FAIRCHILD

A Schlumberger Company

μA760 High Speed Differential Comparator

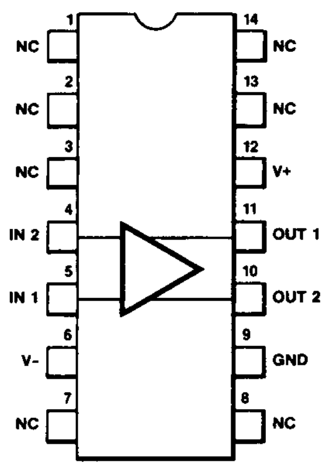
Linear Division Comparators

Description

The μA760 is a differential voltage comparator offering considerable speed improvement over the μA710 family and operates from symmetric supplies of ±4.5 V to ±6.5 V. The μA760 can be used in high speed analog-to-digital conversion systems and as a zero crossing detector in disc file and tape amplifiers. The μA760 output features balanced rise and fall times for minimum skew and close matching between the complementary outputs. The outputs are TTL compatible with a minimum sink capability of two gate loads.

- **Guaranteed High Speed — 25 ns Max**
- **Guaranteed Delay Matching On Both Outputs**
- **Complementary TTL Compatible Outputs**
- **High Sensitivity**
- **Standard Supply Voltages**

Connection Diagram
14-Lead DIP
(Top View)

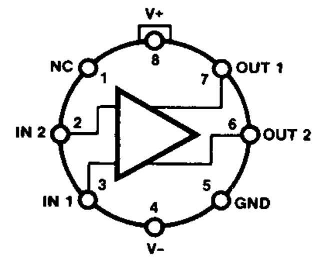


CD01080F

Order Information

Device Code	Package Code	Package Description
μA760DM	6A	Ceramic DIP
μA760DC	6A	Ceramic DIP

Connection Diagram
8-Lead Metal Package
(Top View)



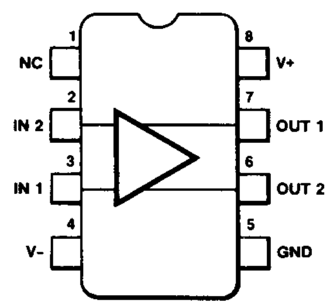
CD01070F

Lead 4 connected to case

Order Information

Device Code	Package Code	Package Description
μA760HM	5W	Metal
μA760HC	5W	Metal

Connection Diagram
8-Lead DIP
(Top View)



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Order Information

Device Code	Package Code	Package Description
μA760RM	6T	Ceramic DIP
μA760RC	6T	Ceramic DIP

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Storage Temperature Range	
Metal Can and Ceramic DIP	-65°C to +175°C
Molded DIP	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range	
Extended (μA760M)	-55°C to +125°C
Commercial (μA760C)	0°C to 70°C
Lead Temperature	
Metal Can and Ceramic DIP (soldering, 60 s)	300°C
Molded DIP (soldering, 10 s)	265°C

Internal Power Dissipation[1, 2]	
8L-Metal Can	1.00 W
14L-Ceramic DIP	1.36 W
8L-Ceramic DIP	1.30 W
Positive Supply Voltage	+8.0 V
Negative Supply Voltage	-8.0 V
Peak Output Current	10 mA
Differential Input Voltage	±5.0 V
Input Voltage	$V+ \geqslant V_I \geqslant V-$

Notes

1. $T_{J\ Max} = 175°C$.
2. Ratings apply to ambient temperature at 25°C. Above this temperature, derate the 8L-Metal Can at 6.7 mW/°C, the 14L-Ceramic DIP at 9.1 mW/°C, and the 8L-Ceramic DIP at 8.7 mW/°C.

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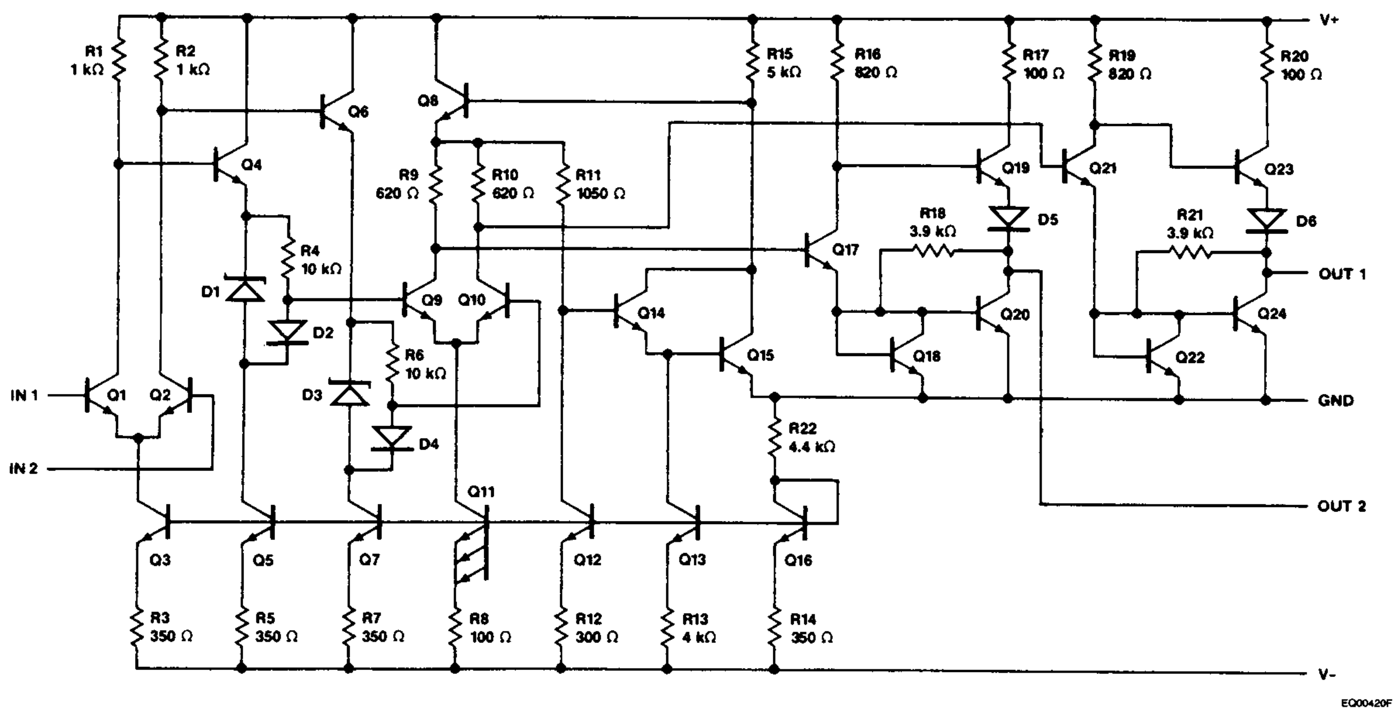
Equivalent Circuit



μA760

Electrical Characteristics $V_{CC} = \pm 4.5$ V to ± 6.5 V, $T_A = -55°C$ to $+125°C$, $T_A = 25°C$ for typical figures, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{IO}	Input Offset Voltage	$R_S \leqslant 200\ \Omega$		1.0	6.0	mV
I_{IO}	Input Offset Current			0.5	7.5	μA
I_{IB}	Input Bias Current			8.0	60	μA
R_O	Output Resistance (either output)	$V_O = V_{OH}$		100		Ω
t_{PD}	Response Time	$T_A = 25°C$[1]		18	30	ns
		$T_A = 25°C$[2]			25	
		(Note 3)		16		
Δt_{PD}	Response Time Difference between Outputs[1] (t_{PD} of $+V_{I1}$) – (t_{PD} of $-V_{I2}$)	$T_A = 25°C$			5.0	ns
	(t_{PD} of $+V_{I2}$) – (t_{PD} of $-V_{I1}$)	$T_A = 25°C$			5.0	
	(t_{PD} of $+V_{I1}$) – (t_{PD} of $+V_{I2}$)	$T_A = 25°C$			7.5	
	(t_{PD} of $-V_{I1}$) – (t_{PD} of $-V_{I2}$)	$T_A = 25°C$			7.5	
R_I	Input Resistance	f = 1.0 MHz		12		kΩ
C_I	Input Capacitance	f = 1.0 MHz		8.0		pF
$\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta T$	Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage	$R_S = 50\ \Omega$, $T_A = -55°C$ to $+125°C$		3.0		μV/°C
$\Delta I_{IO}/\Delta T$	Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Current	$T_A = 25°C$ to $125°C$		2.0		nA/°C
		$T_A = +25°C$ to $-55°C$		7.0		
V_{IR}	Input Voltage Range	$V_{CC} = \pm 6.5$ V	±4.0	±4.5		V
V_{IDR}	Differential Input Voltage Range			±5.0		V
V_{OH}	Output Voltage HIGH (either output)	0 mA $\leqslant I_{OH} \leqslant$ 5.0 mA $V_{CC} = +5.0$ V	2.4	3.2		V
		$I_{OH} = 80$ μA, $V_{CC} = \pm 4.5$ V	2.4	3.0		
V_{OL}	Output Voltage LOW (either output)	$I_{OL} = 3.2$ mA		0.25	0.4	V
I+	Positive Supply Current	$V_{CC} = \pm 6.5$ V		18	32	mA
I–	Negative Supply Current	$V_{CC} = \pm 6.5$ V		9.0	16	mA

Notes
1. Response time measured from the 50% point of a 30 mVp-p 10 MHz sinusoidal input to the 50% point of the output.
2. Response time measured from the 50% point of a 2.0 V p-p 10 MHz sinusoidal input to the 50% point of the output.
3. Response time measured from the start of a 100 mV input step with 5.0 mV overdrive to the time when the output crosses the logic threshold.

μA760C

Electrical Characteristics V_{CC} = ±4.5 V to ±6.5 V, T_A = 0°C to 70°C, T_A = 25°C for typical figures, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{IO}	Input Offset Voltage	$R_S \leqslant 200\ \Omega$		1.0	6.0	mV
I_{IO}	Input Offset Current			0.5	7.5	μA
I_{IB}	Input Bias Current			8.0	60	μA
R_O	Output Resistance (either output)	$V_O = V_{OH}$		100		Ω
t_{PD}	Response Time	T_A = 25°C[1]		18	30	ns
		T_A = 25°C[2]			25	
		(Note 3)		16		
Δt_{PD}	Response Time Difference between Outputs[1] (t_{PD} of $+V_{I1}$) − (t_{PD} of $-V_{I2}$)	T_A = 25°C			5.0	ns
	(t_{PD} of $+V_{I2}$) − (t_{PD} of $-V_{I1}$)	T_A = 25°C			5.0	
	(t_{PD} of $+V_{I1}$) − (t_{PD} of $+V_{I2}$)	T_A = 25°C			10	
	(t_{PD} of $-V_{I1}$) − (t_{PD} of $-V_{I2}$)	T_A = 25°C			10	
R_I	Input Resistance	f = 1.0 MHz		12		kΩ
C_I	Input Capacitance	f = 1.0 MHz		8.0		pF
$\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta T$	Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage	R_S = 50 Ω, T_A = 0°C to 70°C		3.0		μV/°C
$\Delta I_{IO}/\Delta T$	Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Current	T_A = 25°C to 70°C		5.0		nA/°C
		T_A = 25°C to 0°C		10		
V_{IR}	Input Voltage Range	V_{CC} = ±6.5 V	±4.0	±4.5		V
V_{IDR}	Differential Input Voltage Range			±5.0		V
V_{OH}	Output Voltage HIGH (either output)	0 mA $\leqslant I_{OH} \leqslant$ 5.0 mA V_{CC} = +5.0 V	2.4	3.2		V
		I_{OH} = 80 μA, V_{CC} = ±4.5 V	2.5	3.0		
V_{OL}	Output Voltage LOW (either output)	I_{OL} = 3.2 mA		0.25	0.4	V
I+	Positive Supply Current	V_{CC} = ±6.5 V		18	34	mA
I−	Negative Supply Current	V_{CC} = ±6.5 V		9.0	16	mA

Notes
1. Response time measured from the 50% point of a 30 mVp-p 10 MHz sinusoidal input to the 50% point of the output.
2. Response time measured from the 50% point of a 2.0 V p-p 10 MHz sinusoidal input to the 50% point of the output.
3. Response time measured from the start of a 100 mV input step with 5.0 mV overdrive to the time when the output crosses the logic threshold.

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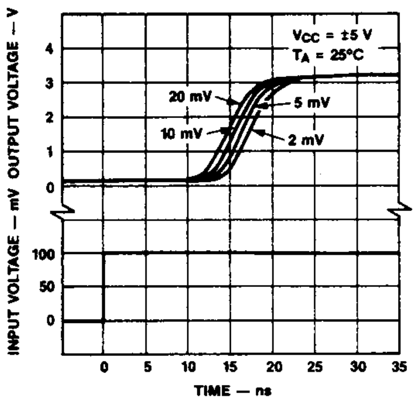
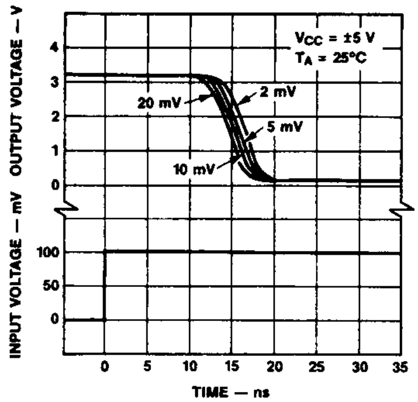
Typical Performance Curves

Response Time for Various Input Overdrives



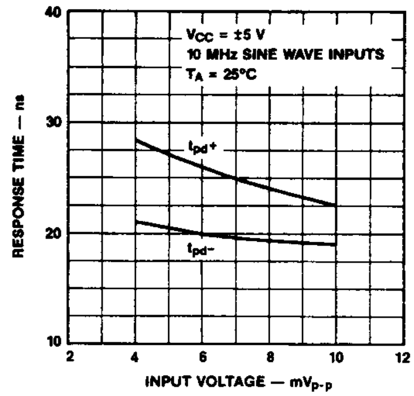
PC07300F

Response Time for Various Input Overdrives



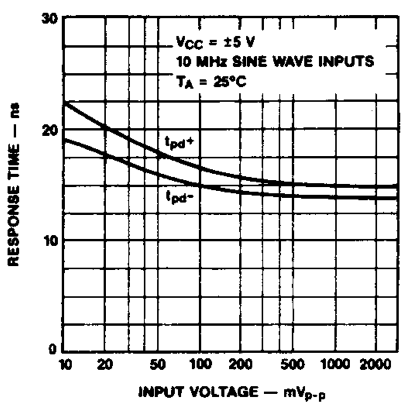
PC07310F

Response Time vs Input Voltage



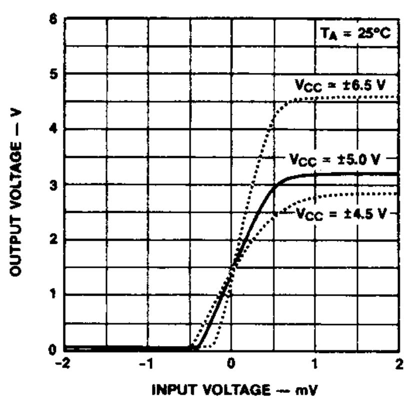
PC07320F

Response Time vs Input Voltage



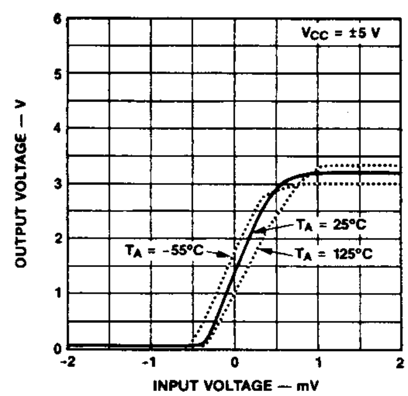
PC07330F

Voltage Transfer Characteristic



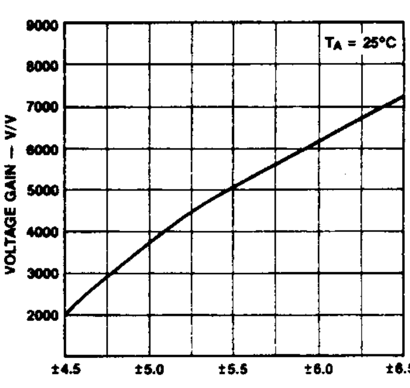
PC07340F

Voltage Transfer Characteristic



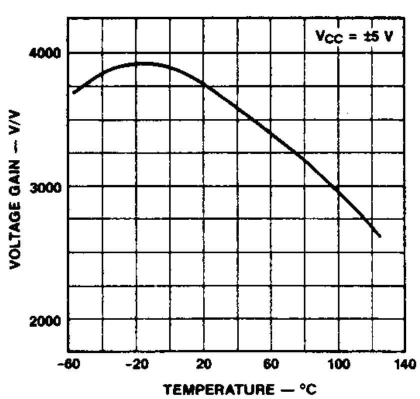
PC07350F

Voltage Gain vs Supply Voltage



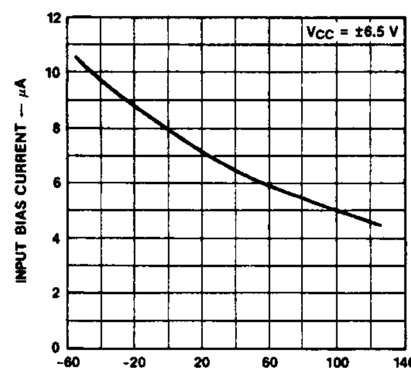
PC07361F

Voltage Gain vs Temperature



PC07370F

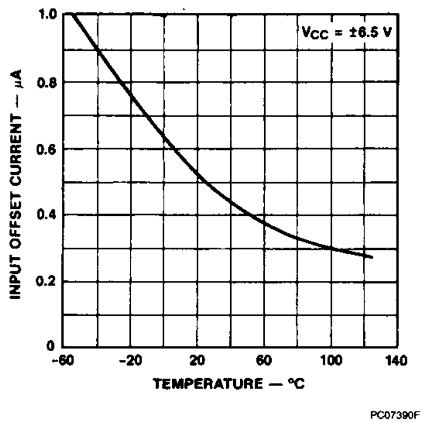
Input Bias Current vs Temperature



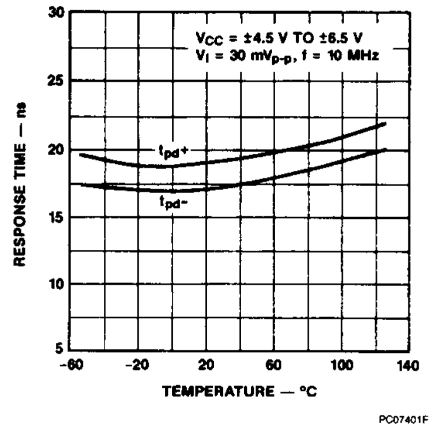
PC07380F

Typical Performance Curves (Cont.)

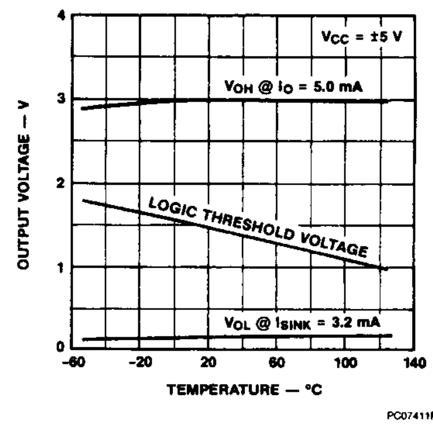
Input Offset Current vs Temperature



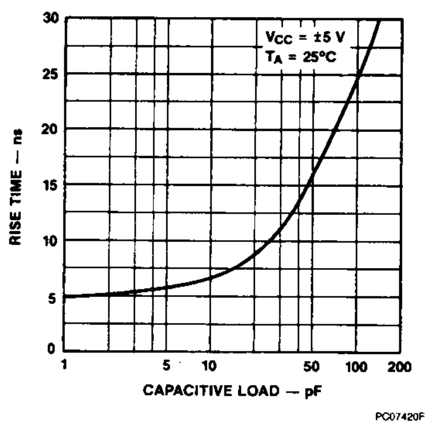
Response Time vs Temperature



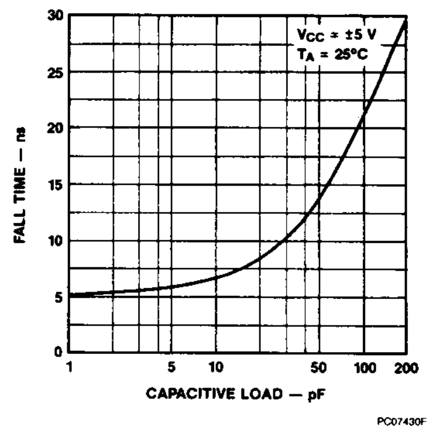
Output Voltage Levels vs Temperature



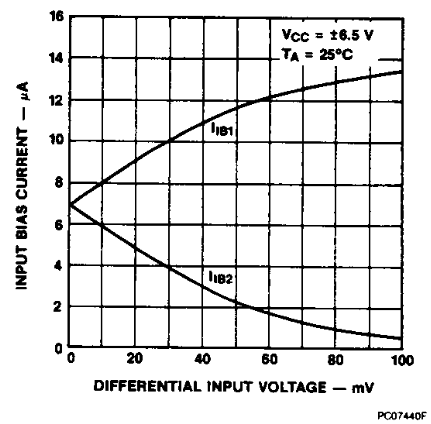
Rise Time vs Capacitive Load



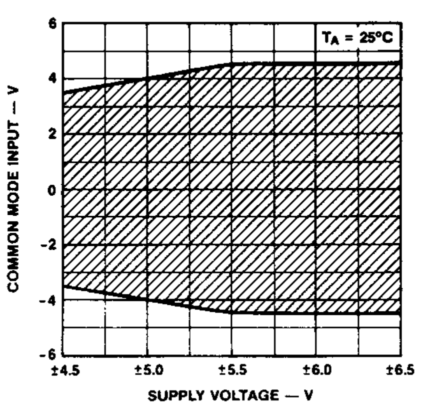
Fall Time vs Capacitive Load



Input Bias Current vs Differential Input Voltage



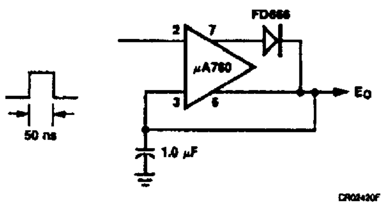
Common Mode Range vs Supply Voltage



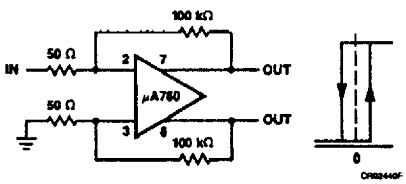
8

Typical Applications (Note 1)

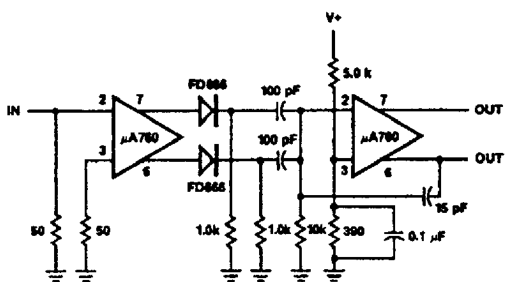
Fast Positive Peak Detector



Level Detector with Hysteresis



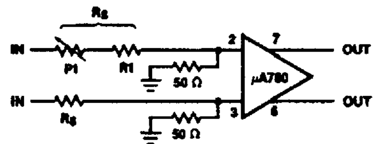
Zero Crossing Detector (Note 2)



Total delay = 30 ns
Input frequency = 300 Hz to 3.0 MHz
Minimum input voltage = 20 mV_{p-p}

CR02450F

Line Receiver With High Common Mode Range



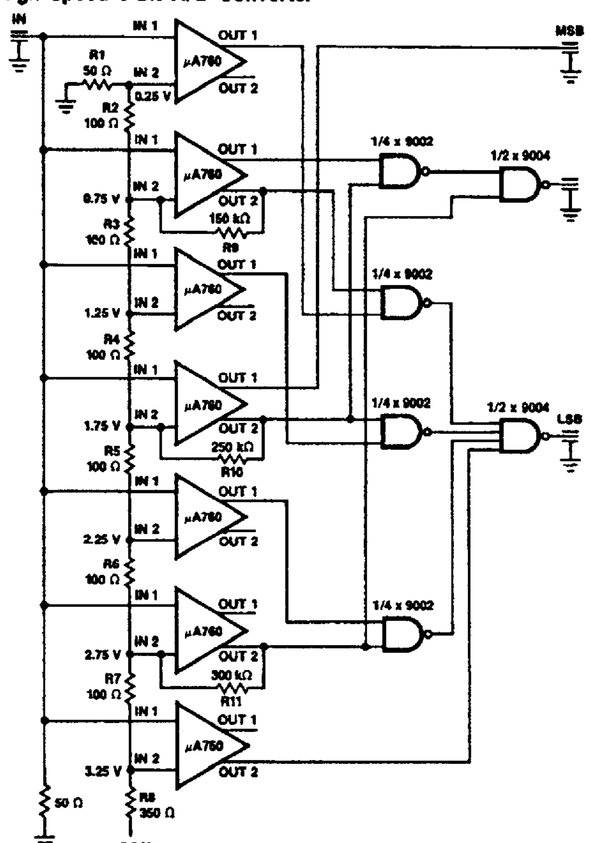
Common mode range = $\pm 4 \times \frac{RS}{50}$ V

Differential input sensitivity = $5 \times \frac{RS}{50}$ mV

P_1 must be adjusted for optimum common mode rejection
For R_S = 200 Ω
Common mode range = ±16 V
Sensitivity = 20 mV

CR02430F

High Speed 3-Bit A/D Converter



Input voltage range = 3.5 V
Typical conversion speed = 30 ns

CR02460F

Notes

1. Lead numbers shown are for Metal Package only.
2. All resistor values in ohms.