

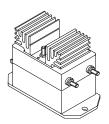
# Voltage Transducer LV 100-1600

For the electronic measurement of voltages: DC, AC, pulsed..., with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high voltage) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).





# $V_{PN} = 1600 V$



### **Electrical data**

$oldsymbol{V}_{PN} \ oldsymbol{V}_{P} \ oldsymbol{I}_{PN} \ oldsymbol{R}_{M}$	Primary nominal r.m.s. voltage Primary voltage, measuring range Primary nominal r.m.s. current Measuring resistance		1600 0 ± 2 6.25 <b>R</b> <sub>M min</sub>	400 <b>R</b> <sub>Mmax</sub>	V V mA
M	with ± 15 V	@ ± 1600 V max @ ± 2400 V max	0 0	170 90	$\Omega$
K <sub>N</sub> V <sub>C</sub> I <sub>C</sub> V <sub>d</sub>	Secondary nominal r.m.s. current Conversion ratio Supply voltage (± 5 %) Current consumption R.m.s. voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 mn		50 1600 V ± 15 10 + <b>I</b> <sub>s</sub> 6	/ / 50 m/	mA V mA kV

# **Accuracy - Dynamic performance data**

<b>X</b> <sub>G</sub> <b>e</b> <sub>L</sub>	Overall Accuracy @ $\mathbf{V}_{PN}$ , $\mathbf{T}_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ Linearity		± 0.7 < 0.1		% %
<b>I</b> <sub>о</sub>	Offset current @ $\mathbf{I}_{\rm p}$ = 0, $\mathbf{T}_{\rm A}$ = 25°C Thermal drift of $\mathbf{I}_{\rm O}$	0°C + 70°C	Typ ± 0.2	Max ± 0.2 ± 0.3	mA mA
t <sub>r</sub>	Response time @ 90 % of $\mathbf{V}_{_{\mathrm{P}\;\mathrm{max}}}$		130		μs

## General data

$\mathbf{T}_{A}$	Ambient operating temperature	0 + 70	°C
T <sub>s</sub>	Ambient storage temperature	- 25 + 85	°C
N	Turns ratio	16000 : 2000	
Р	Total primary power loss	10	W
$\mathbf{R}_{_{1}}$	Primary resistance @ <b>T</b> <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	256	$k\Omega$
R <sub>s</sub>	Secondary coil resistance @ T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C	60	Ω
m	Mass	850	g
	Standards 1)	EN 50178	

#### **Features**

- Closed loop (compensated) voltage transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- Primary resistor R<sub>1</sub> incorporated into the housing.

# **Advantages**

- Excellent accuracy
- · Very good linearity
- Low thermal drift
- High immunity to external interference.

### **Applications**

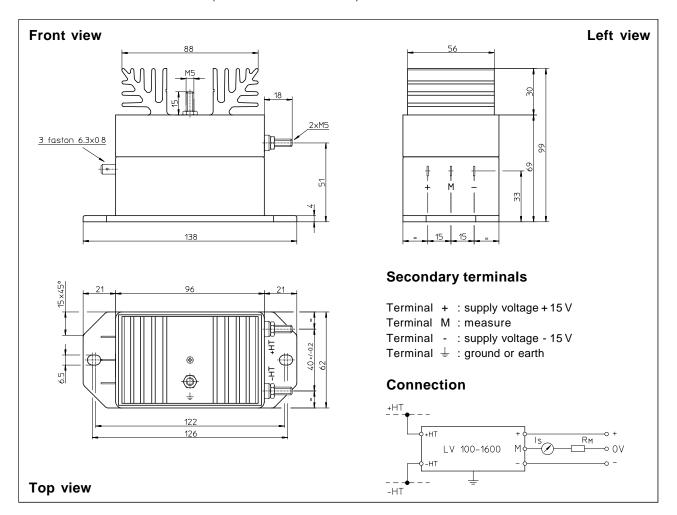
- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Note: 1) A list of corresponding tests is available

981030/3



# **Dimensions LV 100-1600** (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



#### Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance
- Fastening
- Connection of primary
- Connection of secondary
- Connection to the ground
- Fastening torque

± 0.3 mm 2 holes Ø 6.5 mm M5 threaded studs Faston 6.3 x 0.8 mm M5 threaded stud 2.2 Nm or 1.62 Lb. -Ft.

#### Remarks

- $I_s$  is positive when  $V_p$  is applied on terminal +HT.
- The primary circuit of the transducer must be linked to the connections where the voltage has to be measured.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.

LEM reserves the right to carry out modifications on its transducers, in order to improve them, without previous notice.