NEC

MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR
μPA1807

N-CHANNEL MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR FOR SWITCHING

DESCRIPTION

The μPA1807 is a switching device, which can be driven directly by a 4.0 V power source.

This device features a low on-state resistance and excellent switching characteristics, and is suitable for applications such as DC/DC converters and power management of notebook computers and so on.

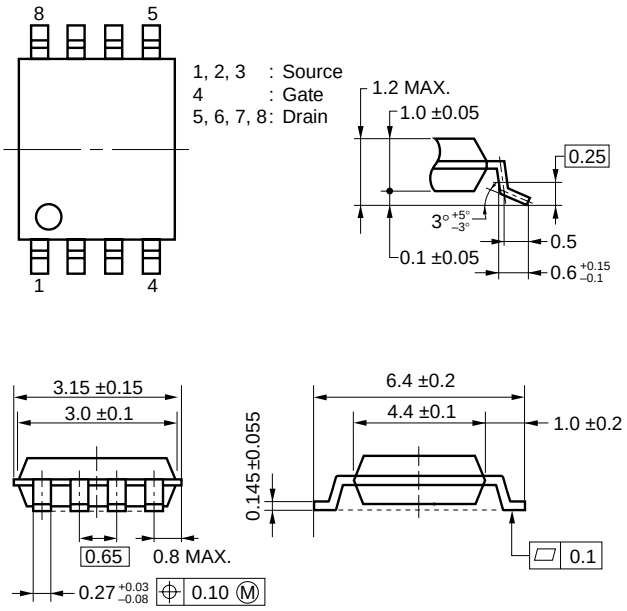
FEATURES

- 4.0 V drive available
- Low on-state resistance
  $R_{DS(on)1}$ = 10 mΩ MAX. (V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 6.0 A)
  $R_{DS(on)2}$ = 14 mΩ MAX. (V_{GS} = 4.5 V, I_D = 6.0 A)
  $R_{DS(on)3}$ = 16 mΩ MAX. (V_{GS} = 4.0 V, I_D = 6.0 A)
- Built-in G-S protection diode against ESD

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE
μPA1807GR-9JG	Power TSSOP8

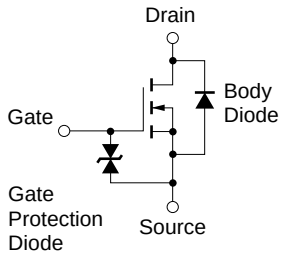
PACKAGE DRAWING (Unit: mm)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_A = 25°C)

Drain to Source Voltage (V_{GS} = 0 V)	V_{DSS}	30	V
Gate to Source Voltage (V_{DS} = 0 V)	V_{GSS}	±20	V
Drain Current (DC) (T_A = 25°C)	$I_{D(DC)}$	±12	A
Drain Current (pulse) Note1	$I_{D(pulse)}$	±48	A
Total Power Dissipation Note2	P_T	2.0	W
Channel Temperature	T_{ch}	150	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	–55 to +150	°C

EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



Notes 1. PW ≤ 10 μs, Duty Cycle ≤ 1%

2. Mounted on ceramic substrate of 5000 mm^2 x 1.1 mm

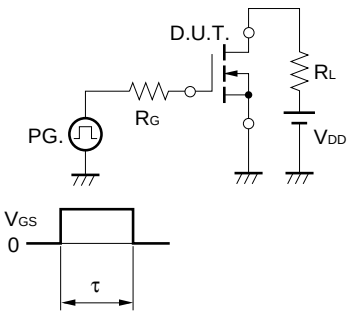
Remark The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

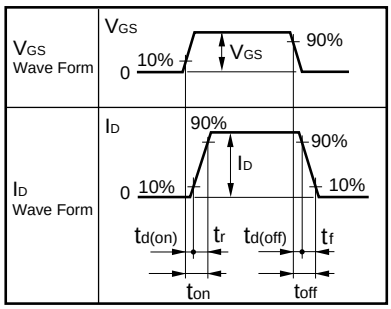
Document No. G16249EJ1V0DS00 (1st edition)
Date Published August 2002 NS CP(K)
Printed in Japan

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	V_{DS} = 30 V, V_{GS} = 0 V			1.0	μA
Gate Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	V_{GS} = ±20 V, V_{DS} = 0 V			±10	μA
Gate Cut-off Voltage	$V_{GS(off)}$	V_{DS} = 10 V, I_D = 1.0 mA	1.5	2.0	2.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance	$\|y_{fs}\|$	V_{DS} = 10 V, I_D = 6.0 A	7.0	15		S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	$R_{DS(on)1}$	V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 6.0 A		8.1	10	mΩ
	$R_{DS(on)2}$	V_{GS} = 4.5 V, I_D = 6.0 A		10.5	14	mΩ
	$R_{DS(on)3}$	V_{GS} = 4.0 V, I_D = 6.0 A		12	16	mΩ
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	V_{DS} = 10 V		1000		pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}	V_{GS} = 0 V		390		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}	f = 1.0 MHz		140		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{DD} = 15 V, I_D = 6.0 A		16		ns
Rise Time	t_r	V_{GS} = 10 V		11		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$	R_G = 10 Ω		46		ns
Fall Time	t_f			11.5		ns
Total Gate Charge	Q_G	V_{DD} = 24 V		19		nC
Gate to Source Charge	Q_{GS}	V_{GS} = 10 V		3.1		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q_{GD}	I_D = 12 A		5.0		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{F(S-D)}$	I_F = 12 A, V_{GS} = 0 V		0.82		V
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	I_F = 12 A, V_{GS} = 0 V		32		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}	di/dt = 100 A/μs		24		nC

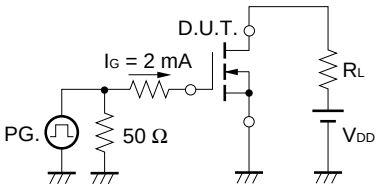
TEST CIRCUIT 1 SWITCHING TIME





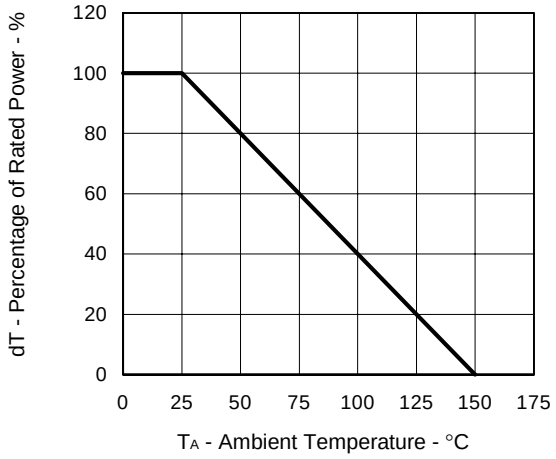
τ = 1 μs
Duty Cycle ≤ 1%

TEST CIRCUIT 2 GATE CHARGE

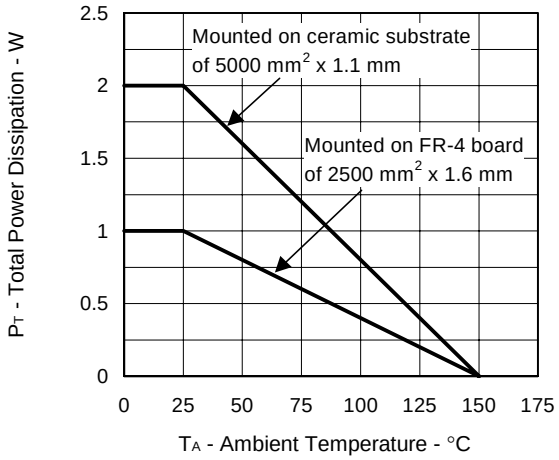


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C)

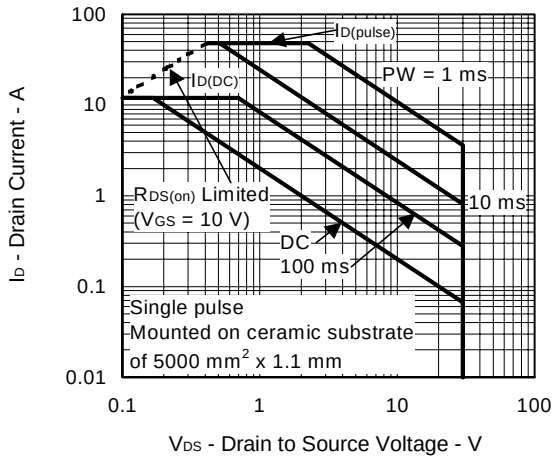
DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



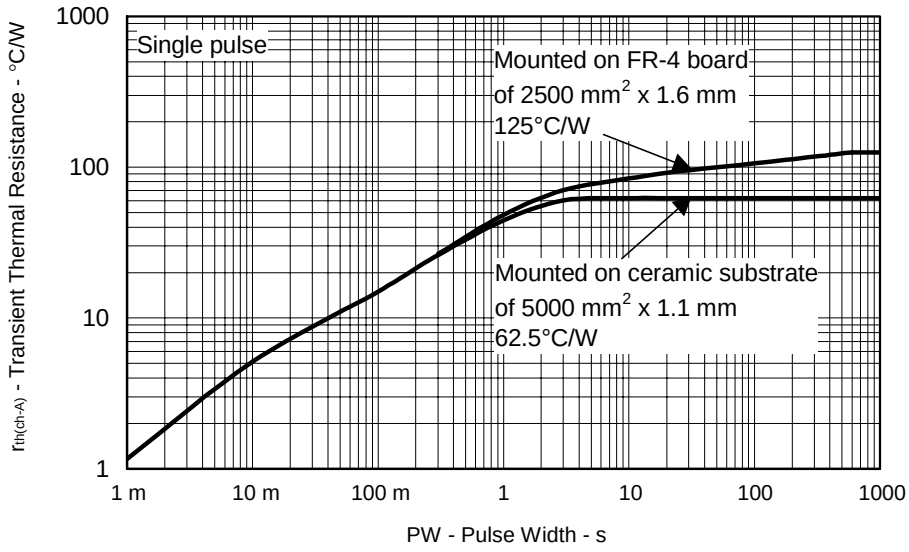
TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



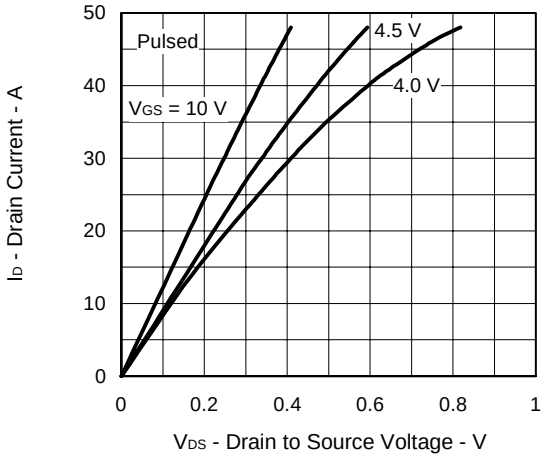
FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



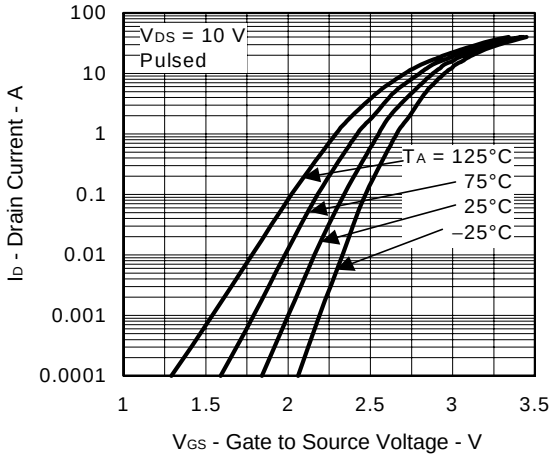
TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



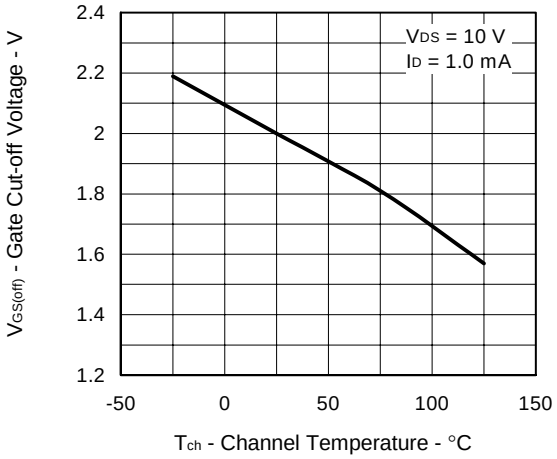
DRAIN CURRENT vs.
DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



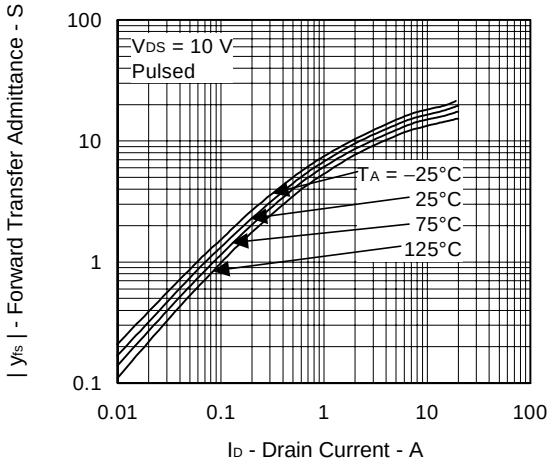
FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



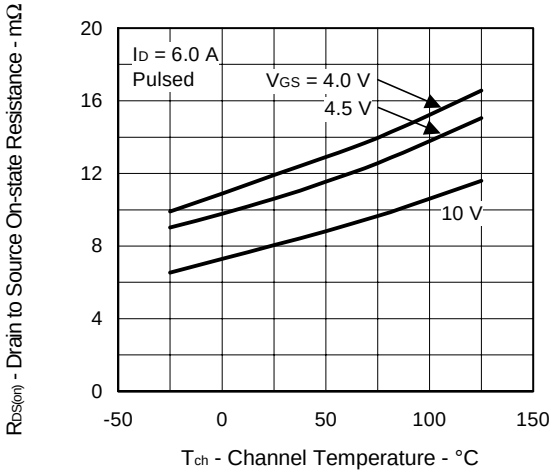
GATE CUT-OFF VOLTAGE vs.
CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



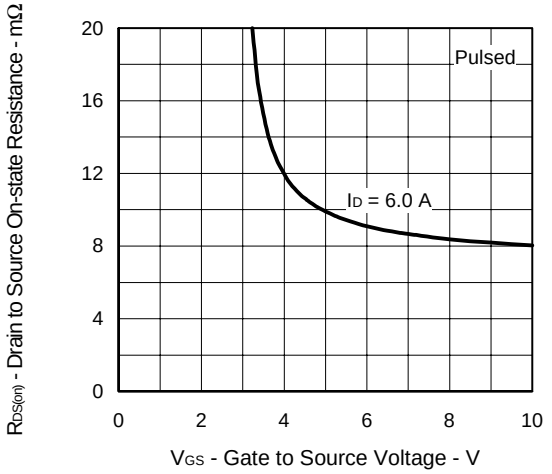
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs.
DRAIN CURRENT



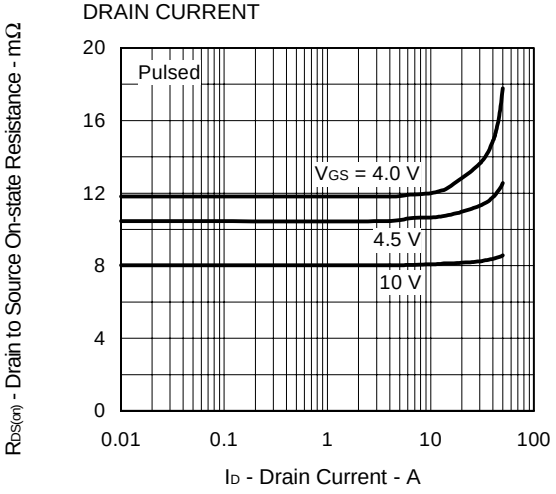
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs.
CHANNEL TEMPERATURE



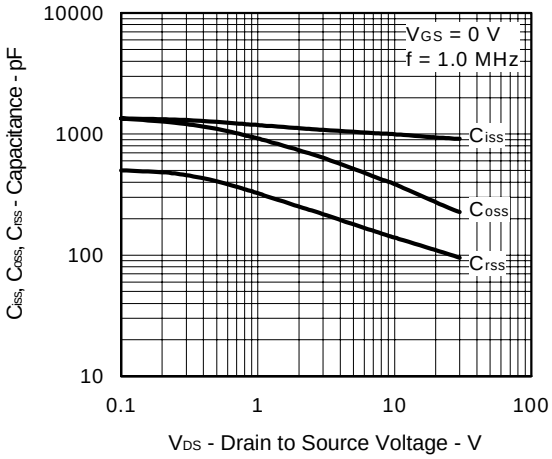
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs.
GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



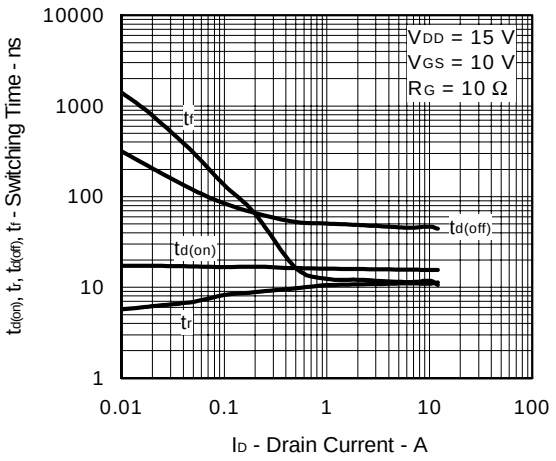
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



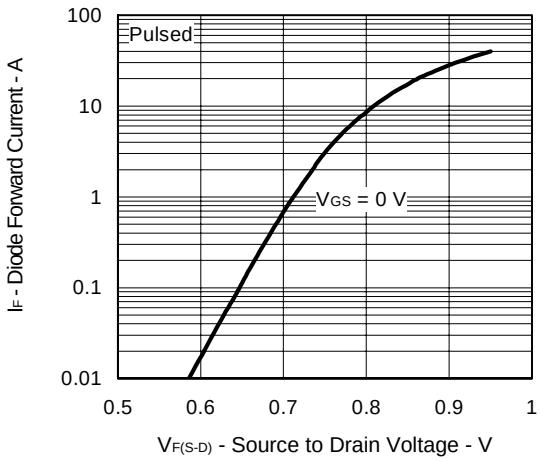
CAPACITANCE vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



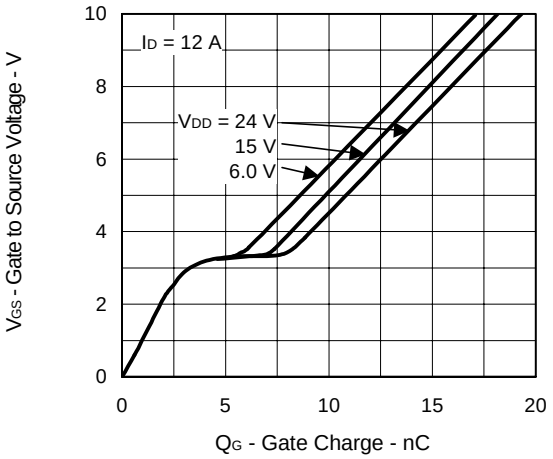
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS



SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE



DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS



- **The information in this document is current as of August, 2002. The information is subject to change without notice. For actual design-in, refer to the latest publications of NEC's data sheets or data books, etc., for the most up-to-date specifications of NEC semiconductor products. Not all products and/or types are available in every country. Please check with an NEC sales representative for availability and additional information.**
- No part of this document may be copied or reproduced in any form or by any means without prior written consent of NEC. NEC assumes no responsibility for any errors that may appear in this document.
- NEC does not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of third parties by or arising from the use of NEC semiconductor products listed in this document or any other liability arising from the use of such products. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of NEC or others.
- Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided for illustrative purposes in semiconductor product operation and application examples. The incorporation of these circuits, software and information in the design of customer's equipment shall be done under the full responsibility of customer. NEC assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by customers or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software and information.
- While NEC endeavours to enhance the quality, reliability and safety of NEC semiconductor products, customers agree and acknowledge that the possibility of defects thereof cannot be eliminated entirely. To minimize risks of damage to property or injury (including death) to persons arising from defects in NEC semiconductor products, customers must incorporate sufficient safety measures in their design, such as redundancy, fire-containment, and anti-failure features.
- NEC semiconductor products are classified into the following three quality grades:
  "Standard", "Special" and "Specific". The "Specific" quality grade applies only to semiconductor products developed based on a customer-designated "quality assurance program" for a specific application. The recommended applications of a semiconductor product depend on its quality grade, as indicated below. Customers must check the quality grade of each semiconductor product before using it in a particular application.

  "Standard": Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots

  "Special": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support)

  "Specific": Aircraft, aerospace equipment, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems and medical equipment for life support, etc.

  The quality grade of NEC semiconductor products is "Standard" unless otherwise expressly specified in NEC's data sheets or data books, etc. If customers wish to use NEC semiconductor products in applications not intended by NEC, they must contact an NEC sales representative in advance to determine NEC's willingness to support a given application.

  (Note)

  (1) "NEC" as used in this statement means NEC Corporation and also includes its majority-owned subsidiaries.

  (2) "NEC semiconductor products" means any semiconductor product developed or manufactured by or for NEC (as defined above).

M8E 00. 4