

## 256-pixel CCD Linear Image Sensor (B/W)

### Description

The ILX521AA is a rectangular reduction type CCD linear image sensor designed for image scanner sensor. A built-in timing generator and clock driver ensure single 5V power supply for easy use.

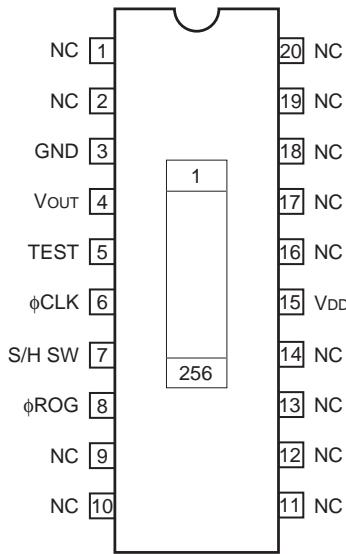
### Features

- Number of effective pixels: 256 pixels
- Pixel size:  $14\mu\text{m} \times 14\mu\text{m}$  ( $14\mu\text{m}$  pitch)
- Built-in timing generator and clock driver
- Built-in S/H circuit
- Maximum data rate: 2MHz
- Single 5V power supply
- Clear mold package (20-pin SOP)

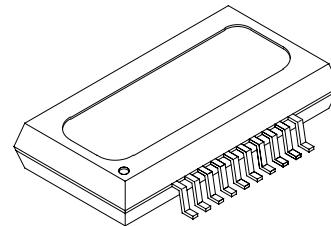
### Absolute Maximum Ratings

• Supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	6	V
• Operating temperature		-10 to +60	°C
• Storage temperature		-30 to +80	°C

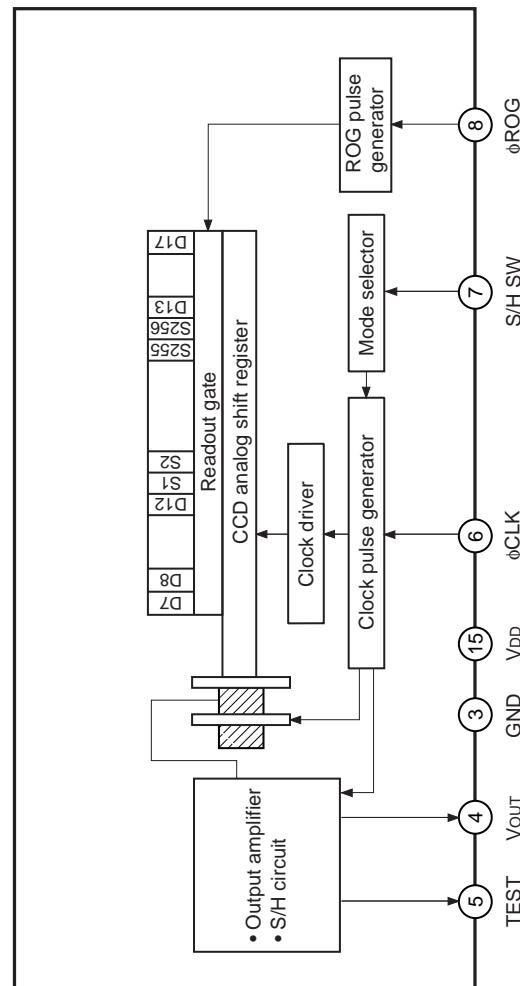
### Pin Configuration (Top View)



20 pin SOP (MOLD)



### Block Diagram



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**Pin Description**

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	NC	NC	11	NC	NC
2	NC	NC	12	NC	NC
3	GND	GND	13	NC	NC
4	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Signal output	14	NC	NC
5	TEST	Test (open)	15	V <sub>DD</sub>	5V power supply
6	φCLK	Clock pulse input	16	NC	NC
7	S/H SW	Switching of with S/H or without S/H	17	NC	NC
8	φROG	Readout gate pulse input	18	NC	NC
9	NC	NC	19	NC	NC
10	NC	NC	20	NC	NC

**Recommended Voltage**

Item	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	4.75	5.0	5.25	V

**Mode Description**

Used mode	Pin 7 S/H SW
with S/H	GND
without S/H	V <sub>DD</sub>

**Input Clock Voltage Condition<sup>\*1</sup>**

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
High level	V <sub>IH</sub>	4.5	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5	V
Low level	V <sub>IL</sub>	0	—	0.5	V

\*1 This is applied to the all external pulses. (φCLK, φROG)

**Input Pin Capacity**

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input capacity of φCLK pin	C <sub>φCLK</sub>	—	10	—	pF
Input capacity of φROG pin	C <sub>φROG</sub>	—	10	—	pF

**Electrooptical Characteristics**

(Ta = 25°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 5V, Data rate = 1MHz, Without S/H mode, Light source = 3200K, IR cut filter CM-500S (t = 1mm))

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Sensitivity	R	13.3	19.0	24.7	V/(lx · s)	Note 1
Sensitivity nonuniformity	PRNU	—	5.0	12.0	%	Note 2
Saturation output voltage	V <sub>SAT</sub>	0.6	0.8	—	V	—
Dark voltage average	V <sub>DRK</sub>	—	0.3	2.0	mV	Note 3
Dark signal nonuniformity	DSNU	—	0.5	3.0	mV	Note 3
Image lag	IL	—	0.02	—	%	Note 4
Dynamic range	DR	—	2666	—		Note 5
Saturation exposure	SE	—	0.042	—	lx · s	Note 6
Current consumption	I <sub>VDD</sub>	—	5.0	12.0	mA	—
Total transfer efficiency	TTE	92.0	98.0	—	%	—
Output impedance	Z <sub>O</sub>	—	350	—	Ω	—
Offset level	V <sub>OS</sub>	—	3.8	—	V	Note 7

**Note)**

1. For the sensitivity test light is applied with a uniform intensity of illumination.
2. PRNU is defined as indicated below. Ray incidence conditions are the same as for Note 1.

$$\text{PRNU} = \frac{(V_{\text{MAX}} - V_{\text{MIN}})/2}{V_{\text{AVE}}} \times 100 [\%]$$

The maximum output of the 256 pixels is set to V<sub>MAX</sub>, the minimum output to V<sub>MIN</sub> and the average output to V<sub>AVE</sub>.

3. Integration time is 10ms.

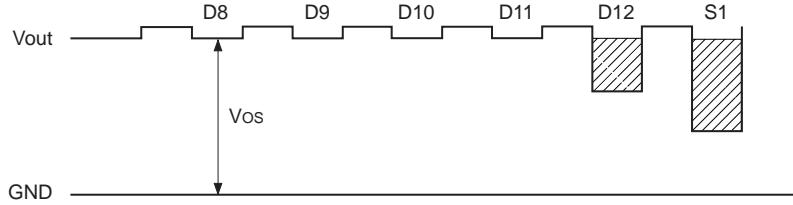
4. V<sub>OUT</sub> = 500mV.

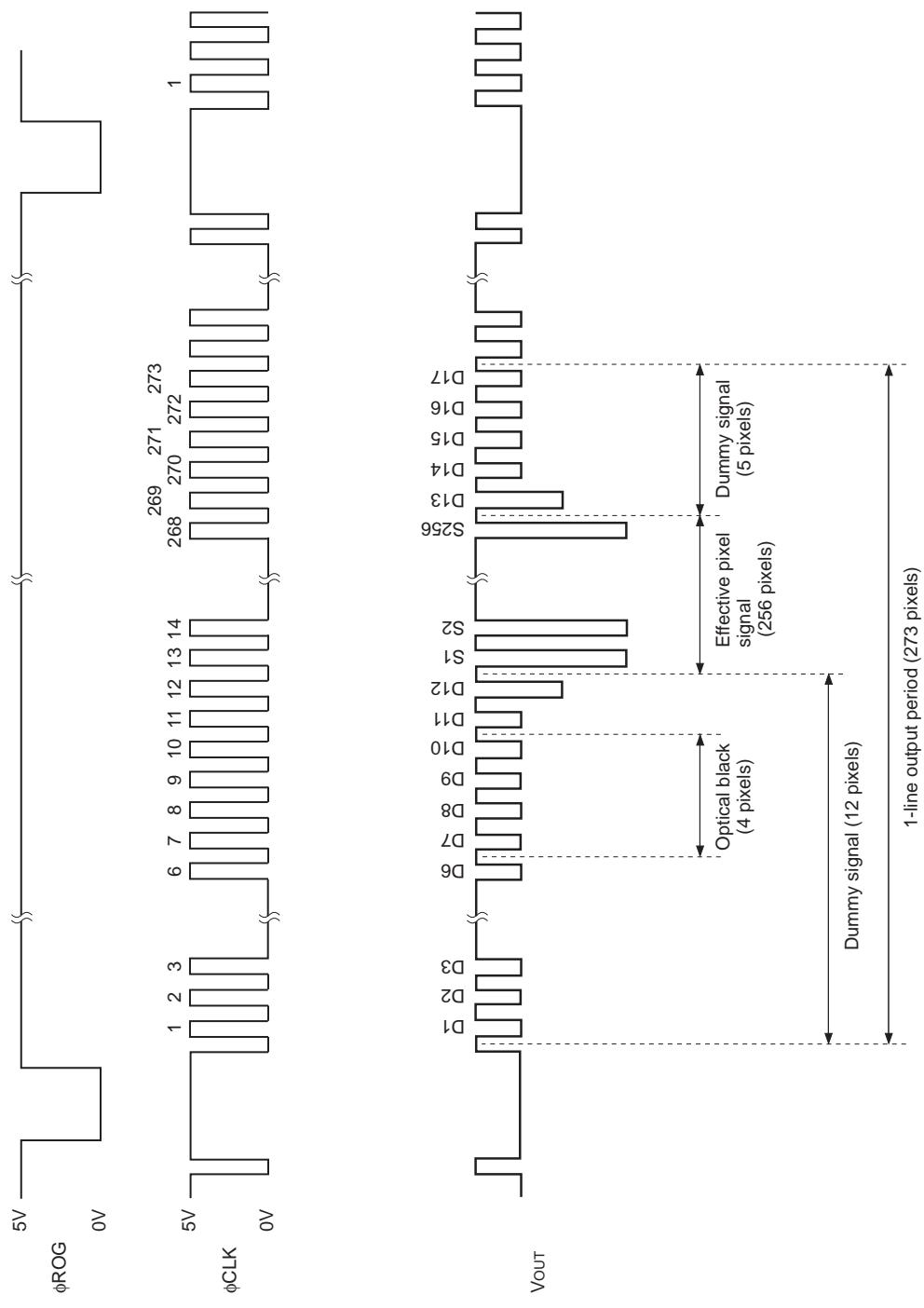
5. DR = V<sub>SAT</sub>/V<sub>DRK</sub>

When optical integration time is shorter, the dynamic range sets wider because dark output voltage is in proportion to optical integration time.

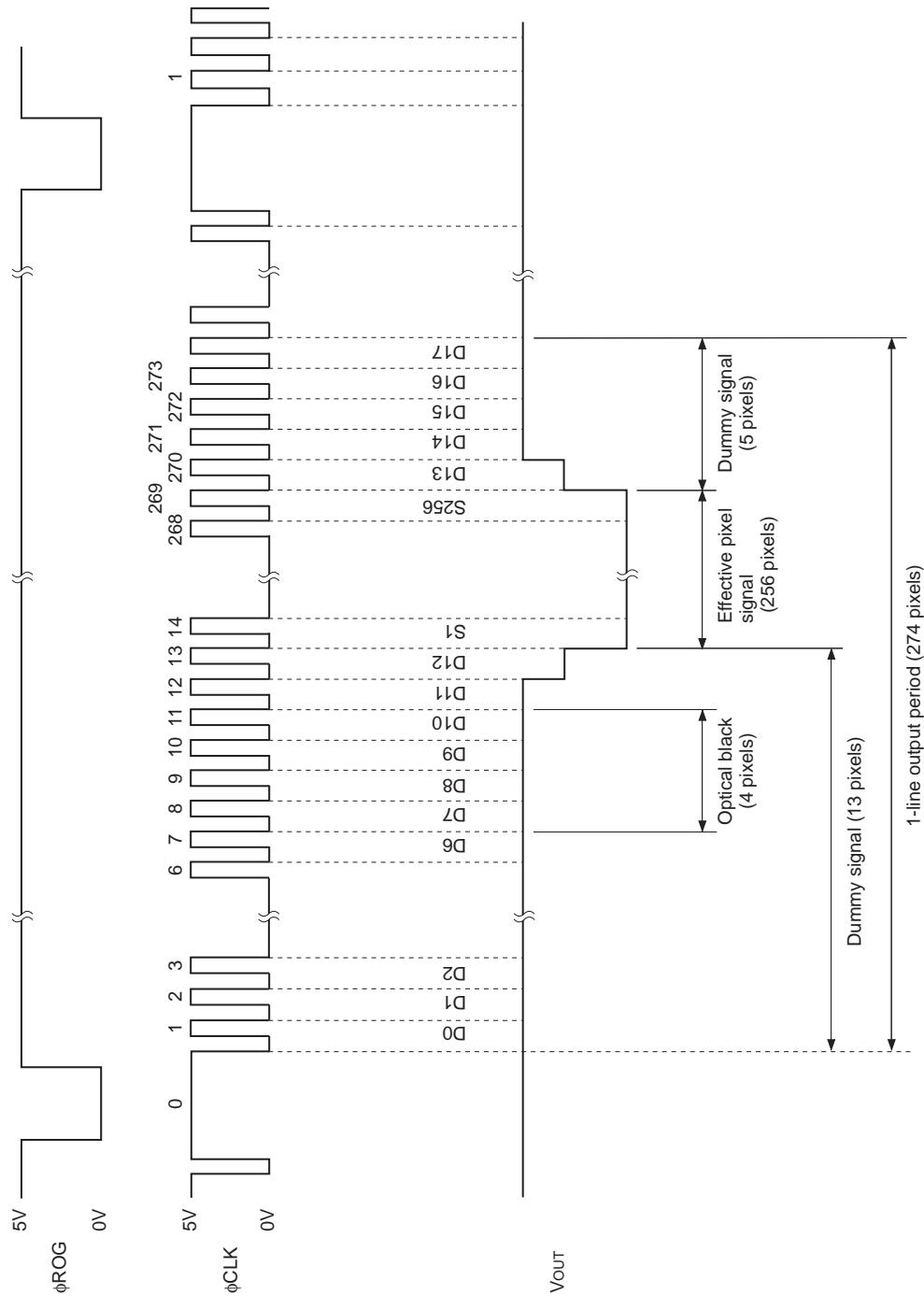
6. SE = V<sub>SAT</sub>/R1

7. V<sub>OS</sub> is defined as indicated below.

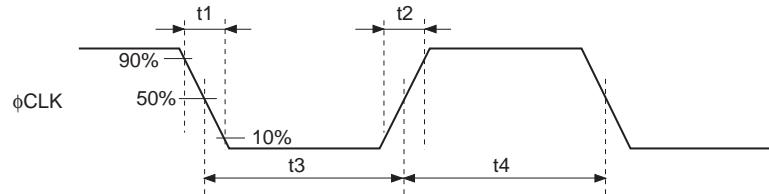


**Clock Timing Diagram (without internal S/H mode)**

Note) 280 or more clock pulses are required.

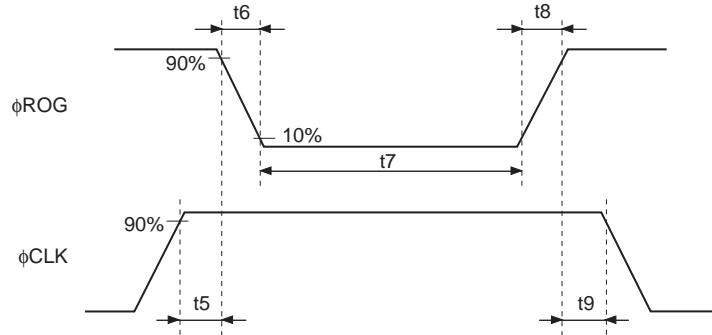
**Clock Timing Diagram (with internal S/H mode)**

Note) 280 or more clock pulses are required.

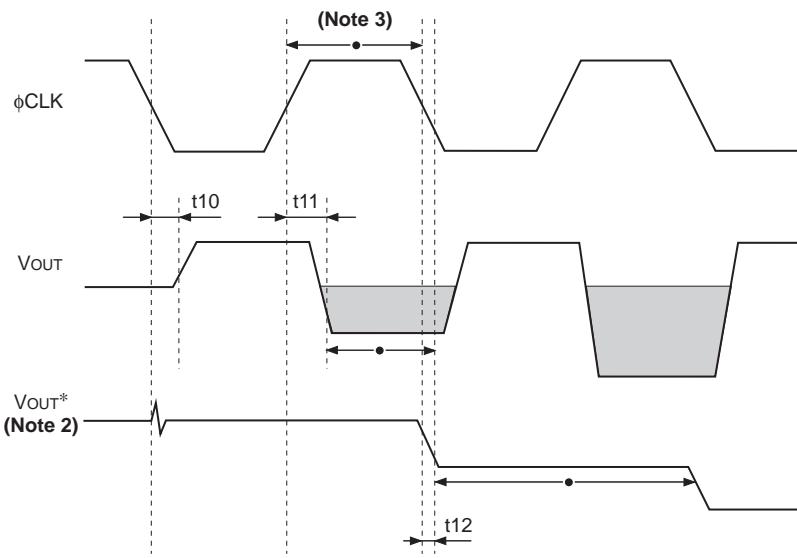
**φCLK Timing (For all modes)**

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
φCLK pulse rise/fall time	t1, t2	0	10	100	ns
φCLK pulse Duty*1	—	40	50	60	%

\*1  $100 \times t4 / (t3 + t4)$

**φROG, φCLK Timing**

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
φROG, φCLK pulse timing 1	t5	500	1000	—	ns
φROG, φCLK pulse timing 2	t9	500	1000	—	ns
φROG pulse rise/fall time	t6, t8	0	10	—	ns
φROG pulse period	t7	500	1000	—	ns

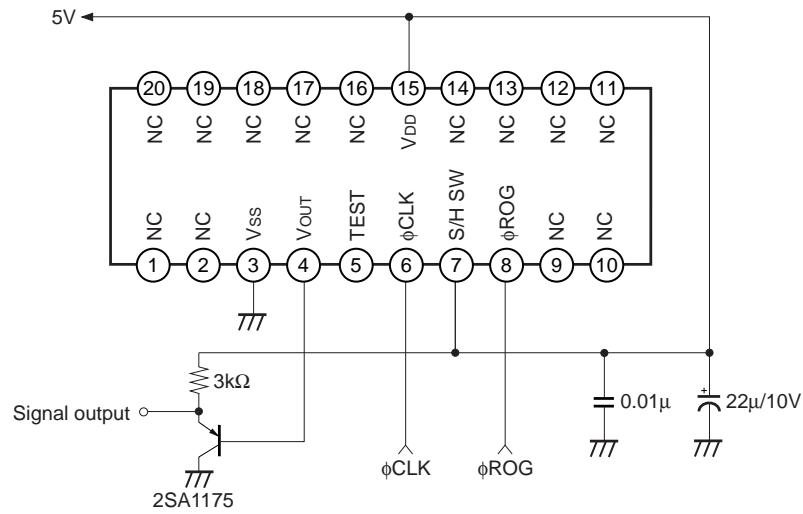
**φCLK Output Signal Timing (Note 1)**

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
φCLK – VOUT output delay time 1	t10	—	150	—	ns
φCLK – VOUT output delay time 2	t11	—	220	—	ns
φCLK – VOUT* (with S/H) output delay time	t12	—	110	—	ns

**Note 1)** fck = 1MHz, φCLK pulse Duty = 50%, φCLK pulse rise/fall time = 10ns

**Note 2)** Output waveform when internal S/H circuit is used.

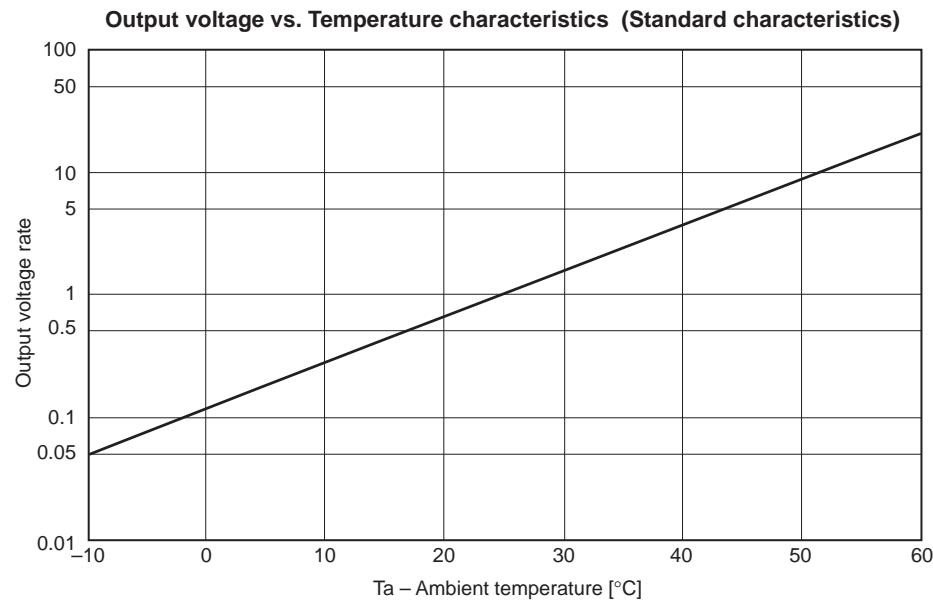
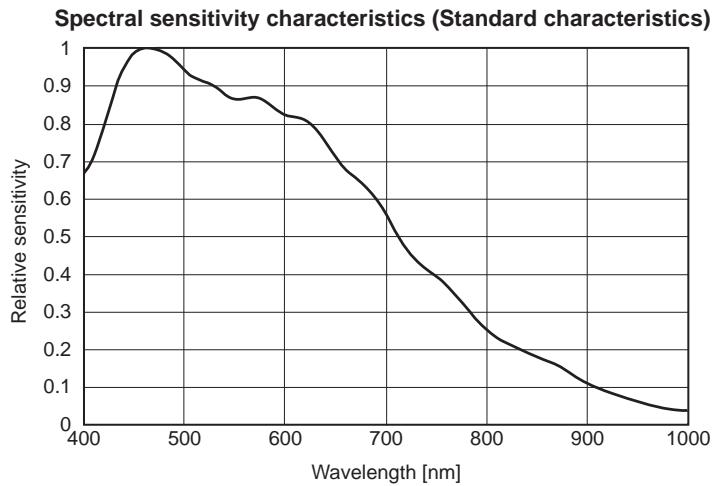
**Note 3)** • is data period.

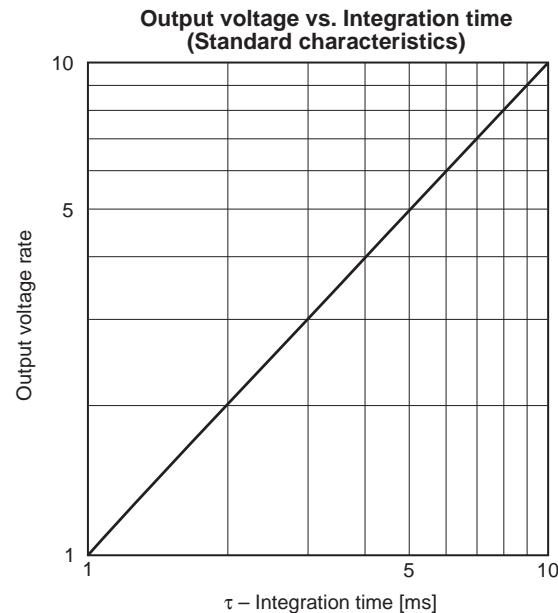
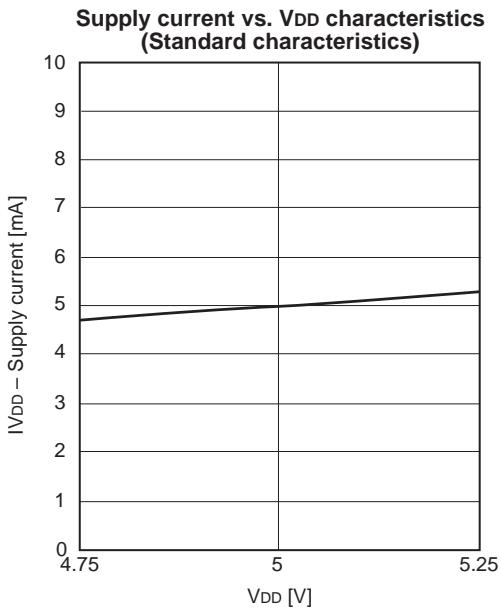
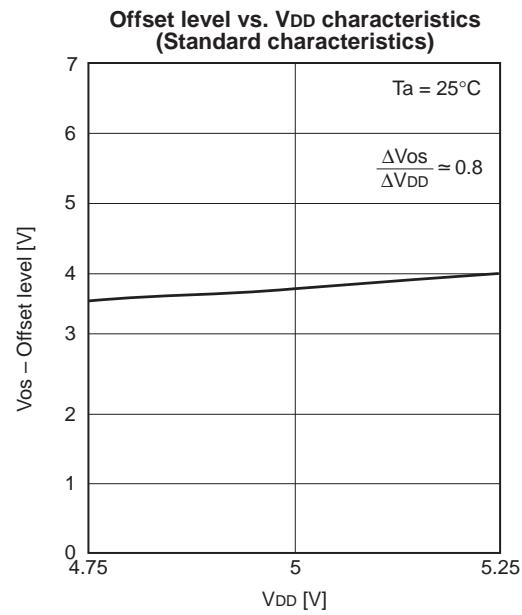
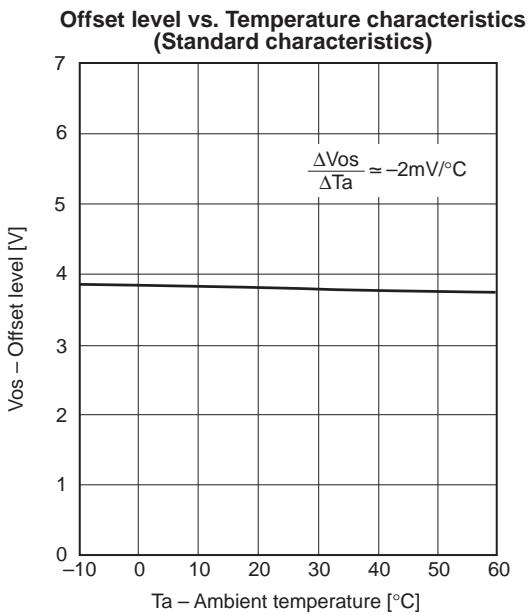
**Application Circuit (without internal S/H mode)**

Note) This circuit diagram is the case when internal S/H mode is not used.  
Connect Pin 7 to GND when internal S/H mode is used.

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Example of Representative Characteristics ( $V_{DD} = 5V$ ,  $T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )





**Notes on Handling****1) Static charge prevention**

- CCD image sensors are easily damaged by static discharge. Before handling be sure to take the following protective measures.
- a) Either handle bare handed or use non-chargeable gloves, clothes or material. Also use conductive shoes.
  - b) When handling directly use an earth band.
  - c) Install a conductive mat on the floor or working table to prevent the generation of static electricity.
  - d) Ionized air is recommended for discharge when handling CCD image sensors.
  - e) For the shipment of mounted substrates, use boxes treated for the prevention of static charges.

**2) Soldering**

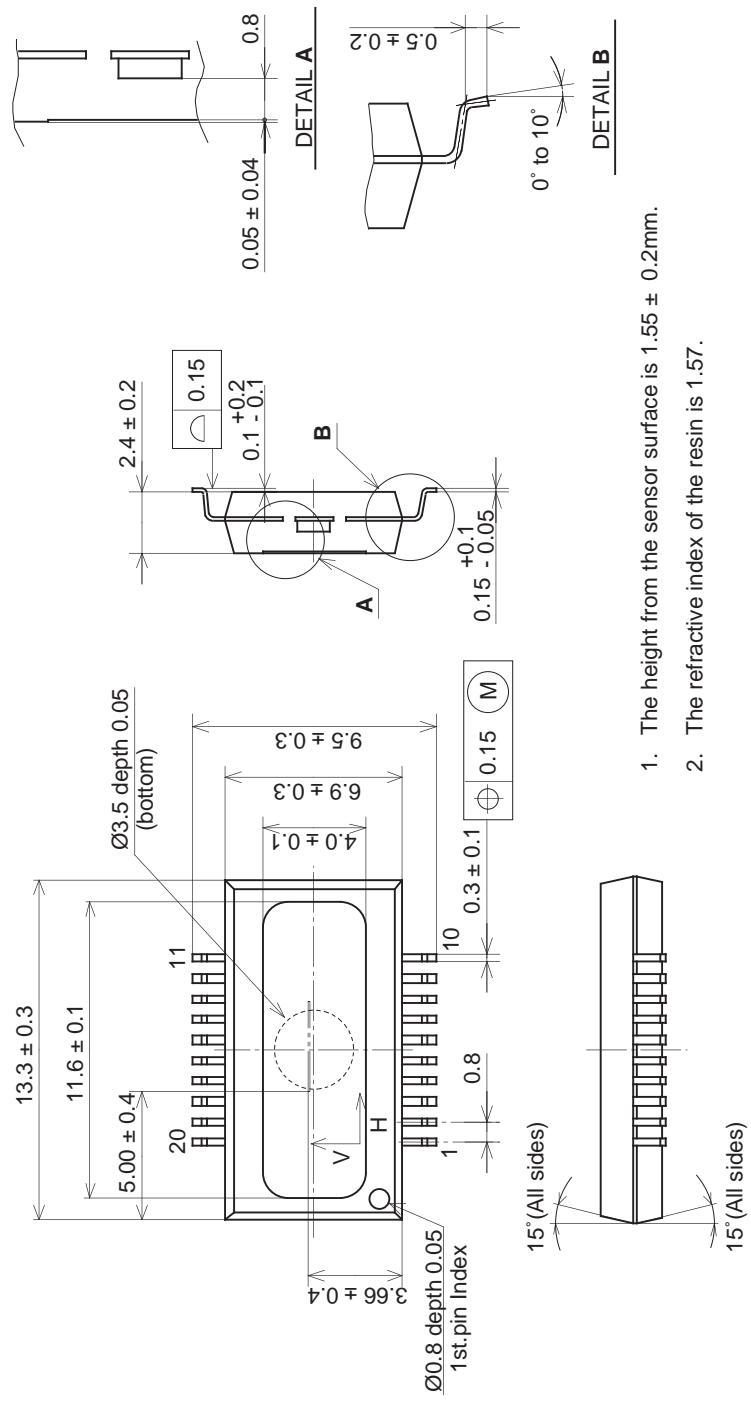
- a) Make sure the package temperature does not exceed 80°C.
- b) Use a grounded 30W soldering iron and solder each pin in less than 2 seconds. For repairs and remount, cool sufficiently.
- c) To dismount an image sensor, do not use solder suction equipment. When using an electric desoldering tool, ground the controller. For the temperature control system, use a zero-cross type.

**3) Dust and dirt protection**

- a) Operate in clean environments.
- b) Do not either touch mirror surfaces by hand or have any object come in contact with mirror surfaces. Should dirt stick to a mirror surface, blow it off with an air blower. (For dirt stuck through static electricity ionized air is recommended.)
- c) Clean with a cotton bud and ethyl alcohol if the mirror surfaces are grease stained. Be careful not to scratch the mirror surfaces.
- d) Keep in a case to protect from dust and dirt. To prevent dew condensation on the mirror surfaces, preheat or precool when moving to a room with great temperature differences.

**4) Do not expose to intense light for long periods.****5) Exposure to high temperatures or humidity will affect the characteristics. Accordingly avoid storage or usage in such conditions.****6) CCD image sensors are precise optical equipment that should not be subject to mechanical shocks.****7) Normal output signal is not obtained immediately after device switch on.**

**Package Outline** Unit: mm



**PACKAGE STRUCTURE**

PACKAGE MATERIAL	Plastic
LEAD TREATMENT	SOLDER PLATING
LEAD MATERIAL	42ALLOY
PACKAGE MASS	0.31g
DRAWING NUMBER	LS-F7(E)