## Features

- Single power supply can operate at 2.4 V through 6.0 V .
- Current output can drive 8 ohm speaker with a transistor.
- The voice content can be separated to 32 sections.
- Duration of each section can be different and is multiples of 100 h .
$\square$ Duration of sections with appended memory-less mute is up to 21.8 seconds (20000h).
- 3 straight trigger pins are provided TGA, TGB, TGC. Each cross can access a sentence.
- $4 \times 4$ matrix trigger crosses are provided by RW1-4, K1-4. Each cross can access a sentence.
■ Each sentence is composed of one or more sections.
- Lower key priority is provided for straight inputs and matrix cross inputs.
- Last key priority is provided for straight inputs.
- First key priority is provided for $4 \times 4$ crosses.
- Up to 512 table entries for all 32 sentences.
- Auto ramp up / ramp down \& sleep functions are built in.
$\square$ INT(interrupt) function is provided.
- OKY function is provided optionally chipwise.
- Play all OKY is provided optionally chipwise.
- Random Play OKY is provided optionally chipwise.
- Playnext OKY is provided optionally chipwise.
$\square$ Continuous S.W.A.I. OKY is provided optionally chipwise.
$\square$ Home S.W.A.I. OKY is provided optionally chipwise.
- 5 output pins are provided.
- 20 ms debounce is provided.
- Sink LED is provided.

Off LED when Playing audio is provided optionally entrywise.
Slow Ring flash LED when playing audio is provided optionally entrywise.

- Dynamic flash LED when playing audio is provided optionally entrywise.
$\square$ Slow fix flash LED when playing audio is provided optionally entrywise.
$\square$ On LED when playing audio is provided optionally entrywise.
- High busy when playing audio is provided optionally entrywise.
- Low busy when playing audio is povided optionally entrywise.
- DC high (when playing audio and lasts to next trigger) is provided optionally entrywise.
- DC low(when playing audio and lasts to next trigger) is provided optionally entrywise.
- Low Stop after playing audio is provided optionally entrywise.
- High Stop after playing audio is provided optionally entrywise.
- OKY's sentences could be different from those from TGS'.
- 8 loudness levels are provided entrywise.
- 8 different pitches are provided entrywise.
- Edge trigger is provided optionally triggerwise.
- Level trigger is provided optionally triggerwise.
- Holdable output by TG is provided optionally triggerwise.
- Retriggerrable TG by itself is provided optionally triggerwise.
- Retriggerrable TG by others is provided optionally triggerwise.
High trigger is provided optionally triggerwise.
Low trigger is provided optionally triggerwise.

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## Description

The MSSnn07 is a single-chip CMOS VLSI ROM that can memorize voice data up to nn seconds using MOSEL qualified coding method ( 5 -bit MPCM) at 6.00 KHz in 32 sections with arbitrary length.
Both the volume and pitch can be masked and different for each entry each sentence. 5 versatile outputs are available through programmable logic array. With minimum external components, this chip can be applied to various application. Customer voice data will be edited and programmed into ROM by changing one layer of mask during fabrication.

## Mask Options Overall

$\square$ either Large or Small cout driving current

- either large (1-32) or small loop (17-32) on OKY cycle
- either continuously or homely PlayNext function
- among PlayAll, PlayNext or Random for OKY function
- either direct TGA or OKY for TGA pin
$\square$ either direct TGC or INTP for TGC pin
■ either sink or drive for LED output (fixed at sink)
Mask Options (on straight triggers \& OKY)
■ either Level or Edge trigger type
■ either Holdable or not
- either retriggerable or not
- either quick or normal debounce time
- either high or low active

■ either internal pulling or not
(fixed at pulling)
■ either internal latch or not
(fixed at latch)
$\square$ either power on play or not
(fixed at no power on play)

## Developement Tools

- M9026 emulaton board is provided
- M9026 pack.exe program is provided

■ Computer format (Lotus 1-2-3 work sheet) request forms A1-A8, F, H are provided
$\square$ COB P28 is provided

- COB M9226 is provided



## Voice Storage Reference

| Device | Capacity | Duration at 6KHz S.R. | Section | Entry / Sentence | Word with mute behide |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MSS1807 | 1 A600h | 18.01 seconds | 32 | $512 / 32$ | 20000 h |
| MSS1507 | 16000 h | 15.01 seconds | 32 | $512 / 32$ | 20000 h |
| MSS1207 | 11 A00h | 12.03 seconds | 32 | $512 / 32$ | 20000 h |
| MSS0907 | D800h | 9.21 seconds | 32 | $512 / 32$ | 20000 h |
| MSS0607 | 9000 h | 6.14 seconds | 32 | $512 / 32$ | 20000 h |
| MSS0307 | 5100 h | 3.45 seconds | 32 | $512 / 32$ | 20000 h |

Specifications subject to change without notice, contact your sales representatives for the most recent information.

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## Block Diagram



## Pad Description

| Pad \# | Signals |  | I/O | Function |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | V2 | 1 | O | Voltage output 1, to drive buzzer |
| 2 | V1 | 1 | O | Voltage output 2, to drive buzzer |
| 3 | Vss | 1 | Power | Ground |
| 4 | Rosc | 1 | I | Rosc |
| 5 | TGC/INTP | 1 | I | Trigger C or Interrupt input, mask optional |
| 6 | TGB | 1 | I | Trigger B input |
| 7 | TGA/OKY | 1 | I | Trigger A or one-key input, mask optional |
| 8 | Vdd | 1 | Power | Positive power supply |
| 9 | NC | 1 | - | No connection |
| 10 | K4 | 1 | I | Matrix trigger column input 4 |
| 11 | K3 | 1 | I | Matrix trigger column input 3 |
| 12 | K2 | 1 | I | Matrix trigger column input 2 |
| 13 | K1 | 1 | I | Matrix trigger column input 1 |
| 14 | RW1 | 1 | - | Matrix trigger row input 1, feed signal to K pin(s) when contact |
| 15 | RW2 | 1 | - | Matrix trigger row input 2, feed signal to K pin(s) when contact |
| 16 | RW3 | 1 | - | Matrix trigger row input 3, feed signal to K pin(s) when contact |
| 17 | RW4 | 1 | - | Matrix trigger row input 4, feed signal to K pin(s) when contact |
| 18 | OZ | 1 | O | Output signal Z |
| 19 | OY | 1 | O | Output signal Y |
| 20 | OX | 1 | O | Output signal X |
| 21 | Cout | 1 | O | Current Output, to drive speaker through transistor |
| 22 | OW | 1 | O | Output signal W |
| 23 | OS | 1 | O | Output signal S |

## Signals

## Cout

Cout is tristate during standby.
Cout has zero current output when sound data is zero. Cout has full current output when sound data is the highest. Cout has half of full current output when sound is silence at middle data value. Cout has half of full current output when playing sound at appended memory-less mute.
Ico of Cout behaves two different characteristics shown as curve 2 and curve 3 . Curve 3 is recommended when operating at 2.5 V through 5.0 V . Curve 2 is recommended when operating at 5.0 V through 6.0 V .

The bypass Cout Resistor (named R2) is used to bypass the audio output current from Cout. This bypassing extra current to ground gives a way to prevent the saturation of audio waveform amplified by transistor. This Resistance of R2 is 470 ohm typically. It always is not very small. Or user can let it open if the transistor has a fair beta value.
Due to Cout depends on Vdd bias very much, this R2 resistance needs be very carefully selected when user supplies the voltage potential source in poor flatness or in poor drive capability.
What the poor source means either its potential drops as the load varies or its potential drops as its capacity exhausted.
A transistor with beta value 150 is sufficient for typical applications. Larger beta value get larger sound but may have the amplified waveform saturated.
8 ohm speaker is recommended. The speaker characeristics and housing impacts the loudness very much.
When user is using variable loudness, user must carefully calculate the bypass resistance R2 and transistor's beta value due to that the current from Cout may vary very much due to user's specified loudness variance.

V1, V2
They are tristate during standby state.
These two pins can drive buzzer directly. The piezo buzzer used should have its resonant frequency at the center of your sound frequency domain or you are unable to play your sound good by this buzzer.
For instance, you have your sound spans over frequency from 100 Hz through 1 KHz . A buzzer with resonant frequency at 300 Hz will play this sound good. A buzzer with resonant frequency at 1 KHz will distort the sound very much because that most of the energy of the playback sound is unable to be played by this buzzer.

## OS, OW, OX, OY, OZ

There are 5 output pins provided. Each pin can perform its performance independent on other four pins.
An output pin can be masked to perform one out of 15 features per entry. But it has restriction : a pin can perform up to 8 features only at a mask code. These 8 features should not have too far relationships.
Contact our sales representatives if you want to use diverse output performance.

## Rosc

This is a pin to provide bias to activate built in VCO circuit. A 600 K ohm resistor serial from Vdd to this pin (named R1) can play the audio output at 6 KHz sample rate at pitch option 4. Larger Resistance provided at this location plays lower sample rate. A 240 Kohm resistor plays 15 KHz sample rate at same condition.
The Vdd bias has very less impact on the relationship between Rosc and sample rate. To play 6 KHz , user needs 600 K ohm at 3 Vdd and 590 K ohm at 6 Vdd . To play 15 KHz , user needs 240 K ohm at 3 Vdd and 230 K ohm at 6 Vdd .

## K1, K2, K3, K4

These four pins have two ways to perform.
To cooperate with RW1, RW2, RW3 and RW4, they form a $4 \times 4$ matrix in 16 cross points. The touch of a cross point will pass signal from a RW pin to this K pin and activates a trigger signal to play respectively sentence.
To not cooperate with RWn, these K pins can act as straight trigger and work standalone. A Vdd provided to Kn can play sentence.

## RW1, RW2, RW3, RW4

These four pins can cooperate with Kn pins to form a $4 \times 4$ matrix in 16 cross points. The touch of a cross point passes signal from this RW pin to K pin(s) and activates a trigger signal to play corresponding sentence.
The result to be played is not guaranteed when operating at below three conditions:(1) All four RWn signal pins tied together, (2) Any three RWn signal pins connected together, (3) Any two RWn signal pins connected together. The result may even be no sound played.

## Terms

## Retriggerable TG

Retriggerable TGm means the sentenct addressed by TGm could be retriggerred by other TGs.
See Timing diagrams I \& III. Of course, it can be retriggered by itself. See Timing diagrams I .

## Ramp up

When a sentence starts playing from silence, the audio output (either Cout or V1, V2) starts from zero current and ramps up to the half scale of full audio output in 128 steps. These 128 steps' gaps are uniform. After these 128 steps accomplished the sentence sound data begins.
As this is hardware implement, the first data byte of a sound file is asked to be center value. for 8 bit PCM data file, the center value is 80 h .
Herein zero output does not mean zero potential, neither ground.

## Ramp down

Whenever a sentence is played and finished, the audio outputs (either Cout or V1, V2) try going from last data down to zero.
There is an interval provided in width $t$ PL. Without redundant ramp down and up within this interval, the audio output keeps at center value of full audio signal. This is to keep the audio output sounds continued if there comes a latter sentence. This interval starts from the last data pixel to the ramp down starts.
Because the output is kept at center value of full audio signal, the last data pixel of a sound file is recommended as center value. For 8 bit PCM data file, the center value is 80 h .
After this t PL interval finished and there comes no new comer sentence, the audio output gradually reduces in 128 steps from the center value of full audio signal down to zero output.
Herein zero output does not mean zero potential, neither ground.

## Trigger

A trigger mentioned in this data sheet does mean either a certain pin or an activated input signal. It could be:
(1) a high signal to straight input
(2) a low signal to straight input
(3) a cross touch of a pin K and a pin RW.

## Power on play

This function is not provided even have appropriate wiring.

## Active high and active low

An input pin can be masked as either active high or active low.

This active-high pin is internal pull low and no latch. This active-low pin is internal pull high and no latch.

## Small Loop \& Large Loop

This is a function belongs to OKY. OKY plays many sentences, up to 32 . User can play 1st sentence through 32nd sentence if user selects "large loop". At this time the sentence Ist, 2nd, 3rd and 4th may be triggerred by TGs.
User will play 16 sentences, from 17th through 32nd sentence, when user selects "small loop".
User may have less sentences triggered by OKY at this selection. But user definitely can prevent those OKY's sentences triggerred by TGs.

## Cycle Loop

This is a count number ranges 1 through 32 which defines the sentence range OKY will play. This number is user definable and could be equal to or less than sentence defined.

## Continuous OKY \& Home OKY

This is a function belongs to OKY and determines the play sequence when the first OKY comes after any other trigger addressing. The "continuous" preserves the sequence while the "home"rewinds to the very beginning. This very beginning means either 17th sentence or 1st sentence which is determined by Loop Size - small or large.
You will see a term S.W.A.I. in this data sheet, it means sequence when after interrupt by other trigger addressing.

## Ramdom Play OKY

A trigger at OKY will play a sentence randomly out from specified sentence group.
But not every mask option combination provides random play. It is provided only when masked as edge and unhold. It is regardless retrigger or not. Herein sentence group is determined by cycle loop and small / large loop.

LED sink and drive
The LED lamp could be turned on at output pin by sink connection. No drive is provided.

## Fix Flash slow LED

Fix flash slow means this pin turns LED lamp on for $t$ ONL and then turns it off for $t$ ONL alternately. And it truns on LED lamp right at the ramp up starts. It turns off LED lamp right after sound ends. Even within $t$ PL interval, before ramp down starts, the LED lamp is turned off.

## Fix Flash LED slow \& inverse

This is similar to "Fix flash slow LED" but inversed within the sound activated period. The inverse means whenever the LED pin turns on the "inverse pin" turns off LED.
By this feature, user can specify two LEDs, or more, turns on and off alternately within the sound activated period.

## Dynamic Flash LED

The LED turns on whenever the sound amplitude is over a certain threshold potential. This threshold can be specified per pin per entry.
There are three thresholds:17/31, 23/31 and 27/31.
Five output pins could have identical thresholds or not.
An output pin specified to $17 / 31$ means it could be turned on whenever the sound plays at an amplitude over $54 \%$ of full scale output. An output pin specified to $17 / 31$ is easier to turn on than an output pin specified to 23/31.

## Ring Flash 5 LEDs slow

User can specify 5 LEDs ring at slow speed. It means LEDS is turned on for t ONL and then turns off for $4 \times t$ ONL. And cycles. The LEDW turns on right after LEDS turns off.
LEDW is turned on for $t$ ONL and then turns off for $4 x$ $t$ ONL. And cycles. The LEDX turns on right after LEDW turns off.
LEDX is turned on for $t$ ONL and then turns off for 4 x $t$ ONL. And cycles. The LEDY turns on right after LEDX turns off.
LEDY is turned on for t ONL and then turns off for 4 x $t$ ONL. And cycles. The LEDZ turns on right after LEDY turns off.
LEDZ is turned on for t ONL and then turns off for 4 x t ONL. And cycles.
This 340 ms t ONL equals 1 over 2.93. Of course, this is valid within sound activated period.
This t ONL is sample rate dependent.

## Ring Flash 4 LEDs slow

User can specify 4 LEDs ring at slow speed. It means LEDS is turned on for t ONL and then turns off for $4 \times t$ ONL. And cycles. The LEDW turns on right after LEDS turns off.

LEDW is turned on for t ONL and then turns off for 3 xt ONL. And cycles. The LEDX turns on right after LEDW turns off.
LEDX is turned on for t ONL and then turns off for 3 xt
ONL. And cycles. The LEDY turns on right after LEDX turns off.
LEDY is turned on for t ONL and then turns off for 3 xt ONL. And cycles.
This 340 ms t ONL equals 1 over 2.93. Of course, this is valid within sound activated period.
This $t$ ONL is sample rate dependent.
If user needs 4 LED lamps to perform ring flash. These 4 pins are only candidates.
Other 4 - lamp combinations are not guaranteed.

## Ring Flash 3 LEDs slow

User can specify 3 LEDs ring at slow speed. It means LEDS is turned on for t ONL and then turns off for 2 xt ONL. And cycles. The LEDW turns on right after LEDS turns off.
LEDW is turned on for t ONL and then turns off for 2 xt ONL. And cycles. The LEDX turns on right after LEDW turns off.
LEDX is turned on for t ONL and then turns off for 2 xt ONL. And cycles.
This 340 ms t ONL equals 1 over 2.93. Of course, this is valid within sound activated period.
This t ONL is sample rate dependent.
If user needs 3 LED lamps to perform ring flash. These 3 pins are only candidates.
Other 3 - lamp combinations are not guaranteed.

## Ring Flash 3 LEDs slow \& inverse

User can specify 3 LEDs ring at slow \& inverse. It means
LEDS is turned off for t ONL and then turns on for $2 \times \mathrm{t}$ ONL. And cycles. The LEDW turns off right after LEDS turns on.
LEDW is turned off for t ONL and then turns on for 2 xt ONL. And cycles. The LEDX turns off right after LEDW turns on.
LEDX is turned off for t ONL and then turns on for 2 xt ONL. And cycles.
This 340 ms t ONL equals 1 over 2.93. Of course, this is valid within sound activated period.
This t ONL is sample rate dependent.
If user needs 3 LED lamps to perform ring flash. These 3 pins are only candidates.
Other 3 - lamp combinations are not guaranteed.

## Ring Flash 4 LEDs slow \& inverse

User can specify 4 LEDs ring at slow \& inverse.
It means LEDS is turned off for t ONL and then turns on for $3 x t$ ONL. And cycles. The LEDW turns off right after LEDS turns on.
LEDW is turned off for t ONL and then turns on for $3 \times \mathrm{t}$ ONL. And cycles. The LEDX turns off right after LEDW turns on.

LEDX is turned off for t ONL and then turns on for 2 xt ONL. And cycles. The LEDY turns off right after LEDX turns on.
LEDY is turned off for t ONL and then turns on for 2 xt ONL. And cycles.
This 340 ms t ONL equals 1 over 2.93. Of course, this is valid within sound activated period.
This $t$ ONL is sample rate dependent.
If user needs 4 LED lamps to perform ring flash. These 4 pins are only candidates.
Other 4 - lamps combinations are not guaranteed.

## Ring Flash 5 LEDs slow \& inverse

User can specify 5 LEDs ring at slow \& inverse. It means
LEDS is turned off for t ONL and then turns on for 4 xt ONL. And cycles. The LEDW turns off right after LEDS turns on.
LEDW is turned off for t ONL and then turns on for 4 xt ONL. And cycles. The LEDX turns off right after LEDW turns on.
LEDX is turned off for t ONL and then turns on for $4 \times \mathrm{t}$ ONL. And cycles. The LEDY turns off right after LEDX turns on.
LEDY is turned off for t ONL and then turns on for $4 \times \mathrm{t}$ ONL. And cycles. The LEDZ turns off right after LEDY turns on.
LEDZ is turned off for t ONL and then turns on for 4 xt ONL. And cycles.
This 340 ms t ONL equals 1 over 2.93. Of course, this is valid within sound activated period.
This t ONL is sample rate dependent.

## Initial high \& Initial low

This is a function belongs to OUTs. It defines the state only from power on to the first audio activated. It is effective for all 15 features.
"Initial low" means user want this OUT pin is put to low whenever this chip is power on. "Initial high" means vice versa.
Initial high is good for LED because that high will forbid the LED to be turned on, user want not keep the LED light even user don't use very long time since user power on the chip. So, we suggest user to define "initial high" whenever LED is chosen for that OUT pin. But it is not absolutely right. User may on purpose turn it on once user likes it.
Initial low is good for Busy because that low will have every Busy starts from zero on whole time line. So, user are suggested to define "initial low" whenever Busy is chosen for that OUT pin.
But it is not absolutely right. User may on purpose have a high to do whatever user want, to turn a motor running this way or tell a situation since power on, etc.
The similar situation for DC high or low. The similar situation for Stop signal.

## DC 0 \& DC 1

DC 0 is read as D.C. zero and is quick form of DC low.

DC 1 is read as D.C. one and is quick form of DC high. This is a function belongs to OUTs. User may be confused it with Busy. It is similar to Busy signal but it is not only valid during audio is being played, like Busy, but also valid after the audio has been played. Its response lasts until next audio entry is activated.
DC0 means zero potential (Vss) while the DC1 means the Vdd.

## Output pins at Cout plays mute

Mute has two types in MVI's Snn07 voice chip. Both these two types of mute are treat as sound for considering the output. The Stop is generated after every mute. Busy is valid during every mute.
LED works at every mute.
Be careful that t PL interval does not count in mute.

## Stop Pulse

Stop pulse is genrated right at the sound ends and lasts for 40 ms typically. The mask options provide either high stop pulse or low stop pulse. Stop pulse width is determined on the sample rate as well as the pitch of that playing entry when stop pulse occurs.
This 40 ms stop pulse is sufficiently wide to activate TGA (or TGB or TGC) by feed back wiring.

## Sample Rate

There are some parameters depend on sample rate. They are debounce time, ramp up time, ramp down time, plain time, LED Ring frequency, LED fix flash frequency and Stop pulse width. The numbers mentioned in this data sheet are based on 6 KHz sample rate if not specified. Higher SR has LED flashes quicker. Higher SR makes Stop pulse shorter. Higher SR let the debounce time shorter. Higher SR makes the ramp up time quicker. Higher SR makes the ramp down time quicker, too. Higher SR makes shorter plain time.
This chip provides multi-SR function. What it means is that user can digitize two different sounds in different SR but plays them by a common Rosc. For example, user has rocket sound digitized in 9.5 KHz but have rooster digitized at 6 KHz . While manufactured, user just specify different pitch numbers on request form - 4 for rocket and 1 for rooster. The chip could be played those two sounds at a Rosc fit for 6 KHz SR . Because that "pitch 4" at 6 KHz Rosc means 6 KHz playback while "pitch 1" at 6 KHz Rosc meas playback in 1.6 times 6 KHz .
The 600 K ohm Rosc playback 6 KHz sample rate typically, but just typical. Smaller Rosc playbacks quicker - Higher pixel rate. MVI provides voice chip with very flat response for playback vs working voltage Higher working voltage get slower playback but insignificantly.

## Lower Key Priority

What's the result when multi triggers are activated simultaneously? Which trigger is acknowledged among these ninteen? Among these sixteen? Among these three? Between these two?

The lower key priority means the trigger with lower index has the priority to be acknowledged and responsed when there are several triggers activated simultaneously.
For example: Three triggers are activater simultaneously, RW3K1, RW2K3, RW4K2. The RW3K1 has the priority, sentence 3 will be responsed.
For another example: Five triggers are activated simultan eously, RW1K2, RW2K3, TGA/OKY, TGB, TGC. The RW1K2 has the priority, sentence 5 will be responsed.
There is a priority reference on page $9 / 39$ and a timing diagram III to illustrate it.

## First Key Priority

First key priority is available among 16 mafrix triggers.
This defines the relationship on time line for two or more triggers overlap. While user activating a trigger, for example RW2K2, and its sound plays, user is unable to activate the other trigger once RW2K2 is kept activated regardless sentence 6 is finished or not.
It means first trigger prohibits the acknowledge of later triggers when trigger is kept true.

## Last Key Priority

Last key priority is available among three straight keys TGA, TGB, TGC.
This defines the relationship on time line for two or more triggers overlap. What will it result when a trigger is activated while a trigger is true ahead and kept true ?
While user already activates a trigger, for example TGC, and keeps this TGC true, the later trigger is still able to come in and acknowledged by chip. It means the late trigger is not prohibited by priorer.
See timing diagrams III.4,5,6 for reference.
User may be confused it with "retrigger". They are different.

## Application Notes

R1
Oscillation Resistor at pin Rosc, see chapter Signals paragraph Rosc as well as DC Characteristics for detail.

R2
Bypss Resistor at pin Cout, see chapter Signals paragrahp Cout for detail.

## R cds

Maximal contact resistance. Whenever try to activate the input signal pin at matrix triggers, to have the cross point contacted will activate it. However, there may be resistance on the cross point $A$ resistance higher than this R cds will be unable to activate the trigger.
To apply Vdd (or Vss, depends on mask option specified) directly to stand-alone trigger will activate the trigger. However, there may be resistance on the contact point. A resistance higher than R cds will be unable to activate the trigger, either.

## To limit current runs through LED lamp

S1207 output pin provides huge drive (or sink) current capability. But the LED lamp may not need so huge current to have a best performance. To serial a resistor along with LED lamp is recommended.

## Don't flash LED at Cout Silence

The LED lamp flashes well in whatever options user specified when the sound is playing. Don't flash LED lamp when Cout stays at mute is strongly recommended.
If user insists, please be noted that there is a slight drum stream comes out at speaker. Its frequency is double the frequency of LED flash. Its loudness depends on the Vdd bias, transistor amplification and count of LED lamp flashes. It could be -35 dB (or even lower as -50 dB ) lower than the meaningful sound played at the office operation environment anc hand-touchable distance.

## Key Priority Reference

| Conditions | Between <br> Straight <br> Triggers | Between <br> Straight trigger <br> And Matrix trigger |  |  | Between Matrix triggers |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Priorer | TGm | TGm | KiRWj | KhRWi | KiRWh | KiRWm |  |
| Later | TGn | KiRWj | TGm | KhRWj | KjRWh | KjRWn |  |
| Priority Result | Last key | Not Guaranteed | Not Guanranteed | First key | First key | First key |  |

Legend:


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## Pitches Reference

| Mask | Index | Playback |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | PlaybackPitc $\quad$ I

The precision is $+/-10 \%$

## Lower Key Priority Reference

| Priority | Trigger | Sentence | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | K1RW1 | 1 | Highest |
| 2 | K1RW2 | 2 |  |
| 3 | K1RW3 | 3 |  |
| 4 | K1RW4 | 4 |  |
| 5 | K2RW1 | 5 |  |
| 6 | K2RW2 | 6 |  |
| 7 | K2RW3 | 7 |  |
| 8 | K2RW4 | 8 |  |
| 9 | K3RW1 | 9 |  |
| 10 | K3RW2 | 10 |  |
| 11 | K3RW3 | 11 |  |
| 12 | K3RW4 | 12 |  |
| 13 | K4RW1 | 13 |  |
| 14 | K4RW2 | 14 |  |
| 15 | K4RW3 | 15 |  |
| 16 | K4RW4 | 16 |  |
| 17 | TGA/OKY | 17 |  |
| 18 | TGB | 18 |  |
| 19 | TGC/INT | 19 | Lowest |

Absolute Maximum Rating

| Symbol | Rating | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \sim \mathrm{V}_{S S}$ | $-0.5 \sim+7.0$ | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathbb{N}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{S S}-0.3<\mathrm{V}_{\mathbb{N}}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}+0.3}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OUT}}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | V |
| T (Operating) | $-10 \sim+60$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| T (Storage) | $-55 \sim+125$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## Loudness Levels Reference

| Mask | Index | I output | Loudness |
| :---: | ---: | :---: | :--- |
| 111 | 7 | $100 \% \times$ Ico | Loudest |
| 110 | 6 | $87 \% \times$ Ico |  |
| 101 | 5 | $75 \% \times$ Ico |  |
| 100 | 4 | $62 \% \times$ Ico |  |
| 011 | 3 | $50 \% \times$ Ico |  |
| 010 | 2 | $37 \% \times$ Ico |  |
| 001 | 1 | $25 \% \times$ Ico |  |
| 000 | 0 | $12 \% \times$ Ico | Least Loud |

The precision is $+/-10 \%$

## Ico Reference Curves



These curves show the typical values. The max. and min. values are not identified.

Fosc Characteristics

@ 600 K ohm Rosc \& pitch option 4

MOSEL VITELIC INC.

## DC Characteristics at 3.0 Vdd

| SymbolParameter |  | Valid | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit. | Condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I sb | Stand by I | Vdd |  |  | 1 | UA | i/o open |
| I op | Operation I | Vdd |  | 75 | 150 | UA |  |
| I inK | input high I | K1,2,3,4 |  | 3 | 15 | UA |  |
| I iLK | input low I | K1,2,3,4 |  | 0 |  | UA |  |
| I ohR | output high I | RW1,2,3,4 |  | -10 |  | mA |  |
| I oLR | output low I | RW1,2.3.4 |  | 10 |  | mA |  |
| I inT | input high I | TGA,B,C |  | 3 | 15 | UA | mask:=active high |
| I iLT | input low I | TGA,B,C |  | 0 |  | UA | mask:=active high |
| I ohr | output high I | OS, W, X,Y,Z |  | -10 |  | mA |  |
| I oLr | output low I | OS,W,X,Y,Z |  | 10 |  | mA |  |
| 1 co | current output | Cout |  | 1.8 |  | mA | half scale, curve Ico 3 |
| V co | Current o/p V | Cout |  |  |  | mV |  |
| R1 | Oscillation R | Rosc |  | 600 |  | Kohm | SR=6 KHz |
| R1 | Oscillation R | Rosc |  | 450 |  | Kohm | SR=8 KHz |
| R1 | Oscillation R |  |  | 240 |  | Kohm | $\mathrm{SR}=15 \mathrm{KHz}$ |
| R2 | Bypass R |  |  |  |  | ohm |  |
| R cds | max contact R |  |  |  |  | Kohm |  |
| d F/F | Frq. stability |  |  | +/-5 |  | \% | $[\mathrm{F}(3.0 \mathrm{~V})-\mathrm{F}(2.7 \mathrm{~V})] / \mathrm{F}(3.0 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| d F/F | Frq. variation |  |  | +/-10 |  | \% | lot by lot |

DC Characteristics at 4.5 Vdd

| Symbol | Parameter | Valid | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit. | Condition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I sb | Stand by I | Vdd |  |  | 1 | uA | i/o open |
| I op | Operation I | Vdd |  | 150 | 200 | uA |  |
| I inK | input high I | K1,2,3,4 |  | 10 | 20 | uA |  |
| I iLK | input low I | K1,2,3,4 |  | 0 |  | uA |  |
| I ohR | output high I | RW1,2,3,4 |  | -20 |  | mA |  |
| I oLR | output low I | RW1,2,3,4 |  | 20 |  | mA |  |
| I ihT | input high I | TGA,B,C |  | 10 | 20 | uA | mask:=active high |
| I iLT | input low I | TGA,B,C |  | 0 |  | uA | mask:=active high |
| I ohr | output high I | OS,W,X,Y,Z |  | -20 |  | mA |  |
| I oLr | output low I | OS,W,X,Y,Z |  | 20 |  | mA |  |
| I co | current output | Cout |  | 3.7 |  | mA | half scale, curve Ico 3 |
| V co | Current o/p V | Cout |  |  |  | mV |  |
| R1 | Oscillation R | Rosc |  | 600 |  | Kohm | SR=6 KHz |
| R1 | Oscillation R | Rosc |  | 450 |  | Kohm | SR=8 KHz |
| R1 | Oscillation R |  |  | 240 |  | Kohm | SR=15 KHz |
| R2 | Bypass R |  |  |  |  | ohm |  |
| R cds | max contact R |  |  |  |  | Kohm |  |
| d F/F | Frq. stability |  |  | $+/-5$ |  | $\%$ | [F(4.5V)-F(4.0V)]/F(4.5V) |
| d F/F | Frq. variation |  |  | $+/-10$ |  | $\%$ | lot by lot |

MOSEL VITELIC INC.
MSS0307/S0607/S0907/S1207/S1507/S1807

AC Characteristics at 6000 Hz S.R.

| Timing | Description | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| t ONL | LED turn on time (slow) | - | 340 | - | ms | SRD |
| t $T$ | Trigger Pulse width (fast) | - | - | - | us | SRD |
| t $T$ | Trigger Pulse width (normal) | 21 | - | - | ms | SRD |
| t TB | Lag from trigger to busy start | - | 20 | - | ms | SRD |
| t RMU | Ramp up width | - | 20 | - | ms | SRD |
| t RMD | Ramp down width | - | 20 | - | ms | SRD |
| t PL | Plain width behind sound | - | 40 | - | ms | SRD |
| t VB | Lag from voice end to busy end | - | 0 | - | ms | SRD |
| t BS | Lag from busy end to stop start | - | 0 | - | ms | SRD |
| t STP | Stop pulse width | - | 40 | - | ms | SRD |
| t P | Power Rise up time | - | - | 1 | ms |  |
| t R | Power ripple width | - | - | 1 | ms |  |

SRD : Sample Rate Dependent

## COB Information I

Silk screen \& copper print COB model number : MVI-P28


Legend

Copper pad

Chip covered


MOSEL VITELIC INC.

## COB Information II

Silk screen \& copper print COB model number : MSM9226 Board size : $100 \mathrm{~mm} \times 80 \mathrm{~mm}$ Double size

Legend

- Through hole
$\bigcirc$ LED lamp
Chip covered
- copper pad \& through hole
- copper pad \& through hole
- copper pad \& through hole



## Timing Critical

I. Acceptable Power On Signal \& Ripple

II. To play a voice sound


MOSEL VITELIC INC.

## Timing Diagram

I. 1 Edge/Unholdable/Retrigger/LED/STOP/BUSY Trigger Mask

I. 2 Level/Unholdable/Retrigger/LED/STOP/BUSY Trigger Mask


## II. 2 Level/Holdable/Retrigger/LED/STOP/BUSY Trigger Mask



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III. 2 Lower Key priority 2

III. 3 Lower Key priority 3


Specifications subject to change without notice, contact your sales representatives for the most recent information.

MOSEL VITELIC INC.
III. 4 Triggered at different time 1, Last key priority and else

III. 5 Triggered at different time 2, Last key priority and else

III. 6 Triggers Overlapped, Last key priority for TGs

III. 7 Triggers Overlapped, First key priority for matrix at a column

III. 8 Triggers Overlapped, First key priority for matrix at a row


MOSEL VITELIC INC.
III. 9 Triggers Overlapped, First key priority for matrix


## IV. 1 LED Ring Flash

All 5 output pins are masked as LED Ring Flash and speed is identical at slow speed.
LEDs are sunk.


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## IV. 2 LED Ring Flash Inverse

All 5 outputs are masked as LED Ring Flash Inversed and speed is identical at slow speed.
LEDs are sunk.


## IV. 3 LED Ring Flash

Four LEDs are masked as LED Ring Flash and speed is identical at slow speed. LEDs are sunk.


## IV. 4 LED Ring Flash

Three LEDs are masked as LED Ring Flash and speed is identical at slow speed.
LEDs are sunk.


## V. 1 LED Fix Flash

All 5 output pins are masked as LED Fix Flash and speed is identical at slow speed.
LEDs are sunk.


## V. 2 LED Fix Flash

OS pin is masked as LED fix flash.
All other 4 output pins are masked as LED fix flash inversed. These 5 LED output pins have identical speed. LEDs are sunk.

VI. 1 Busy at initial high

VI. 2 Stop at initial high


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MOSEL VITELIC INC.
VI. 3 LED flash inverse at initial high (LED is sunk)

VI. 4 LED flash at initial high (LED is sunk)

VII. 1 Busy at initial low

VII. 2 Stop at initial low

VII. 3 LED flash at initial low (LED is sunk)

Vdd $\square$

VII. 4 LED flash inverse at initial low (LED is sunk)


## Application Circuits

## I. Straight 7 Triggers



## II. To limit current at LED


III. M9226 demo COB circuit


## Pad Information

| Pad\# | Signal | X | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | V2 | -503 | -706 |
| 2 | V1 | -269 | -706 |
| 3 | Vss | -36 | -706 |
| 4 | Rosc | 220 | -706 |
| 5 | TGC/INT | 453 | -706 |
| 6 | TGB | 699 | -624 |
| 7 | TGA/OKY | 699 | -447 |
| 8 | Vdd | 699 | -175 |
| 9 | NC | 699 | -27 |
| 10 | K4 | 699 | 185 |
| 11 | K3 | 699 | 398 |
| 12 | K2 | 699 | 611 |
| 13 | K1 | 522 | 706 |
| 14 | RW1 | 299 | 706 |
| 15 | RW2 | 63 | 706 |
| 16 | RW3 | -173 | 706 |
| 17 | RW4 | -409 | 706 |
| 18 | OZ | -699 | 552 |
| 19 | OY | -699 | 318 |
| 20 | OX | -699 | 82 |
| 21 | COUT | -699 | -226 |
| 22 | OW | -699 | -460 |
| 23 | OS | -699 | -696 |

## IV. Typical Application Circuit



## Taiwan

\#1 Creation Road I,
Science - based Industrial Park,
Hsinchu, 30077
Taiwan, ROC
"audio_reply@ccmail.mosel.com.tw"
TEL: 886-3-5770055
FAX: 886-3-5772788
FAX: 886-3-5784732
Taipei
7F, \#102 Section 3,
Ming Chung E. Road,
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Taiwan, ROC
TEL: 886-2-5451213
FAX: 886-2-5451214
China
(Vitelic HKG ShenZhen)
Room \#209,
\#19 ZhenHua road,
ShenZhen, China
TEL: 86-755-334-5766
FAX: 86-755-332-3995
Hongkong
\#19 Dai Fu Street,
Taipo Industrial Estate,
Taipo, N.T.
Hongkong
TEL: 852-2388-8277 (MKO)
TEL: 852-2665-4883
FAX: 852-2664-2406
FAX: 852-2770-8011 (MKO)
U.S.A.
\#3910 North First Street,
San Jose,
CA. 65134-1501
U.S.A.

TEL: 1-408-433-6000
FAX: 1-408-433-0952

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(Preliminary)
mosel vitelic inc. MSS0307/S0607/S0907/S1207/S1507/S1807

T o: Mosel Vitelic Inc. 886-3-577-2788 (fax)
Attn : Sales \& Marketing Department

## Product Request Form

I hereby request MVI to start preparing produce MSS1207 which is specified as below description as well as attached form(s). I already read this data sheet PID247 *** and understand MSS1207 completely and know how to specify to fit my requirement. Its voice storage limitation is 11 A 00 h .


Form N is attached due to this Single page form meets my need.
$\square$ Forms J, F and H are attached due to these quick forms meet my demand.
$\square$ Form G, F, A8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 are attached due to my application is delicate.
Company Name : $\qquad$ Fax number: $\qquad$
Signature : $\qquad$
Department/Section : $\qquad$ Position Title :
Specifications subject to change without notice, contact your sales representatives for the most recent information
(Preliminary)

T o: Mosel Vitelic Inc. 886-3-577-2788 (fax)
Attn: Sales \& Marketing Department

## Product Request Form

I hereby request MVI to start preparing produce MSS0907 which is specified as below description as well as attached form(s). I already read this data sheet PID247 *** and understand MSS0907 completely and know how to specify to fit my requirement. Its voice storage limitation is D800h.

| General Descriptions |  | Chip descriptions |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Customer |  | $\square$ TGA $\quad \square$ OKY$\square$ No use \& don't care | Title |  |
|  | Cannot proceed when empty |  | SampleRate | Hz |
| Agent |  | TGC INTNo use \& don't care | Output <br> Device | Buzzer ( F fr $=1 \mathrm{KHz}$ ) Speaker (0.25W, <br> 8 ohm, 1" diam.) Other: $\qquad$ |
| Sales |  |  |  |  |
| Repr'tives | Who is MVI sales you contact ? |  |  |  |
| Providing <br> to <br> MVI | 8-bit PCM sound files WAV sound files DAT or equivalent application is special, <br> see our written memo Others $\qquad$ | $\square$ Ring 4 LEDsRing 3 LEDsNo Ring LED |  |  |
|  |  |  | Working <br> Voltage | 2.5 V at curve 33.0 V at curve 33.5 V at curve 34.0 V at curve 34.5 V at curve 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Specify below only for OKY |  |  |
|  |  | No use and don't careSmall Loop (17-32)Large Loop (1-32) |  |  |
| Service <br> Required <br> from <br> MVI | EPROMs with data insidefiles to be programmed into EPROM9026 emul'n board \& EpromConfirm tableOthers $\qquad$ |  |  | $\square 5.0 \mathrm{~V}$ at curve 3 |
|  |  | No use and don't careCycleLoop=Sentenc.CountCycleLoop= |  | 5.5 V at curve 2 6.0 V at curve 2 |
|  |  |  | Power <br> Source | Battery size "D"Battery size "AA"Battery size "AAA"other size = $\qquad$MainsOther $\qquad$ |
|  |  | $\square$ No use and don't care$\square$ PlayAll$\square$ Play Random$\square$ PlayNext in Home sequence after Interrupt$\square$ PlayNext in Continue seque. after Interrupt |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$\square$ Form N is attached due to this Single page form meets my need.
$\square$ Forms J, F and H are attached due to these quick forms meet my demand.
$\square$ Form G, F, A8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 are attached due to my application is delicate.
Company Name : $\qquad$ Fax number: $\qquad$
Signature : $\qquad$ Date : $\qquad$
Department/Section : $\qquad$ Position Title :
Specifications subject to change without notice, contact your sales representatives for the most recent information.
(Preliminary)
24/39
PID247*** 09/96

T o : Mosel Vitelic Inc. 886-3-577-2788 (fax)
Attn : Sales \& Marketing Department

## Product Request Form

I hereby request MVI to start preparing produce MSS0607 which is specified as below description as well as attached form(s). I already read this data sheet PID247 *** and understand MSS0607 completely and know how to specify to fit my requirement. Its voice storage limitation is 9000 h .

$\square$ Form N is attached due to this Single page form meets my need.
$\square$ Forms $\mathrm{J}, \mathrm{F}$ and H are attached due to these quick forms meet my demand.
$\square$ Form G, F, A8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 are attached due to my application is delicate.
Company Name : $\qquad$ Fax number: $\qquad$
Signature : $\qquad$ Date : $\qquad$
Department/Section :
Position Title :
Specifications subject to change without notice, contact your sales representatives for the most recent information
(Preliminary)

T o : Mosel Vitelic Inc. 886-3-577-2788 (fax)
Attn : Sales \& Marketing Department

## Product Request Form

I hereby request MVI to start preparing produce MSS0307 which is specified as below description as well as attached form(s). I already read this data sheet PID247 *** and understand MSS0307 completely and know how to specify to fit my requirement. Its voice storage limitation is 5100 h .

$\square$ Form N is attached due to this Single page form meets my need.
$\square$ Forms $\mathrm{J}, \mathrm{F}$ and H are attached due to these quick forms meet my demand.
$\square$ Form G, F, A8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 are attached due to my application is delicate.
Company Name : $\qquad$ Fax number: $\qquad$
Signature : $\qquad$ Date : $\qquad$
Department/Section :
Position Title :
Specifications subject to change without notice, contact your sales representatives for the most recent information
(Preliminary)

Product Request Form A1: Sentence $1 \leq \quad \leq 32$ Definitions TITLE

mosel vitelic inc. MSS0307/S0607/S0907/S1207/S1507/S1807



| 64 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 65 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 66 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 67 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Product Request Form A3: Sentence $\begin{array}{lll}1 \leq \leq 32 & \text { Definitions TITLE }\end{array}$




[^1](Preliminary)
mosel vitelic inc. MSS0307/S0607/S0907/S1207/S1507/S1807

Product Request Form A6: Sentence $1 \leq \leq 32$ Definitions TITLE


[^2]32/39

mosel vitelic inc. MSS0307/S0607/S0907/S1207/S1507/S1807

Product Request Form A8: Sentence $1 \leq \quad \leq 32$ Definitions TITLE


Specifications subject to change without notice, contact your sales representatives for the most recent information.
(Preliminary)

Proauct Request Form F: Word Section Definition
TITLE

| Address | Voice Description | Voice Length |  | Mute Length |  | File name | Check Sum |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 |  | s | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 1 |  | S | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 2 |  | S | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 3 |  | s | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 4 |  | S | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 5 |  | s | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 6 |  | s | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 7 |  | S | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 8 |  | s | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 9 |  | S | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 10 |  | s | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 11 |  | s | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 12 |  | s | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 13 |  | S | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 14 |  | S | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 15 |  | S | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 16 |  | s | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 17 |  | S | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 18 |  | s | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 19 |  | S | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 20 |  | s | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 21 |  | S | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 22 |  | s | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 23 |  | S | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 24 |  | S | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 25 |  | S | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 26 |  | S | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 27 |  | S | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 28 |  | S | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 29 |  | S | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 30 |  | S | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 31 |  | S | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |

There are $1 \leq \quad \leq 32$ words defined on this form $F$ and their length sum'n is $\quad 00 h$ ( $\leq$ limit).
Signature \& date
MVI Sales \& Date
Specifications subject to change without notice, contact your sales representatives for the most recent information.
(Preliminary)

Product Request Form G: (Trigger / Sentence dependent) $\square$
*Trigger Option Definition:

| TGA | $\square$ Edge | $\square$ Active High | $\square$ Hold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Don't care |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OKY | $\square$ Level | $\square$ Active Low | $\square$ Hold \& Retrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Retrigger |  |
| TGB | $\square$ Edge | $\square$ Active High | $\square$ Hold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Don't care |
|  | $\square$ Level | $\square$ Active Low | $\square$ Hold \& Retrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Retrigger |  |
| TGC | $\square$ Edge | $\square$ Active High | $\square$ Hold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Don't care |
| INT | $\square$ Level | $\square$ Active Low | $\square$ Hold \& Retrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Retrigger |  |
| K1 | $\square$ Edge | $\square$ Active High | $\square$ Hold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Don't care |
|  | $\square$ Level | $\square$ Active Low | $\square$ Hold \& Retrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Retrigger |  |
| K2 | $\square$ Edge | $\square$ Active High | $\square$ Hold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Don't care |
| $\square$ Level | $\square$ Active Low | $\square$ Hold \& Retrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Retrigger |  |  |
| K3 | $\square$ Edge | $\square$ Active High |  |  |  |
| $\square$ Level | $\square$ Active \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Hold \& Retrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Don't care |  |
| $\square$ K4 | $\square$ Edge | $\square$ Active High | $\square$ Hold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Don't care |
|  | $\square$ Level | $\square$ Active Low | $\square$ Hold \& Retrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Retrigger |  |

Sentence \& Their Entry Count

| Trigger | Sentence | Entry Count | Trigger | Sentence | Entry Count | Trigger | Sentence | Entry Count |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RW1 K1 | 1 |  | RW4 K3 | 12 |  | OKY | 23 |  |
| RW2 K1 | 2 |  | RW1 K4 | 13 |  | OKY | 24 |  |
| RW3 K1 | 3 |  | RW2 K4 | 14 |  | OKY | 25 |  |
| RW4 K1 | 4 |  | RW3 K4 | 15 |  | OKY | 26 |  |
| RW1 K2 | 5 |  | RW4 K4 | 16 |  | OKY | 27 |  |
| RW2 K2 | 6 |  | TGA | 17 |  | OKY | 28 |  |
| RW3 K2 | 7 |  | TGB | 18 |  | OKY | 29 |  |
| RW4 K2 | 8 |  | TGC | 19 |  | OKY | 30 |  |
| RW1 K3 | 9 |  | OKY | 20 |  | OKY | 31 |  |
| RW2 K3 | 10 |  | OKY | 21 |  | OKY | 32 |  |
| RW3 K3 | 11 |  | OKY | 22 |  | Summation $\leq 512$ |  |  |

Output definition on initial state

| OS | OW | OX | OY | OZ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ initial High $\square$ initial Low $\square$ Don't care | $\square \mathrm{iH} \square \mathrm{iL} \square$ Dnc | $\square \mathrm{iH} \square \mathrm{iL} \square \mathrm{Dnc}$ | $\square \mathrm{iH} \square \mathrm{iL} \square \mathrm{Dnc}$ | $\square \mathrm{iH} \square \mathrm{iL} \square \mathrm{Dnc}$ |

Forms An's are attached.
Signature \& date

## Product Request Form H: Sentence Table Definitions TITLE

| Trigger | Sentence | Sentence Definition (word section addresses) | Address |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| count |  |  |  |
| K1RW1 | 1 |  |  |
| K1RW2 | 2 |  |  |
| K1RW3 | 3 |  |  |
| K1RW4 | 4 |  |  |
| K2RW1 | 5 |  |  |
| K2RW2 | 6 |  |  |
| K2RW3 | 7 |  |  |
| K2RW4 | 8 |  |  |
| K3RW1 | 9 |  |  |
| K3RW2 | 10 |  |  |
| K3RW3 | 11 |  |  |
| K3RW4 | 12 |  |  |
| K4RW1 | 13 |  |  |
| K4RW2 | 14 |  |  |
| K4RW3 | 15 |  |  |
| K4RW4 | 16 |  |  |
| TGA | 17 |  |  |
| XGB | 18 |  |  |
| XGC | 19 |  |  |
| X |  |  |  |
| X | 20 |  |  |
| X | 21 |  |  |
| X | 22 |  |  |
| X | 23 |  |  |
| X | 24 |  |  |
| X | 25 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Signature \& date | MVI Sales \& date |
| :--- | :--- |

Product Request Form J:
TITLE
*Trigger Option Definition:

| TGA | $\square$ Edge | $\square$ Active High | $\square$ Hold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Don't care |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OKY | $\square$ Level | $\square$ Active Low | $\square$ Hold \& Retrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Retrigger |  |
| TGB | $\square$ Edge | $\square$ Active High | $\square$ Hold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Don't care |
|  | $\square$ Level | $\square$ Active Low | $\square$ Hold \& Retrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Retrigger |  |
| TGC | $\square$ Edge | $\square$ Active High | $\square$ Hold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Don't care |
| INT | $\square$ Level | $\square$ Active Low | $\square$ Hold \& Retrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Retrigger |  |
| K1 | $\square$ Edge | $\square$ Active High | $\square$ Hold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Don't caree |
|  | $\square$ Level | $\square$ Active Low | $\square$ Hold \& Retrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Retrigger |  |
| K2 | $\square$ Edge | $\square$ Active High | $\square$ Hold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Don't care |
|  | $\square$ Level | $\square$ Active Low | $\square$ Hold \& Retrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Retrigger |  |
| K3 | $\square$ Edge | $\square$ Active High | $\square$ Hold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Don't care |
|  | $\square$ Level | $\square$ Active Low | $\square$ Hold \& Retrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Retrigger |  |
| K4 | $\square$ Edge | $\square$ Active High | $\square$ Hold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Irretrigger | $\square$ Don't care |
|  | $\square$ Level | $\square$ Active Low | $\square$ Hold \& Retrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Retrigger |  |

*Output Definition: Neither variable pitch nor variable loudness is used.


| Signature \& date |  | MVI Sales \& Date |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Product Request Form N: (whole chip dependent)
TITLE
*Section Definition : There are $1 \leq \leq 8$ sections defined.

| Address | Voice Description |  | Voice Length |  | Mute Length |  | File name | Check Sum |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 |  |  | S | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 1 |  |  | S | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 2 |  |  | S | Ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 3 |  |  | s | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 4 |  |  | S | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 5 |  |  | S | ooh | s | ooh |  | h |
| 6 |  |  | S | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| 7 |  |  | S | ooh | S | ooh |  | h |
| *Tirgger Option Denfinition: |  |  |  | ooh | $\leq$ limit |  |  |  |
| Edge Level | Active high Active low | Hold \& Irretrigger <br> Hold \& Retrigger | $\square$ Unhold \& Irretrigger $\square$ Don't care |  |  |  |  |  |

*Trigger Sentence Definition: There are benten@@ define

| Trigger | Sentence Description (Word section addresses) | Address Count |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | Address count summation= |
|  |  | $\leq 512$ |


| OS |  | OW | OX | OY | OZ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ initial High | $\square$ initial Low | $\square \mathrm{iH} \square \mathrm{iL}$ | $\square \mathrm{iH} \square \mathrm{iL}$ | $\square \mathrm{iH} \square \mathrm{iL}$ | $\square \mathrm{iH} \square \mathrm{i}$ |
| $\square$ Don't care |  | $\square$ Don't care | $\square$ Don't Care | $\square$ Don't Care | $\square$ Don't care |
| $\square \mathrm{A}$ : high Stop | $\square \mathrm{J}$ LED dy $27 / 31$ | $\square \mathrm{A} \quad \square \mathrm{J}$ | $\square \mathrm{A} \quad \square \mathrm{J}$ | $\square \mathrm{A} \square \mathrm{J}$ | $\square \mathrm{A} \square \mathrm{J}$ |
| $\square$ B: low Stop | $\square \mathrm{N}:$ LED fix slow | $\square \mathrm{B} \quad \square \mathrm{N}$ | $\square \mathrm{B} \square \mathrm{N}$ | $\square \mathrm{B} \square \mathrm{N}$ | $\square B \square N$ |
| $\square$ C: High Busy | $\square \mathrm{R}$ : LED ring slow | $\square \mathrm{C} \quad \square \mathrm{R}$ | $\square \mathrm{C} \square \mathrm{R}$ | $\square \mathrm{C} \square \mathrm{R}$ | $\square C \square R$ |
| $\square$ D: low Busy | $\square$ 2: LED fix inverse | $\square \mathrm{D} \quad \square 2$ | $\square \mathrm{\square}$ ロ | $\square \mathrm{D} \square 2$ | $\square \mathrm{D} \square 2$ |
| $\square \mathrm{E}: \mathrm{DC}$ high | $\square$ 4: LED ring inverse | $\square \mathrm{E} \quad \square 4$ | $\square \mathrm{\square} \quad \square 4$ | $\square \mathrm{E} \square 4$ | $\square E \square 4$ |
| $\square \mathrm{F}$ : DC low | $\square 7$ LED on | $\square \mathrm{F} \quad \square 7$ | $\square \mathrm{F} \square 7$ | $\square \mathrm{F} \square 7$ | $\square \mathrm{F} \square 7$ |
| $\square$ G: LED dy17/31 | $\square 8$ LED off | $\square G \quad \square 8$ | $\square G \square 8$ | $\square G \square 8$ | $\square G \square 8$ |
| $\square \mathrm{H}:$ LED dy23/31 | $\square$ Don't care | $\square \mathrm{H} \quad \square \mathrm{Dnc}$ | $\square \mathrm{H} \square \mathrm{Dnc}$ | $\square \mathrm{H} \square \mathrm{Dnc}$ | $\square \mathrm{H} \square \mathrm{Dnc}$ |


[^0]:    Specifications subject to change without notice, contact your sales representatives for the most recent information.

[^1]:    Specifications subject to change without notice, contact your sales representatives for the most recent information.

[^2]:    Specifications subject to change without notice, contact your sales representatives for the most recent information.

