

No. 4187

LA9215

# CD player output amplifier

# Overview

The LA9215 is an analog output amplifier designed for use in CD players, DAT and other digital audio equipment in combination with a 1-bit D/A converter. It can be used directly with non-stabilized power supplies because it has internal regulator and D/A power supply circuits.

# **Functions**

- Amplifier supports 1-bit DACs
- · LPF amplifier
- ATT circuit
- Mute circuit
- DAC power supply (5.1V)
- · Internal circuit regulator
- Internal power on/off mute circuit

# **Features**

- Allows compact implementation of CD player output circuits
- Supports 1-bit DACs
- · Low harmonic distortion

0.0006% typ (1kHz)

0.0012% typ (10kHz)

• High S/N ratio

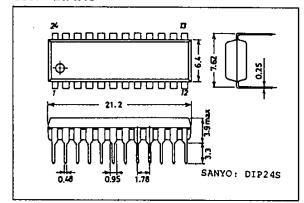
108dB typ (ЛS-A)

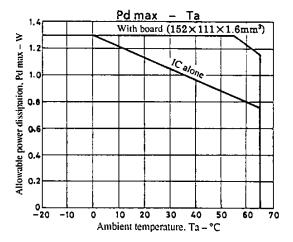
- Can be used directly with non-stabilized power supplies
- Low pop noise at power on/off

# **Package Dimensions**

unit: mm

3067 - DIP24S

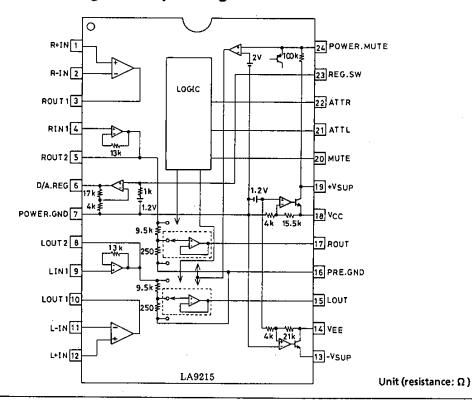


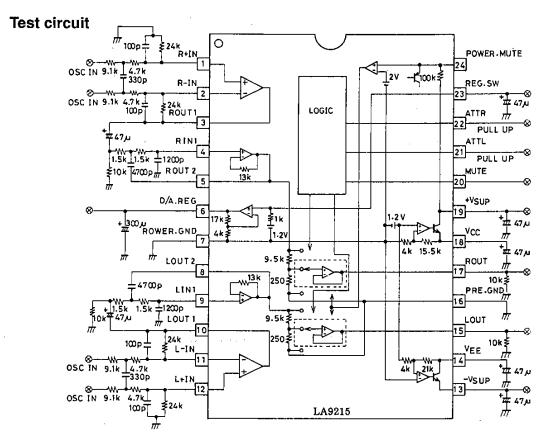


# **Specifications**

Maximum ratings at Ta=25°C				unit		
Maximum supply voltage	+V <sub>SUP</sub> max		14	v		
	-V <sub>SUP</sub> max		-14	v		
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	Ta≦55°C, 152x111x1.6mm3	1.3	w		
Operating temperature	Topr		-20 to +65	°C		
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg		-40 to +150	°C		
<b>Recommended Operating Ra</b>	anges at Ta=2	25°C		unit		
Recommended supply voltage	+V <sub>SUP</sub>		9	V		
	-V <sub>SUP</sub>		_9	v		
Power supply voltage operating range	+V <sub>SUP</sub> op	(not to exceed Pd)	7 to 13	v		
	-V <sub>SUP</sub> op	(not to exceed Pd)	-7 to −13	V		
Operating characteristics at	Ta=25°C, $\pm V_S$	<sub>SUP</sub> =±9V, Vi=2Vrms=0dB, fin	=1kHz, R <sub>L</sub>	=10kΩ		
			min	typ	max	unit
Quiescent current	I <sub>SUP</sub>	No current	27	37	42	mA
	-I <sub>SUP</sub>	No current	-38	-33	-23	mA
ATT ratio	$V_{ATT}$	LPF=20kHz	30.5	32	33.5	dB
Muting ratio	$M_r$	LPF=20kHz	65	100		dB
S/N Signal – mode	S/N <sub>S</sub>	JIS, A	86	108		dB
S/N ATT – mode	S/N <sub>ATT</sub>	JIS, A	86	120		dB
S/N MUTE mode	S/N <sub>MUTE</sub>	JIS, A	86	120		dB
Channel separation	CH <sub>sep</sub>	LPF=20kHz	80	105		dB
THD+N(1kHz)	THD <sub>1K</sub>	LPF=20kHz		0.0006	0.003	%
THD+N(10kHz)	THD <sub>10K</sub>	LPF=20kHz (fin=10kHz)		0.0012	0.004	%
Line output ripple rejection	Lin <sub>RR</sub>	LPF=20kHz, fin=120Hz	73	80		dB
Amplifier output offset voltage	V <sub>OFS</sub>		-15		15	mV
Amplifier output offset voltage difference	e V <sub>OFSD</sub>	Signal mode - ATT mode	-10		10	mV
		ATT mode - Mute mode				
		Signal mode - Mute mode				
[Voltage regulator for D/A]						
Supply voltage	D/A <sub>V</sub>	No-load	4.8	5.1	5.4	v
Maximum output current	D/A <sub>I</sub>		25			mA
Ripple rejection	D/A <sub>RR</sub>	25mA load (fin=120Hz), LPF=2	0kHz 60	73		dB
Load regulation	D/A <sub>LR</sub>	25m load		2	100	mV

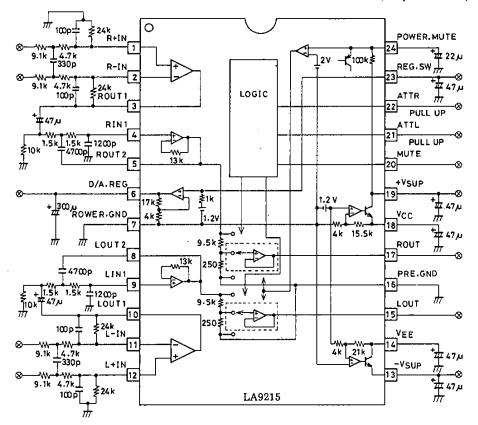
# Equivalent circuit block diagram and pin assignments





# Sample application circuit

Unit (resistance:  $\Omega$ , capacitance: F)



#### Control mode

L ch ATT	R ch ATT 22pin	MUTE 20pin	Lch mode	Rch mode
Н	н	Н	SIGNAL	SIGNAL
L	Н	Н	ATT	SIGNAL
Н	L	Н	SIGNAL	ATT
L	L	Н	ATT	ATT
Н	Н	L	MUTE	MUTE
L	Н	L	MUTE	MUTE
Н	L	L	MUTE	MUTE
L	L	L	MUTE	MUTE

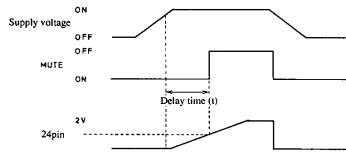
\*Pins 21 and 22 are pulled up, and pin 20 down.

D/A REG.SW 23pin	D/A REG. 6pin		
OPEN	5.1V		
GND	0 <b>V</b>		

## Function description

#### (1) Power on/off mute

When the supply voltage has not reached the operating voltage level, the system is in the muted state. Adding a capacitor to pin 24 will extend the period of time the mute is in effect after power is turned on.



- •In the power on/off mute state, pins 15 and 17 are low active.
- •When the power is turned on or off, and +Vsup and -Vsup rise and fall times are significantly different from each other, the power on/off mute function may not operate normally.

## (2) 1-bit DAC amplifier

External resistance and capacitance can be added to configure a 1-bit DAC input amplifier.

- Capacitors will contribute to degraded harmonic distortion, so field dependence should be minimized.
- If the external components for the 1-bit DAC amplifier (differential input) have a large difference, the difference will become an offset, and DC will be cut in the LPF input stage.
- Use with a load short may damage the chip. Never use in a load short condition.

## (3) Low-pass filter (LPF)

External resistance and capacitance can be added to configure an active filter.

- Capacitors will contribute to degraded harmonic distortion, so field dependence should be minimized.
- Use with a load short may damage the chip. Never use in a load short condition.
- The low-pass amplifier has internal resistance, so the output offset will vary with ambient temperature and consumed power.

### (4) Output stage amplifier

Pins 20, 21 and 22 can be controlled to select signal, ATT or mute mode. Power on/off muting can also be used.

• Use with a load short may damage the chip. Never use in a load short condition.

#### (5) DAC power supply

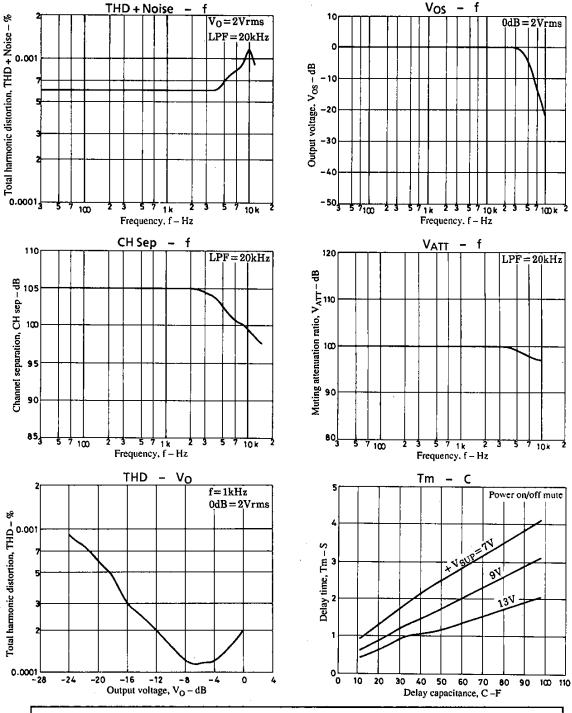
Supplies 5.1V DAC power. Pin 23 can be switched between open and ground to turn the power output on or off.

• Use with a load short may damage the chip. Never use in a load short condition.

## (6) +/- 6Vsupply

A supply is provided for the internal amplifier.

- Do not use this as an external power supply. Pins 14 and 18 should always have capacitors (about 47uF) inserted between them and ground.
- Use with a load short may damage the chip. Never use in a load short condition.



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