2971	65	COM5	3474	-6	105	SEG35	1859	2963
21	Vci	917	-2971	66	COM4	3474	74	106	SEG36	1778	2963
22	Vci	1053	-2971	67	COM3	3474	155	107	SEG37	1697	2963
23	C2	1189	-2971	68	COM2	3474	236	108	SEG38	1616	2963
24	C2	1325	-2971	69	COM1	3474	317	109	SEG39	1536	2963
25	C2	1461	-2971	70	COMS	3474	397	110	SEG40	1455	2963
26	C1	1597	-2971	71	SEG1	3474	559	111	SEG41	1374	2963
27	C1	1733	-2971	72	SEG2	3474	640	112	SEG42	1293	2963
28	C1	1869	-2971	73	SEG3	3474	720	113	SEG43	1213	2963
29	V5OUT2	2005	-2971	74	SEG4	3474	801	114	SEG44	1132	2963
30	V5OUT2	2141	-2971	75	SEG5	3474	882	115	SEG45	1051	2963
31	V5OUT2	2277	-2971	76	SEG6	3474	963	116	SEG46	970	2963
32	V5OUT3	2413	-2971	77	SEG7	3474	1043	117	SEG47	890	2963
33	V5OUT3	2549	-2971	78	SEG8	3474	1124	118	SEG48	809	2963
34	V5	2685	-2971	79	SEG9	3474	1205	119	SEG49	728	2963
35	V5	2821	-2971	80	SEG10	3474	1286	120	SEG50	647	2963
36	V5	2957	-2971	81	SEG11	3474	1366	121	SEG51	567	2963
37	V4	3093	-2971	82	SEG12	3474	1447	122	SEG52	468	2963
38	V4	3229	-2971	83	SEG13	3474	1528	123	SEG53	405	2963
—	dummy4	3474	-2971	84	SEG14	3474	1609	124	SEG54	324	2963
—	dummy5	3474	-2699	85	SEG15	3474	1689	125	SEG55	244	2963
39	V3	3474	-2563	86	SEG16	3474	1770	126	SEG56	163	2963
40	V3	3474	-2427	87	SEG17	3474	1851	127	SEG57	82	2963
41	V2	3474	-2291	88	SEG18	3474	1932	128	SEG58	1	2963
42	V2	3474	-2155	89	SEG19	3474	2012	129	SEG59	-79	2963
43	V1	3474	-2019	90	SEG20	3474	2093	130	SEG60	-160	2963
44	V1	3474	-1883	91	SEG21	3474	2174	131	SEG61	-241	2963

HD66730/HD66731

Pin No.	Function	Coordinate		Pin No.	Function	Coordinate		Pin No.	Function	Coordinate	
		X	Y			X	Y			X	Y
132	SEG62	-322	2963	158	SEG88	-3474	2728	191	COM21	-3474	-17
133	SEG63	-402	2963	159	SEG89	-3474	2647	192	COM22	-3474	-98
134	SEG64	-483	2963	160	SEG90	-3474	2567	193	COM23	-3474	-179
135	SEG65	-564	2963	161	SEG91	-3474	2486	194	COM24	-3474	-260
136	SEG66	-645	2963	162	SEG92	-3474	2405	195	COM25	-3474	-340
137	SEG67	-725	2963	163	SEG93	-3474	2324	196	COM26	-3474	-421
138	SEG68	-806	2963	164	SEG94	-3474	2244	197	COM27	-3474	-502
139	SEG69	-887	2963	165	SEG95	-3474	2163	198	COM28	-3474	-583
140	SEG70	-968	2963	166	SEG96	-3474	2082	199	COM29	-3474	-663
141	SEG71	-1048	2963	167	SEG97	-3474	2001	200	COM30	-3474	-744
142	SEG72	-1129	2963	168	SEG98	-3474	1921	201	COM31	-3474	-825
143	SEG73	-1210	2963	169	SEG99	-3474	1840	202	COM32	-3474	-906
144	SEG74	-1291	2963	170	SEG100	-3474	1759	203	COM33	-3474	-986
145	SEG75	-1371	2963	171	SEG101	-3474	1678	204	COM34	-3474	-1067
146	SEG76	-1452	2963	172	SEG102	-3474	1598	205	COM35	-3474	-1148
147	SEG77	-1533	2963	173	SEG103	-3474	1517	206	COM36	-3474	-1229
148	SEG78	-1614	2963	174	SEG104	-3474	1436	207	COM37	-3474	-1309
149	SEG79	-1694	2963	175	SEG105	-3474	1355	208	COM38	-3474	-1390
150	SEG80	-1775	2963	176	SEG106	-3474	1275	209	COM39	-3474	-1471
151	SEG81	-1856	2963	177	SEG107	-3474	1194	210	COM40	-3474	-1552
152	SEG82	-1937	2963	178	SEG108	-3474	1113	211	COM41	-3474	-1632
153	SEG83	-2017	2963	179	SEG109	-3474	1032	212	COM42	-3474	-1713
154	SEG84	-2098	2963	180	SEG110	-3474	952	213	COM43	-3474	-1794
155	SEG85	-2179	2963	181	SEG111	-3474	871	214	COM44	-3474	-1875
156	SEG86	-2260	2963	182	SEG112	-3474	79	215	COM45	-3474	-1955
157	SEG87	-2340	2963	183	SEG113	-3474	709	216	COM53	-3474	-2036
—	dummy13	-2522	3027	184	SEG114	-3474	629	217	V _{CC}	-3474	-2169
—	dummy14	-2658	3027	185	SEG115	-3474	548	218	V _{CC}	-3474	-2305
—	dummy15	-2794	3027	186	SEG116	-3474	467	219	V _{CC}	-3474	-2441
—	dummy16	-2930	3027	187	SEG117	-3474	386	220	V _{CC}	-3474	-2577
—	dummy17	-3066	3027	188	SEG118	-3474	306	221	V _{CC}	-3474	-2713
—	dummy18	-3202	3027	189	SEG119	-3474	225	—	dymmy2	-3474	-2984
—	dummy1	-3474	3027	190	COM20	-3474	63				

HD66730/HD66731

Pin Function (HD66730)

Table 1 Pin Functional Description

Signal	Number of Pins	I/O	Device Interfaced with	Function
RESET*	1	I	—	Acts as a reset input pin. The LSI is initialized during low level. Refer to Reset Function. Must be reset after power-on.
IM	1	I	—	Selects interface mode with the MPU; Low: Serial mode High: 8-bit bus mode
RS/CS*	1	I	MPU	Selects registers during bus mode: Low: Index register (write); Status register (read) High: Control register (write); RAM data (read/write) Acts as chip-select during serial mode: Low: Select (access enable) High: Not selected (access disable)
R \bar{W} /SID	1	I	MPU	Selects read/write during bus mode; Low: Write High: Read Inputs serial data during serial mode.
E/SCLK	1	I	MPU	Starts data read/write during bus mode; Inputs (Receives) serial clock during serial mode.
DB1 to DB7	7	I/O	MPU	Seven high-order bidirectional tristate data bus pins. Used for data transfer between the MPU and the HD66730. DB7 can be used as a busy flag. Open these pins during serial mode since these signals are not used.
DB0/ SOD	1	I/O /O	MPU	The lowest bidirectional data bit (DB0) during bus mode. Outputs (transmits) serial data during serial mode. Open this pin if reading (transmission) is not performed.
SEG1 to SEG71	71	O	LCD	Display data output signals for the segment extension driver.
COMS	1	O	LCD	Acts as a common output signal for segment display. Used to display icon and marks beside the character display.
COM1 to COM24	24	O	LCD	Acts as common output signals for character display. COM15 to COM24 become non-selective waveforms when the duty ratio is 1/14.
COM25/ COMD	1	O	LCD/ extension driver	Acts as common output signal (COM25) for character display when EXT2 bit is 0. Acts as a common extension pulse signal (COMD) when EXT2 bit is 1. The pin is grounded after RESET input is cleared. When this signal is used as COMD, GND \geq V5 must be maintained.

Table 1 Pin Functional Description (cont. HD66730)

Signal	Number of Pins	I/O	Device Interfaced with	Function
CL1	1	O	Extension driver	Outputs the latch pulse of segment extension driver. Can also be used as a shift clock of common extension driver. Enters tristate when both EXT1 and EXT2 are 0.
CL2	1	O	Extension driver	Outputs shift clock of segment extension driver. Can also be used as a common extension driver latch clock. Enters tristate when both EXT1 and EXT2 are 0.
SEGD	1	O	Extension driver	Outputs data of extension driver. Data after the 72nd dot is output. Enters tristate when EXT1 bit is 0.
M	1	O	Extension driver	Acts as an alternating current signal of extension driver. Enters tristate when both EXT1 and EXT2 bits are 0.
V1 to V5	5	—	Power supply	Power supply for LCD drive $V_{CC} - V5 = 15V$ (max)
V_{CC}/GND	2	—	Power supply	V_{CC} : +2.4V to +5.5V, GND: 0V
OSC1/ OSC2	2	—	Oscillation resistor/ clock	When crystal oscillation is performed, an external resistor must be connected. When the pin input is an external clock, it must be input to OSC1.
Vci	1	I	—	Inputs voltage to the booster to generate the liquid crystal display drive voltage. Vci is reference voltage and power supply for the booster. $V_{ci} : 1.0V \text{ to } 5.0V \leq V_{CC}$.
V5OUT2	1	O	V5 pin/ booster capacitor	Voltage input to the Vci pin is boosted twice and output. When the voltage is boosted three times, a capacitor with the same capacitance as that of C1–C2 should be connected here.
V5OUT3	1	O	V5 pin	Voltage input to the Vci pin is boosted three times and output.
C1/C2	2	—	Booster capacitor	External capacitor should be connected here when using the booster.

HD66730/HD66731

Pin Function (HD66731)

Table 2 Pin Functional Description

Signal	Number of Pins	I/O	Device Interfaced with	Function
RESET*	1	I	—	Acts as a reset input pin. The LSI is initialized during low level. Refer to Reset Function. Must be reset after power-on.
IM	1	I	—	Selects interface mode with the MPU; Low: Serial mode High: 8-bit bus mode
RS/CS*	1	I	MPU	Selects registers during bus mode: Low: Index register (write); Status register (read) High: Control register (write); RAM data (read/write) Acts as chip-select during serial mode: Low: Select (access enable) High: Not selected (access disable)
R \bar{W} /SID	1	I	MPU	Selects read/write during bus mode; Low: Write High: Read Inputs serial data during serial mode.
E/SCLK	1	I	MPU	Starts data read/write during bus mode; Inputs (Receives) serial clock during serial mode.
DB1 to DB7	7	I/O	MPU	Seven high-order bidirectional tristate data bus pins. Used for data transfer between the MPU and the HD66731. DB7 can be used as a busy flag. Open these pins during serial mode since these signals are not used.
DB0/ SOD	1	I/O /O	MPU	The lowest bidirectional data bit (DB0) during bus mode. Outputs (transmits) serial data during serial mode. Open this pin if reading (transmission) is not performed.
SEG1 to SEG119	119	O	LCD	Display data output signals for the segment extension driver.
COMS	1	O	LCD	Acts as a common output signal for segment display. Used to display icon and marks beside the character display.
COM1 to COM51	51	O	LCD	Acts as common output signals for character display. COM14 acts as same as COMS when 1/14 duty. COM27 acts as same as COMS when 1/27 duty. COM40 acts as same as COMS when 1/40 duty. Unused common pins output non-selective waveforms.
COM53	1	O	LCD	Acts as common output signal for segment display when 1/53 duty. The waveform is same as coms. This COM53 outputs non-selective waveform when another duty.

Table 2 Pin Functional Description (cont. HD66731)

Signal	Number of Pins	I/O	Device Interfaced with	Function
V1 to V5	5	—	Power supply	Power supply for LCD drive $V_{CC} - V5 = 15V$ (max)
V_{CC} /GND	2	—	Power supply	V_{CC} : +2.4V to +5.5V, GND: 0V
OSC1/ OSC2	2	—	Oscillation resistor/ clock	When crystal oscillation is performed, an external resistor must be connected. When the pin input is an external clock, it must be input to OSC1.
Vci	1	I	—	Inputs voltage to the booster to generate the liquid crystal display drive voltage. Vci is reference voltage and power supply for the booster. Vci: $1.0V$ to $5.0V \leq V_{CC}$.
V5OUT2	1	O	V5 pin/ booster capacitor	Voltage input to the Vci pin is boosted twice and output. When the voltage is boosted three times, a capacitor with the same capacitance as that of C1–C2 should be connected here.
V5OUT3	1	O	V5 pin	Voltage input to the Vci pin is boosted three times and output.
C1/C2	2	—	Booster capacitor	External capacitor should be connected here when using the booster.
TESTD	1	O	—	Test pin. Must be left disconnected.
Dummy1 to Dummy18	18	—	—	Dummy pads. These pads are electrically floating level.

HD66730/HD66731

Function Description

System Interface

The HD66730/1 has two system interfaces: a synchronized serial one and an 8-bit bus. Both are selected by the IM pin.

The HD66730/1 has five types of 8-bit registers: an index register (IDR), status register (STR), various control registers, RAM address register (RAR), and RAM data register (RDR).

The index register (IDR) selects control registers, the RAM address register (RAR) or the RAM data register (RDR) for performing data transfer.

The status register (STR) indicates the internal state of the system. Various control registers store display control data here.

The RAM address register (RAR) stores the address data of display data RAM (DDRAM), character generator RAM (CGRAM), and segment RAM (SEGRAM).

The RAM data register (RDR) temporarily stores data to be written into DDRAM, CGRAM, or SEGRAM. Data written into the RDR from the MPU is automatically written into DDRAM, CGRAM, or SEGRAM by internal operations. The RDR is also used for data storage when reading data from DDRAM, CGRAM, or SEGRAM. Here, when address information is written into the RAR, data is read and then stored into the RDR from DDRAM, CGRAM, or SEGRAM by internal operations.

Data transfer between the MPU is then completed when the MPU reads the RDR. After this read, data in DDRAM, CGRAM, or SEGRAM stored at the next address is sent to the RDR at the next data read from the MPU.

These registers can be selected by the register select signal (RS) and the read/write signal (R/W) in the 8-bit bus interface, and by the RS bit and R/W bit of start-byte data in the synchronized serial interface.

Busy Flag

When the busy flag is 1, the HD66730/1 is in internal operation mode, and only the status register (STR) can be accessed. The busy flag (BF) is output from bit 7 (DB7). Access of other registers can be performed only after confirming that the busy flag is 0.

RAM Address Counter (RAR)

The RAM address counter (RAR) provides addresses for accessing DDRAM, CGRAM, or SEGRAM. When an initial address value is written into the RAM counter (RAR), the RAR is automatically incremented or decremented by 1. Note that a control register specifies which RAM (DDRAM, CGRAM, SEGRAM) to select.

Table 3 Register Selection

RS	R/W	Operation
0	0	IDR write
0	1	STR read
1	0	Control register write, RAM address register (RAR) write, and RAM data register (RDR) write
1	1	RAM data register (RDR) read

HD66730/HD66731

Display Data RAM (DDRAM)

Display data RAM (DDRAM) stores character codes and display attribute codes for displaying data.

A full-size font is displayed using two bytes, and a half-size font is displayed using one byte. Since the RAM capacity is 80 bytes, 40 full-size characters or 80 half-size characters can be stored.

DDRAM displays only that data stored within the range corresponding to the number of display columns. Data stored outside the range is ignored. Refer to Combined Display of Full-Size and Half-Size characters for details on character codes stored in DDRAM. The relationship between DDRAM addresses and LCD display position depends on the number of display lines (1 line/2 lines/4 lines).

Execution of the display-clear instruction writes H'A0 corresponding to the half-size character for "space" throughout DDRAM.

Note: The HD66730/1 performs display by reading character codes from the DDRAM according to the number of display columns set by the control register. In particular, reading from the DDRAM begins at the position corresponding to the rightmost character as set by the maximum number of display columns. This means that one byte of a two-byte full-size character code should not be set in a position exceeding the maximum number of display columns. For example, do not write a full-size code (2 bytes) in the 12th and 13th byte when the display is set for six characters.

- 1-line display (NL1/0 = 00)

80 bytes of consecutive addresses from H'00 to H'4F are allocated for DDRAM addresses. When there are fewer than 40 display characters (at full size), only the number of display characters specified by NC1/0 are displayed starting from H'00 in the DDRAM. For example, 12 bytes of addresses from H'00 to H'0B are used when a 6-character display (NC1/0 = 00) is performed using one HD66730; addresses from H'0C on are ignored. In this case, do not write a full-size code into bytes H'0B and H'0C because a half-size character may be displayed. See Figure 1 for a 1-line display.

- 2-line display (NL1/0 = 01)

The first line in the DDRAM address is displayed for the 40 bytes of addresses from H'00 to H'27, and the second line is displayed for the 40 bytes of addresses from H'40 to H'67. When there are fewer than 20 display characters (at full size), only the number of display characters specified by NC1/0 will be displayed starting from the leftmost address of the DDRAM. For example, 24 bytes of addresses from H'00 to H'0B and H'40 to H'4B are used when a 6-character display (NC1/0 = 00) is performed using one HD66730. Addresses from H'0C and H'4C on are ignored. See Figure 2 for a 2-line display.

- 4-line display (NL1/0 = 11)

The first line in the DDRAM address is displayed from H'00 to H'13, the second line from H'20 to H'33, the third line from H'40 to H'53, and the fourth line from H'60 to H'73. For a 6-character display (NC1/0 = 00) (at full-size), only 12 bytes from the leftmost address of DDRAM are displayed. See Figure 3 for a 4-line display.

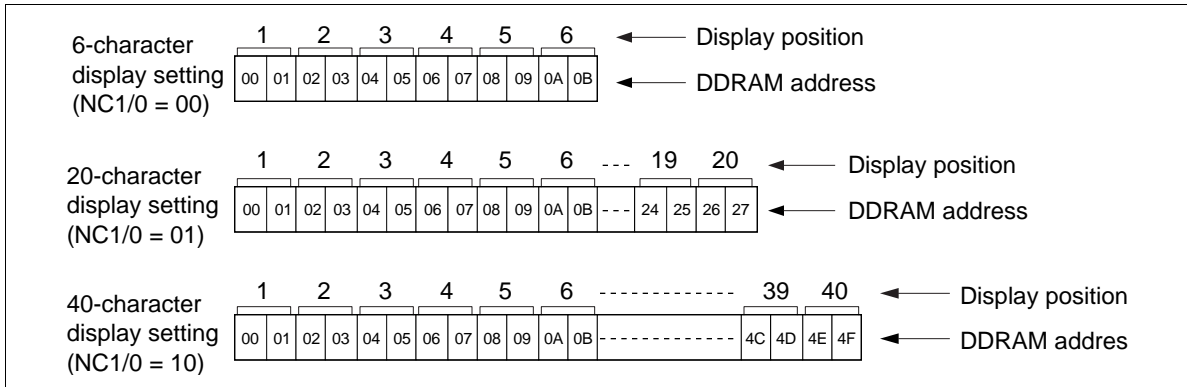


Figure 1 1-Line Display (NL1/0 = 00)

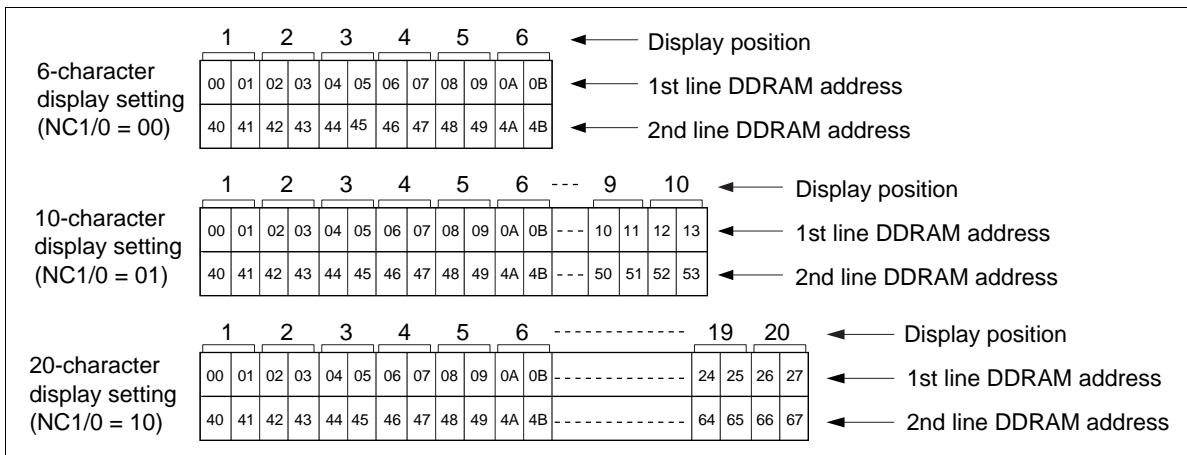


Figure 2 2-Line Display (NL1/0 = 01)

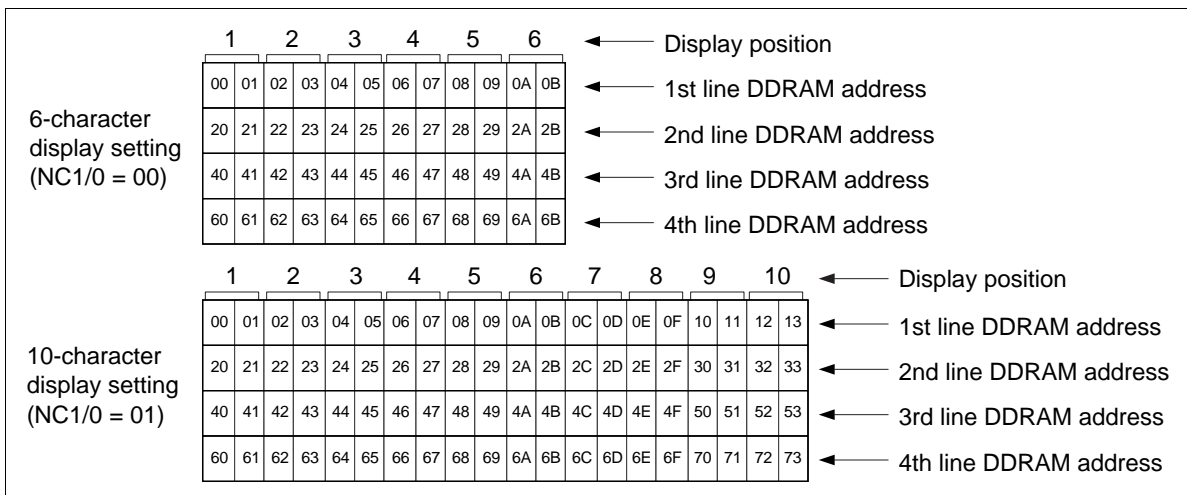


Figure 3 4-Line Display (NL1/0 = 11)

HD66730/HD66731

Character Generator ROM for a Full-Size Font (FCGROM)

The character generator ROM for a full-size font (FCGROM) generates 3,840 11×12 dot full-size character patterns from a 12-bit character code. This includes 2,965 kanji according to the JIS Level-1 Kanji Set and 524 JIS non-kanji. Table 4 shows the relationship between character codes set in DDRAM and full-size font patterns. Refer to Combined Display of Full-Size and Half-Size Characters for the relationship between JIS codes and the character codes to be set in the DDRAM.

Character Generator ROM for a Half-Size Font (HCGROM)

The character generator ROM for a half-size font (HCGROM) generates 128 6×12 dot character patterns from 7-bit character codes. A half-size font (alphanumeric characters and symbols) can be displayed together with a full-size font. Refer to Combined Display of Full-Size and Half-Size Characters for details.

Character Generator RAM (CGRAM)

The character generator RAM (CGRAM) allows the user to display arbitrary full-size font patterns. It can display 8 12×13 dot fonts.

This RAM can also display double-size characters and figures by combining multiple CGRAM fonts. Specify character codes from H'000 to H'007 in a full size of character code when displaying font patterns stored in the CGRAM.

Segment RAM (SEGRAM)

The segment RAM (SEGRAM) is used to control icons and marks in segment units by the user program. Bits in SEGRAM corresponding to segments to be displayed are directly set by the MPU, regardless of the contents of DDRAM and CGRAM. The SEGRAM is read and displayed when the COMS output pin is selected.

Up to 71 icons can be displayed using a single HD66730. Up to 96 icons can be displayed by expanding the drivers on the segment side. SEGRAM data is stored in eight bits. The lower six bits control the display of each segment, and the upper two bits control segment blinking.

HD66731 can display 96 icons without the expanding driver.

Timing Generator

The timing generator generates timing signals for the operation of internal circuits such as DDRAM, FCGROM, HCGROM, CGRAM, and SEGRAM. RAM read timing for display and internal operation timing for MPU access are generated separately to avoid interference. This prevents undesirable interferences, such as flickering, in areas other than the display area when writing data to DDRAM, for example.

The timing generator of HD66730 generates interface control signals CL1, CL2, M, and COMD-output of extension drivers for a extension configuration.

Display Attribute Controller

The display attribute controller displays white/black inverse, blinking, and white/black inverse blinking for a full size font in FCGROM according to the attribute code set in the DDRAM. Refer to Display Attribute Designation for details.

Fonts in CGRAM and bit patterns in SEGRAM control display attributes using the upper two bits (bits 7 and 6) in each display-pattern data.

Cursor Control Circuit

The cursor control circuit is used to produce a cursor on a displayed character corresponding to the DDRAM address set in the RAM address counter (RAR). Cursors can be chosen from three types: 12th raster-row cursor that is displayed only on the 12th raster-row of each font; blink cursor that periodically displays the whole font in black and white and black inverted cursor that periodically displays the font in white and black (see Figure 9). Note that when the RAM address counter (RAR) is selecting CGRAM or SEGRAM, a cursor would be generated at that address, however, it does not have any meaning.

Note: One display line consists of 13 raster-rows.

Smooth Scroll Control Circuit

The smooth scroll control circuit is used to perform a smooth-scroll in units of dots.

When the number of characters to be displayed is greater than that possible at one time in the liquid crystal module, this horizontal smooth scroll can be used to display characters in an easy-to-read manner for each line. Refer to Horizontal Smooth Scroll for details for each line.

HD66730/HD66731

Liquid Crystal Display Driver Circuit

The liquid crystal display driver circuit of HD66730 consists of 26 common signal drivers and 71 segment signal drivers. HD66731 has 54 common signal drivers and 119 segment signal drivers. When the liquid crystal driver duty ratio is set by a program, the necessary common signal drivers output drive waveforms and the remaining common drivers output non-selected waveforms. In addition, drivers can be expanded on the common and segment sides through register settings.

Display pattern data is sent serially through a shift register and latched when all needed data has arrived. The latched data then enables the LCD driver to generate drive waveform outputs. This serial data is sent from the display pattern that corresponds to the last address of the DDRAM and is latched when the character pattern of the display data corresponding to the first address enters the internal shift register.

Booster

The booster outputs a voltage that is two or three times higher than the reference voltage input from pin Vci. Since the LCD voltage can be generated from the LSI operation power supply, this circuit can operate with a single power supply. Refer to Power Supply for Liquid Crystal Display Drive for details.

Oscillator

The HD66730/1 performs R-C oscillation by adding a single external oscillation resistor. The oscillation frequency corresponding to display size and frame frequency can be adjusted by changing the oscillation resistor. Refer to Oscillator for details.

Table 4 Relationship between Full-Size Character Code and Kanji

Upper / Lower	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0 2	持	垂	唾	娃	阿	哀	愛	挨	始	逢	葵	茜	穉	患	握	渥
0 3	旭	葦	声	鯨	梓	庄	幹	拔	宛	姐	虵	飴	絢	綾	鮎	或
0 4	粟	裕	安	庵	按	暗	案	闇	鞍	杏	以	伊	位	依	鮎	困
0 5	夷	委	威	尉	惟	意	慰	易	椅	為	畏	異	移	維	緯	胃
0 6	萎	衣	謂	違	遣	医	井	亥	域	育	郁	磯	一	壹	溢	逸
0 7	稻	茨	芋	錫	允	印	咽	員	囚	姻	引	飲	淫	胤	蔭	𪛗
0 A	昂	院	陰	隱	韻	吋	右	宇	烏	羽	迂	雨	卯	鸚	窺	丑
0 B	確	白	渦	嘘	唄	薈	蔚	鱧	姥	厩	浦	瓜	閨	嘩	云	運
0 C	雲	荏	餌	叡	營	嬰	影	映	曳	榮	永	泳	洩	瑛	盈	穎
0 D	穎	英	衛	詠	銳	液	疫	益	馱	悅	謁	越	閱	榎	厭	円
0 E	園	堰	奄	宴	延	怨	掩	援	沿	演	炎	焰	煙	燕	猿	縁
0 F	艷	苑	菌	遠	鉛	鴛	塩	於	汚	甥	凹	央	奧	往	応	𪛗
1 2	莓	押	旺	橫	歐	毆	王	翁	襖	鶯	鷗	黃	岡	沖	萩	億
1 3	屋	憶	臆	桶	壯	乙	俺	卸	恩	温	穩	音	下	化	仮	何
1 4	伽	伽	佳	加	可	嘉	夏	嫁	家	寡	科	暇	果	架	歌	河
1 5	火	珂	禍	禾	稼	箇	花	苛	茄	荷	華	菓	蝦	課	嘩	貨
1 6	迦	過	霞	蚊	俄	峨	我	牙	画	臥	芽	蛾	賀	雅	餓	駕
1 7	介	会	解	回	塊	壞	廻	快	怪	悔	恢	懷	戒	拐	改	𪛗
1 A	洩	魁	晦	械	海	灰	界	皆	繪	芥	蟹	開	階	拐	凱	効
1 B	外	咳	害	崖	慨	概	涯	各	蓋	街	該	骸	貝	隄	凱	蛙
1 C	垣	柿	蛎	鈎	劃	嚇	各	廊	披	攪	格	核	骸	獲	確	穫
1 D	覺	角	赫	較	郭	闊	隔	革	学	岳	樂	額	額	掛	笠	橙
1 E	糧	棍	鯀	渴	割	喝	恰	括	活	渴	滑	葛	褐	轄	且	鯨
1 F	叶	栳	樺	靴	株	兜	竈	蒲	釜	鎌	噴	鴨	栢	茅	萱	𪛗
2 2	澤	粥	刈	苴	瓦	乾	侃	冠	寒	刊	勘	勸	卷	喚	堪	姦
2 3	完	官	寬	干	幹	患	感	慣	憾	換	敢	柑	垣	棺	款	歡
2 4	汗	漢	澗	灌	環	甘	監	看	竿	管	簡	緩	缶	翰	肝	艦
2 5	莞	觀	諫	貫	還	鑑	間	閑	閑	陷	韓	館	館	丸	含	岸
2 6	嚴	玩	癌	眼	岩	甌	贗	雁	頑	頑	願	企	伎	危	喜	器
2 7	基	奇	嬉	寄	岐	希	幾	忌	揮	机	旗	既	期	棋	棄	𪛗
2 A	顛	機	婦	毅	氣	汽	畿	折	季	稀	紀	微	規	記	貴	起
2 B	軌	輝	飢	騎	鬼	龜	偽	儀	妓	宜	戲	技	擬	欺	儀	疑
2 C	祇	義	蟻	誼	議	拘	菊	鞠	吉	吃	喫	桔	橘	詰	砧	杵
2 D	德	求	汲	泣	虐	逆	丘	究	久	仇	休	吸	宮	弓	急	救
2 E	朽	求	汲	泣	虐	逆	丘	究	久	仇	休	吸	宮	弓	急	居
2 F	巨	拒	扼	拳	渠	虛	許	距	鋸	漁	禦	給	口	亨	去	𪛗
3 2	萊	供	俠	僑	兇	競	共	凶	協	匡	脚	叫	喬	境	峽	強
3 3	彊	怯	恐	恭	扶	教	橋	況	狂	狹	矯	胸	脅	興	喬	鄉
3 4	鏡	響	響	驚	仰	凝	堯	曉	業	局	曲	極	玉	桐	杆	僅
3 5	勤	均	巾	錦	斤	欣	欽	琴	禁	禽	筋	緊	芹	菌	衿	襟
3 6	謹	近	金	吟	銀	九	俱	句	區	狗	玖	矩	苦	軀	驅	駢
3 7	駒	具	愚	虞	喰	空	偶	寓	遇	隅	申	櫛	屑	屈	𪛗	君
3 A	莉	掘	窟	杏	靴	響	窟	熊	限	糸	栗	繰	桑	歛	勲	君
3 B	薰	訓	群	軍	郡	卦	袞	邗	係	傾	刑	兄	啓	圭	珪	型
3 C	契	形	徑	惠	慶	慧	憩	揭	携	敬	景	桂	溪	蛙	稽	系
3 D	徑	繼	繫	界	莖	荊	螢	計	詣	警	輕	頸	鷄	去	迎	鯨
3 E	劇	戟	擊	激	隙	桁	傑	欠	決	潔	穴	結	血	訣	月	件
3 F	俟	倦	健	兼	券	劍	喧	圈	堅	嫌	建	憲	懸	拳	捲	𪛗

Table 4 Relationship between Full-Size Character Code and Kanji (cont)

Upper / Lower	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
4 2	訃	檢	樞	牽	犬	獻	研	硯	絹	鼎	肩	見	謙	賢	軒	遣
4 3	鍵	險	頸	駢	餒	元	原	嚴	幻	弦	減	源	玄	現	絃	舛
4 4	言	諺	限	乎	個	古	呼	固	姑	孤	己	庫	弧	戶	故	枯
4 5	湖	狐	糊	袴	胡	葫	虎	誇	跨	鈷	雇	顧	語	鼓	五	互
4 6	伍	午	吳	吾	娛	御	悟	梧	檣	瑚	雇	碁	誤	護	副	
4 7	乞	鯉	交	侯	候	倖	光	公	功	効	勾	厚	口	向		
4 A	鷗	后	喉	坑	垢	好	孔	孝	宏	工	巧	巷	幸	広	庚	康
4 B	弘	恒	慌	抗	拘	控	攻	昂	晃	更	杭	校	梗	構	江	洪
4 C	浩	港	溝	甲	皇	硬	稿	糠	紅	紘	絞	綱	耕	考	肯	肱
4 D	腔	膏	航	荒	行	衡	講	貢	購	郊	醇	鉉	礪	銅	閣	降
4 E	項	香	高	鴻	剛	劫	号	合	壕	拷	濠	豪	轟	趨	克	刻
4 F	告	国	穀	酷	鵠	黑	獄	漉	腰	甌	忽	惚	骨	狃	込	𠄎
5 2	餃	此	頃	今	困	坤	墾	婚	恨	懇	昏	昆	根	根	混	痕
5 3	紺	艮	魂	些	佐	叉	唆	嗟	左	差	查	沙	瑳	砂	詐	鎖
5 4	裘	坐	座	挫	債	催	再	最	哉	塞	妻	宰	彩	才	採	裁
5 5	歲	濟	災	采	犀	碎	碧	祭	齋	細	菜	裁	載	際	劑	在
5 6	材	罪	財	牙	坂	阪	堺	紳	肴	咲	崎	埼	碕	鷺	作	削
5 7	詐	搾	昨	朔	柵	窄	策	索	錯	核	鮭	笹	匙	冊	刷	𠄎
5 A	𠄎	察	撈	撮	擦	札	殺	薩	雜	阜	鯖	捌	鏑	蛟	皿	晒
5 B	三	傘	參	山	慘	撒	散	棧	燦	珊	產	算	纂	蚤	讚	贊
5 C	酸	餐	斬	暫	殘	仕	仔	伺	使	刺	司	史	嗣	四	士	始
5 D	姉	姿	子	屍	市	師	志	思	指	支	孜	斯	施	旨	枝	止
5 E	死	氏	獅	祉	私	糸	紙	紫	脂	至	視	詞	詩	詩	試	誌
5 F	諮	資	賜	雌	飼	齒	事	似	侍	兒	字	寺	慈	持	時	𠄎
6 2	𠄎	次	滋	治	爾	聖	痔	磁	示	而	耳	自	薛	辭	汐	鹿
6 3	式	識	鳴	竺	軸	穴	雫	七	叱	而	執	失	嫉	室	悉	濕
6 4	疾	質	実	蔀	篠	偲	柴	芝	屢	藥	失	縞	舍	写	射	捨
6 5	斜	煮	社	紗	者	謝	車	遮	蛇	邪	借	勺	尺	杓	灼	爵
6 6	酌	积	錫	若	寂	弱	惹	主	取	守	手	朱	殊	杓	珠	種
6 7	腫	趣	酒	首	儒	受	呪	寿	授	樹	綬	需	囚	収	周	𠄎
6 A	𠄎	宗	就	州	修	愁	拾	洲	秀	秋	終	繡	習	臭	舟	蒐
6 B	衆	襲	讐	蹴	輯	週	酋	酬	集	醜	什	住	充	十	從	戎
6 C	柔	汁	洪	獸	縱	重	銃	叔	夙	宿	淑	祝	縮	肅	塾	熟
6 D	出	術	述	俊	峻	春	瞬	竣	舜	駿	准	循	旬	楯	殉	淳
6 E	準	潤	盾	純	巡	遵	醇	順	処	初	所	暑	曙	渚	庶	緒
6 F	署	書	薯	諧	諸	助	叙	女	序	徐	恕	鋤	除	傷	償	𠄎
7 2	尙	勝	匠	升	召	哨	商	唱	嘗	獎	妾	娟	宵	將	小	少
7 3	尚	庄	床	廠	彰	承	抄	招	掌	捷	昇	昌	昭	晶	松	梢
7 4	樟	樵	沼	消	涉	湘	燒	焦	照	症	省	硝	確	祥	称	章
7 5	笑	粧	紹	肖	莒	蔣	蕉	衝	裳	訟	証	詔	詳	象	賞	醬
7 6	鉦	鐘	鐘	障	鞞	上	丈	丞	乘	冗	刺	城	鎗	壤	嬾	常
7 7	情	擾	条	杖	淨	狀	疊	穰	蒸	讓	釀	錠	囑	墮	飾	𠄎
7 A	𠄎	拭	植	殖	燭	織	職	色	觸	食	蝕	辱	尻	伸	信	侵
7 B	唇	娠	寢	審	心	慎	振	新	晋	森	榛	浸	深	申	疹	真
7 C	神	秦	紳	臣	芯	薪	親	診	身	辛	進	針	震	人	仁	刃
7 D	塵	壬	尋	甚	尽	腎	訊	迅	陣	韞	筍	詎	須	冏	厨	隨
7 E	逗	吹	垂	帥	推	水	炊	睡	粹	翠	衰	遂	醉	錘	錘	隨
7 F	瑞	髓	崇	嵩	數	樞	趨	雛	据	杉	梏	菅	頗	雀	裾	𠄎

Table 4 Relationship between Full-Size Character Code and Kanji (cont)

Upper / Lower	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
8 2	澄	摺	寸	世	瀨	畝	是	淒	制	勢	姓	征	性	成	政	
8 3	整	星	晴	棲	栖	正	清	生	盛	精	聖	聲	製	西	誠	
8 4	誓	請	逝	醒	青	靜	齊	稅	脆	隻	席	惜	戚	斥	昔	析
8 5	石	積	籍	績	脊	責	赤	跡	蹟	碩	切	拙	接	撰	折	設
8 6	扇	節	說	雪	絕	舌	蟬	仙	先	千	占	宣	專	穿	川	戰
8 7	扇	撰	栓	梅	泉	淺	洗	染	潛	煎	扇	旋	穿	穿	線	戰
8 A	口	緘	羨	腺	舛	船	薦	詮	賤	煎	選	遷	錢	閃	鮮	
8 B	前	善	漸	然	全	禪	膳	纏	纏	贈	塑	蛆	措	曾	楚	
8 C	狙	疏	疎	礎	祖	粗	素	組	蘇	訴	阻	週	鼠	僧	創	
8 D	双	叢	倉	衰	壯	奏	爽	宋	層	匠	惣	想	搜	掃	搔	
8 E	操	早	曹	巢	槍	槽	漕	燥	争	瘦	相	窓	糟	綜	聰	
8 F	草	莊	葬	蒼	藻	裝	走	送	遭	鎗	霜	駭	像	憎	諱	
9 2	仁	臟	藏	贈	造	促	側	則	即	息	捉	束	測	足	俗	
9 3	属	賊	族	統	卒	袖	其	揃	存	孫	尊	損	村	他	多	
9 4	太	汰	訖	唾	墮	妥	情	打	柁	舵	構	陀	馱	體	堆	
9 5	对	耐	岱	帶	待	怠	態	戴	替	泰	滯	胎	腿	袋	貸	
9 6	退	逮	隊	黛	鯛	代	台	大	第	醜	題	鷹	滝	卓	啄	
9 7	宅	托	挾	拓	沢	濯	琢	託	鐸	濁	諾	茸	風	只		
9 A	叩	但	達	辰	奪	脫	巽	堅	迥	棚	谷	狸	鱈	樽	誰	
9 B	丹	单	嘆	担	探	旦	歎	淡	湛	炭	短	端	筆	統	耽	
9 C	胆	蛋	誕	鍛	团	壇	彈	暖	檀	段	男	談	值	知	地	
9 D	弛	恥	智	池	痴	稚	置	致	遲	馳	築	畜	竹	筑	蓄	
9 E	逐	秩	窒	茶	嫡	着	仲	忠	宙	忠	抽	昼	注	虫	衷	
9 F	註	耐	鑄	駐	樗	豬	苧	著	貯	丁	兆	濁	喋	寵		
A 2	帖	帳	庁	弔	張	彫	徵	懲	挑	暢	朝	潮	牒	町	眺	
A 3	聽	脹	腸	蝶	調	諜	超	跳	銚	長	頂	鳥	勅	抄	朕	
A 4	沈	珍	賃	鎮	陳	津	墜	椎	槌	追	鎚	痛	通	塚	摺	
A 5	槻	佃	漬	柘	辻	薦	綴	鏢	椿	潰	坪	壺	嬌	袖	吊	
A 6	釣	鶴	亭	低	停	偵	剃	貞	呈	堤	定	帝	底	庭	弟	
A 7	佛	抵	挺	提	梯	汀	碇	禎	程	締	艇	訂	諦	蹄	遁	
AA	邸	鄭	釘	鼎	泥	摛	擢	敵	滴	的	笛	適	適	鎬	溯	
AB	徹	撤	轍	迭	鉄	典	填	天	展	店	添	纏	甜	貼	軫	
AC	点	伝	殿	澁	田	電	兎	吐	堵	塗	妬	屠	徒	斗	杜	
AD	登	菟	賭	途	都	鍍	砥	砺	努	度	土	奴	怒	倒	党	
AE	凍	刀	唐	塔	塘	套	宕	烏	嶋	悼	投	搭	東	桃	棟	
AF	盜	淘	湯	涛	灯	燈	当	痘	捧	等	答	筒	糖	統	棟	
B 2	董	蕩	藤	討	騰	撞	洞	瞳	逃	透	鎧	陶	頭	騰	働	
B 3	動	同	堂	導	憧	撞	洞	瞳	童	洞	苟	道	銅	峠	匿	
B 4	得	德	沆	特	督	禿	篤	毒	獨	讀	析	橡	凸	突	屈	
B 5	鳶	苦	寅	酉	諱	順	屯	惇	敦	沌	豚	遁	頓	吞	鈍	
B 6	奈	那	内	乍	凧	雍	謎	灘	捺	鍋	楮	馴	繩	曝	楠	
B 7	軟	難	汝	二	尼	弍	迹	勾	賑	肉	虹	廿	日	乳	入	
BA	如	尿	菲	任	妊	忍	認	濡	襴	祢	寧	葱	猫	熟	年	
BB	念	捻	撚	燃	粘	乃	迺	之	楚	囊	惱	濃	能	腦	膿	
BC	農	靦	蚤	巴	把	播	杷	波	派	琶	破	婆	罵	芭	馬	
BD	俳	癡	拌	排	敗	杯	盃	牌	背	肺	輩	配	倍	培	梅	
BE	煤	煤	狽	買	壳	賠	陪	這	蠅	秤	矧	萩	伯	博	拍	
BF	柏	泊	白	箔	舶	薄	迫	曝	爆	爆	縛	縛	駁	麥		

HD66730/HD66731

Table 4 Relationship between Full-Size Character Code and Kanji (cont)

Upper / Lower	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
C 2	𠄎	函	箱	裕	箸	肇	筭	櫨	幡	肌	畑	阜	八	鉢	澆	癸
C 3	醜	髮	伐	罰	拔	筏	閥	鳩	嘶	塙	蛤	隼	伴	判	半	反
C 4	叛	帆	搬	斑	板	汜	汎	版	犯	斑	畔	繁	般	藩	販	範
C 5	采	煩	頒	飯	挽	晚	番	盤	磐	蕃	蚤	匪	卑	否	妃	庇
C 6	彼	悲	扉	批	披	斐	比	泌	疲	皮	碑	秘	緋	罷	肥	被
C 7	誹	費	避	非	飛	樋	簸	備	尾	微	枇	毘	毳	眉	美	𠄎
CA	𠄎	鼻	柎	稗	匹	疋	髭	彥	膝	菱	肘	弼	必	畢	筆	逼
CB	桧	姬	媛	紐	百	謬	儀	彪	標	氷	漂	瓢	票	表	評	豹
CC	廟	描	病	秒	苗	錯	銜	蒜	蛭	鱸	品	彬	斌	浜	瀕	貧
CD	賓	類	敏	瓶	不	付	埠	婦	富	富	賦	赴	阜	怖	扶	敷
CE	斧	普	浮	父	符	腐	膚	芙	譜	負	賦	赴	阜	附	侮	撫
CF	武	舞	葡	蕪	部	封	楓	風	葺	蕨	伏	副	復	幅	服	𠄎
D 2	𠄎	福	腹	複	覆	淵	弗	弘	沸	仏	物	鮒	分	吻	噴	墳
D 3	憤	扮	焚	奮	粉	糞	紛	雰	文	聞	丙	併	兵	塀	幣	平
D 4	弊	柄	並	蔽	閉	陛	米	頁	僻	壁	癖	碧	別	警	蔑	窺
D 5	偏	變	片	篇	編	辺	返	遍	便	勉	婉	弁	鞭	保	鋪	鋪
D 6	圃	捕	步	甫	補	輔	穗	募	墓	慕	戊	暮	母	簿	菩	倣
D 7	俸	包	呆	報	奉	宝	峰	峯	崩	庖	抱	捧	放	方	朋	𠄎
DA	𠄎	法	泡	烹	砲	繒	胞	芳	萌	蓬	蜂	褒	訪	方	邦	鋒
DB	飽	鳳	鵬	乏	亡	傍	剖	坊	妨	帽	忘	忙	房	暴	望	某
DC	棒	冒	紡	肪	膨	謀	貌	貿	鉞	防	吠	頰	北	僕	卜	墨
DD	撲	朴	牧	睦	穆	釦	勃	沒	殆	堀	幌	奔	本	翻	凡	盆
DE	摩	磨	魔	麻	埋	妹	昧	枚	每	哩	模	幕	膜	枕	凡	桎
DF	鱒	榭	亦	俣	又	抹	末	枚	沫	迄	俣	蔭	蔭	慢	滿	𠄎
E 2	𠄎	漫	蔓	味	未	魅	巳	箕	岬	密	蜜	湊	萬	稔	脈	妙
E 3	耗	民	眠	務	夢	無	牟	霧	鸚	鸚	緬	娘	冥	名	妙	命
E 4	明	盟	迷	銘	鳴	姪	牝	滅	免	棉	綿	緬	面	麵	摸	模
E 5	茂	妄	孟	毛	猛	盲	網	耗	蒙	儲	木	默	目	忝	勿	餅
E 6	尤	戾	初	貫	問	悶	紋	門	匆	也	冶	夜	爺	耶	野	弥
E 7	矢	厄	役	約	葉	訊	躍	靖	柳	菽	鍾	愉	愈	油	癒	𠄎
EA	𠄎	論	輸	唯	佑	優	勇	友	宥	幽	悠	憂	揖	有	袖	湧
EB	涌	猶	猷	由	祐	裕	誘	遊	邑	郵	悠	融	夕	予	余	与
EC	譽	輿	預	傭	幼	妖	容	庸	揚	搖	擁	曜	楊	樣	洋	溶
ED	熔	用	窯	羊	耀	葉	蓉	要	謠	踊	遙	陽	養	慾	抑	欲
EE	沃	浴	翌	翼	淀	羅	螺	裸	來	萊	賴	雷	洛	絡	落	酪
EF	乱	卵	嵐	欄	濫	藍	蘭	覽	利	吏	履	李	梨	理	璃	𠄎
F 2	𠄎	痢	裏	裡	里	離	陸	律	率	立	律	掠	略	劉	溜	溜
F 3	琉	留	疏	粒	隆	竜	龍	侶	慮	旅	虜	了	亮	僚	兩	凌
F 4	寮	料	梁	涼	胤	療	瞭	稜	糧	良	諒	遼	量	陵	領	力
F 5	綠	倫	厘	林	淋	淋	琳	臨	輪	隣	鱗	麟	瑠	淚	累	麗
F 6	類	令	伶	列	冷	勵	嶺	伶	禮	禮	鈴	鈴	隸	零	靈	麗
F 7	齡	曆	歷	列	劣	烈	裂	廉	戀	憐	漣	煉	練	聯	𠄎	𠄎
FA	𠄎	蓮	連	鍊	呂	魯	櫓	爐	路	露	勞	六	麓	練	弄	朗
FB	樓	榔	浪	漏	牢	狼	籠	老	聾	蠟	郎	六	麓	練	弄	朗
FC	論	倭	和	話	歪	賄	脇	惑	粹	鶯	互	巨	鯉	詔	藁	蕨
FD	梳	灣	碗	腕	𠄎	𠄎	𠄎	𠄎	𠄎	𠄎	𠄎	𠄎	𠄎	𠄎	𠄎	𠄎
FE	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	⊙	⊙	⊙	⊙
FF	1	11	111	1111	11111	111111	1111111	11111111	111111111	1111111111	11111111111	111111111111	1111111111111	11111111111111	111111111111111	1111111111111111

Table 5 Relationship between Full-Size Character Code and Non-Kanji

Upper / Lower	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
4 8			、	。	、	・	・	；	；	？	！	・	・	、	、	”
4 9	^	—	—	、	、	、	、	、	全	々	々	〇	—	—	—	/
8 8	\	~			、	、	“	”	()	[]	[]
8 9			<	>	<	>	「	」	「	」	【	】	+	-	±	×
C 8	÷	=	≠	<	>	≤	≥	∞	∴	♂	♀	〇	〇	”	℃	¥
C 9	\$	€	£	%	#	&	*	@	§	☆	★	○	●	◎	◇	
5 0	↖	◆	□	■	△	▲	▽	▼	※	〒	→	←	↑	↓	=	≡
5 1	↗	↖	↙	↘	↗	↘	↙	↘	↗	↘	↙	↘	↙	↘	↙	↘
9 0	U	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩
9 1	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪	∩	∪
D 0	∇	≡	≠	<	>	√	∞	∞	∴	f	ff	≠	≠	≠	≠	∞
D 1	♯	♯	À	%	#	b	♪	†	‡	¶	♯	♯	♯	♯	♯	♯
5 8	⊙	⊙	⊙	⊙	⊙	⊙	⊙	⊙	⊙	⊙	⊙	⊙	⊙	⊙	⊙	⊙
5 9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
9 8	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	
9 9	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	←	←	←	←	←
D 8	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m	n	o	
D 9	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	Ⓜ	Ⓜ	Ⓜ	Ⓜ	Ⓜ
6 0	あ	あ	い	い	う	う	え	え	お	お	か	が	き	ぎ	く	
6 1	ぐ	け	げ	こ	ご	さ	ざ	し	じ	す	ず	せ	ぜ	そ	ぞ	た
A 0	だ	ち	ぢ	っ	つ	づ	て	で	と	べ	な	に	ぬ	ね	の	は
A 1	ば	び	ひ	び	ふ	ぶ	ぶ	へ	べ	べ	ら	ほ	ぼ	ほ	ま	み
E 0	む	め	も	や	ゆ	ゆ	よ	よ	べ	り	る	れ	ろ	わ	わ	
E 1	ゐ	ゑ	を	ん	ゑ	ゑ	ゑ	ゑ	ゑ	ゑ	ゑ	ゑ	ゑ	ゑ	ゑ	ゑ
6 8	ア	ア	イ	イ	ウ	ウ	エ	エ	オ	オ	カ	ガ	キ	ギ	ク	
6 9	グ	ケ	ゲ	コ	ゴ	サ	ザ	シ	ジ	ス	ズ	セ	ゼ	ソ	ゾ	タ
A 8	ダ	チ	ヂ	ッ	ツ	ヅ	テ	デ	ト	ド	ナ	ニ	ヌ	ネ	ノ	ハ
A 9	バ	パ	ピ	ピ	フ	ブ	ブ	ヘ	ベ	ベ	ホ	ボ	ポ	マ	ミ	ワ
E 8	ム	メ	モ	ヤ	ユ	ユ	ヨ	ヨ	ラ	リ	ル	レ	ロ	ワ	ワ	
E 9	キ	エ	ヲ	ン	ヅ	カ	ケ	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
7 0	Α	B	Γ	Δ	E	Z	H	Θ	I	K	Λ	M	N	Ξ	O	
7 1	Π	P	Σ	T	T	Φ	X	Ψ	Ω	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
B 0	α	β	γ	δ	ε	ζ	η	θ	ι	κ	λ	μ	ν	ξ	ο	
B 1	π	ρ	σ	τ	υ	φ	χ	ψ	ω	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
F 0	À	À	À	À	À	À	À	À	À	À	À	À	À	À	À	À
F 1	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ
7 8	A	B	B	B	Г	Д	E	È	Ж	З	И	Й	К	Л	М	Н
7 9	O	П	P	C	T	У	Ф	X	Ц	Ч	Ш	Щ	Ъ	Ы	Ь	Э
B 8	Ю	Я	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ
B 9	a	б	в	г	д	e	ё	ж	з	и	й	к	л	м	н	
F 8	o	п	p	c	t	y	ф	x	ц	ч	ш	щ	ъ	ы	ь	э
F 9	ю	я	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ	ÿ
4 0		—		Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г
4 1	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г
8 0	+	+	=	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
8 1	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
C 0	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、
C 1	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、	、

HD66730/HD66731

**Table 6 Relationship between Half-Size Character Code and Character Pattern
(ROM Code: A00)**

Upper (4 bits) Lower (3 bits)	0000	0001	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111
xxxx 000					(Space)											
xxxx 001																
xxxx 010																
xxxx 011																
xxxx 100																
xxxx 101																
xxxx 110																
xxxx 111																

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

가	1081	1082	1083	1084	1085	1086	1087
나	1088	1089	1090	1091	1092	1093	1094
다	1095	1096	1097	1098	1099	1100	1101
라	1102	1103	1104	1105	1106	1107	1108
마	1109	1110	1111	1112	1113	1114	1115
바	1116	1117	1118	1119	1120	1121	1122
사	1123	1124	1125	1126	1127	1128	1129
아	1130	1131	1132	1133	1134	1135	1136
자	1137	1138	1139	1140	1141	1142	1143
차	1144	1145	1146	1147	1148	1149	1150
카	1151	1152	1153	1154	1155	1156	1157
타	1158	1159	1160	1161	1162	1163	1164
파	1165	1166	1167	1168	1169	1170	1171
마	1172	1173	1174	1175	1176	1177	1178
바	1179	1180	1181	1182	1183	1184	1185
사	1186	1187	1188	1189	1190	1191	1192
아	1193	1194	1195	1196	1197	1198	1199
자	1200	1201	1202	1203	1204	1205	1206
차	1207	1208	1209	1210	1211	1212	1213
카	1214	1215	1216	1217	1218	1219	1220
타	1221	1222	1223	1224	1225	1226	1227
파	1228	1229	1230	1231	1232	1233	1234
마	1235	1236	1237	1238	1239	1240	1241
바	1242	1243	1244	1245	1246	1247	1248
사	1249	1250	1251	1252	1253	1254	1255
아	1256	1257	1258	1259	1260	1261	1262
자	1263	1264	1265	1266	1267	1268	1269
차	1270	1271	1272	1273	1274	1275	1276
카	1277	1278	1279	1280	1281	1282	1283
타	1284	1285	1286	1287	1288	1289	1290
파	1291	1292	1293	1294	1295	1296	1297
마	1298	1299	1300	1301	1302	1303	1304
바	1305	1306	1307	1308	1309	1310	1311
사	1312	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318
아	1319	1320	1321	1322	1323	1324	1325
자	1326	1327	1328	1329	1330	1331	1332
차	1333	1334	1335	1336	1337	1338	1339
카	1340	1341	1342	1343	1344	1345	1346
타	1347	1348	1349	1350	1351	1352	1353
파	1354	1355	1356	1357	1358	1359	1360
마	1361	1362	1363	1364	1365	1366	1367
바	1368	1369	1370	1371	1372	1373	1374
사	1375	1376	1377	1378	1379	1380	1381
아	1382	1383	1384	1385	1386	1387	1388
자	1389	1390	1391	1392	1393	1394	1395
차	1396	1397	1398	1399	1400	1401	1402
카	1403	1404	1405	1406	1407	1408	1409
타	1410	1411	1412	1413	1414	1415	1416
파	1417	1418	1419	1420	1421	1422	1423
마	1424	1425	1426	1427	1428	1429	1430
바	1431	1432	1433	1434	1435	1436	1437
사	1438	1439	1440	1441	1442	1443	1444
아	1445	1446	1447	1448	1449	1450	1451
자	1452	1453	1454	1455	1456	1457	1458
차	1459	1460	1461	1462	1463	1464	1465
카	1466	1467	1468	1469	1470	1471	1472
타	1473	1474	1475	1476	1477	1478	1479
파	1480	1481	1482	1483	1484	1485	1486
마	1487	1488	1489	1490	1491	1492	1493
바	1494	1495	1496	1497	1498	1499	1500

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HD66730/HD66731

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

Font Character Map SUB 0000-007F

0000	0001	0002	0003	0004	0005	0006	0007	0008	0009	000A	000B	000C	000D	000E	000F	0010	0011	0012	0013	0014	0015	0016	0017	0018	0019	001A	001B	001C	001D	001E	001F	0020	0021	0022	0023	0024	0025	0026	0027	0028	0029	002A	002B	002C	002D	002E	002F	0030	0031	0032	0033	0034	0035	0036	0037	0038	0039	003A	003B	003C	003D	003E	003F	0040	0041	0042	0043	0044	0045	0046	0047	0048	0049	004A	004B	004C	004D	004E	004F	0050	0051	0052	0053	0054	0055	0056	0057	0058	0059	005A	005B	005C	005D	005E	005F	0060	0061	0062	0063	0064	0065	0066	0067	0068	0069	006A	006B	006C	006D	006E	006F	0070	0071	0072	0073	0074	0075	0076	0077	0078	0079	007A	007B	007C	007D	007E	007F
------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------

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HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

0800	0801	0802	0803	0804	0805	0806	0807	0808	0809	080A	080B	080C	080D	080E	080F
0810	0811	0812	0813	0814	0815	0816	0817	0818	0819	081A	081B	081C	081D	081E	081F
0820	0821	0822	0823	0824	0825	0826	0827	0828	0829	082A	082B	082C	082D	082E	082F
0830	0831	0832	0833	0834	0835	0836	0837	0838	0839	083A	083B	083C	083D	083E	083F
0840	0841	0842	0843	0844	0845	0846	0847	0848	0849	084A	084B	084C	084D	084E	084F
0850	0851	0852	0853	0854	0855	0856	0857	0858	0859	085A	085B	085C	085D	085E	085F
0860	0861	0862	0863	0864	0865	0866	0867	0868	0869	086A	086B	086C	086D	086E	086F
0870	0871	0872	0873	0874	0875	0876	0877	0878	0879	087A	087B	087C	087D	087E	087F
0880	0881	0882	0883	0884	0885	0886	0887	0888	0889	088A	088B	088C	088D	088E	088F
0890	0891	0892	0893	0894	0895	0896	0897	0898	0899	089A	089B	089C	089D	089E	089F
08A0	08A1	08A2	08A3	08A4	08A5	08A6	08A7	08A8	08A9	08AA	08AB	08AC	08AD	08AE	08AF
08B0	08B1	08B2	08B3	08B4	08B5	08B6	08B7	08B8	08B9	08BA	08BB	08BC	08BD	08BE	08BF
08C0	08C1	08C2	08C3	08C4	08C5	08C6	08C7	08C8	08C9	08CA	08CB	08CC	08CD	08CE	08CF
08D0	08D1	08D2	08D3	08D4	08D5	08D6	08D7	08D8	08D9	08DA	08DB	08DC	08DD	08DE	08DF
08E0	08E1	08E2	08E3	08E4	08E5	08E6	08E7	08E8	08E9	08EA	08EB	08EC	08ED	08EE	08EF
08F0	08F1	08F2	08F3	08F4	08F5	08F6	08F7	08F8	08F9	08FA	08FB	08FC	08FD	08FE	08FF

HITACHI

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

(18F)	(18E)	(18D)	(18C)	(18B)	(18A)	(189)	(188)	(187)	(186)	(185)	(184)	(183)	(182)	(181)	(180)
(1FE)	(1FD)	(1FC)	(1FB)	(1FA)	(1F9)	(1F8)	(1F7)	(1F6)	(1F5)	(1F4)	(1F3)	(1F2)	(1F1)	(1F0)	(1E9)
(1E8)	(1E7)	(1E6)	(1E5)	(1E4)	(1E3)	(1E2)	(1E1)	(1E0)	(1D9)	(1D8)	(1D7)	(1D6)	(1D5)	(1D4)	(1D3)
(1D2)	(1D1)	(1D0)	(1C9)	(1C8)	(1C7)	(1C6)	(1C5)	(1C4)	(1C3)	(1C2)	(1C1)	(1C0)	(1B9)	(1B8)	(1B7)
(1B6)	(1B5)	(1B4)	(1B3)	(1B2)	(1B1)	(1B0)	(1A9)	(1A8)	(1A7)	(1A6)	(1A5)	(1A4)	(1A3)	(1A2)	(1A1)
(1A0)	(19F)	(19E)	(19D)	(19C)	(19B)	(19A)	(199)	(198)	(197)	(196)	(195)	(194)	(193)	(192)	(191)
(190)	(18F)	(18E)	(18D)	(18C)	(18B)	(18A)	(189)	(188)	(187)	(186)	(185)	(184)	(183)	(182)	(181)
(180)	(17F)	(17E)	(17D)	(17C)	(17B)	(17A)	(179)	(178)	(177)	(176)	(175)	(174)	(173)	(172)	(171)
(170)	(16F)	(16E)	(16D)	(16C)	(16B)	(16A)	(169)	(168)	(167)	(166)	(165)	(164)	(163)	(162)	(161)
(160)	(15F)	(15E)	(15D)	(15C)	(15B)	(15A)	(159)	(158)	(157)	(156)	(155)	(154)	(153)	(152)	(151)
(150)	(14F)	(14E)	(14D)	(14C)	(14B)	(14A)	(149)	(148)	(147)	(146)	(145)	(144)	(143)	(142)	(141)
(140)	(13F)	(13E)	(13D)	(13C)	(13B)	(13A)	(139)	(138)	(137)	(136)	(135)	(134)	(133)	(132)	(131)
(130)	(12F)	(12E)	(12D)	(12C)	(12B)	(12A)	(129)	(128)	(127)	(126)	(125)	(124)	(123)	(122)	(121)
(120)	(11F)	(11E)	(11D)	(11C)	(11B)	(11A)	(119)	(118)	(117)	(116)	(115)	(114)	(113)	(112)	(111)
(110)	(10F)	(10E)	(10D)	(10C)	(10B)	(10A)	(109)	(108)	(107)	(106)	(105)	(104)	(103)	(102)	(101)
(100)	(9F)	(9E)	(9D)	(9C)	(9B)	(9A)	(99)	(98)	(97)	(96)	(95)	(94)	(93)	(92)	(91)
(90)	(8F)	(8E)	(8D)	(8C)	(8B)	(8A)	(89)	(88)	(87)	(86)	(85)	(84)	(83)	(82)	(81)
(80)	(7F)	(7E)	(7D)	(7C)	(7B)	(7A)	(79)	(78)	(77)	(76)	(75)	(74)	(73)	(72)	(71)
(70)	(6F)	(6E)	(6D)	(6C)	(6B)	(6A)	(69)	(68)	(67)	(66)	(65)	(64)	(63)	(62)	(61)
(60)	(5F)	(5E)	(5D)	(5C)	(5B)	(5A)	(59)	(58)	(57)	(56)	(55)	(54)	(53)	(52)	(51)
(50)	(4F)	(4E)	(4D)	(4C)	(4B)	(4A)	(49)	(48)	(47)	(46)	(45)	(44)	(43)	(42)	(41)
(40)	(3F)	(3E)	(3D)	(3C)	(3B)	(3A)	(39)	(38)	(37)	(36)	(35)	(34)	(33)	(32)	(31)
(30)	(2F)	(2E)	(2D)	(2C)	(2B)	(2A)	(29)	(28)	(27)	(26)	(25)	(24)	(23)	(22)	(21)
(20)	(1F)	(1E)	(1D)	(1C)	(1B)	(1A)	(19)	(18)	(17)	(16)	(15)	(14)	(13)	(12)	(11)
(10)	(0F)	(0E)	(0D)	(0C)	(0B)	(0A)	(09)	(08)	(07)	(06)	(05)	(04)	(03)	(02)	(01)

HD66730/HD66731

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	200A	200B	200C	200D	200E	200F
2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	210A	210B	210C	210D	210E	210F
2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	220A	220B	220C	220D	220E	220F
2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	230A	230B	230C	230D	230E	230F
2400	2401	2402	2403	2404	2405	2406	2407	2408	2409	240A	240B	240C	240D	240E	240F
2500	2501	2502	2503	2504	2505	2506	2507	2508	2509	250A	250B	250C	250D	250E	250F
2600	2601	2602	2603	2604	2605	2606	2607	2608	2609	260A	260B	260C	260D	260E	260F
2700	2701	2702	2703	2704	2705	2706	2707	2708	2709	270A	270B	270C	270D	270E	270F
2800	2801	2802	2803	2804	2805	2806	2807	2808	2809	280A	280B	280C	280D	280E	280F
2900	2901	2902	2903	2904	2905	2906	2907	2908	2909	290A	290B	290C	290D	290E	290F
2A00	2A01	2A02	2A03	2A04	2A05	2A06	2A07	2A08	2A09	2A0A	2A0B	2A0C	2A0D	2A0E	2A0F
2B00	2B01	2B02	2B03	2B04	2B05	2B06	2B07	2B08	2B09	2B0A	2B0B	2B0C	2B0D	2B0E	2B0F
2C00	2C01	2C02	2C03	2C04	2C05	2C06	2C07	2C08	2C09	2C0A	2C0B	2C0C	2C0D	2C0E	2C0F
2D00	2D01	2D02	2D03	2D04	2D05	2D06	2D07	2D08	2D09	2D0A	2D0B	2D0C	2D0D	2D0E	2D0F
2E00	2E01	2E02	2E03	2E04	2E05	2E06	2E07	2E08	2E09	2E0A	2E0B	2E0C	2E0D	2E0E	2E0F
2F00	2F01	2F02	2F03	2F04	2F05	2F06	2F07	2F08	2F09	2F0A	2F0B	2F0C	2F0D	2F0E	2F0F
3000	3001	3002	3003	3004	3005	3006	3007	3008	3009	300A	300B	300C	300D	300E	300F
3100	3101	3102	3103	3104	3105	3106	3107	3108	3109	310A	310B	310C	310D	310E	310F
3200	3201	3202	3203	3204	3205	3206	3207	3208	3209	320A	320B	320C	320D	320E	320F
3300	3301	3302	3303	3304	3305	3306	3307	3308	3309	330A	330B	330C	330D	330E	330F
3400	3401	3402	3403	3404	3405	3406	3407	3408	3409	340A	340B	340C	340D	340E	340F
3500	3501	3502	3503	3504	3505	3506	3507	3508	3509	350A	350B	350C	350D	350E	350F
3600	3601	3602	3603	3604	3605	3606	3607	3608	3609	360A	360B	360C	360D	360E	360F
3700	3701	3702	3703	3704	3705	3706	3707	3708	3709	370A	370B	370C	370D	370E	370F
3800	3801	3802	3803	3804	3805	3806	3807	3808	3809	380A	380B	380C	380D	380E	380F
3900	3901	3902	3903	3904	3905	3906	3907	3908	3909	390A	390B	390C	390D	390E	390F
3A00	3A01	3A02	3A03	3A04	3A05	3A06	3A07	3A08	3A09	3A0A	3A0B	3A0C	3A0D	3A0E	3A0F
3B00	3B01	3B02	3B03	3B04	3B05	3B06	3B07	3B08	3B09	3B0A	3B0B	3B0C	3B0D	3B0E	3B0F
3C00	3C01	3C02	3C03	3C04	3C05	3C06	3C07	3C08	3C09	3C0A	3C0B	3C0C	3C0D	3C0E	3C0F
3D00	3D01	3D02	3D03	3D04	3D05	3D06	3D07	3D08	3D09	3D0A	3D0B	3D0C	3D0D	3D0E	3D0F
3E00	3E01	3E02	3E03	3E04	3E05	3E06	3E07	3E08	3E09	3E0A	3E0B	3E0C	3E0D	3E0E	3E0F
3F00	3F01	3F02	3F03	3F04	3F05	3F06	3F07	3F08	3F09	3F0A	3F0B	3F0C	3F0D	3F0E	3F0F

HITACHI

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

Full-Font ROM Map: 280...2FF	(280)	(281)	(282)	(283)	(284)	(285)	(286)	(287)	(288)	(289)	(28A)	(28B)	(28C)	(28D)	(28E)	(28F)	(28F)	(28F)
	(290)	(291)	(292)	(293)	(294)	(295)	(296)	(297)	(298)	(299)	(29A)	(29B)	(29C)	(29D)	(29E)	(29F)	(29F)	(29F)
	(2A0)	(2A1)	(2A2)	(2A3)	(2A4)	(2A5)	(2A6)	(2A7)	(2A8)	(2A9)	(2AA)	(2AB)	(2AC)	(2AD)	(2AE)	(2AF)	(2AF)	(2AF)
	(2B0)	(2B1)	(2B2)	(2B3)	(2B4)	(2B5)	(2B6)	(2B7)	(2B8)	(2B9)	(2BA)	(2BB)	(2BC)	(2BD)	(2BE)	(2BF)	(2BF)	(2BF)
	(2C0)	(2C1)	(2C2)	(2C3)	(2C4)	(2C5)	(2C6)	(2C7)	(2C8)	(2C9)	(2CA)	(2CB)	(2CC)	(2CD)	(2CE)	(2CF)	(2CF)	(2CF)
	(2D0)	(2D1)	(2D2)	(2D3)	(2D4)	(2D5)	(2D6)	(2D7)	(2D8)	(2D9)	(2DA)	(2DB)	(2DC)	(2DD)	(2DE)	(2DF)	(2DF)	(2DF)
	(2E0)	(2E1)	(2E2)	(2E3)	(2E4)	(2E5)	(2E6)	(2E7)	(2E8)	(2E9)	(2EA)	(2EB)	(2EC)	(2ED)	(2EE)	(2EF)	(2EF)	(2EF)
	(2F0)	(2F1)	(2F2)	(2F3)	(2F4)	(2F5)	(2F6)	(2F7)	(2F8)	(2F9)	(2FA)	(2FB)	(2FC)	(2FD)	(2FE)	(2FF)	(2FF)	(2FF)

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

1340	1341	1342	1343	1344	1345	1346	1347	1348	1349	1350	1351	1352	1353	1354	1355	1356	1357	1358	1359	1360	1361	1362	1363	1364	1365	1366	1367	1368	1369	1370	1371	1372	1373	1374	1375	1376	1377	1378	1379	1380	1381	1382	1383	1384	1385	1386	1387	1388	1389	1390	1391	1392	1393	1394	1395
1340	1341	1342	1343	1344	1345	1346	1347	1348	1349	1350	1351	1352	1353	1354	1355	1356	1357	1358	1359	1360	1361	1362	1363	1364	1365	1366	1367	1368	1369	1370	1371	1372	1373	1374	1375	1376	1377	1378	1379	1380	1381	1382	1383	1384	1385	1386	1387	1388	1389	1390	1391	1392	1393	1394	1395

HITACHI

HD66730/HD66731

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

㉞	㉟	㊀	㊁	㊂	㊃	㊄	㊅
㊆	㊇	㊈	㊉	㊊	㊋	㊌	㊍
㊎	㊏	㊑	㊒	㊓	㊔	㊕	㊖
㊗	㊘	㊙	㊚	㊛	㊜	㊝	㊞
㊟	㊠	㊡	㊢	㊣	㊤	㊥	㊦
㊧	㊨	㊩	㊪	㊫	㊬	㊭	㊮
㊯	㊰	㊱	㊲	㊳	㊴	㊵	㊶
㊷	㊸	㊹	㊺	㊻	㊼	㊽	㊾
㊿	㋀	㋁	㋂	㋃	㋄	㋅	㋆
㋇	㋈	㋉	㋊	㋋	㋌	㋍	㋎
㋏	㋐	㋑	㋒	㋓	㋔	㋕	㋖
㋗	㋘	㋙	㋚	㋛	㋜	㋝	㋞
㋟	㋠	㋡	㋢	㋣	㋤	㋥	㋦
㋧	㋨	㋩	㋪	㋫	㋬	㋭	㋮
㋯	㋰	㋱	㋲	㋳	㋴	㋵	㋶
㋷	㋸	㋹	㋺	㋻	㋼	㋽	㋾
㋿	㌀	㌁	㌂	㌃	㌄	㌅	㌆
㌇	㌈	㌉	㌊	㌋	㌌	㌍	㌎
㌏	㌐	㌑	㌒	㌓	㌔	㌕	㌖
㌗	㌘	㌙	㌚	㌛	㌜	㌝	㌞
㌟	㌠	㌡	㌢	㌣	㌤	㌥	㌦

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HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53
54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62
63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98
99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107
108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116
117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125
126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134
135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143
144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152
153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161
162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170
171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179
180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188
189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197
198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206
207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215
216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224
225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233
234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242
243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251
252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260
261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269
270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278
279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287
288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296
297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305
306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314
315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323
324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332
333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341
342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350
351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359
360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368
369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377
378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386
387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395
396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404
405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413
414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422
423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431
432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440
441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449
450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458
459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467
468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476
477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485
486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494
495	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503
504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512
513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521
522	523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530
531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539
540	541	542	543	544	545	546	547	548
549	550	551	552	553	554	555	556	557
558	559	560	561	562	563	564	565	566
567	568	569	570	571	572	573	574	575
576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584
585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593
594	595	596	597	598	599	600	601	602
603	604	605	606	607	608	609	610	611
612	613	614	615	616	617	618	619	620
621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629
630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638
639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646	647
648	649	650	651	652	653	654	655	656
657	658	659	660	661	662	663	664	665
666	667	668	669	670	671	672	673	674
675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682	683
684	685	686	687	688	689	690	691	692
693	694	695	696	697	698	699	700	701
702	703	704	705	706	707	708	709	710
711	712	713	714	715	716	717	718	719
720	721	722	723	724	725	726	727	728
729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736	737
738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746
747	748	749	750	751	752	753	754	755
756	757	758	759	760	761	762	763	764
765	766	767	768	769	770	771	772	773
774	775	776	777	778	779	780	781	782
783	784	785	786	787	788	789	790	791
792	793	794	795	796	797	798	799	800

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

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HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

0x1000	0x1001	0x1002	0x1003	0x1004	0x1005	0x1006	0x1007
0x1008	0x1009	0x100A	0x100B	0x100C	0x100D	0x100E	0x100F
0x1010	0x1011	0x1012	0x1013	0x1014	0x1015	0x1016	0x1017
0x1018	0x1019	0x101A	0x101B	0x101C	0x101D	0x101E	0x101F
0x1020	0x1021	0x1022	0x1023	0x1024	0x1025	0x1026	0x1027
0x1028	0x1029	0x102A	0x102B	0x102C	0x102D	0x102E	0x102F
0x1030	0x1031	0x1032	0x1033	0x1034	0x1035	0x1036	0x1037
0x1038	0x1039	0x103A	0x103B	0x103C	0x103D	0x103E	0x103F
0x1040	0x1041	0x1042	0x1043	0x1044	0x1045	0x1046	0x1047
0x1048	0x1049	0x104A	0x104B	0x104C	0x104D	0x104E	0x104F
0x1050	0x1051	0x1052	0x1053	0x1054	0x1055	0x1056	0x1057
0x1058	0x1059	0x105A	0x105B	0x105C	0x105D	0x105E	0x105F
0x1060	0x1061	0x1062	0x1063	0x1064	0x1065	0x1066	0x1067
0x1068	0x1069	0x106A	0x106B	0x106C	0x106D	0x106E	0x106F
0x1070	0x1071	0x1072	0x1073	0x1074	0x1075	0x1076	0x1077
0x1078	0x1079	0x107A	0x107B	0x107C	0x107D	0x107E	0x107F
0x1080	0x1081	0x1082	0x1083	0x1084	0x1085	0x1086	0x1087
0x1088	0x1089	0x108A	0x108B	0x108C	0x108D	0x108E	0x108F
0x1090	0x1091	0x1092	0x1093	0x1094	0x1095	0x1096	0x1097
0x1098	0x1099	0x109A	0x109B	0x109C	0x109D	0x109E	0x109F
0x10A0	0x10A1	0x10A2	0x10A3	0x10A4	0x10A5	0x10A6	0x10A7
0x10A8	0x10A9	0x10AA	0x10AB	0x10AC	0x10AD	0x10AE	0x10AF
0x10B0	0x10B1	0x10B2	0x10B3	0x10B4	0x10B5	0x10B6	0x10B7
0x10B8	0x10B9	0x10BA	0x10BB	0x10BC	0x10BD	0x10BE	0x10BF
0x10C0	0x10C1	0x10C2	0x10C3	0x10C4	0x10C5	0x10C6	0x10C7
0x10C8	0x10C9	0x10CA	0x10CB	0x10CC	0x10CD	0x10CE	0x10CF
0x10D0	0x10D1	0x10D2	0x10D3	0x10D4	0x10D5	0x10D6	0x10D7
0x10D8	0x10D9	0x10DA	0x10DB	0x10DC	0x10DD	0x10DE	0x10DF
0x10E0	0x10E1	0x10E2	0x10E3	0x10E4	0x10E5	0x10E6	0x10E7
0x10E8	0x10E9	0x10EA	0x10EB	0x10EC	0x10ED	0x10EE	0x10EF
0x10F0	0x10F1	0x10F2	0x10F3	0x10F4	0x10F5	0x10F6	0x10F7
0x10F8	0x10F9	0x10FA	0x10FB	0x10FC	0x10FD	0x10FE	0x10FF

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HD66730/HD66731

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

ㄱ	0704	ㅋ	0705	ㆁ	0706	ㆁ	0707	ㆁ	0708
ㄴ	0709	ㄴ	0710	ㄴ	0711	ㄴ	0712	ㄴ	0713
ㄷ	0714	ㄷ	0715	ㄷ	0716	ㄷ	0717	ㄷ	0718
ㄹ	0719	ㄹ	0720	ㄹ	0721	ㄹ	0722	ㄹ	0723
ㅁ	0724	ㅁ	0725	ㅁ	0726	ㅁ	0727	ㅁ	0728
ㅂ	0729	ㅂ	0730	ㅂ	0731	ㅂ	0732	ㅂ	0733
ㅅ	0734	ㅅ	0735	ㅅ	0736	ㅅ	0737	ㅅ	0738
ㅇ	0739	ㅇ	0740	ㅇ	0741	ㅇ	0742	ㅇ	0743
ㅈ	0744	ㅈ	0745	ㅈ	0746	ㅈ	0747	ㅈ	0748
ㅊ	0749	ㅊ	0750	ㅊ	0751	ㅊ	0752	ㅊ	0753
ㅌ	0754	ㅌ	0755	ㅌ	0756	ㅌ	0757	ㅌ	0758
ㅍ	0759	ㅍ	0760	ㅍ	0761	ㅍ	0762	ㅍ	0763
ㅑ	0764	ㅑ	0765	ㅑ	0766	ㅑ	0767	ㅑ	0768
ㅓ	0769	ㅓ	0770	ㅓ	0771	ㅓ	0772	ㅓ	0773
ㅕ	0774	ㅕ	0775	ㅕ	0776	ㅕ	0777	ㅕ	0778
ㅗ	0779	ㅗ	0780	ㅗ	0781	ㅗ	0782	ㅗ	0783
ㅛ	0784	ㅛ	0785	ㅛ	0786	ㅛ	0787	ㅛ	0788
ㅜ	0789	ㅜ	0790	ㅜ	0791	ㅜ	0792	ㅜ	0793
ㅠ	0794	ㅠ	0795	ㅠ	0796	ㅠ	0797	ㅠ	0798
ㅡ	0799	ㅡ	0800	ㅡ	0801	ㅡ	0802	ㅡ	0803
ㅣ	0804	ㅣ	0805	ㅣ	0806	ㅣ	0807	ㅣ	0808

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HD66730/HD66731

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

0x100	0x101	0x102	0x103	0x104	0x105	0x106	0x107
0x108	0x109	0x10A	0x10B	0x10C	0x10D	0x10E	0x10F
0x110	0x111	0x112	0x113	0x114	0x115	0x116	0x117
0x118	0x119	0x11A	0x11B	0x11C	0x11D	0x11E	0x11F
0x120	0x121	0x122	0x123	0x124	0x125	0x126	0x127
0x128	0x129	0x12A	0x12B	0x12C	0x12D	0x12E	0x12F
0x130	0x131	0x132	0x133	0x134	0x135	0x136	0x137
0x138	0x139	0x13A	0x13B	0x13C	0x13D	0x13E	0x13F
0x140	0x141	0x142	0x143	0x144	0x145	0x146	0x147
0x148	0x149	0x14A	0x14B	0x14C	0x14D	0x14E	0x14F
0x150	0x151	0x152	0x153	0x154	0x155	0x156	0x157
0x158	0x159	0x15A	0x15B	0x15C	0x15D	0x15E	0x15F
0x160	0x161	0x162	0x163	0x164	0x165	0x166	0x167
0x168	0x169	0x16A	0x16B	0x16C	0x16D	0x16E	0x16F
0x170	0x171	0x172	0x173	0x174	0x175	0x176	0x177
0x178	0x179	0x17A	0x17B	0x17C	0x17D	0x17E	0x17F
0x180	0x181	0x182	0x183	0x184	0x185	0x186	0x187
0x188	0x189	0x18A	0x18B	0x18C	0x18D	0x18E	0x18F
0x190	0x191	0x192	0x193	0x194	0x195	0x196	0x197
0x198	0x199	0x19A	0x19B	0x19C	0x19D	0x19E	0x19F
0x1A0	0x1A1	0x1A2	0x1A3	0x1A4	0x1A5	0x1A6	0x1A7
0x1A8	0x1A9	0x1AA	0x1AB	0x1AC	0x1AD	0x1AE	0x1AF
0x1B0	0x1B1	0x1B2	0x1B3	0x1B4	0x1B5	0x1B6	0x1B7
0x1B8	0x1B9	0x1BA	0x1BB	0x1BC	0x1BD	0x1BE	0x1BF
0x1C0	0x1C1	0x1C2	0x1C3	0x1C4	0x1C5	0x1C6	0x1C7
0x1C8	0x1C9	0x1CA	0x1CB	0x1CC	0x1CD	0x1CE	0x1CF
0x1D0	0x1D1	0x1D2	0x1D3	0x1D4	0x1D5	0x1D6	0x1D7
0x1D8	0x1D9	0x1DA	0x1DB	0x1DC	0x1DD	0x1DE	0x1DF
0x1E0	0x1E1	0x1E2	0x1E3	0x1E4	0x1E5	0x1E6	0x1E7
0x1E8	0x1E9	0x1EA	0x1EB	0x1EC	0x1ED	0x1EE	0x1EF
0x1F0	0x1F1	0x1F2	0x1F3	0x1F4	0x1F5	0x1F6	0x1F7
0x1F8	0x1F9	0x1FA	0x1FB	0x1FC	0x1FD	0x1FE	0x1FF

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HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

0x100	0x101	0x102	0x103	0x104	0x105	0x106	0x107
0x108	0x109	0x10A	0x10B	0x10C	0x10D	0x10E	0x10F
0x110	0x111	0x112	0x113	0x114	0x115	0x116	0x117
0x118	0x119	0x11A	0x11B	0x11C	0x11D	0x11E	0x11F
0x120	0x121	0x122	0x123	0x124	0x125	0x126	0x127
0x128	0x129	0x12A	0x12B	0x12C	0x12D	0x12E	0x12F
0x130	0x131	0x132	0x133	0x134	0x135	0x136	0x137
0x138	0x139	0x13A	0x13B	0x13C	0x13D	0x13E	0x13F
0x140	0x141	0x142	0x143	0x144	0x145	0x146	0x147
0x148	0x149	0x14A	0x14B	0x14C	0x14D	0x14E	0x14F
0x150	0x151	0x152	0x153	0x154	0x155	0x156	0x157
0x158	0x159	0x15A	0x15B	0x15C	0x15D	0x15E	0x15F
0x160	0x161	0x162	0x163	0x164	0x165	0x166	0x167
0x168	0x169	0x16A	0x16B	0x16C	0x16D	0x16E	0x16F
0x170	0x171	0x172	0x173	0x174	0x175	0x176	0x177
0x178	0x179	0x17A	0x17B	0x17C	0x17D	0x17E	0x17F
0x180	0x181	0x182	0x183	0x184	0x185	0x186	0x187
0x188	0x189	0x18A	0x18B	0x18C	0x18D	0x18E	0x18F
0x190	0x191	0x192	0x193	0x194	0x195	0x196	0x197
0x198	0x199	0x19A	0x19B	0x19C	0x19D	0x19E	0x19F
0x1A0	0x1A1	0x1A2	0x1A3	0x1A4	0x1A5	0x1A6	0x1A7
0x1A8	0x1A9	0x1AA	0x1AB	0x1AC	0x1AD	0x1AE	0x1AF
0x1B0	0x1B1	0x1B2	0x1B3	0x1B4	0x1B5	0x1B6	0x1B7
0x1B8	0x1B9	0x1BA	0x1BB	0x1BC	0x1BD	0x1BE	0x1BF
0x1C0	0x1C1	0x1C2	0x1C3	0x1C4	0x1C5	0x1C6	0x1C7
0x1C8	0x1C9	0x1CA	0x1CB	0x1CC	0x1CD	0x1CE	0x1CF
0x1D0	0x1D1	0x1D2	0x1D3	0x1D4	0x1D5	0x1D6	0x1D7
0x1D8	0x1D9	0x1DA	0x1DB	0x1DC	0x1DD	0x1DE	0x1DF
0x1E0	0x1E1	0x1E2	0x1E3	0x1E4	0x1E5	0x1E6	0x1E7
0x1E8	0x1E9	0x1EA	0x1EB	0x1EC	0x1ED	0x1EE	0x1EF
0x1F0	0x1F1	0x1F2	0x1F3	0x1F4	0x1F5	0x1F6	0x1F7
0x1F8	0x1F9	0x1FA	0x1FB	0x1FC	0x1FD	0x1FE	0x1FF

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HD66730/HD66731

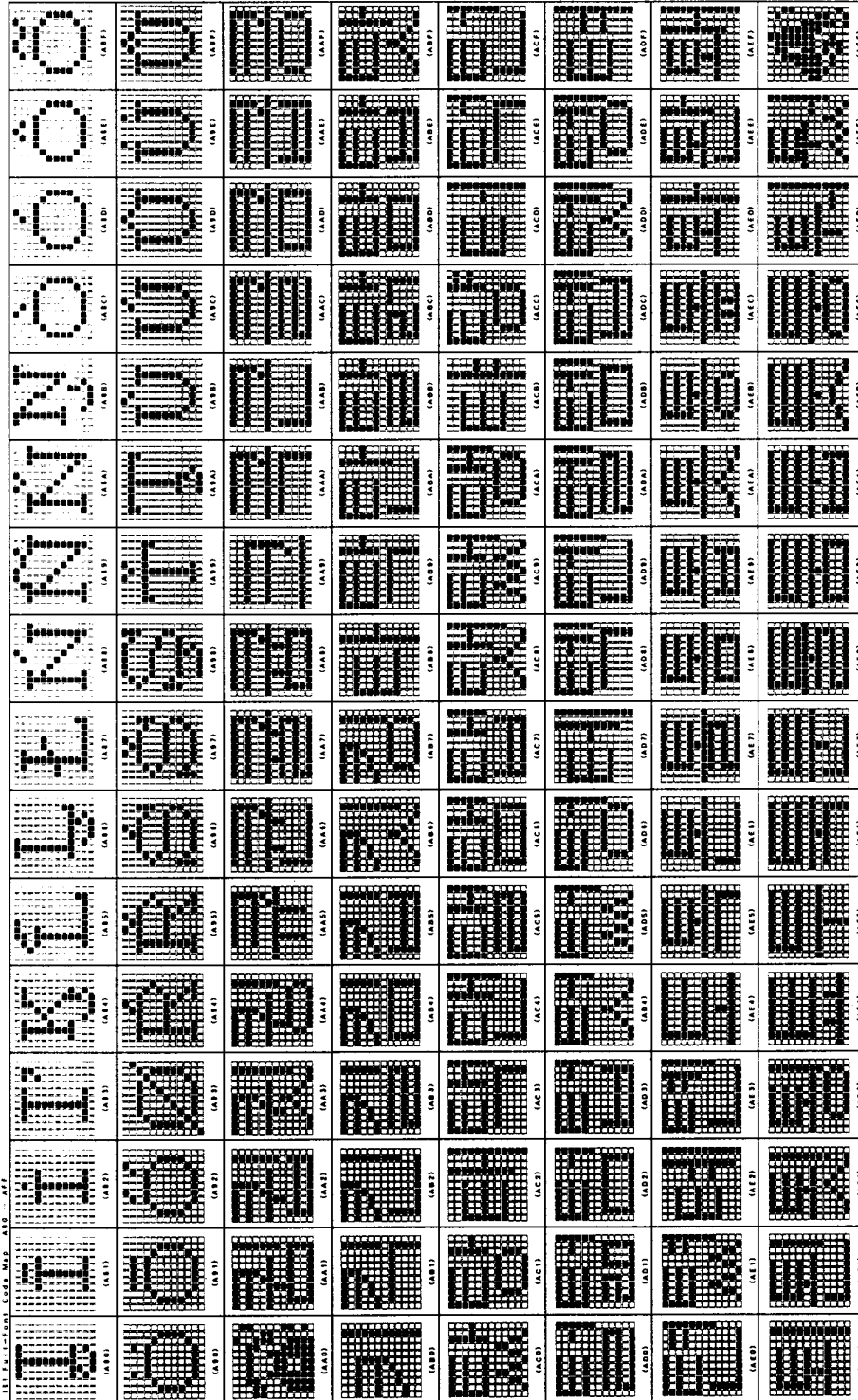
HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

HD66730/HD66731

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

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HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)



HITACHI

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

ㅁ	(B8F7)	ㅂ	(B8F7)	ㅅ	(B8F7)	ㅈ	(B8F7)	ㅊ	(B8F7)	ㅋ	(B8F7)	ㆁ	(B8F7)	ㆂ	(B8F7)
ㅅ	(B8E7)	ㅆ	(B8E7)	ㅈ	(B8E7)	ㅊ	(B8E7)	ㅋ	(B8E7)	ㆁ	(B8E7)	ㆂ	(B8E7)	ㆃ	(B8E7)
ㅆ	(B8D7)	ㅈ	(B8D7)	ㅊ	(B8D7)	ㅋ	(B8D7)	ㆁ	(B8D7)	ㆂ	(B8D7)	ㆃ	(B8D7)	ㆄ	(B8D7)
ㅈ	(B8C7)	ㅊ	(B8C7)	ㅋ	(B8C7)	ㆁ	(B8C7)	ㆂ	(B8C7)	ㆃ	(B8C7)	ㆄ	(B8C7)	ㆅ	(B8C7)
ㅊ	(B8B7)	ㅋ	(B8B7)	ㆁ	(B8B7)	ㆂ	(B8B7)	ㆃ	(B8B7)	ㆄ	(B8B7)	ㆅ	(B8B7)	ㆆ	(B8B7)
ㆁ	(B8A7)	ㆂ	(B8A7)	ㆃ	(B8A7)	ㆄ	(B8A7)	ㆅ	(B8A7)	ㆆ	(B8A7)	ㆇ	(B8A7)	ㆈ	(B8A7)
ㆂ	(B897)	ㆃ	(B897)	ㆄ	(B897)	ㆅ	(B897)	ㆆ	(B897)	ㆇ	(B897)	ㆈ	(B897)	ㆉ	(B897)
ㆃ	(B887)	ㆄ	(B887)	ㆅ	(B887)	ㆆ	(B887)	ㆇ	(B887)	ㆈ	(B887)	ㆉ	(B887)	ㆊ	(B887)
ㆄ	(B877)	ㆅ	(B877)	ㆆ	(B877)	ㆇ	(B877)	ㆈ	(B877)	ㆉ	(B877)	ㆊ	(B877)	ㆋ	(B877)
ㆅ	(B867)	ㆆ	(B867)	ㆇ	(B867)	ㆈ	(B867)	ㆉ	(B867)	ㆊ	(B867)	ㆋ	(B867)	ㆌ	(B867)
ㆆ	(B857)	ㆇ	(B857)	ㆈ	(B857)	ㆉ	(B857)	ㆊ	(B857)	ㆋ	(B857)	ㆌ	(B857)	ㆍ	(B857)
ㆇ	(B847)	ㆈ	(B847)	ㆉ	(B847)	ㆊ	(B847)	ㆋ	(B847)	ㆌ	(B847)	ㆍ	(B847)	ㆎ	(B847)
ㆈ	(B837)	ㆉ	(B837)	ㆊ	(B837)	ㆋ	(B837)	ㆌ	(B837)	ㆍ	(B837)	ㆎ	(B837)	㆏	(B837)
ㆉ	(B827)	ㆊ	(B827)	ㆋ	(B827)	ㆌ	(B827)	ㆍ	(B827)	ㆎ	(B827)	㆏	(B827)	㆐	(B827)
ㆊ	(B817)	ㆋ	(B817)	ㆌ	(B817)	ㆍ	(B817)	ㆎ	(B817)	㆏	(B817)	㆐	(B817)	㆑	(B817)
ㆋ	(B807)	ㆌ	(B807)	ㆍ	(B807)	ㆎ	(B807)	㆏	(B807)	㆐	(B807)	㆑	(B807)	㆒	(B807)

HITACHI

HD66730/HD66731

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

① (C001)	② (C002)	③ (C003)	④ (C004)	⑤ (C005)	⑥ (C006)	⑦ (C007)	⑧ (C008)
⑨ (C009)	⑩ (C010)	⑪ (C011)	⑫ (C012)	⑬ (C013)	⑭ (C014)	⑮ (C015)	⑯ (C016)
⑰ (C017)	⑱ (C018)	⑲ (C019)	⑳ (C020)	㉑ (C021)	㉒ (C022)	㉓ (C023)	㉔ (C024)
㉕ (C025)	㉖ (C026)	㉗ (C027)	㉘ (C028)	㉙ (C029)	㉚ (C030)	㉛ (C031)	㉜ (C032)
㉝ (C033)	㉞ (C034)	㉟ (C035)	㊱ (C036)	㊲ (C037)	㊳ (C038)	㊴ (C039)	㊵ (C040)
㊶ (C041)	㊷ (C042)	㊸ (C043)	㊹ (C044)	㊺ (C045)	㊻ (C046)	㊼ (C047)	㊽ (C048)
㊾ (C049)	㊿ (C050)	㉠ (C051)	㉡ (C052)	㉢ (C053)	㉣ (C054)	㉤ (C055)	㉥ (C056)
㉦ (C057)	㉧ (C058)	㉨ (C059)	㉩ (C060)	㉪ (C061)	㉫ (C062)	㉬ (C063)	㉭ (C064)
㉮ (C065)	㉯ (C066)	㉰ (C067)	㉱ (C068)	㉲ (C069)	㉳ (C070)	㉴ (C071)	㉵ (C072)
㉶ (C073)	㉷ (C074)	㉸ (C075)	㉹ (C076)	㉺ (C077)	㉻ (C078)	㉼ (C079)	㉽ (C080)
㉾ (C081)	㉿ (C082)	㊰ (C083)	㊱ (C084)	㊲ (C085)	㊳ (C086)	㊴ (C087)	㊵ (C088)
㊶ (C089)	㊷ (C090)	㊸ (C091)	㊹ (C092)	㊺ (C093)	㊻ (C094)	㊼ (C095)	㊽ (C096)
㊾ (C097)	㊿ (C098)	㉠ (C099)	㉡ (C100)	㉢ (C101)	㉣ (C102)	㉤ (C103)	㉥ (C104)
㉦ (C105)	㉧ (C106)	㉨ (C107)	㉩ (C108)	㉪ (C109)	㉫ (C110)	㉬ (C111)	㉭ (C112)
㉮ (C113)	㉯ (C114)	㉰ (C115)	㉱ (C116)	㉲ (C117)	㉳ (C118)	㉴ (C119)	㉵ (C120)
㉶ (C121)	㉷ (C122)	㉸ (C123)	㉹ (C124)	㉺ (C125)	㉻ (C126)	㉼ (C127)	㉽ (C128)
㉾ (C129)	㉿ (C130)	㊰ (C131)	㊱ (C132)	㊲ (C133)	㊳ (C134)	㊴ (C135)	㊵ (C136)
㊶ (C137)	㊷ (C138)	㊸ (C139)	㊹ (C140)	㊺ (C141)	㊻ (C142)	㊼ (C143)	㊽ (C144)
㊾ (C145)	㊿ (C146)	㉠ (C147)	㉡ (C148)	㉢ (C149)	㉣ (C150)	㉤ (C151)	㉥ (C152)
㉦ (C153)	㉧ (C154)	㉨ (C155)	㉩ (C156)	㉪ (C157)	㉫ (C158)	㉬ (C159)	㉭ (C160)
㉮ (C161)	㉯ (C162)	㉰ (C163)	㉱ (C164)	㉲ (C165)	㉳ (C166)	㉴ (C167)	㉵ (C168)
㉶ (C169)	㉷ (C170)	㉸ (C171)	㉹ (C172)	㉺ (C173)	㉻ (C174)	㉼ (C175)	㉽ (C176)
㉾ (C177)	㉿ (C178)	㊰ (C179)	㊱ (C180)	㊲ (C181)	㊳ (C182)	㊴ (C183)	㊵ (C184)
㊶ (C185)	㊷ (C186)	㊸ (C187)	㊹ (C188)	㊺ (C189)	㊻ (C190)	㊼ (C191)	㊽ (C192)
㊾ (C193)	㊿ (C194)	㉠ (C195)	㉡ (C196)	㉢ (C197)	㉣ (C198)	㉤ (C199)	㉥ (C200)

HITACHI

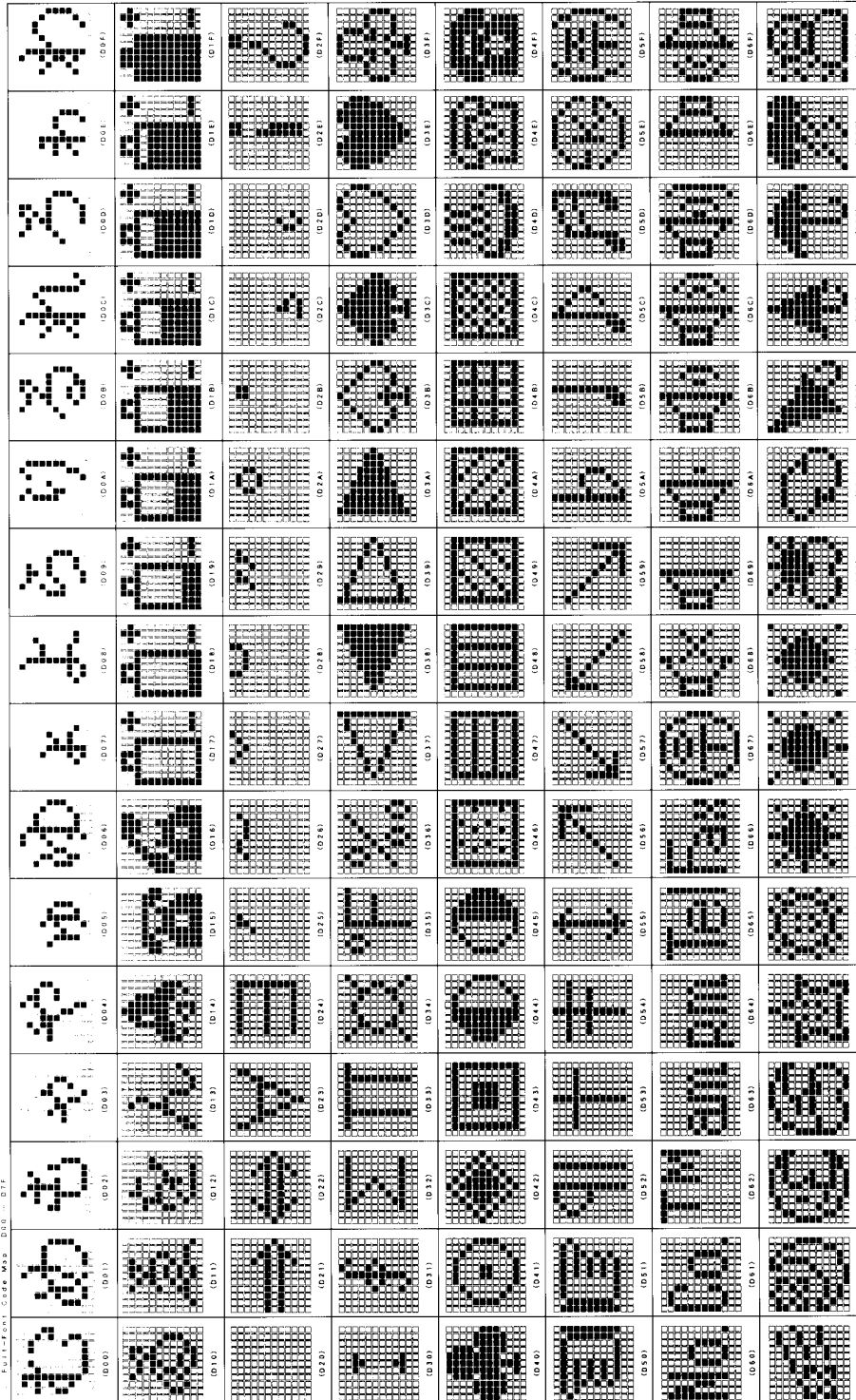
HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

(C9F0)	(C9F1)	(C9F2)	(C9F3)	(C9F4)	(C9F5)	(C9F6)	(C9F7)
(C9E0)	(C9E1)	(C9E2)	(C9E3)	(C9E4)	(C9E5)	(C9E6)	(C9E7)
(C9D0)	(C9D1)	(C9D2)	(C9D3)	(C9D4)	(C9D5)	(C9D6)	(C9D7)
(C9C0)	(C9C1)	(C9C2)	(C9C3)	(C9C4)	(C9C5)	(C9C6)	(C9C7)
(C9B0)	(C9B1)	(C9B2)	(C9B3)	(C9B4)	(C9B5)	(C9B6)	(C9B7)
(C9A0)	(C9A1)	(C9A2)	(C9A3)	(C9A4)	(C9A5)	(C9A6)	(C9A7)
(C990)	(C991)	(C992)	(C993)	(C994)	(C995)	(C996)	(C997)
(C980)	(C981)	(C982)	(C983)	(C984)	(C985)	(C986)	(C987)
(C970)	(C971)	(C972)	(C973)	(C974)	(C975)	(C976)	(C977)
(C960)	(C961)	(C962)	(C963)	(C964)	(C965)	(C966)	(C967)
(C950)	(C951)	(C952)	(C953)	(C954)	(C955)	(C956)	(C957)
(C940)	(C941)	(C942)	(C943)	(C944)	(C945)	(C946)	(C947)
(C930)	(C931)	(C932)	(C933)	(C934)	(C935)	(C936)	(C937)
(C920)	(C921)	(C922)	(C923)	(C924)	(C925)	(C926)	(C927)
(C910)	(C911)	(C912)	(C913)	(C914)	(C915)	(C916)	(C917)
(C900)	(C901)	(C902)	(C903)	(C904)	(C905)	(C906)	(C907)

HITACHI


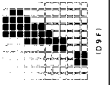
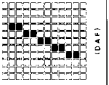
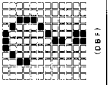
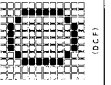
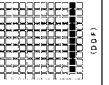
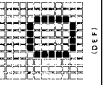


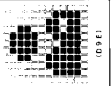
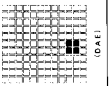
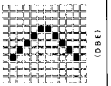

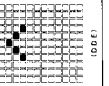
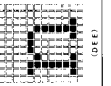



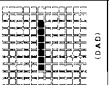
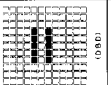

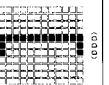
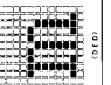


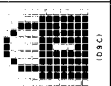
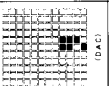
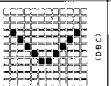
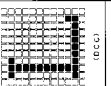
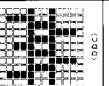
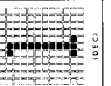

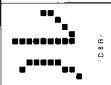
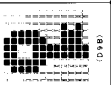
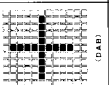
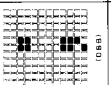
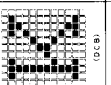
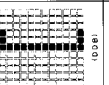
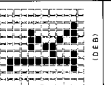


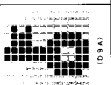
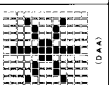
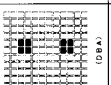
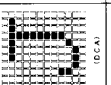
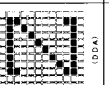
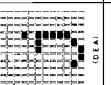



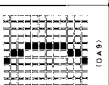
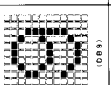
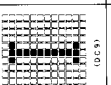
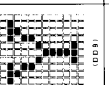
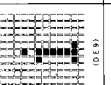

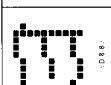
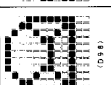
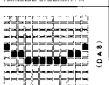
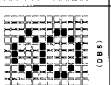
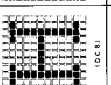

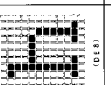

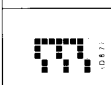

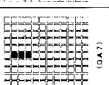
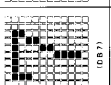


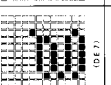

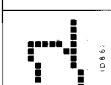
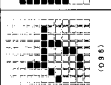

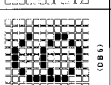
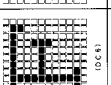
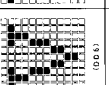
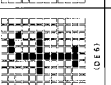

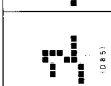
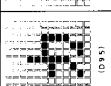

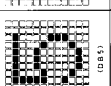





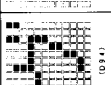
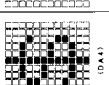





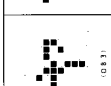
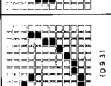
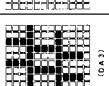
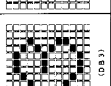


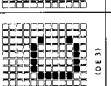


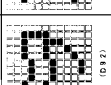
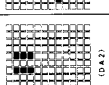


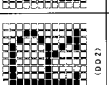



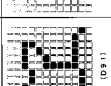
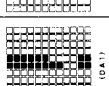
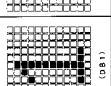
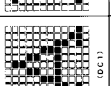



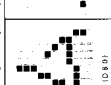
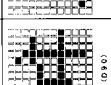

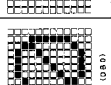


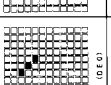

HD66730/HD66731

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)



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HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

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HD66730/HD66731

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
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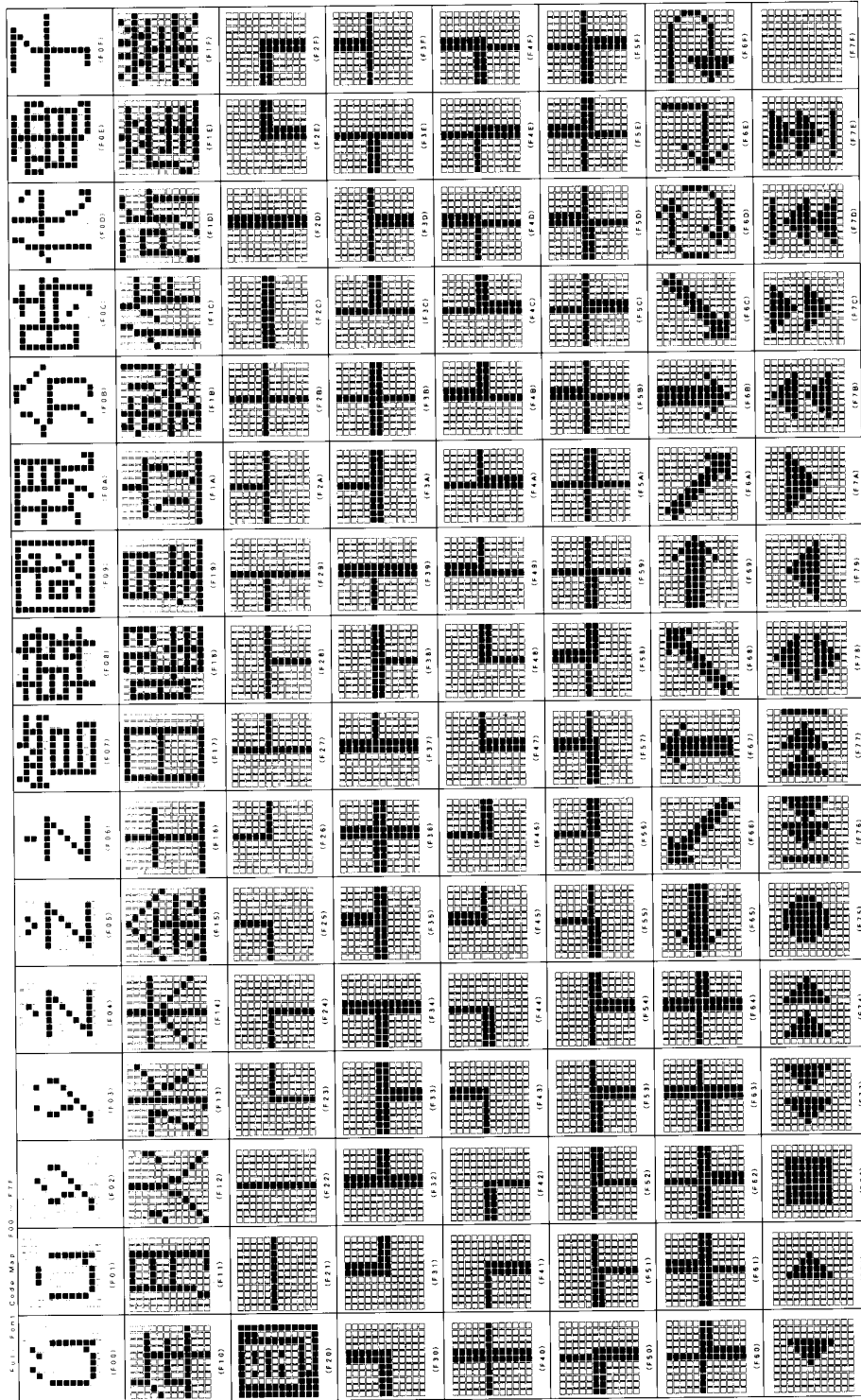
HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)

田 (E8E1)	畠 (E8E2)	長 (E8E3)	柳 (E8E4)	〇 (E8E5)	■ (E8E6)	㉿ (E8E7)	㊀ (E8E8)
米 (E8E9)	畑 (E8EA)	學 (E8EB)	學 (E8EC)	川 (E8ED)	田 (E8EE)	田 (E8EF)	田 (E8F0)
畑 (E8F1)	田 (E8F2)	田 (E8F3)	田 (E8F4)	田 (E8F5)	田 (E8F6)	田 (E8F7)	田 (E8F8)
天 (E8F9)	天 (E8FA)	天 (E8FB)	天 (E8FC)	天 (E8FD)	天 (E8FE)	天 (E8FF)	天 (E900)
田 (E901)	田 (E902)	田 (E903)	田 (E904)	田 (E905)	田 (E906)	田 (E907)	田 (E908)
田 (E909)	田 (E90A)	田 (E90B)	田 (E90C)	田 (E90D)	田 (E90E)	田 (E90F)	田 (E910)
田 (E911)	田 (E912)	田 (E913)	田 (E914)	田 (E915)	田 (E916)	田 (E917)	田 (E918)
田 (E919)	田 (E91A)	田 (E91B)	田 (E91C)	田 (E91D)	田 (E91E)	田 (E91F)	田 (E920)
田 (E921)	田 (E922)	田 (E923)	田 (E924)	田 (E925)	田 (E926)	田 (E927)	田 (E928)
田 (E929)	田 (E92A)	田 (E92B)	田 (E92C)	田 (E92D)	田 (E92E)	田 (E92F)	田 (E930)
田 (E931)	田 (E932)	田 (E933)	田 (E934)	田 (E935)	田 (E936)	田 (E937)	田 (E938)
田 (E939)	田 (E93A)	田 (E93B)	田 (E93C)	田 (E93D)	田 (E93E)	田 (E93F)	田 (E940)
田 (E941)	田 (E942)	田 (E943)	田 (E944)	田 (E945)	田 (E946)	田 (E947)	田 (E948)
田 (E949)	田 (E94A)	田 (E94B)	田 (E94C)	田 (E94D)	田 (E94E)	田 (E94F)	田 (E950)
田 (E951)	田 (E952)	田 (E953)	田 (E954)	田 (E955)	田 (E956)	田 (E957)	田 (E958)
田 (E959)	田 (E95A)	田 (E95B)	田 (E95C)	田 (E95D)	田 (E95E)	田 (E95F)	田 (E960)
田 (E961)	田 (E962)	田 (E963)	田 (E964)	田 (E965)	田 (E966)	田 (E967)	田 (E968)
田 (E969)	田 (E96A)	田 (E96B)	田 (E96C)	田 (E96D)	田 (E96E)	田 (E96F)	田 (E970)
田 (E971)	田 (E972)	田 (E973)	田 (E974)	田 (E975)	田 (E976)	田 (E977)	田 (E978)
田 (E979)	田 (E97A)	田 (E97B)	田 (E97C)	田 (E97D)	田 (E97E)	田 (E97F)	田 (E980)
田 (E981)	田 (E982)	田 (E983)	田 (E984)	田 (E985)	田 (E986)	田 (E987)	田 (E988)
田 (E989)	田 (E98A)	田 (E98B)	田 (E98C)	田 (E98D)	田 (E98E)	田 (E98F)	田 (E990)
田 (E991)	田 (E992)	田 (E993)	田 (E994)	田 (E995)	田 (E996)	田 (E997)	田 (E998)
田 (E999)	田 (E99A)	田 (E99B)	田 (E99C)	田 (E99D)	田 (E99E)	田 (E99F)	田 (E9A0)

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HD66730/HD66731

HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601-1992 subset)



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HD66730/731 A01 Korean font set (KS C 5601–1992 subset)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

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Relationship between Character Codes (DDRAM), CGRAM Addresses, and Display Characters

Full size character codes H'000 to H'007 can be used to access 8 character patterns in the CGRAM. Since each character pattern can be displayed up to 12 × 13 dots, CGRAM patterns can be displayed immediately next to each other (to the right, left, top, or bottom) without any character spaces between them. Table 6 shows the correspondence between CGRAM addresses and full-size character codes for access of the CGRAM by the MPU.

Table 7 Relationship between Character Codes (DDRAM), CGRAM Addresses, and Display Characters

Character Code					CGRAM Data																							
					CGRAM Address							A0 = 0						A0 = 1										
C11	C10	C9	C8	C7	A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	A	A	0	0	0	0	0	0	A	A	0	0	0	0	0	0	Character pattern (1)
												A	A	0	1	1	1	1	1	A	A	1	1	1	1	1	0	
												A	A	0	1	0	0	0	0	A	A	0	0	0	1	0	0	
												A	A	0	1	0	0	0	0	A	A	0	0	0	1	0	0	
												A	A	0	1	0	0	0	0	A	A	0	0	0	1	0	0	
												A	A	0	1	0	0	0	0	A	A	0	0	0	1	0	0	
												A	A	0	1	1	1	1	1	A	A	1	1	1	1	1	0	
												A	A	0	1	1	1	1	1	A	A	1	1	1	1	1	0	
												A	A	0	1	1	1	1	1	A	A	1	1	1	1	1	0	
												A	A	0	0	0	0	0	0	A	A	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	A	A	0	0	0	0	0	1	A	A	1	0	0	0	0	0	Character pattern (2)
												A	A	0	0	0	0	0	A	A	1	1	1	1	0	0		
												A	A	0	0	0	0	0	A	A	0	0	0	0	0	0		
												A	A	0	0	1	0	0	0	A	A	0	0	1	0	0	0	
												A	A	0	0	1	0	0	0	A	A	0	0	1	0	0	0	
												A	A	0	0	1	0	0	0	A	A	0	0	1	0	0	0	
												A	A	0	0	0	1	0	0	A	A	0	1	0	0	0	0	
												A	A	0	0	0	1	0	0	A	A	0	1	0	0	0	0	
												A	A	0	0	0	1	0	0	A	A	0	1	0	0	0	0	
												A	A	0	0	0	0	0	0	A	A	0	0	0	0	0	0	
												A	A	0	0	0	0	0	0	A	A	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	A	A	0	0	1	0	0	0	A	A	0	0	1	0	0	0	Character pattern (8)
												A	A	0	1	0	0	0	1	A	A	0	0	1	0	0	0	
												A	A	0	1	0	0	0	1	A	A	0	0	1	0	0	0	
												A	A	1	0	0	0	0	1	A	A	0	0	0	0	1	0	
												A	A	1	0	0	0	0	1	A	A	0	0	0	0	1	0	
												A	A	1	0	0	0	0	1	A	A	0	0	0	0	1	0	
												A	A	1	0	0	0	0	1	A	A	0	0	0	0	1	0	
												A	A	1	0	0	0	0	1	A	A	0	0	0	0	1	0	
												A	A	0	1	0	0	0	1	A	A	0	0	0	0	1	0	
												A	A	0	1	0	0	0	1	A	A	0	0	0	0	1	0	
												A	A	0	0	1	0	1	1	A	A	1	0	1	0	0	0	
												A	A	0	0	0	0	0	0	A	A	0	0	0	0	0	0	

- Notes:
1. CGRAM is selected when the upper 9 bits (C3 to C11) of the full size character codes are 0. In this case, the lower 3 bits (C0 to C2) of the character code correspond to bits 5 to 7 (A5 to A7) (3 bits: 8 types) in the CGRAM address.
 2. CGRAM address bits 1 to 4 (A1 to A4) designate the character pattern line position. The 12th line is the cursor position and its display is formed by a logical OR with the cursor.
 3. CGRAM address 0 (A0) corresponds to the left-half and right-half of a full-size character pattern.
 4. The character data is stored with the rightmost character element in bit 0 (LSB), as shown in the table above. Pattern produced by bits 0 to 5 is displayed and 13 raster-rows are displayed together. Thus, an arbitrary character pattern consisting of 12×13 dots can be displayed.
 5. A set bit in the CGRAM data corresponds to display selection, and 0 to non-selection.
 6. The upper two bits (AA) of CGRAM data indicate the display attribute for the lower 6-bit pattern. In this case, display attributes specified for the DDRAM during full-size character display is disabled. When these upper two bits are 00, the CGRAM pattern is simply displayed as set; when 01, the pattern reverses (black/white), when 10, the pattern blinks; and when 11, the pattern reverses and blinks.

Relationship between SEGRAM Addresses and Display Patterns

SEGRAM data is displayed when the select level of the COMS pin is output. Since SEGRAM data does not depend on character code data in DDRAM, and does not undergo horizontal smooth scroll, it can be used to display icon and marks. The following shows the relationship between SEGRAM addresses and segment output pins.

Table 8 Relationship between SEGRAM Addresses and Display Patterns

SEGRAM Address				SEGRAM Data							
A3	A2	A1	A0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
0	0	0	0	B1	B0	SEG1	SEG2	SEG3	SEG4	SEG5	SEG6
0	0	0	1	B1	B0	SEG7	SEG8	SEG9	SEG10	SEG11	SEG12
0	0	1	0	B1	B0	SEG13	SEG14	SEG15	SEG16	SEG17	SEG18
0	0	1	1	B1	B0	SEG19	SEG20	SEG21	SEG22	SEG23	SEG24
0	1	0	0	B1	B0	SEG25	SEG26	SEG27	SEG28	SEG29	SEG30
0	1	0	1	B1	B0	SEG31	SEG32	SEG33	SEG34	SEG35	SEG36
0	1	1	0	B1	B0	SEG37	SEG38	SEG39	SEG40	SEG41	SEG42
0	1	1	1	B1	B0	SEG43	SEG44	SEG45	SEG46	SEG47	SEG48
1	0	0	0	B1	B0	SEG49	SEG50	SEG51	SEG52	SEG53	SEG54
1	0	0	1	B1	B0	SEG55	SEG56	SEG57	SEG58	SEG59	SEG60
1	0	1	0	B1	B0	SEG61	SEG62	SEG63	SEG64	SEG65	SEG66
1	0	1	1	B1	B0	SEG67	SEG68	SEG69	SEG70	SEG71	SEG72
1	1	0	0	B1	B0	SEG73	SEG74	SEG75	SEG76	SEG77	SEG78
1	1	0	1	B1	B0	SEG79	SEG80	SEG81	SEG82	SEG83	SEG84
1	1	1	0	B1	B0	SEG85	SEG86	SEG87	SEG88	SEG89	SEG90
1	1	1	1	B1	B0	SEG91	SEG92	SEG93	SEG94	SEG95	SEG96

Blinking control

Pattern on/off

- Notes:
1. SEG1 to SEG71 are pin numbers of the segment output driver of the HD66730. Pin SEG1 is positioned on the left edge of the display. Segments from SEG72 on are displayed by extension drivers. After SEG 96, display is performed from SEG1 again.
 2. The lower six bits (D0 to D5) indicate display on/off for of each segment. A bit setting of 1 selects display while 0 selects no display.
 3. Pattern blinking of the lower six bits is controlled by the upper two bits (D6 and D7) of SEGRAM data. When the upper two bits (B0 and B1) are 10, segments whose corresponding bits in the lower 6 bits are set to 1 will blink on the display. When the upper two bits (B0 and B1) are 01, only the bit-5 pattern can blink. Do not attempt to set the upper two bits (B0 and B1) to 11 (setting is prohibited).

Register Functions

Outline

Data can be written from the MPU to the internal control registers and internal RAM of the HD66730/1 via an 8-bit bus interface or a serial interface. There are five types of internal control registers, as follows (details are described later):

- Index register: Selects and designates which control register the MPU is to access
- Status register: Indicates the internal state
- Control registers: Designates display control
- RAM address register: Sets an address for accessing the various RAMs
- RAM data register: Receives and transmits data to and from the various RAMs

Table 17 shows the instruction list and the number of execution cycles of each instruction after performing register setting. Instructions that perform data transfer with the RAM data register tend to be used the most. However, auto-incrementation by 1 (or auto decrementation by 1) of internal HD66730/1 RAM addresses after each data write can lighten the program load on the MPU. Note that when an instruction is being executed (internal operations are being performed), only the busy flag in the status register can be read.

Since the busy flag is 1 during execution, the MPU should check this value before accessing a register. When accessing a register without checking the busy flag, an interval longer than the instruction execution time is needed before the next access. Refer to Table 17 Instruction Registers, for instruction execution times.

When rewriting DDRAM, character display will momentarily breakdown if the data (character codes) that is being rewritten is also being read by the system for display. For this reason, check the display read line position (NF) and the display read raster-row position (LF) in the status register (SR), and rewrite a DDRAM line that is not being read and displayed.

HD66730/HD66731

Functional Description

Index Register (IR)

The index register (Figure 4) designates control registers (R0 to R7), RAM address register (RAR: R8), and RAM data register (RDR: R9). The register number must be set between addresses 0000 to 1001 in binary digits. Note that if address 1111 is set, the test register will be selected. Addresses 1010 to 1110 are ignored.

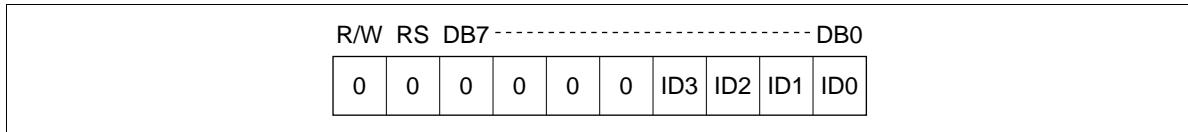


Figure 4 Index Register

Status Register (ST)

The status register (Figure 5) includes the busy flag (BF), display line bits (NF1/0), and display raster-row bits (LF0 to LF3). If BF is 1, an instruction is being executed, and another instruction will not be accepted during this time. Any attempt to write data to a register at this time is ignored.

Rasters-rows are driven one at a time according to specific timing to perform liquid crystal display. Bits NF1 and NF0 indicate display lines, and bits LF3 to LF0 indicate the raster-row in a line. If character display degenerates when rewriting DDRAM, rewrite only those display lines that are not currently being read out by the system for display. During segment display, the next state of the last raster-row in the character display is read out.

Table 9 Display State According to NF1 and NF0

NF1	NF0	Display State
0	0	Displaying the first line
0	1	Displaying the second line
1	0	Displaying the third line
1	1	Displaying the fourth line

Table 10 Display State According to LF3 to LF0

LF3	LF2	LF1	LF0	Display State
0	0	0	0	Displaying the first raster-row
0	0	0	1	Displaying the second raster-row
0	0	1	0	Displaying the third raster-row
0	0	1	1	Displaying the fourth raster-row
•				•
•				•
•				•
1	1	0	0	Displaying the 13th raster-row

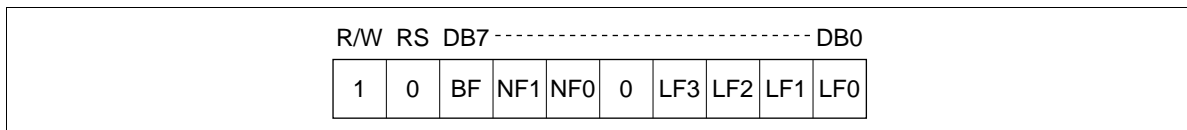


Figure 5 Status Register

HD66730/HD66731

Entry Mode Register (R0)

The entry mode register (Figure 6) includes bits I/D, RM1, and RM0.

I/D: Increments (I/D = 1) or decrements (I/D = 0) the DDRAM address by 1 when a character code is written into or read out from the DDRAM. When the DDRAM address is incremented by 1, the cursor or blinking will also shift to the right. This applies to both CGRAM and SEGRAM.

RM1/0: Selects DDRAM, CGRAM, or SEGRAM for access (Table 10).

Table 11 RAM Selection by RM1 and RM0

RM1	RM0	Selected RAM
0	0/1	Display data RAM (DDRAM)
1	0	Character generator RAM (CGRAM)
1	1	Segment RAM (SEGRAM)

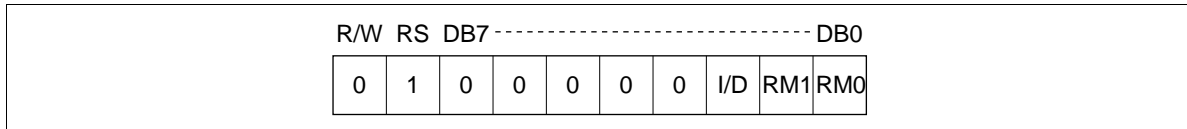


Figure 6 Entry Mode Register

Function Set Register (R1)

The function set register (Figure 7) includes bits BST, EXT2, EXT1, DT1, DT0, and DCL.

BST: When BST is 1, the booster starts to operate. When the LCD voltage is external, set BST to 0 to stop operation of the internal booster. In addition, the consumption current can be suppressed by stopping the booster when entering standby mode without display.

EXT2/1: Extends the common driver and segment driver of HD66730. Set EXT2 to 1 to extend the driver to the common side if the duty ratio is 1/40 or 1/53. Extend the driver to the segment side by setting EXT1 to 1 when displaying 7 or more digits (of full size) in the horizontal direction. DDRAM capacity is 80 bytes. When the HD66731, these EXT2/1 bits must be set to 1.

DT1/0: Selects the duty ratio of the LCD (Table 11). Although this bit can be set separately from the display line designation (NL1/0), the duty ratio must be selected so that it will be smaller than the number of display lines.

DCL: When DCL is 1, the display is cleared by writing the code for half-size space (H'A0) into all DDRAM addresses. Then H'00 is written into the RAM address counter (RAR) and the DDRAM is selected. The character code for character code H'A0 must be a blank pattern when rewriting HCGROM used for half-size characters.

Cursor Control Register (R2)

The cursor control register includes bits CHM, C, CM1, and CM0.

CHM: When CHM is set to 1, DDRAM is selected, the RAM address counter (RAR) is set to 0, and the cursor home instruction is executed. The contents of DDRAM do not change. The cursor or blinking moves to the left edge of the display (the left edge of the first line if two lines are displayed).

C: When C = 1, cursor display is turned on. The cursor is displayed at the position corresponding to the count value of the RAM address counter (RAR). To set data in the RAR, set the index register (IDR) to 1000 to select it, and modify the data in the RAR. Note that the RAM address counter (RAR) automatically increments (decrements) when the RAM is accessed, and the cursor will move accordingly.

CM1/0: Selects cursor display mode (Table 12 and Figure 9). The blinking frequency (cycle) of the blink cursor and the white/black inverted cursor has 64 frames.

HD66730/HD66731

Table 12 Duty Drive Ratio

DT1	DT0	Duty Drive Ratio
0	0	1/14 duty drive
0	1	1/27 duty drive
1	0	1/40 duty drive
1	1	1/53 duty drive

Table 13 Cursor Mode Selection

CM1	CM0	Selected Cursor Mode
0	0	12th raster-row cursor
0	1	Blink cursor
1	0/1	White/black inverted cursor

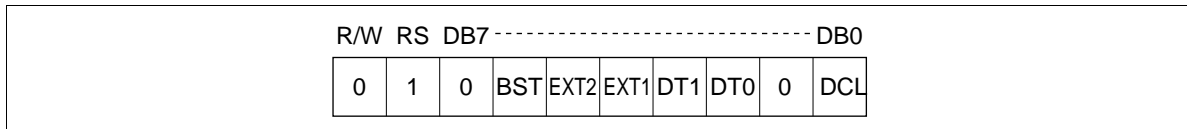


Figure 7 Function Set Register

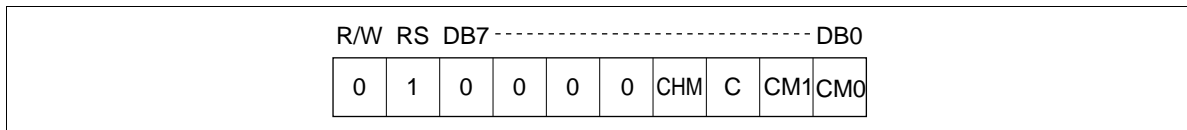


Figure 8 Cursor Control Register

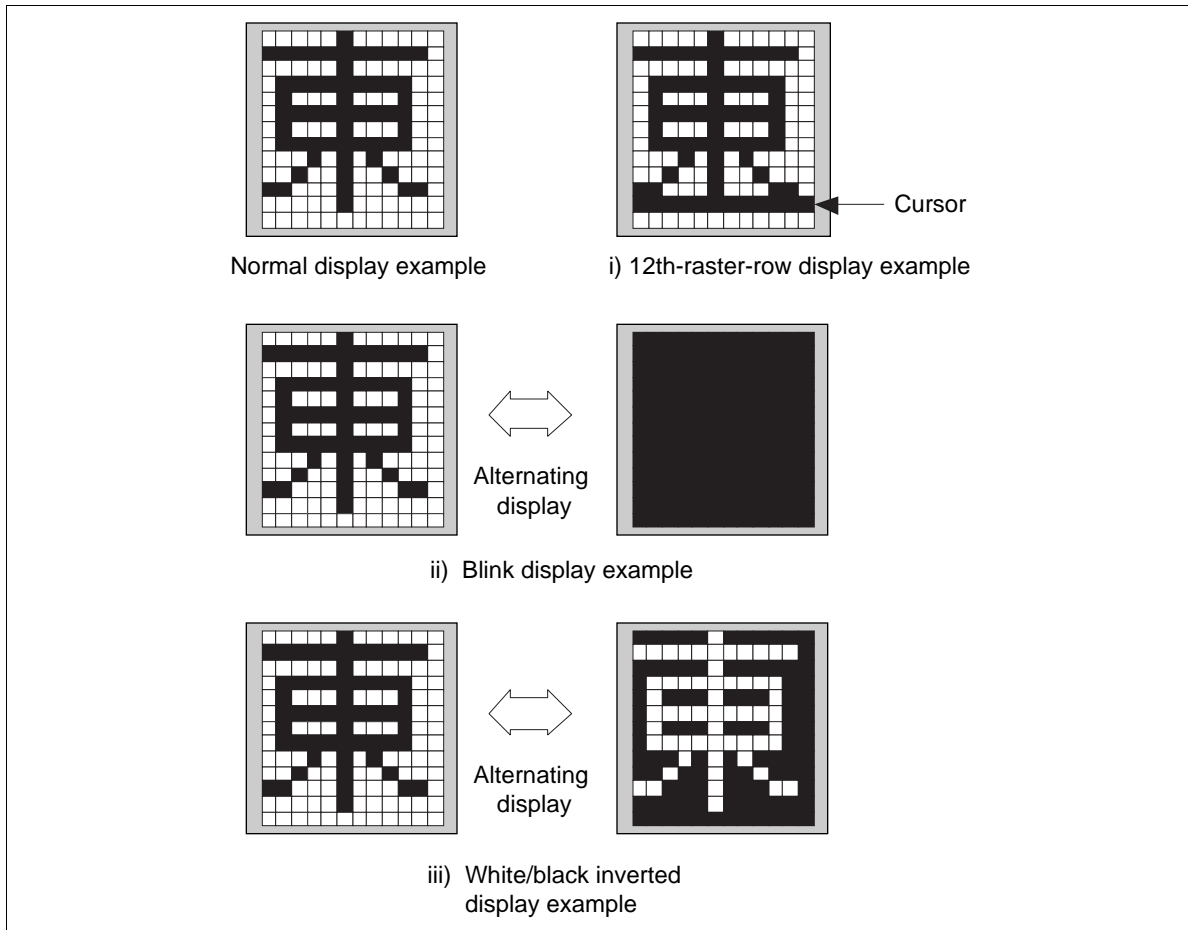


Figure 9 Cursor Display Examples

HD66730/HD66731

Display Control Register 1 (R3)

The display control register 1 (Figure 10) includes bits ST, DC, and DS.

ST: When ST is 1, the display control register 1 enters the standby mode. The internal operation clock is divided into 32. Data cannot be displayed on the LCD panel, however, the consumption current can be suppressed during the standby mode. Note that the register setting value and the data inside the RAM are maintained.

DC: When DC is 1, the character display is turned on.

DS: When DS is 1, the segment display is turned on. Bit DS can selectively display marks.

Display Control Register 2 (R4)

NC1/0: Selects the display character in the horizontal direction. When performing a horizontal smooth scroll, set the number of display characters larger than the actual number of liquid crystal drive characters. When the frame frequency (cycle) is stable, the operation frequency is proportional to the display characters. Operation frequency must be suppressed by setting the number of display character as small as possible because the consumption current is proportional to the operation frequency. Refer to Oscillator for details.

NL1/0: Sets the number of display lines. Set the number of display lines larger than the duty drive ratio (DT1/0). Do not set 10 to these bits. Table 13 indicates the settings of the display lines.

Table 14 Display Control Register 2 Setting

Display Lines NL1/0	Display Characters: NC1/0		
	00	01	10
00	1-line 6 characters	1-line 20 characters	1-line 40 characters
01	2-line 6 characters	2-line 10 characters	2-line 20 characters
10	Setting is inhibited.		
11	4-line 6 characters	4-line 10 characters	4-line 10 characters

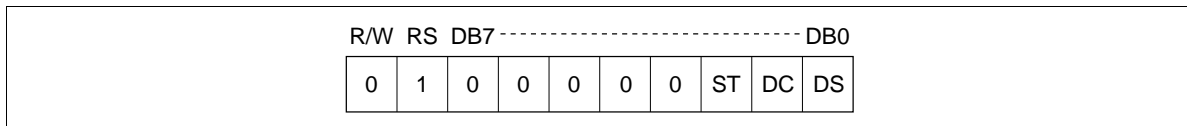


Figure 10 Display Control Register 1

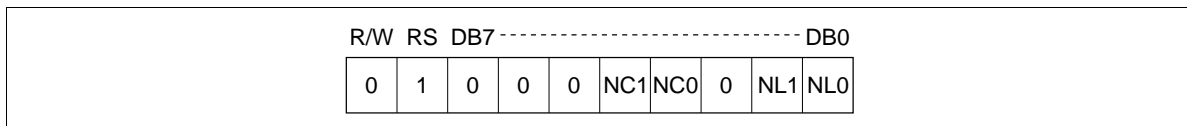


Figure 11 Display Control Register 2

Scroll Control Register 1 (R5)

The scroll control register 1 (Figure 12) includes bits SN1, SN0, SL3, SL2, SL1, and SL0.

SN1/0: Selects the starting line to be displayed. When SN1/0 shows 00, display begins from the first line. When SN1/0 shows 01, 10, 11, display begins from the second, third, or fourth line, respectively. Use these bits within the display line setting (NL1/0). SN can be used to display a smooth scroll and DDRAM memory bank switching.

SL0 to SL3: Selects the scroll starting raster-row of the line set by the start display line (SL1/0). When these bits show 0000, a display line starting from the head raster-row (first raster-row) is displayed and can be set to 1100 (13th raster-row) showing the last raster-row. A vertical smooth scroll can be performed by sequentially incrementing the first raster-row. Refer to Vertical Smooth Scroll for details. Note that bits SL0 to SL3 that are set to a value above 1100 will not operate correctly.

Scroll Control Register 2 (R6)

The scroll control register 2 (Figure 13) includes bits PS1, PS0, SE4, SE3, SE2, and SE1.

PS1/0: Selects the partial smooth scroll mode. When PS1/0 bits are 00, all characters scroll horizontally across the display. When bits PS1/0 are 01, only the leftmost character is fixed and the remaining characters perform horizontal smooth scroll display. When bits PS1/0 are 10, the two leftmost bits, and when 11, the three leftmost characters are fixed and the remaining characters perform horizontal smooth scroll. Refer to Partial Smooth Scroll for details.

SE1 to SE4: These bits enable a dot scroll in display lines designated by scroll control register 3 (R7). When bit SE is 1, the first line is scrolled according to scroll control register 3 (R7). When SE2 is 1, the second line scrolls independently, when SE3 is 1, the third line scrolls independently, when SE4 is 1, the fourth line scrolls independently. Scrolling multiple lines at the same time is also possible.

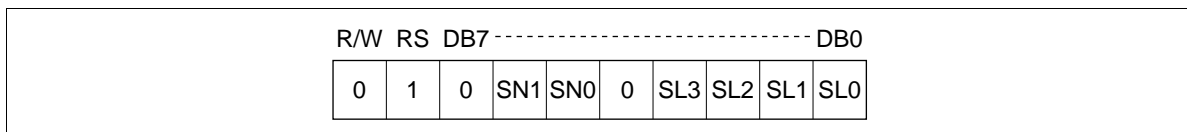


Figure 12 Scroll Control Register 1

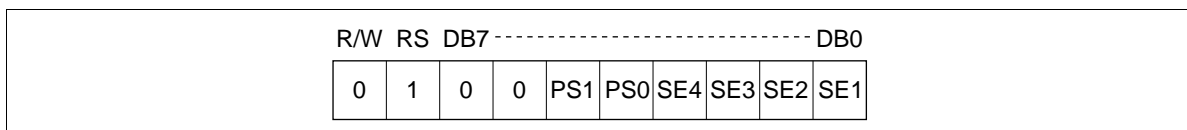


Figure 13 Scroll Control Register 2

HD66730/HD66731

Scroll Control Register 3 (R7)

The scroll control register 3 (Figure 14) includes bits SQ5, SQ4, SQ3, SQ2, SQ1, and SQ0.

SQ0 to SQ5: These bits designate the number of dots to be horizontally scrolled to the left on the panel. Horizontal smooth scroll can be performed for any number of dots between 1 and 48 inclusive by using the non-display DDRAM area. When these bits are 000000, scrolling is not performed. When these bits are 110000, 48 dots are scrolled to the left. If these bits are set to a value above 110000, 48 dots are still scrolled. Refer to Horizontal Smooth Scroll for details.

RAM Address Register (R8)

The RAM address register (Figure15) initially contains the RAM address at which incrementation (decrementation) starts. RAM selection bits (RM1/0) in the entry mode register (R0) select which RAM to access (DDRAM/CGRAM/SEGRAM). When DDRAM (RM1/0 = 00) is selected, address allocation differs according to the number of display lines, but in all cases the most significant bit (RA7) is ignored. During a 1-line display (NL1/0 = 00), addresses H'00 to H'4F are allocated to that line. During a 2-line display, addresses H'00 to H'27 are allocated to the first line, and addresses H'40 to H'67 are allocated to the second line. During a 4-line display, addresses H'00 to H'13 are allocated to the first line, H'20 to H'33 to the second, H'40 to H'53 to the third, and H'60 to H'73 to the fourth. See Table 14.

When CGRAM (RM1/0 = 10) is selected, addresses H'00 to H'19 are allocated to the first character and addresses H'20 to H'39 are allocated to the second character, and so on (Table 15). The setting of addresses between characters (example: H'1A to H'1F) is ignored here. When SEGRAM is selected (RM1/0 = 11), addresses H'0 to H'F are allocated to the RAM and the upper four bits (R4 to R7) are ignored (Table 16).

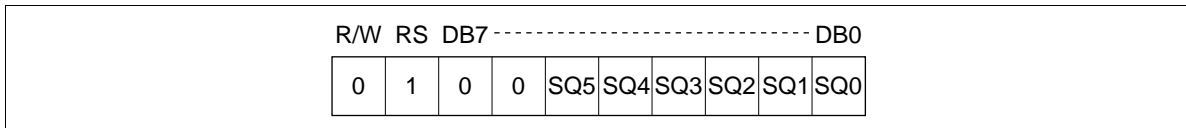


Figure 14 Scroll Control Register 3

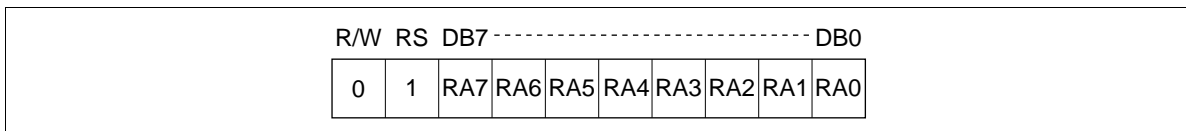


Figure 15 RAM Address Register

Table 15 DDRAM Address Allocation

Displayed Lines	1-Line Display (NL1/0 = 00)	2-Line Display (NL1/0 = 01)	4-Line Display (NL1/0 = 00)
First line	H'00 to H'4F	H'00 to H'27	H'00 to H'13
Second line	—	H'40 to H'67	H'20 to H'33
Third line	—	—	H'40 to H'53
Fourth line	—	—	H'60 to H'73

Table 16 CGRAM Address Allocation

Displayed Character	CGRAM Address
First character	H'00 to H'19
Second character	H'20 to H'39
Third character	H'40 to H'59
Fourth character	H'60 to H'79
Fifth character	H'80 to H'99
Sixth character	H'A0 to H'B9
Seventh character	H'C0 to H'D9
Eighth character	H'E0 to H'F9

Table 17 SEGRAM Address Allocation

Displayed Segment	SEGRAM Address
SEG1 to SEG6	H'0
SEG7 to SEG12	H'1
SEG13 to SEG18	H'2
SEG19 to SEG24	H'3
SEG25 to SEG30	H'4
SEG31 to SEG36	H'5
SEG37 to SEG42	H'6
SEG43 to SEG48	H'7
SEG49 to SEG54	H'8
SEG55 to SEG60	H'9
SEG61 to SEG66	H'A
SEG67 to SEG72	H'B
SEG73 to SEG78	H'C
SEG79 to SEG84	H'D
SEG85 to SEG90	H'E
SEG91 to SEG96	H'F

Note: SEG72 to SEG96 are driven by extension drivers.

HD66730/HD66731

RAM Data Register (R9)

This register (Figure 16) stores 8-bit data that is written to or read from the DDRAM, CGRAM, or SEGRAM at the address indicated by the RAM address counter (RAC). The RAM selection bit (RM1/0) selects the RAM (DDRAM, CGRAM, SEGRAM). After the said RAM is accessed, RAM address is automatically incremented (decremented) by 1 according to the I/D bit.

Note that RAM selection bits (RM1/0) and RAM address register (R8) must be set before reading. If not, the first data read is invalid. If read instructions continue to be executed, however, data will be read correctly from the second read.

Test Register (RF)

This is a test register (Figure 17) and must be set to H'00 at all times. This register is automatically cleared (H'00) by reset input; however, it must be cleared by software after power-on if the reset pin is not used.

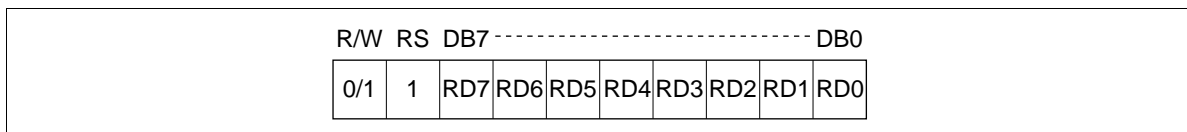


Figure 16 RAM Data Register

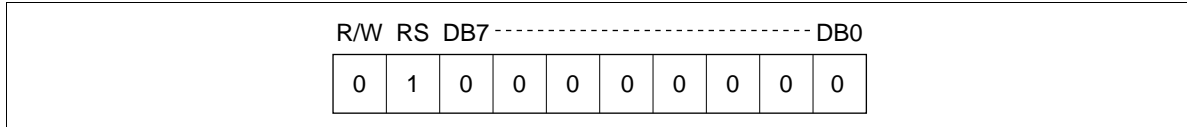


Figure 17 Test Register

Table 18 Instruction Registers

Reg. No.	Index (Hex)	Register	Code										Description	Execution Clock Cycle
			R/W	RS	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0		
IR	—	Index (IDR)	0	0	—	—	—	—	ID3	ID2	ID1	ID0	Designates the register number of the instruction register to access. ID = 0000: R0 to 1001: R9	12
SR	—	Status (STR)	1	0	BF	NF1	NF0	—	LF3	LF2	LF1	LF0	Indicates the busy flag (BF), display read line position (NF1/0), display read raster-row position(NL0 to NL3).	0
R0	0	Entry mode (EMR)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	I/D	RM1	RM0	Designates RAM address in incrementation or decrementation (I/D) and RAM selection (RM1/0).	12
R1	1	Function set (FSR)	0	1	0	BST	EXT2	EXT1	DT1	DT0	0	DCL	Clears display (DCL) and initializes the DDRAM address. Selects duty drive ratio(DT1/0), enables extension driver (EXT2/1) and sets the booster operation on.	DCL = 1: 492 Other: 12
R2	2	Cursor control (CCR)	0	1	0	0	0	0	CHM	C	CM1	CM0	Designates cursor-on (C) and cursor display mode(CM1/0). Executes cursor home (CHM) instruction.	12
R3	3	Display control 1 (DCR1)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	ST	DC	DS	Designates standby mode (ST), character display on (DC), and segment display on (DS).	12
R4	4	Display control 2 (DCR2)	0	1	0	0	NC1	NC0	0	0	NL1	NL0	Sets the number of display characters(NC1/0) and display lines(NL1/0).	12
R5	5	Scroll control 1 (SCR1)	0	1	0	SN1	SN0	0	SL3	SL2	SL1	SL0	Sets the display start line (SN1/0) and start raster-row (ST0 to ST3).	12
R6	6	Scroll control 2 (SCR2)	0	1	0	0	PS1	PS0	SE4	SE3	SE2	SE1	Designates partial scroll columns (PS1/0) and scroll display line enable(SE1 to SE4).	12
R7	7	Scroll control 3 (SCR3)	0	1	0	0	SQ5	SQ4	SQ3	SQ2	SQ1	SQ0	Sets the number of dots to be scrolled (SQR0 to SQR5).	12

HD66730/HD66731

Table 18 Instruction Registers (cont)

Reg. No.	Index (Hex)	Register	Code										Description	Execution Clock Cycle
			R/W	RS	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0		
R8	8	RAM address (RAR)	0	1	RA7	RA6	RA5	RA4	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	Resets the address address counter for DDRAM/CGRAM/SEGRAM. RAM is selected by RM1/0.	12
R9	9	RAM data (RDR)	0/1	1	RD7	RD6	RD5	RD4	RD3	RD2	RD1	RD0	Writes or reads data to and from DDRAM/CGRAM/SEGRAM. RAM is selected by RM1/0.	12
RF	F	Test (TSR)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	This is a test register. Set 00 in this register.	12

Note: The execution time depends on the input or oscillation frequency.

- BF = 1: Internal processing being performed
- NF1/0: Position of display read line
- LF0 to LF3: Position of display read raster-row
- ID= 1: Address increment
- = 0: Address decrement
- RM1/0: RAM selection (00/01: DDRAM, (10: GGRAM, 11: SEGRAM)
- BST = 1: Booster on
- EXT2 = 1: Common driver extension enable
- EXT1 = 1: Segment driver extension enable
- DT1/0: Duty ratio (00: 1/14, 01: 1/27, 10: 1/40, 11: 1/53)
- DCL = 1: Executes display-clear instruction
- CHM = 1: Executes cursor-home instruction
- C = 1: Cursor on
- CM1/0: Designates cursor mode (00: 12th raster-row, 01: blinking, 10: white/black inverse)
- ST = 1: Standby mode
- DC = 1: Character display on
- DS = 1: Segment display on
- NC1/0: Sets the number of display characters (6 to 40 characters)
- NL1/0: Sets the number of display lines (00: 1 line, 01: 2 lines, 11: 4 lines)
- SN1/0: Designates the line to start displaying (00: first line, 01: second line, 10: third line, 11: fourth line)
- SL0 to SL3: Designates scroll starting raster-row(0000: first raster-row, 1100: 13th raster-row)
- PS1/0: Designates partial scroll (00: all columns scroll, 01: the leftmost column fixed, 10: the two leftmost columns fixed, 11: the three leftmost columns fixed)
- SE1 to SE4: Designates which line to scroll (SE = 1: enables the first line to be scrolled, etc.)
- SQ0 to SQ5: Number of dots to scroll (0 to 48 dots)
- RA0 to RA7: RAM address
- RD0 to RD7: RAM data

Reset Function

The HD66730/1 is reset by setting the RESET pin to low level. During reset, the system performs next-control-register setting and executes instructions. The busy flag (BF) therefore indicates a busy state (BF = 1) at this time, which means that only the index register and status register can be accessed.

Display clear (DDRAM reset) is performed automatically by reset input. Since more than 1,000 clocks of execution cycles are needed to initialize the DDRAM, the reset period must be set to more than this number. Note that if the reset input conditions specified in Electrical Characteristics are not satisfied, the HD66730/1 will not operate correctly, and reset should be performed by software.

Initialization of Instruction Register Function

1. Index Register: IR

The index register cannot be initialized by reset. After reset release, the index register must be set to access a control register.

2. Status register: SR

BF = 1: Busy state

3. Entry mode register: R0

I/D = 1: +1 (incrementation)

RM1/0 = 00: DDRAM selection

4. Function set register: R1

BST = 0: Booster off

EXT2/1 = 11: Driver extension enable

DT1/0 = 11: 1/53 duty drive

DCL = 1: Display-clear execution

Note: At least 1,000 clock cycles of execution time is needed to clear the DDRAM.

HD66730/HD66731

5. Cursor control register: R2
 - CHM = 1: Cursor home execution
 - C = 0: Cursor display off
 - CM1/0 = 00: 12th raster-row cursor display mode
6. Display control register 1: R3
 - ST = 0: Standby mode clear
 - DC = 0: Character display off
 - DS = 0: Segment display off
7. Display control register 2: R4
 - NC1/0 = 00: 6-column display mode
 - NL1/0 = 00: 1-line display mode
8. Scroll control register 1: R5
 - SN1/0 = 00: Starts displaying from the first line.
 - SL3 to SL0 = 0000: Starts displaying from the first raster-row.
9. Scroll control register 2: R6
 - PS1/0 = 00: Partial scroll release
 - SE4 to SE1 = 0000: Disables dot scrolling for all lines.
10. Scroll control register 3: R7
 - SQ5 to SQ0 = 000000: Number of dots to be scrolled = 0
11. RAM address register: R8
 - RAM address register is automatically incremented during reset when display-clear is executed. Note that after reset is released, this register must be reset by software before accessing RAM.

Initial Setting of Pin Functions

1. Bus/serial interface

The input level of pin IM selects the 8-bit bus or serial interface. For an 8-bit bus interface, data is written into the index register or read from the status register according to the level of pin R/W. Note that pin RS must be held low during this time. For serial interface, data is written into the index register according to bit R/W. Note that bit RS must be 0 during this time. During reset, only the index register and status register can be set and RAM cannot be accessed.

2. LCD driver output

Since segment drivers (pins SEG1 to SEG71/119) are in a display-off state during reset, they output non-selective levels (V2/V3 level) during reset. At this time, a 4-line 6-character display alternates its current. Common drivers (pins COM1 to COM24/53 and COMS) output non-selective levels (V1/V4 level) during reset, and alternate its current for a 4-line 6-character display.

Note: Pins COM25/COMD of HD66730 are grounded (0V) during reset. When pin COM25 is used without expanding drivers to the common side, display may be performed using the liquid crystal drive voltage. In this case, adjust the liquid crystal voltage during reset.

3. Extension driver interface output (HD66730)

Since bits EXT2/1 are 11 during reset, extension is performed to both segment side and common side. Pin CL2 outputs the oscillation (operation) frequency clock. Pins CL1 and M output signals in a cycle corresponding to a 4-line 6-character display size. In addition, pins SEGD and COM25/COMD output low (ground level) since the display is turned off.

4. Booster output

The operation of the internal booster stops because bit BST becomes 0 during reset.

Note: The potential of pins V5OUT2 and V5OUT3 increases by about +0.7 V with respect to GND level when the booster stops. When using external polarized capacitors, make sure that no reverse bias occurs.

HD66730/HD66731

Interfacing to the MPU

The HD66730/1 enters 8-bit bus interface mode when the IM pin is set high. The HD66730/1 can interface with the MPU via an I/O port. Use the serial interface when there are restraints in the bus wiring width.

Instruction is executed when data is written into the control register. In this case, only the status register can be read (busy check, etc.). In this case, check the busy flag when accessing (polling), or insert an interval considering the execution time and perform the next access when the internal process has completely finished. The instruction execution time depends on the HD66730/1 operation frequency. When using the internal oscillation circuit of the HD66730/1, the instruction time will change as the oscillation frequency does. Figure 18 shows an example of an 8-bit data transfer timing sequence. Figure 19 shows an example of interface between HD66730/1 and 8-bit microcomputers.

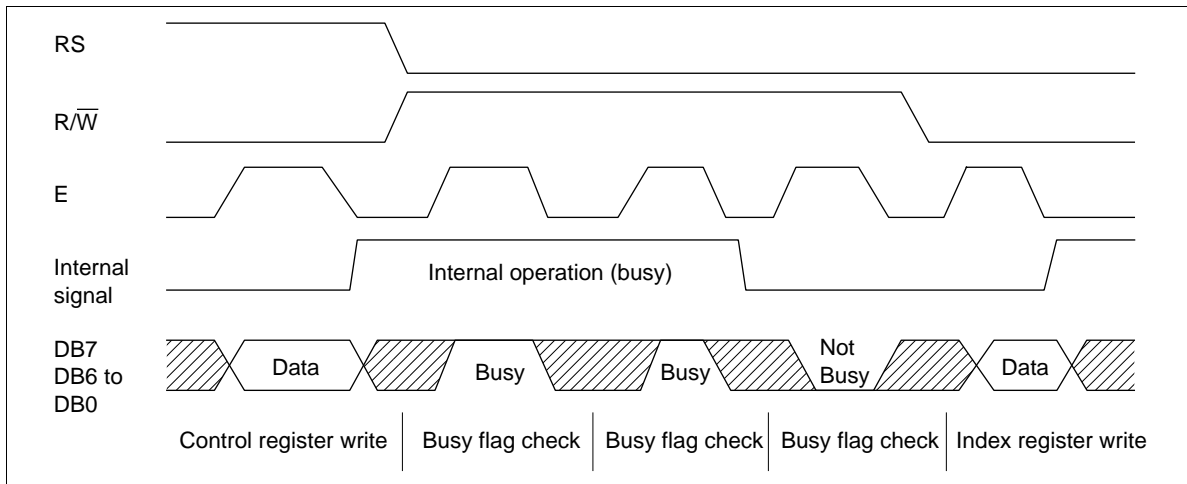


Figure 18 Example of an 8-bit Data Transfer Timing Sequence

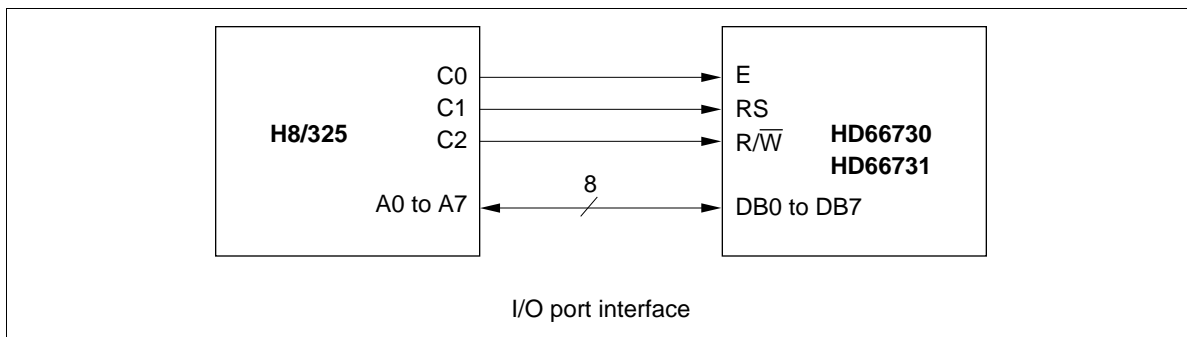


Figure 19 Example of Interfacing with 8-Bit Microcomputers

Transferring Serial Data

The HD66730/1 enters serial interface mode when the IM pin is set low. A three-line clock-synchronous transfer method is used. The HD66730/1 receives serial input data (SID) and transmits serial output data (SOD) by synchronizing with a transfer clock (SCLK) sent from the master side.

When the HD66730/1 interfaces with several chips, chip select pin (CS*) must be used. The transfer clock (SCLK) input is activated by making chip select (CS*) low. In addition, the transfer counter of the HD66730/1 can be reset and serial transfer synchronized by making chip select (CS*) high. Here, since the data which was being sent at reset is cleared, restart the transfer from the first bit of this data. In a minimum system where a single HD66730/1 interfaces to a single MPU, an interface can be constructed from the transfer clock (SCLK) and serial input data (SID). In this case, chip select (CS*) should be fixed to low.

The transfer clock (SCLK) is independent of operational clock (CLK) of the HD66730/1. However, when several instructions are continuously transferred, the instruction execution time determined by the operational clock (CLK) (see Continuous Transfer) must be considered since the HD66730/1 does not have an internal transmit/receive buffer.

Figure 20 shows the basic procedure for transferring serial data. To begin with, transfer the start byte. By receiving five consecutive bits of 1 (synchronizing bit string) at the beginning of the start byte, the transfer counter of the HD66730/1 is reset and serial transfer is synchronized. The 2 bits following the synchronizing bit string (5 bits) specify transfer direction (R/ \overline{W} bit) and register select (RS bit). Be sure to transfer 0 in the 8th bit.

After receiving the start byte, instructions are received and the data/busy flag is transmitted. When the transfer direction and register select remain the same, data can be continuously transmitted or received.

The transfer protocol is described in detail in the following.

HD66730/HD66731

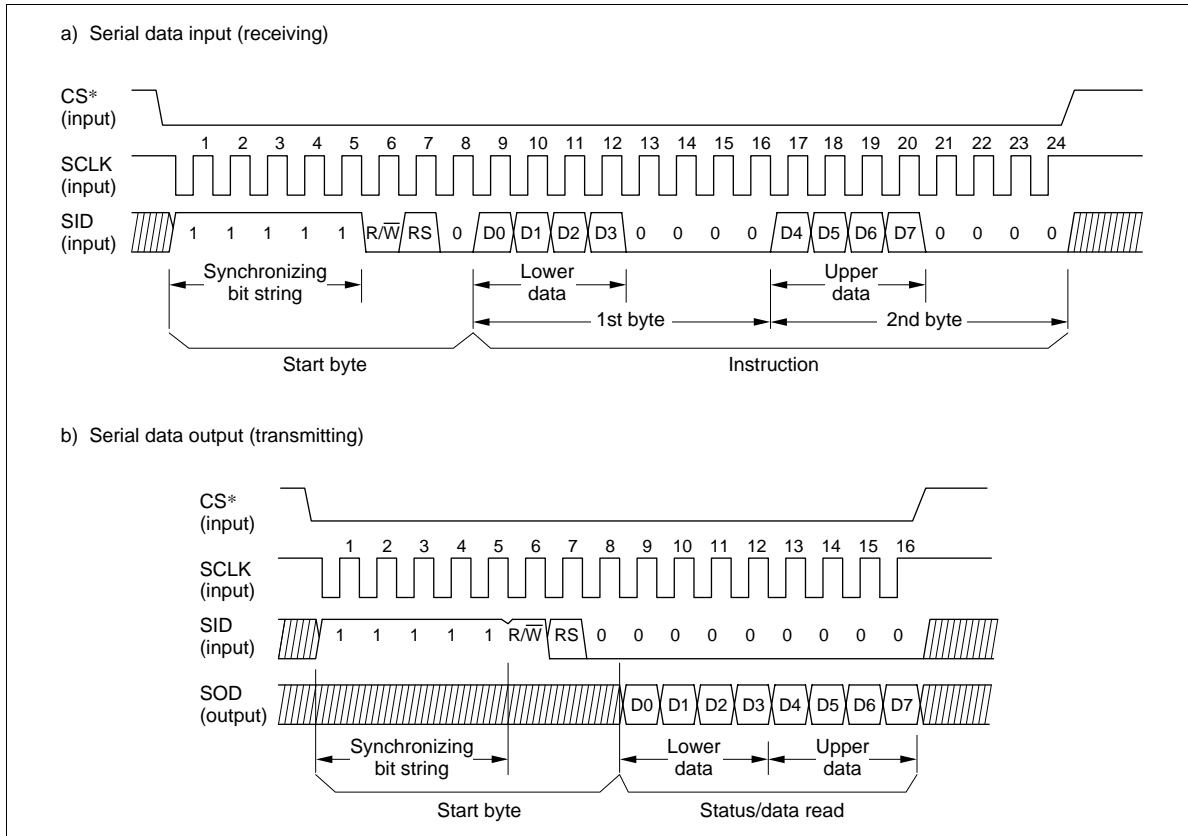


Figure 20 Basic Procedure for Transferring Serial Data

- Receiving (write)

After receiving the start synchronizing bit string, the R/W bit (= 0), and the RS bit in the start byte, an 8-bit instruction is received in 2 bytes: the lower 4 bits of the instruction are placed in the LSB of the first byte, and the higher 4 bits of the instruction are placed in the LSB of the second byte. Be sure to transfer 0 in the following 4 bits of each byte. When instructions are received with R/W bit and RS bit unchanged, continuous transfer is possible (see Continuous Transfer in the following).

- Transmitting (read)

After receiving the synchronizing bit string, the R/W bit (= 0), and the RS bit in the start byte, 8-bit read data is transmitted from pin SOD in the same way as receiving. When read data is transmitted with R/W bit and RS bit unchanged, continuous transfer is possible (see Continuous Transfer in the following).

The status register (SR) is read when the RS bit is 0. RAM data is read out when the RS bit is set to 1 after designating RAM data register (R9) with the index register (IR). Bits RM1/0 of entry mode register (R0) select the RAM. When reading RAM data, an interval longer than the RAM reading time must be taken after the start byte has been accepted and before the first data has been read out. During transmission (data output), the $\overline{\text{SID}}$ input is continuously monitored for a start synchronizing bit string (1111). Once this has been detected, the $\overline{\text{R/W}}$ and RS bits are received. Accordingly, 0 must always be input to $\overline{\text{SID}}$ when transmitting data continuously.

- Continuous Transfer

When instructions are received with the R/W bit and RS bit unchanged, continuous receive is possible without inserting a start byte between instructions.

After receiving the last bit (the 8th bit in the 2nd byte) of an instruction, the system begins to execute it. To execute the next instruction, the instruction execution time of the HD66730/1 must be considered. If the last bit (the 8th bit in the 2nd byte) of the next instruction is received during execution of the previous instruction, the instruction will be ignored.

In addition, if the next unit of data is read before read execution of previous data is completed for RAM data, normal data is not sent. To transfer data normally, the busy flag must be checked. However, if the amount of wiring used for transmission needs to be reduced, or if the burden of polling on the CPU needs to be lightened, transfer can be performed without reading the busy flag. In this case, insert a transfer wait between instructions so that the current instruction has time to complete execution. Figure 21 shows the procedure for continuous data transfer.

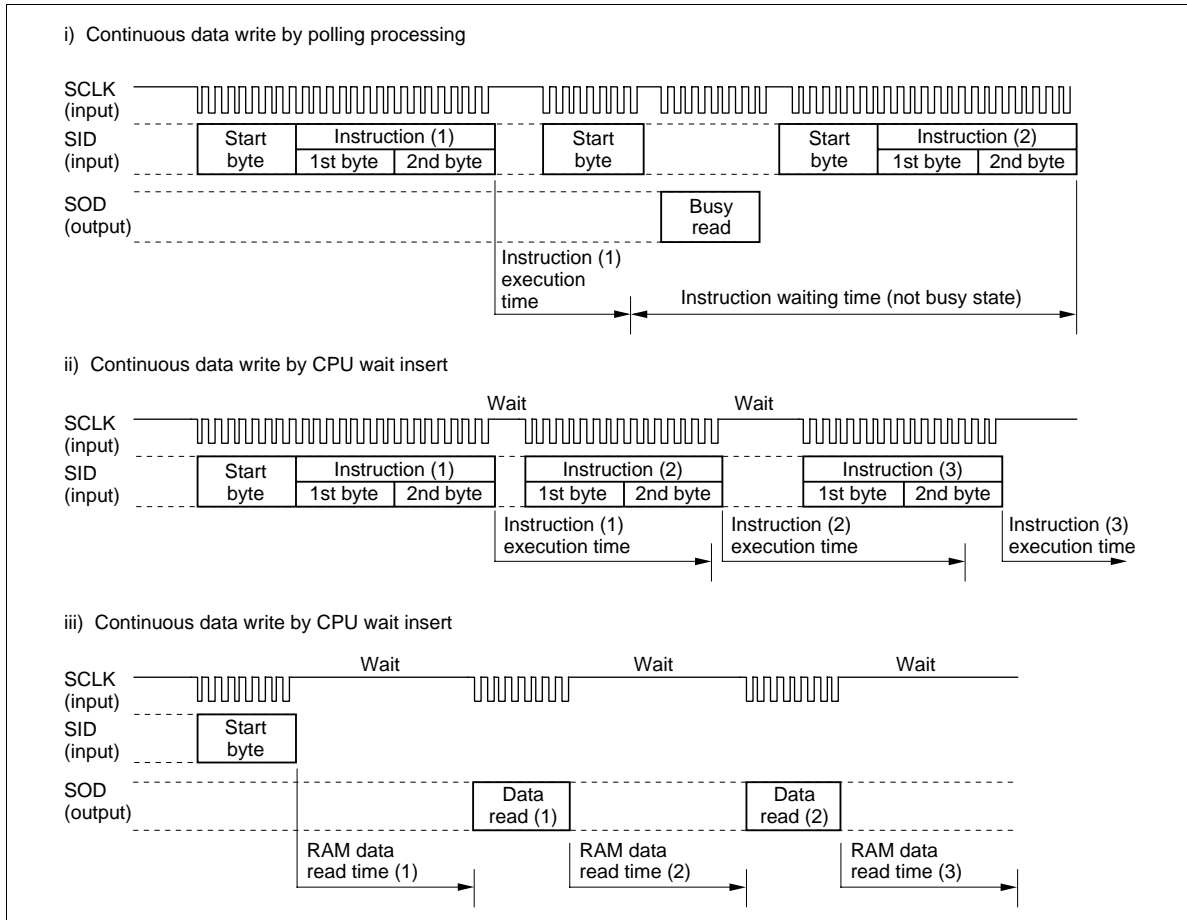


Figure 21 Procedure for Continuous Data Transfer

Combined Display of Full-Size and Half-Size Characters

The HD66730/1 performs display from the left edge of the display combining 12-dot full-size (character size: 11 × 12 dots) and 6-dot half-size characters (character size: 6 × 12 dots). There will be a one-dot space between these fonts.

The most significant bit in the data (8 bits) in DDRAM is allocated to the designation bit indicating a full-size or half-size character. When this MSB is 0, the full-size character is selected, and when 1, the half-size character is selected.

When the full-size character is selected, 2 bytes of DDRAM are linked and used as a 16-bit code (Figure 22). In this case, the lower byte is written into the smaller DDRAM address. 12 bits of this 16-bit code are used as character codes. Up to 4096 character codes can be specified. In addition, two of the remaining four bits can be allocated to a display-attribute code and can designate white/black inverted display for individual characters (refer to Display Attribute Designation). Table 18 shows the relationship between the 16-bit designated JIS code and the HD66730/1 12-bit character code. 8-bit data designating half-size characters are used as an 8-bit code (Figure 23). Specifically, 7 bits of the 8-bit half-size characters become the character codes, so that a total of 128 characters can be displayed (alphanumeric characters and symbols can be displayed as half-size characters).

User fonts can be displayed using the CGRAM. Special symbols not included in the internal CGROM or the JIS Level-2 Kanji Set can be displayed as needed. Since the display font size of the CGRAM is 12 × 13 dots, CGRAM fonts can be displayed to the right, left, top or bottom, in order to be used to display double-size characters or graphics. Note that the display-attribute code (A1/A0) designation that is to be written into the DDRAM is ignored when the CGRAM is used. In this case, bits 6 and 7 in the CGRAM are used for display-attribute-code designation. Refer to CGRAM for details.

Table 19 Relationship between JIS Codes and HD66730 Character Codes

- JIS first byte code: b1 to b7 (7 bits)
- JIS second byte code: a1 to a7 (7 bits)
- CGRAM address for user fonts: u0 to u2 (3 bits)

JIS	Character Code Arrangement of HD66730															
	b7	b6	b5	C11	C10	C9	C8	C7	C6	C5	C4	C3	C2	C1	C0	
Non-kanji	0	1	0	a7	a6	b3	b2	b1	0	0	a5	a4	a3	a2	a1	
Level 1 kanji	0	1	1	b7	b4	b3	b2	b1	a7	a6	a5	a4	a3	a2	a1	
Level 1 kanji	1	0	0	b7	b4	b3	b2	b1	a7	a6	a5	a4	a3	a2	a1	
User font	—	—	—	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	u2	u1	u0

Upper byte
Lower byte

HD66730/HD66731

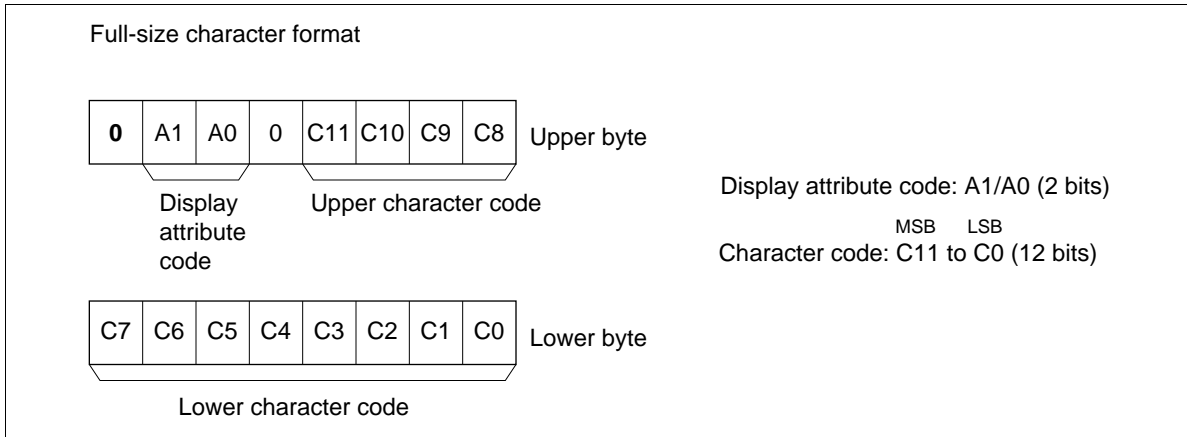


Figure 22 Full-Size Character Codes

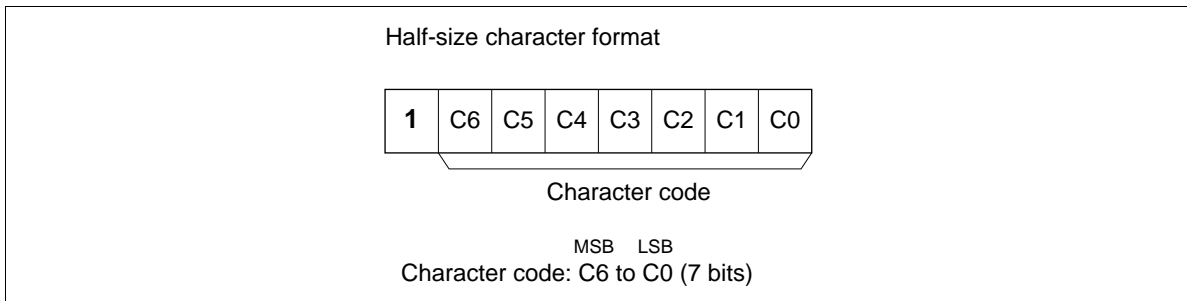


Figure 23 Half-Size Character Codes

An example of displaying full-size and half-size characters together is described here.

Full-size character display conforms to JIS (16 bits). Perform code conversion (16 bits → 12 bits) according to the relationship between the 16-bit JIS code and the HD66730/1 12-bit character code and write two-byte character data to the DDRAM (write the lower byte to the smaller DDRAM address). The example is shown in Table 19. When displaying a half-size character, refer to Table 5 the HD66730/1 Half-size Font List and write one-byte character data into the DDRAM. The example is shown in Table 20.

Figure 24 shows how to set data to the DDRAM when performing a 2-line display and Figure 25 shows the resulting liquid crystal display.

Table 20 Example of Full-Size Font Conversion

Displayed Character	JIS Code (First/Second Byte)	Character Code (C11 to C0)
東	45/6C (Hex)	AEC (Hex)
京	35/7E (Hex)	2FE (Hex)
都	45/54 (Hex)	AD4 (Hex)
小	3E/2E (Hex)	72E (Hex)
平	4A/3F (Hex)	D3F (Hex)
市	3B/54 (Hex)	5D4 (Hex)
本	4B/5C (Hex)	DDC (Hex)
町	44/2E (Hex)	A2C (Hex)
の	24/4E (Hex)	A0E (Hex)

Table 21 Example of Half-Size Font Code

Display Character	Character Code (C0 to C11)
1	31 (Hex)
2	32 (Hex)
0	30 (Hex)
,	2C (Hex)
M	4D (Hex)
C	43 (Hex)

HD66730/HD66731

0: Full-size designation
1: Half-size designation

Address	00 (Hex)	01 (Hex)	02 (Hex)	03 (Hex)	04 (Hex)	05 (Hex)	06 (Hex)	07 (Hex)	08 (Hex)	09 (Hex)	0A (Hex)	0B (Hex)	---
1st-line data	1110	0000	1111	0000	1101	0000	0010	0000	0011	0000	1101	0000	---
	1100	1010	1110	0010	0100	1010	1110	0111	1111	1101	0100	0101	---
	東		京		都		小		平		市		

Address	40 (Hex)	41 (Hex)	42 (Hex)	43 (Hex)	44 (Hex)	45 (Hex)	46 (Hex)	47 (Hex)	48 (Hex)	49 (Hex)	4A (Hex)	4B (Hex)	---
2nd-line data	1101	0000	0010	0000	1011	0000	0000	1011	1011	1010	1100	1100	---
	1100	1101	1110	1010	0001	1110	1010	0010	0000	1100	1101	0011	---
	本		町		1		の		2		0 , M C		

Figure 24 Example of DDRAM Character Code (2-Line Display Mode)

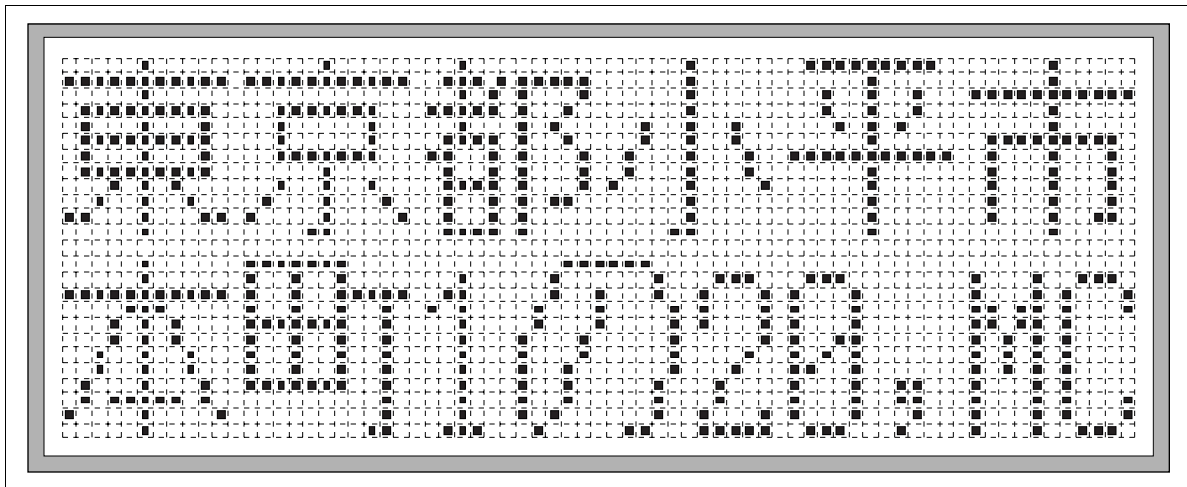


Figure 25 Example of Liquid Crystal Display

Display Attribute Designation

The HD66730/1 allocates 12 bits of the full-size 16-bit code character to an abbreviated character code and 2 bits to a display-attribute code (Figure 26). White/black inverted display, blinking display, and white/black inverted blinking display can be designated for each full-size character (Table 21). Display attribute control is performed for a 12 × 13 dot matrix unit that includes a 11 × 12 dot full-size character and a column of dots to the right and a row of dots to the bottom (Figure 27). The blinking cycle for blinking display and white/black inverted blinking display is 64 frames. Blinking display is performed by changing the display pattern every 32 frames. Since the 8-bit code designated for half-size characters cannot accommodate a display attribute, they will always be displayed normally.

Table 22 Display Attribute Designation

A1	A0	Display State
0	0	Normal display
0	1	White/black inverted display
1	0	Blinking display
1	1	White/black inverted blinking display

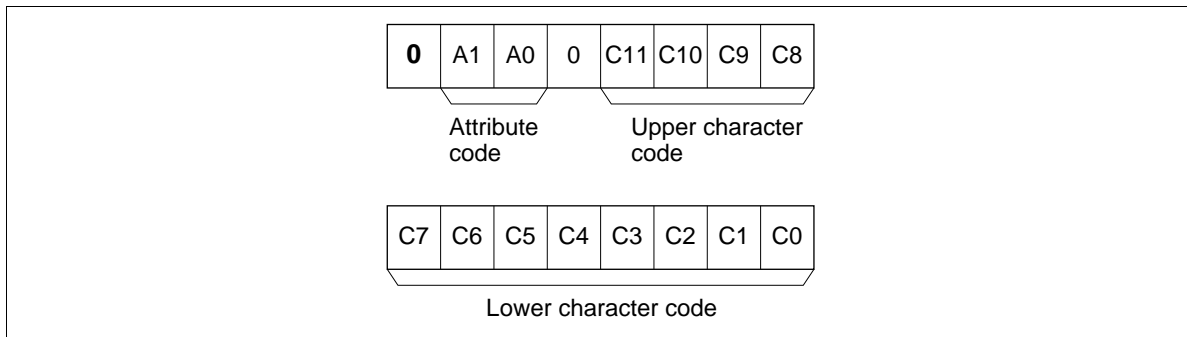


Figure 26 Full-Size Code Format

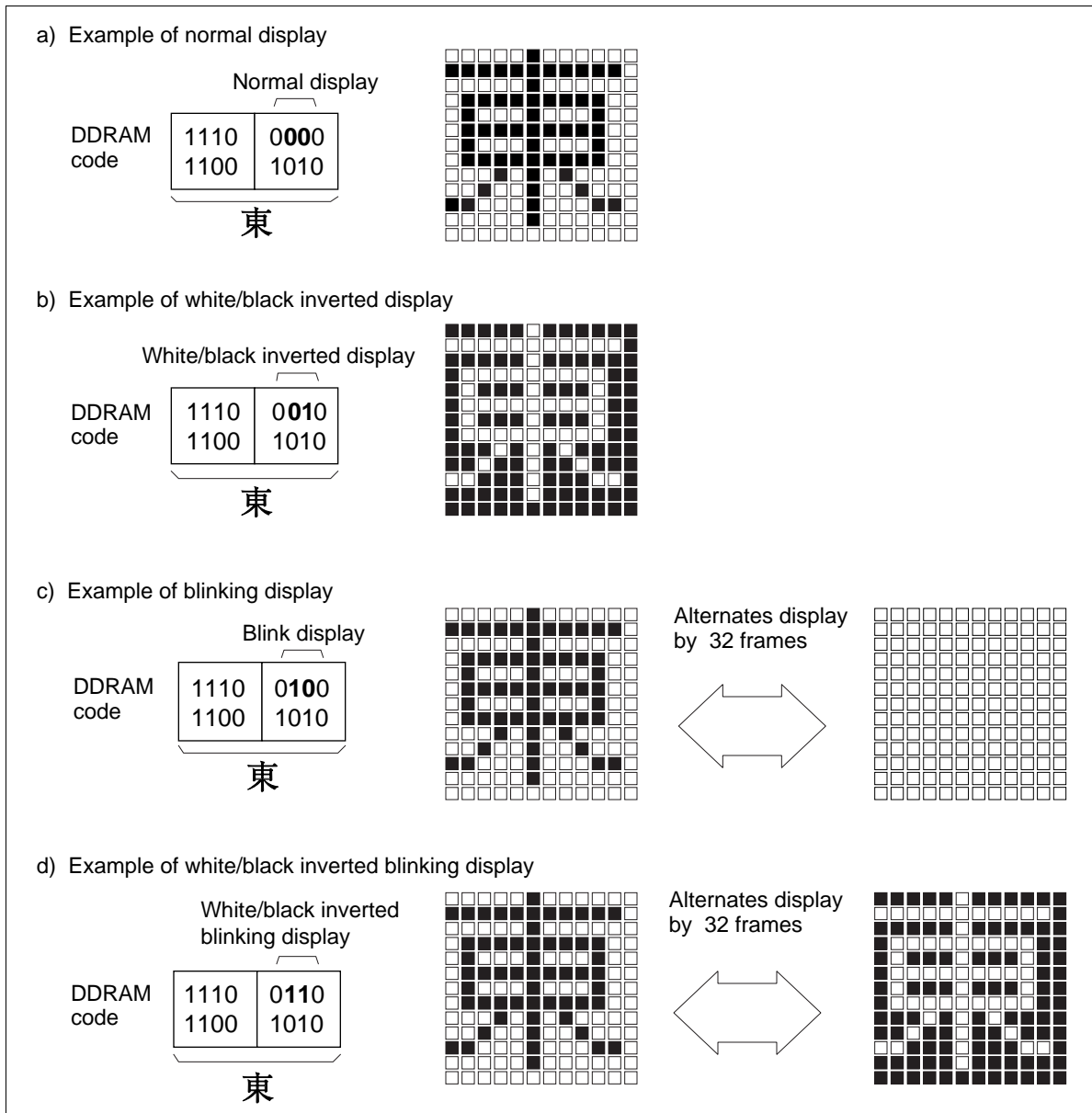


Figure 27 Setting Codes in the DDRAM and Display Examples

Horizontal Smooth Scroll

Data shown on the display can be scrolled horizontally to the left for a specified number of dots (Figure 28). The number of dots are set in scroll control register 3 (SCR3: R7), and the display lines to be scrolled are designated by the display line enable bits (SE1/SE2/SE3/SE4) in scroll control register 2 (SCR2: R6). Because the number of dots that can be set for scrolling here is 48, scrolling for more than this number can be achieved by shifting to the left by four characters of character code data in DDRAM for the scroll display line in question, rewriting the characters, and then scrolling again. When rewriting DDRAM while displaying characters, however, character output will momentarily breakdown, and the display may flicker. In this case, first check which display lines are currently being displayed by referring to NF1/0 (line 1 to the line 4) and display raster-rows LF0 to LF3 (raster-row 1 to raster-row 13) in the status register, and then rewrite a DDRAM line that is not being displayed. Keep in mind that scroll display line enable bits (SE1 to SE4) can be used to designate those display lines for which horizontal smooth scroll is desired.

In partial scroll, one to three leftmost characters on the display as specified by the partial scroll bits (PS1/0) of the scroll control register 2 (SCR: R6) are fixed and the remaining characters undergo a smooth scroll to perform partial smooth scroll.

When performing horizontal smooth scroll, the number of characters to be displayed (NC1/0: R4) must be at least 4 characters more than the number of characters actually displayed on the liquid crystal display. For example, set 10 or more display characters (NC1/0) for a single-chip 6-character display.

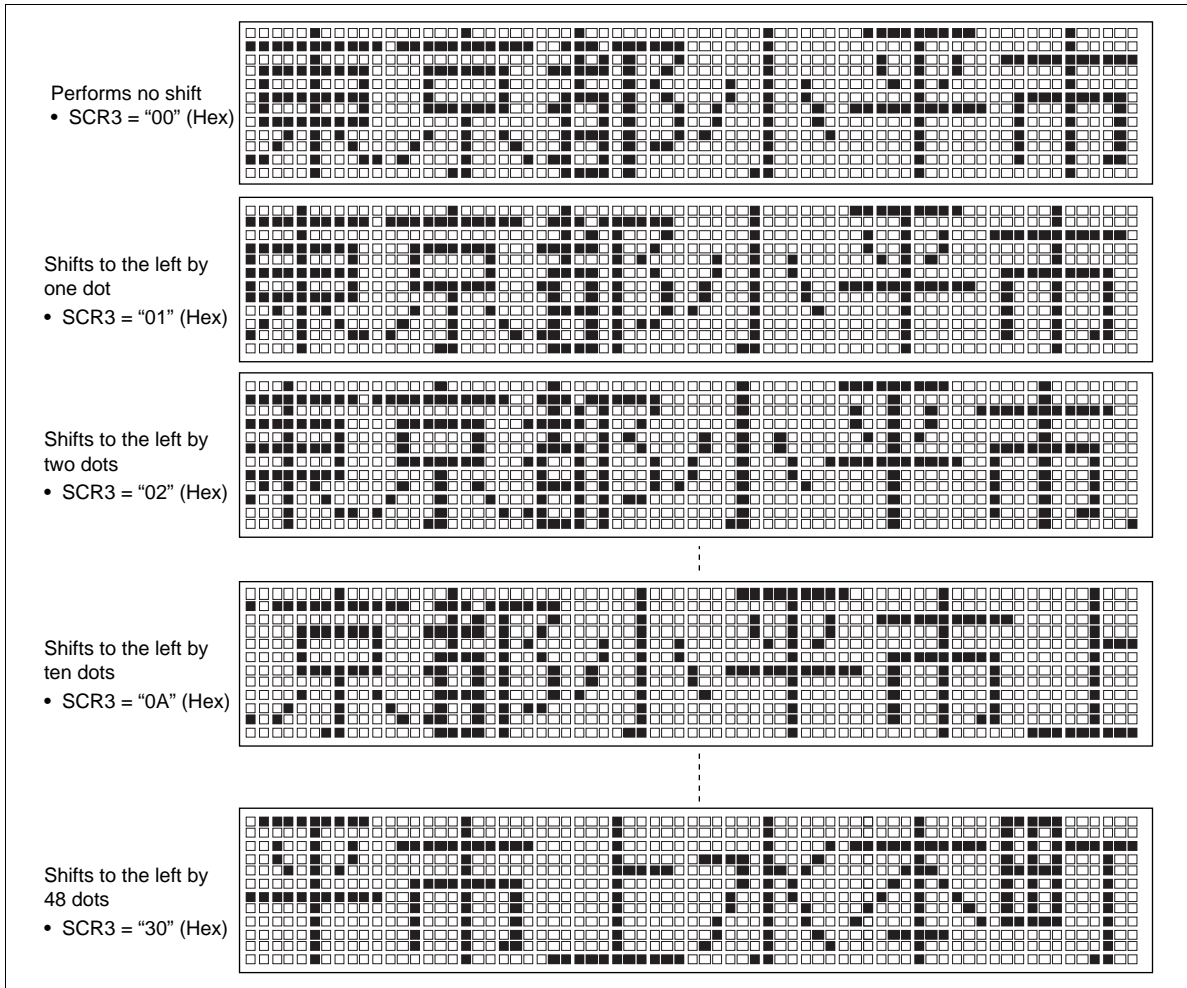


Figure 28 Example of Horizontal Smooth Scroll Display

Examples of Register Setting

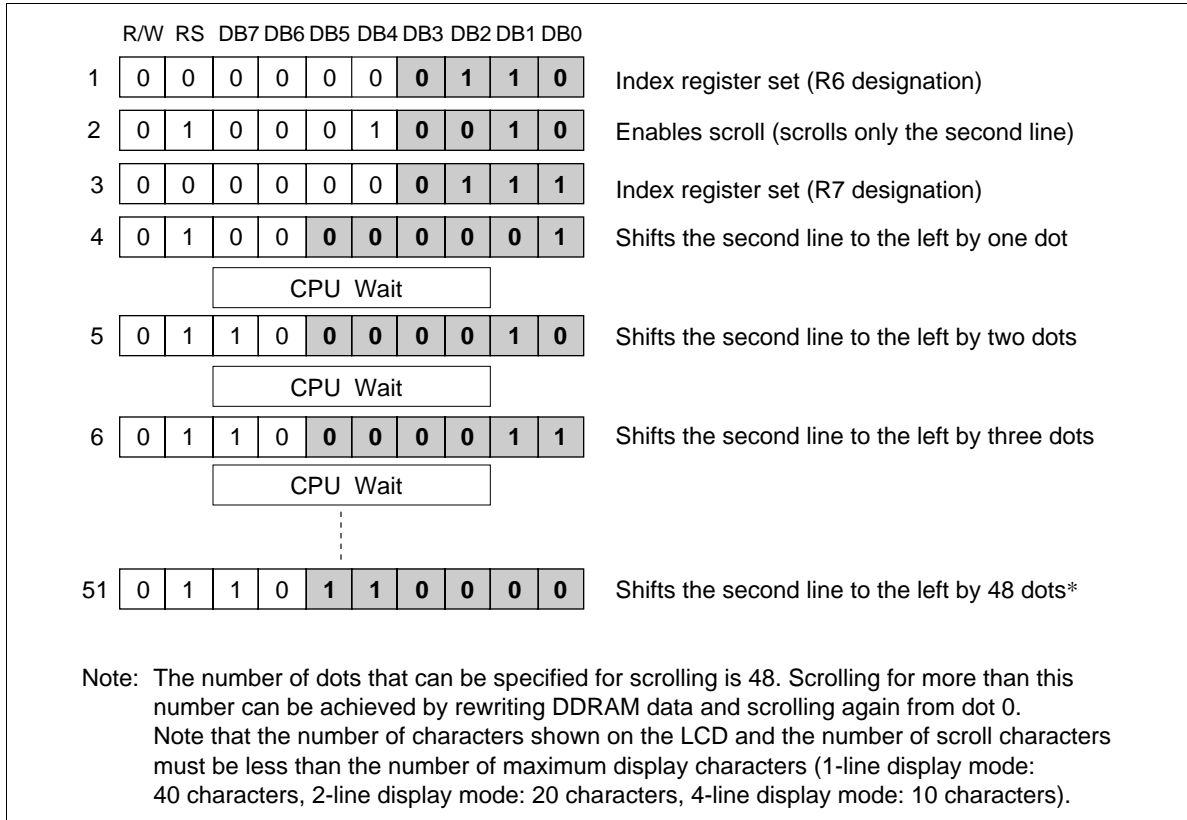


Figure 29 Example of Executing Smooth Scroll to the Left

HD66730/HD66731

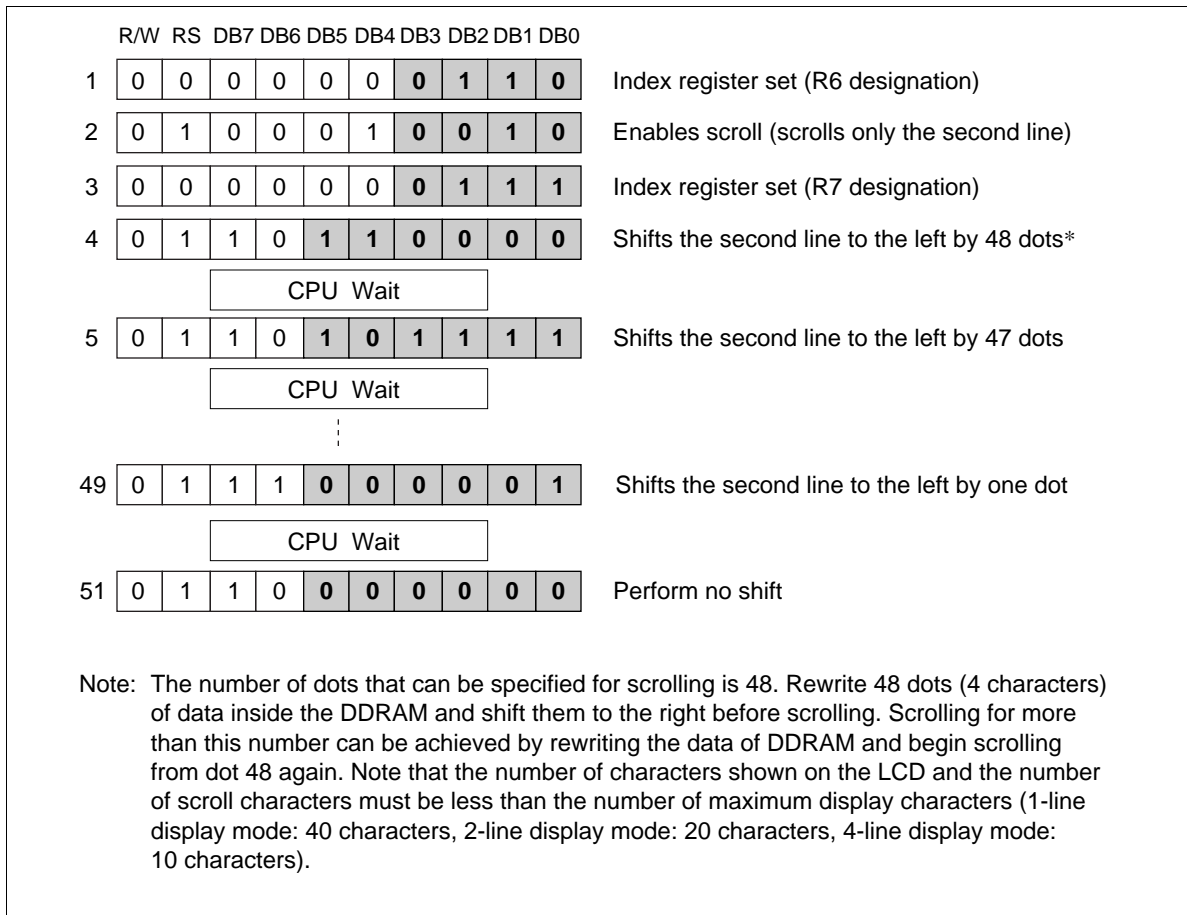


Figure 30 Example of Executing Smooth Scroll to the Right

Partial Smooth Scroll

Partial smooth scroll displays one to three leftmost characters as fixed while the remaining ones undergo a horizontal smooth scroll in the left and right direction. Specifically, the number of leftmost characters to be fixed is specified by the partial scroll bits (PS1/0) in the scroll control register 2 (SCR2: R6). For example, when bits PS1/0 are 10, the two leftmost characters are fixed; when 11, the three leftmost characters are fixed.

Although half-size characters can be displayed in a fixed display area, they must be displayed in even-numbered groups of two, four or six characters. Figure 31 shows an example of smooth scroll performed in a display when bits PS1/0 are set to 10. The two leftmost characters (住所) are displayed as fixed, and the remaining four characters undergo a smooth scroll.

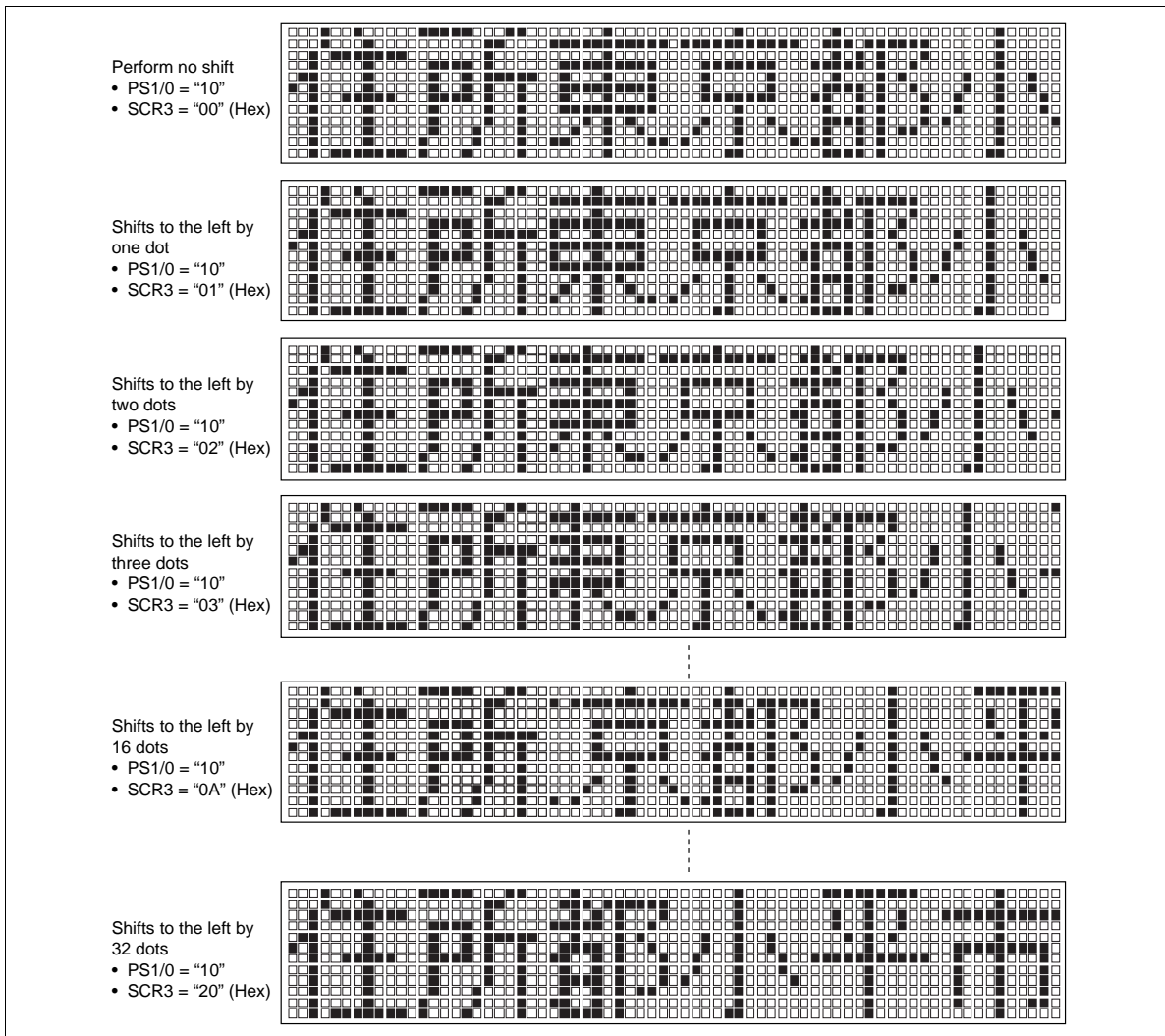


Figure 31 Example of Partial Smooth Scroll Display

Vertical Smooth Scroll

Vertical smooth scroll up and down can be performed by setting the number of display lines (NL1/0: R4) to a value greater than the actual number of liquid crystal display lines, which can be set by the duty drive ratio (DT1/0: R1) to 1/14 (1-line display), 1/27 (2-line display), 1/40 (3-line display), or 1/53 (4-line display). The display line setting (NL1/0: R4), which controls the display, can select 1-line display mode, 2-line display mode, or 4-line display mode.

For example, to perform normal vertical smooth scroll for a 3-line liquid crystal display with a duty ratio of 1/40, set the number of display lines (NL1/0: R4) to 4 lines. Note that if vertical smooth scroll is performed when the number of actual liquid display lines is the same as the number of set display lines, the display line that has scrolled out of the display will appear again from the bottom (or the top) (this function is called lap-around). In a 4-line crystal liquid display, only the lap-around function can be performed. Vertical smooth scroll is controlled by incrementing or decrementing the display line (SN1/0), which indicates which line to start from, and the display raster-row (SL0 to SL3). For example, when performing smooth scroll up, the display raster-row (SL0 to SL3) is incremented from 0000 to 1100 in order to scroll 12 raster-rows. Moreover, by incrementing the display line (SN1/0) and then incrementing the display raster-row from 0000 to 1100 again, a total of 25 raster-rows can be scrolled. Since the DDRAM is only 80 bytes, its data must be rewritten when performing continuous scroll exceeding this capacity.

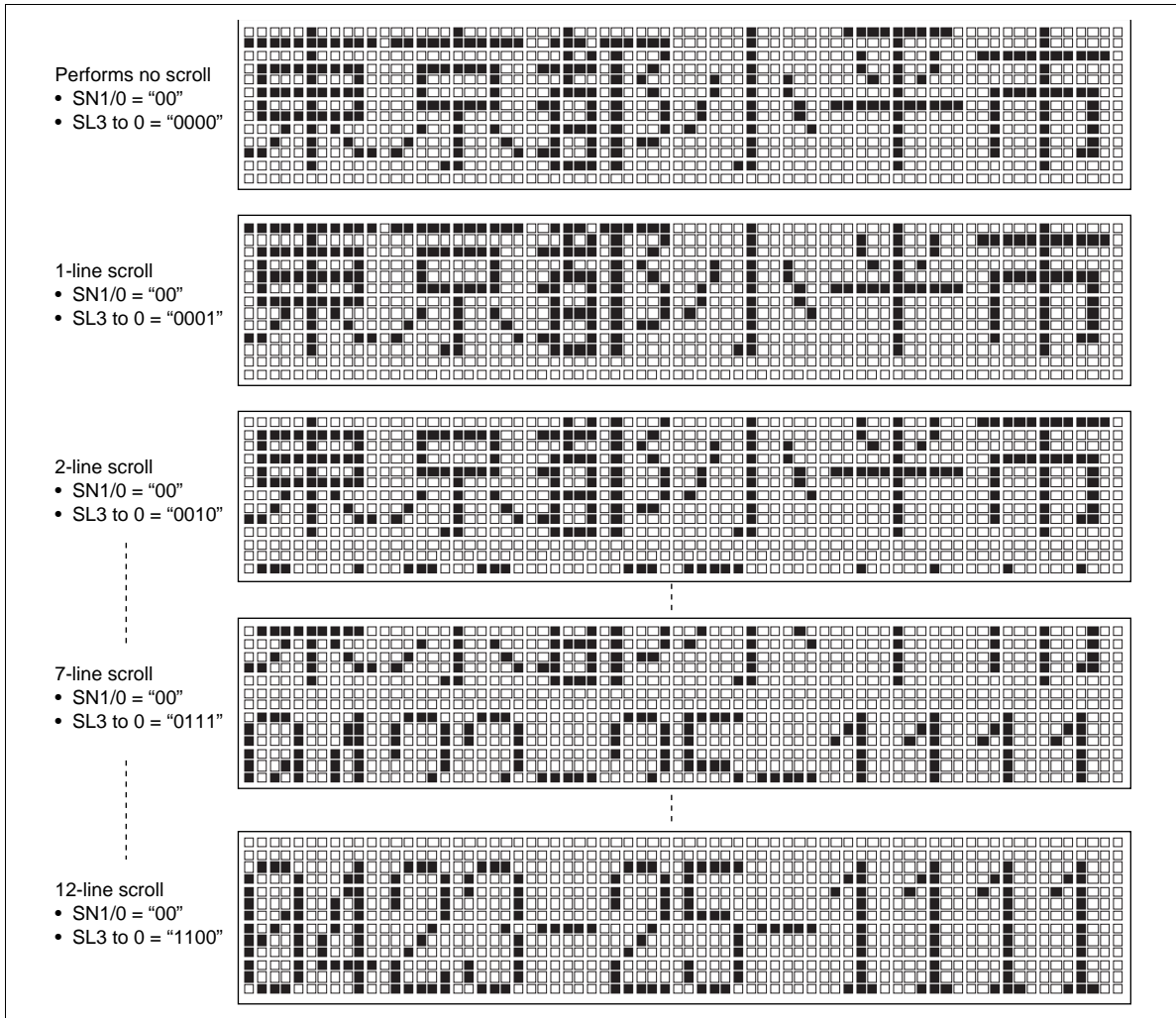


Figure 32 Example of Vertical Smooth Scroll Display

HD66730/HD66731

Examples of Register Setting (2-Line Liquid Crystal Drive: DT1/0 = 01, 4-Line Display Mode: NL1/0 = 11)

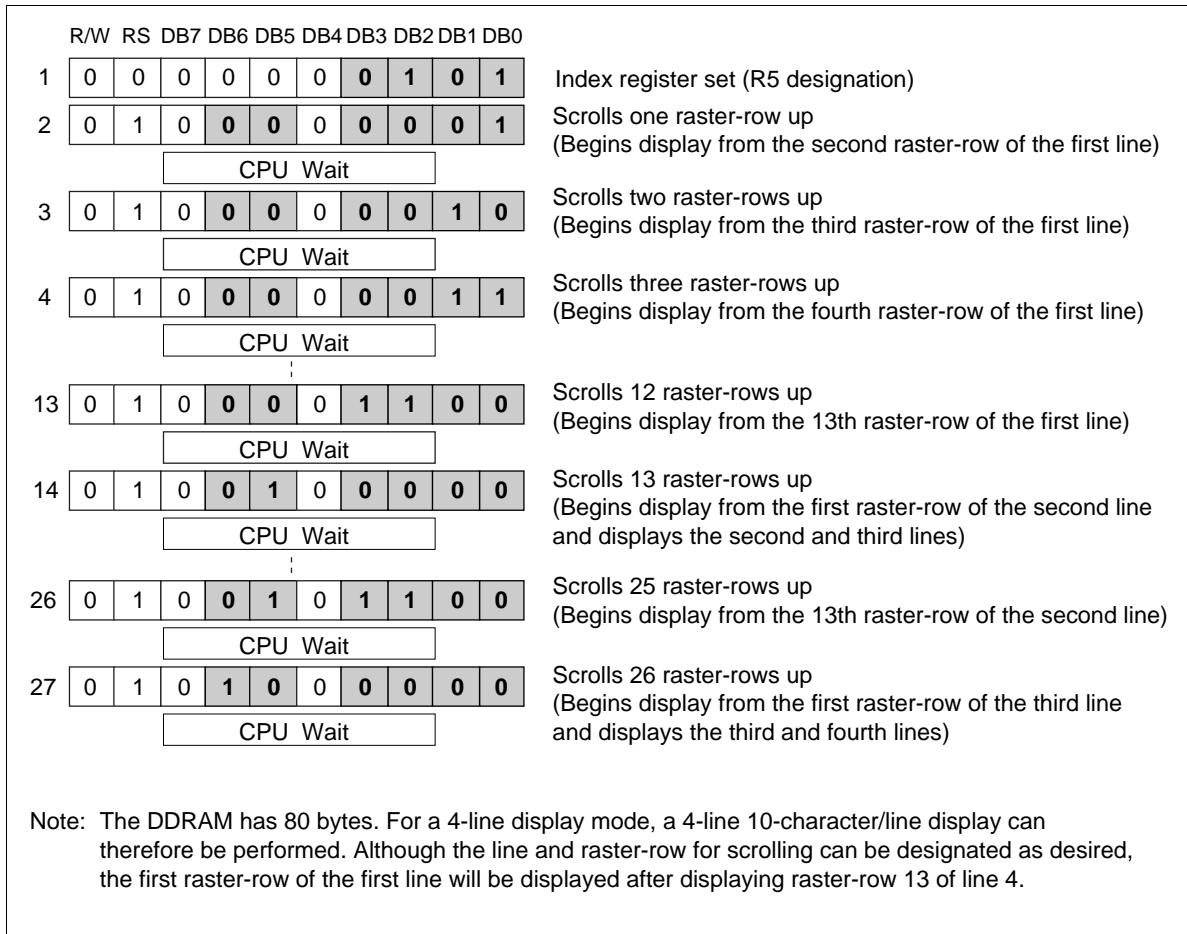


Figure 33 Example of Performing Smooth Scroll Up

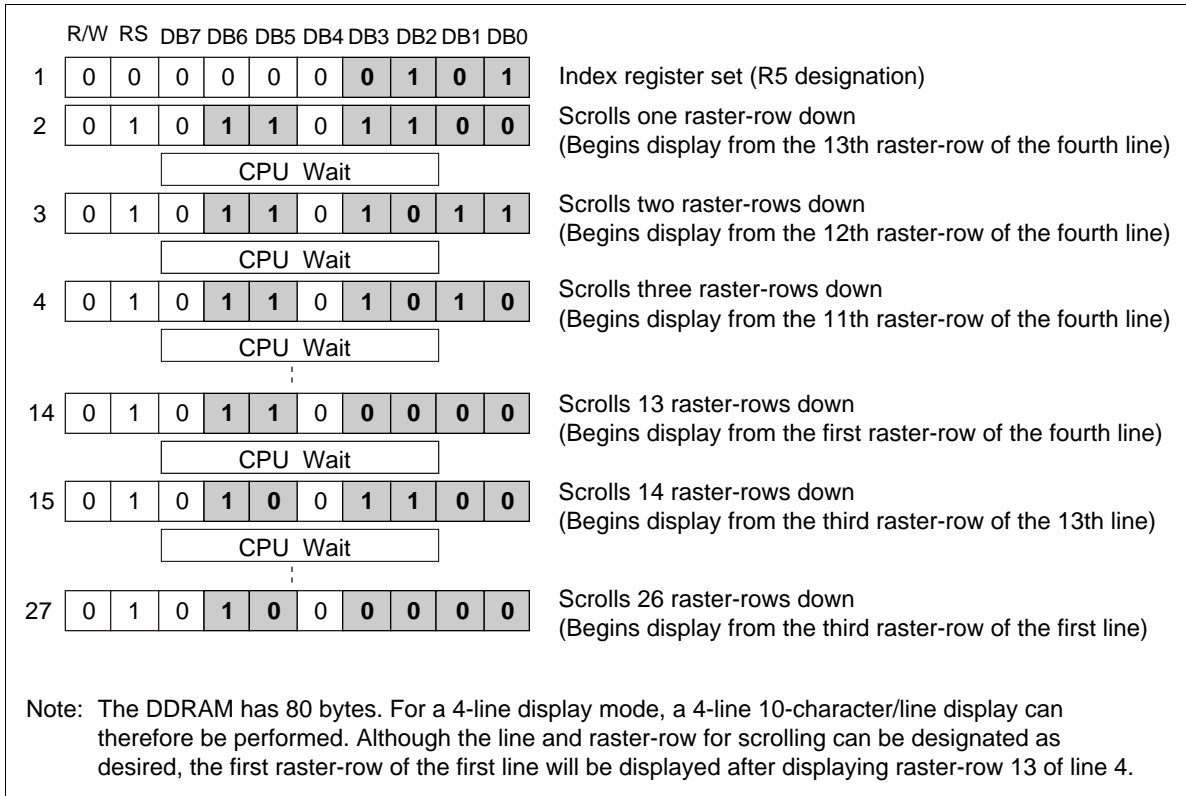


Figure 34 Example of Performing Smooth Scroll Down

HD66730/HD66731

Extension Driver LSI Interface (HD66730)

The HD66730 can interface with extension drivers using extension driver interface signals CL1, CL2, D, and M output from the HD66730, increasing the number of display characters (Figure 35). Although the liquid crystal driver voltage that drives the booster of the HD66730 can also be used as the driver power supply of extension drivers, the output voltage drop of the booster increases as the load of the booster increases.

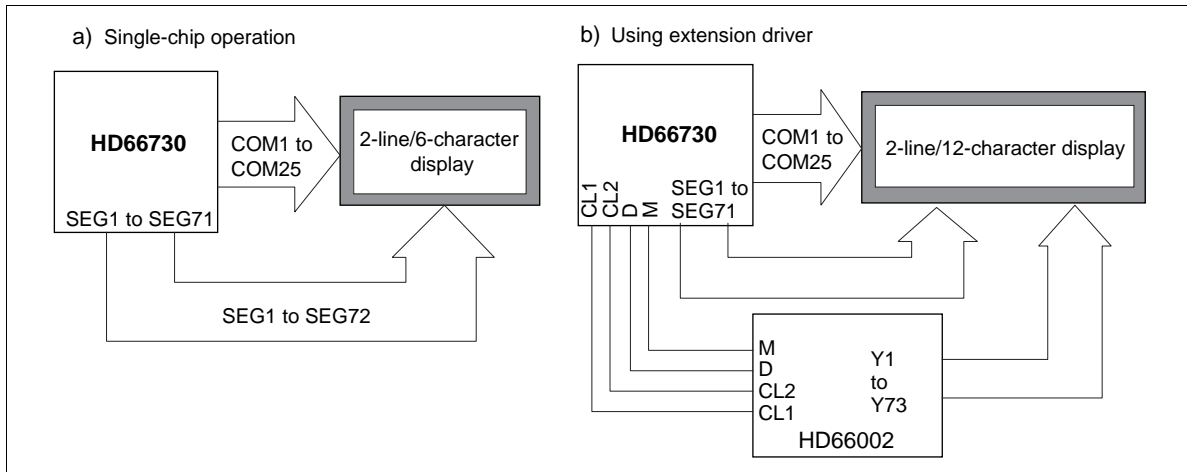


Figure 35 HD66730 and Extension Driver LSI Connection

Interfacing with the Liquid Crystal Panel

By connecting the HD66730 to extension drivers, the display can be expanded up to a 1-line/40-character, 2-line/20-character, or a 4-line/10-character display configuration. Bits DT1/0 set the duty drive ratio and bits NC1/0 set the number of characters per line. In addition, bits NL1/0 sets the number of display lines during display read control. Table 22 shows the relationship between the number of characters actually displayed on the liquid crystal panel and the corresponding number of extension drivers needed.

Table 23 Relationship between the Number of Liquid Crystal Display Characters and Extension Drivers

Display Lines	Number of Display Characters per Line						Duty Drive
	6 Characters	10 Characters	12 Characters	16 Characters	20 Characters	40 Characters	
1 line	(0/0)	(2/0)	(2/0)	(3/0)	(5/0)	(11/0)	1/14
2 lines	(0/0)	(2/0)	(2/0)	(3/0)	(5/0)	Display disabled	1/27
3 lines	(0/1)	(2/1)	Display disabled	Display disabled	Display disabled	Display disabled	1/40
4 lines	(0/1)	(2/1)	Display disabled	Display disabled	Display disabled	Display disabled	1/53

- Notes:
1. Numbers in parentheses = (number of extension segment drivers/number of common drivers)
 2. This is an example when using the 40 output extension drivers, and when N_h represents display characters and N_d extension driver outputs, the number of extension drivers needed can generally be calculated as follows:

$$[\text{Number of extension drivers}] = (12 * N_h - 71 - 1)/N_d \uparrow$$
 3. The right-edge segment (space between characters) is not displayed in 6-character or 16-character display.
 4. Horizontal smooth scroll cannot be performed during an 1-line/40-character, 2-line/20-character, 3-line/10-character, or 4-line/10-character display.

HD66730/HD66731

Example of Interfacing with a 1-Line Display Panel

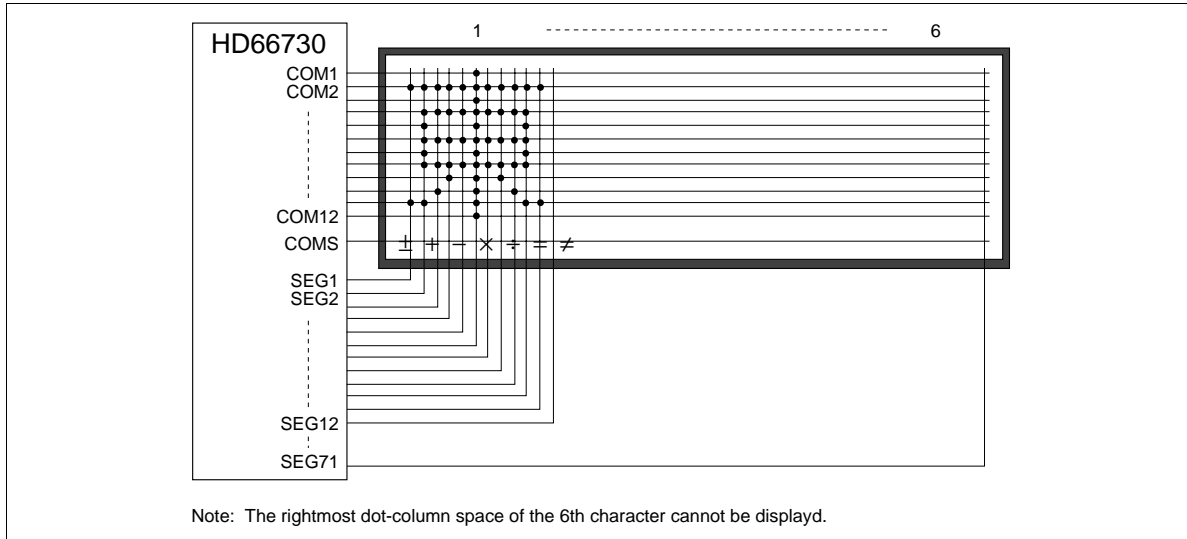


Figure 36 Example of 1-Line/6-Character + 71-Segment Display (Using 1/14 Duty)

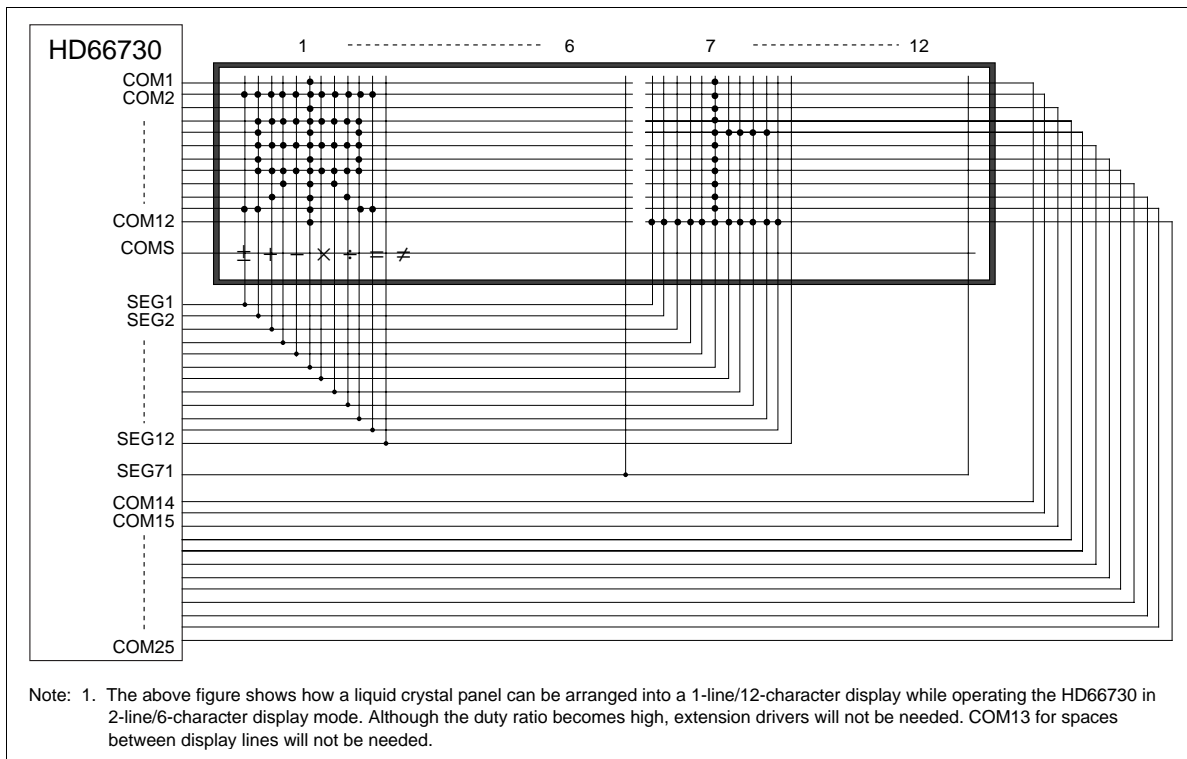


Figure 37 Example of 1-Line/12-Character + 71-Segment Display (Using 1/27 Duty)

Example of Interfacing with a 2-Line Display Panel

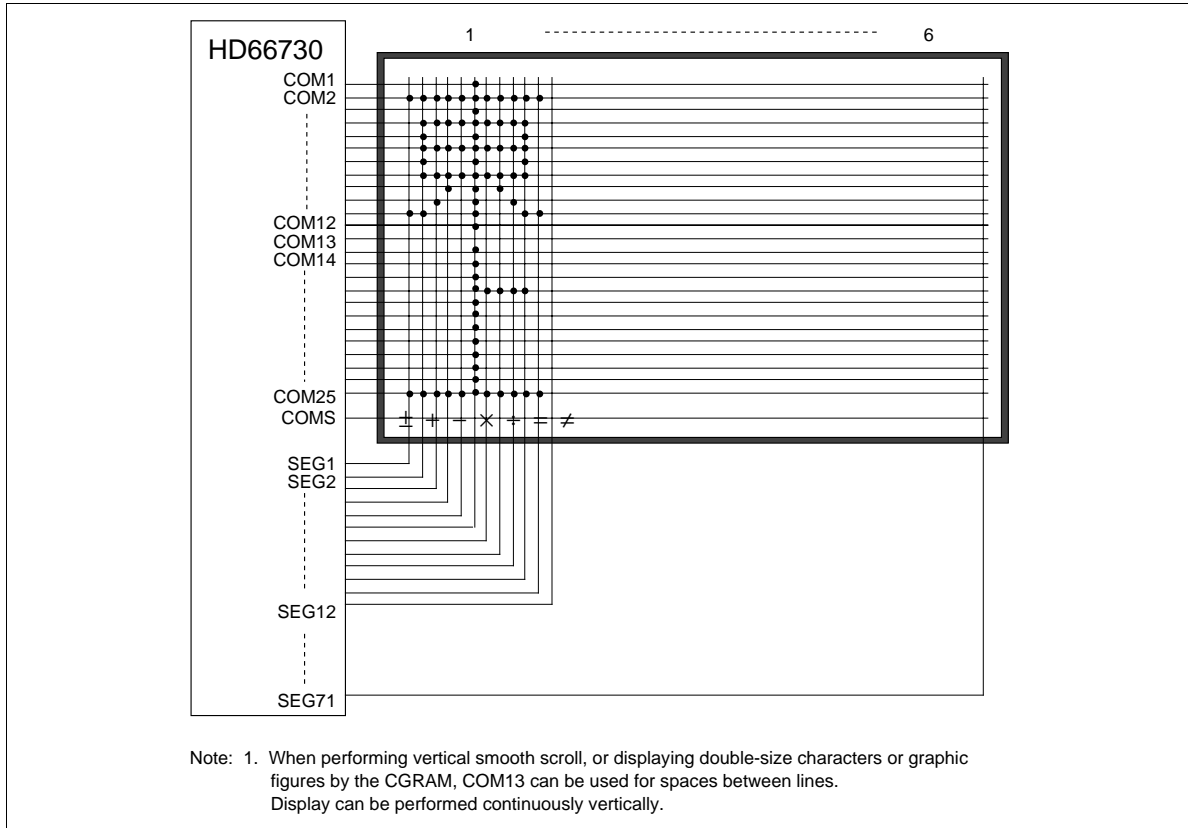


Figure 38 Example of 2-Line/6-Character + 71-Segment Display (Using 1/27 Duty)

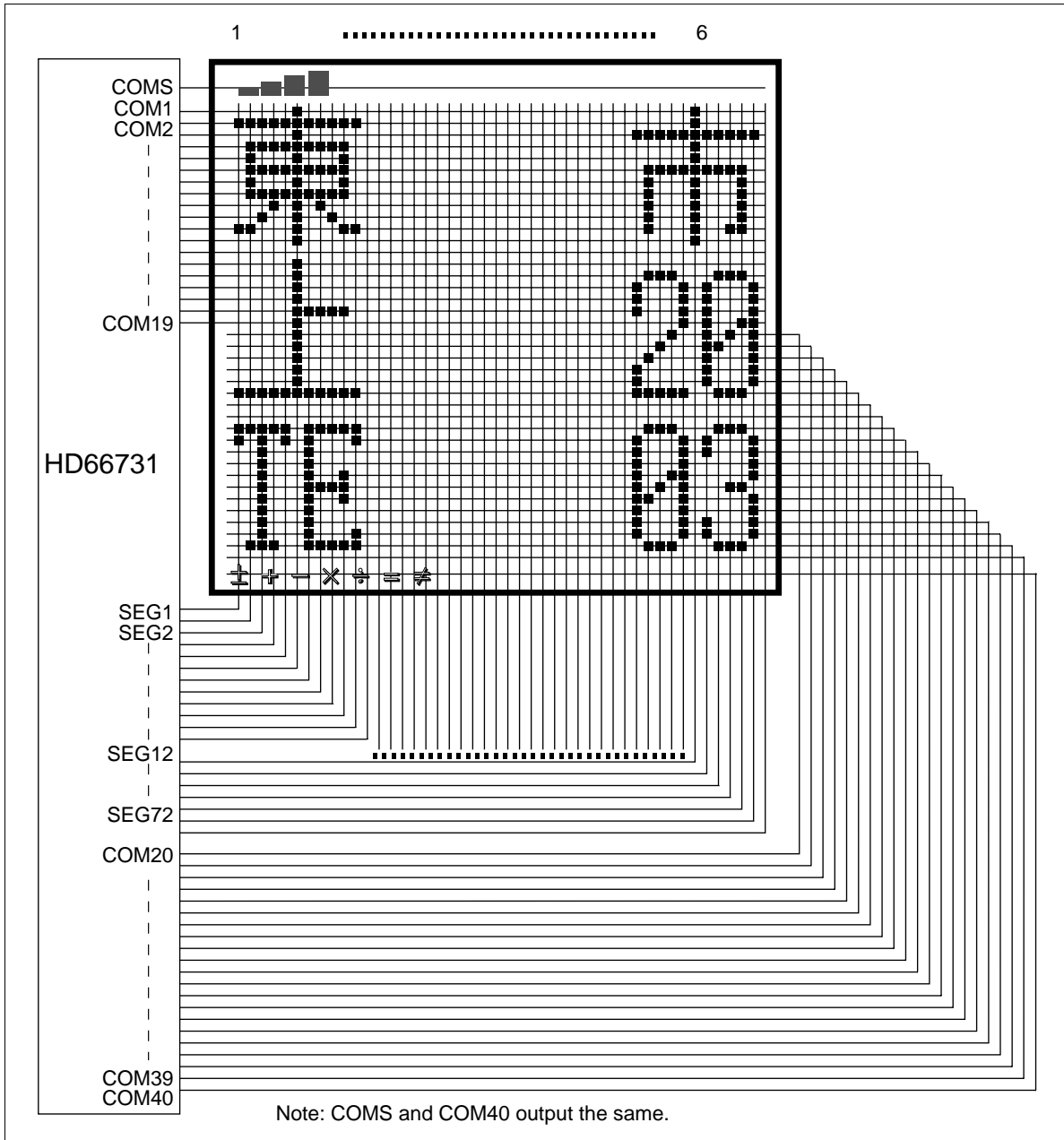
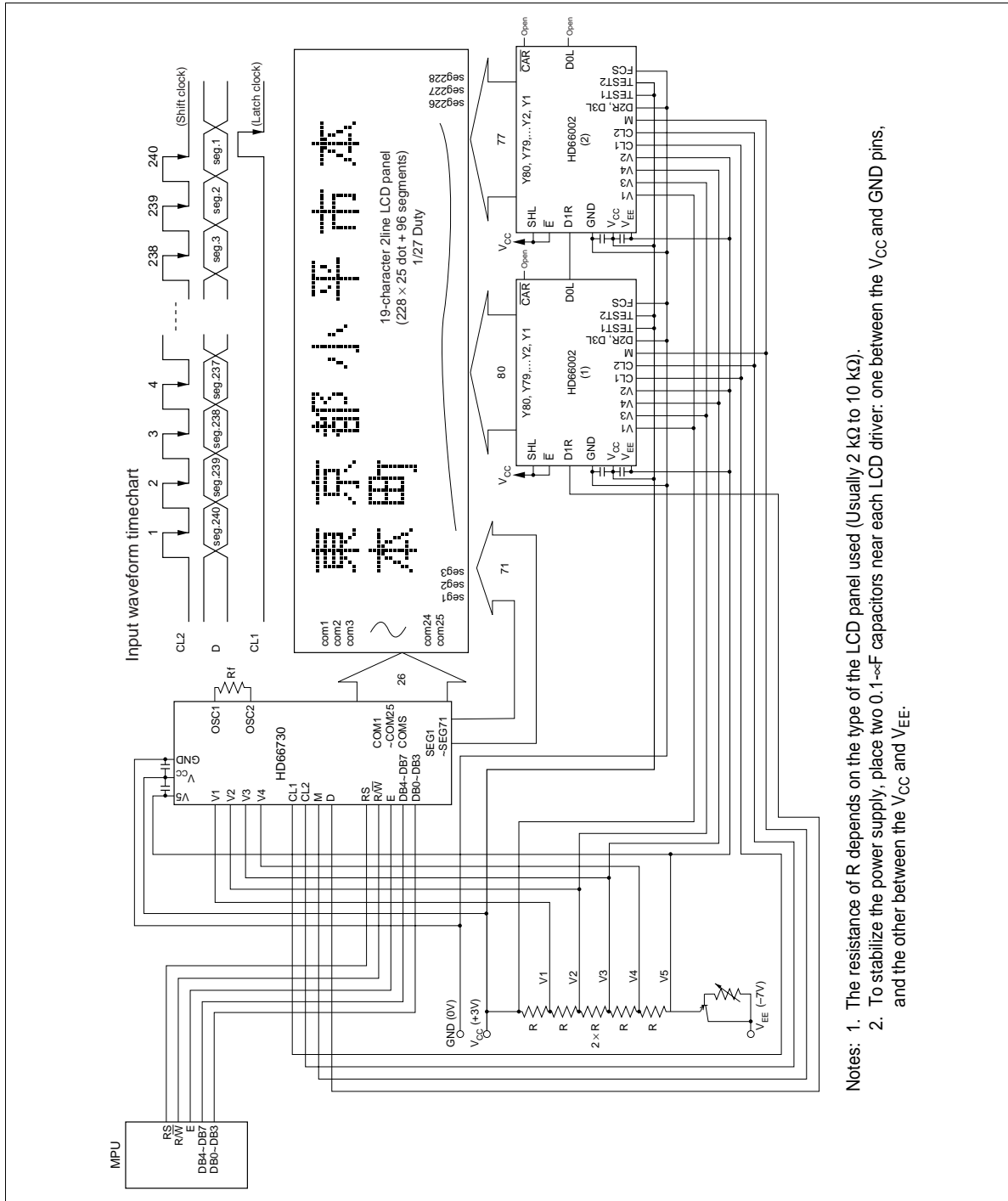


Figure 39 Example of 3-Line/6-Character + 72-Segment Display (Using 1/40 Duty)

Interfacing between HD66730 and HD66002



- Notes:
1. The resistance of R depends on the type of the LCD panel used (Usually 2 kΩ to 10 kΩ).
 2. To stabilize the power supply, place two 0.1-μF capacitors near each LCD driver: one between the V_{CC} and GND pins, and the other between the V_{CC} and V_{EE}.

Figure 40 Example of Display Extension Circuit

Oscillator

Figure 41 shows the optimal value of the oscillation frequency or the external clock frequency depends on the duty drive ratio setting (DT1/0), number of display lines (NL1/0), and the number of display characters (NC1/0) in the HD66730/1. The oscillation frequency or the external clock frequency must be adjusted according to the frame frequency of the liquid crystal drive.

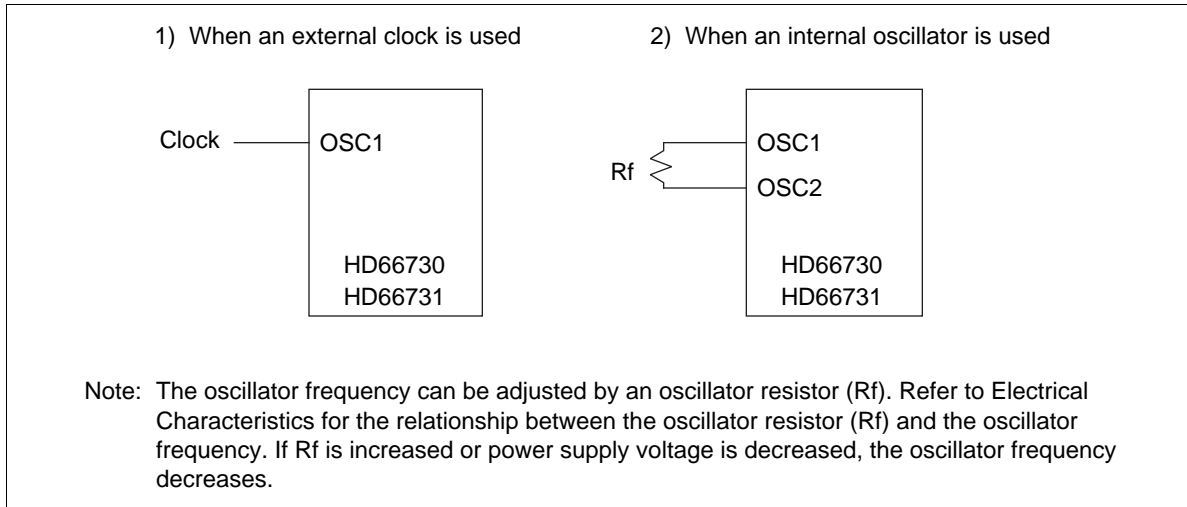


Figure 41 Oscillator Connections

Relationship between the Oscillation Frequency and the Liquid Crystal Display Frame Frequency

Figures 42 to 45 and Tables 24 to 27 show the oscillation frequency and the external clock frequency for various register settings when the frame frequency is 80 Hz.

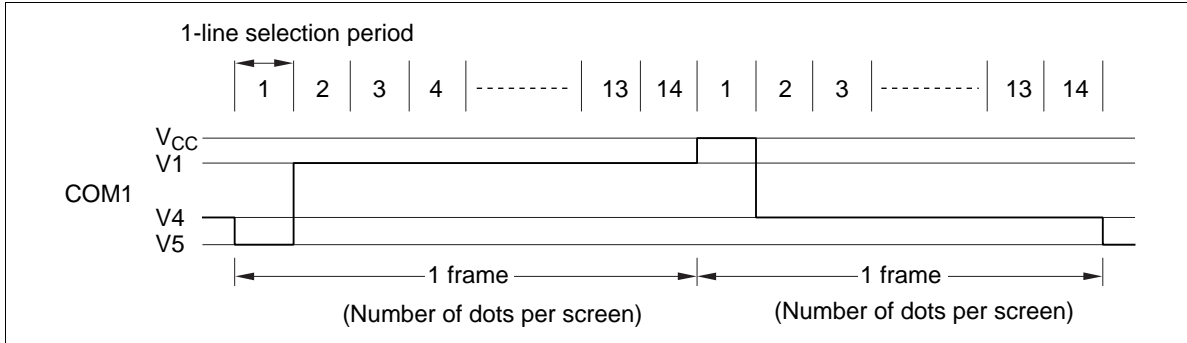


Figure 42 Frame Frequency (1/14 Duty Cycle)

HD66730/HD66731

Table 24 1/14 Duty Drive

Number of Display Lines: (NL1/0 Set Value):	1-Line Display (00)		
	Number of display characters	6 characters	20 characters
(NC1/0 set value)	(00)	(01)	(11)
1-line selection period (dot)	72 dots	240 dots	480 dots
Number of dots per screen (dot)	1008 dots	3360 dots	6720 dots
Oscillation frequency (kHz)*	70	235	475

Number of Display Lines: (NL1/0 Set Value):	2-line Display (01)		
	Number of display characters	6 characters	20 characters
(NC1/0 set value)	(00)	(01)	(11)
1-line selection period (dot)	72 dots	120 dots	240 dots
Number of dots per screen (dot)	1008 dots	1680 dots	3360 dots
Oscillation frequency (kHz)*	70	120	235

Number of Display Lines: (NL1/0 Set Value):	4-Line Display (11)	
	Number of display characters	6 characters
(NC1/0 set value)	(00)	(01)
1-line selection period (dot)	72 dots	120 dots
Number of dots per screen (dot)	1008 dots	1680 dots
Oscillation frequency (kHz)*	70	120

Note: * The frequencies in Table 23 are examples when the frame frequency is set to 70 Hz. Adjust the oscillation frequency so that a optimum frame frequency can be obtained.

1/27 Duty Cycle (DT1/0 = 01: 2-Line Drive)

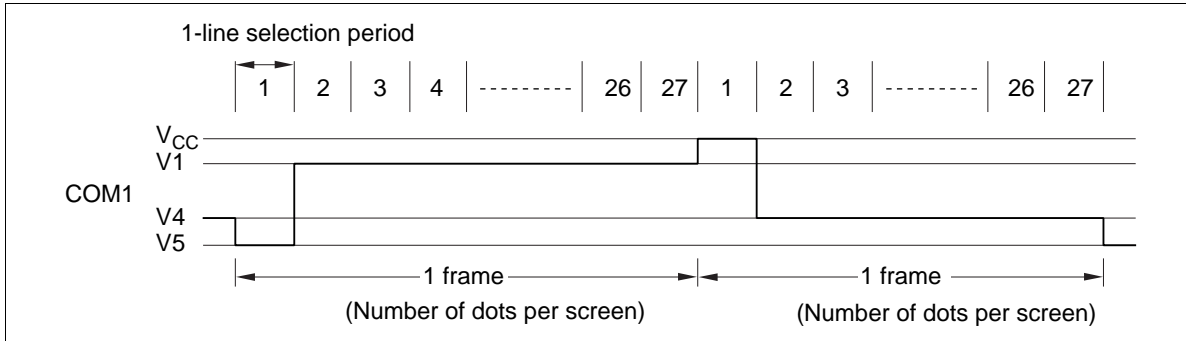


Figure 43 Frame Frequency (1/27 Duty Cycle)

Table 25 1/27 Duty Drive

Number of Display Lines: (NL1/0 Set Value):	2-Line Display (01)		
Number of display characters	6 characters	10 characters	20 characters
(NC1/0 set value)	(00)	(01)	(11)
1-line selection period (dot)	72 dots	120 dots	240 dots
Number of dots per screen (dot)	1944 dots	3240 dots	6480 dots
Oscillation frequency (kHz)*	135	225	475

Number of Display Lines: (NL1/0 Set Value):	4-Line Display (11)	
Number of display characters	6 characters	10 characters
(NC1/0 set value)	(00)	(01)
1-line selection period (dot)	72 dots	120 dots
Number of dots per screen (dot)	1944 dots	3240 dots
Oscillation frequency (kHz)*	135	225

Note: * The frequencies in Table 24 are examples when the frame frequency is set to 70 Hz. Adjust the oscillation frequency so that an optimum frame frequency can be obtained.

HD66730/HD66731

1/40 Duty Cycle (DT1/0 = 10: 3-Line Drive)

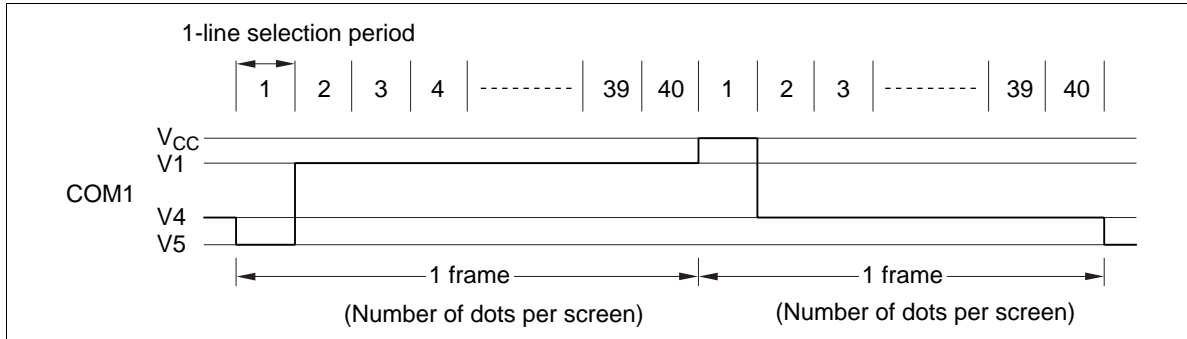


Figure 44 Frame Frequency (1/40 Duty Cycle)

Table 26 1/40 Duty Drive

Number of Display Lines: (NL1/0 set value):	4-Line Display (11)	
Number of display characters	6 characters	10 characters
(NC1/0 set value)	(00)	(01)
1-line selection period (dot)	72 dots	120 dots
Number of dots per screen (dot)	2880 dots	4800 dots
Oscillation frequency (kHz)*	200	335

Note: * The frequencies in Table 25 are examples when the frame frequency is set to 70 Hz. Adjust the oscillation frequency so that an optimum frame frequency can be obtained.

1/53 Duty Cycle (DT1/0 = 11: 4-Line Drive)

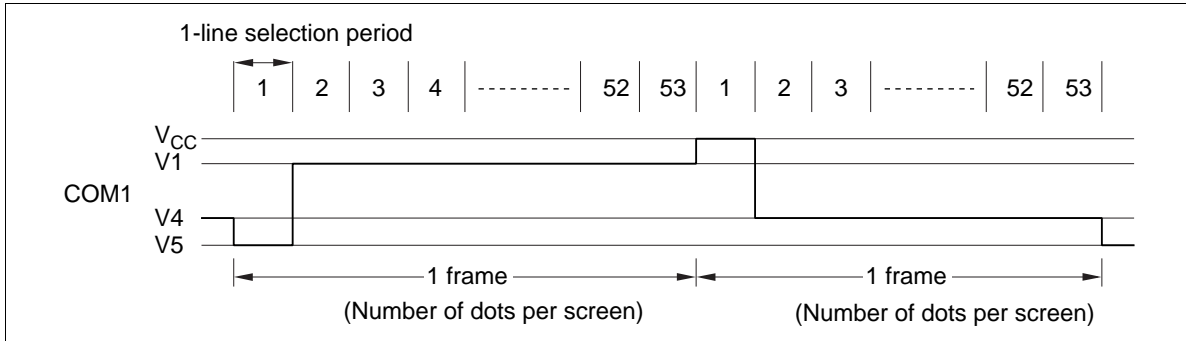


Figure 45 Frame Frequency (1/53 Duty Cycle)

Table 27 1/53 Duty Drive

Number of Display Lines: (NL1/0 Setting Value):	4-line Display (11)	
	(00)	(01)
Number of display characters	6 characters	10 characters
(NC1/0 setting value)	(00)	(01)
1-line selection period (dot)	72 dots	120 dots
Number of dots per screen (dot)	3816 dots	6360 dots
Oscillation frequency (kHz)*	265	445

Note: * The frequencies in Table 26 are examples when the frame frequency is to 80 Hz. Adjust the oscillation frequency so that an optimum frame frequency can be obtained.

HD66730/HD66731

Power Supply for Liquid Crystal Display Drive

The HD66730/1 incorporates a booster for raising the LCD voltage two or three times that of the reference voltage input below V_{CC} (Figure 48). A two or three times boosted voltage can be obtained by externally attaching two or three 1- μ F capacitors.

If the LCD panel is large and needs a large amount of drive current, the values of bleeder resistors that generate the V1 to V5 potential are made smaller. However, the load current in the booster and the voltage drop increases in this case.

We recommend setting the resistance value of each bleeder larger than 4.7 k Ω and to hold down the DC load current to 0.4 mA if using a booster circuit. An external power supply should supply LCD voltage if the DC load current exceeds 0.7 mA (Figure 49). Refer to Electrical Characteristics showing the relationship between the load current and booster voltage output. Table 27 shows the duty factor and bleeder resistor value for power supply for liquid crystal display drive.

Table 28 Duty Factor and Bleeder Resistor Value for Power Supply for Liquid Crystal Display Drive

Item	Data			
	1	2	3	4
Drive lines (DT1/0 setting value)	1	2	3	4
Duty factor	1/14	1/27	1/40	1/53
Bias	1/4.7	1/6.2	1/7.3	1/8.3
Bleeder resistance value	R1	R	R	R
	R0	R*0.7	R*2.2	R*3.3

Note: * R changes depending on the size of a liquid crystal panel. Normally, R must be 4.7 k Ω to 20 k Ω . Adjust R to the optimum value with the consumption current and display picture quality.

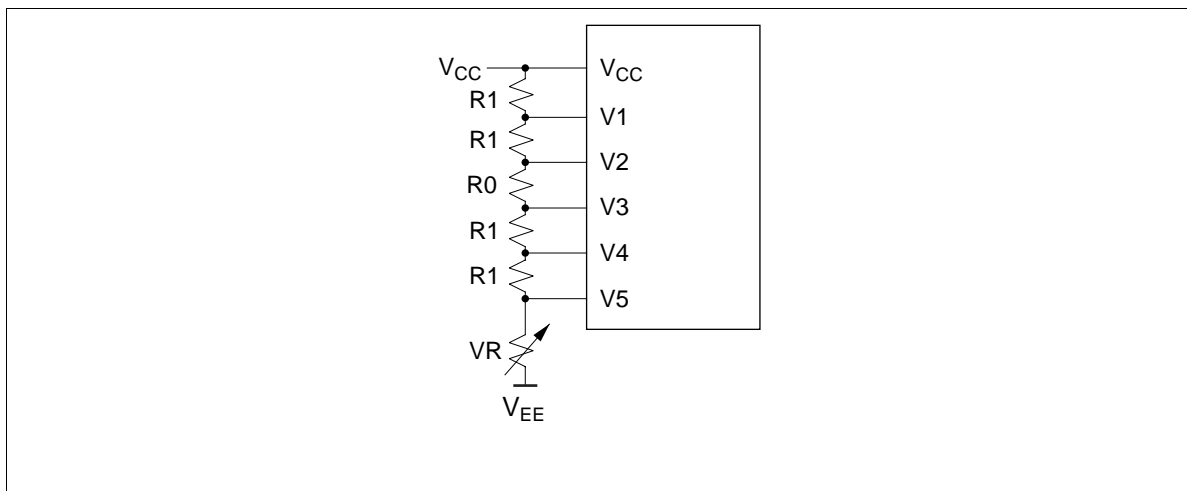


Figure 46 Example of Power Supply for Liquid Crystal Display Drive (with External Power Supply)

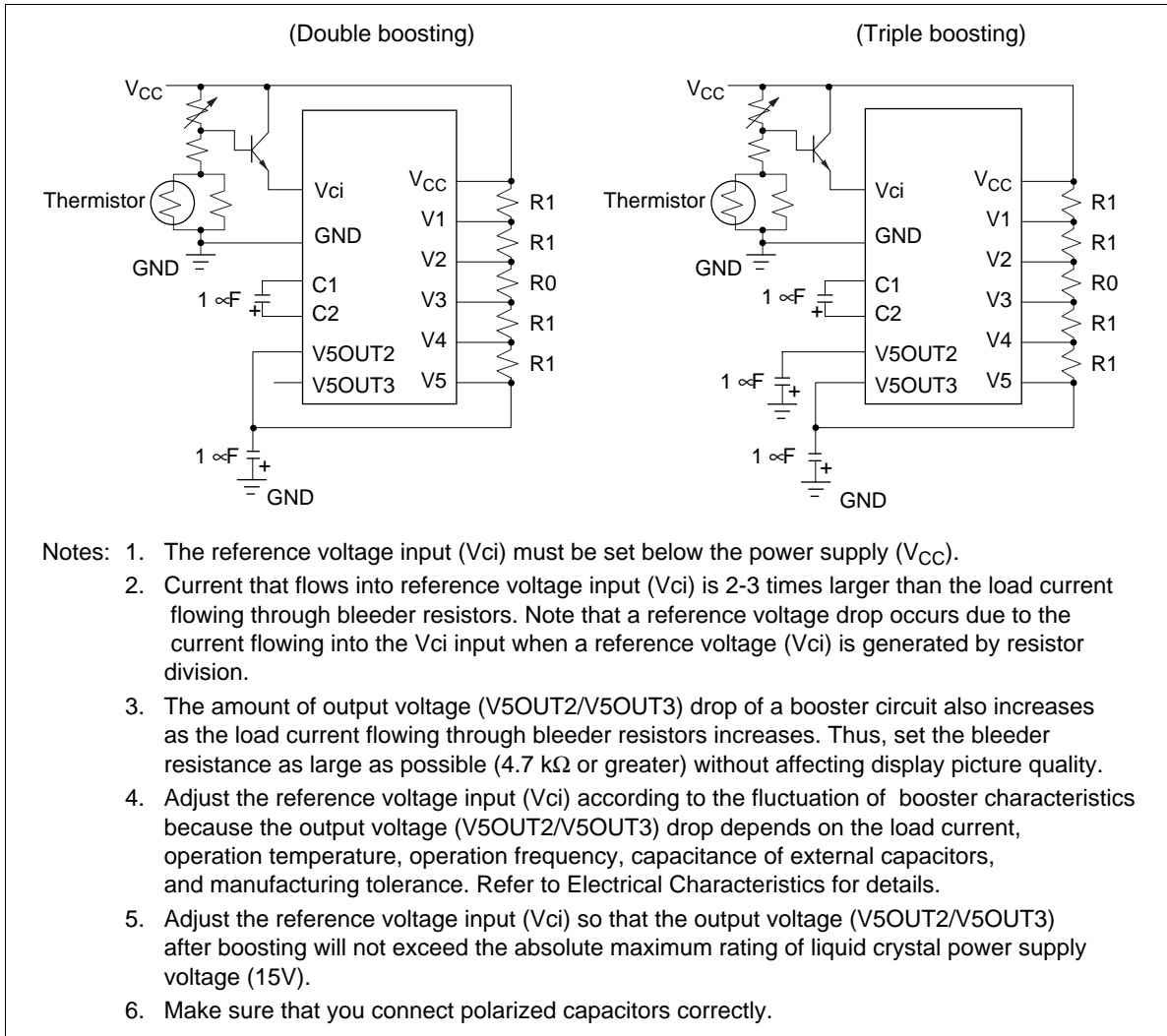


Figure 47 Example of Power Supply for Liquid Crystal Display Drive (with Internal Booster)

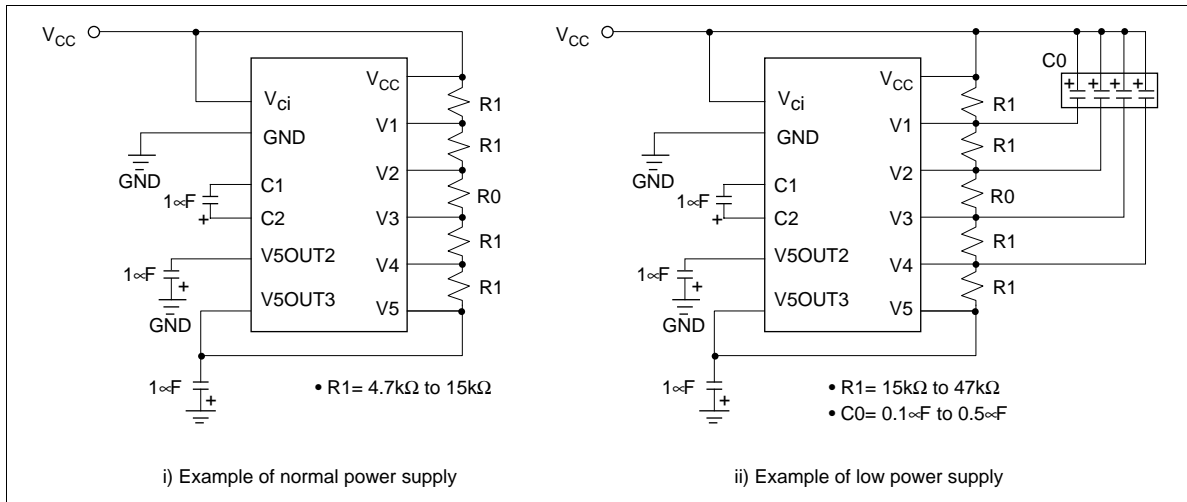


Figure 48 Example of Power Supply for Low Power Consumption

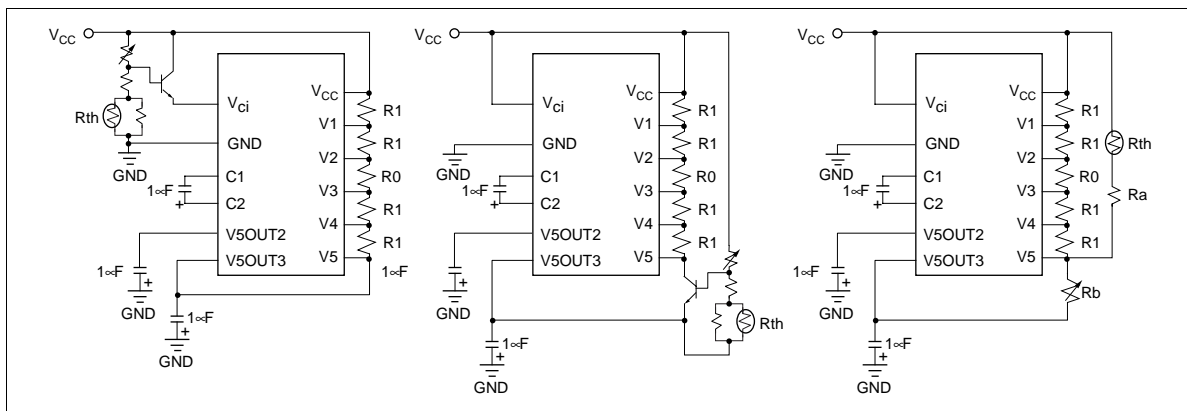


Figure 49 Example of Temperature Compensation Circuit

Absolute Maximum Ratings (HD66730)*

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit	Notes
Power supply voltage (1)	V_{CC}	-0.3 to +7.0	V	1
Power supply voltage (2)	$V_{CC}-V_5$	-0.3 to +17.0	V	1, 2
Input voltage	V_t	-0.3 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	1
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	-30 to +75	°C	
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55 to +125	°C	4

Note: * If the LSI is used above these absolute maximum ratings, it may become permanently damaged. Using the LSI within the following electrical characteristic limits is strongly recommended for normal operation. If these electrical characteristic conditions are also exceeded, the LSI will malfunction and cause poor reliability.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (HD66731)*

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit	Notes
Power supply voltage (1)	V_{CC}	-0.3 to +7.0	V	1
Power supply voltage (2)	$V_{CC}-V_5$	-0.3 to +17.0	V	1, 2
Input voltage	V_t	-0.3 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	1
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	-40 to +85	°C	
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55 to +110	°C	4

Note: * If the LSI is used above these absolute maximum ratings, it may become permanently damaged. Using the LSI within the following electrical characteristic limits is strongly recommended for normal operation. If these electrical characteristic conditions are also exceeded, the LSI will malfunction and cause poor reliability.

HD66730/HD66731

DC Characteristics ($V_{CC} = 2.4 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$, $T_a = -30 \text{ to } +75^\circ\text{C}^{*3}$)

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition	Notes
Input high voltage (1) (except OSC1)	VIH1	$0.7V_{CC}$	—	V_{CC}	V		5, 6
Input low voltage (1) (except OSC1)	VIL1	-0.3	—	$0.2V_{CC}$	V	$V_{CC} = 2.4 \text{ to } 3.0\text{V}$	5, 6
		-0.3	—	0.6	V	$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ to } 4.5\text{V}$	
Input high voltage (2) (OSC1)	VIH2	$0.7V_{CC}$	—	V_{CC}	V		15
Input low voltage (2) (OSC1)	VIL2	—	—	$0.2V_{CC}$	V		15
Output high voltage (1) (D0–D7)	VOH1	$0.75V_{CC}$	—	—	V	$-I_{OH} = 0.1 \text{ mA}$	7
Output low voltage (1) (D0–D7)	VOL1	—	—	$0.2V_{CC}$	V	$I_{OL} = 0.1 \text{ mA}$	7
Output high voltage (2) (except D0–D7)	VOH2	$0.8V_{CC}$	—	—	V	$-I_{OH} = 0.04 \text{ mA}$	8
Output low voltage (2) (except D0–D7)	VOL2	—	—	$0.2V_{CC}$	V	$I_{OL} = 0.04 \text{ mA}$	8
Driver ON resistance (COM)	R_{COM}	—	2	20	$k\Omega$	$\pm I_d = 0.05 \text{ mA}$, VLCD = 4V	13
Driver ON resistance (SEG)	R_{SEG}	—	2	30	$k\Omega$	$\pm I_d = 0.05 \text{ mA}$, VLCD = 4V	13
I/O leakage current	I_{LI}	-1	—	1	μA	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC}$	9
Pull-up MOS current (RESET* pin)	$-I_p$	5	50	120	μA	$V_{CC} = 3\text{V}$ $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$	
Power supply current	I_{CC1}	—	150	300	μA	R_f oscillation, external clock $V_{CC} = 3\text{V}$, $f_{OSC} = 215 \text{ kHz}$	10, 14
	I_{CC2}	—	25	—	μA	Sleep mode $V_{CC} = 3\text{V}$ $f_{OSC} = 215 \text{ kHz}$	
LCD voltage	VLCD	3.0	—	15.0	V	$V_{CC}-V_5$	16

Booster Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition	Notes*
Output voltage (V5OUT2 pin)	VUP2	8.2	8.9	—	V	$V_{CC} = V_{Ci} = 4.5V$, $I_o = 0.25\text{ mA}$, $C = 1\ \mu\text{F}$, $f_{OSC} = 215\text{ kHz}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	18
Output voltage (V5OUT3 pin)	VUP3	7.2	7.8	—	V	$V_{CC} = V_{Ci} = 2.7V$, $I_o = 0.25\text{ mA}$, $C = 1\ \mu\text{F}$, $f_{OSC} = 215\text{ kHz}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	18
Input voltage	V _{Ci}	1.0	—	5.0	V	$V_{Ci} \leq V_{CC}$	18, 19

AC Characteristics ($V_{CC} = 2.4V$ to $5.5V$, $T_a = -30$ to $+75^\circ\text{C}^{*3}$)
Clock Characteristics ($V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ to 5.5 V , $T_a = -30$ to $+75^\circ\text{C}^{*3}$)

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition	Notes*	
External clock operation	External clock frequency	f_{cp}	80	215	350	kHz	$V_{CC} = 2.4$ to $2.7V$	11
			80	215	550	kHz	$V_{CC} = 2.7$ to $5.5V$	
	External clock duty	Duty	45	50	55	%		
	External clock rise time	t_{rtp}	—	—	0.2	μs		
	External clock fall time	t_{rtp}	—	—	0.2	μs		
R _f oscillation	Clock oscillation frequency (HD66730)	f_{OSC}	110	150	200	kHz	$R_f = 150\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{CC} = 3V$	12
	Clock oscillation frequency (HD66731)	f_{OSC}	150	215	275	kHz	$R_f = 91\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{CC} = 3V$	12

HD66730/HD66731

System Interface Timing Characteristics (1) ($V_{CC} = 2.4V$ to $4.5V$, $T_a = -30$ to $+75^{\circ}C^{*3}$)

Bus Write Operation

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Enable cycle time	t_{CYCE}	500	—	—	ns	Figure 50
Enable pulse width (high level)	PW_{EH}	250	—	—		$V_{CC} = 2.4$ to $3.0V$
		150	—	—		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ to $4.5V$
Enable rise/fall time	t_{Er}, t_{Ef}	—	—	20		Figure 50
Address set-up time (RS, R/W to E)	t_{AS}	80	—	—		
Address hold time	t_{AH}	20	—	—		
Data set-up time	t_{DSW}	140	—	—		
Data hold time	t_H	30	—	—		

Bus Read Operation

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Enable cycle time	t_{CYCE}	1000	—	—	ns	Figure 51
Enable pulse width (high level)	PW_{EH}	450	—	—		
Enable rise/fall time	t_{Er}, t_{Ef}	—	—	25		
Address set-up time (RS, R/W to E)	t_{AS}	60	—	—		
Address hold time	t_{AH}	20	—	—		
Data delay time	t_{DDR}	—	—	360		
Data hold time	t_{DHR}	5	—	—		

Serial Interface Operation

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Serial clock cycle time	t_{SCYC}	1	—	20	μs	Figure 52
Serial clock (high level width)	t_{SCH}	400	—	—	ns	
Serial clock (low level width)	t_{SCL}	400	—	—		
Serial clock rise/fall time	t_{scr}, t_{scf}	—	—	50		
Chip select set-up time	t_{CSU}	60	—	—		
Chip select hold time	t_{CH}	200	—	—		
Serial input data set-up time	t_{SISU}	200	—	—		
Serial input data hold time	t_{SIH}	200	—	—		
Serial output data delay time	t_{SOD}	—	—	360		
Serial output data hold time	t_{SOH}	5	—	—		

**System Interface Timing Characteristics (2) ($V_{CC} = 4.5V$ to $5.5V$,
 $T_a = -30$ to $+75^{\circ}C^{*3}$)**
Bus Write Operation

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Enable cycle time	t_{CYCE}	500	—	—	ns	Figure 50
Enable pulse width (high level)	PW_{EH}	150	—	—		
Enable rise/fall time	t_{Er} , t_{Ef}	—	—	20		
Address set-up time (RS, R/W to E)	t_{AS}	40	—	—		
Address hold time	t_{AH}	30	—	—		
Data set-up time	t_{DSW}	80	—	—		
Data hold time	t_H	30	—	—		

Bus Read Operation

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Enable cycle time	t_{CYCE}	500	—	—	ns	Figure 51
Enable pulse width (high level)	PW_{EH}	230	—	—		
Enable rise/fall time	t_{Er} , t_{Ef}	—	—	20		
Address set-up time (RS, R/W to E)	t_{AS}	40	—	—		
Address hold time	t_{AH}	30	—	—		
Data delay time	t_{DDR}	—	—	160		
Data hold time	t_{DHR}	5	—	—		

Serial Interface Sequence

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Serial clock cycle time	t_{SCYC}	0.5	—	20	μs	Figure 52
Serial clock (high level width)	t_{SCH}	200	—	—	ns	
Serial clock (low level width)	t_{SCL}	200	—	—		
Serial clock rise/fall time	t_{scr} , t_{scf}	—	—	50		
Chip select set-up time	t_{CSU}	60	—	—		
Chip select hold time	t_{CH}	100	—	—		
Serial input data set-up time	t_{SISU}	100	—	—		
Serial input data hold time	t_{SIH}	100	—	—		
Serial output data delay time	t_{SOD}	—	—	160		
Serial output data hold time	t_{SOH}	5	—	—		

HD66730/HD66731

HD66730 Segment Extension Signal Timing Characteristics ($V_{CC} = 2.4V$ to $5.5V$, $T_a = -30$ to $+75^{\circ}C^{*3}$)

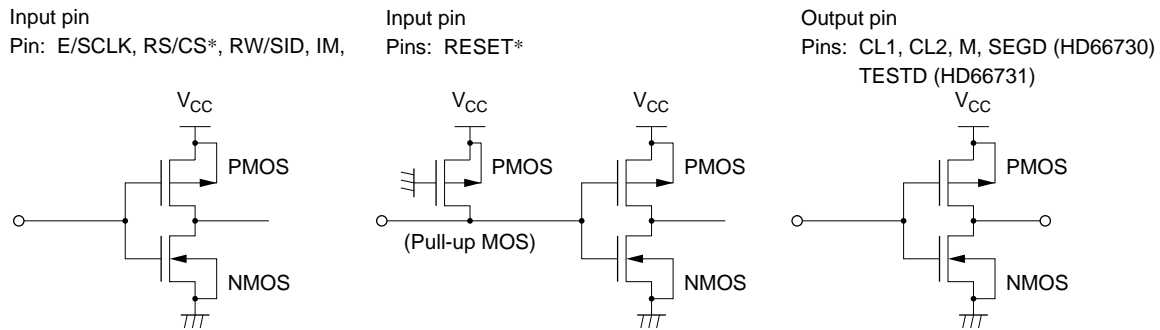
Item		Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Clock pulse width	High level	t_{CWH}	800	—	—	ns	Figure 53
	Low level	t_{CWL}	800	—	—		
Clock set-up time		t_{CSU}	500	—	—		
Data set-up time		t_{SU}	300	—	—		
Data hold time		t_{DH}	300	—	—		
M delay time		t_{DM}	-1000	—	1000		
COMD set-up time		t_{DSU}	300				
Clock rise/fall time	COMD	t_{cl1}	—	—	700		
	Pins except COMD	t_{cl2}	—	—	200		

Reset Timing Characteristics ($V_{CC} = 2.4V$ to $5.5V$, $T_a = -30$ to $+75^{\circ}C^{*3}$)

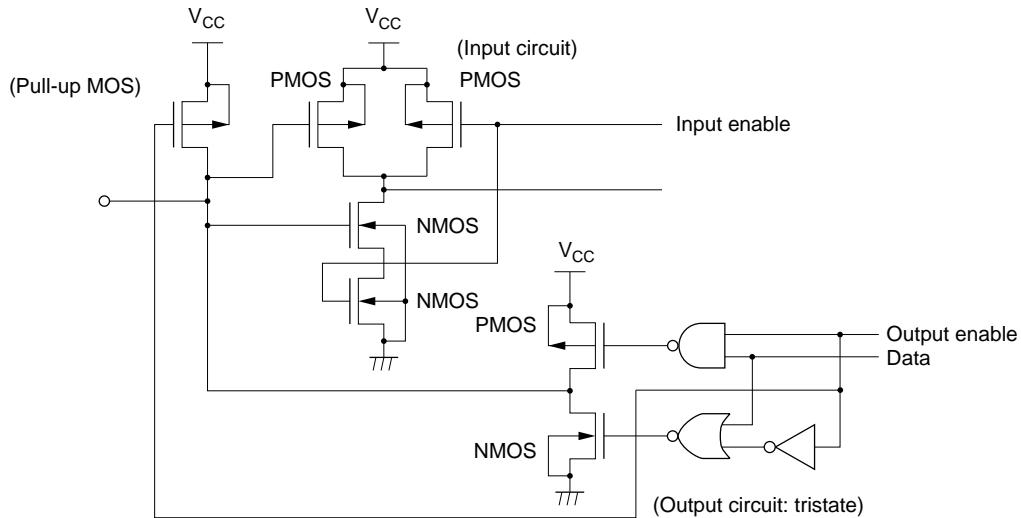
Item		Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Reset low-level width		t_{RES}	10	—	—	ms	Figure 54

Electrical Characteristics Notes

1. All voltage values are referred to GND = 0V. If the LSI is used above the absolute maximum ratings, it may become permanently damaged. Using the LSI within the electrical characteristic is strongly recommended to ensure normal operation. If these electrical characteristic are exceeded, the LSI may malfunction or exhibit poor reliability.
2. $V_{CC} \geq V_5$ must be maintained. When the COM25/COMD pin is used as a extention driver interface signal (COMD), $GND \geq V_5$ must be maintained.
3. For die products, specified at 75°C.
4. For die products, specified by the die shipment specification.
5. The following four circuits are I/O pin configurations except for liquid crystal display output.



I/O Pin
Pins: DB0/SOD to DB7

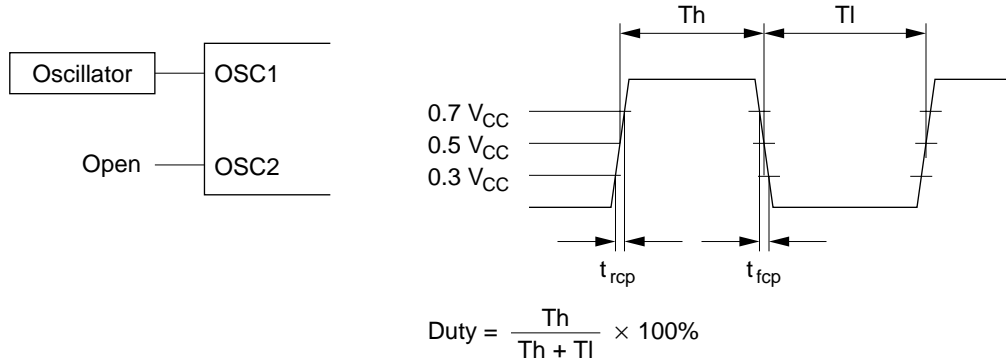


6. Applies to input pins and I/O pins, excluding the OSC1 pin.
7. Applies to I/O pins.
8. Applies to output pins of HD66730.
9. Current flowing through pull-up MOSs, excluding output drive MOSs.

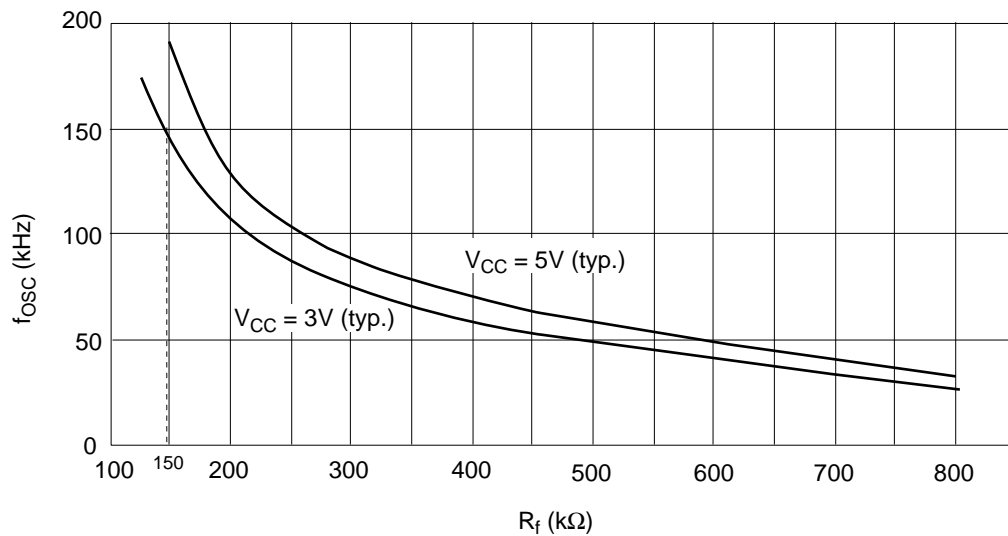
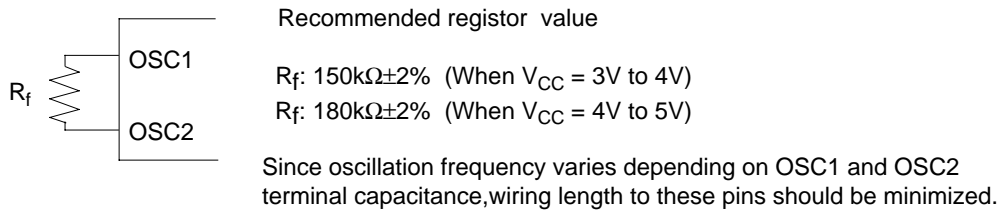
HD66730/HD66731

10. Input/output current is excluded. When input is at an intermediate level with CMOS, the excessive current flows through the input circuit to the power supply. To avoid this from happening, the input level must be fixed high or low.

11. Applies only to external clock operation.



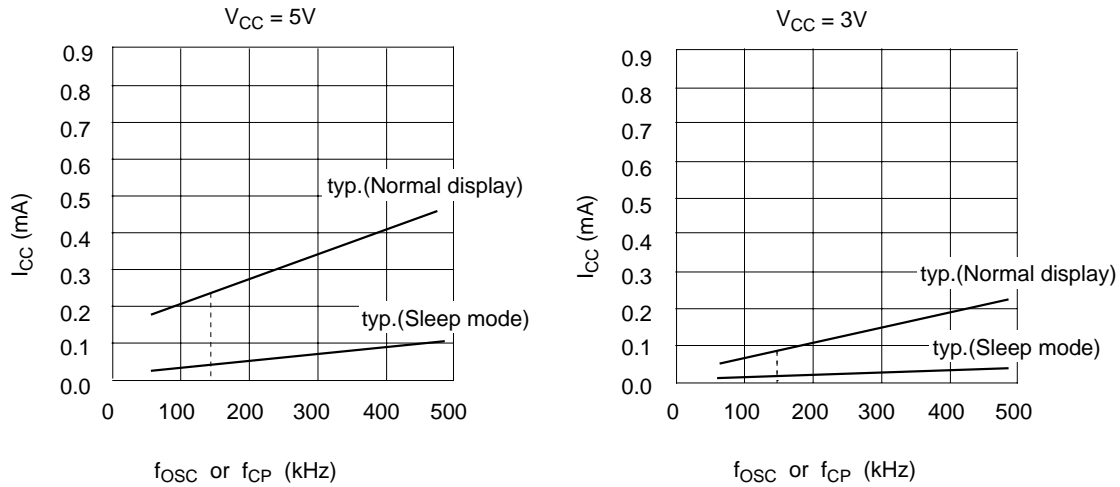
12. Applies only to the internal oscillator operation using oscillation resistor R_f .



13. RCOM is the resistance between the power supply pins (V_{CC} , V1, V4, V5) and each common signal pin (COM0 to COM25/COM53).

RSEG is the resistance between the power supply pins (V_{CC} , V2, V3, V5) and each segment signal pin (SEG1 to SEG71/SEG119).

14. The following graphs show the relationship between operation frequency and current consumption (referential data).

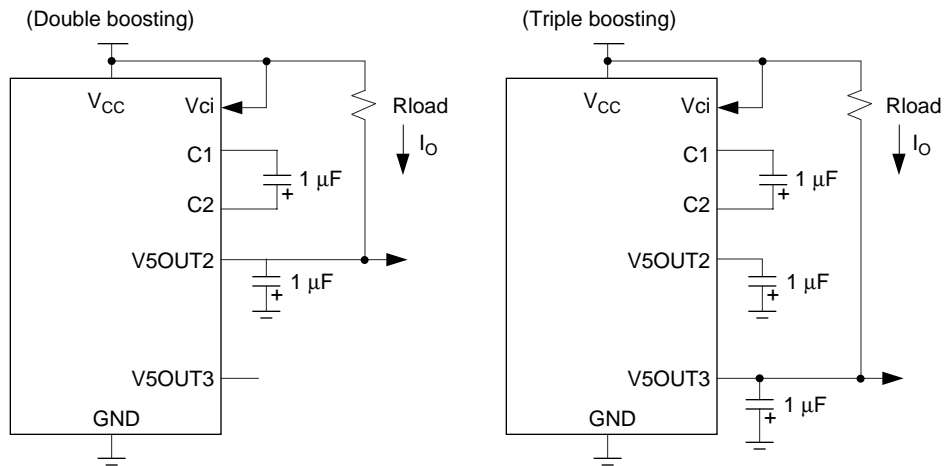


15. Applies to the OSC1 pin.

16. Each COM and SEG output voltage is within $\pm 0.15V$ of the LCD voltage (V_{CC} , V1, V2, V3, V4, V5) when there is no load.

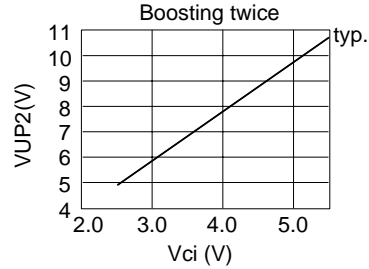
17. The TEST pin must be fixed to ground, and the IM pin must also be connected to V_{CC} or ground.

18. Booster characteristics test circuits are shown below.

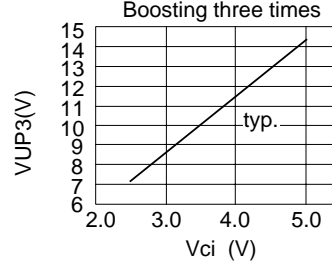


$$VUP2 = V_{CC} - V5OUT2 \quad VUP3 = V_{CC} - V5OUT3$$

(i) VUP2, VUP3 vs Vci

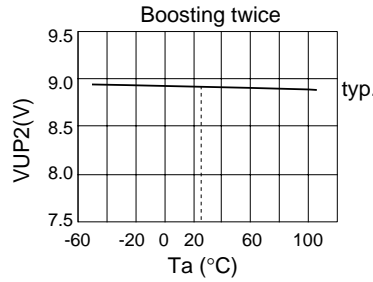


Test condition : Vci=V_{CC}, f_{cp}=140kHz, Ta=25°C

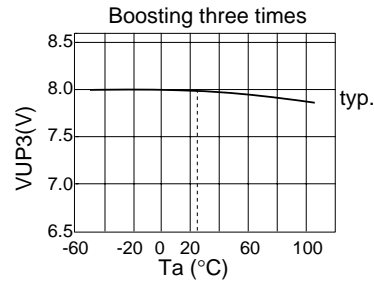


Test condition : Vci=V_{CC}, f_{cp}=140kHz, Ta=25°C

(ii) VUP2, VUP3 vs Ta

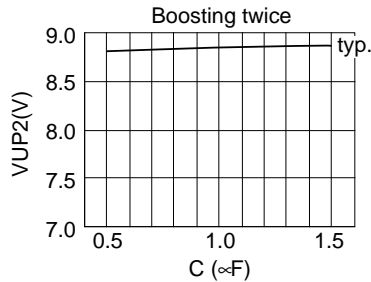


Test condition : Vci=V_{CC}=4.5V, R_f=180kΩ, I_o=0.1mA

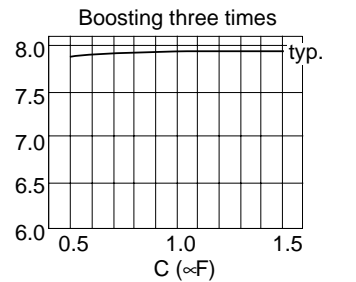


Test condition : Vci=V_{CC}=2.7V, R_f=150kΩ, I_o=0.1mA

(iii) VUP2, VUP3 vs Capacitance

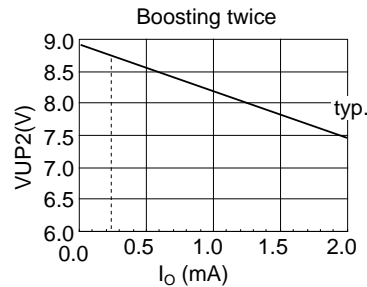


Test condition : Vci=V_{CC}=4.5V, R_f=180kΩ, I_o=0.1mA

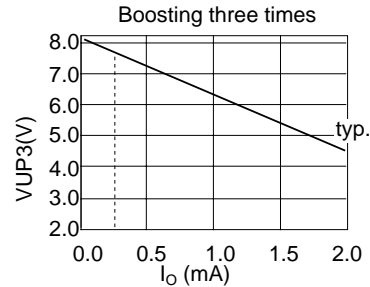


Test condition : Vci=V_{CC}=2.7V, R_f=150kΩ, I_o=0.1mA

(iv) VUP2, VUP3 vs I_o

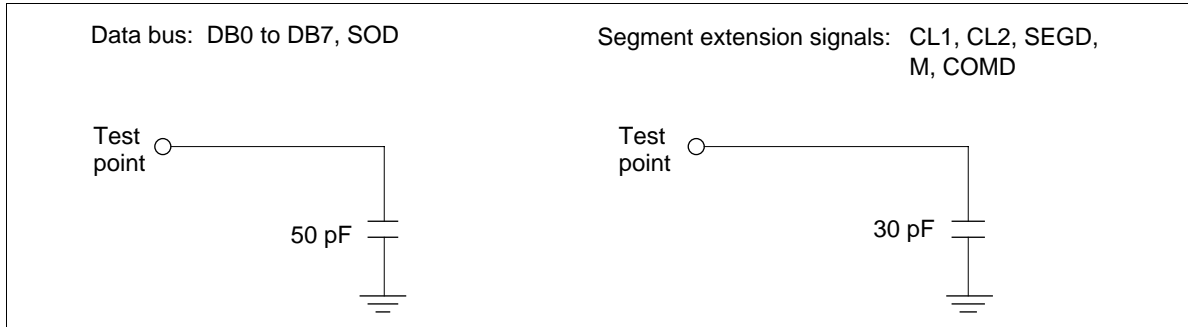


Test condition : Vci=V_{CC}=4.5V, R_f=180kΩ, Ta=25°C



Test condition : Vci=V_{CC}=2.7V, R_f=150kΩ, Ta=25°C

19. Vci ≤ V_{CC} must be maintained.

Load Circuits**AC Characteristics Test Load Circuits**

Timing Characteristics

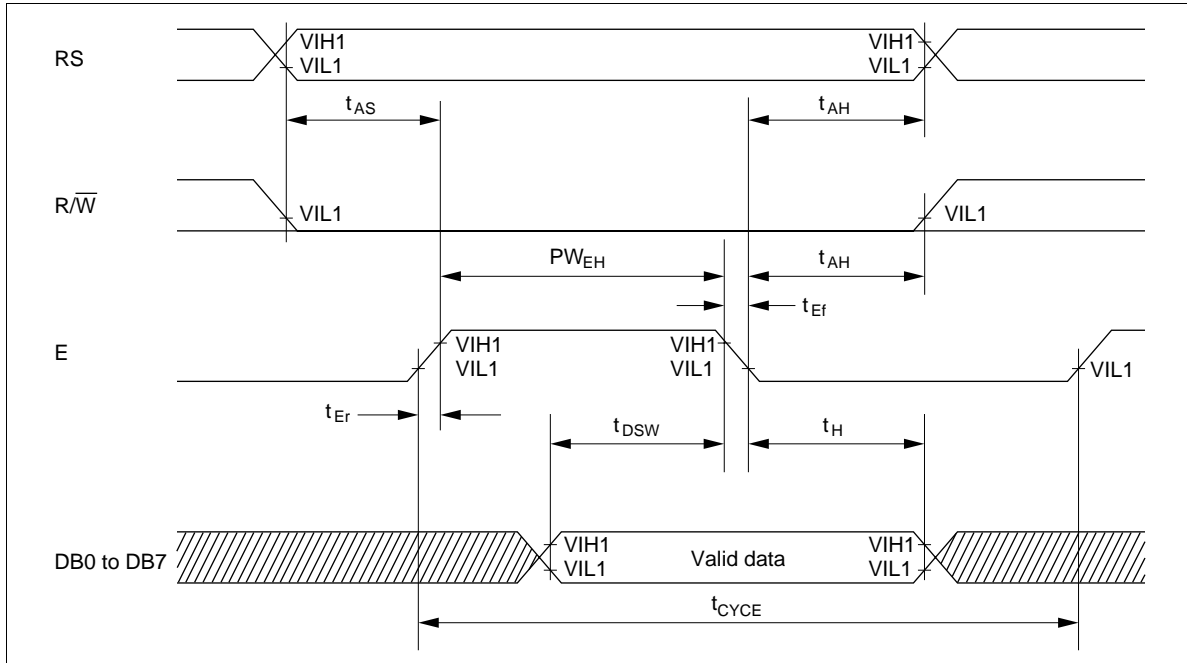


Figure 50 Bus Write Operation

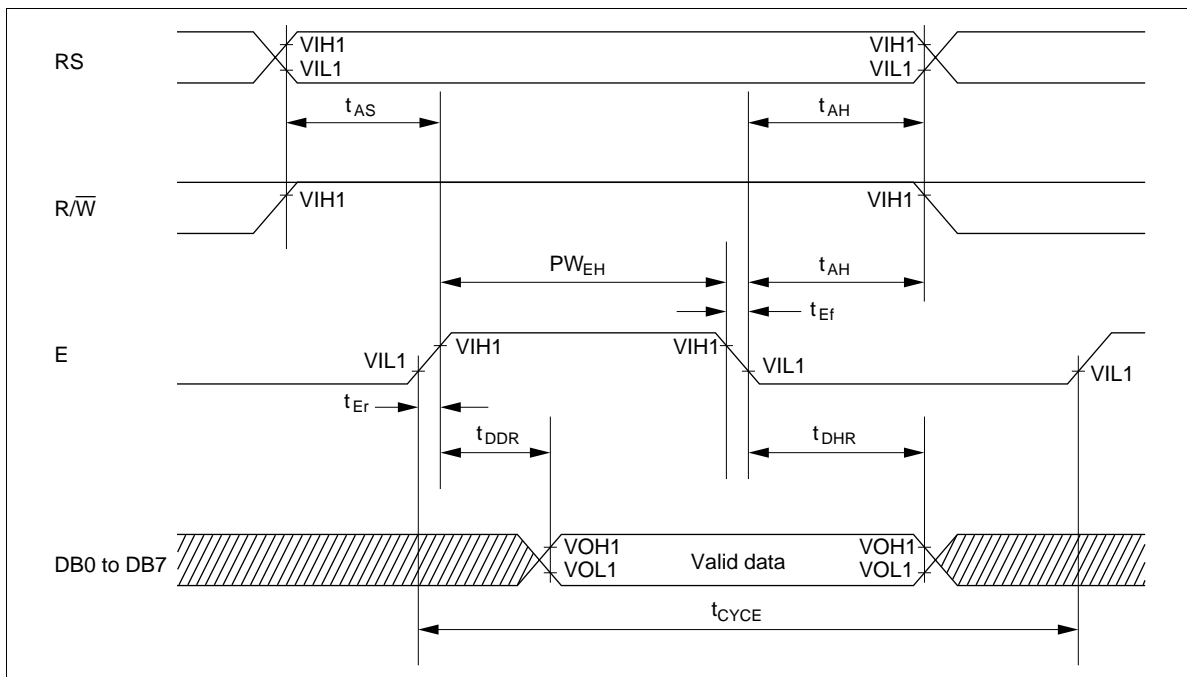


Figure 51 Bus Read Operation

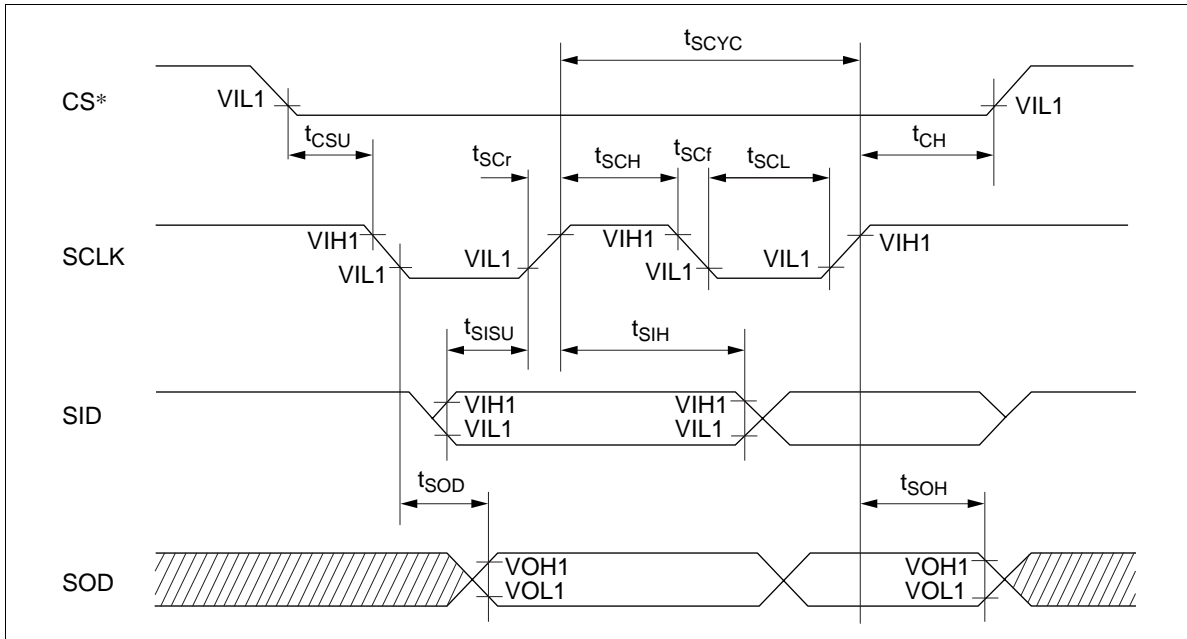


Figure 52 Serial Interface Timing

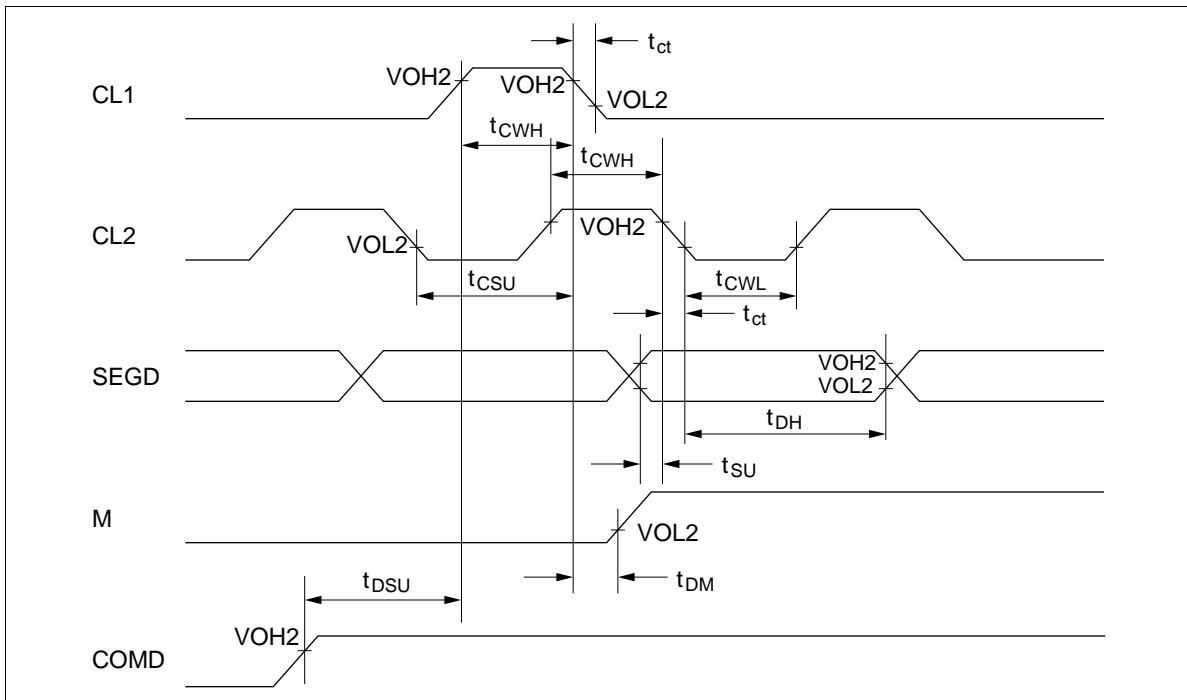


Figure 53 Interface Timing with Extension Driver

HD66730/HD66731

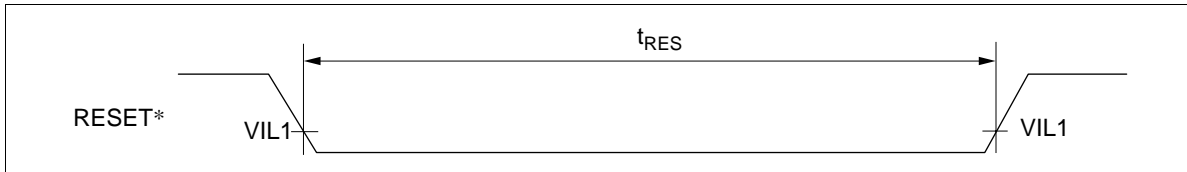


Figure 54 Reset Timing

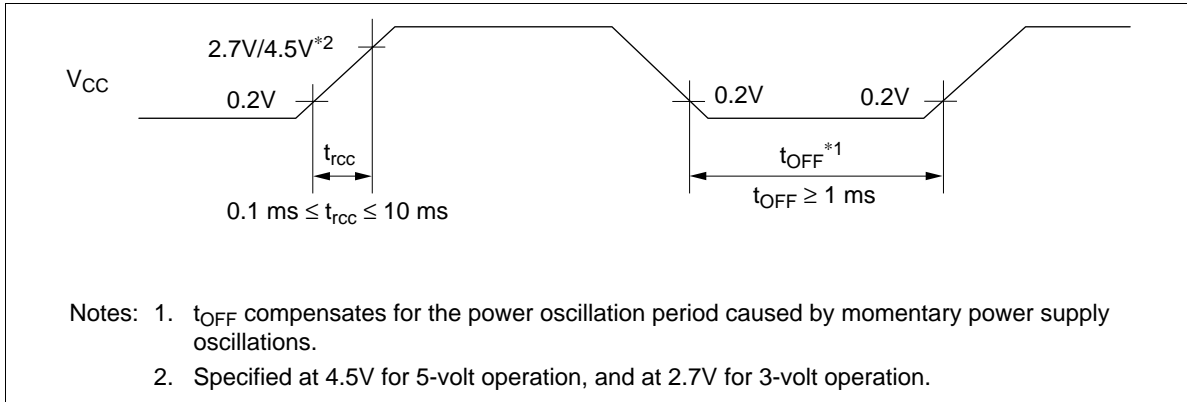


Figure 55 Power Supply Sequence