



## **Ferrites and accessories**

RM 14, RM 14 LP  
Cores and accessories

**Series/Type:** B65887, B65888  
**Date:** September 2006/October 2007

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- To IEC 62317-4
- Optimized core cross section and increased thickness of base for power applications
- Without center hole
- Delivery mode: sets

**Magnetic characteristics (per set)**

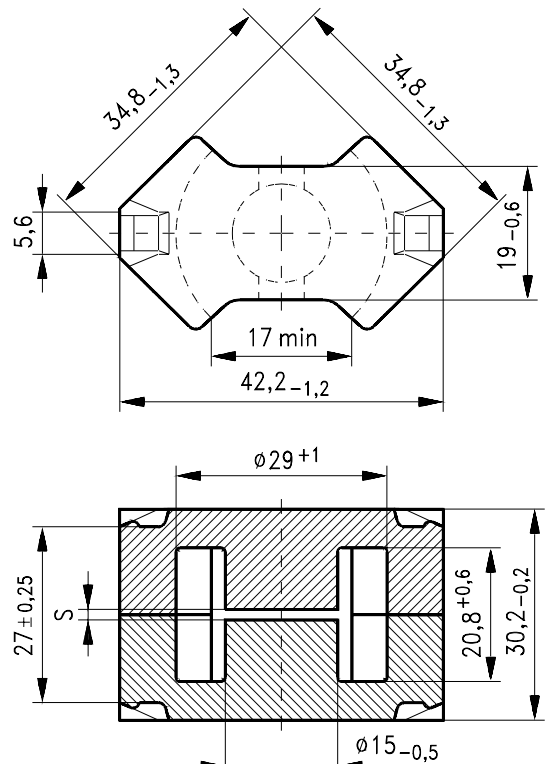
$$\Sigma l/A = 0.35 \text{ mm}^{-1}$$

$$l_e = 70 \text{ mm}$$

$$A_e = 200 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$A_{\text{min}} = 170 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$V_e = 14000 \text{ mm}^3$$

**Approx. weight 74 g/set**


FRM0179-L

**Gapped**

Material	$A_L$ value	s approx. mm	$\mu_e$	Ordering code
	nH			-E without center hole
N41	160 ± 3%	1.90	45	B65887E0160A041
	250 ± 3%	1.00	70	B65887E0250A041
	400 ± 3%	0.50	111	B65887E0400A041
	1000 ± 5%	0.15	279	B65887E1000J041

**Ungapped**

Material	$A_L$ value	$\mu_e$	$P_V$	Ordering code
	nH		W/set	-E without center hole
N49	3900 +30/-20%	1090	< 2.37 ( 50 mT, 500 kHz, 100 °C)	B65887E0000R049
N87	6000 +30/-20%	1670	< 7.40 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B65887E0000R087
N97	6000 +30/-20%	1670	< 5.60 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B65887E0000R097
N41	6800 +30/-20%	1890	< 2.52 (200 mT, 25 kHz, 100 °C)	B65887E0000R041

**Coil former**

Material: GFR thermosetting plastic (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085: H  $\geq$  max. operating temperature 180 °C), color code black  
Sumikon PM 9630® [E41429 (M)], SUMITOMO BAKELITE CO LTD

Solderability: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s

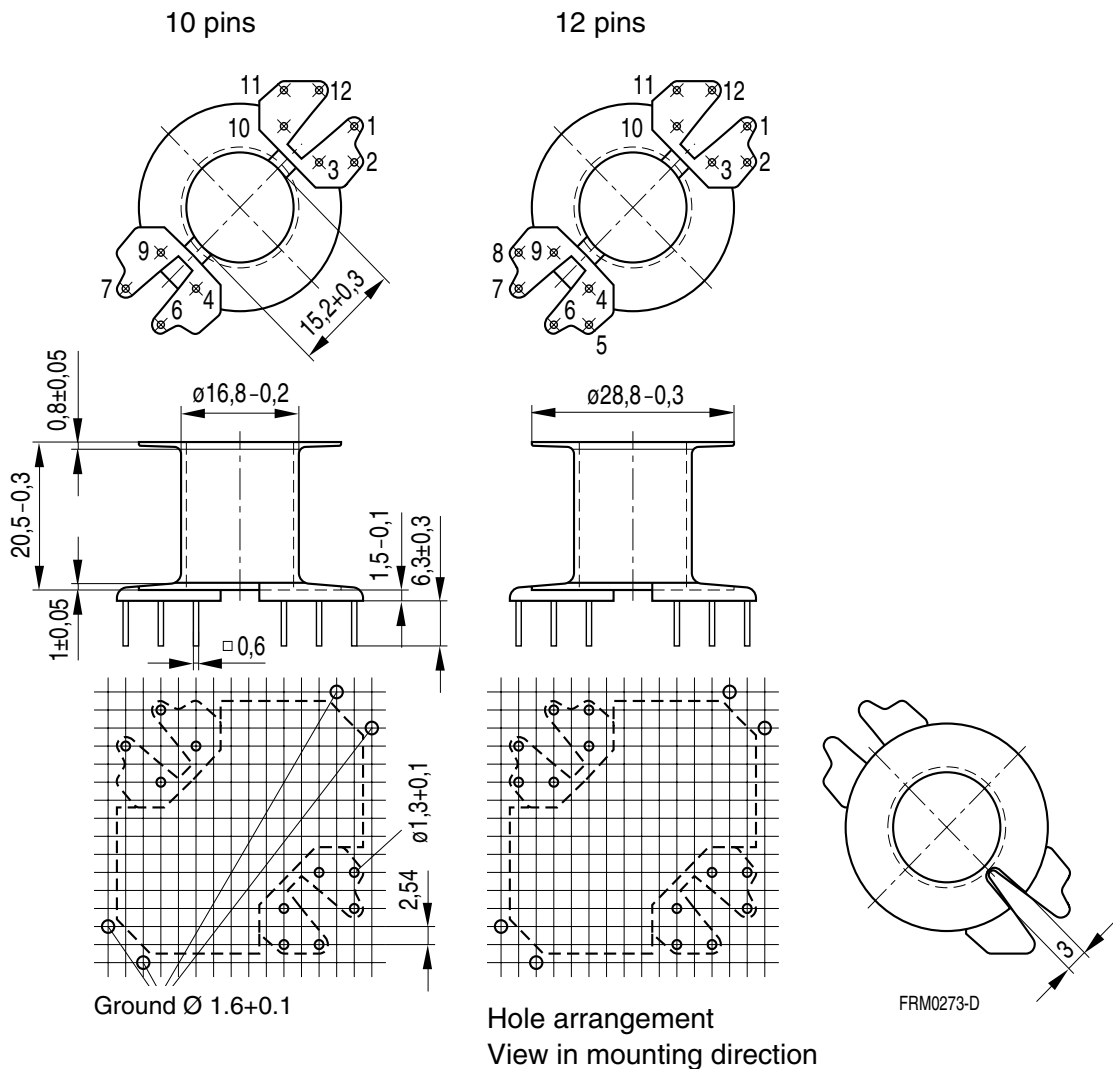
Resistance to soldering heat: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s

Winding: see Data Book 2007, chapter "Processing notes, 2.1"

Squared pins.

For matching clamp and insulating washer see page 5.

Sections	A <sub>N</sub> mm <sup>2</sup>	l <sub>N</sub> mm	A <sub>R</sub> value μΩ	Pins	Ordering code
1	107	71.5	23	10 12	B65888N1010D001 B65888N1012D001



**Coil former for power applications**

Material: GFR polyterephthalate (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085:

F  $\triangleq$  max. operating temperature 155 °C), color code black

Valox 420-SE0® [E45329 (M)], GE PLASTICS B V

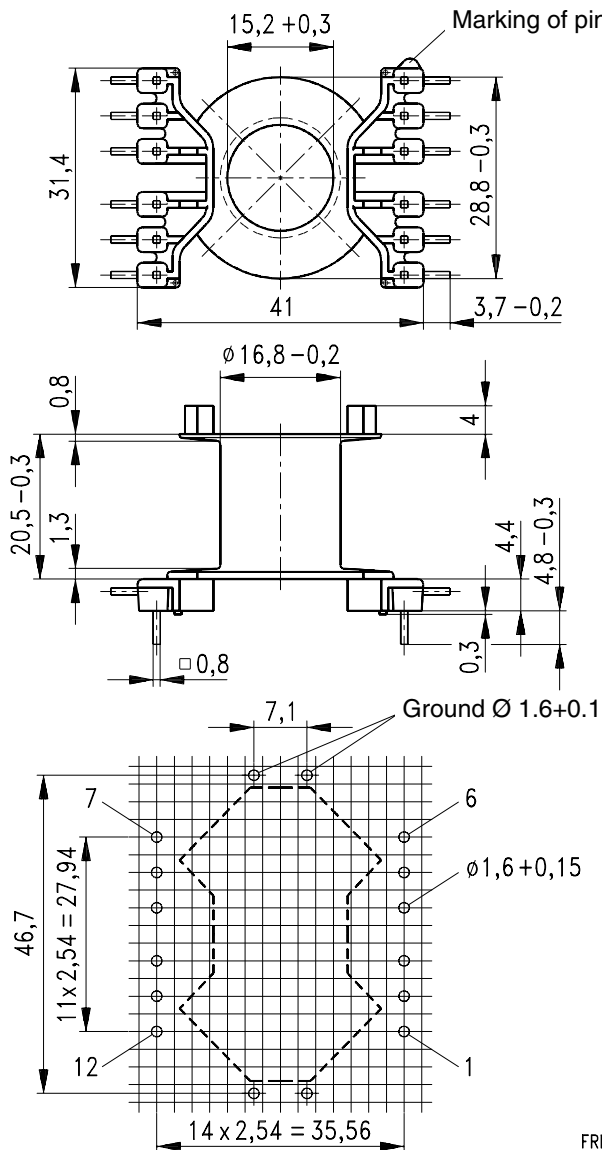
Solderability: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s

Resistance to soldering heat: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s

Winding: see Data Book 2007, chapter "Processing notes, 2.1"

For matching clamp and insulating washer see page 5.

Sections	A <sub>N</sub> mm <sup>2</sup>	l <sub>N</sub> mm	A <sub>R</sub> value μΩ	Pins	Ordering code
1	106	71.5	23	12	B65888C1512T001



Hole arrangement  
View in mounting direction  
(Note half pitch!)

FRM0228-J

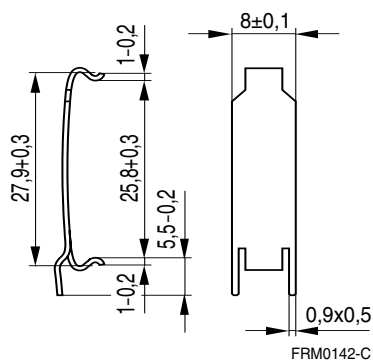
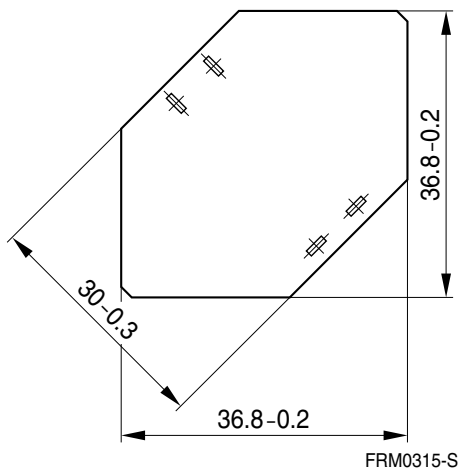
**Clamp**

- With ground terminal, made of stainless spring steel (tinned), 0.5 mm thick
- Solderability to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s

**Insulating washer for double-clad PCBs**

- Made of polycarbonate (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085: E  $\triangleq$  120 °C), 0.3 mm thick  
Makrofol FR, [E118859 (M)], natural color, BAYER MATERIALSCIENCE L L C

	Ordering code
Clamp (ordering code per piece, 2 are required)	B65888A2002X000
Insulating washer (bulk)	B65888B2005X000

**Clamp**

**Insulating washer**


**RM 14 »Low Profile«**
**Core**
**B65887P**

- To IEC 62317-4
- For compact transformers
- Without center hole
- Delivery mode: sets

**Magnetic characteristics (per set)**

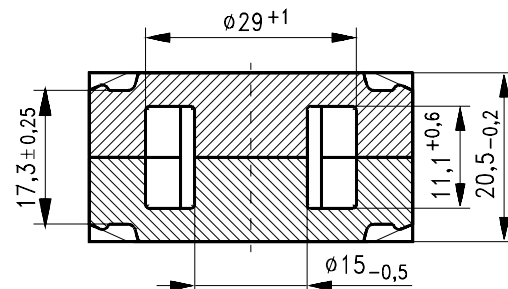
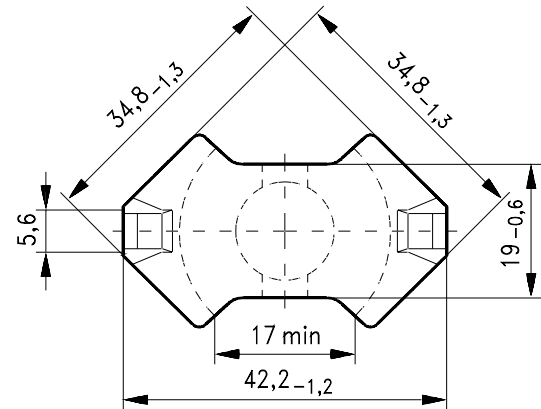
$$\Sigma l/A = 0.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$$

$$l_e = 50.9 \text{ mm}$$

$$A_e = 201 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$A_{\text{min}} = 170 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$V_e = 10230 \text{ mm}^3$$

**Approx. weight 55 g/set**


FRM0180-P

**Ungapped**

Material	$A_L$ value nH	$\mu_e$	$P_V$ W/set	Ordering code
N49	5100 +30/-20%	1030	< 2.0 ( 50 mT, 500 kHz, 100 °C)	B65887P0000R049
N92	5400 +30/-20%	1090	< 6.1 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B65887P0000R092
N87	7100 +30/-20%	1430	< 5.5 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B65887P0000R087

### **Mechanical stress and mounting**

Ferrite cores have to meet mechanical requirements during assembling and for a growing number of applications. Since ferrites are ceramic materials one has to be aware of the special behavior under mechanical load.

As valid for any ceramic material, ferrite cores are brittle and sensitive to any shock, fast changing or tensile load. Especially high cooling rates under ultrasonic cleaning and high static or cyclic loads can cause cracks or failure of the ferrite cores.

For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter “General – Definitions, 8.1”.

### **Effects of core combination on $A_L$ value**

Stresses in the core affect not only the mechanical but also the magnetic properties. It is apparent that the initial permeability is dependent on the stress state of the core. The higher the stresses are in the core, the lower is the value for the initial permeability. Thus the embedding medium should have the greatest possible elasticity.

For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter “General – Definitions, 8.2”.

### **Heating up**

Ferrites can run hot during operation at higher flux densities and higher frequencies.

### **NiZn-materials**

The magnetic properties of NiZn-materials can change irreversible in high magnetic fields.

### **Processing notes**

- The start of the winding process should be soft. Else the flanges may be destroyed.
- To strong winding forces may blast the flanges or squeeze the tube that the cores can no more be mounted.
- To long soldering time at high temperature (>300 °C) may effect coplanarity or pin arrangement.
- Not following the processing notes for soldering of the J-leg terminals may cause solderability problems at the transformer because of pollution with Sn oxyd of the tin bath or burned insulation of the wire. For detailed information see Data Book 2007, chapter “Processing notes, 2.2”.
- The dimensions of the hole arrangement have fixed values and should be understood as a recommendation for drilling the printed circuit board. For dimensioning the pins, the group of holes can only be seen under certain conditions, as they fit into the given hole arrangement. To avoid problems when mounting the transformer, the manufacturing tolerances for positioning the customers' drilling process must be considered by increasing the hole diameter.

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