# SONY

# CXA1853Q

## **RGB Driver for LCD**

### For the availability of this product, please contact the sales offic

#### Description

The CXA1853Q is an RGB driver for LCD panels. It supports a line alternative RGB drive system.

#### Features

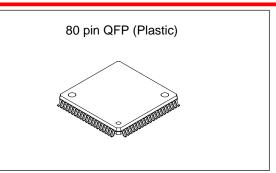
- Built-in RGB signal phase matching sample-andhold circuit
- Effective frequency response (18MHz Typ.)
- Built-in gain and breakpoint variable 2-point  $\gamma$ compensation circuit
- Built-in side black generation circuit for 4:3/16:9 aspect conversion
- Built-in VCOM voltage output circuit

#### Structure

Bipolar silicon monolithic IC

#### Applications

- Liquid crystal projectors
- · Liquid crystal viewfinders
- · Compact liquid crystal monitors



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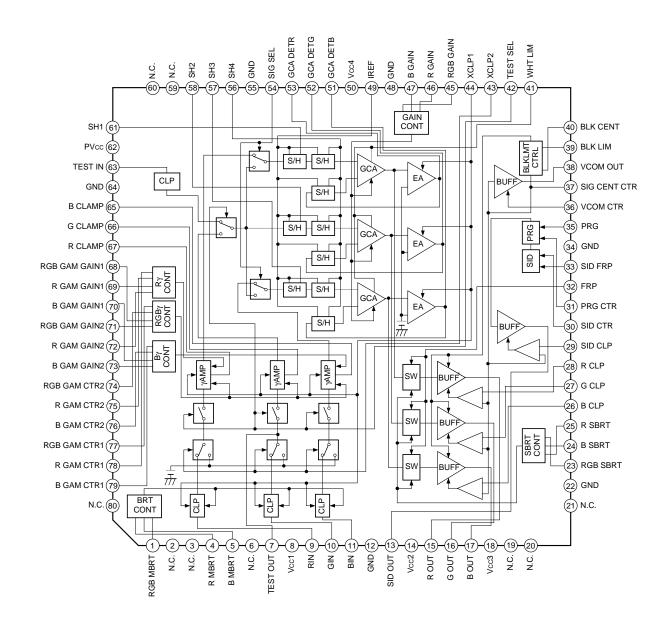
| Absolute Maximum Rat                            | ings (I | a = 25°C)    |    |  |  |  |  |
|---|---------|--------------|----|--|--|--|--|
| <ul> <li>Supply voltage</li> </ul>              | Vcc1    | 6            | V  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Vcc2    | 15           | V  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Input pin voltage</li> </ul>           | Vin     | Vcc1         | V  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Operating temperature</li> </ul>       | Topr    | –25 to +75   | °C |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Storage temperature</li> </ul>         | Tstg    | –55 to +150  | °C |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Allowable power dissipation</li> </ul> | ation   |              |    |  |  |  |  |
|   | PD      | 1500         | mW |  |  |  |  |
|   |         |              |    |  |  |  |  |
| Operating Conditions                            |         |              |    |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Supply voltage</li> </ul>              | Vcc1    | 4.75 to 5.25 | V  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Vcc2    | 11.0 to 14.0 | V  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>RGB input signal voltad</li> </ul>     |         |              |    |  |  |  |  |

Vp-p Note) Vin 0.7

Note) Defined as the amplitude from the pedestal level to white.

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#### **Block Diagram**



#### **Pin Description**

(Vcc1 = 5V, Vcc2 = 13V)

| Pin<br>NO. | Symbol   | Pin voltage           | Equivalent circuit   | Description   |
|------------|----------|-----------------------|--|---|
| 1          | RGB MBRT | 1.6 to 5.0V*          | Vcc1<br>$2k \ge 80k$<br>37k<br>$40\mu A$<br>$40\mu A$<br>$40\mu A$<br>$40\mu A$  | RGB signal common main<br>brightness control. Preset<br>internally to 3.3V. |
| 4          | R MBRT   | 1.6 to 5.0V*          |  | R signal main brightness<br>control. Preset internally to<br>3.3V.          |
| 5          | B MBRT   | 1.6 to 5.0V*          | $ \begin{array}{c} 5\\ \hline \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ &$ | B signal main brightness<br>control. Preset internally to<br>3.3V.          |
| 7          | TEST OUT | 2V<br>Reference level | Vcc1<br>100<br>GND<br>7  | Measurement output.<br>This pin should be left open.                        |
| 8          | Vcc1     | 5V                    |  | 5V power supply.  |
| 9          | RIN      |                       | Vcc1 50µА  | R signal input.<br>Input a 0.7Vp-p signal. <sup>Note 2)</sup>               |
| 10         | GIN      |                       |  | G signal input.<br>Input a 0.7Vp-p signal. <sup>Note 2)</sup>               |
| 11         | BIN      |                       | GND  | B signal input.<br>Input a 0.7Vp-p signal. <sup>Note 2)</sup>               |
| 12         | GND      | 0V                    |  | GND.  |
| 13         | SID OUT  | 9.3Vр-р<br>Тур.       | Vcc2   | SID signal output.  |

Note 1) \* in the Pin voltage indicates external applied voltage. Note 2) Defined as the amplitude from the pedestal level to white.

| Pin<br>NO. | Symbol   | Pin voltage  | Equivalent circuit  | Description   |
|------------|----------|--------------|---|---|
| 14         | Vcc2     | 13V          |   | 13V power supply.   |
| 15         | R OUT    |              | Vcc2  | R signal output.  |
| 16         | G OUT    |              |   | G signal output.  |
| 17         | B OUT    |              | GND   | B signal output.  |
| 18         | Vcc3     | 5V           |   | 5V power supply.  |
| 22         | GND      | 0V           |   | GND.  |
| 23         | RGB SBRT | 1.6 to 5.0V* | Vcc3<br>3k<br>200<br>23<br>↓<br>27k<br>↓<br>27k<br>↓<br>27k<br>↓<br>3µA<br>↓<br>53µA<br>↓<br>53µA<br>↓<br>53µA  | RGB signal common sub brightness control.                         |
| 24         | B SBRT   | 1.6 to 5.0V* | Vcc3<br>3k ≤<br>200<br>24<br>W ↓ K = 80k  | B signal sub brightness<br>control.<br>Preset internally to 3.3V. |
| 25         | R SBRT   | 1.6 to 5.0V* | $\begin{array}{c} \hline 25 \\ \hline \\ GND \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \hline \\ 26\muA \\ \hline \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 80k \\ \hline \\ W \\ 40\muA \\ \hline \\ 26\muA \\ \hline \\ \end{array}$ | R signal sub brightness<br>control.<br>Preset internally to 3.3V. |
| 26         | B CLP    |              | Vcc2  | B output detection signal input.                                  |
| 27         | G CLP    | 4.7 to 8.3V* |   | G output detection signal input.                                  |
| 28         | R CLP    |              |   | R output detection signal input.                                  |

| Pin<br>NO. | Symbol  | Pin voltage   | Equivalent circuit  | Description  |
|------------|---------|---------------|---|--|
| 29         | SID CLP | 4.7 to 8.3V*  | Vcc2<br>29<br>200<br>29<br>W<br>4<br>2k<br>W<br>4<br>2k<br>W<br>4<br>10µA   | SID output detection signal<br>input.<br>Use an average value<br>detecting external capacitor<br>with a small leak current<br>absolute value and<br>tolerance.   |
| 30         | SID CTR | 1.6 to 5.0V*  | Vcc3<br>30<br>30<br>30<br>30<br>30<br>35k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k<br>30k | SID output amplitude control.<br>Preset internally to 3.3V.  |
| 31         | PRG CTR | 1.6 to 5.0V*  | Vcc3<br>3k ≶ 90k ≶<br>200<br>31<br>90k ≶<br>90k ≶<br>GND  | Level control for the PRG<br>signal inserted into the SID<br>signal.   |
| 32         | FRP     | 0V 5V         | Vcc3<br>10µA<br>200<br>32<br>Wr<br>GND  | FRP input. This pulse is<br>used to invert the polarity of<br>the RGB output. Output is<br>inverted when Low, and non-<br>inverted when High.<br>Input level: High $\ge 4V$<br>Low $\le 1V$                        |
| 33         | SID FRP | <sup>5V</sup> | Vcc3<br>200<br>33<br>W<br>GND   | FRP pulse input for SID<br>output. This pulse is used to<br>invert the polarity of the SID<br>output. Output is inverted<br>when Low, and non-inverted<br>when High.<br>Input level: High $\ge 4V$<br>Low $\le 1V$ |
| 34         | GND     | 0V            |   | GND.   |

| Pin<br>NO. | Symbol       | Pin voltage  | Equivalent circuit   | Description  |
|------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| 35         | PRG          | 5V<br>       | Vcc3<br>200<br>35<br>W<br>GND  | PRG pulse input.<br>This pulse is used to insert<br>the PRG signal into the SID<br>output.<br>Input level: High $\ge 4V$<br>Low $\le 1V$ |
| 36         | VCOM CTR     | 1.6 to 5.0V* | Vcc2<br>36<br>200<br>36<br>36<br>36<br>40µA<br>17µA<br>17µA<br>40µA  | VCOM voltage control. The<br>VCOM voltage variable<br>range is –0.8V to +1.3V with<br>respect to the signal center<br>voltage.           |
| 37         | SIG CENT CTR | 1.6 to 5.0V* | Vcc2<br>37<br>200<br>80k<br>80k<br>40µA<br>GND<br>26µA<br>26µA<br>26µA<br>26µA<br>26µA<br>26µA   | RGB and SID signal center voltage control.   |
| 38         | VCOM OUT     | 3.4 to 9.1V* | Vcc2<br>10<br>GND<br>Vcc2<br>33<br>33<br>33<br>33<br>4<br>33<br>33<br>33<br>33<br>33   | VCOM voltage output.   |
| 39         | BLK LIM      | 1.6 to 5.0V* | Vcc2<br>2k<br>200<br>100k<br>127k<br>100k<br>40µA<br>GND<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA | Limiter control for limiting the<br>output amplitude of the RGB<br>signal. Preset internally to<br>3.3V.                                 |

| Pin<br>NO. | Symbol   | Pin voltage       | Equivalent circuit   | Description   |
|------------|----------|-------------------|--|---|
| 40         | BLK CENT | 1.6 to 5.0V*      | Vcc2<br>2k<br>200<br>100k<br>100k<br>100k<br>100k<br>100k<br>40µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µ | RGB signal output limiter<br>center control. Preset<br>internally to 3.3V.<br>When preset, the limiter<br>center becomes equal to the<br>RGB output center. |
| 41         | WHT LIM  | 1.6 to 5.0V*      | Vcc3<br>2k<br>200<br>100k<br>37k<br>100k<br>40µA<br>GND<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA<br>20µA  | RGB signal white peak<br>limiter control. Preset<br>internally to 3.3V.   |
| 42         | TEST SEL | 5.0V*             | Vcc1<br>555k ≷<br>200<br>42<br>W<br>GND  | Measurement selector<br>switch. This pin should<br>normally be set to 5V.   |
| 43         | XCLP2    | 5V<br>0V<br>2.0µs | Vcc155k  | Reference signal pulse input.<br>Reference level when Low.<br>Input level: High $\ge 4V$<br>Low $\le 1V$  |
| 44         | XCLP1    | 5V<br>0V<br>1.2µs |  | Clamp pulse input. Clamped when Low. Input level: High $\ge 4V$ Low $\le 1V$  |
| 45         | RGB GAIN | 1.6 to 5.0V*      | Vcc4<br>45<br>40µA<br>40µA<br>40µA<br>40µA<br>40µA<br>40µA<br>40µA<br>40µA<br>40µA<br>40µA   | Gain control for RGB signal<br>common variable gain<br>amplifier.   |

| Pin<br>NO. | Symbol   | Pin voltage  | Equivalent circuit   | Description  |  |  |
|------------|----------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| 46         | R GAIN   | 1.6 to 5.0V* | Vcc4<br>1k<br>200<br>46<br>48k<br>48k  | Gain control for R signal variable gain amplifier.<br>Preset internally to 3.3V.   |  |  |
| 47         | B GAIN   | 1.6 to 5.0V* | Gain control for B sign  |  |  |  |
| 48         | GND      | 0V           |  | GND.   |  |  |
| 49         | IREF     | 1.2V         | Vcc4<br>49<br>$2k \leq 5k \leq 5k \leq 7k \leq 7k \leq 7k \leq 7k \leq 7k \leq 7$  | Sample-and -hold circuit current setting.  |  |  |
| 50         | Vcc4     | 5.0V         |  | 5V power supply.   |  |  |
| 51         | GCADET B |              |  | B GCA circuit clamp detection.   |  |  |
| 52         | GCADET G | 1.8V Typ.    |  | G GCA circuit clamp detection.   |  |  |
| 53         | GCADET R |              |  | R GCA circuit clamp detection.   |  |  |
| 54         | SIG SEL  | 0 to 5.0V*   | Vcc4<br>55k<br>50<br>54<br>€<br>600<br>54<br>55k<br>55k<br>55k<br>55k<br>55k<br>55k<br>55k   | Selection of input signal to Sample-and -hold circuit. R and B signals selected when High, G signal selected when Low. Input level: High $\ge 4V$ Low $\le 1V$ |  |  |
| 55         | GND      | 0V           |  | GND.   |  |  |
| 56         | SH4      |              |  | Sample-and-hold pulse  |  |  |
| 57         | SH3      | 5V<br>ПП     | 56<br>57<br>58<br>58<br>58<br>58<br>58<br>58<br>58<br>58<br>50<br>58<br>50<br>50<br>50<br>50<br>50<br>50<br>50<br>50<br>50<br>50<br>50<br>50<br>50 | input.<br>Input level: High ≥ 3.0V   |  |  |
| 58         | SH2      |              | (58)<br>(59)<br>(59)<br>(59)<br>(59)<br>(59)<br>(59)<br>(59)<br>(59  | Low ≤ 1.0V<br>Sampling when High, hold<br>when Low.  |  |  |
| 61         | SH1      |              | GND -  | when Low.  |  |  |
| 62         | PVcc     | 5V           |  | 5V power supply.   |  |  |

| Pin<br>NO. | Symbol            | Pin voltage  | Equivalent circuit  | Description  |
|------------|-------------------|--------------|---|--|
| 63         | TEST IN           |              | Vcc4<br>100µA<br>63<br>0.2k<br>GND  | Measurement input.<br>This pin should be left open.                  |
| 64         | GND               | 0V           |   | GND.   |
| 65         | B CLAMP           |              | Vcc1 40µA   | B signal clamp detection.  |
| 66         | G CLAMP           | 2.1V Typ.    |   | G signal clamp detection.  |
| 67         | R CLAMP           |              |   | R signal clamp detection.  |
| 68         | RGB GAM<br>GAIN 1 | 1.6 to 5.0V* | Vcc1<br>$1k \ge 200$<br>68<br>$40\mu A$<br>$40\mu A$<br>$40\mu A$<br>$40\mu A$<br>$40\mu A$<br>$40\mu A$<br>$40\mu A$                                     | RGB signal common black side voltage gain control.                   |
| 69         | R GAM<br>GAIN 1   | 1.6 to 5.0V* |   | R signal black side voltage gain control. Preset internally to 3.3V. |
| 70         | B GAM<br>GAIN 1   | 1.6 to 5.0V* | $\begin{array}{c} \hline \hline$   | B signal black side voltage gain control. Preset internally to 3.3V. |
| 71         | RGB GAM<br>GAIN 2 | 1.6 to 5.0V* | Vcc1<br>71<br>$40\mu A$<br>$40\mu A$ | RGB signal common white side voltage gain control.                   |

| Pin<br>NO. | Symbol           | Pin voltage  | Equivalent circuit   | Description   |
|------------|------------------|--------------|--|---|
| 72         | R GAM<br>GAIN 2  | 1.6 to 5.0V* | Vcc1<br>1k≷<br>200<br>37k<br>37k<br>37k  | R signal white side voltage gain control. Preset internally to 3.3V.                    |
| 73         | B GAM<br>GAIN 2  | 1.6 to 5.0V* | $\begin{array}{c} \hline 73 \\ \hline 40\mu A \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 37k \\ \hline 80k \\ \hline 40\mu A \\ \hline 40\mu A \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 40\mu A \\ \hline 40\mu A \\ \hline \end{array}$ | B signal white side voltage gain control. Preset internally to 3.3V.                    |
| 74         | RGB GAM<br>CTR 2 | 1.6 to 5.0V* | Vcc1<br>1k<br>200<br>74<br>40µA<br>40µA<br>40µA<br>40µA<br>40µA  | RGB signal common white side voltage gain change point control.                         |
| 75         | R GAM<br>CTR 2   | 1.6 to 5.0V* | Vcc1<br>3k ≥<br>200<br>75<br>100<br>74k<br>80k<br>100<br>100<br>100<br>100<br>100<br>100<br>100<br>1   | R signal white side voltage<br>gain change point control.<br>Preset internally to 3.3V. |
| 76         | B GAM<br>CTR 2   | 1.6 to 5.0V* | $\begin{array}{c} \hline 76 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $   | B signal white side voltage<br>gain change point control.<br>Preset internally to 3.3V. |
| 77         | RGB GAM<br>CTR 1 | 1.6 to 5.0V* | Vcc1<br>$1k \ge 200$<br>200<br>37k<br>$40\mu A$<br>$40\mu A$<br>$40\mu A$<br>$40\mu A$<br>$40\mu A$  | RGB signal common black<br>side voltage gain change<br>point control.                   |
| 78         | R GAM<br>CTR 1   | 1.6 to 5.0V* | Vcc1<br>3k≷<br>78<br>₩<br>74k<br>80k<br>80k  | R signal black side voltage<br>gain change point control.<br>Preset internally to 3.3V. |
| 79         | B GAM<br>CTR 1   | 1.6 to 5.0V* | <sup>(γ)</sup><br>20μA ( ) ( ) 40μA  | B signal black side voltage<br>gain change point control.<br>Preset internally to 3.3V. |

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Unless otherwise specified: Ta = 25°C, V cc1 = Vcc3 = Vcc4 = PVcc = 5V, Vcc2 = 13V

SW1 = OFF, SW4 = OFF, SW5 = OFF, SW9 = a, SW10 = a, SW11 = a, SW24 = OFF, SW25 = OFF, SW26 = a, SW27 = a, SW28 = a, SW29 = a, SW30 = OFF, SW36 = OFF, SW37 = OFF, SW39 = OFF, SW40 = OFF, SW41 = OFF, SW46 = OFF, SW47 = OFF, SW51 = a, SW52 = a, SW53 = a, SW63 = a, SW65 = a, SW66 = a, SW67 = a, SW69 = OFF, SW70 = OFF, SW72 = OFF, SW73 = OFF, SW75 = OFF, SW76 = OFF, SW78 = OFF, SW79 = OFF, V23 = 3.1V, V31 = 3.5V, V42 = 5.0V, V45 = 2.8V, V54 = 5.0V, V68 = 1.6V, V71 = 1.6V, V74 = 1.6V, V77 = 5.0V

Set (R IN), (G IN), (B IN) and (TEST IN) = 0V, (SH1), (SH2), (SH3) and (SH4) = 5V, and input SG4 to (FRP) and (SID FRP), SG5 to (PRG), SG2 to (XCLP2) and SG3 to (XCLP1).

| 2       Current consumption (2)       Icc2       Measure the current entering Pin 14.       —       11       18         3       Current consumption (3)       Icc3       Measure the current entering Pin 18.       —       6       10         4       Current consumption (4)       Icc4       Measure the current entering Pin 50.       —       29       43  | No. | Item                     | Symbol | Measurement conditions                         | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|---|-----|--------------------------|--------|--|------|------|------|------|
| 3       Current consumption (3)       Icc3       Measure the current entering Pin 18.        6       10         4       Current consumption (4)       Icc4       Measure the current entering Pin 50.        29       43         5       Current consumption (5)       Icc5       Measure the current entering Pin 62.        4       7         6       R IN pin current "Z"       IZ9       SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V9 = 2.4V       -1.5       0       1.5         7       R IN pin current "H"       IH9       SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V9 = 3.4V       13       25          8       R IN pin current "L"       IL9       SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V9 = 1.4V        -25       -13         9       G IN pin current "L"       IL10       SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 3.4V       13       25          11       G IN pin current "L"       IL10       SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 1.4V        -25       -13         12       B IN pin current "L"       IL10       SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 1.4V        -25       -13         13       B IN pin current "L"       IL11       SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 1.4V        -25       -13         14       B IN p   | 1   | Current consumption (1)  | Icc1   | Measure the current entering Pin 8.            | -    | 30   | 44   | mA   |
| 4         Current consumption (4)         Icc4         Measure the current entering Pin 50.         -         29         43           5         Current consumption (5)         Icc5         Measure the current entering Pin 62.         -         4         7           6         R IN pin current "Z"         IZ9         SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V9 = 2.4V         -1.5         0         1.5           7         R IN pin current "H"         IH9         SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V9 = 3.4V         13         25            8         R IN pin current "L"         IL9         SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V9 = 1.4V         -         -25         -13           9         G IN pin current "L"         IL9         SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 3.4V         13         25            10         G IN pin current "L"         IL10         SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 3.4V         13         25            11         G IN pin current "L"         IL10         SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 3.4V         13         25            12         B IN pin current "L"         IL11         SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 1.4V          -25         -13           13         B IN pin current "L"         IL11         SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 1 | 2   | Current consumption (2)  | Icc2   | Measure the current entering Pin 14.           | -    | 11   | 18   | mA   |
| 5Current consumption (5)ICC5Measure the current entering Pin 62476R IN pin current "Z"IZ9SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V9 = 2.4V-1.501.57R IN pin current "H"IH9SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V9 = 3.4V1325-8R IN pin current "L"IL9SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V9 = 1.4V25-139G IN pin current "L"IL9SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 2.4V25-1310G IN pin current "Z"IZ10SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 2.4V25-1311G IN pin current "I"IL10SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 3.4V132511G IN pin current "I"IL10SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 1.4V25-13112B IN pin current "I"IL10SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 2.4V25-13113B IN pin current "I"IL11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 3.4V132514B IN pin current "I"IL11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 1.4V25-1315RGB SBRT pin currentI23V23 = 5.0V-2.56116B CLP pin currentI27SW27 $\rightarrow$ b, V27 = 7.0V-0.200.2117G CLP pin currentI28SW28 $\rightarrow$ b, V28 = 7.0V-0.200.2118R CLP pin currentI2  | 3   | Current consumption (3)  | Icc3   | Measure the current entering Pin 18.           | -    | 6    | 10   | mA   |
| 6R IN pin current "Z"IZ9SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V9 = 2.4V-1.501.57R IN pin current "H"IH9SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V9 = 3.4V13258R IN pin current "L"IL9SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V9 = 1.4V25-139G IN pin current "Z"IZ10SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V10 = 2.4V-1.501.510G IN pin current "Z"IZ10SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 3.4V132511G IN pin current "H"IH10SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 1.4V25-1312B IN pin current "L"IL10SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 1.4V25-1313B IN pin current "L"IL11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 1.4V25-1314B IN pin current "L"IL11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 1.4V2.5615RGB SBRT pin currentI23V23 = 5.0V2.5616B CLP pin currentI26SW26 $\rightarrow$ b, V26 = 7.0V-0.200.217G CLP pin currentI28SW28 $\rightarrow$ b, V28 = 7.0V-0.200.218R CLP pin currentI29SW29 $\rightarrow$ b, V29 = 7.0V-0.200.219SID CLP pin currentI31V31 = 5.0V0.30.821FRP pin currentI32(FRP) = 5V-0.100.122FRP pin currentIL32(FRP) = 5V <td>4</td> <td>Current consumption (4)</td> <td>Icc4</td> <td>Measure the current entering Pin 50.</td> <td>-</td> <td>29</td> <td>43</td> <td>mA</td>  | 4   | Current consumption (4)  | Icc4   | Measure the current entering Pin 50.           | -    | 29   | 43   | mA   |
| 7       R IN pin current "H"       IH9       SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V9 = 3.4V       13       25          8       R IN pin current "L"       IL9       SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V9 = 1.4V        -25       -13         9       G IN pin current "Z"       IZ10       SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V10 = 2.4V       -1.5       0       1.5         10       G IN pin current "H"       IH10       SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 3.4V       13       25          11       G IN pin current "H"       IH10       SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 3.4V       13       25          12       B IN pin current "L"       IL10       SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 1.4V        -25       -13         13       B IN pin current "L"       IL11       SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 2.4V       -1.5       0       1.5         13       B IN pin current "L"       IL11       SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 3.4V       13       25          14       B IN pin current "L"       IL11       SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 1.4V        25       6       1         15       RGB SBRT pin current       I23       V23 = 5.0V        2.5       6       0.2       1  | 5   | Current consumption (5)  | Icc5   | Measure the current entering Pin 62.           | -    | 4    | 7    | mA   |
| 8       R IN pin current "L"       IL9 $SW9 \rightarrow b$ , $(XCLP1) = 0V$ , $V9 = 1.4V$ -       -25       -13         9       G IN pin current "Z"       IZ10 $SW10 \rightarrow b$ , $(XCLP1) = 5V$ , $V10 = 2.4V$ -1.5       0       1.5         10       G IN pin current "H"       IH10 $SW10 \rightarrow b$ , $(XCLP1) = 0V$ , $V10 = 3.4V$ 13       25          11       G IN pin current "L"       IL10 $SW10 \rightarrow b$ , $(XCLP1) = 0V$ , $V10 = 1.4V$ -25       -13         12       B IN pin current "L"       IL10 $SW11 \rightarrow b$ , $(XCLP1) = 0V$ , $V10 = 1.4V$ -25       -13         13       B IN pin current "L"       IL11 $SW11 \rightarrow b$ , $(XCLP1) = 0V$ , $V11 = 2.4V$ -1.5       0       1.5         13       B IN pin current "H"       IH11 $SW11 \rightarrow b$ , $(XCLP1) = 0V$ , $V11 = 3.4V$ 13       25          14       B IN pin current "L"       IL11 $SW11 \rightarrow b$ , $(XCLP1) = 0V$ , $V11 = 1.4V$ -       -25       6         15       RGB SBRT pin current       I23 $V23 = 5.0V$ -       2.0       0.2       0       0.2       1         16       B CLP pin current       I26 $SW26 \rightarrow b$ , $V26 = 7.0V$ -0.2       0       0.2   | 6   | R IN pin current "Z"     | IZ9    | SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V9 = 2.4V   | -1.5 | 0    | 1.5  | μA   |
| 9G IN pin current "Z"IZ10SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V10 = 2.4V-1.501.510G IN pin current "H"IH10SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 3.4V132511G IN pin current "L"IL10SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 1.4V25-1312B IN pin current "Z"IZ11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V11 = 2.4V-1.501.513B IN pin current "H"IH11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 3.4V132514B IN pin current "L"IL11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 1.4V25-1315RGB SBRT pin currentI23V23 = 5.0V2.5616B CLP pin currentI26SW26 $\rightarrow$ b, V26 = 7.0V-0.200.217G CLP pin currentI27SW27 $\rightarrow$ b, V27 = 7.0V-0.200.218R CLP pin currentI28SW28 $\rightarrow$ b, V28 = 7.0V-0.200.219SID CLP pin currentI29SW29 $\rightarrow$ b, V29 = 7.0V-0.200.220PRG CTR pin currentI31V31 = 5.0V-0.100.121FRP pin current "H"IH32(FRP) = 5V-0.100.122FRP pin current "H"IH33(SID FRP) = 0V-0.3-0.1-23SID FRP pin current "H"IH35(PRG) = 5V-0.100.124SID FRP pin current "H"IH35(PRG) = 5V-0.100.1 </td <td>7</td> <td>R IN pin current "H"</td> <td>IH9</td> <td>SW9 <math>\rightarrow</math> b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V9 = 3.4V</td> <td>13</td> <td>25</td> <td>—</td> <td>μA</td>  | 7   | R IN pin current "H"     | IH9    | SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V9 = 3.4V   | 13   | 25   | —    | μA   |
| 10G IN pin current "H"IH10SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 3.4V132511G IN pin current "L"IL10SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 1.4V25-1312B IN pin current "Z"IZ11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V11 = 2.4V-1.501.513B IN pin current "H"IH11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 3.4V132514B IN pin current "H"IH11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 3.4V132514B IN pin current "L"IL11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 1.4V25-1315RGB SBRT pin currentI23V23 = 5.0V2.5616B CLP pin currentI26SW26 $\rightarrow$ b, V26 = 7.0V-0.200.217G CLP pin currentI28SW27 $\rightarrow$ b, V27 = 7.0V-0.200.218R CLP pin currentI28SW28 $\rightarrow$ b, V28 = 7.0V-0.200.219SID CLP pin currentI29SW29 $\rightarrow$ b, V29 = 7.0V-0.200.220PRG CTR pin currentI31V31 = 5.0V0.30.821FRP pin current "H"IH32(FRP) = 5V-0.100.122FRP pin current "H"IH33(SID FRP) = 5V-0.100.123SID FRP pin current "H"IH33(SID FRP) = 5V-0.100.124SID FRP pin current "H"IH35(PRG) = 5V-0.100.1   | 8   | R IN pin current "L"     | IL9    | SW9 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V9 = 1.4V   | -    | -25  | -13  | μA   |
| 11G IN pin current "L"IL10SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 1.4V25-1312B IN pin current "Z"IZ11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V11 = 2.4V-1.501.513B IN pin current "H"IH11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 3.4V1325-14B IN pin current "L"IL11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 1.4V25-1315RGB SBRT pin currentI23V23 = 5.0V-2.5616B CLP pin currentI26SW26 $\rightarrow$ b, V26 = 7.0V-0.200.217G CLP pin currentI27SW27 $\rightarrow$ b, V27 = 7.0V-0.200.218R CLP pin currentI28SW28 $\rightarrow$ b, V28 = 7.0V-0.200.219SID CLP pin currentI29SW29 $\rightarrow$ b, V29 = 7.0V-0.200.220PRG CTR pin currentI31V31 = 5.0V-0.30.821FRP pin current "H"IH32(FRP) = 5V-0.100.122FRP pin current "H"IL32(SID FRP) = 0V-0.3-0.1-23SID FRP pin current "H"IH33(SID FRP) = 0V-0.3-0.1-24SID FRP pin current "H"IH35(PRG) = 5V-0.100.125PRG pin current "H"IH35(PRG) = 5V-0.100.126PRG pin current "L"IL35(PRG) = 6V-0.3-0.1-   | 9   | G IN pin current "Z"     | IZ10   | SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V10 = 2.4V | -1.5 | 0    | 1.5  | μA   |
| 12B IN pin current "Z"IZ11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V11 = 2.4V-1.501.513B IN pin current "H"IH11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 3.4V132514B IN pin current "L"IL11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 1.4V25-1315RGB SBRT pin currentI23V23 = 5.0V2.5616B CLP pin currentI26SW26 $\rightarrow$ b, V26 = 7.0V-0.200.217G CLP pin currentI27SW27 $\rightarrow$ b, V27 = 7.0V-0.200.218R CLP pin currentI29SW29 $\rightarrow$ b, V29 = 7.0V-0.200.219SID CLP pin currentI31V31 = 5.0V0.30.821FRP pin currentI31V31 = 5.0V0.30.122FRP pin current "H"IH32(FRP) = 5V-0.100.123SID FRP pin current "H"IH33(SID FRP) = 5V-0.100.124SID FRP pin current "H"IH33(SID FRP) = 0V-0.3-0.1-25PRG pin current "H"IH35(PRG) = 5V-0.100.126PRG pin current "L"IL35(PRG) = 5V-0.100.1  | 10  | G IN pin current "H"     | IH10   | SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 3.4V | 13   | 25   | —    | μA   |
| 13B IN pin current "H"IH11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 3.4V132514B IN pin current "L"IL11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 1.4V25-1315RGB SBRT pin currentI23V23 = 5.0V2.5616B CLP pin currentI26SW26 $\rightarrow$ b, V26 = 7.0V-0.200.217G CLP pin currentI27SW27 $\rightarrow$ b, V27 = 7.0V-0.200.218R CLP pin currentI28SW28 $\rightarrow$ b, V28 = 7.0V-0.200.219SID CLP pin currentI29SW29 $\rightarrow$ b, V29 = 7.0V-0.200.220PRG CTR pin currentI31V31 = 5.0V0.30.821FRP pin current "H"IH32(FRP) = 5V-0.100.122FRP pin current "H"IH33(SID FRP) = 5V-0.100.123SID FRP pin current "H"IH33(SID FRP) = 0V-0.3-0.124SID FRP pin current "H"IH35(PRG) = 5V-0.100.125PRG pin current "H"IH35(PRG) = 0V-0.3-0.126PRG pin current "L"IL35(PRG) = 0V-0.3-0.1  | 11  | G IN pin current "L"     | IL10   | SW10 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V10 = 1.4V | -    | -25  | -13  | μA   |
| 14B IN pin current "L"IL11SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 1.4V251315RGB SBRT pin currentI23V23 = 5.0V2.5616B CLP pin currentI26SW26 $\rightarrow$ b, V26 = 7.0V-0.200.217G CLP pin currentI27SW27 $\rightarrow$ b, V27 = 7.0V-0.200.218R CLP pin currentI28SW28 $\rightarrow$ b, V28 = 7.0V-0.200.219SID CLP pin currentI29SW29 $\rightarrow$ b, V29 = 7.0V-0.200.220PRG CTR pin currentI31V31 = 5.0V0.30.821FRP pin current "H"IH32(FRP) = 5V-0.100.122FRP pin current "L"IL33(SID FRP) = 5V-0.3-0.123SID FRP pin current "H"IH33(SID FRP) = 0V-0.3-0.124SID FRP pin current "L"IL33(PRG) = 5V-0.100.125PRG pin current "L"IL35(PRG) = 0V-0.3-0.1  | 12  | B IN pin current "Z"     | IZ11   | SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V11 = 2.4V | -1.5 | 0    | 1.5  | μA   |
| 15RGB SBRT pin currentI23V23 = 5.0V $-$ 2.5616B CLP pin currentI26SW26 $\rightarrow$ b, V26 = 7.0V $-0.2$ 00.217G CLP pin currentI27SW27 $\rightarrow$ b, V27 = 7.0V $-0.2$ 00.218R CLP pin currentI28SW28 $\rightarrow$ b, V28 = 7.0V $-0.2$ 00.219SID CLP pin currentI29SW29 $\rightarrow$ b, V29 = 7.0V $-0.2$ 00.220PRG CTR pin currentI31V31 = 5.0V $-$ 0.30.821FRP pin current "H"IH32(FRP) = 5V $-0.1$ 00.122FRP pin current "L"IL32(SID FRP) = 0V $-0.3$ $-0.1$ $-$ 23SID FRP pin current "L"IH33(SID FRP) = 0V $-0.3$ $-0.1$ $-$ 24SID FRP pin current "L"IL33(PRG) = 5V $-0.1$ 00.125PRG pin current "H"IH35(PRG) = 0V $-0.3$ $-0.1$ $-$ 26PRG pin current "L"IL35(PRG) = 0V $-0.3$ $-0.1$ $-$  | 13  | B IN pin current "H"     | IH11   | SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 3.4V | 13   | 25   | —    | μA   |
| 16B CLP pin current126SW26 $\rightarrow$ b, V26 = 7.0V-0.200.217G CLP pin current127SW27 $\rightarrow$ b, V27 = 7.0V-0.200.218R CLP pin current128SW28 $\rightarrow$ b, V28 = 7.0V-0.200.219SID CLP pin current129SW29 $\rightarrow$ b, V29 = 7.0V-0.200.220PRG CTR pin current131V31 = 5.0V-00.121FRP pin current "H"IH32(FRP) = 5V-0.100.122FRP pin current "L"IL32(FRP) = 0V-0.3-0.1-23SID FRP pin current "H"IH33(SID FRP) = 5V-0.100.124SID FRP pin current "L"IL33(SID FRP) = 0V-0.3-0.1-25PRG pin current "H"IH35(PRG) = 5V-0.100.126PRG pin current "L"IL35(PRG) = 0V-0.3-0.1-  | 14  | B IN pin current "L"     | IL11   | SW11 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V11 = 1.4V | _    | -25  | -13  | μA   |
| 17G CLP pin currentI27SW27 $\rightarrow$ b, V27 = 7.0V-0.200.218R CLP pin currentI28SW28 $\rightarrow$ b, V28 = 7.0V-0.200.219SID CLP pin currentI29SW29 $\rightarrow$ b, V29 = 7.0V-0.200.220PRG CTR pin currentI31V31 = 5.0V0.30.821FRP pin current "H"IH32(FRP) = 5V-0.100.122FRP pin current "L"IL32(FRP) = 0V-0.3-0.123SID FRP pin current "H"IH33(SID FRP) = 5V-0.100.124SID FRP pin current "L"IL33(PRG) = 5V-0.100.125PRG pin current "H"IH35(PRG) = 5V-0.100.126PRG pin current "L"IL35(PRG) = 0V-0.3-0.1  | 15  | RGB SBRT pin current     | 123    | V23 = 5.0V                                     | _    | 2.5  | 6    | μA   |
| 18R CLP pin current128SW28 $\rightarrow$ b, V28 = 7.0V-0.200.219SID CLP pin current129SW29 $\rightarrow$ b, V29 = 7.0V-0.200.220PRG CTR pin current131V31 = 5.0V0.30.821FRP pin current "H"IH32(FRP) = 5V-0.100.122FRP pin current "L"IL32(FRP) = 0V-0.3-0.123SID FRP pin current "H"IH33(SID FRP) = 5V-0.100.124SID FRP pin current "L"IL33(SID FRP) = 0V-0.3-0.125PRG pin current "H"IH35(PRG) = 5V-0.100.126PRG pin current "L"IL35(PRG) = 0V-0.3-0.1  | 16  | B CLP pin current        | 126    | $SW26 \rightarrow b, V26 = 7.0V$               | -0.2 | 0    | 0.2  | μA   |
| 19SID CLP pin current129SW29 $\rightarrow$ b, V29 = 7.0V-0.200.220PRG CTR pin currentI31V31 = 5.0V0.30.821FRP pin current "H"IH32(FRP) = 5V-0.100.122FRP pin current "L"IL32(FRP) = 0V-0.3-0.123SID FRP pin current "H"IH33(SID FRP) = 5V-0.100.124SID FRP pin current "L"IL33(SID FRP) = 0V-0.3-0.125PRG pin current "H"IH35(PRG) = 5V-0.100.126PRG pin current "L"IL35(PRG) = 0V-0.3-0.1  | 17  | G CLP pin current        | 127    | SW27 $\rightarrow$ b, V27 = 7.0V               | -0.2 | 0    | 0.2  | μA   |
| 20         PRG CTR pin current         I31         V31 = 5.0V          0.3         0.8           21         FRP pin current "H"         IH32         (FRP) = 5V         -0.1         0         0.1           22         FRP pin current "L"         IL32         (FRP) = 0V         -0.3         -0.1            23         SID FRP pin current "H"         IH33         (SID FRP) = 5V         -0.1         0         0.1           24         SID FRP pin current "L"         IL33         (SID FRP) = 0V         -0.3         -0.1            25         PRG pin current "H"         IH35         (PRG) = 5V         -0.1         0         0.1           26         PRG pin current "L"         IL35         (PRG) = 0V         -0.3         -0.1   | 18  | R CLP pin current        | 128    | SW28 $\rightarrow$ b, V28 = 7.0V               | -0.2 | 0    | 0.2  | μA   |
| 21       FRP pin current "H"       IH32       (FRP) = 5V       -0.1       0       0.1         22       FRP pin current "L"       IL32       (FRP) = 0V       -0.3       -0.1       -0         23       SID FRP pin current "H"       IH33       (SID FRP) = 5V       -0.1       0       0.1         24       SID FRP pin current "L"       IL33       (SID FRP) = 0V       -0.3       -0.1          25       PRG pin current "H"       IH35       (PRG) = 5V       -0.1       0       0.1         26       PRG pin current "L"       IL35       (PRG) = 0V       -0.3       -0.1  | 19  | SID CLP pin current      | 129    | $SW29 \rightarrow b, V29 = 7.0V$               | -0.2 | 0    | 0.2  | μA   |
| 22       FRP pin current "L"       IL32       (FRP) = 0V       -0.3       -0.1          23       SID FRP pin current "H"       IH33       (SID FRP) = 5V       -0.1       0       0.1         24       SID FRP pin current "L"       IL33       (SID FRP) = 0V       -0.3       -0.1          25       PRG pin current "H"       IH35       (PRG) = 5V       -0.1       0       0.1         26       PRG pin current "L"       IL35       (PRG) = 0V       -0.3       -0.1  | 20  | PRG CTR pin current      | 131    | V31 = 5.0V                                     | _    | 0.3  | 0.8  | μΑ   |
| 23       SID FRP pin current "H"       IH33       (SID FRP) = 5V       -0.1       0       0.1         24       SID FRP pin current "L"       IL33       (SID FRP) = 0V       -0.3       -0.1          25       PRG pin current "H"       IH35       (PRG) = 5V       -0.1       0       0.1         26       PRG pin current "L"       IL35       (PRG) = 0V       -0.3       -0.1  | 21  | FRP pin current "H"      | IH32   | (FRP) = 5V                                     | -0.1 | 0    | 0.1  | μΑ   |
| 24       SID FRP pin current "L"       IL33       (SID FRP) = 0V       -0.3       -0.1          25       PRG pin current "H"       IH35       (PRG) = 5V       -0.1       0       0.1         26       PRG pin current "L"       IL35       (PRG) = 0V       -0.3       -0.1  | 22  | FRP pin current "L"      | IL32   | (FRP) = 0V                                     | -0.3 | -0.1 | _    | μA   |
| 25       PRG pin current "H"       IH35       (PRG) = 5V       -0.1       0       0.1         26       PRG pin current "L"       IL35       (PRG) = 0V       -0.3       -0.1  | 23  | SID FRP pin current "H"  | IH33   | (SID FRP) = 5V                                 | -0.1 | 0    | 0.1  | μA   |
| 26         PRG pin current "L"         IL35         (PRG) = 0V         -0.3         -0.1         -  | 24  | SID FRP pin current "L"  | IL33   | (SID FRP) = 0V                                 | -0.3 | -0.1 | —    | μA   |
|   | 25  | PRG pin current "H"      | IH35   | (PRG) = 5V                                     | -0.1 | 0    | 0.1  | μA   |
| 27         TEST SEL pin current "H"         IH42         V42 = 5V         -0.1         0         0.1  | 26  | PRG pin current "L"      | IL35   | (PRG) = 0V                                     | -0.3 | -0.1 |      | μA   |
|   | 27  | TEST SEL pin current "H" | IH42   | V42 = 5V                                       | -0.1 | 0    | 0.1  | μA   |

| No. | Item                      | Symbol | Measurement conditions                         | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----|---------------------------|--------|--|------|------|------|------|
| 28  | TEST SEL pin current "L"  | IL42   | V42 = 0V                                       | _    | -1.7 | -0.4 | μA   |
| 29  | XCLP2 pin current "H"     | IH43   | (XCLP2) = 5V                                   | -0.1 | 0    | 0.1  | μA   |
| 30  | XCLP2 pin current "L"     | IL43   | (XCLP2) = 0V                                   | _    | -1.0 | -0.3 | μA   |
| 31  | XCLP1 pin current "H"     | IH44   | (XCLP1) = 5V                                   | -0.1 | 0    | 0.1  | μA   |
| 32  | XCLP1 pin current "L"     | IL44   | (XCLP1) = 0V                                   | -1.0 | -0.2 | _    | μA   |
| 33  | RGB GAIN pin current      | 145    | V45 = 5V                                       | _    | 0.5  | 1.3  | μA   |
| 34  | GCA DET B pin current "Z" | IZ51   | SW51 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V51 = 2.0V | -0.5 | 0    | 0.5  | μA   |
| 35  | GCA DET B pin current "H" | IH51   | SW51 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V51 = 3.0V | 15   | 30   | _    | μA   |
| 36  | GCA DET B pin current "L" | IL51   | SW51 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V51 = 1.0V | _    | 30   | -15  | μA   |
| 37  | GCA DET G pin current "Z" | IZ52   | SW52 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V52 = 2.0V | -0.5 | 0    | 0.5  | μA   |
| 38  | GCA DET G pin current "H" | IH52   | SW52 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V52 = 3.0V | 15   | 30   | _    | μA   |
| 39  | GCA DET G pin current "L" | IL52   | SW52 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V52 = 1.0V | _    | -30  | -15  | μA   |
| 40  | GCA DET R pin current "Z" | IZ53   | SW53 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V53 = 2.0V | -0.5 | 0    | 0.5  | μA   |
| 41  | GCA DET R pin current "H" | IH53   | SW53 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V53 = 3.0V | 15   | 30   | _    | μA   |
| 42  | GCA DET R pin current "L" | IL53   | SW53 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V53 = 1.0V | _    | -30  | -15  | μA   |
| 43  | SIG SEL pin current "H"   | I54H   | V54 = 5V                                       | -0.1 | 0    | 0.1  | μA   |
| 44  | SIG SEL pin current "L"   | 154L   | V54 = 0V                                       | -3.0 | -1.0 | _    | μA   |
| 45  | SH4 pin current "H"       | 156H   | (SH4) = 5V                                     | -0.1 | 0    | 0.1  | μA   |
| 46  | SH4 pin current "L"       | 156L   | (SH4) = 0V                                     | -5.0 | -2.0 | _    | μA   |
| 47  | SH3 pin current "H"       | 157H   | (SH3) = 5V                                     | -0.1 | 0    | 0.1  | μA   |
| 48  | SH3 pin current "L"       | 157L   | (SH3) = 0V                                     | -5.0 | -2.0 | _    | μA   |
| 49  | SH2 pin current "H"       | 158H   | (SH2) = 5V                                     | -0.1 | 0    | 0.1  | μA   |
| 50  | SH2 pin current "L"       | 158L   | (SH2) = 0V                                     | -5.0 | -2.0 | _    | μA   |
| 51  | SH1 pin current "H"       | l61H   | (SH1) = 5V                                     | -0.1 | 0    | 0.1  | μA   |
| 52  | SH1 pin current "L"       | l61L   | (SH1) = 0V                                     | -5.0 | -2.0 | _    | μA   |
| 53  | TEST IN pin current "Z"   | IZ63   | SW63 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V63 = 2.2V | -1.5 | 0    | 1.5  | μA   |
| 54  | TEST IN pin current "H"   | IH63   | SW63 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V63 = 3.2V | 13   | 25   | _    | μA   |
| 55  | TEST IN pin current "L"   | IL63   | SW63 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V63 = 1.2V | _    | -25  | -13  | μA   |
| 56  | B CLAMP pin current "Z"   | IZ65   | SW65 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V65 = 2.0V | -0.5 | 0    | 0.5  | μA   |
| 57  | B CLAMP pin current "H"   | IH65   | SW65 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V65 = 3.0V | 15   | 40   | —    | μA   |
| 58  | B CLAMP pin current "L"   | IL65   | SW65 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V65 = 1.0V | _    | -40  | -15  | μA   |
| 59  | G CLAMP pin current "Z"   | IZ66   | SW66 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V66 = 2.0V | -0.5 | 0    | 0.5  | μA   |
| 60  | G CLAMP pin current "H"   | IH66   | SW66 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V66 = 3.0V | 15   | 40   | _    | μA   |
| 61  | G CLAMP pin current "L"   | IL66   | SW66 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V66 = 1.0V | _    | -40  | -15  | μA   |
| 62  | R CLAMP pin current "Z"   | IZ67   | SW67 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 5V, V67 = 2.0V | -0.5 | 0    | 0.5  | μA   |
| 63  | R CLAMP pin current "H"   | IH67   | SW67 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V67 = 3.0V | 15   | 40   | _    | μA   |
| 64  | R CLAMP pin current "L"   | IL67   | SW67 $\rightarrow$ b, (XCLP1) = 0V, V67 = 1.0V | _    | -40  | -15  | μA   |
| 65  | RGB GAM GAIN1 pin current | 168    | V68 = 5.0V                                     | _    | 0.5  | 1.3  | μA   |

| No. | Item                        | Symbol | Measurement conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----|-----------------------------|--------|------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| 66  | RGB GAM GAIN2 pin current   | 171    | V71 = 5.0V             | _    | 0.5  | 1.3  | μA   |
| 67  | RGB GAM CTR2 pin current    | 174    | V74 = 5.0V             | _    | 0.5  | 1.3  | μA   |
| 68  | RGB GAM CTR1 pin current    | 177    | V77 = 5.0V             | _    | 0.5  | 1.3  | μA   |
| 69  | RIN pin voltage             | V9     |                        | 1.3  | 1.7  | 2.1  | V    |
| 70  | GIN pin voltage             | V10    |                        | 1.3  | 1.7  | 2.1  | V    |
| 71  | BIN pin voltage             | V11    |                        | 1.3  | 1.7  | 2.1  | V    |
| 72  | B SBRT pin voltage          | V24    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 73  | R SBRT pin voltage          | V25    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 74  | SID CTR pin voltage         | V30    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 75  | VCOM CTR pin voltage        | V36    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 76  | SIG CENT CTR pin voltage    | V37    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 77  | BLK LIM pin voltage         | V39    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 78  | BLK CENT pin voltage        | V40    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 79  | WHT LIM pin voltage         | V41    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 80  | R GAIN pin voltage          | V46    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 81  | B GAIN pin voltage          | V47    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 82  | IREF pin voltage            | V49    |                        | 0.8  | 1.2  | 1.6  | V    |
| 83  | GCA DET B pin voltage       | V51    |                        | 1.2  | 1.8  | 2.4  | V    |
| 84  | GCA DET G pin voltage       | V52    |                        | 1.2  | 1.8  | 2.4  | V    |
| 85  | GCA DET R pin voltage       | V53    |                        | 1.2  | 1.8  | 2.4  | V    |
| 86  | TEST IN pin voltage         | V63    |                        | 1.9  | 2.3  | 2.7  | V    |
| 87  | B CLAMP pin voltage         | V65    |                        | 1.6  | 2.1  | 2.6  | V    |
| 88  | G CLAMP pin voltage         | V66    |                        | 1.6  | 2.1  | 2.6  | V    |
| 89  | R CLAMP pin voltage         | V67    |                        | 1.6  | 2.1  | 2.6  | V    |
| 90  | R GAM GAIN1 pin voltage     | V69    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 91  | B GAM GAIN1 pin voltage     | V70    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 92  | R GAM GAIN2 pin voltage     | V72    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 93  | B GAM GAIN2 pin voltage     | V73    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 94  | R GAM CTR2 pin voltage      | V75    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 95  | B GAM CTR2 pin voltage      | V76    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 96  | R GAM CTR1 pin voltage      | V78    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 97  | B GAM CTR1 pin voltage      | V79    |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 98  | RGB MBRT pin voltage        | V1     |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 99  | R MBRT pin voltage          | V4     |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 100 | B MBRT pin voltage          | V5     |                        | 2.9  | 3.3  | 3.7  | V    |
| 101 | RGB MBRT<br>input impedance | Z1     |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |

| No. | Item                            | Symbol | Measurement conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----|---------------------------------|--------|------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| 102 | R MBRT<br>input impedance       | Z4     |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 103 | B MBRT<br>input impedance       | Z5     |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 104 | B SBRT<br>input impedance       | Z24    |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 105 | R SBRT<br>input impedance       | Z25    |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 106 | SID CTR<br>input impedance      | Z30    |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 107 | VCOM CTR<br>input impedance     | Z36    |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 108 | SIG CENT CTR<br>input impedance | Z37    |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 109 | BLK LIM<br>input impedance      | Z39    |                        | 55   | 100  | 150  | kΩ   |
| 110 | BLK CENT<br>input impedance     | Z40    |                        | 55   | 100  | 150  | kΩ   |
| 111 | WHT LIM<br>input impedance      | Z41    |                        | 55   | 100  | 150  | kΩ   |
| 112 | R GAIN<br>input impedance       | Z46    |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 113 | B GAIN<br>input impedance       | Z47    |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 114 | R GAM GAIN1<br>input impedance  | Z69    |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 115 | B GAM GAIN1<br>input impedance  | Z70    |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 116 | R GAM GAIN2<br>input impedance  | Z72    |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 117 | B GAM GAIN2<br>input impedance  | Z73    |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 118 | R GAM CTR2<br>input impedance   | Z75    |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 119 | B GAM CTR2<br>input impedance   | Z76    |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 120 | R GAM CTR1<br>input impedance   | Z78    |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |
| 121 | B GAM CTR1<br>input impedance   | Z79    |                        | 45   | 80   | 110  | kΩ   |

| No. | Item                             | Symbol | Measurement conditions  | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----|----------------------------------|--------|---|------|------|------|------|
| 122 | RGB GAIN<br>adjustment range (1) | ΔGcs1  | <ul> <li>V54 = 0V and input SG1 (0 dB) to (TEST IN).<br/>Then adjust V45 so that the non-inverted<br/>output amplitude (black to white) at TP16 is<br/>5 times the input signal amplitude and label<br/>this as VI.</li> <li>Input SG1 (-6 dB) to (TEST IN) and label the<br/>non-inverted output amplitudes (black to white)<br/>at TP15, TP16 and TP17 with V45 = VI as<br/>VRST, VGST and VBST, and the inverted output<br/>amplitudes as VRSTA, VGSTA and VBSTA,<br/>respectively.</li> <li>Next, label the non-inverted output amplitudes<br/>(black to white) at TP15, TP16 and TP17 with</li> <li>V45 = 5.0V as VRSM, VGSM and VBSM, and the<br/>inverted output amplitudes as VRSMA, VGSMA<br/>and VBSMA, respectively.</li> <li>Next, label the non-inverted output amplitudes<br/>(black to white) at TP15, TP16 and TP17 with</li> <li>V45 = 1.6V as VRSN, VGSN and VBSN, and the</li> </ul> | 4.0  | 6.0  | _    | dB   |
| 123 | RGB GAIN<br>adjustment range (2) | ΔGCS2  | V45 = 5.0V as VRSM, VGSM and VBSM, and the<br>inverted output amplitudes as VRSMA, VGSMA<br>and VBSMA, respectively.<br>Next, label the non-inverted output amplitudes<br>(black to white) at TP15, TP16 and TP17 with  |      | -6.0 | -4.0 | dB   |
| 124 | R GAIN<br>adjustment range (1)   | ∆GRS1  | Set V42 = 0V, V54 = 0V, input SG1 (-6dB)<br>to (TEST IN), and set V45 = VI, SW46 $\rightarrow$ ON,<br>SW41 $\rightarrow$ ON, V41 = 1.6V and V46 = 5.0V.<br>Then label the non-inverted output amplitude<br>(black to white) at TP15 as VRSTM and the<br>inverted output amplitude as VRSTMA.  | 2.5  | 4.6  |      | dB   |
| 125 | R GAIN<br>adjustment range (2)   | ΔGRS2  | Next, label the non-inverted output amplitude<br>(black to white) at TP15 with V46 = 1.6V as<br>VRSTN and the inverted output amplitude as<br>VRSTNA.<br>$\Delta$ GRS1 = 20log (VRSTM (A)/VGST (A))<br>$\Delta$ GRS2 = 20log (VRSTN (A)/VGST (A))   |      | -4.6 | -2.5 | dB   |
| 126 | B GAIN<br>adjustment range (1)   | ΔGBS1  | Set V42 = 0V, V54 = 0V, input SG1 ( $-6dB$ )<br>to (TEST IN), and set V45 = VI, SW47 $\rightarrow$ ON,<br>SW41 $\rightarrow$ ON, V41 = 1.6V and V47 = 5.0V.<br>Then label the non-inverted output amplitude<br>(black to white) at TP17 as VBSTM and the<br>inverted output amplitude as VBSTMA.  | 2.5  | 4.6  | _    | dB   |
| 127 | B GAIN<br>adjustment range (2)   | ΔGBS2  | Next, label the non-inverted output amplitude<br>(black to white) at TP17 with V47 = 1.6V as<br>VBSTN and the inverted output amplitude as<br>VBSTNA.<br>$\Delta$ GBS1 = 20log (VBSTM (A)/VGST (A))<br>$\Delta$ GBS2 = 20log (VBSTN (A)/VGST (A))   |      | -4.6 | -2.5 | dB   |

| No. | ltem                             | Symbol         | Measurement conditions   | Min. | Тур.  | Max.  | Unit |
|-----|----------------------------------|----------------|--|------|-------|-------|------|
| 128 | RGB MBRT<br>adjustment range (1) | ΔVвм1          | Label the DC potentials at TP9, TP10 and<br>TP11 as VRT, VGT and VBT, respectively.<br>Next, label the DC potentials at TP9, TP10<br>and TP11 with SW1 $\rightarrow$ ON and V1 = 5.0V<br>as VRN, VGN and VBN, respectively.<br>Next, label the DC potentials at TP9, TP10  | _    | -0.35 | -0.30 | V    |
| 129 | RGB MBRT<br>adjustment range (2) | ΔVвм2          | and TP11 with V1 = 1.6 V as VRM, VGM and<br>VBM, respectively.<br>$\Delta$ VBM1 = VRN - VRT, VGN - VGT,<br>VBN - VBT<br>$\Delta$ VBM2 = VRM - VRT, VGM - VGT,<br>VBM - VBT   | 0.30 | 0.35  |       | V    |
| 130 | R MBRT<br>adjustment range (1)   | $\Delta VBR1$  | Label the DC potential at TP9 with SW4 $\rightarrow$ ON and V4 = 5.0V as VRTN.<br>Next, label the DC potential at TP9 with V4 =  |      | -0.16 | -0.12 | V    |
| 131 | R MBRT<br>adjustment range (2)   | $\Delta VBR2$  | 1.6V as Vrtm.<br>ΔVbr1 =Vrtn - Vgt<br>ΔVbr2 =Vrtm - Vgt  | 0.12 | 0.16  | —     | V    |
| 132 | B MBRT<br>adjustment range (1)   | $\Delta V$ BB1 | Label the DC potential at TP11 with SW5 $\rightarrow$ ON and V5 = 5.0V as VBTN.<br>Next, label the DC potential at TP11 with V5 =  | _    | -0.16 | -0.12 | V    |
| 133 | B MBRT<br>adjustment range (2)   | $\Delta V$ BB2 | 1.6V as Vвтм.<br>ΔVвв1  =Vвтм — Vgт<br>ΔVвв2  =Vвтм — Vgт  | 0.12 | 0.16  | _     | V    |
| 134 | Maximum RGB output<br>amplitude  | ΔVβΜΑΧ         | Set SW39 $\rightarrow$ ON, V39 = 1.6V, V45 = 5.0V and V23 = 5.0V.<br>Then measure the amplitudes (black to black) at TP15, TP16 and TP17.  | 10.0 | 10.7  | _     | Vp-p |
| 135 | RGB SBRT<br>adjustment range (1) | Vsbn           | Set SW39 $\rightarrow$ ON and V39 = 1.6V.<br>Then label the non-inverted reference level<br>potentials at TP15, TP16 and TP17 as VSRT,<br>VSGT and VSBT, and the inverted reference<br>level potentials as VSRTA, VSGTA and VSBTA,<br>respectively.<br>Next, label the non-inverted reference level<br>potentials at TP15, TP16 and TP17 with V23 =<br>1.6V as VSRN, VSGN and VSBN, and the<br>inverted reference level potentials as VSRNA, |      | -0.7  | 0     | V    |
| 136 | RGB SBRT<br>adjustment range (2) | VSBM           | VSGNA and VSBNA, respectively.<br>Next, label the non-inverted reference level<br>potentials at TP15, TP16 and TP17 with<br>V23 = 5.0V as VSRM, VSGM and VSBM, and<br>the inverted reference level potentials as<br>VSRMA, VSGMA and VSBMA, respectively.<br>VSBN = VSRNA – VSRN, VSGNA – VSGN,<br>VSBNA – VSRN<br>VSBMA – VSRM, VSGMA – VSGM,<br>VSBMA – VSRM, VSGMA – VSGM,  | 8.5  | 10.7  | _     | V    |

| No. | Item  | Symbol | Measurement conditions   | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Uni |
|-----|---|--------|--|------|------|------|-----|
| 137 | R SBRT<br>adjustment range (1)                        | ΔVSSR1 | Set SW39 $\rightarrow$ ON, V39 = 1.6V, SW25 $\rightarrow$ ON and<br>V25 = 1.6V. Then label the non-inverted reference<br>level potential at TP15 as VSRTN and the inverted<br>reference level potential as VSRTNA.<br>Next, label the non-inverted reference level potential<br>at TP15 with V25 = 5.0V as VSRTM and the inverted  |      | -1.8 | -1.2 | V   |
| 138 | R SBRT<br>adjustment range (2)                        | ΔVSSR2 | reference level potential as VSRTM and the Inverted<br>$\Delta VSSR1 = (VSRTNA - VSRTN)$<br>- (VSGTA - VSGT)<br>$\Delta VSSR2 = (VSRTMA - VSRTM)$<br>- (VSGTA - VSGT)  | 1.2  | 1.8  | _    | V   |
| 139 | B SBRT<br>adjustment range (1)                        | ΔVSSB1 | Set SW39 $\rightarrow$ ON, V39 = 1.6V, SW24 $\rightarrow$ ON and V24 = 1.6V. Then label the non-inverted reference level potential at TP17 as VSBTN and the inverted reference level potential as VSBTNA.<br>Next, label the non-inverted reference level potential at TP17 with V24 = 5.0V as VSBTM and the inverted  |      | -1.8 | -1.2 | V   |
| 140 | B SBRT<br>adjustment range (2)                        | ΔVSSB2 | reference level potential as VSBTMA.<br>$\Delta VSSB1 = (VSBTNA - VSBTN) - (VSGTA - VSGT)$ $\Delta VSSB2 = (VSBTMA - VSBTM) - (VSGTA - VSBTM) - (VSGTA - VSGT)$  | 1.2  | 1.8  | _    | V   |
| 141 | Reference level difference<br>between R, G and B      | ΔVs    | $      \Delta VS = VSRT (A) - VSGT (A), \\ VSGT (A) - VSBT (A), \\ VSBT (A) - VSRT (A) $   | -200 | 0    | 200  | m\  |
| 142 | Gain difference between<br>R, G and B                 | ΔGrgb  | $ \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Set V45} = \mbox{VI, SW41} \rightarrow \mbox{ON, V41} = 1.6\mbox{V} \mbox{ and input} \\ \mbox{SG1 (0dB) to (R IN), (G IN) and (B IN).} \\ \mbox{Then label the non-inverted output amplitudes (black to white) at TP15, TP16 and TP17 as VRVT, VGVT and VBVT, and the inverted output amplitudes as VRVTA, VGVTA and VBVTA, respectively. \\ \mbox{$\Delta GRGB$} = 20\mbox{log (VBVT/VRVT),} \\ \mbox{$20\mbox{log (VRVT/VGVT),} \\ \mbox{$20\mbox{log (VGVT/VBVT)}$} \end{array} $ | -0.8 | 0    | 0.8  | dE  |
| 143 | Difference between the inverted and non-inverted gain | ΔGINV  | $\Delta G_{INV} = 20 \log (V_{RVT}/V_{RVTA}),$<br>20 log (V_{GVT}/V_{GVTA}),<br>20 log (V_{BVT}/V_{BVTA})  | -0.7 | 0    | 0.7  | dE  |
| 144 | Difference between the reference level and 50 IRE     | ΔV50I  | Set V45 = VI.<br>Then label the non-inverted output signal reference<br>level amplitudes at TP15, TP16 and TP17 as VsR, VsG<br>and VsB, and the inverted output signal reference level<br>amplitudes as VsRA, VsGA and VsBA, respectively.<br>V50I = VSR (A) – VRVT (A)/2<br>= VSG (A) – VGVT (A)/2<br>= VSB (A) – VBVT (A)/2  | -150 | 0    | 150  | m\  |
| 145 | Gamma intermediate<br>region gain                     | Ggn    | (See "Black Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI.<br>Then measure the minimum gain GN of the non-<br>inverted and inverted signals at TP15, TP16 and TP17.<br>$G_{GN} = 20 \log (G_N)$   | 8.0  | 9.8  | 12.0 | dE  |
| 146 | Minimum RGB gamma<br>black side gain                  | GCBN   | (See "Black Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V and V77 = 1.6V.<br>Then obtain the gamma gain of the non-inverted and<br>inverted signals at TP15, TP16 and TP17.   | -1.5 | 0    | 1.5  | dE  |

| No. | Item  | Symbol          | Measurement conditions   | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----|---|-----------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| 147 | Maximum RGB gamma<br>black side gain                      | ∆GGвм           | (See "Black Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V68 = $5.0V$ and V77 = $1.6V$ .<br>Then obtain the gamma gain of the non-inverted<br>and inverted signals at TP15, TP16 and TP17.  | 15   | 18   | _    | dB   |
| 148 | Gamma black side gain<br>difference between R, G<br>and B | ΔGgbt           | (See "Black Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V68 = 3.0V and V77 = 1.6V.<br>Then label the non-inverted side gamma gain at TP15, TP16 and TP17 as GBRT, GBGT and GBBT, and the inverted side gamma gain as GBRTA,<br>GBGTA and GBBTA, respectively.<br>$\Delta$ GGBT = GBRT (A) - GBGT (A)<br>= GBGT (A) - GBBT (A)<br>= GBBT (A) - GBRT (A) | -1.0 | 0    | 1.0  | dB   |
| 149 | R gamma black side sub<br>gain adjustment range (1)       | Δ <b>G</b> GBR1 | (See "Black Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V68 = 3.0V, V77 = 1.6V,<br>SW69 $\rightarrow$ ON and V69 = 1.6V.<br>Then measure the gamma gain at TP15, and label<br>the non-inverted side as GBRN and the inverted<br>side as GBRNA  |      | -4.5 | -2.5 | dB   |
| 150 | R gamma black side sub<br>gain adjustment range (2)       | Δ <b>G</b> GBR2 | Side as GBRNA<br>$\Delta$ GGBR1 = GBRN (A) – GBGT (A)<br>Next, measure the gamma gain at TP15 with<br>V69 = 5.0V, and label the non-inverted side as<br>GBRM and the inverted side as GBRMA.<br>$\Delta$ GGBR2 = GBRM (A) – GBGT (A)   | 2.5  | 4.5  |      | dB   |
| 151 | B gamma black side sub<br>gain adjustment range (1)       | Δ <b>G</b> GBB1 | (See "Black Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V68 = 3.0V, V77 = 1.6V,<br>SW70 $\rightarrow$ ON and V70 = 1.6V.<br>Then measure the gamma gain at TP17, and label<br>the non-inverted side as GBBN and the inverted<br>side as GBBNA.   | _    | -4.5 | -2.5 | dB   |
| 152 | B gamma black side sub<br>gain adjustment range (2)       | Δ <b>G</b> GBB2 | Side as GBBNA.<br>$\Delta GGBB1 = GBBN (A) - GBGT (A)$ Next, measure the gamma gain at TP17 with<br>V70 = 5.0V, and label the non-inverted side as<br>GBBM and the inverted side as GBBMA.<br>$\Delta GGBB2 = GBBM (A) - GBGT (A)$   | 2.5  | 4.5  | _    | dB   |
| 153 | Minimum RGB gamma<br>white side gain                      | Ggwn            | (See "White Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, SW41 $\rightarrow$ ON, V41 = 1.6V, V71 = 1.6V and V74 = 5.0V.<br>Then measure the gamma gain of the non-inverted<br>and inverted sides at TP15, TP16 and TP17.   | -1.5 | 0    | 1.5  | dB   |
| 154 | Maximum RGB gamma<br>white side gain                      | Ggwn            | (See "White Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, SW41 $\rightarrow$ ON, V41 = 1.6V, V71 = 5.0V and V74 = 5.0V.<br>Then measure the gamma gain of the non-inverted<br>and inverted sides at TP15, TP16 and TP17.   | 15   | 18   |      | dB   |

| No. | Item  | Symbol            | Measurement conditions   | Min.  | Тур.  | Max.  | Unit |
|-----|---|-------------------|--|-------|-------|-------|------|
| 155 | Gamma white side gain<br>difference between R, G<br>and B | ΔGGWT             | (See "White Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V71 = 3.0V, V74 = 5.0V, SW41 $\rightarrow$ ON and V41 = 1.6V.<br>Then label the non-inverted side gamma gain at TP15, TP16 and TP17 as GwRT, GwGT and GwBT, and the inverted side gamma gain as GwRTA, GwGTA and GwBTA, respectively.<br>$\Delta$ GGWT = GWRT (A) - GWGT (A)<br>= GWGT (A) - GWBT (A)<br>= GWBT (A) - GWRT (A) | -1.0  | 0     | 1.0   | dB   |
| 156 | R gamma white side sub<br>gain adjustment range (1)       | $\Delta G_{GWR1}$ | (See "White Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V71 = 3.0V, V74 = $5.0V$ , SW41 $\rightarrow$ ON, V41 = 1.6V, SW72 $\rightarrow$ ON and V72 = 1.6V.<br>Then measure the gamma gain at TP15, and label the non-inverted side as GWRN and the  |       | -4.5  | -2.5  | dB   |
| 157 | R gamma white side sub<br>gain adjustment range (2)       | Δ <b>G</b> GWR2   | inverted side as GWRNA.<br>$\Delta$ GGWR1 = GWRN (A) – GWGT (A)<br>Next, measure the gamma gain at TP15 with<br>V72 = 5.0V, and label the non-inverted side as<br>GWRM and the inverted side as GWRMA.<br>$\Delta$ GGWR2 = GWRM (A) – GWGT (A)   | 2.5   | 4.5   |       | dB   |
| 158 | B gamma white side sub<br>gain adjustment range (1)       | ΔGGWB1            | (See "White Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V71 = 3.0V, V74 = $5.0V$ , SW41 $\rightarrow$ ON, V41 = 1.6V, SW73 $\rightarrow$ ON and V73 = 1.6V.<br>Then measure the gamma gain at TP17, and label the non-inverted side as GWBN and the  |       | -4.5  | -2.5  | dB   |
| 159 | B gamma white side sub<br>gain adjustment range (2)       | Δ <b>G</b> GWB2   | inverted side as GWBNA.<br>$\Delta$ GGWB1 = GWBN (A) – GWGT (A)<br>Next, measure the gamma gain at TP17 with<br>V73 = 5.0V, and label the non-inverted side as<br>GWBM and the inverted side as GWBMA.<br>$\Delta$ GGWB2 = GWBM (A) – GWGT (A)   | 2.5   | 4.5   |       | dB   |
| 160 | Minimum RGB gamma<br>black side breakpoint value          | Pgbn              | (See "Black Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V68 = 5.0V and V77 = 1.6V.<br>Then measure the gamma breakpoints of the<br>non-inverted and inverted sides at TP15, TP16<br>and TP17.  | -0.45 | -0.15 | _     | V    |
| 161 | Maximum RGB gamma<br>black side breakpoint value          | Рдвм              | (See "Black Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V68 = 5.0V, V77 = 5.0V, SW1 $\rightarrow$ ON and V1 = 4.0V.<br>Then measure the gamma breakpoints of the non-inverted and inverted sides at TP15, TP16 and TP17.   |       | -1.05 | -0.75 | V    |

| No. | Item  | Symbol | Measurement conditions  | Min.  | Тур.  | Max.  | Uni |
|-----|---|--------|---|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| 162 | Gamma black side<br>breakpoint difference<br>between R, G and B | ∆Рсвт  | (See "Black Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V68 = 5.0V and V77 = 3.3V.<br>Then measure the gamma breakpoints at TP15,<br>TP16 and TP17 and label the non-inverted side<br>as PGBRT, PGBGT and PGBBT, and the inverted<br>side as PGBRTA, PGBGTA and PGBBTA, respectively.<br>$\Delta$ PGBT = PGBRT (A) – PGBGT (A)<br>= PGBGT (A) – PGBBT (A)<br>= PGBBT (A) – PGBRT (A)  | -0.15 | 0     | 0.15  | V   |
| 163 | R gamma black side<br>breakpoint sub adjustment<br>range (1)    | ΔPgbr1 | (See "Black Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V68 = 5.0V, V77 = 3.3V,<br>SW78 $\rightarrow$ ON and V78 = 1.6V.<br>Then measure the gamma breakpoint at TP15, and<br>label the non-inverted side as PGBRN and the<br>inverted side as PGBRNA.  | 0.15  | 0.3   |       | V   |
| 164 | R gamma black side<br>breakpoint sub adjustment<br>range (2)    | ΔPgbr2 | $\begin{split} \Delta PGBR1 &= PGBRN \ (A) - PGBGT \ (A) \\ Next, \ \text{measure the gamma breakpoint at TP15 with} \\ V78 &= 5.0V, \ SW1 \rightarrow ON \ \text{and} \ V1 = 4.0V, \ \text{and} \ label \\ the non-inverted side as  PGBRM \ and \ the inverted \\ side as  PGBRA. \\ \Delta PGBR2 &= PGBRM \ (A) - PGBGT \ (A) \end{split}$   | _     | -0.3  | -0.15 | V   |
| 165 | B gamma black side<br>breakpoint sub adjustment<br>range (1)    | ΔРдвв1 | (See "Black Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V68 = 5.0V, V77 = 3.3V,<br>SW79 $\rightarrow$ ON and V79 = 1.6V.<br>Then measure the gamma breakpoint at TP17, and<br>label the non-inverted side as PGBBN and the<br>inverted side as PGBBNA.  | 0.15  | 0.3   |       | V   |
| 166 | B gamma black side<br>breakpoint sub adjustment<br>range (2)    | ΔPgbb2 | $\begin{array}{l} \Delta P\text{GBB1} = P\text{GBBN} (\text{A}) - P\text{GBGT} (\text{A}) \\ \text{Next, measure the gamma breakpoint at TP17 with} \\ \text{V79} = 5.0\text{V}, \ \text{SW1} \rightarrow \text{ON} \ \text{and} \ \text{V1} = 4.0\text{V}, \ \text{and} \ \text{label} \\ \text{the non-inverted side as PGBBM and the inverted side} \\ \text{as PGBBMA.} \\ \Delta P\text{GBB2} = P\text{GBBM} (\text{A}) - P\text{GBGT} (\text{A}) \end{array}$ | _     | -0.3  | -0.15 | v   |
| 167 | Minimum RGB gamma<br>white side breakpoint value                | Pgwn   | (See "White Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V71 = 5.0V, V74 = 5.0V,<br>SW41 $\rightarrow$ ON and V41 = 1.6V.<br>Then measure the gamma breakpoints of the non-<br>inverted and inverted sides at TP15, TP16 and TP17.   |       | -0.35 | -0.05 | v   |
| 168 | Maximum RGB gamma<br>white side breakpoint value                | Pgwm   | (See "White Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V71 = 5.0V, V74 = 1.6V,<br>SW1 $\rightarrow$ ON, V1 = 2.3V, SW41 $\rightarrow$ ON and V41 =<br>1.6V.<br>Then measure the gamma breakpoints of the non-<br>inverted and inverted sides at TP15, TP16 and<br>TP17.  | 0.75  | 1.20  |       | V   |
| 169 | Gamma white side<br>breakpoint difference<br>between R, G and B | ΔPgwt  | (See "White Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V71 = 5.0V, V74 = 3.3V,<br>SW41 $\rightarrow$ ON and V41 = 1.6V.<br>Then measure the gamma breakpoints at TP15,<br>TP16 and TP17 and label the non-inverted sides as<br>PGWRT, PGWGT and PGWBT, and the inverted sides<br>as PGWRTA, PGWGTA and PGWBTA, respectively.<br>$\Delta$ PGWT = PGWRT(A) – PGWBT(A)<br>= PGWGT(A) – PGWBT(A)<br>= PGWBT(A) – PGWRT(A)                            | -0.15 | 0     | 0.15  | v   |

| No. | Item   | Symbol          | Measurement conditions   | Min. | Тур. | Max.  | Unit |
|-----|--|-----------------|--|------|------|-------|------|
| 170 | R gamma white side<br>breakpoint sub adjustment<br>range (1) | ∆Pgwr1          | (See "White Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V71 = 5.0V, V74 = 3.3V,<br>SW41 $\rightarrow$ ON and V41 = 1.6V.<br>Then measure the gamma breakpoint at TP16,<br>and label the non-inverted side as PGwGT and the<br>inverted side as PGwGTA.<br>Next, measure the gamma breakpoint at TP15 with<br>SW75 $\rightarrow$ ON and V75 = 5.0, and label the non- |      | -0.3 | -0.15 | V    |
| 171 | R gamma white side<br>breakpoint sub adjustment<br>range (2) | ∆Pgwr2          | inverted side as PGWRN and the inverted side as PGWRNA.<br>$\Delta PGWR1 = PGWRN (A) - PGWGT (A)$ Next, measure the gamma breakpoint at TP15 with V75 = 1.6V, SW1 $\rightarrow$ ON and V1 = 2.3V, and label the non-inverted side as PGWRM and the inverted side as PGWRMA.<br>$\Delta PGWR2 = PGWRM (A) - PGWGT (A)$  | 0.15 | 0.3  |       | V    |
| 172 | B gamma white side<br>breakpoint sub adjustment<br>range (1) | Δ <b>P</b> GWB1 | (See "White Side Gamma Measurement Method".)<br>Set V45 = VI, V23 = 1.6V, V71 = 5.0V, V74 = 3.3V,<br>SW41 $\rightarrow$ ON, V41 = 1.6V, SW76 $\rightarrow$ ON and<br>V76 = 5.0V.<br>Then measure the gamma breakpoint at TP17,<br>and label the non-inverted side as PGWBN and the<br>inverted side as PGWBNA  |      | -0.3 | -0.15 | V    |
| 173 | B gamma white side<br>breakpoint sub adjustment<br>range (2) | ΔPgwb2          | inverted side as PGWBNA.<br>$\Delta PGWB1 = PGWBN (A) - PGWGT (A)$ Next, measure the gamma breakpoint at TP17 with<br>V75 = 1.6V, SW1 $\rightarrow$ ON and V1 = 2.3V, and set<br>the non-inverted side as PGWBM and the inverted<br>side as PGWBMA.<br>$\Delta PGWB2 = PGWBM (A) - PGWGT (A)$  | 0.15 | 0.3  |       | V    |
| 174 | WHT LIM standard voltage value                               | Vwt             | Set V45 = 5.0V, V42 = 0V, V54 = 0V and input<br>SG1 (0dB) to (TEST IN).<br>Label the non-inverted output amplitudes (black to<br>white) at TP15, TP16 and TP17 as VWRLT, VWGLT<br>and VWBLT, and the inverted output amplitudes as<br>VWRLTA, VWGLTA and VWBLTA, respectively.<br>Next, label the non-inverted output amplitudes<br>(black to white) at TP15, TP16 and TP17 with       | 1.7  | 2.0  | 2.3   | V    |
| 175 | WHT LIM adjustment range (1)                                 | ΔVw1            | SW41 $\rightarrow$ ON and V41 = 5.0V as VWRLN, VWGLN<br>and VWBLN, and the inverted output amplitudes as<br>VWRLNA, VWGLNA and VWBLNA, respectively.<br>Next, label the non-inverted output amplitudes<br>(black to white) at TP15, TP16 and TP17 with<br>V41 = 1.6V as VWRLM, VWGLM and VWBLM, and the<br>inverted output amplitudes as VWRLMA, VWGLMA<br>and VWBLMA, respectively.   |      | -1.7 | -1.3  | V    |
| 176 | WHT LIM adjustment range (2)                                 | ΔVw2            | $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$   | 2.4  | 2.8  |       | V    |

| No. | Item  | Symbol | Measurement conditions   | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----|---|--------|--|------|------|------|------|
| 177 | BLK LIM standard voltage<br>value (non-inverted side) | Vblt   | Set V23 = 1.6V and V37 = 2.8V.<br>Then label the DC voltages at TP15, TP16 and<br>TP17 as VCR1, VCG1 and VCB1, respectively.<br>Next, set V23 = 5.0V, SW26 $\rightarrow$ (b), SW27 $\rightarrow$ (b),<br>SW28 $\rightarrow$ (b), V26 = 7.0V, V27 = 7.0V and V28 =<br>7.0V, and then label the non-inverted limiter levels<br>at TP15, TP16 and TP17 as VBRLT, VBGLT and<br>VBBLT, and the inverted limiter levels as VBRLTA, | 4.2  | 4.8  | 5.4  | V    |
| 178 | BLK LIM standard voltage value (inverted side)        | Vblta  | VBGLTA and VBBLTA, respectively.<br>Next, label the non-inverted limiter levels at TP15,<br>TP16 and TP17 with SW39 $\rightarrow$ ON and V39 =<br>1.6V as VBRLM, VBGLM and VBBLM, and the<br>inverted limiter levels as VBRLMA, VBGLMA and<br>VBBLMA, respectively.<br>Next, label the non-inverted limiter levels at TP15,<br>TP16 and TP17 with V39 = 5.0V as VBRLN, VBGLN   | 4.2  | 4.8  | 5.4  | V    |
| 179 | BLK LIM adjustment range<br>(1) (non-inverted side)   | ΔVBL1  | and VBBLN, and the inverted limiter levels as<br>VBRLNA, VBGLNA and VBBLNA, respectively.<br>VBLT = VCR1 - VBRLT<br>= VCG1 - VBGLT<br>= VCB1 - VBBLT<br>VBLTA = VBRLTA - VCR1<br>= VBGLTA - VCG1<br>= VBBLTA - VCB1  | 0.7  | 1.2  |      | V    |
| 180 | BLK LIM adjustment range<br>(2) (non-inverted side)   | ΔVbl2  | $\Delta VBL1 = (VCR1 - VBRLM)$<br>- (VCR1 - VBRLT)<br>= (VCG1 - VBGLM)<br>- (VCG1 - VBGLT)<br>= (VCB1 - VBBLM)<br>- (VCB1 - VBBLT)<br>$\Delta VBL2 = (VCR1 - VBRLN)$<br>- (VCR1 - VBRLT)   |      | -2.7 | -2.2 | V    |
| 181 | BLK LIM adjustment range<br>(3) (inverted side)       | ΔVbl3  | $= (VCG1 - VBGLN)$ $- (VCG1 - VBGLT)$ $= (VCB1 - VBBLN)$ $- (VCB1 - VBBLT)$ $\Delta VBL3 = (VBRLMA - VCR1)$ $- (VBRLTA - VCR1)$ $= (VBGLMA - VCG1)$ $- (VBGLTA - VCG1)$  | -0.5 | 0    | 0.5  | V    |
| 182 | BLK LIM adjustment range<br>(4) (inverted side)       | ΔVBL4  | = (VBBLMA - VCB1)<br>- (VBBLTA - VCB1)<br>$\Delta VBL4 = (VBRLNA - VCR1)$<br>- (VBRLTA - VCR1)<br>= (VBGLNA - VCG1)<br>- (VBGLTA - VCG1)<br>= (VBBLNA - VCB1)<br>- (VBBLTA - VCB1)   |      | -2.7 | -2.2 | V    |
| 183 | RGB output DC voltage                                 | Vcrgb  | Set V42 = 0V and V23 = 2.1V.<br>Then label the DC voltages at TP15, TP16 and<br>TP17 as VCRT, VCGT and VCBT, respectively.<br>VCRGB = VCRT, VCGT, VCBT   | 6.35 | 6.50 | 6.65 | V    |
| 184 | SID output DC voltage                                 | VCSID  | Set V31 = 1.6V, SW30 $\rightarrow$ ON and V30 = 1.6V.<br>Then measure the DC voltage at TP13.  | 6.35 | 6.50 | 6.65 | V    |

| No. | Item  | Symbol  | Measurement conditions  | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-----|---|---------|---|------|------|------|------|
| 185 | DC voltage difference<br>between RGB and SID<br>outputs     | ΔVcsrgb | Set V42 = 0V, V31 = 1.6V, SW30 $\rightarrow$ ON,<br>V30 = 1.6V and V37 = 2.8V.<br>Then measure the DC voltages at TP13, TP15,<br>TP16 and TP17, and level these voltages as<br>VCs2, VCR2, VCG2 and VCB2, respectively.<br>$\Delta$ VCSRGB = VCS2 - VCR2, VCS2 - VCG2,<br>VCS2 - VCB2<br>= VCR2 - VCG2, VCR2 - VCB2,<br>VCG2 - VCB2 | -150 | 0    | 150  | mV   |
| 186 | Minimum SIG CENT<br>adjustment voltage                      | Vc1     | Set V42 = 0V, V37 = 5.0V, SW37 $\rightarrow$ ON.<br>Then measure the DC voltages at TP13, TP15, TP16 and TP17.  | _    | 4.7  | 5.3  | V    |
| 187 | Maximum SIG CENT<br>adjustment voltage                      | Vc2     | Set V42 = 0V, V37 = 1.6V, SW37 $\rightarrow$ ON.<br>Then measure the DC voltages at TP15, TP16 and TP17.  | 7.7  | 8.3  | _    | V    |
| 188 | DC voltage difference<br>between VCOM OUT and<br>RGB output | ΔVсом   | $\Delta V COM = V CRT - V COM$ $= V CGT - V COM$ $= V CBT - V COM$  | 100  | 300  | 500  | mV   |
| 189 | VCOM control range (1)                                      | ΔVсом1  | Set SW36 $\rightarrow$ ON and V36 = 5.0V.<br>Then label the voltage at TP38 as VCOM1.<br>$\Delta$ VCOM1 = VCRT - VCOM1<br>= VCGT - VCOM1<br>= VCBT - VCOM1  |      | -1.9 | -1.6 | V    |
| 190 | VCOM control range (2)                                      | ΔVсом2  | Set SW36 $\rightarrow$ ON and V36 = 1.6V.<br>Then label the voltage at TP38 as VCOM2.<br>$\Delta$ VCOM2 = VCRT - VCOM2<br>= VCGT - VCOM2<br>= VCBT - VCOM2  | 2.1  | 2.4  |      | V    |
| 191 | SID OUT amplitude   | Vsid    | Set V31 = 1.6V.<br>Then measure the output amplitude at TP13.   | 8.3  | 9.3  | 10.3 | Vp-p |
| 192 | Maximum SID CTR control voltage                             | VSMAX   | Set V31 = 1.6V, SW30 $\rightarrow$ ON, V30 = 5.0V and Vcc2 = 13V.<br>Then measure the output amplitude at TP13.   | 10   | 11   | _    | Vp-p |
| 193 | Minimum SID CTR control voltage                             | VSMIN   | Set V31 = 1.6V, SW30 $\rightarrow$ ON, V30 = 1.6V and Vcc2 = 13V.<br>Then measure the output amplitude at TP13.   | _    | 5.0  | 6.5  | Vp-р |
| 194 | Maximum PRG CTR<br>control voltage                          | Vprgm   | Set V31 = 5.0V.<br>Then measure the amplitude of the PRG<br>section using the output waveform at TP13.  | 2.0  | 3.2  |      | Vp-p |

| No. | Item   | Symbol | Measurement conditions  | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit  |
|-----|--|--------|---|------|------|------|-------|
| 195 | Minimum PRG CTR control voltage                    | Vprgn  | Set V31 = 1.6V.<br>Then measure the amplitude of the PRG<br>section using the output waveform at TP13.  | _    | 0    | 0.4  | Vp-p  |
| 196 | Frequency response (1)<br>(RGB input – RGB output) | frgb   | Frequency response from (R IN), (G IN) and (B IN) to TP15, TP16 and TP17 (frequency which goes to –3dB with respect to 100kHz)  | _    | 18   | _    | MHz   |
| 197 | Frequency response (3) (RGB input $-\gamma$ )      | fγ     | Frequency response from (R IN), (G IN) and<br>(B IN) to the sample-and-hold circuit input<br>(frequency which goes to –3dB with respect to<br>100kHz)   | 20   | 25   | _    | MHz   |
| 198 | Slew rate<br>(RGB input – RGB output)              | Rsrgb  | Input SG6 to (R IN), (G IN) and (B IN).<br>Then adjust V45 so that the output amplitude<br>(black to white) at TP16 is 3V.<br>Measure the slew rate from the 10 to 90% rise<br>and fall time of TP15, TP16 and TP17.  | 60   | 100  | _    | V/µs  |
| 199 | Input dynamic range                                | Vdin   | Set SW41 $\rightarrow$ ON, V41 = 1.6V and input SG1<br>(variable amplitude) to (R IN), (G IN) and (B<br>IN).<br>Then label the amplitude of the 1st, 5th and<br>10th steps as b1, b5 and b10, respectively,<br>using the non-inverted output waveform at<br>TP15, TP16 and TP17.<br>The input dynamic range is defined as the<br>minimum value for the input amplitude (black<br>to white) at which b1/b5 < 0.8 or<br>b10/b5 < 0.8. | 0.8  | 1.1  |      | Vp-p  |
| 200 | Sample-and-hold circuit<br>droop rate              | Rdlp   | Set V45 = VI and input SG7 to (SH1), (SH2)<br>and (SH3).<br>Then measure the droop rate at TP15, TP16<br>and TP17.<br>Next, input SG7 to (SH4).<br>Then measure the droop rate of TP15, TP16<br>and TP17.   |      |      | 40   | mV/µs |

**Note)** The symbol (A) in the Measurement conditions inscription indicates that the measurement values for both the inverted and non-inverted sides are used.

#### (Example)

20 log (VRSM (A)/VRST (A)) means both

20 log (VRSM/VRST) and

20 log (VRSMA/VRSTA).

In this example, VRSM and VRST are non-inverted side measurement values and VRSMA and VRSTA are inverted side measurement values.

#### **Black Side Gamma Measurement Method**

Measure the output voltages y<sub>1</sub> to y<sub>10</sub> which correspond to the input voltages a<sub>1</sub> to a<sub>10</sub> using SG8 as the input signal. (Measure the voltage from the reference level. Label the white side from the reference level as positive, and the black side as negative.)

Select the two points where  $|y_n - y_{n-1}|$  (n = 2 to 10) is a maximum, and label these points y<sub>k</sub> and y<sub>k-1</sub>. Also, label the input voltages which correspond to y<sub>k</sub> and y<sub>k-1</sub> as a<sub>k</sub> and a<sub>k-1</sub>, respectively.

Next, measure the output voltages y1 to y10 which correspond to the input voltages a1 to a10 using SG9 as the input signal.

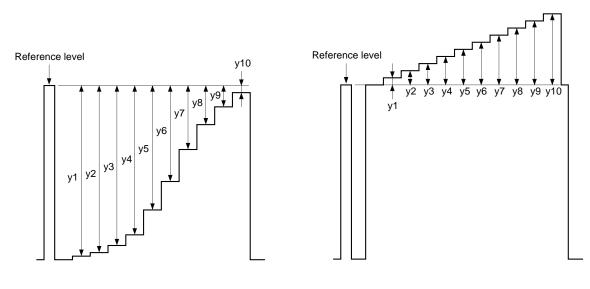
Select the two points where  $|y_n - y_{n-1}|$  (n = 2 to 10) is a maximum, and label these points y<sub>h</sub> and y<sub>h-1</sub>. Also, label the input voltages which correspond to y<sub>h</sub> and y<sub>h-1</sub> as a<sub>h</sub> and a<sub>h-1</sub>, respectively.

From the above:

Maximum gain  $GM = (y_k - y_{k-1})/(a_k - a_{k-1})$ Minimum gain  $GN = (y_h - y_{h-1})/(a_h - a_{h-1})$ 

The black side gamma gain is defined as the ratio of the maximum gain to the minimum gain. In other words: Gamma gain = 20 log (GM/GN)

The gamma breakpoint is defined as the intersection between the straight line passing through points (ak, yk) and (ak-1, yk-1) and the straight line passing through points (ah, yh) and (ah-1, yh-1). In other words: Gamma breakpoint = (GM \* GN \* (ak - ah) - GN \* yk + GM \* yh)/(GM - GN)



RGB output waveform (SG8)

**RGB** output waveform (SG9)

#### White Side Gamma Measurement Method

Measure the output voltages y<sub>1</sub> to y<sub>10</sub> which correspond to the input voltages a<sub>1</sub> to a<sub>10</sub> using SG9 as the input signal. (Measure the voltage from the reference level. Label the white side from the reference level as positive, and the black side as negative.)

Select the two points where  $|y_n - y_{n-1}|$  (n = 2 to 10) is a maximum, and label these points y<sub>k</sub> and y<sub>k-1</sub>. Also, label the input voltages which correspond to y<sub>k</sub> and y<sub>k-1</sub> as a<sub>k</sub> and a<sub>k-1</sub>, respectively.

Next, measure the output voltages y1 to y10 which correspond to the input voltages a1 to a10 using SG8 as the input signal.

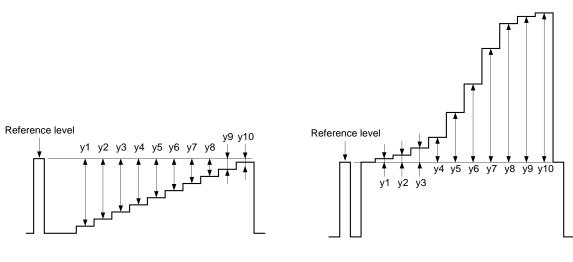
Select the two points where  $|y_n - y_{n-1}|$  (n = 2 to 10) is a maximum, and label these points y<sub>h</sub> and y<sub>h-1</sub>. Also, label the input voltages which correspond to y<sub>h</sub> and y<sub>h-1</sub> as a<sub>h</sub> and a<sub>h-1</sub>, respectively.

From the above:

Maximum gain  $GM = (y_k - y_{k-1})/(a_k - a_{k-1})$ Minimum gain  $GN = (y_h - y_{h-1})/(a_h - a_{h-1})$ 

The white side gamma gain is defined as the ratio of the maximum gain to the minimum gain. In other words: Gamma gain = 20 log (GM/GN)

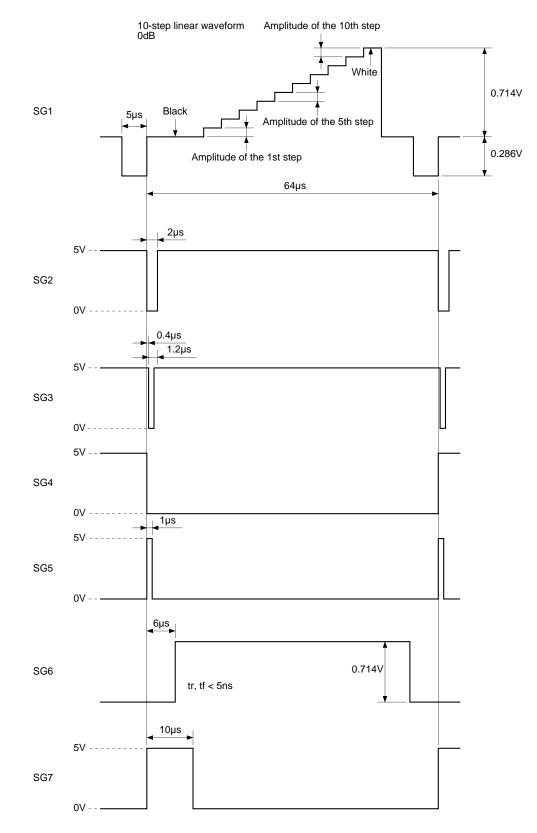
The gamma breakpoint is defined as the intersection between the straight line passing through points (ak, yk) and (ak-1, yk-1) and the straight line passing through points (ah, yh) and (ah-1, yh-1). In other words: Gamma breakpoint = (GM \* GN \* (ak - ah) - GN \* yk + GM \* yh)/(GM - GN)

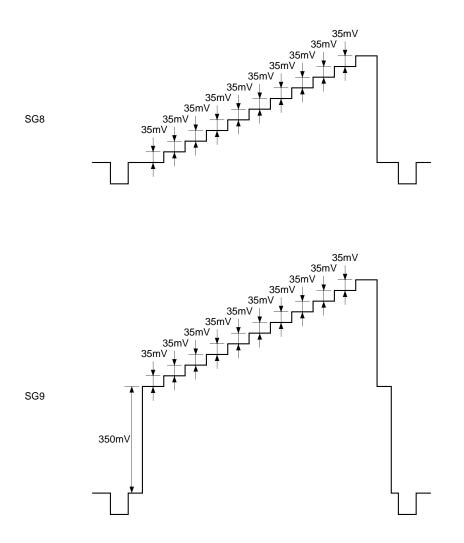


**RGB** output waveform (SG8)

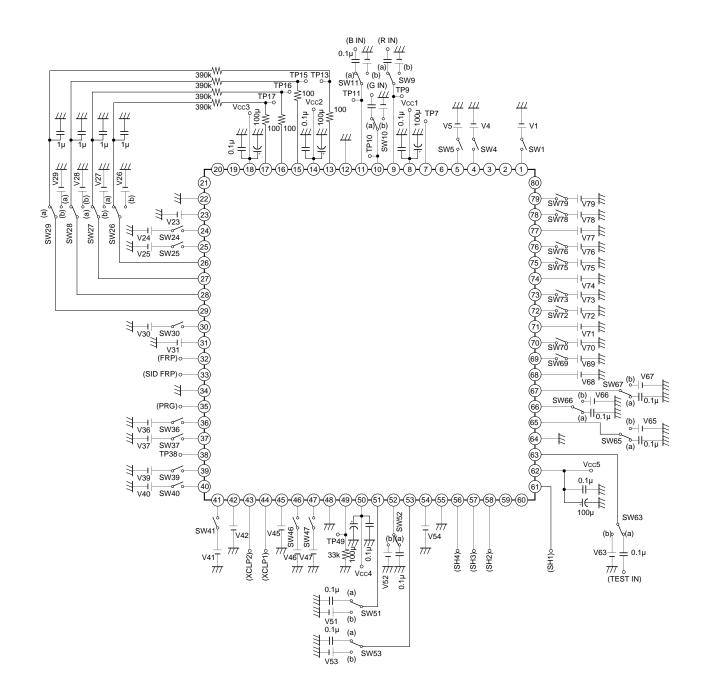
**RGB** output waveform (SG9)

#### **Input Waveforms**





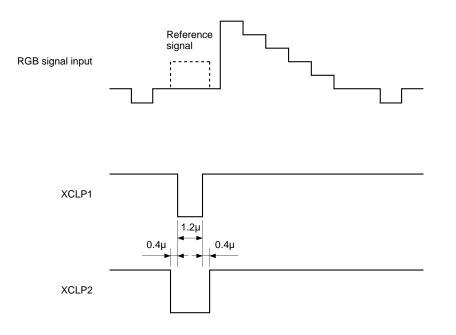
#### **Electrical Characteristics Measurement Circuit**



#### **Description of Operation**

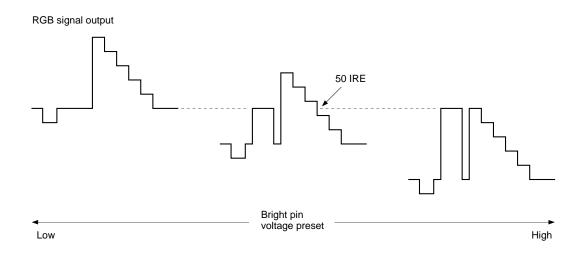
#### **Reference signal**

The reference level is inserted into the RGB signal by inputting the XCLP2 signal shown below during the RGB input signal pedestal level interval. Gamma compensation and clamping operation are performed based on this level.



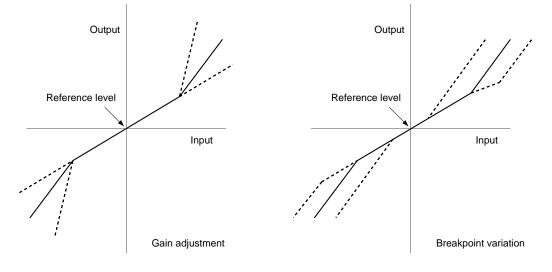
#### **Bright adjustment**

The position of the RGB signal relative to the reference level changes according to the voltage applied to RGB MBRT (Pin 1). Bright can be controlled without changing the  $\gamma$  characteristics to the panel because the input bias is changed with the breakpoint for output kept constant.



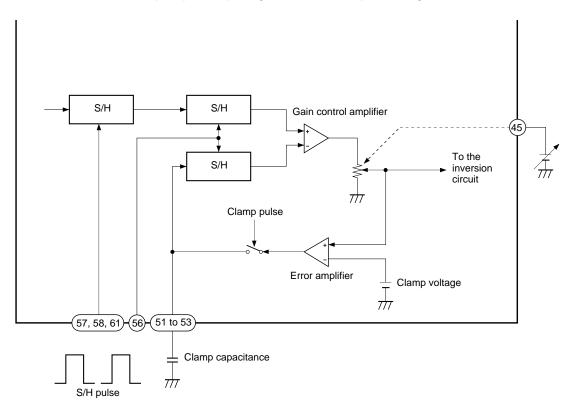
#### Gamma compensation

The gamma compensation curve establishes the gain change points (breakpoints) on both the black and white sides from the reference level. The black and white side gains and the black and white side gain change points can each be adjusted independently.



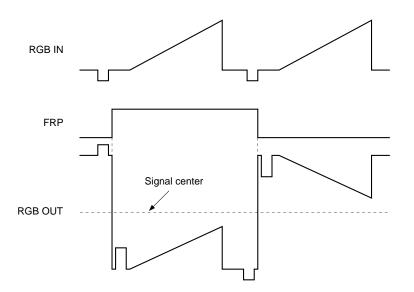
#### Sample-and-hold, gain control and pedestal clamp

Since sample-and-hold circuits are established in the R, G and B lines and each of these circuits is operated by an independent pulse, the delay can be set freely. In addition, the pulse leak is canceled by establishing a sample-and-hold circuit in the clamp loop and inputting the differential input of the gain control circuit.



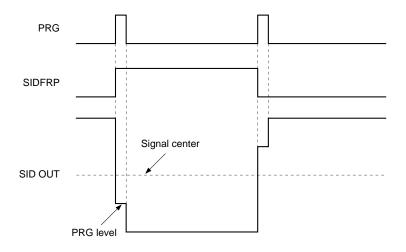
#### **RGB** inversion amplifier

The polarity of the RGB output is inverted according to the FRP pulse. The relationship between input and output is as shown in the figure below.



#### SID output

The CXA1853Q outputs a side black signal for 4:3/16:9 aspect conversion. The black level is adjusted by the SID CTR pin. In addition, the PRG level can be set in part of the side black signal by inputting the PRG pulse. The PRG level is adjusted by the PRG CTR pin. The relationship between each input and output is as shown in the figure below.



#### Signal center control

The RGB and SID output center voltages are adjusted by the SIG CENT CTR (Pin 37). When SIG CENT CTR is preset, the output pin center voltage goes to Vcc2/2.

#### Output clamp

The average value of each RGB and SID output signal is detected with external RC circuits and input to the RGB CLP and SID CLP pins. Then the center voltage offsets among R, G, B and SID outputs are reduced by feedback which equalizes these detected values and the signal center voltage set by the SIG CENT CTR pin.

#### Notes on Operation

1) R IN (Pin 9), G IN (Pin 10), B IN (Pin 11) input signal impedance

An external capacitor is used as the hold capacitor for the clamp at the input of this IC. Therefore, the input signal impedance must be sufficiently low (75 $\Omega$  or less) and the external capacitor must have a small leak current.

2) Clamp hold capacitors (Pins 51 to 53 and 65 to 67)

The external capacitors connected to these pins must have a small leak current.

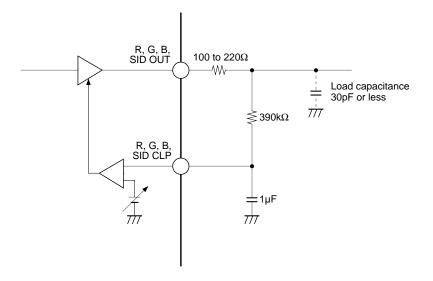
3) R, G, B, SID OUT load capacitance

The output signal will tend to oscillate if the R, G, B and SID OUT load capacitance increases. Be sure to insert a 100 to  $220\Omega$  resistor in series to these output pins, and design to keep the load capacitance from exceeding 30pF.

4) External capacitor at the output

The leak current absolute value and tolerance for the R, G, B and SID OUT average value detecting capacitors should be small.

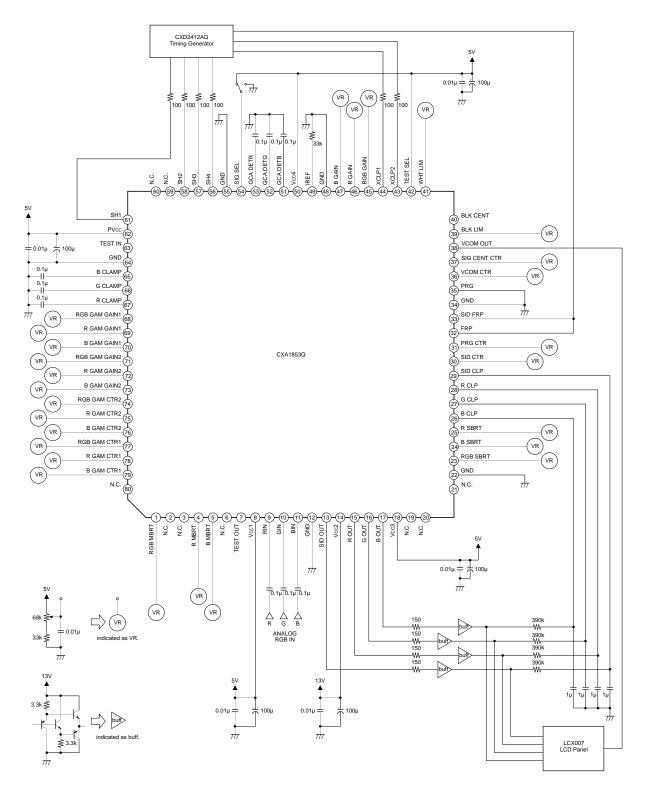
Note that if there is an offset in the leak current between R, G and B, offset voltage is also generated between R, G and B in the external resistor, which causes a DC offset of the output signal.



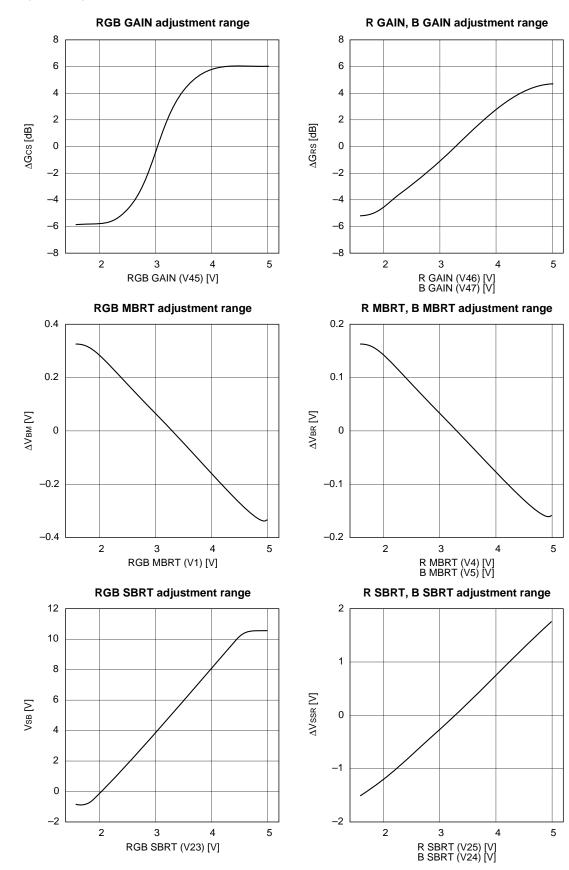
5) GND and power supply pins

Pins 12, 22, 34, 48, 55 and 64 (GND) should be set to the minimum identical potential applied to the IC, and should not be left open. In addition, the potential at Pins 8, 18, 50 and 62 should be the same.

#### **Application Circuit**

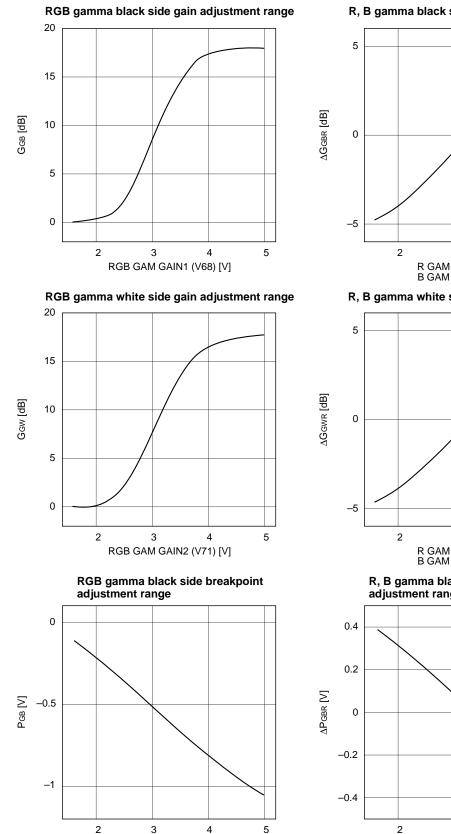


Application circuits shown are typical examples illustrating the operation of the devices. Sony cannot assume responsibility for any problems arising out of the use of these circuits or for any infringement of third party patent and other right due to same.



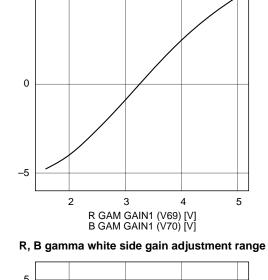
#### **Example of Representative Characteristics**

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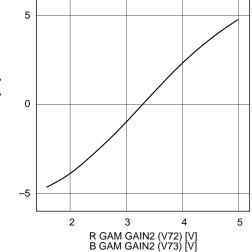


RGB GAM CTR1 (V77) [V]

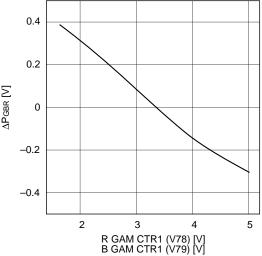
#### R, B gamma black side gain adjustment range

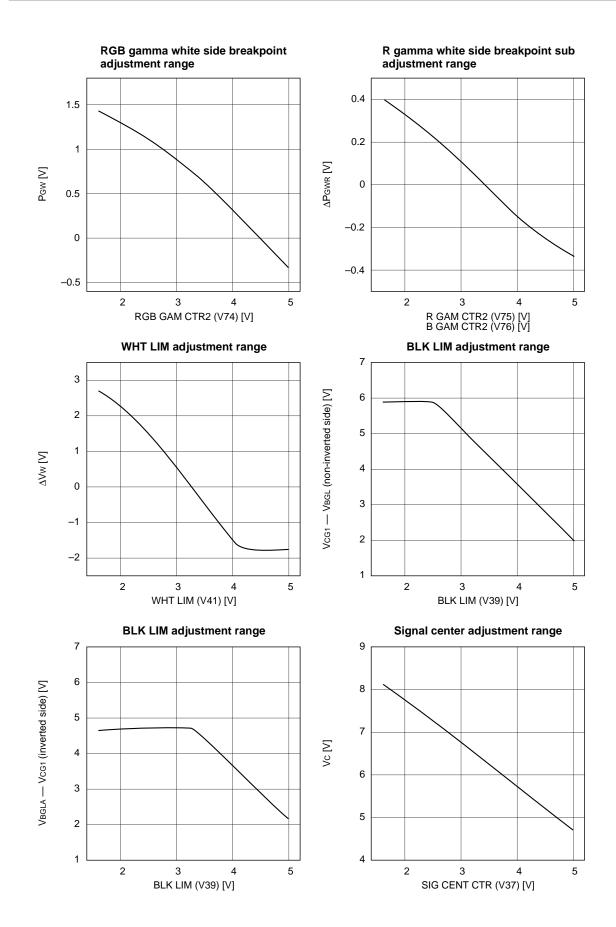


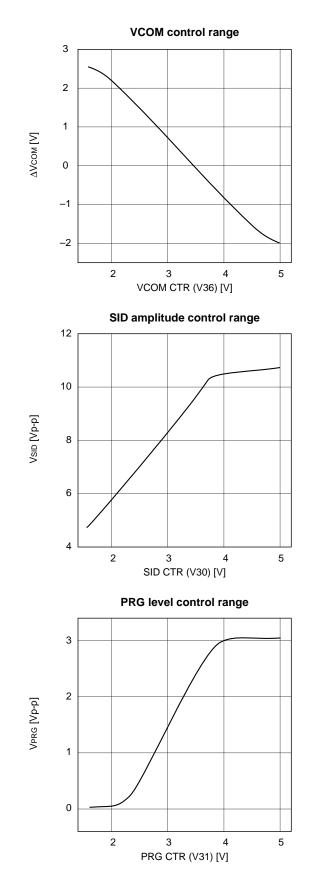




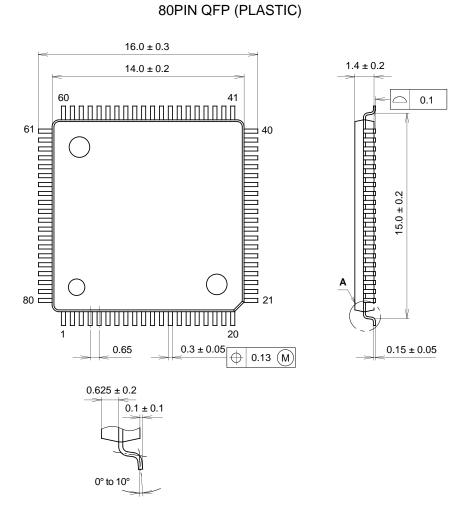
R, B gamma black side breakpoint sub adjustment range







Package Outline Unit: mm



DETAIL A

| SONY CODE  | QFP80P-L111   |
|------------|---------------|
| EIAJ CODE  | QFP080-P-1414 |
| JEDEC CODE |               |

#### PACKAGE STRUCTURE

| PACKAGE MATERIAL | EPOXY RESIN    |
|------------------|----------------|
| LEAD TREATMENT   | SOLDER PLATING |
| LEAD MATERIAL    | COPPER         |
| PACKAGE WEIGHT   | 0.6g           |